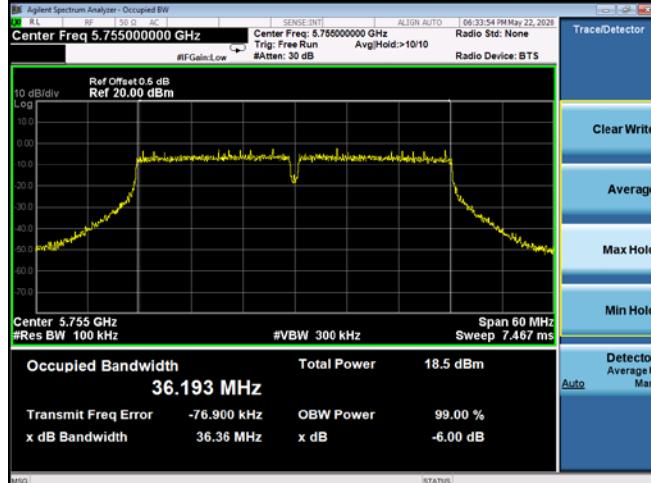
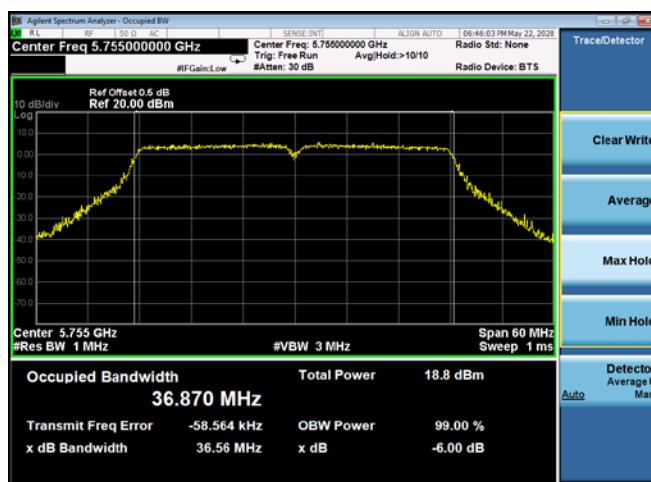
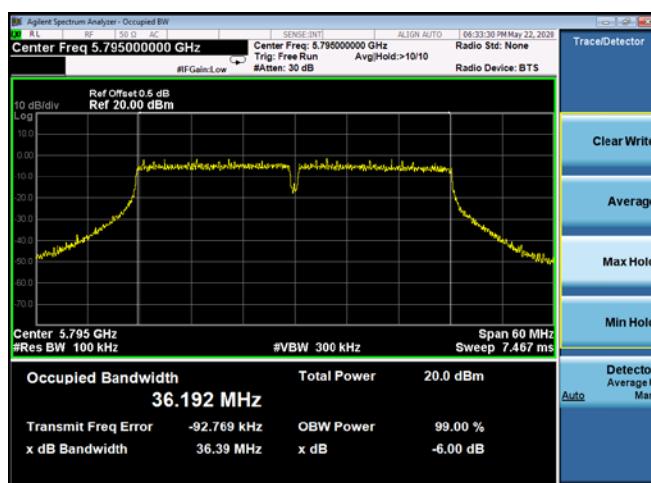
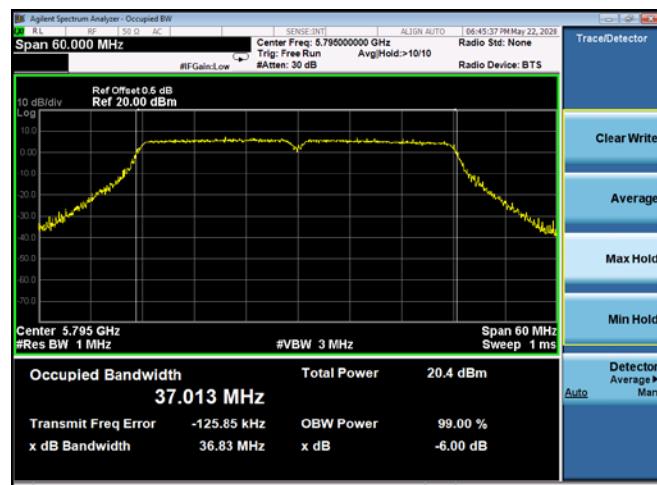
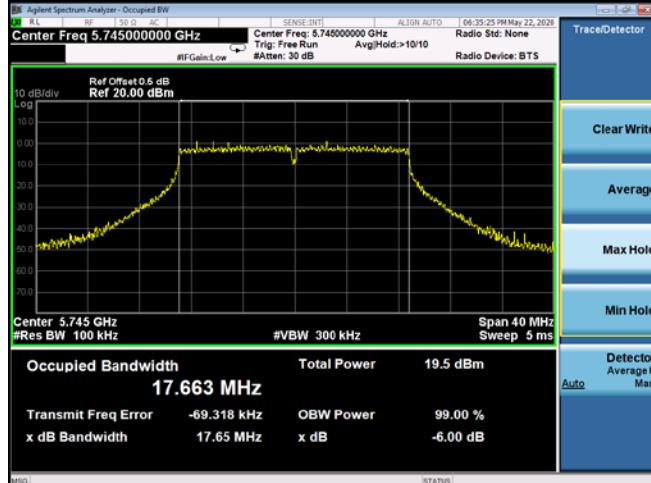
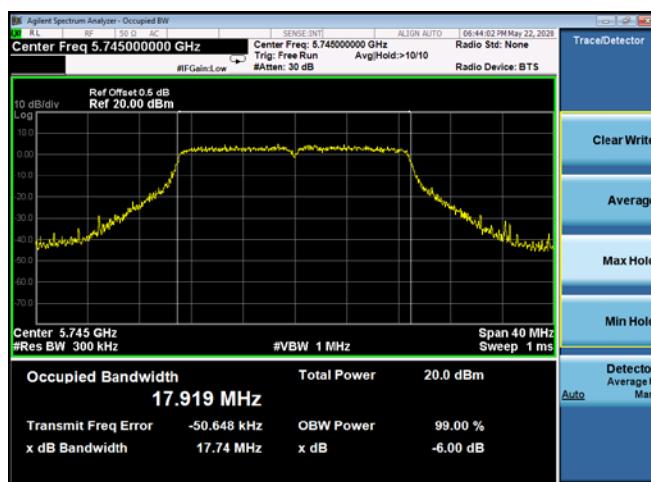
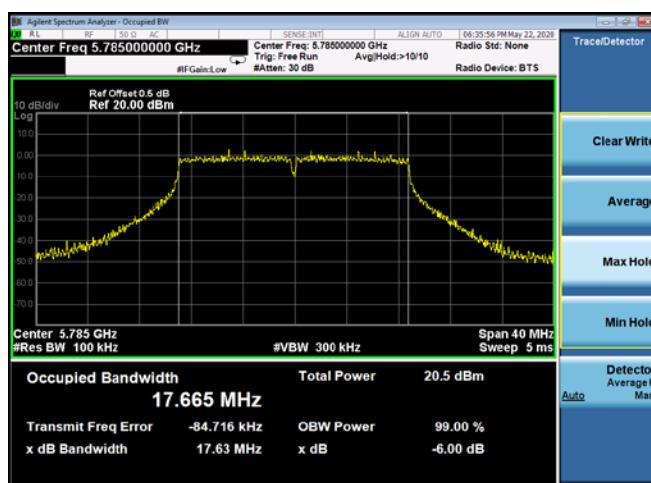


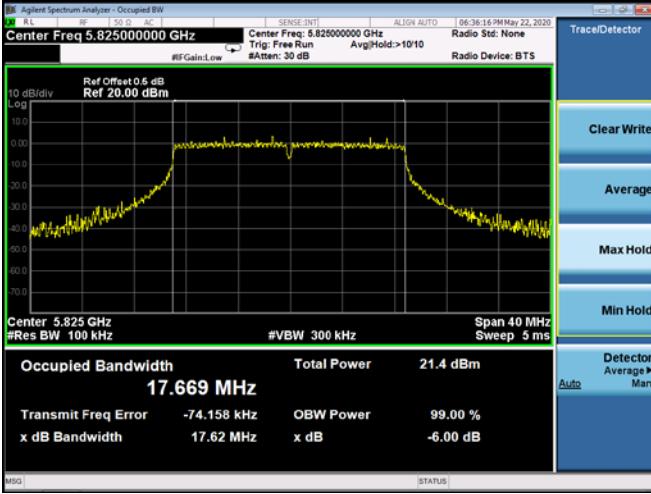
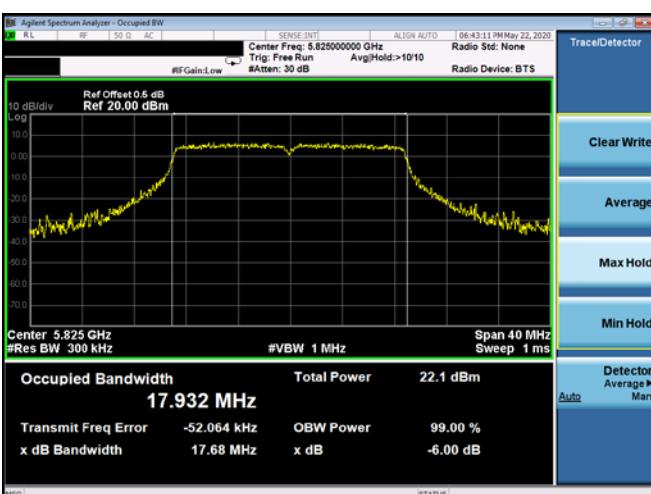
Mode:		802.11n-HT40
5755 MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth      Total Power 36.193 MHz      18.5 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error      OBW Power -76.900 kHz      99.00 % x dB Bandwidth      x dB 36.36 MHz      -6.00 dB</p>
5755 MHz 99% bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth      Total Power 36.870 MHz      18.8 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error      OBW Power -58.564 kHz      99.00 % x dB Bandwidth      x dB 36.56 MHz      -6.00 dB</p>
5795 MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth      Total Power 36.192 MHz      20.0 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error      OBW Power -92.769 kHz      99.00 % x dB Bandwidth      x dB 36.39 MHz      -6.00 dB</p>

