



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Shenzhen Digidragon Technology Co., Ltd

4F02-3, Block 36, Dayun Software Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: 2AW7SDS502

Report Type: Original Report		Product Type: 3G Mobile Phone	
Report Number:	SZ2210527-1987	9E-20	
Report Date:	2021-06-25		
Reviewed By:	Brave Lu SAR Engineer	Browe	Lu
Prepared By:		358888 858891	

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	A	Attestation of Test Results						
	EUT Description	3G Mobile Phone						
	Tested Model	DS502						
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AW7SDS502						
mormation	Serial Number	SZ2210527-19879E-SA-S1						
	Test Date	2021-05-31~2021-06-01						
MOE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)					
	1g Head SAR	0.25						
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.48	-					
	1g Head SAR	0.32	-					
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.58	-					
	1g Head SAR	0.72						
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	1.16	-					
	1g Head SAR	0.35	1.6					
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.55						
	1g Head SAR	0.72						
WLAN 2.4G	1g Body SAR	0.24						
	1g Head SAR	1.44	-					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.39	-					
	1g Body SAR	1.39(Hotspot)						
		CC 47 CFR part 2.1093						
	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices							
	-	lures: TCB Workshop April 2019						
	IEEE1528:2013	Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average	Specific					
		R) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication						
	Measurement Techniques							
	IEC 62209-2:2010							
Applicable		adio frequency fields from hand-held and body-moves-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures						
Standards		ific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication						
		human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GH						
	KDB procedures							
	KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06							
	KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04							
		Exposure Reporting v01r02						
		SAR Procedures v03r01						
	KDB 248227 D01 80	2 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02						
	KDB 941225 D06 Ho							
		be capable of compliance for localized specific abs						
accordance with the mea	oncontrolled Exposure asurement procedures s	plimits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDI	B procedures.					
		report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.	1					

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
1.0	SZ2210527-19879E-20	Original Report	2021-06-25	

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen Digidragon Technology Co., Ltd* and their product *3G Mobile Phone*, Model: *DS502, FCC ID:2AW7SDS502* or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: SZ2210527-19879E-SA-S1 (Assigned by BACL, Dongguan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2021-05-27.

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
DTM Type:	Class B
Multi-slot Class:	GPRS(Class 12); EDGE(Class 12)
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS /EDGE Data, WCDMA(R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+), WLAN 2.4G and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) WLAN 2.4G : 2412 MHz-2462 MHz/2422 MHz-2452 MHz Bluetooth : 2402 MHz-2480 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 32.85 dBm PCS 1900: 29.46 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 22.88 dBm WCDMA Band 5: 22.89 dBm WLAN 2.4G: 13.82 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 1.38 dBm BLE: 1.17 dBm
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body Worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

FCC Limit

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 897218, the FCC Designation No. : CN1220.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier : CN0022.

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at:

SAR Lab 1	🖾 SAR Lab 2
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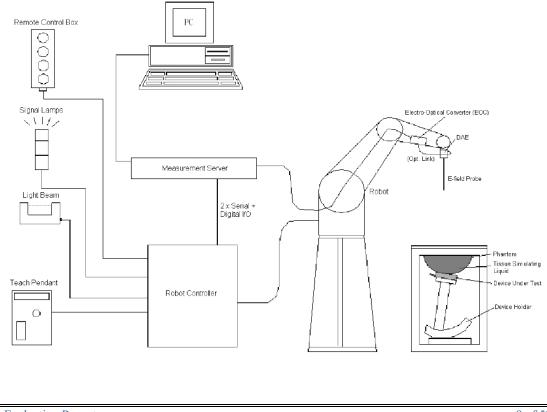
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7522 Calibrated: 2021/4/19

Calibration Frequency	Freq Range	equency age(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	То	X	Y	Z	
750 Head	650	850	9.93	9.93	9.93	
750 Body	650	850	9.87	9.87	9.87	
900 Head	850	1000	9.39	9.39	9.39	
900 Body	850	1000	9.31	9.31	9.31	
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.16	8.16	8.16	
1750 Body	1650	1850	7.83	7.83	7.83	
1900 Head	1850	2000	7.94	7.94	7.94	
1900 Body	1850	2000	7.66	7.66	7.66	
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.61	7.61	7.61	
2300 Body	2200	2400	7.45	7.45	7.45	
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.25	7.25	7.25	
2450 Body	2400	2550	7.29	7.29	7.29	
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.05	7.05	7.05	
2600 Body	2550	2700	7.01	7.01	7.01	

