

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

S T S

Report No.: STS2004277H01

Issued for

4G NET INC

3000 NW 72 AVENUE MIAMI FL 33122

Product Name:	Mobile phone
Brand Name:	UNIQCELL, UNIQ
Model Name:	Q5.5
Series Model:	Q5.5 PRO
FCC ID:	2AWCN-Q55
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
Max. Report	Head: 0.628 W/kg
SAR (1g):	Body: 1.404 W/kg

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ShenZhen STS Test Services Co.,Ltd. A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, ShenZhen, Guang Dong, China TEL: +86-755 3688 6288 FAX: +86-755 3688 6277 E-mail:sts@stsapp.com



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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name:	4G NET INC
Address:	3000 NW 72 AVENUE MIAMI FL 33122
Manufacture's Name	METELL TECHNOLOGY CO., LIMITED
Address:	FLAT 1506.15/F LUCKY CTR NO 165-171 WAN CHAI RD WAN CHAI HONG KONG
Product description	
Product name:	Mobile phone
Brand name:	UNIQCELL, UNIQ
Model name:	Q5.5
Series Model:	Q5.5 PRO
Standards:	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528: 2013
The device week tested by C	have been OTO Test Convision Co. 1td in accordance with the

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests:	06 May 2020~08 May 2020
Date of Issue	10 May 2020
Test Result	Pass

Testing Engineer	:	Aann 13u
		(Aaron Bu)
Technical Manager	:	Jason Ju APPROVAL
		(Jason Lu)
Authorized Signatory	:	mati
		(Vita Li)



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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Report No.	Effect Page	Contents		
00	10 May 2020	STS2004277H01	ALL	Initial Issue		
Note: Format version of the report - V01						



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1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name		bone						
Brand Name	Mobile phone UNIQCELL, UNIQ							
Model Name	Q5.5							
Series Model		Q5.5 PRO						
Model Difference		-	vrand name cameras	and memory				
Model Difference		Only different in model name, brand name, cameras and memory. Rated Voltage: 3.7V						
Battery	Charge Limit: 4.2V							
Dattery	U U	y: 3250mAh						
Device Category	Portable							
Product stage	Producti							
RF Exposure								
Environment	General	Population / Uncontrolle	d					
	3595181	10223136						
IMEI		10223144						
Hardware Version	V4.0							
Software Version	UNIQ_C	ELL_1+16_Q5.5_C8E	2M_20200328-1					
	GSM 85	i0: 824.2~848.8MHz						
		0: 1850.2~1909.8MHz						
Frequency Range		A Band II: 1852.4~1907						
Trequency Mange	_	A Band V: 826.4~846.6						
		802.11b/g/n(HT20/40): 2	2412~2462MHz					
	Bluetoo	th: 2402~ 2480MHz	and the second sec					
	Band	Mode	Head	Body Worn and				
			(W/kg)	Hotspot(W/kg)				
Max. Reported	PCE	GSM 850	0.628	0.968				
SAR(1g):	PCE	GSM 1900	0.136	1.404				
	PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.374	1.365				
(Limit:1.6W/kg)	PCE	WCDMA Band V	0.423	0.381				
	DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.014	0.009				
	DTS	Bluetooth Note	0.053	0.026				
1-g Sum SAR	-		0.681	1.430				
	License	d Portable Transmitter	Held to Ear (PCE)					
FCC Equipment Class	Digital T	ransmission System (D	(PTC)					
	-							
		SM Voice; GPRS; EGF						
Operating Made	WCDMA: RMC, HSDPA, HSUPA Release 6							
Operating Mode		802.11 b/g/n(HT20/40)						
	Bluetooth: V4.0 + EDR (GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK) BLE							
		CDMA: PIFA Antenna						
Antenna Specification		N: PIFA Antenna						
	,	dual-SIM, dual standby	y, the multiple SIM car	d with				
SIM Card	two line	s cannot transmitting at	the same time					
Hotspot Mode	Support							
DTM Mode	Not Support							

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Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active)
- 3. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 card to perform all tests.
- 4. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

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A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China

FCC Registration No.: 625569

A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01 IC Registration No.: 12108A



2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile phone and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
9	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
10	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0
(B). Limits for Gene	ral Population/Ur	ncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT

1.6 W/kg

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

 $SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

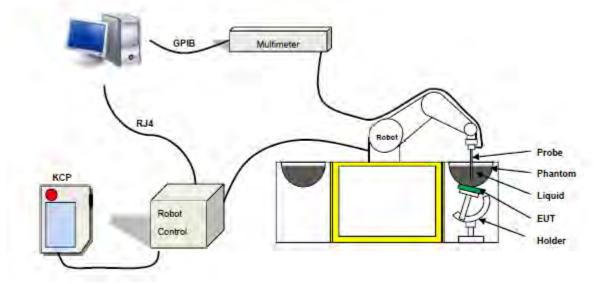
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

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The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The Open SAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 41/18 EPGO334 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: <0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 450 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°





3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

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4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Head Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	٤r
750	0.2	/	1	1.4	0.2	57.0	1	41.1	0.89	41.9
835	0.2	/	1	1.4	0.2	57.9	1	40.3	0.90	41.5
900	0.2	1	1	1.4	0.2	57.9	/	40.3	0.97	41.5
1800	1	44.5	1	0.3	1	1	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
1900	/	44.5	/	0.3	1	1	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
2000	1	44.5	/	0.3	1	1	/	55.2	1.4	40.0
2450	1	44.9	/	0.1	1	1	/	55.0	1.80	39.2
2600	1	45.0	1 -	0.1	1	1	1	54.9	1.96	39.0

Body Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	٤r
750	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	47.2	1	51.7	0.96	55.5
835	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	48.2	1	50.8	0.97	55.2
900	0.2	/	1	0.9	0.1	48.2	/	50.8	1.05	55.0
1800	1	29.4	1	0.4	1	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
1900	/	29.4	/	0.4	/	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
2000	1	29.4	1	0.4	/	1	/	70.2	1.52	53.3
2450	1	31.3	1	0.1	/	1	1	68.6	1.95	52.7
2600	/	31.7	/	0.1	/	1	/	68.2	2.16	52.3

	Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Frequency	з	r	σ S/m							
	Head	Body	Head	Body						
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92						
450	43.5	56.7	0.87	0.94						
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05						
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30						
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52						
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95						
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73						
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00						

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LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date		pient dition	Head Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited	
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Temp.		weasured	[%]	[%]	
2020-05-06	23.3	50	835 MHz	23.1	Permittivity:	41.50	41.15	-0.84	£	
2020-05-00	23.5	50		23.1	Conductivity:	0.90	0.87	-3.33	± 5	
2020-05-07	22.9	50	1900 MHz	22.7	Permittivity:	40.00	41.22	3.05	± 5	
2020-05-07	22.9	50		22.1	Conductivity:	1.40	1.38	-1.43	± 5	
2020-05-08	23.6	55	2450 MHz	23.4	Permittivity:	39.20	39.93	1.86	± 5	
2020-05-06	23.0	55		23.4	Conductivity:	1.80	1.86	3.33	± 5	