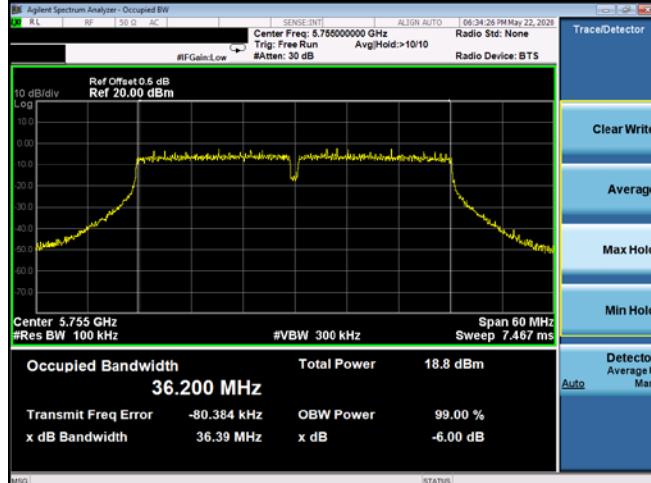
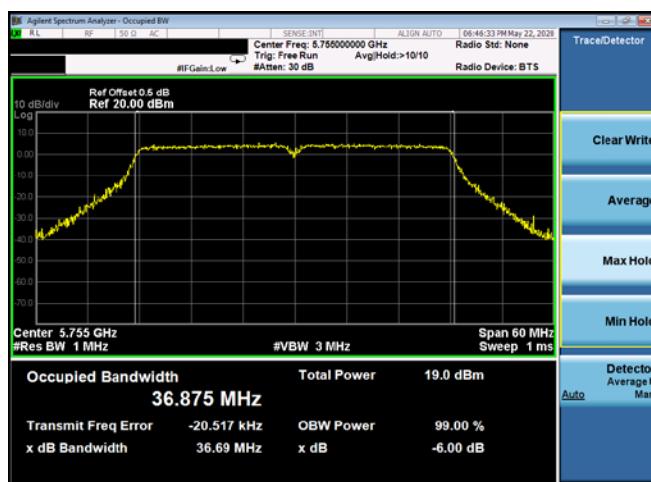
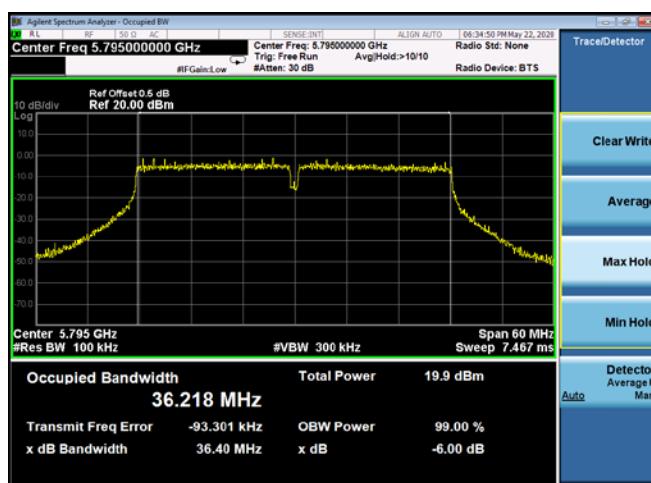


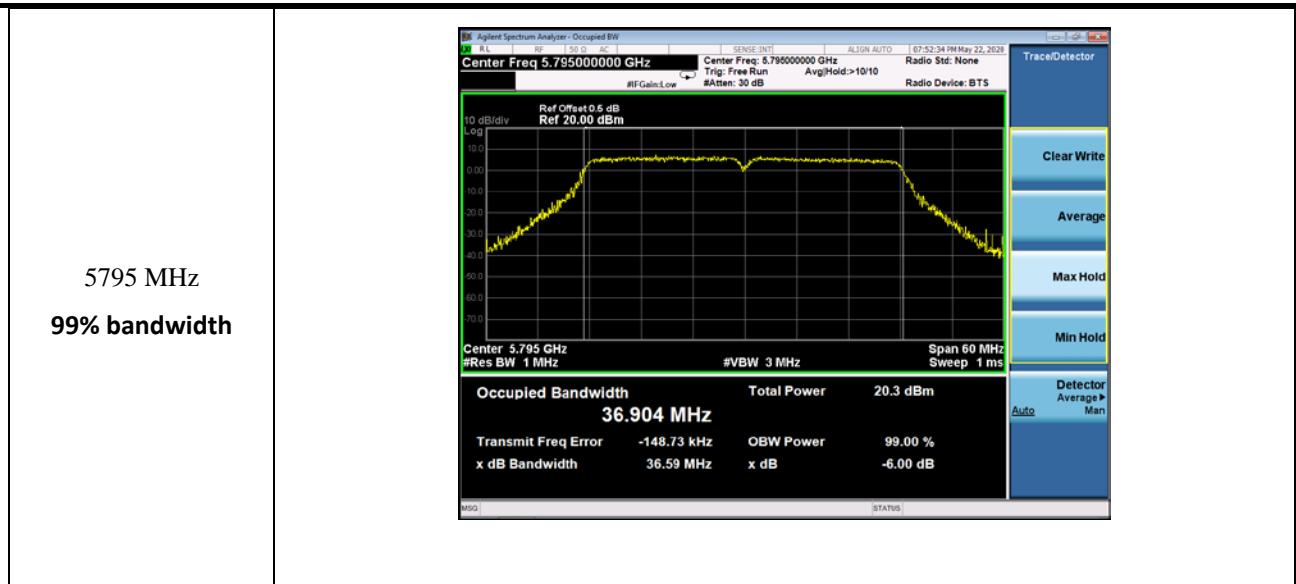
5795 MHz  
**99% bandwidth**

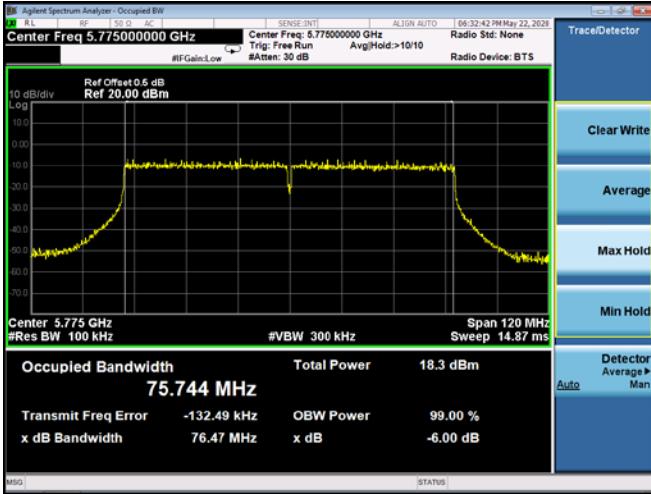
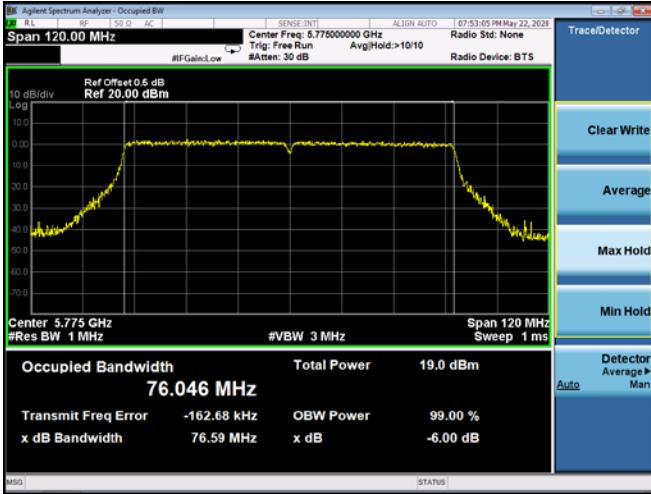


Mode:		802.11ac-HT20
5745MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.745000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.6 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>10 dB/div Log</p> <p>Center 5.745 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Span 40 MHz Sweep 5 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>17.663 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 19.5 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -69.318 kHz OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 17.65 MHz x dB -6.00 dB</p>
5745MHz 99% bandwidth		 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.745000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.6 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>10 dB/div Log</p> <p>Center 5.745 GHz #Res BW 300 kHz #VBW 1 MHz Span 40 MHz Sweep 1 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>17.919 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 20.0 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -50.648 kHz OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 17.74 MHz x dB -6.00 dB</p>
5785MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.785000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.6 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>10 dB/div Log</p> <p>Center 5.785 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Span 40 MHz Sweep 5 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>17.665 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 20.5 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -84.716 kHz OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 17.63 MHz x dB -6.00 dB</p>

5785MHz 99% bandwidth	
5825MHz 6dB bandwidth	
5825MHz 99% bandwidth	

Mode:		802.11ac-HT40
5755 MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>36.200 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 18.8 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -80.384 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 36.39 MHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>
5755 MHz 99% bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>36.875 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 19.0 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -20.517 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 36.69 MHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>
5795 MHz 6dB bandwidth		 <p>Occupied Bandwidth <b>36.218 MHz</b></p> <p>Total Power 19.9 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -93.301 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 36.40 MHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>



Mode:	802.11ac-HT80
5755 MHz 6dB bandwidth	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.6 dB</p> <p>Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>10 dB/div</p> <p>Log</p> <p>Span 120 MHz</p> <p>Sweep 14.87 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 75.744 MHz</p> <p>Total Power 18.3 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -132.49 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 76.47 MHz</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>
5755 MHz 99% bandwidth	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Span 120.00 MHz</p> <p>Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.6 dB</p> <p>Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>10 dB/div</p> <p>Log</p> <p>Span 120 MHz</p> <p>Sweep 1 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 76.046 MHz</p> <p>Total Power 19.0 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -162.68 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 76.59 MHz</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>

## 6. MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### 6.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

#### According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conducted output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	1W
5725~5850	1W

### 6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

· Maximum conducted output power may be measured using a spectrum analyzer/EMI receiver or an RF power meter.

#### 1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

#### 2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.<sup>1</sup> However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent).

• Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration  $T$  of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.

(ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle  $<$  98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

### 6.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

### 6.4 TEST SETUP



### 6.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

## 6.6 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC12V
Test Mode :	TX (5G) Mode Frequency U-NII-1 (5180-5240MHz)		

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power. Antenna port (AV)			LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	ANT C(dBm)	ANT D(dBm)	Total(dBm)		
<b>TX 802.11a Mode</b>						
CH36	5180	13.171	14.229	/	30.00	Pass
CH40	5200	14.981	15.669	/	30.00	Pass
CH48	5240	16.833	17.252	/	30.00	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 n20M Mode</b>						
CH36	5180	12.751	13.906	16.38	30.00	Pass
CH40	5200	14.826	14.670	17.76	30.00	Pass
CH48	5240	14.518	14.113	17.33	30.00	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 n40M Mode</b>						
CH38	5190	10.640	11.455	14.08	30.00	Pass
CH46	5230	12.763	14.138	16.51	30.00	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC20M Mode</b>						
CH36	5180	13.007	13.738	16.40	30.00	Pass
CH40	5200	14.693	14.332	17.75	30.00	Pass
CH48	5240	14.481	14.991	17.75	30.00	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC40M Mode</b>						
CH38	5190	10.879	11.570	14.25	30.00	Pass
CH46	5230	12.617	13.541	16.11	30.00	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC80M Mode</b>						
CH42	5210	9.043	9.404	12.24	30.00	Pass

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC12V
Test Mode :	TX (5G) Mode Frequency U-NII-3 (5745-5825MHz)		

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power. Antenna port (AV)			LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	ANT C(dBm)	ANT D(dBm)	Total(dBm)		
<b>TX 802.11a Mode</b>						
CH 149	5745	18.745	20.540	/	30	Pass
CH 157	5785	19.897	21.161	/	30	Pass
CH 165	5825	20.162	20.909	/	30	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 n20M Mode</b>						
CH 149	5745	18.341	20.239	22.40	30	Pass
CH 157	5785	19.547	20.677	23.16	30	Pass
CH 165	5825	19.647	20.563	23.14	30	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 n40M Mode</b>						
CH 151	5755	17.715	16.716	20.25	30	Pass
CH 159	5795	16.367	17.373	19.91	30	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC20M Mode</b>						
CH 149	5745	18.255	19.947	22.19	30	Pass
CH 157	5785	18.992	20.972	23.10	30	Pass
CH 165	5825	19.274	20.546	22.97	30	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC40M Mode</b>						
CH 151	5755	14.710	16.694	18.82	30	Pass
CH 159	5795	16.273	16.924	19.62	30	Pass
<b>TX 802.11 AC80M Mode</b>						
CH 155	5775	11.528	13.223	15.47	30	Pass

## 7. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

### 7.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

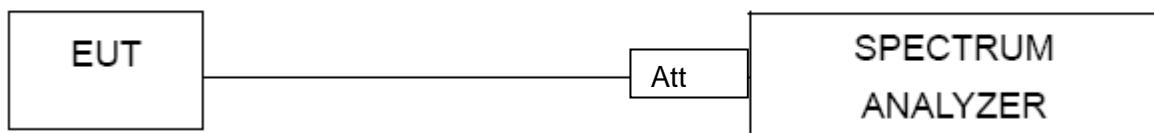
### 7.2 TEST PROCEDURE

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 7.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

### 7.4 TEST SETUP



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## 7.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

## 7.6 TEST RESULTS

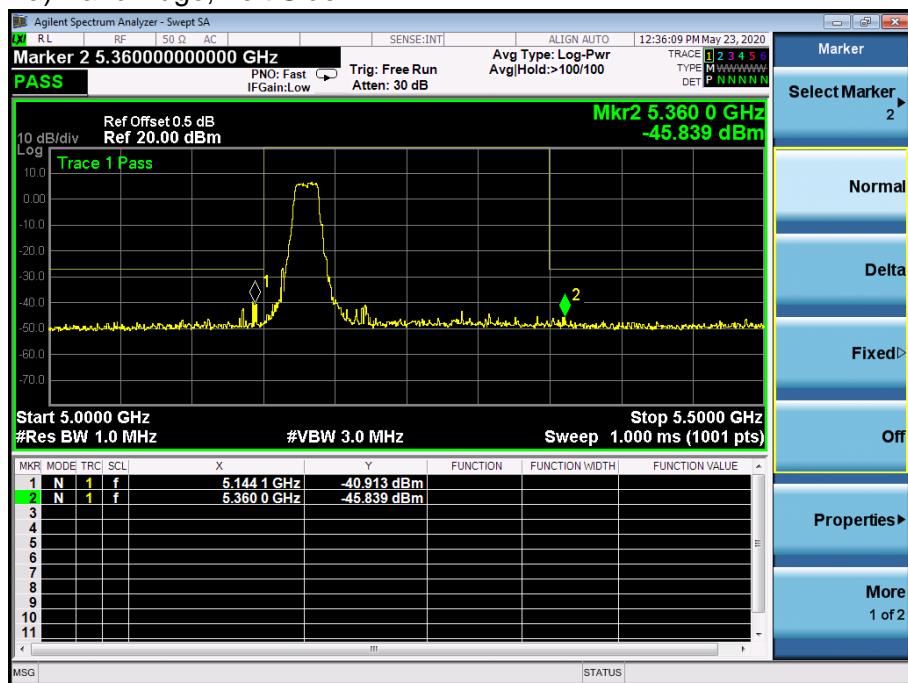
Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC12V

Note: C(D) Represent the value of antenna C and D, The worst data is Antenna C ,only shown Antenna C . Plot.Antenna C: 5180-5240MHz

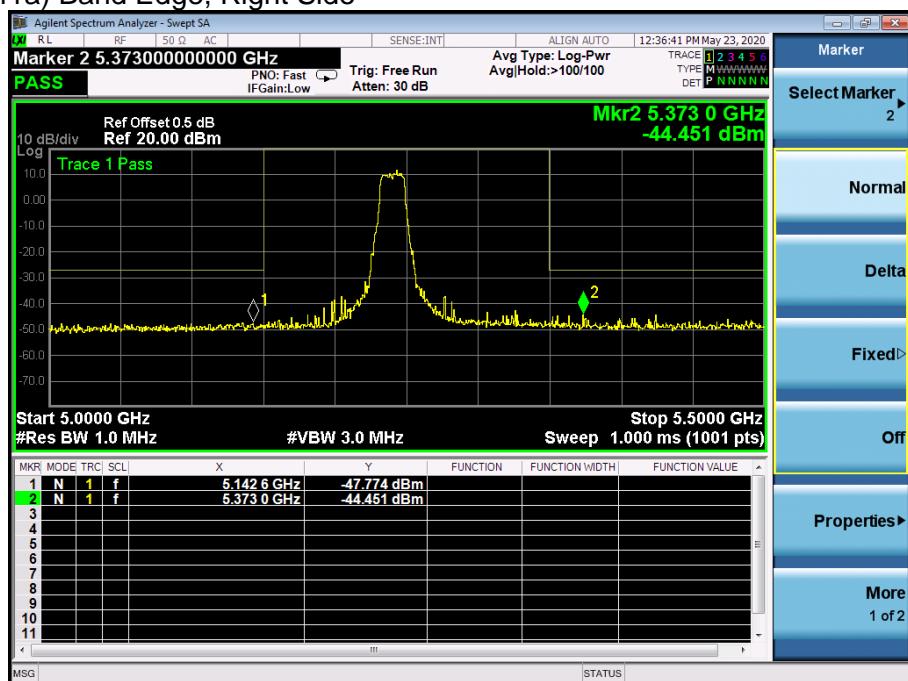
5.2G

**5.180~5.240 GHz**

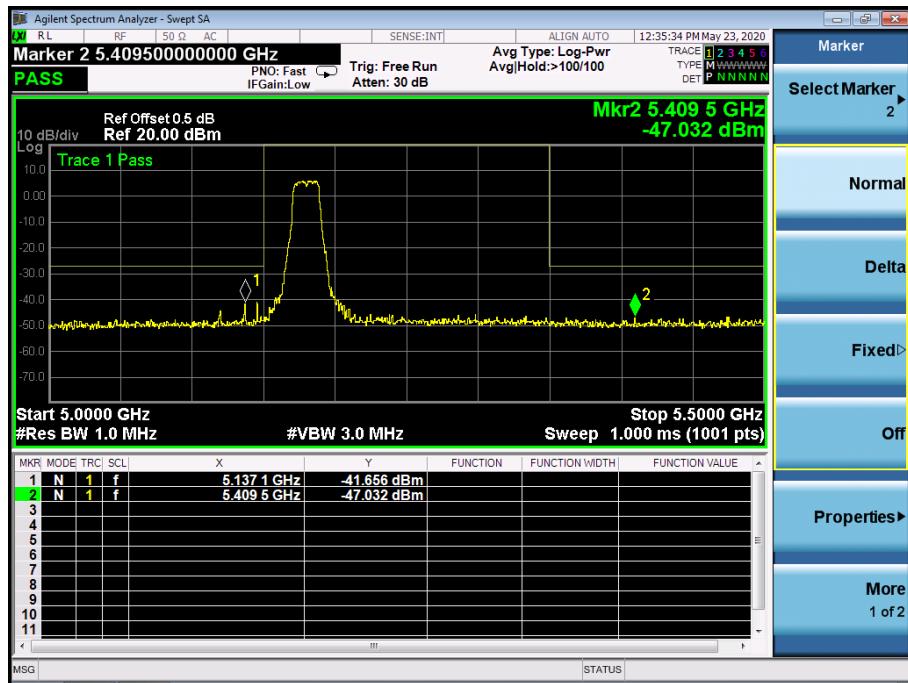
(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side



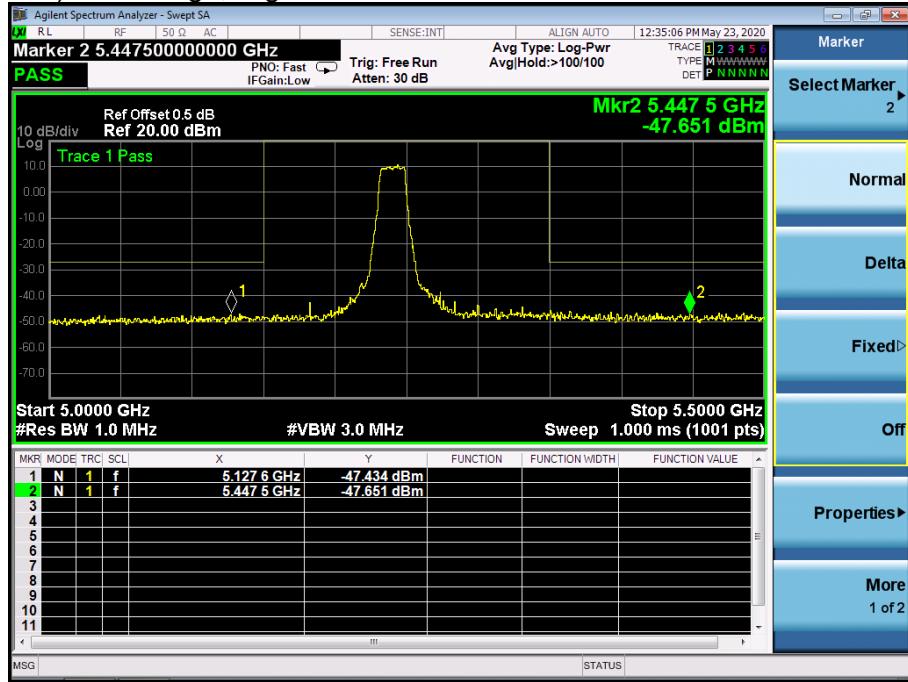
(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side



