

SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID::	2AVYW-ADPROS	(0)
Test Report No::	TCT240710E014	
Date of issue::	Jul. 22, 2024	
Testing laboratory:	SHENZHEN TONGCE TEST	ING LAB
Testing location/ address:		ctory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai henzhen, Guangdong, 518103,
Applicant's name::	TOPDON TECHNOLOGY Co	o., Ltd.
Address::	Unit 2005 20/F, Qianhai Shim kong Cooperation Zone, She	ao Tower, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong nzhen, 518102, China
Manufacturer's name:	TOPDON TECHNOLOGY Co	o., Ltd.
Address::	Unit 2005 20/F, Qianhai Shim kong Cooperation Zone, She	ao Tower, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong nzhen, 518102, China
Product Name::	Professional Diagnostic Tool	
Trade Mark:	TOPDON	
Model/Type reference:	ArtiDiag Pro	
SAR Max. Values:	0.59 W/Kg (1g) for Body-wo	rn (C)
Simultaneous Reported SAR:	0.69 W/Kg (1g) for Body-wo	rn
Date of receipt of test item:	Jul. 10, 2024	
Date (s) of performance of test:	Jul. 10, 2024- Jul. 22, 2024	
Tested by (+signature):	Karl WANG	karl wang
Check by (+signature):	Beryl Zhao	Rayl wang Boyl show
Approved by (+signature):	Tomsin	Tomsin

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1. General Product Information

1.1. EUT description

Product Name:	Professional Diagnostic Tool
Model/Type reference:	ArtiDiag Pro
Sample Number:	TCT240710E014-0101/01
Rating(s):	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC 3.7V
	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n
Modulation Type:	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/802.11n:OFDM
Operation Frequency:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20):2412MHz~2462MHz; 802.11n(HT40):2422MHz~2452MHz
Channel number:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20):11; 802.11n(HT40):7
Channel separation:	5MHz
	Bluetooth
Bluetooth Version:	Supported 5.0
Modulation:	GFSK(1Mbps) , π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps) , 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79/40
Channel separation:	1MHz/2MHz
	Wi-Fi 5G
0	Band 1: 5180 MHz -5240 MHz
Operation Frequency:	Band 3: 5745 MHz -5825 MHz
	802.11a: 20MHz
Channel Bandwidth:	802.11n: 20MHz, 40MHz
	802.11ac: 20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz
Modulation Technology:	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing(OFDM)
Modulation Type:	256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, BPSK, QPSK

1.2. Model(s) list

None.



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2. Test standard

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 CFR §2.1093

IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020: Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices

KDB447498 D01:General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB865664 D01:SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02:RF Exposure Reporting v01r02.

KDB248227 D01:802.11 wi-fi SAR v02r02

KDB941225 D07:UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

KDB690783 D01:SAR Listings on Grant v01r03

3. Facilities and Accreditations

3.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• FCC - Registration No.: 645098

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Designation Number: CN1205

The testing lab has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

• IC - Registration No.: 10668A-1

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

CAB identifier: CN0031

The testing lab has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing.

3.2. Location

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB.

Address: 2101 & 2201, Zhenchang Factory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China Environment Condition:

Temperature:	18°C ~25°C	
Humidity:	35%~75% RH	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1011 mbar	



4. Test Result Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

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<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

_						
	Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)	
		WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.59	DTS		
	Body-worn 1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	BLE	0.03	013		
		EDR	0.10	DSS	0.59	
		WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.43	NII		
)		WLAN 5.8 GHz	0.50	INII		

< Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

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Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	
Body 1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	WIFI2.4G +BLE	0.69	

Note

- The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
- 2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



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RF Exposure Limit

Type Exposure	SAR (W/kg)
Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Exposure Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60
Spatial Peak SAR (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)	4.00
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over the whole body)	0.08

Note:

- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the
- 2.
- 3. shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.





6. SAR Measurement System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System (VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch; it sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves A computer operating Windows XP.

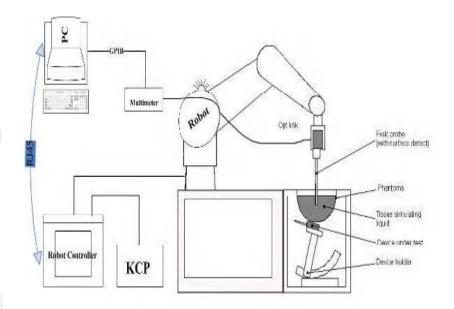
OPENSAR software Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



KUKA SAR Test Sysytem Configuration



6.2. E-field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG).

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 25/22 EPGO375
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1:R1=0.197M Ω Dipole 2:R3=0.230M Ω Dipole 3:R3=0.208M Ω
the state of the s	

Photo of E-Field Probe

6.3. Phantom

The SAM Phantom SAM120 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020.