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas: Left Head

- Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the



standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (o)
MHz	ε _r	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

Note:

- 1, Effective February 19, 2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209-1 for all SAR tests.
- 2, Mix and Match of traditional FCC SAR TSLs and IEC 62209-1 TSL in a single application is not permitted TSL can be changed in a Permissive Change.
- 3, If SAR increases and original SAR > 1.2 W/kg, additional SAR measurements will be required IEC 62209-1 TSL is an alternative, not mandatory at this time.
- 4, If FCC parameters are used, $\pm 5\%$ tolerance. If IEC parameters, $\pm 10\%$.
- 5, In this case, IEC parameters applied.

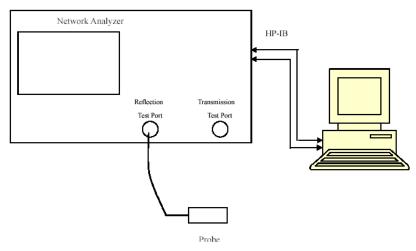
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1354	2020/9/30	2021/9/29
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7522	2021/4/19	2022/4/18
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1412	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1167	2019/11/20	2022/11/19
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	543	2019/10/15	2022/10/14
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2018/6/26	2021/6/25
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	TS-750	2010075001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	TS-1900	2009190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	TS-2450	2009245001	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2020/9/12	2021/9/11
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2020/9/12	2021/9/11
EPM Series Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2020/9/12	2021/9/11
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Wireless communication tester	E5515C	MY48367501	2020/9/23	2021/9/22
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	106891	2020/9/23	2021/9/22
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	110479	2020/9/23	2021/9/22

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Trues	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ _r	0 (S/m)	8r	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
750	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	42.836	0.896	41.9	0.89	2.23	0.67	±10
824.2	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	41.914	0.892	41.55	0.9	0.88	-0.89	±10
826.4	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	41.562	0.913	41.54	0.9	0.05	1.44	±10
836.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.993	0.887	41.5	0.9	-1.22	-1.44	±10
846.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.615	0.915	41.5	0.91	-2.13	0.55	±10
848.8	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.569	0.928	41.5	0.91	-2.24	1.98	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/05/31.

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liq Paran			rget llue	Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ _r	0 (S/m)	٤ _r	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.661	1.408	40	1.4	-0.85	0.57	±10
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.432	1.413	40	1.4	-1.42	0.93	±10
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.403	1.424	40	1.4	-1.49	1.71	±10
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.215	1.436	40	1.4	-1.96	2.57	±10
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	38.966	1.439	40	1.4	-2.59	2.79	±10
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	38.732	1.439	40	1.4	-3.17	1.64	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/06/01.

Frequency		Liq Paran		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤r	0 (S/m)	٤ _r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{\rm r}$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
2412	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	38.565	1.796	39.28	1.77	-1.82	1.47	±10
2437	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	38.433	1.813	39.23	1.79	-2.03	1.28	±10
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	38.212	1.828	39.2	1.8	-2.52	1.56	±10
2462	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	38.103	1.806	39.18	1.81	-2.75	-0.22	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/06/01.

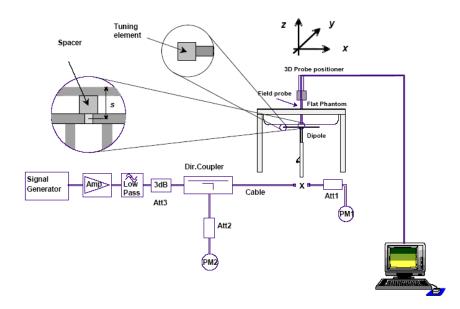
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 300 MHz $\leq f \leq 1$ 000 MHz;
- b) $s=10\ mm\pm0.2\ mm$ for 1 000 MHz $< f \le 3$ 000 MHz;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 3 000 MHz < f \leq 6 000 MHz.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	S	asured SAR V/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2021/05/31	750 MHz	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	100	lg	0.814	8.14	8.38	-2.86	±10
2021/06/01	1900 MHz	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	100	1g	4.34	43.4	40.2	7.96	±10
2021/06/01	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	100	1g	5.47	54.7	53.3	2.63	±10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 750 MHz

DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1167

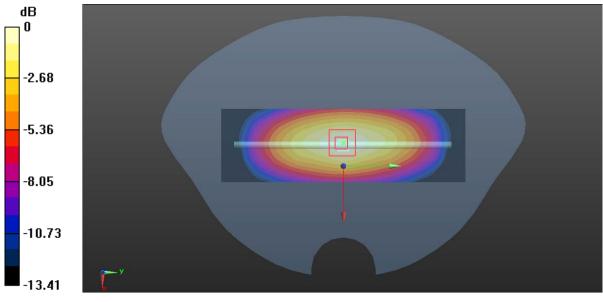
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.836$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7522; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/4/19
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2020/9/30
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (31x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.814 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.14 W/kg = 0.57 dBW/kg

System Performance 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 543

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.421 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.661; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

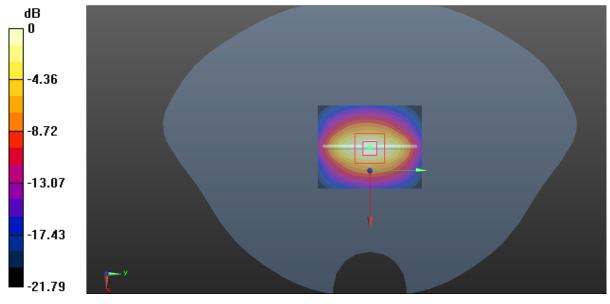
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7522; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/4/19
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2020/9/30
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.69 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.48 W/kg



0 dB = 6.48 W/kg = 8.12 dBW/kg

System Performance 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

Communication System:CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.796 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

D ASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7522; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/4/19
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2020/9/30
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.85 W/kg

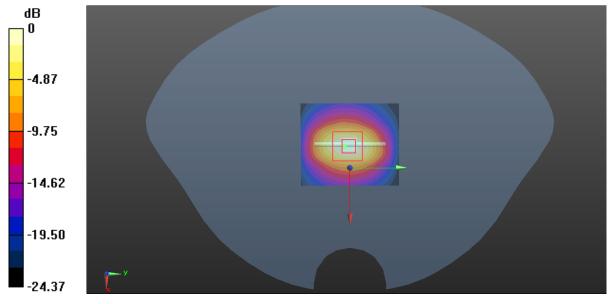
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.66 W/kg



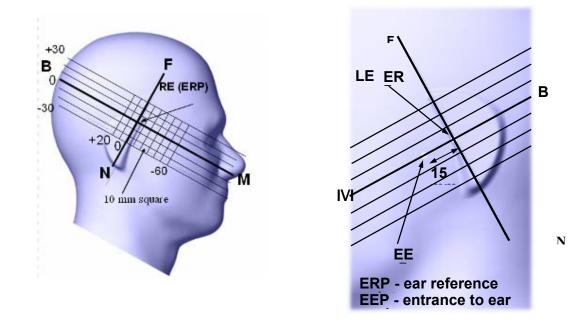
0 dB = 8.66 W/kg = 9.38 dBW/kg

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

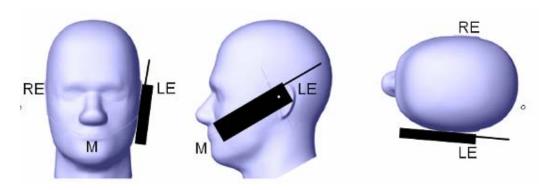
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

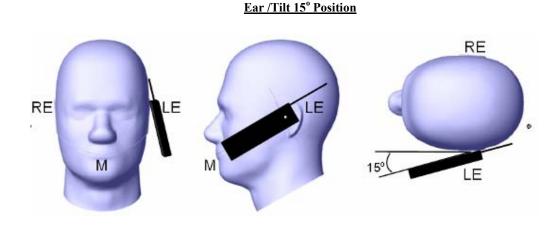
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

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Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

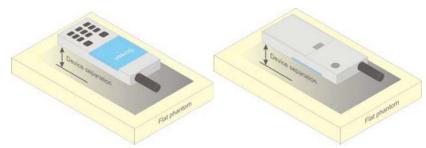


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 10mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 10mm.