## (802.11n20) Band Edge, Left Side

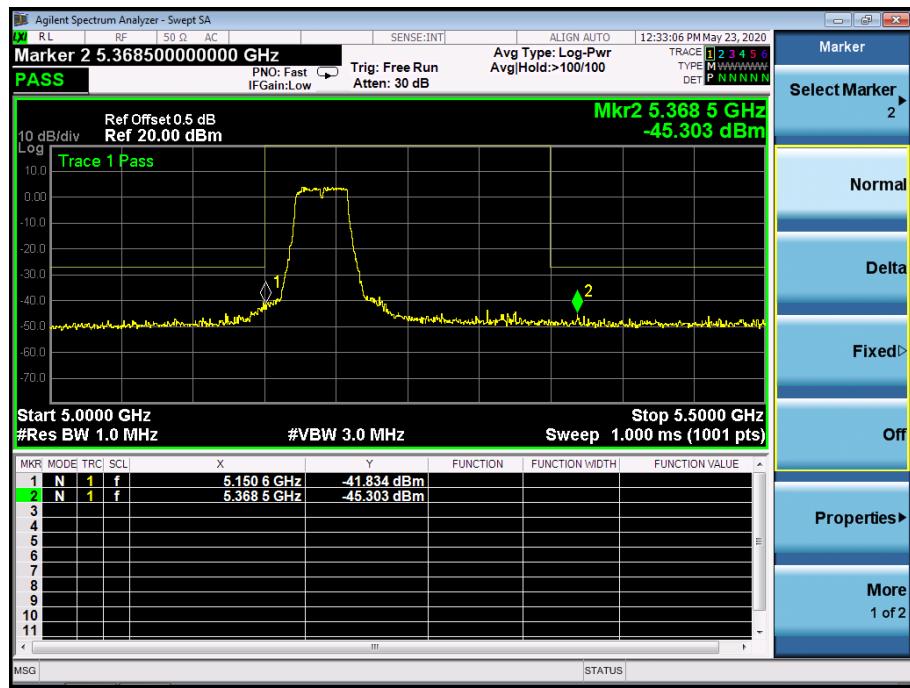


## (802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

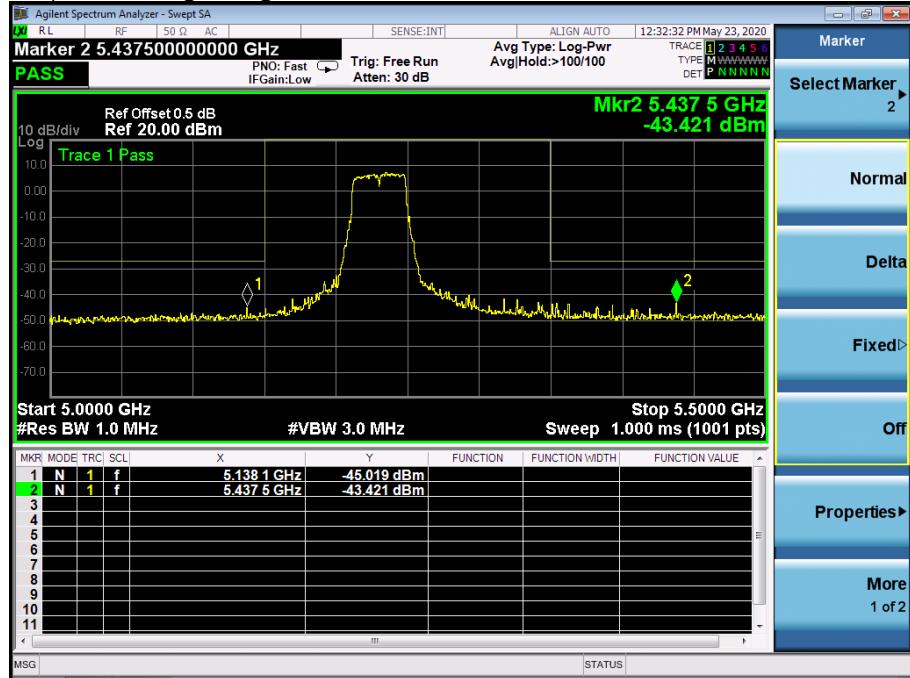


### 5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side

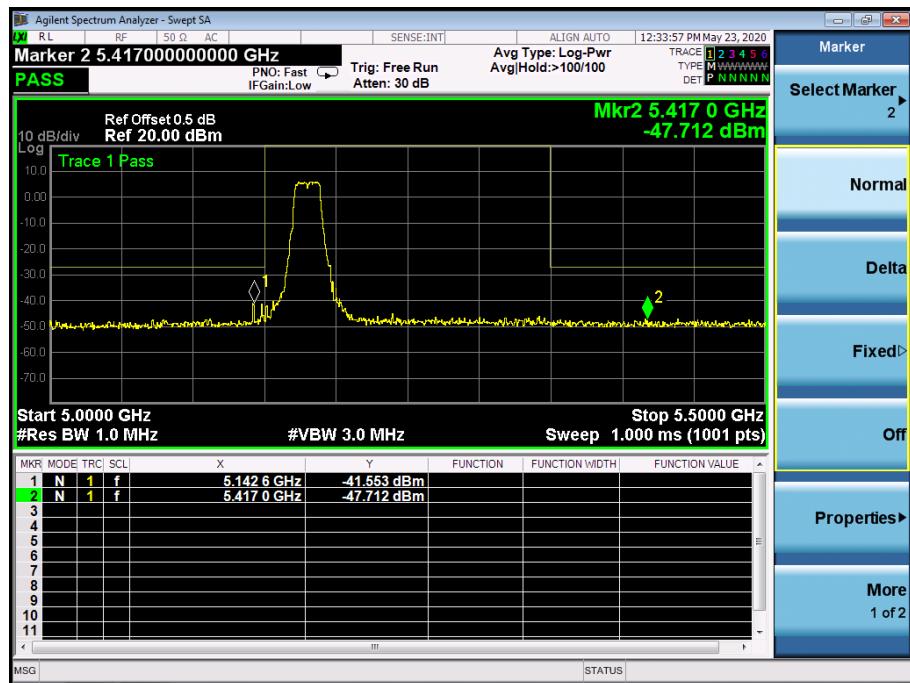


(802.11n40) Band Edge, Right Side

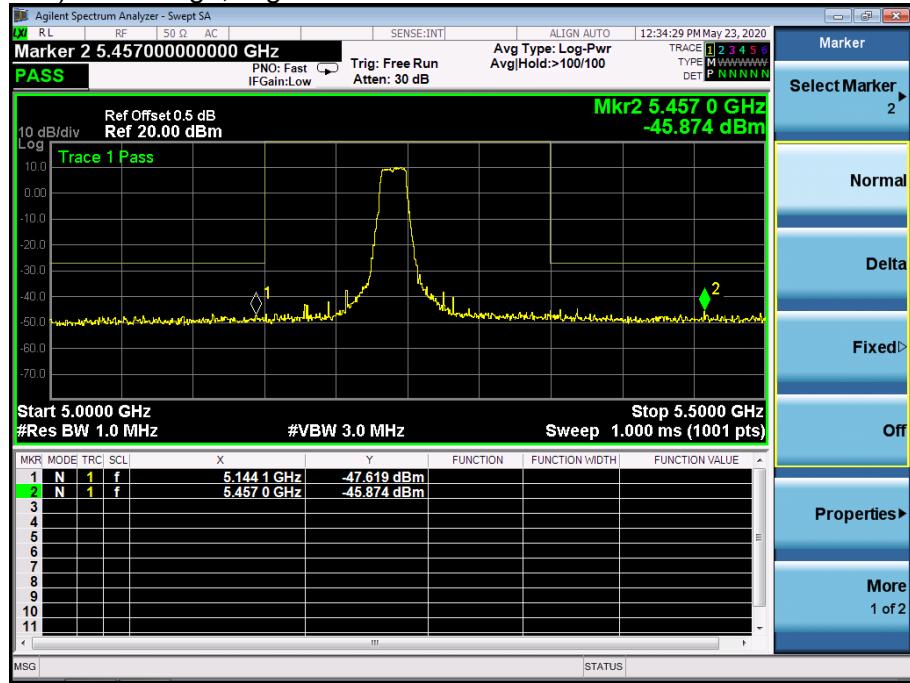


### 5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side

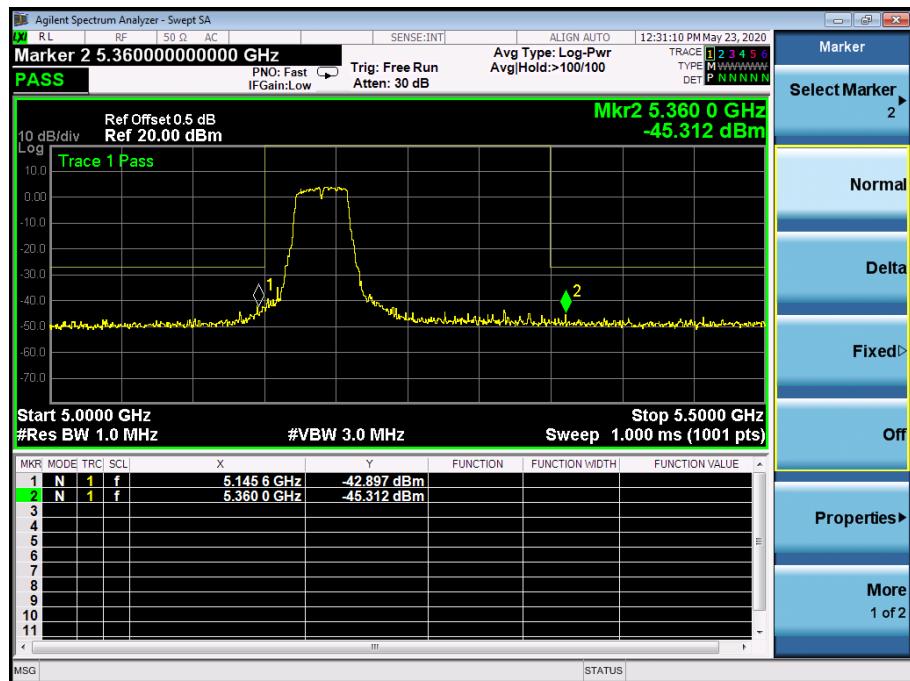


(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Right Side

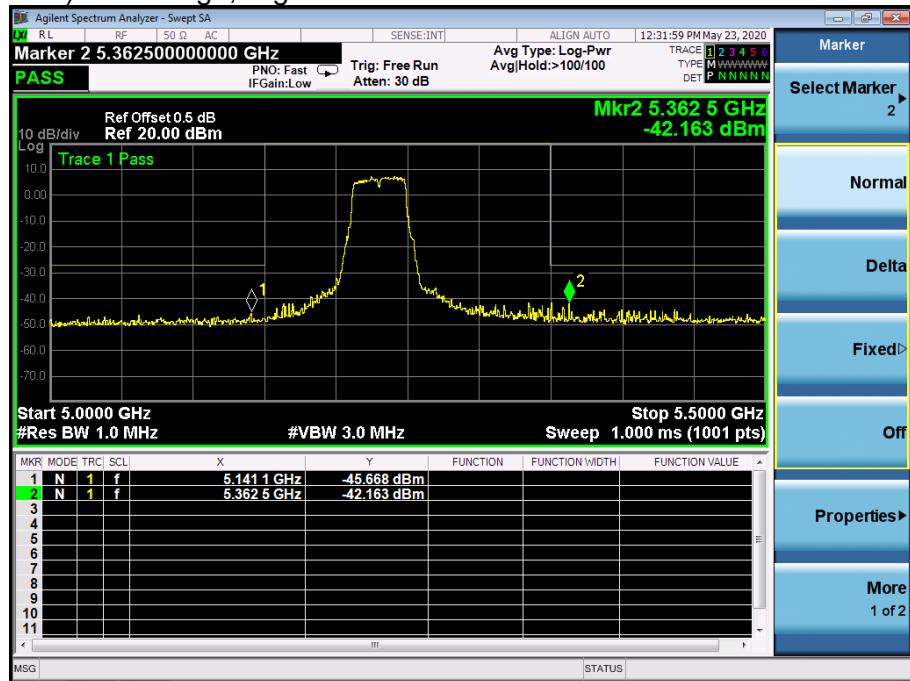