Date		bient dition	Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited	
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Falameters	Target	Measureu	[%]	[%]	
2020-05-06	23.3	50	835 MHz	835 MHz 23.0		55.20	56.82	2.93	± 5	
2020-05-00	23.5	50		20.0	Conductivity	0.97	0.99	2.06	± 5	
2020-05-07	22.9	50	1900 MHz	1000 1411 00 7		53.30	53.86	1.05	± 5	
2020-05-07	22.9	50		22.7	Conductivity	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5	
2020-05-08	23.6	55	2450 MHz	22.3	Permittivity:	52.70	52.14	-1.06	± 5	
2020-00-00	23.0	55	2450 10172	22.3	Conductivity	1.95	2.01	3.08	± 5	

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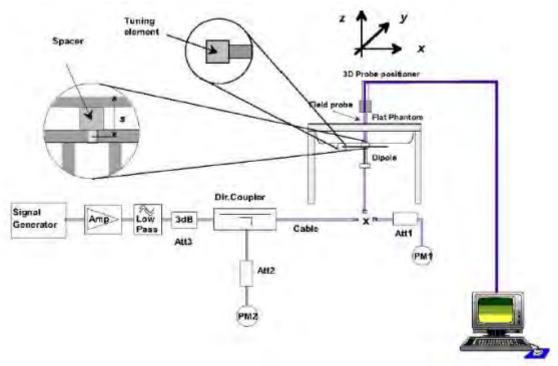




5. SAR System Validation 5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.919	9.19	9.56	-3.87	2020-05-06
835 Body	100	0.927	9.27	9.56	-3.03	2020-05-06
1900 Head	100	3.977	39.77	39.7	0.18	2020-05-07
1900 Body	100	3.913	39.13	39.7	-1.44	2020-05-07
2450 Head	100	5.204	52.04	52.4	-0.69	2020-05-08
2450 Body	100	5.358	53.58	52.4	2.25	2020-05-08

Note:

1. The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.

2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.

3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

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6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface

- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.

- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

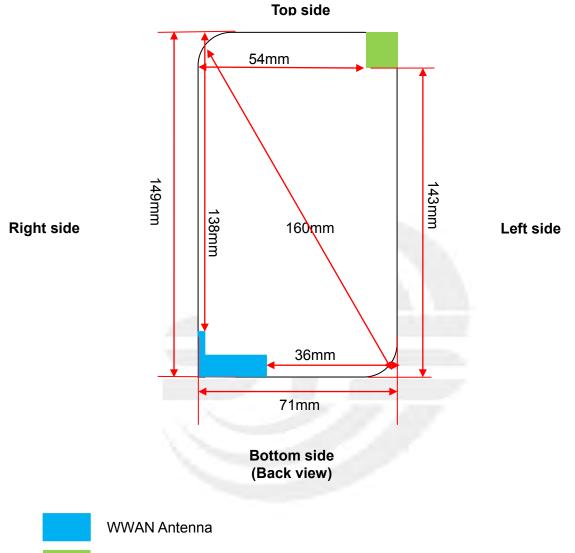
When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.





7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a Mobile phone, support GSM/WCDMA mode.



WLAN/BT Antenna

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~ 6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

	Test position configurations									
Band	Band Front		Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge				
WWAN	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	36mm	138mm	<5mm				
VVVVAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes				
WLAN/BT	<5mm	<5mm	54mm	<5mm	<5mm	143mm				
VVLAN/BI	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No				

Note:

- maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHZ))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare

- 5. per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>
 - 1500MHz and \leq 6GHz
- Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/ HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

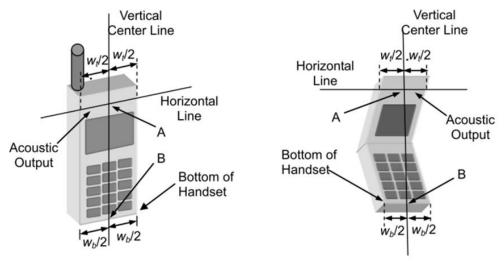
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8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

- (1) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

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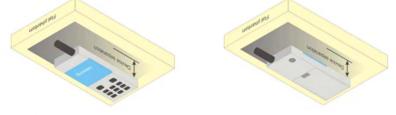
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Body-worn Position Conditions:

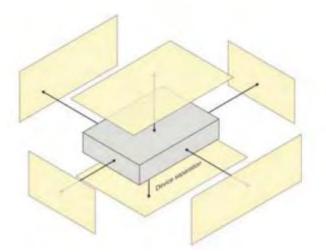
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge.

When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm)is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).



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9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.28	0.28	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.045	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.43	0.43	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	0.685	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	8
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Readout Electronics	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient								
conditions-Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
conditions-reflections	0.0		1/3			1.75	1.75	
Probe positioner	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
mechanical tolerance Probe positioning with			V C					
respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Post-processing	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related	2.0		1 43	- ·	-	1.00	1.00	
Test sample positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	∞
Device holder uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3	3	∞
SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and tissue parame	-		1 40		•	2.00	2.00	
Phantom uncertainty(shape		_	_					
and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR								
correction for deviations in	1.9	Ν	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
permittivity and conductivity								
Liquid conductivity	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
(temperature uncertainty)	2.0		V0	0.10	0.7 1	1.10	1.02	
Liquid conductivity	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
(measured)	-							
Liquid permittivity	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
(temperature uncertainty)			V 0					
Liquid permittivity	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
(measured) Combined Standard								
Uncertainty		RSS				9.79	9.59	
Expanded Uncertainty						40.75	40.15	
(95% Confidence interval)		K=2				19.58	19.18	

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9.2 System validation Uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.045	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	0.685	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	8
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
RF ambient conditions-Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Post-Processing	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
System validation source							•	
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	8
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Other source contribution Uncertainty	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Phantom and set-up		_				•		
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	8
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid conductivity (measured)	4	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.718	9.517	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		K=2				19.44	19.04	



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.77	30.67	30.61	27.55	27.39	27.50		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.67	30.51	30.61	27.51	27.45	27.61		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	30.18	30.09	30.20	27.03	27.01	27.21		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	29.72	29.66	29.71	26.60	26.58	26.77		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	29.26	29.16	29.21	26.17	26.10	26.37		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	25.14	24.80	24.50	24.65	25.10	24.44		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	24.37	24.07	23.70	23.91	24.32	23.67		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	23.63	23.27	22.90	23.16	23.54	22.96		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	22.86	22.48	22.19	22.39	22.81	22.22		
Remark: GPRS, CS4 codir	na scheme. E	GPRS. MCS	5 codina sch	ieme.				