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points $(10 \times 10 \times 10)$ were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

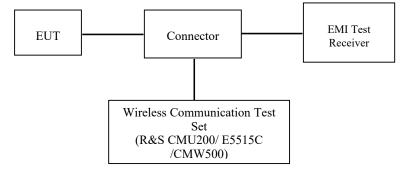
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through Connector.



GSM/WCDMA

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GPRS Main Service > Packet Data Service selection > Test Mode A - Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma > 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900 BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCH BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off P0 > 4 dBSlot Config >Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping > Off Main Timeslot > 3Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c/β_d	8/15			

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4			
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm		Algorithm2					
General	β_{c}	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15			
Settings	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15			
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64						
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4			
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15			
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5			
	DACK	8						
	DNAK			8				
HSDPA	DCQI			8				
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3				
Settings	factor			5				
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor		2					
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15				

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1							
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RMC	2				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback							
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm		Algorithm2	*					
General	β _c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	β_c β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
Settings	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
		11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	5/15			
	$\frac{\beta_c}{\beta_d}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	$\frac{\beta_{\rm hs}}{\rm CM(dB)}$				3.0	1.0			
		1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0				
	MPR(dB) DACK	0	L	8	Z	0			
	DACK			8					
				8					
	DCQI			8					
HSDPA Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor			3					
Specific Settings	CQI Feedback			4					
Settings				4ms					
	CQI Repetition Factor	2							
	$\frac{\text{Factor}}{\text{Ahs}=\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{c}}}$ $30/15$								
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max UL		07)2	/1				
	Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	308.9 CI 11 E CI PO 4 CI 67 I PO 18 CI 71 CI PO23 CI 75 CI PO26 CI 81 I PO 27			

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DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
		ses	0
Informati	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding F			0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulati	on		QPSK
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for mode and both cells shall transmit		
	parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission	is limited t	o 1, i.e.,
	retransmission is not allowed. The	e redundar	icy and
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.	

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

HSPA+

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{нs} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
	Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).										
Note 3				,	refore the β_c is s	1 -	0 by defau	lt.			
	Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-										
					TI is set to 2ms allocated. The U						CH

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)								
		Channel						
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
GSM 850	32.6	32.6	32.6					
GPRS 1 TX Slot	33	33	33					
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31	31	31					
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29	29	29					
GPRS 4 TX Slot	27	27	27					
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.6	27.6	27.6					
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26	26	26					
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24	24	24					
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5					
PCS 1900	29.5	29.5	29.5					
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.5	29.5	29.5					
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27	27	27					
GPRS 3 TX Slot	25	25	25					
GPRS 4 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5					
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27	27	27					
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26	26	26					
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.5	23.5	23.5					
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22	22	22					
WCDMA Band 2	23	23	23					
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5					
HSUPA	23	23	23					
DC-HSDPA	23	23	23					
HSPA+	21.5	21.5	21.5					
WCDMA Band 5	23	23	23					
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5					
HSUPA	22	22	22					
DC-HSDPA	22	22	22					
HSPA+	20.5	20.5	20.5					
WLAN 2.4G(802.11b)	14	14	14					
WLAN 2.4G(802.11g)	13	13	13					
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n HT20)	13	13	13					
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n HT40)	12	12	12					
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	1.5	1.5	1.5					
BLE	1.5	1.5	1.5					

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.56
	190	836.6	32.39
	251	848.8	32.53
	512	1850.2	29.35
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.31
	810	1909.8	29.46

GPRS:

Dand	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots 26.54 26.54		
	128	824.2	32.37	30.55	28.54	26.54		
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.85	30.38	28.31	26.54		
	251	848.8	32.49	30.17	28.75	26.27		
	512	1850.2	28.92	26.23	24.45	22.36		
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.72	26.45	24.61	22.33		
	810	1909.8	29.34	26.65	24.57	22.33		

EDGE

Band	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Danu	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots 21.17 21.49 21.88 21.86 21.46		
	128	824.2	27.32	25.22	23.44	21.17		
GSM 850	190	836.6	27.49	25.60	23.69	21.49		
	251	848.8	27.41	25.62	23.44	21.88		
	512	1850.2	26.66	25.81	23.40	21.86		
PCS 1900	661	1880	26.86	25.57	23.19	21.46		
	810	1909.8	26.74	25.52	23.44	21.59		