### 5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side

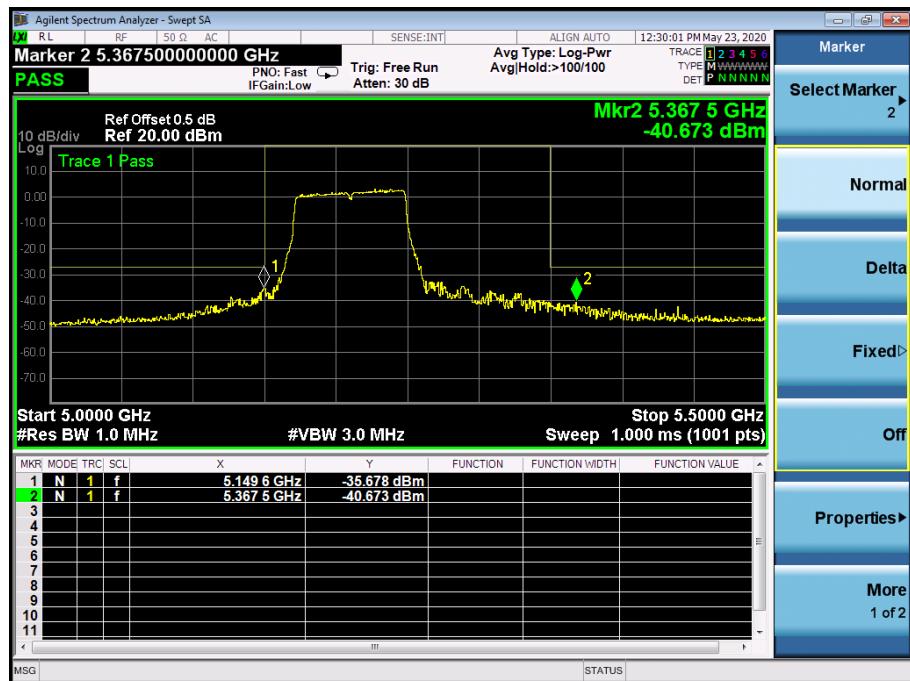


(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side

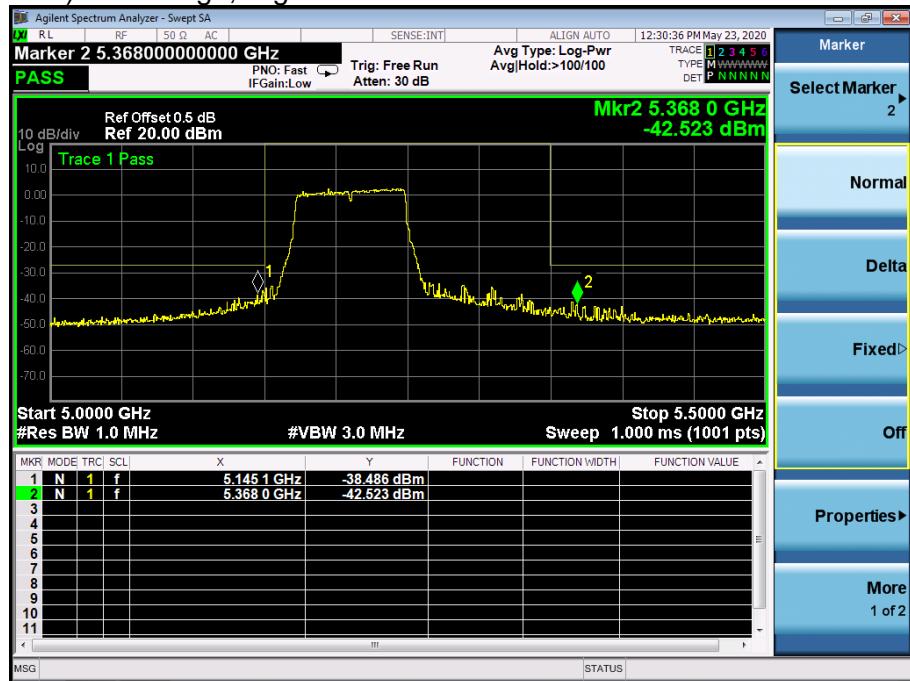


### 5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11 ac80) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac80) Band Edge, Right Side

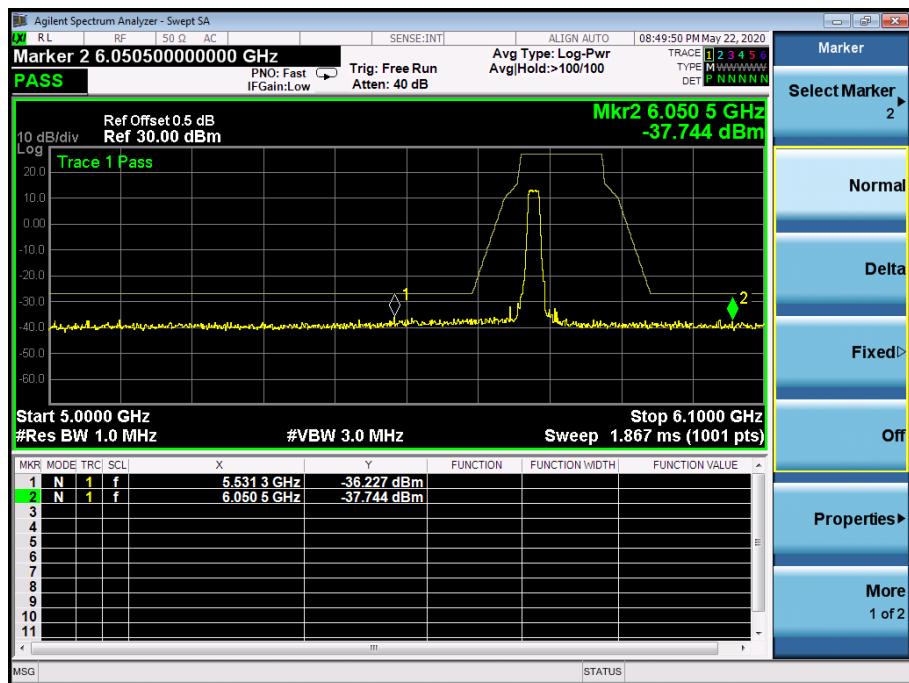


Antenna C: 5745-5825MHz

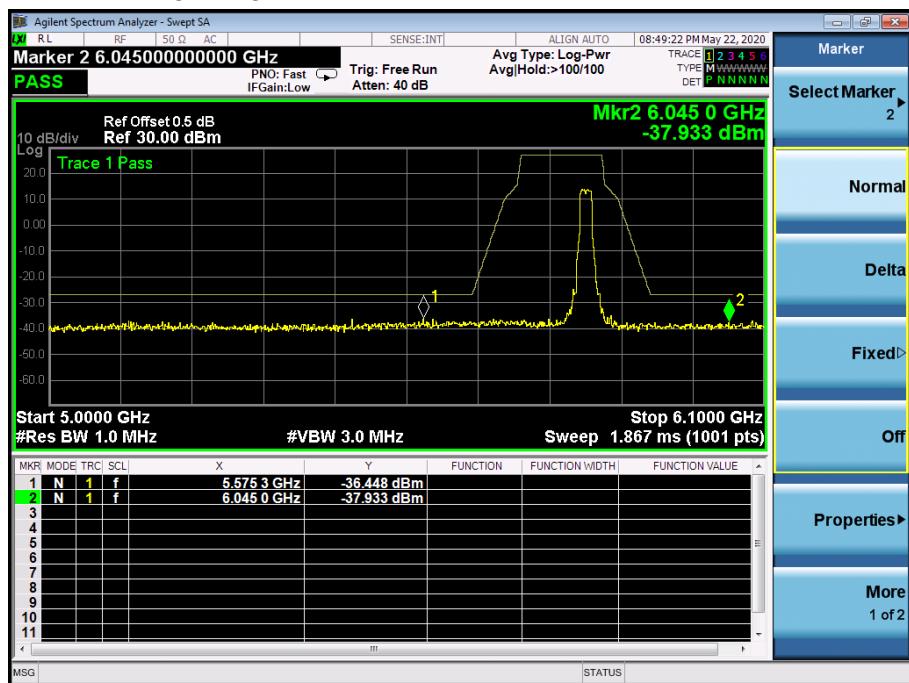
5.8G

5.745~5.825 GHz

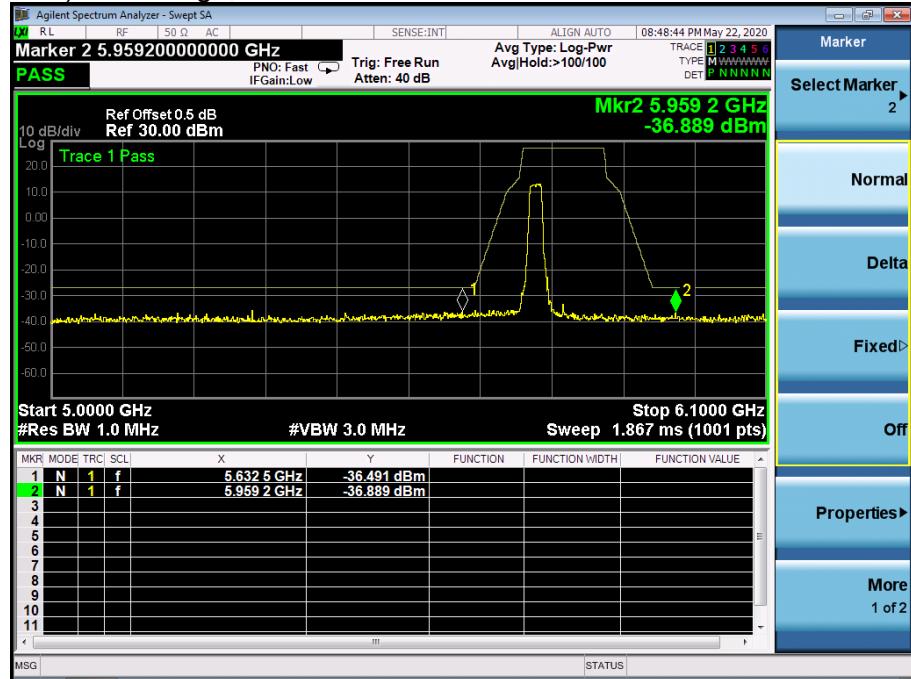
(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side