The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections.

Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

Name: COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM

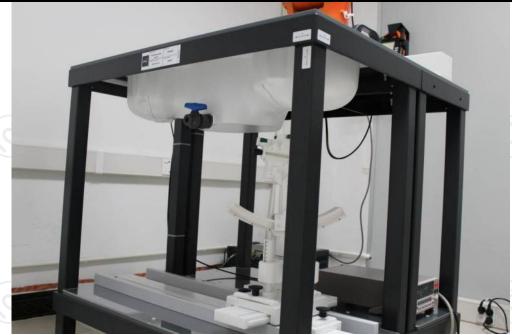
S/N: SN 19/15 SAM 120 Manufacture: MVG



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SAM Twin Phantom

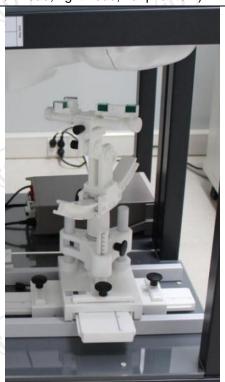
6.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom SAM120, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications.

The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



COMOSAR Mobile phone positioning system





6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi
- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	0

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the millimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

```
 \begin{tabular}{lll} Vi = Ui + Ui2 \cdot c \ f \ / \ d \ c \ pi \end{tabular}  With \begin{tabular}{lll} Vi = compensated signal of channel i & (i = x, y, z) \end{tabular}  Ui = input signal of channel i & (i = x, y, z) \end{tabular}  cf = crest factor of exciting field & (MVG parameter) dcpi = diode compression point & (MVG parameter) \end{tabular}
```

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated: E-field probes: Ei = (Vi / Normi · ConvF)1/2

```
H-field probes: Hi = ( Vi )1/2 \cdot ( ai0 + ai1 f + ai2f2 ) / f

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
```

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= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m



The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

Etot = (Ex2+ EY2+ Ez2)1/2

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = (Etot) $2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

6.6. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

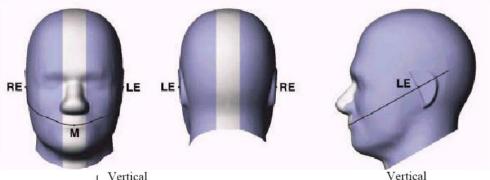
Handset Reference Points

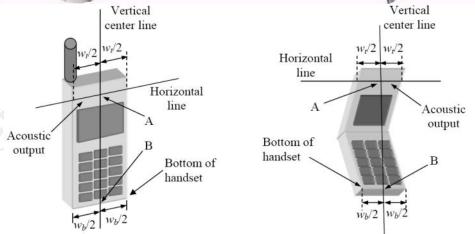
Ppwe = Etot2 / 3770 or Ppwe = Htot2 \cdot 37.7

With Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m





Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

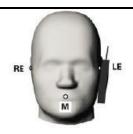
Wb Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

Positioning for Cheek / Touch





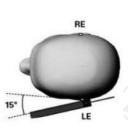




Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt







Body Worn Accessory Configurations

To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.

To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.

To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 15mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.





Illustration for Body Worn Position

Ireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W >

9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.





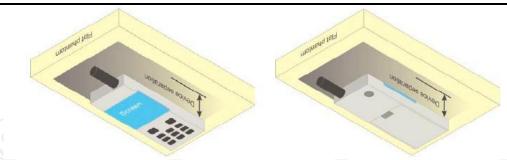
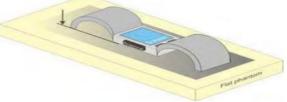


Illustration for Hotspot Position

Limb-worn device

A limb-worn device is a unit whose intended use includes being strapped to the arm or leg of the user while transmitting (except in idle mode). It is similar to a body-worn device. Therefore, the test positions of 6.1.4.4 also apply. The strap shall be opened so that it is divided into two parts as shown in Figure 9. The device shall be positioned directly against the phantom surface with the strap straightened as much as possible and the back of the device towards the phantom.

If the strap cannot normally be opened to allow placing in direct contact with the phantom surface, it may be necessary to break the strap of the device but ensuring to not damage the antenna.