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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Rand Same	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
	No.	No. (MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	23.37	24.55	24.29	23.54		
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.85	24.38	24.06	23.54		
	251	848.8	23.49	24.17	24.5	23.27		
	512	1850.2	19.92	20.23	20.2	19.36		
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.72	20.45	20.36	19.33		
	810	1909.8	20.34	20.65	20.32	19.33		

The time based average power for GPRS

The time based average power for EDGE

Band Channel No.	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	18.32	19.22	19.19	18.17		
GSM 850	190	836.6	18.49	19.6	19.44	18.49		
	251	848.8	18.41	19.62	19.19	18.88		
	512	1850.2	17.66	19.81	19.15	18.86		
PCS 1900	661	1880	17.86	19.57	18.94	18.46		
	810	1909.8	17.74	19.52	19.19	18.59		

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

2 .For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

WCDMA:

Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.88
	1880	22.64
	1907.6	22.54
	826.4	22.64
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	22.48
	846.6	22.89

Results (HSDPA)

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Dallu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	21.33	21.82	21.56	22.25	
	1880	21.60	21.25	21.78	21.55	
	1907.6	21.26	21.72	21.75	21.59	
	826.4	21.11	21.36	21.81	21.82	
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.79	21.76	21.93	21.21	
	846.6	21.49	22.00	21.61	21.97	

Results (HSUPA)

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					RF Output Power (dBm)			
Danu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5				
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.75	21.46	22.35	22.44	22.66				
	1880	22.30	21.68	21.58	21.81	21.61				
	1907.6	21.68	21.41	21.69	21.88	21.48				
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	21.98	21.24	21.30	21.55	21.31				
	836.6	21.31	21.79	21.55	21.55	21.88				
	846.6	21.84	21.47	21.37	21.99	21.22				

Results (DC-HSDPA)

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Бапа	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.37	22.33	22.45	21.10	
	1880	21.67	22.01	21.78	21.30	
	1907.6	21.43	21.32	21.85	21.72	
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	21.99	21.49	21.25	21.55	
	836.6	21.90	21.42	21.39	21.21	
	846.6	21.58	21.61	21.81	21.83	

Results (HSPA+)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1852.4	21.15
WCDMA Band 2	1880	20.50
	1907.6	20.56
	826.4	20.29
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	20.20
	846.6	20.27

Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

WLAN 2.4G:

Mode	Channel frequency	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)
	2412		13.29
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	13.82
	2462		13.1
	2412		12.4
802.11g	2437	6Mbps	12.76
	2462		11.7
	2412		12.55
802.11n HT20	2437	MCS0	12.59
11120	2462	7	11.78
	2422		11.07
802.11n HT40	2437	MCS0	11.57
11140	2452		11.58

Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel frequency	RF Output Power
Wibuc	(MHz)	(dBm)
	2402	1.38
BDR(GFSK)	2441	1.11
	2480	1.13
	2402	0.57
EDR(π /4-DQPSK)	2441	0.09
	2480	0.20
	2402	0.42
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	0.01
	2480	0.03
	2402	1.17
BLE	2440	1.08
	2480	1.02

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations



Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)								
Antenna Back Front Left Right Top Bottom								
WWAN Antenna(GSM/WCDMA)	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	133	< 5		
WLAN 2.4G&BT Antenna	< 5	< 5	47	< 5	< 5	128		

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN 2.4G	2462	14	25.12	0	7.9	3	NO
Bluetooth	2480	1.5	1.41	0	0.4	3	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\sqrt{f} (GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Head	2480	1.5	1.41	0	0.06
BT Body	2480	1.5	1.41	10	0.03

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] ·

[√f(GHz)/x]

W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)								
Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom		
BT	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*		
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Required	Exclusion		
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA)	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required		

Note:

Required: The distance to Edge is less than 25mm, testing is required. **Exclusion*:** SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.3-24.2 °C	22.5-23.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	42 %	44 %
ATM Pressure:	100 kPa	100 kPa
Test Date:	2021/05/31	2021/06/01

Testing was performed by Gaochao Gong, Jaime Zong, Vayne Lu.