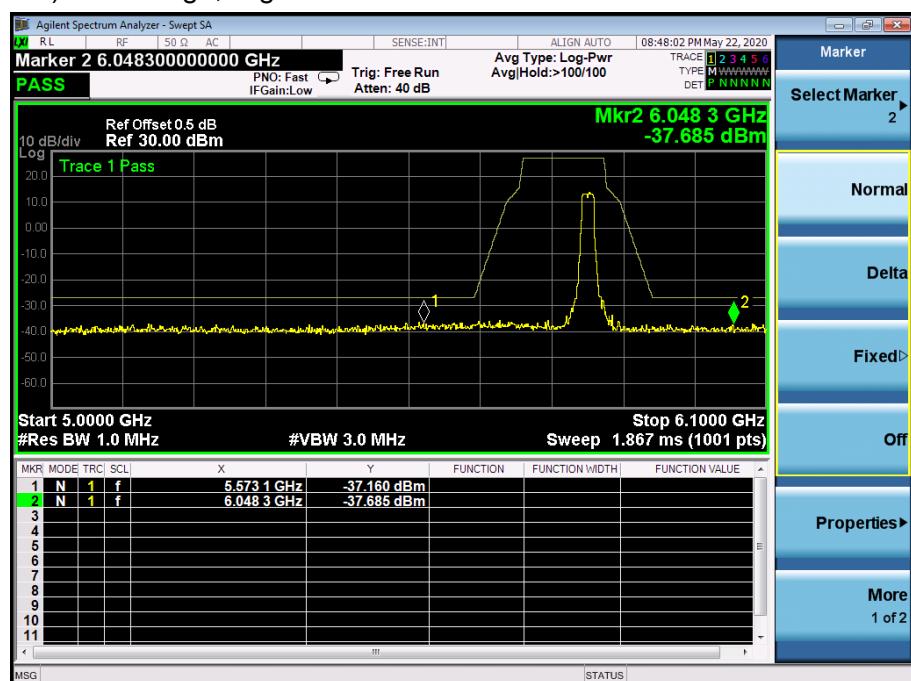
(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side