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS5 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8 , Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink , 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10 , Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink , 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12 , Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink , 5 working link

Fram- Average Power(dBm)								
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.74	21.64	21.58	18.52	18.36	18.47		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.64	21.48	21.58	18.48	18.42	18.58		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	24.16	24.07	24.18	21.01	20.99	21.19		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	25.46	25.40	25.45	22.34	22.32	22.51		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	26.25	26.15	26.20	23.16	23.09	23.36		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	16.11	15.77	15.47	15.62	16.07	15.41		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	18.35	18.05	17.68	17.89	18.30	17.65		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	19.37	19.01	18.64	18.90	19.28	18.70		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	19.85	19.47	19.18	19.38	19.80	19.21		
Pemark ·								

Remark :

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.

2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 TX Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 TX Slots) – 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 TX Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 TX Slots) – 3.01 dB

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WCDMA

Band	WC	CDMA Bar	nd V	W	CDMA Ban	d II
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	21.70	20.61	21.18	21.80	21.35	22.09
RMC 12.2Kbps	21.74	20.63	21.23	21.83	21.38	22.12
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.56	19.42	20.30	19.57	19.16	19.64
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.08	18.97	19.82	19.15	18.70	19.22
HSDPA Subtest-3	19.62	18.55	19.33	18.66	18.29	18.75
HSDPA Subtest-4	19.26	18.12	18.91	18.33	17.83	18.36
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.58	19.47	20.28	19.57	19.29	19.80
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.69	18.50	19.31	18.75	18.35	18.89
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.64	18.06	18.85	18.73	17.86	18.45
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.17	17.60	18.53	18.32	17.50	18.15
HSUPA Subtest-5	17.68	16.11	17.08	16.89	16.04	16.74

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)
HS-DPDCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0 < 0 m < 0.0	

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



WLAN

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	
	1	2412	12.77	
802.11b	6	2437	12.29	
	11	2462	12.45	
	1	2412	10.31	
802.11g	6	2437	10.27	
	11	2462	10.24	
	1	2412	10.29	
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	10.21	
	11	2462	10.14	
	3	2422	8.29	
802.11n(HT 40)	6	2437	8.26	
	9	2452	8.13	

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
	0	2402	-0.53		
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	0.35		
	78	2480	0.81		
	0	2402	-3.05		
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	-2.23		
	78	2480	-1.76		
	0	2402	-0.46		
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-2.30		
	78	2480	-1.86		

BLE

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
GFSK(1Mbps)	0	2402	-8.94		
	19	2440	-8.81		
	39	2480	-8.26		

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10.2 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f}(GHZ)$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

 $\frac{Max Power of Channel (mW)}{Test Separation Dist (mm)} * \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \le 3.0$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Head SAR was not required; $[(1.259/5)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.40 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[1.259/10)^* \sqrt{2.480} = 0.20 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was required; $[(19.953/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 6.26 > 3.0.$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was required; $[(19.953/10)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 3.13 > 3.0$.

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11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





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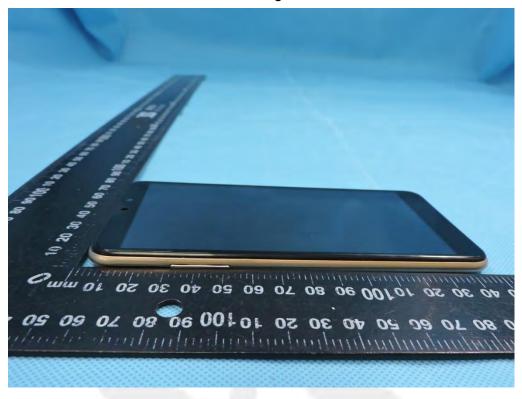


Bottom Edge

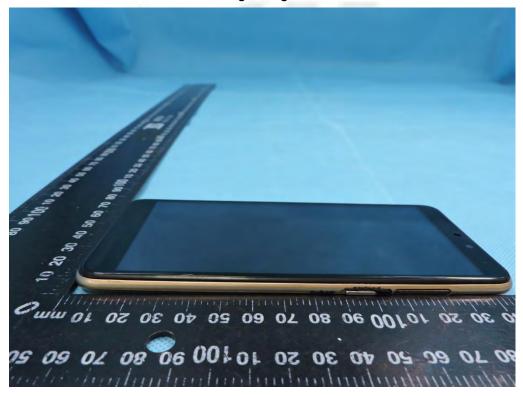




Left Edge



Right Edge

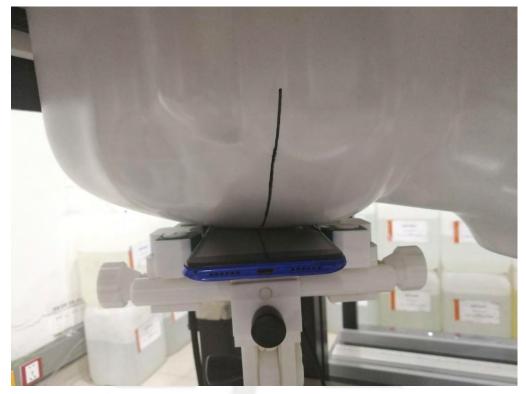


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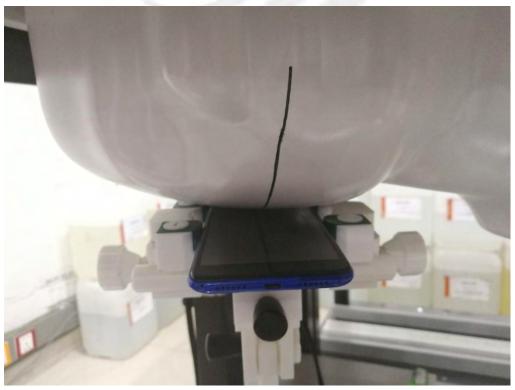


11.2 Setup Photo

Right Touch



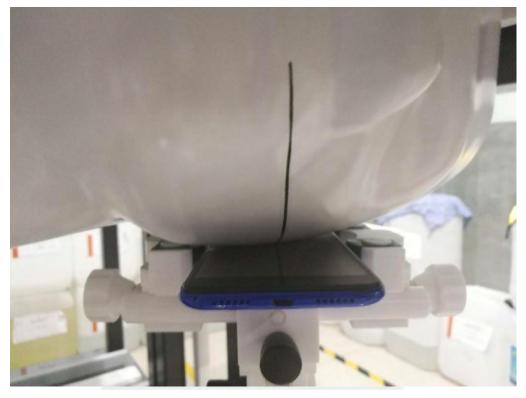
Right Tilt



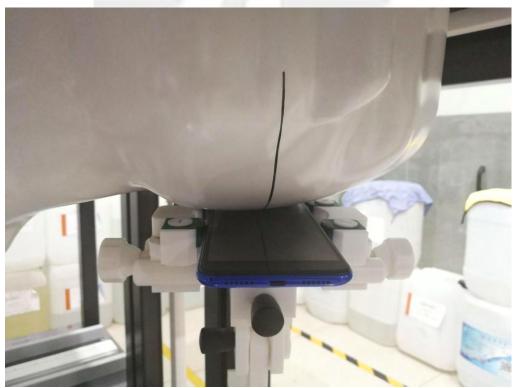
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Left Touch