GSM 850 :

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.234	0.25	1#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.156	0.16	2#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.256	0.27	3#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.162	0.17	4#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.456	0.48	5#
(1011111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Front (10mm)	836.6	GSM	32.39	32.6	1.05	0.309	0.32	6#
(1011111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.38	31	1.153	0.386	0.45	7#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.38	31	1.153	0.224	0.26	8#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.38	31	1.153	0.162	0.19	9#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.38	31	1.153	0.185	0.21	10#
(Tomm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	30.38	31	1.153	0.082	0.09	11#
(Tomm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > 0.5 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

PCS 1900 :

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.307	0.32	12#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.159	0.17	13#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.220	0.23	14#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.162	0.17	15#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.493	0.52	16#
(Tomm)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Front (10mm)	1880	GSM	29.31	29.5	1.045	0.440	0.46	17#
(1011111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.45	27	1.135	0.474	0.54	18#
(Tomm)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.45	27	1.135	0.512	0.58	19#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.45	27	1.135	0.357	0.41	20#
(Tomm)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.45	27	1.135	0.165	0.19	21#
(Tomm)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.45	27	1.135	0.464	0.53	22#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
 The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > 0.5 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

WCDMA Band 2:

	Б	Test	Max.	Max.		1g SAR	R (W/kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.665	0.72	23#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.288	0.31	24#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.401	0.44	25#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.300	0.33	26#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	22.88	23	1.028	1.12	1.15	27#
Body Back (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.866	0.94	28#
(romm)	1907.6	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.998	1.11	29#
	1852.4	RMC	22.88	23	1.028	1.13	1.16	30#
Body Front (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	1.05	1.14	31#
(romin)	1907.6	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	1.03	1.15	32#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.726	0.79	33#
(romm)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 - · · ·	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.288	0.31	34#
(10mm)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	22.88	23	1.028	0.920	0.95	35#
Body Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.64	23	1.086	0.850	0.92	36#
(romm)	1907.6	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.865	0.96	37#

WCDMA Band 5:

	Б	T (Max.	Max.		1g SAR	R (W/kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.286	0.32	38#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.195	0.22	39#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.307	0.35	40#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.207	0.23	41#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.491	0.55	42#
(romin)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.345	0.39	43#
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.303	0.34	44#
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.395	0.45	45#
(romm)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.48	23	1.127	0.153	0.17	46#
(romin)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.

3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.

4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

WLAN 2.4G:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.695	0.72	47#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.622	0.65	48#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.251	0.26	49#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.341	0.36	50#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.233	0.24	51#
(ronni)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.186	0.19	52#
(ronni)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.169	0.18	53#
(10mm)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (10mm)	2437	802.11b	13.82	14	1.042	0.192	0.20	54#
(Tomm)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2.When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

3.KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is \leq 1.2 W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.

SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest
calibration point	Band		LOTTOSHON	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Body

SAR probe	e Frequency Error (MILT)		EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to	
calibration point Band	Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
1900 MHz (1850-2000) MHz	WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	Body Front	1.13	0.982	1.15

Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.

3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities								
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?						
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA) + Bluetooth	\checkmark	×						
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA) + WLAN 2.4G	\checkmark							
WLAN + Bluetooth	×	×						

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported	SAR(W/kg)	ΣSAR <
Mode(SARI+SAR2)	1 USILIUII	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
	Head Left Cheek	0.25	0.06	0.31
	Head Left Tilt	0.16	0.06	0.22
	Head Right Cheek	0.27	0.06	0.33
	Head Right Tilt	0.17	0.06	0.23
	Body Worn Back	0.48	0.03	0.51
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Body Worn Front	0.32	0.03	0.35
	Body Back	0.45	0.03	0.48
	Body Font	0.26	0.03	0.29
	Body Left	0.19	0.03	0.22
	Body Right	0.21	0.03	0.24
	Body Bottom	0.09	0.03	0.12
	Head Left Cheek	0.32	0.06	0.38
	Head Left Tilt	0.17	0.06	0.23
	Head Right Cheek	0.23	0.06	0.29
	Head Right Tilt	0.17	0.06	0.23
	Body Worn Back	0.52	0.03	0.55
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Body Worn Front	0.46	0.03	0.49
	Body Back	0.54	0.03	0.57
	Body Front	0.58	0.03	0.61
	Body Left	0.41	0.03	0.44
	Body Right	0.19	0.03	0.22
	Body Bottom	0.53	0.03	0.56
	Head Left Cheek	0.72	0.06	0.78
	Head Left Tilt	0.31	0.06	0.37
	Head Right Cheek	0.44	0.06	0.50
	Head Right Tilt	0.33	0.06	0.39
WCDMA Band 2+Bluetooth	Body Back	1.15	0.03	1.18
	Body Front	1.16	0.03	1.19
	Body Left	0.79	0.03	0.82
	Body Right	0.31	0.03	0.34
	Body Bottom	0.96	0.03	0.99