## (802.11 n20) Band Edge, Left Side

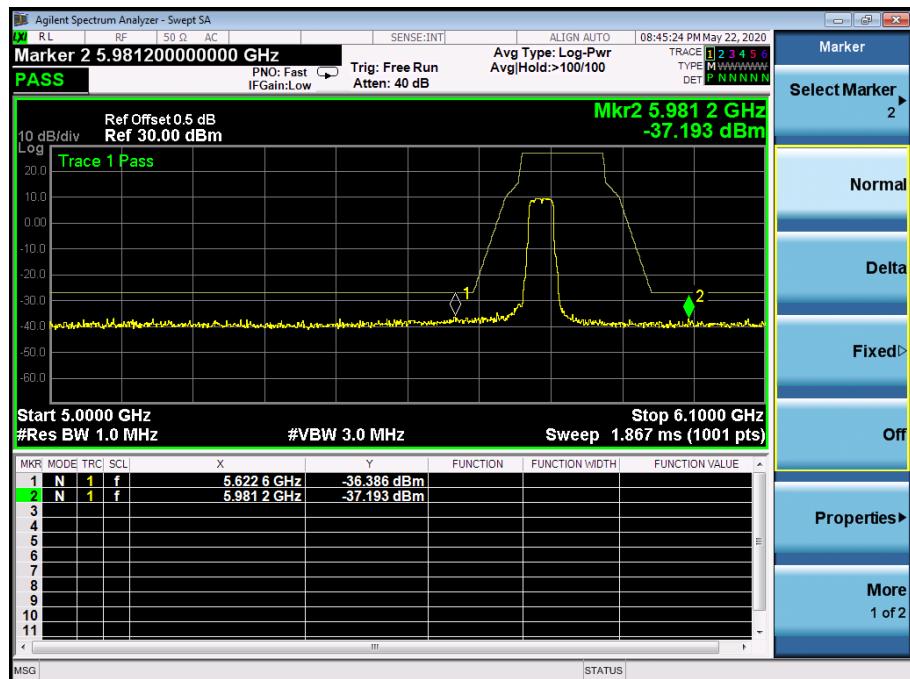


## (802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

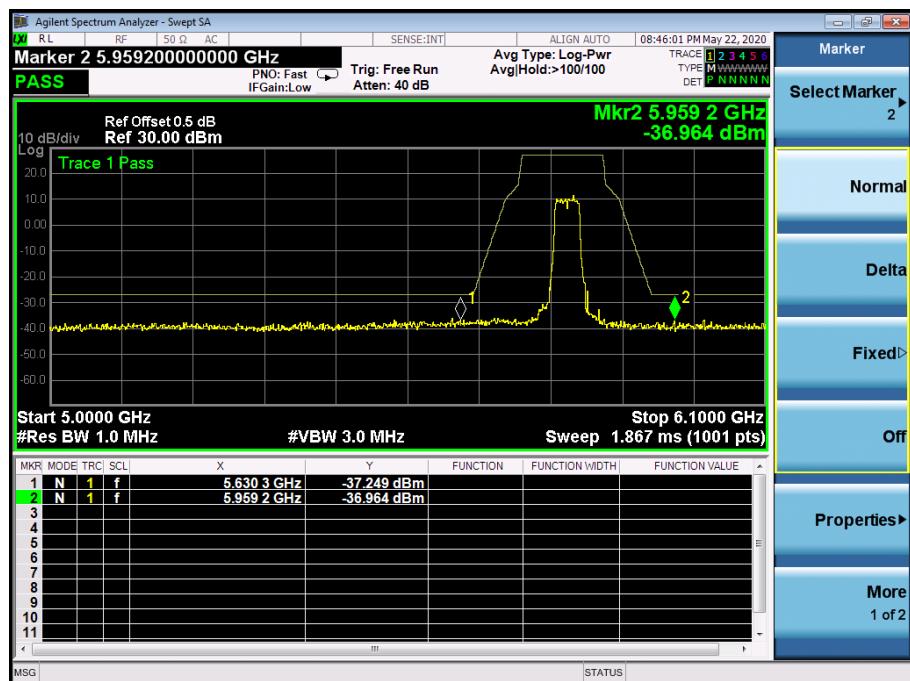


### 5.745~5.825 GHz

(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side

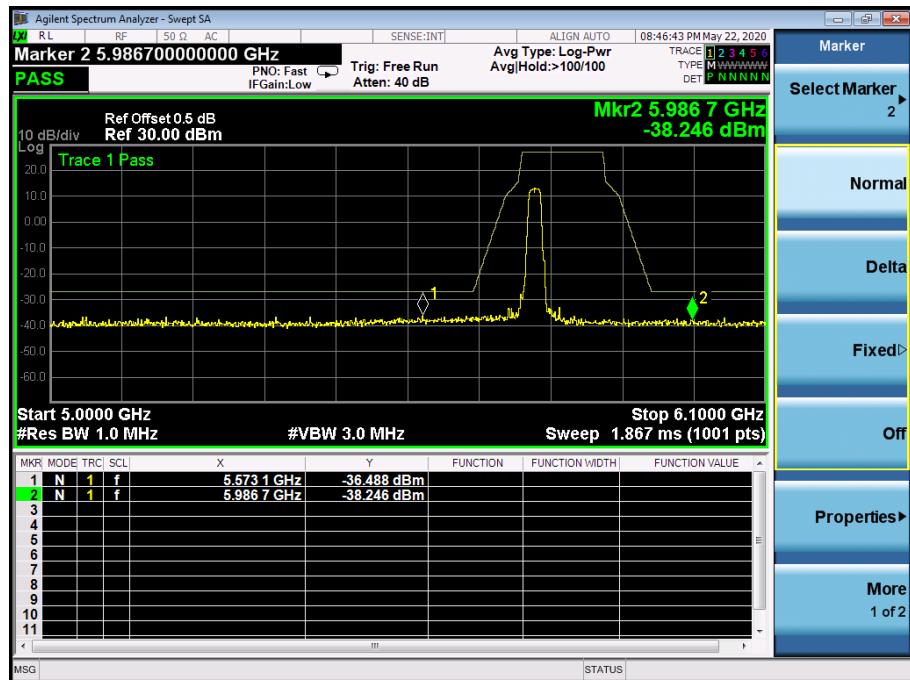


(802.11n40) Band Edge, Right Side

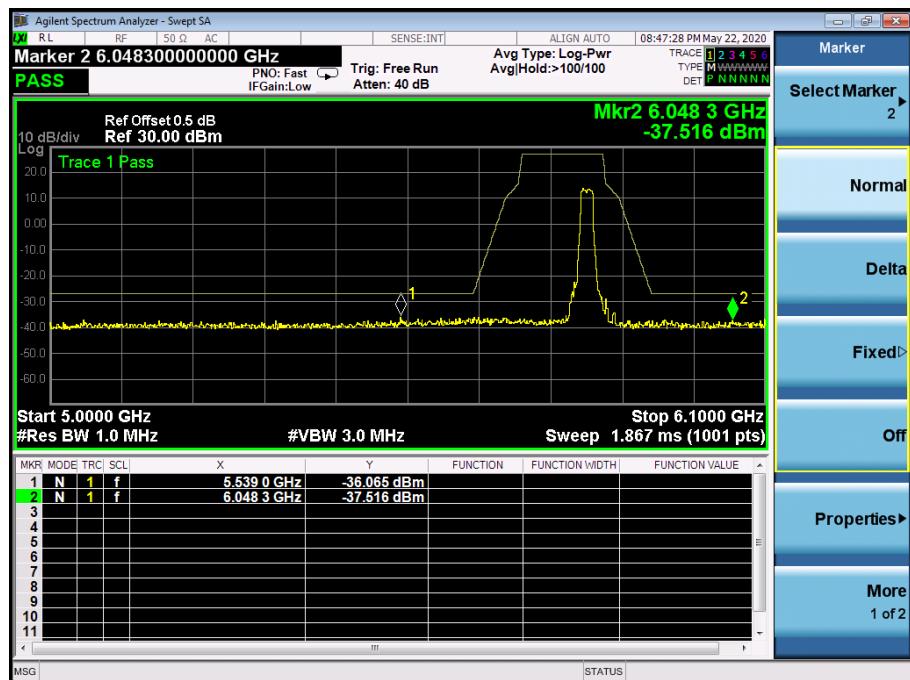


**5.745~5.825 GHz**

(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side

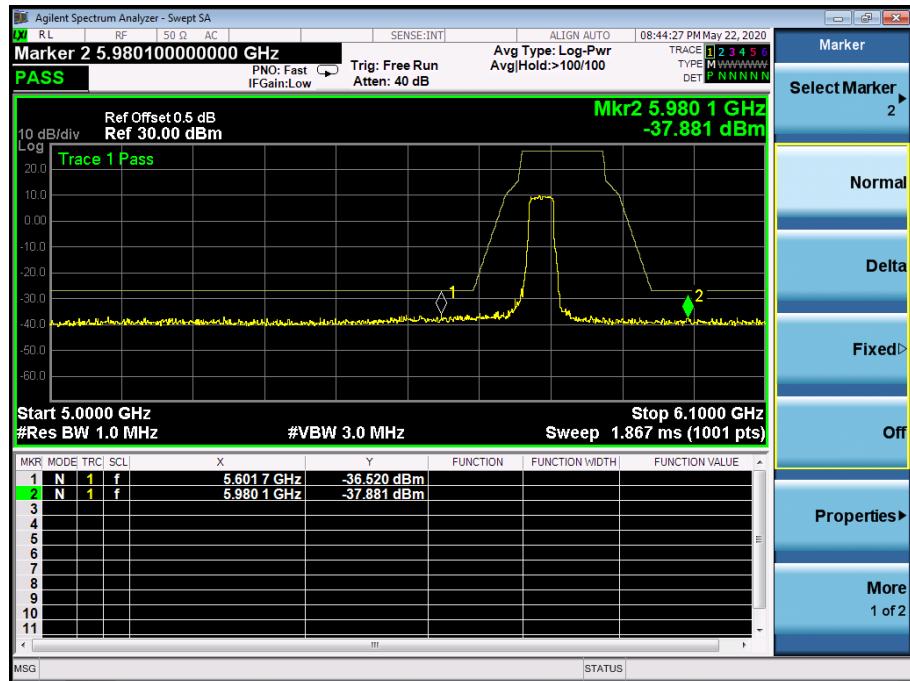


(802.11 ac20) Band Edge, Right Side

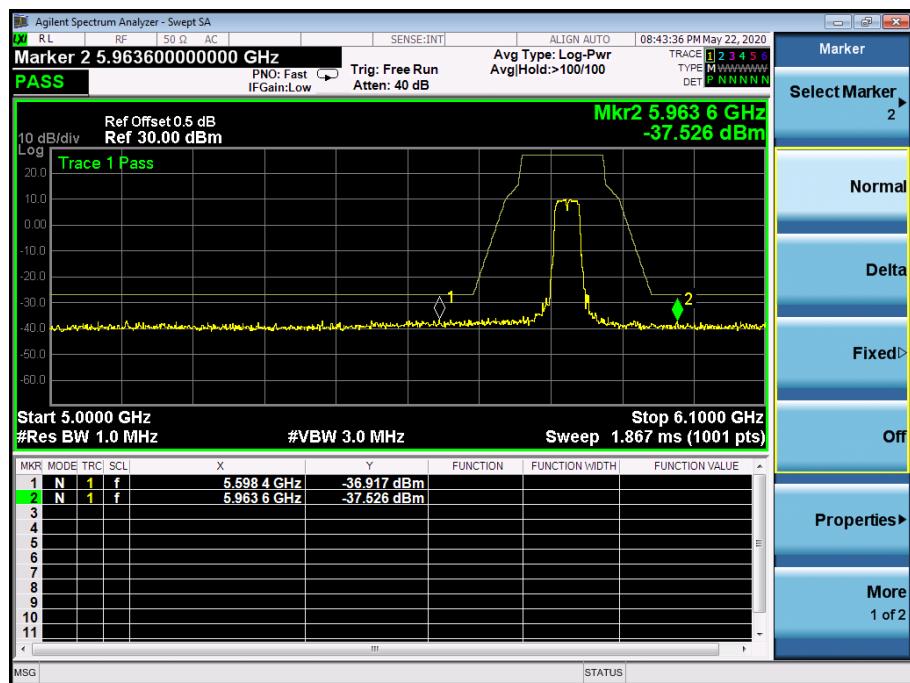


**5.745~5.825 GHz**

(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side

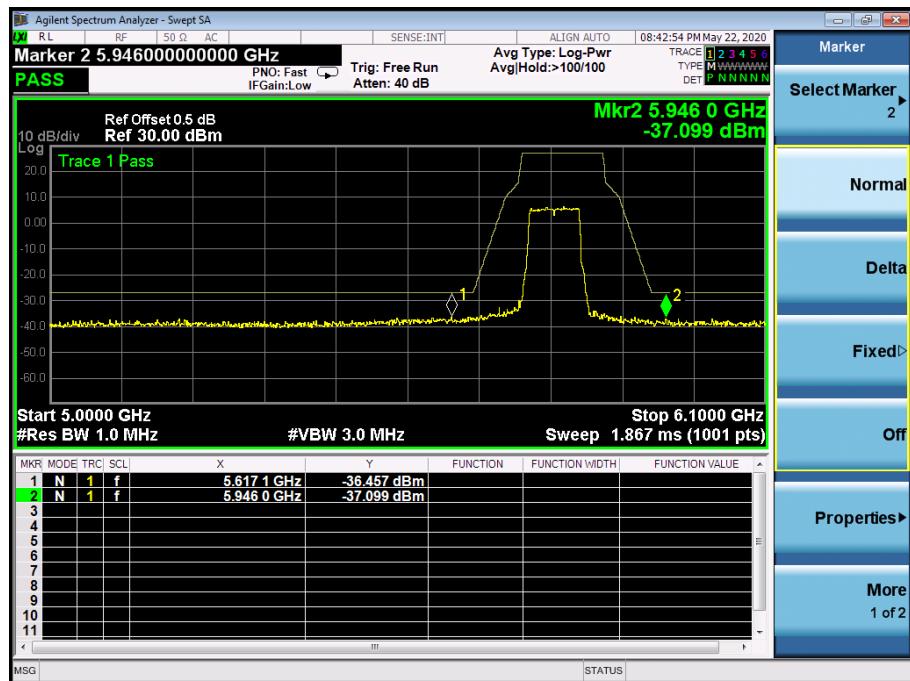


(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side

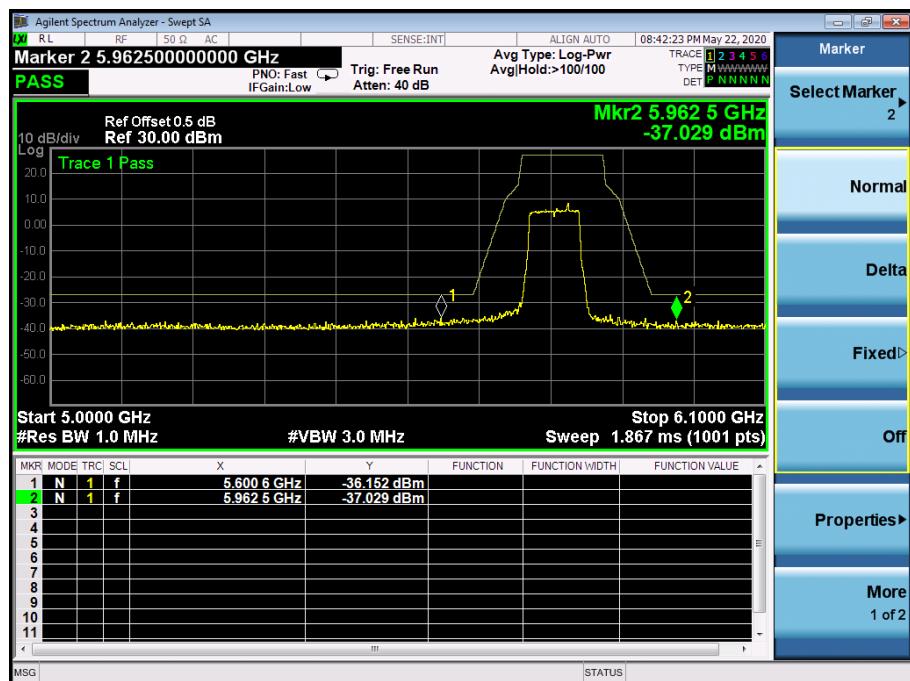


### 5.745~5.825 GHz

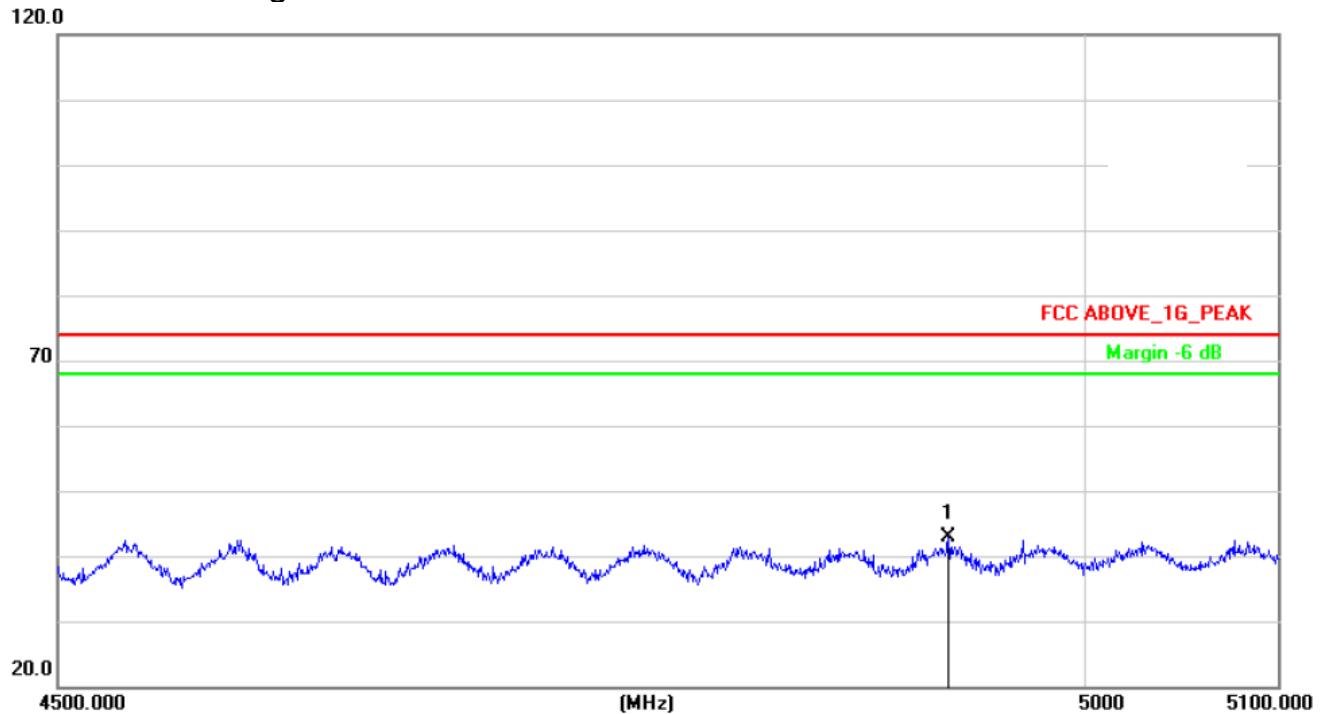
#### (802.11ac80) Band Edge, Left Side



#### (802.11ac80) Band Edge, Right Side



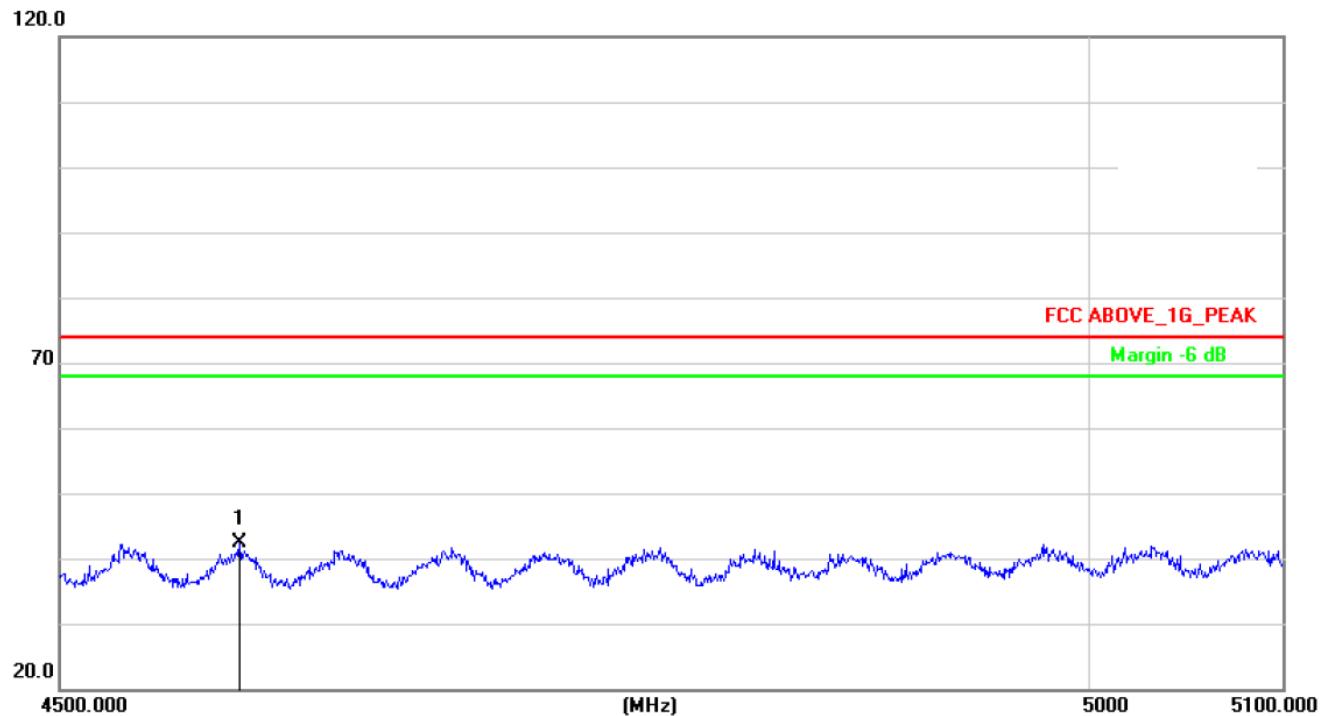
## Radiated bandedge



Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Polarization
4930.800	43.13	-0.34	42.79	74.00	-31.21		