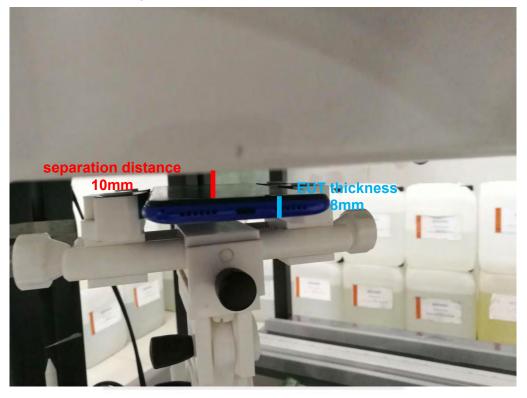
Left Tilt



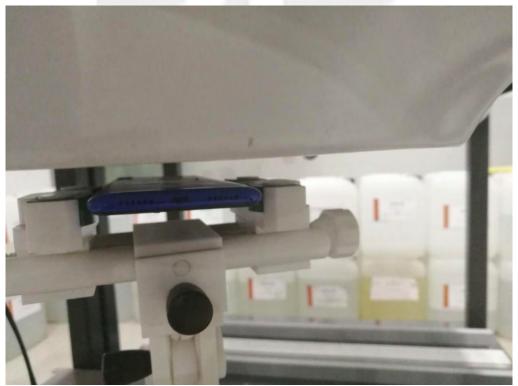
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Body Front side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)



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Left Edge(separation distance is 10mm)



Right Edge(separation distance is 10mm)



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Top Edge(separation distance is 10mm)



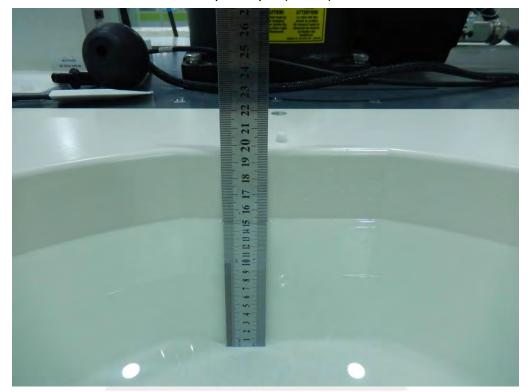
Bottom Edge(separation distance is 10mm)



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Liquid depth (15 cm)





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12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	128	0.530	-3.83	30	29.26	0.628	1
0014.050	GPRS	Right Tilt	128	0.275	2.28	30	29.26	0.326	/
GSM 850	Data-4 Slot	Left Cheek	128	0.488	2.78	30	29.26	0.579	/
		Left Tilt	128	0.250	-0.55	30	29.26	0.296	/
		Right Cheek	810	0.118	3.34	27	26.37	0.136	3
CCM4000	GPRS	Right Tilt	810	0.062	-0.93	27	26.37	0.072	/
GSM1900	Data-4 Slot	Left Cheek	810	0.097	3.32	27	26.37	0.112	/
		Left Tilt	810	0.048	2.74	27	26.37	0.055	/
		Right Cheek	9538	0.305	-3.35	23	22.12	0.374	5
	DMO	Right Tilt	9538	0.157	0.27	23	22.12	0.192	/
WCDMA II	RMC	Left Cheek	9538	0.283	3.54	23	22.12	0.347	/
		Left Tilt	9538	0.136	1.66	23	22.12	0.167	/
		Right Cheek	4132	0.398	-1.11	22	21.74	0.423	7
	DMC	Right Tilt	4132	0.214	1.83	22	21.74	0.227	1
WCDMA V	RMC	Left Cheek	4132	0.343	2.60	22	21.74	0.364	/
		Left Tilt	4132	0.167	-2.10	22	21.74	0.177	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WLAN 802.11b	Right Cheek	1	0.013	-3.68	13	12.77	100	0.014	9	
	Right Tilt	1	0.010	1.41	13	12.77	100	0.011	/	
	Left Cheek	1	0.009	-3.65	13	12.77	100	0.009	/	
		Left Tilt	1	0.007	-2.47	13	12.77	100	0.007	/

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor

- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.008** W/Kg for Head)
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg

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12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850		Front side	128	0.662	-1.91	30	29.26	0.785	/
		Back side	128	0.816	3.43	30	29.26	0.968	2
		Back side	190	0.758	-2.71	30	29.16	0.920	/
	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	251	0.713	3.09	30	29.21	0.855	2
		Left side	128	0.146	-3.85	30	29.26	0.173	/
		Right side	128	0.318	2.83	30	29.26	0.377	/
		Bottom side	128	0.173	3.26	30	29.26	0.205	/
		Front side	512	0.883	-3.62	27	26.17	1.069	/
		Front side	661	0.834	-1.77	27	26.10	1.026	/
		Front side	810	0.957	-0.52	27	26.37	1.106	/
		Back side	512	1.112	0.20	27	26.17	1.346	/
GSM1900	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	661	1.025	3.60	27	26.10	1.261	/
		Back side	810	1.214	-0.71	27	26.37	1.404	4
		Left side	810	0.312	2.25	27	26.37	0.361	/
		Right side	810	0.576	2.46	27	26.37	0.666	/
		Bottom side	810	0.352	1.37	27	26.37	0.407	/
		Front side	9262	0.748	0.25	23	21.83	0.979	/
		Front side	9400	0.625	2.32	23	21.38	0.908	/
		Front side	9538	0.869	-1.76	23	22.12	1.064	/
		Back side	9262	0.938	-0.40	23	21.83	1.228	/
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9400	0.815	2.72	23	21.38	1.183	/
		Back side	9538	1.115	3.06	23	22.12	1.365	6
		Left side	9538	0.282	-1.68	23	22.12	0.345	/
		Right side	9538	0.467	-2.82	23	22.12	0.572	/
		Bottom side	9538	0.311	-3.01	23	22.12	0.381	/
		Front side	4132	0.296	-0.10	22	21.74	0.314	/
		Back side	4132	0.359	-1.47	22	21.74	0.381	8
WCDMA V	RMC	Left side	4132	0.084	-3.16	22	21.74	0.089	/
-		Right side	4132	0.147	-2.90	22	21.74	0.156	/
		Bottom side	4132	0.113	-2.79	22	21.74	0.120	/



Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	1	0.006	0.45	13	12.77	100	0.006	/
WLAN	802.11b	Back side	1	0.009	0.31	13	12.77	100	0.009	10
VVLAN	002.110	Left side	1	0.004	0.23	13	12.77	100	0.004	/
		Top side	1	0.007	3.81	13	12.77	100	0.007	/

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor

- 3. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was 0.005 W/Kg for Body)
- 4. 3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.