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <	
		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
WCDMA Band 5+Bluetooth	Head Left Cheek	0.32	0.06	0.38
	Head Left Tilt	0.22	0.06	0.28
	Head Right Cheek	0.35	0.06	0.41
	Head Right Tilt	0.23	0.06	0.29
	Body Back	0.55	0.03	0.58
	Body Front	0.39	0.03	0.42
	Body Left	0.34	0.03	0.37
	Body Right	0.45	0.03	0.48
	Body Bottom	0.17	0.03	0.20

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <		
	1 USHION	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
GSM 850+ WLAN 2.4G	Head Left Cheek	0.25	0.72	0.97	
	Head Left Tilt	0.16	0.65	0.81	
	Head Right Cheek	0.27	0.26	0.53	
	Head Right Tilt	0.17	0.36	0.53	
	Body Worn Back	0.48	0.24	0.72	
	Body Worn Front	0.32	0.19	0.51	
	Body Back	0.45 0.24		0.69	
	Body Front	0.26 0.19		0.45	
GPRS 850 + WLAN 2.4G (Hotspot)	Body Left	0.19	NA	NA	
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.21	0.18	0.39	
	Body Bottom	Body Right0.210Body Bottom0.091Head Left Cheek0.320Head Left Tilt0.170Head Right Cheek0.230Head Right Tilt0.170Body Worn Back0.520Body Worn Front0.460Body Back0.540Body Front0.580Body Left0.411	NA	NA	
	Head Left Cheek	0.32	0.72	1.04	
	Head Left Tilt	0.17	0.65	0.82	
DOG1000 / WILAND 4C	Head Right Cheek	0.23	0.26	0.49	
PCS1900 + WLAN 2.4G	Head Right Tilt	0.17	0.36	0.53	
	Body Worn Back	0.52	0.24	0.82	
	Body Worn Front	0.46	0.19	0.65	
	Body Back	0.54	0.24	0.78	
	Body Front	0.58	0.19	0.77	
GPRS 1900 + WLAN 2.4G	Body Left	0.41	NA	NA	
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.19	0.18	0.37	
	Body Bottom	0.53	7 0.26 7 0.36 8 0.24 2 0.19 5 0.24 6 0.19 9 NA 1 0.18 9 NA 2 0.72 7 0.65 3 0.26 7 0.36 2 0.24 6 0.19 4 0.26 7 0.36 2 0.24 6 0.19 4 0.24 8 0.19 1 NA 9 0.18 3 NA 2 0.72 1 0.65 4 0.26 3 0.36 5 0.24 6 0.19 9 NA 1 0.18 6 NA 2 0.72 2 0.65 5 0.26 3	NA	
	Head Left Cheek	0.72	0.72	1.44	
	Head Left Tilt	0.31	0.65	0.96	
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN 2.4G	Head Right Cheek	0.44	0.26	0.70	
	Head Right Tilt	0.33	0.36	0.69	
	Body Back	1.15	0.24	1.39	
	Body Front	1.16	0.19	1.35	
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN 2.4G (Hotspot)	Body Left	0.79	NA	NA	
	Body Right	0.31	0.18	0.49	
	Body Bottom	0.96	NA	NA	
	Head Left Cheek	0.32	0.72	1.04	
	Head Left Tilt	0.22	0.65	0.87	
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN 2.4G	Head Right Cheek	0.35	0.26	0.61	
	Head Right Tilt	0.23	0.36	0.59	
	Body Back	0.55	0.24	0.79	
	Body Front	0.39	0.19	0.58	
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN 2.4G (Hotspot)	Body Left	0.34	NA	NA	
(110ispor)	Body Right	0.45	0.18	0.63	
	Body Bottom	0.17	NA	NA	

Conclusion:

Sum of SAR: Σ SAR \leq 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

SAR Plots

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table. Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	e related					
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	
		Phantom ar	nd set-up					
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9	

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	e related					
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	
		Phantom an	nd set-up					
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2	

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

Declarations

- BACL is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "△". Customer model name, ad dresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.
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