Remark:

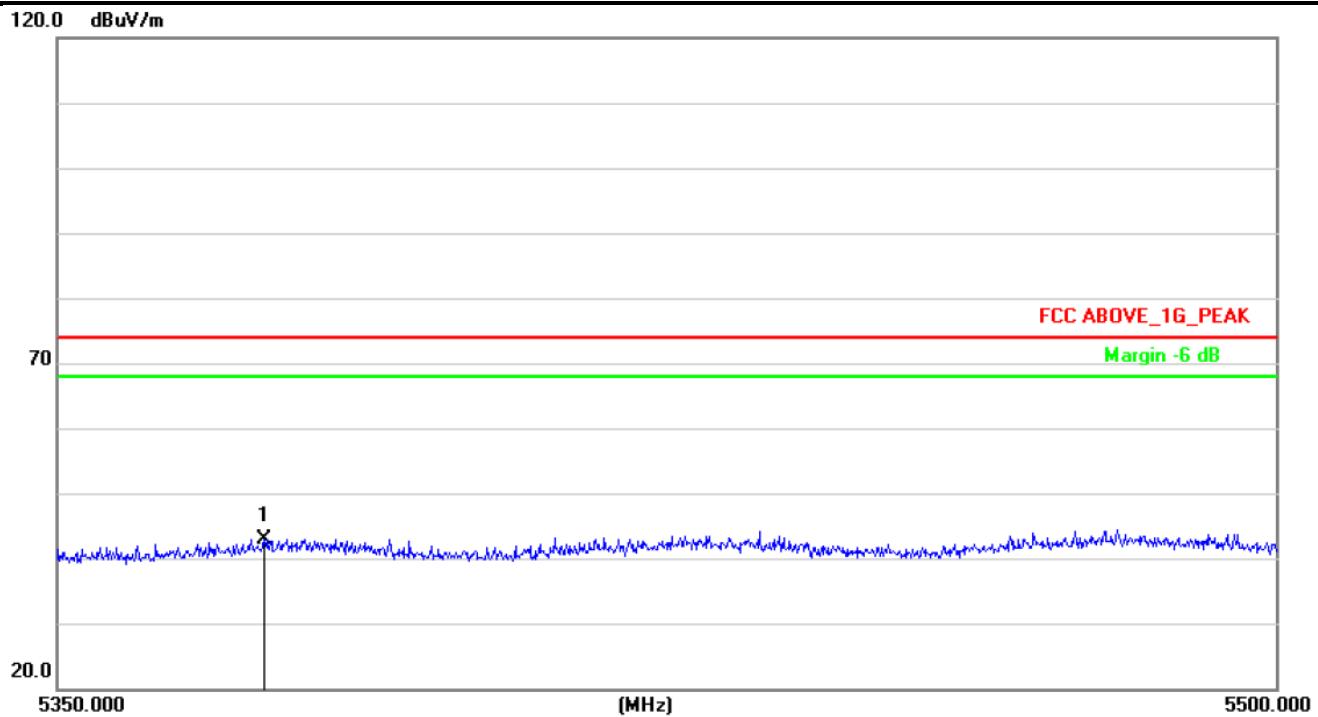
Factor = Antenna Factor + Correct Factor. Correct Factor= Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier



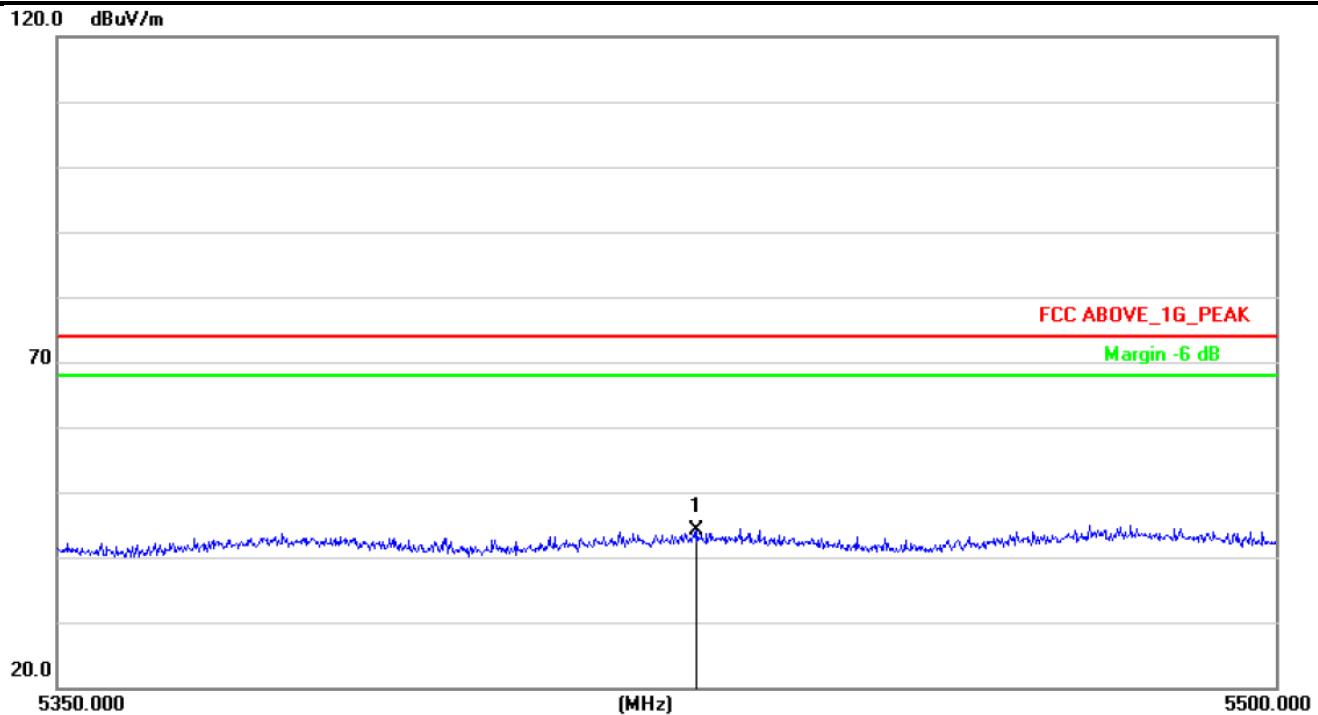
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Polarization
4584.000	42.92	-0.59	42.33	74.00	-31.67		

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Correct Factor. Correct Factor= Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier



Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Polarization
5375.350	42.97	-0.59	42.38	74.00	-31.62		
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Correct Factor. Correct Factor= Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier							



Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Polarization
5428.300	42.45	1.53	43.98	74.00	-30.02		

Remark:  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Correct Factor. Correct Factor= Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier

Note:

1. This EUT was tested in 802.11a/n(HT20), n(HT40) mode and 802.11a Antenna A the worst case position data was reported.