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Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	128	0.839	-0.83	30	29.26	0.995	1
GSM 1900	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	810	1.176	2.75	27	26.37	1.360	/
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9538	1.033	-1.29	23	22.12	1.265	/

12.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Positior	Ch.	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	128	0.816	0.839	1.03	-	-	-
GSM 1900	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	810	1.214	1.176	1.03	-	-	-
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9538	1.115	1.033	1.08	-	-	-

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous State
	1. GSM + WLAN
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Head	3. WCDMA + WLAN
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WLAN
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	3. WCDMA + WLAN
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance ≤ 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm)·[√f (GHz) /x] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test
 - separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;
 - Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximu	Im Power	Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand Alone	
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)		SAR(1g) [W/kg]	
Head		1 1 250	5	2.480	0.053		
BT	Body	I	1.259	1.259	10	2.480	0.026



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Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
	Head	GSM	0.628	0.642
GSM + WLAN	neau	2.4GHz WLAN	0.014	0.042
GSIN + WEAN	Body	GSM	1.404	1.413
	Воцу	2.4GHz WLAN	0.009	1.413
	Head	GSM	0.628	0.681
GSM + Bluetooth	Heau	Bluetooth	0.053	0.001
GSWI + Blueloolii	Body	GSM	1.404	1.430
		Bluetooth	0.026	1.430
	Head	WCDMA	0.423	0.437
WCDMA + WLAN	Heau	2.4GHz WLAN	0.014	0.437
		WCDMA	1.365	1.374
	Body	2.4GHz WLAN	0.009	1.374
	Head	WCDMA	0.423	0.476
WCDMA + Bluetooth	neau	Bluetooth	0.053	0.476
	Dody	WCDMA	1.365	1.391
	Body	Bluetooth	0.026	1.001

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

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13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer		Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
	Manufacturer	Type No.		Last Calibration	
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
2450MHzDipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 41/18 EPGO334	2019.06.04	2020.06.03
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2019.11.25	2020.11.24
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2019.10.11	2020.10.10
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2019.10.11	2020.10.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2019.10.16	2020.10.15
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	2019.10.16	2020.10.15
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	2019.10.09	2020.10.08
Temperature hygrometer	SuWei	SW-108	N/A	2019.10.13	2020.10.12
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2019.10.11	2020.10.10

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole

2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value

Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement

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Appendix A. System Validation Plots

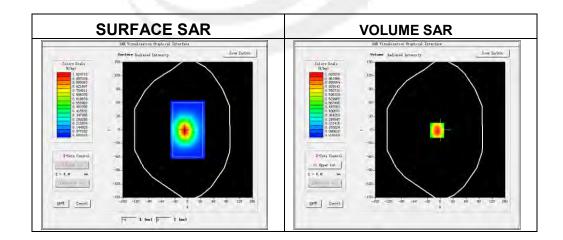
System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-06

Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity	41.15		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87		
Power drift (%)	0.52		
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334		
ConvF	1.48		
Crest factor	1:1		



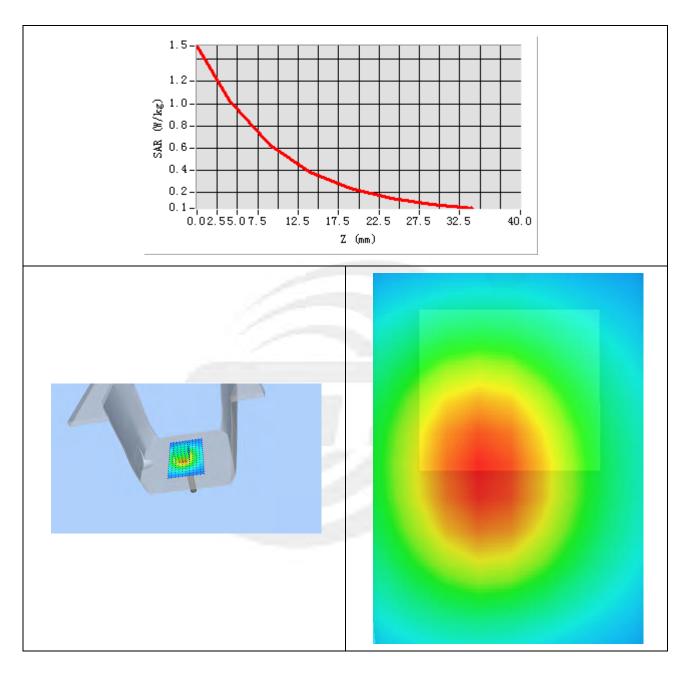
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.626720
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.919275

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Z Axis Scan



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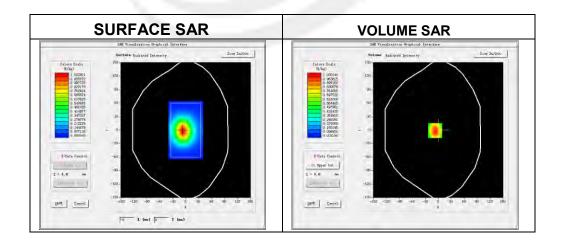


System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-06

Experimental conditions.

Probe			
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity	56.82		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99		
Power drift (%)	1.71		
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334		
ConvF	1.53		
Crest factor	1:1		

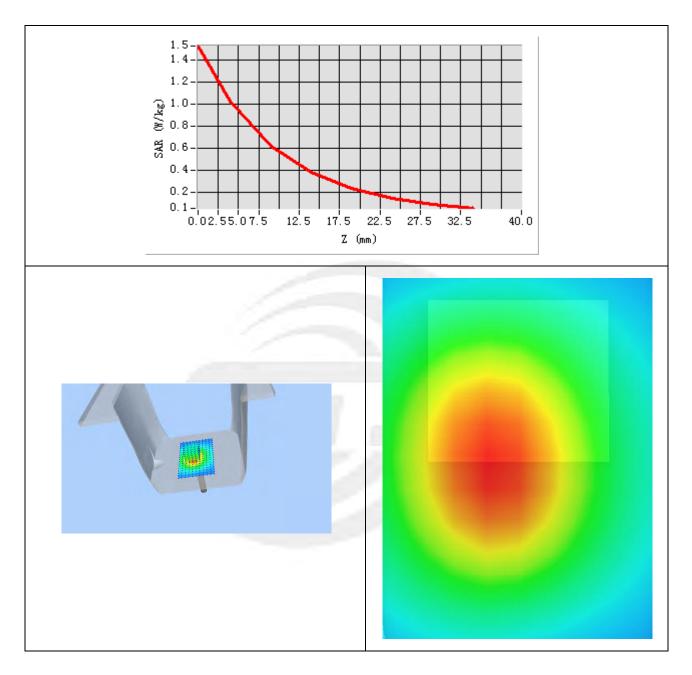


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.643715
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.927116



Z Axis Scan



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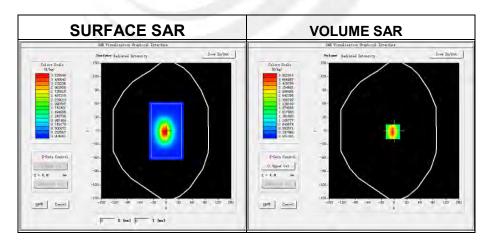


System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-07

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	1900MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz		
Relative permittivity	41.22		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38		
Power drift (%)	-2.53		
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334		
ConvF:	1.84		
Crest factor:	1:1		

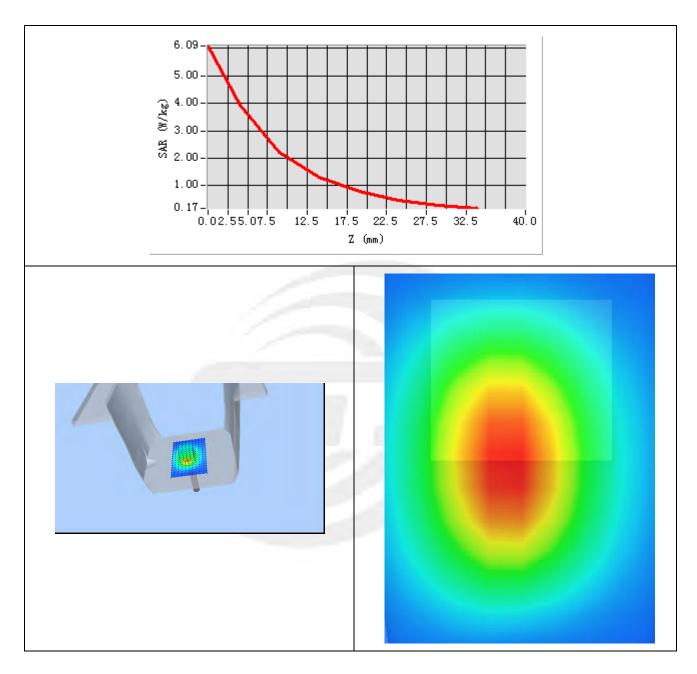


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.147463
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.977281



Z Axis Scan



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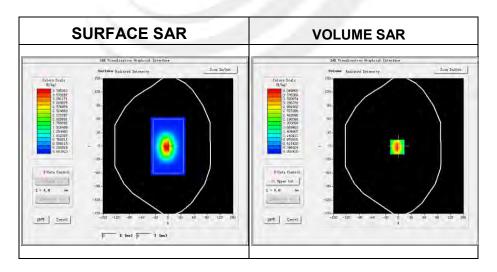


System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-07

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity	53.86
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
Power drift (%)	-2.18
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.88
Crest factor	1:1

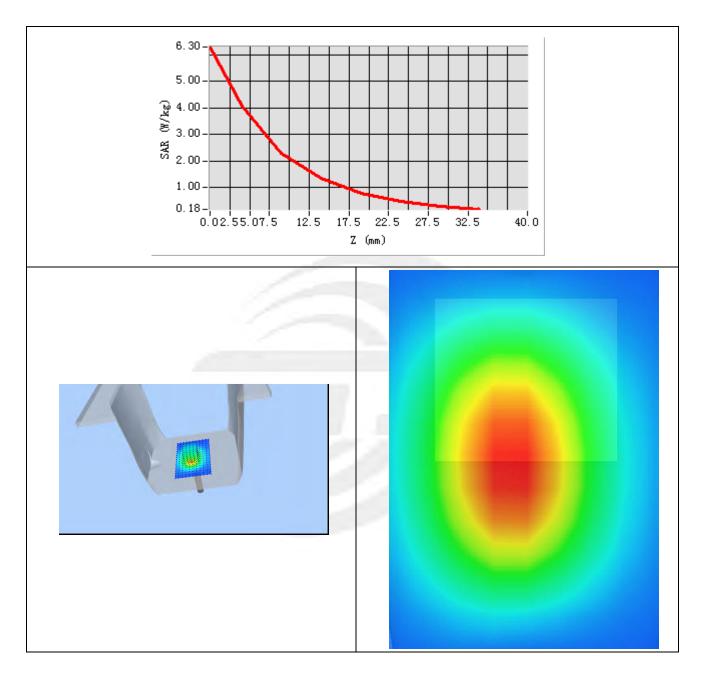


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.118109
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.913086



Z Axis Scan



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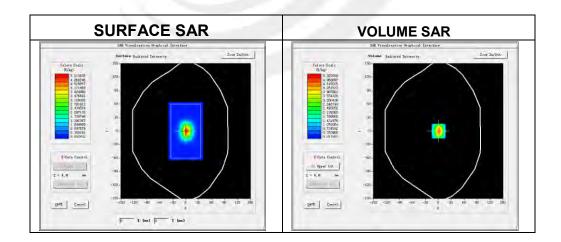


System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-08

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	39.93
Conductivity (S/m)	1.86
Power drift (%)	1.48
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.97
Crest factor	1:1

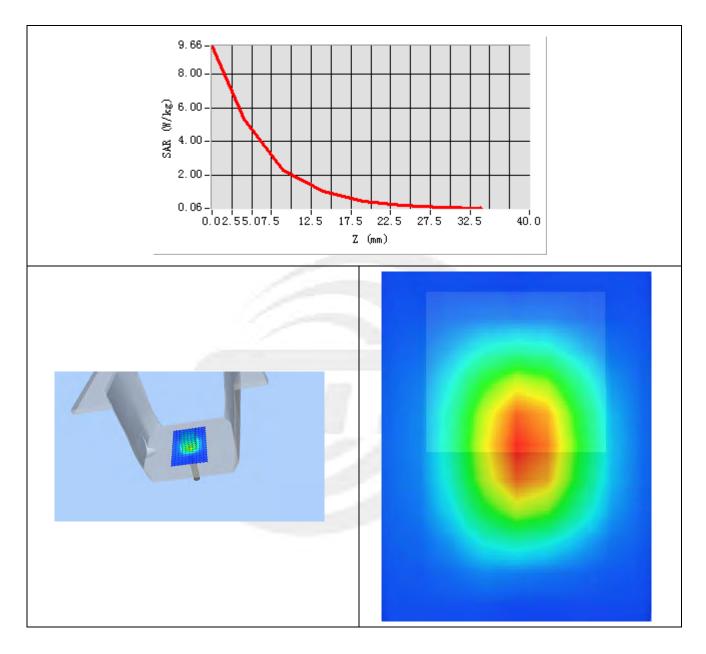


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.428917
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.204134



Z Axis Scan



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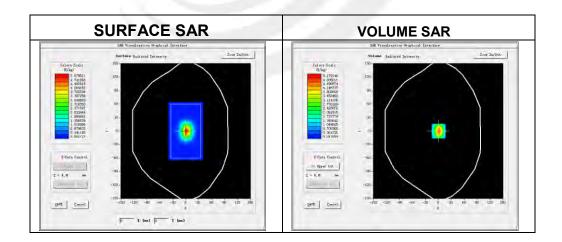


System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2020-05-08

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	52.14
Conductivity (S/m)	2.01
Power drift (%)	-3.25
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	2.02
Crest factor:	1:1

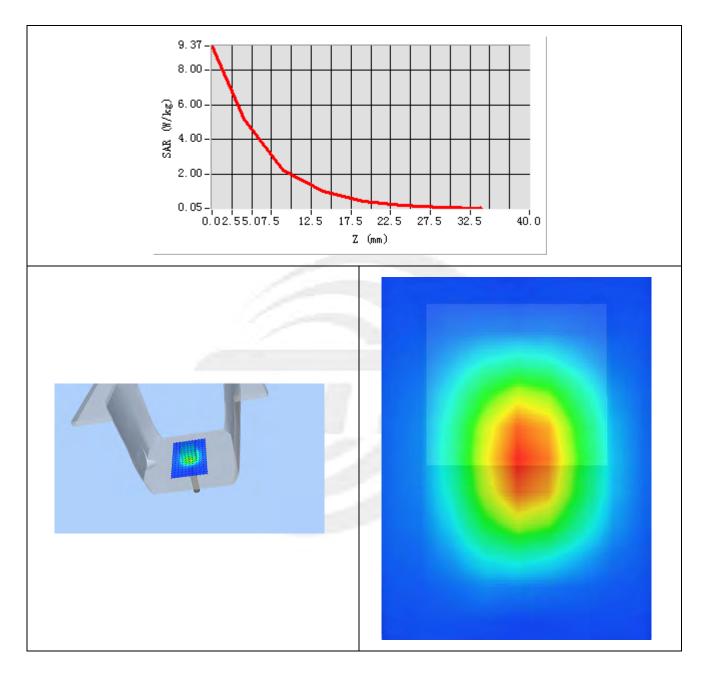


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.359082
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.358481



Z Axis Scan



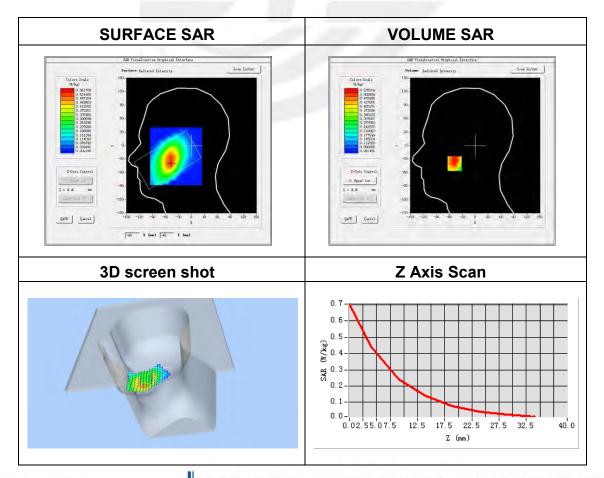
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Appendix B. SAR Test Plots Plot 1: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-06
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.48
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.15
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
Variation (%)	-3.83
Maximum location	n: X=-48.00, Y=-40.00
SAR Pe	ak: 0.70W/kg
	0.000700

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.388790
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.530246



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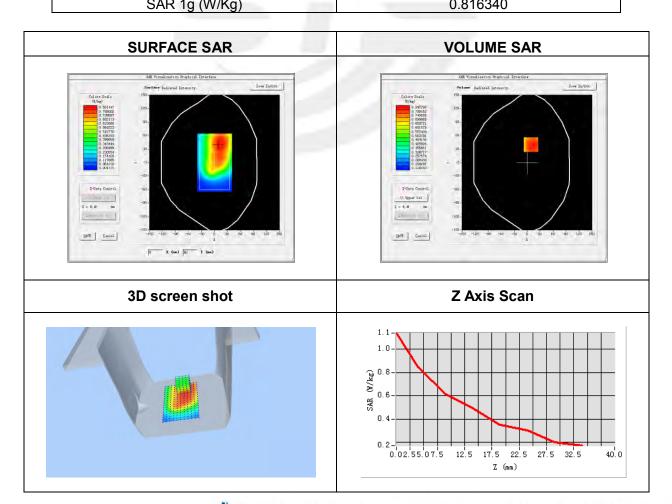


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Plot 2: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-06
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.53
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.82
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
Variation (%)	3.43
Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=40.00	
SAR Pea	k: 1.11W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.606597
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.816340



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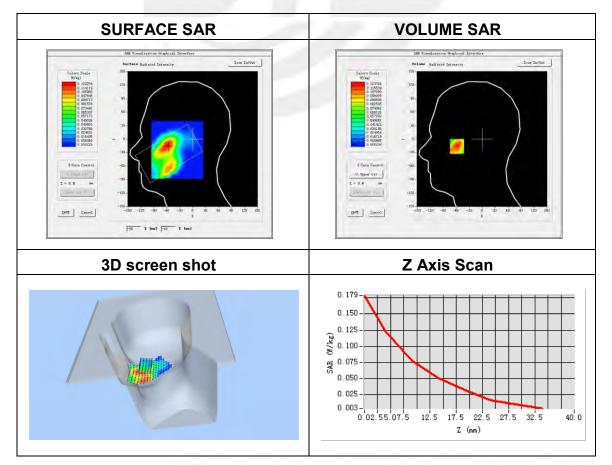
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Plot 3: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

	•
Test Date	2020-05-07
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.84
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Variation (%)	3.34
Maximum location: X=-58.00, Y=-15.00 SAR Peak: 0.18W/kg	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.069985

SAR TUY (W/RY)	0.009985
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.118426



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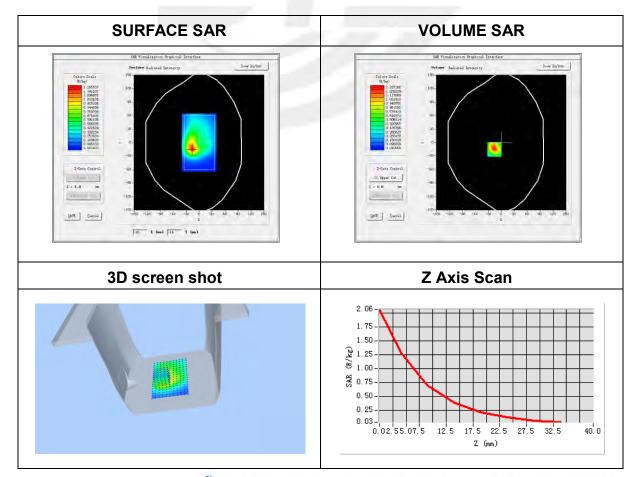
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Plot 4: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

2020-05-07	
SN 41/18 EPGO334	
1.88	
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Validation plane	
Back side	
GPRS 1900	
High	
Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)	
1909.8	
53.86	
1.55	
-0.71	
Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-15.00 SAR Peak: 2.08W/kg	
0.612622	

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.612622
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.214069



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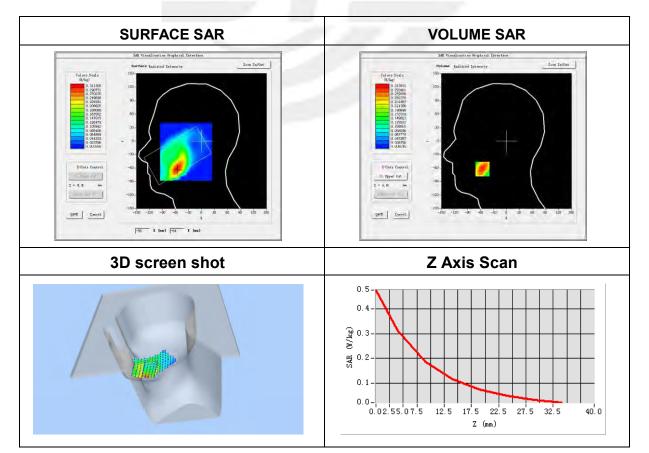
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Plot 5: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-07
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.84
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Variation (%)	-3.35
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-62.00 SAR Peak: 0.47W/kg	

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.175312
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.305009



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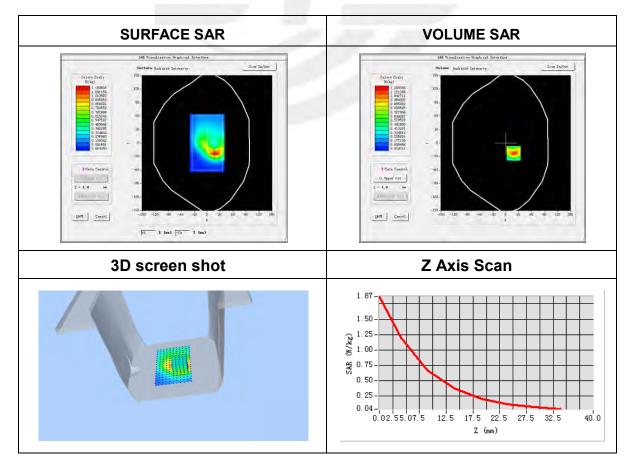
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Plot 6: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-07
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.88
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.86
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
Variation (%)	3.06
Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=-23.00 SAR Peak: 1.86W/kg	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.572590

SAR TUG (VV/KG)	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.114829



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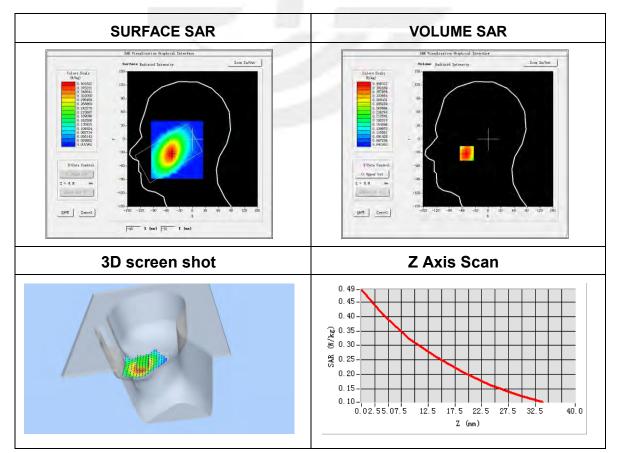
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Plot 7: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

• •	
Test Date	2020-05-06
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.48
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.15
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
Variation (%)	-1.11
Maximum location	: X=-49.00, Y=-32.00
	k: 0.50W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0 297491

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.297491
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.397896



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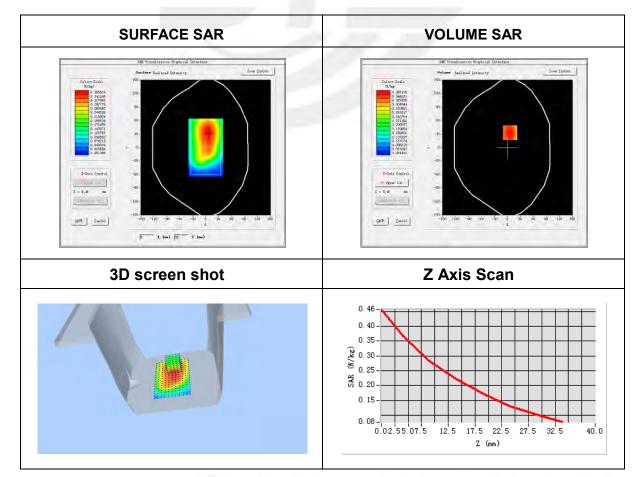
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Plot 8: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

-	
Test Date	2020-05-06
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.53
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.37
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
Variation (%)	-1.47
Maximum location	n: X=6.00, Y=33.00
SAR Peal	k: 0.46W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0 267449

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.267449
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.358896



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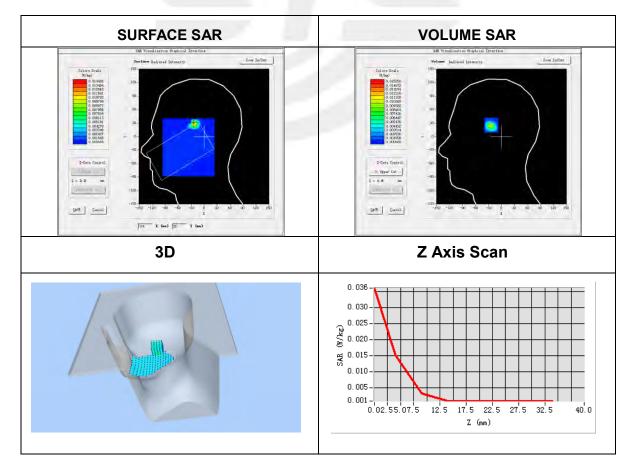
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Plot 9: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-08
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	1.97
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.93
Conductivity (S/m)	1.86
Variation (%)	-3.68
Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=31.00 SAR Peak: 0.04W/kg	
	0.002524

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.003524
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.012777



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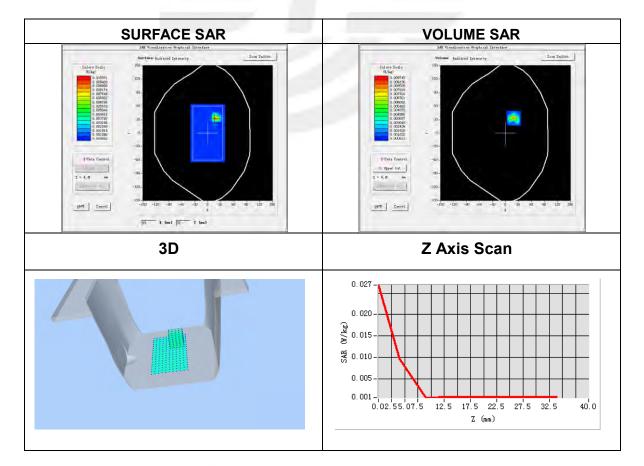
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Plot 10: DUT: Mobile phone; EUT Model: Q5.5

Test Date	2020-05-08
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO334
ConvF	2.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back side
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.14
Conductivity (S/m)	2.01
Variation (%)	0.31
Maximum location: X=19.00, Y=33.00	

SAR Peak: 0.03W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.003509
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.008918



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Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.





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