Test position for limb-worn devices





6.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

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The liquid used for the frequency range of 100MHz-6G consisted of water, sugar, salt and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The following Table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209. The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials

Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	1 1 1 5%		± 5% Range	Permittivity (ε)	± 5% Range	
300	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	45.3	43.04~47.57	
450	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	43.5	41.33~45.68	
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.43~43.58	
900	Head	0.97	0.92~1.02	41.	39.43~43.58	
1800-2000	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.00~42.00	
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.24~41.16	
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.0	37.05~40.95	
3000	Head	2.40	2.28~2.52	38.5	36.58~40.43	
5800	Head	5.27	5.01~5.53	35.3	33.54~37.07	

($\varepsilon r = relative permittivity$, $\sigma = conductivity and <math>\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$)



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6.8. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Test Date dd/mm/yy	Temp °C	Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	Dev εr(%)	Dev σ(%)
	23°C	22℃ 2450H	2410	37.84	1.79	-3.47	-0.56
07/12/2024			2435	37.85	1.81	-3.44	0.56
07/12/2024	22 (2450	37.82	1.83	-3.52	1.67
			2460	37.80	1.84	-3.57	2.22
07/15/2024	22 ℃	5200H	5200	36.68	4.45	-3.32	-4.04
07/16/2024	22 ℃	5800H	5800	34.81	5.08	-3.49	-4.14



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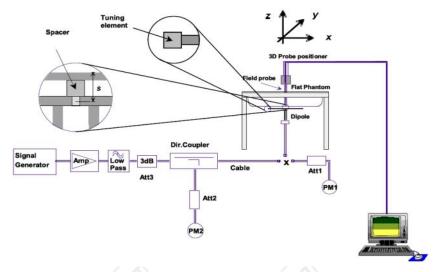
6.9. System Check

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The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probe and system component or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such component. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the OPENSAR system.



System Check Set-up

Verification Results

Freq. Liquid (MHz) Type		100	d Value in mW /kg)	(W/kg)		Target Value (W/kg)		Deviation (%)	
		1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average
2450	Head	4.99	2.36	49.90	23.60	53.26	24.15	-6.31	-2.28
5200	Head	5.01	15.90	50.10	159.00	51.70	161.10	-3.09	-1.30
5800	Head	5.25	18.20	52.50	182.00	51.40	181.10	2.14	0.33

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Section 10 of this report.





7. Measurement Procedure

Conducted power measurement

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyser, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

Conducted power measurement

Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.

Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the MVG software.

Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.

Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power reference measurement Area scan Zoom scan Power drift measurement

Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The MVG software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages: Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.

Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).

Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.

Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid

Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

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Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties

Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r03 quoted below.

quoted below.							
			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm			
Maximum area scan sp	oatial resol	ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orientate above, the measurement rescorresponding x or y dimension at least one measurement possible.	ion, is smaller than the olution must be \leq the sion of the test device with			
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$			
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δzz _{com} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$			
grid \[\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \] between subseque points		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δzz₀o	m(n-1) mm			
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



SAR Averaged Methods

In MVG, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

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Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In MVG measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for

Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100KHz to 6GHz ,when the highest measurement 1-g SAR within a frequency band is <1.5W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR report submitted for equipment approval.



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8. Conducted Output Power

'X 9		- 'X -			/	
		WLAN 2.40	3			
Mode		802.11b			802.11g	
Channel	1	6	11	1	6	11
Frequency	2412	2437	2462	2412	2437	2462
Average Power (dBm)	17.140	16.759	16.888	22.711	22.816	22.519
Mode	8	02.11n(HT20)	8	302.11n(HT4	0)
Channel	1	6	11	3	6	9
Frequency	2412	2437	2472	2422	2437	2452
Average Power (dBm)	23.016	23.078	22.675	24.803	24.474	24.457
		Bluetooth	, , , , , ,			
Mode		GFSK			Pi/4DQPSK	
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Average Power (dBm)	2.755	3.386	4.214	2.263	2.689	3.486
Mode		8DPSK			BLE(1M)	•
Channel	0	39	78	0	20	39
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480
Average Power (dBm)	2.239	2.469	3.229	-0.236	0.026	-0.285
Mode		BLE(2M)				
Channel	0	20	39	10)	
Frequency	2402	2440	2480			
Average Power (dBm)	-0.259	0.139	0.403			

Note

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
 - [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where
 - ·f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - ·Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - ·The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of BT is not required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. The output power of all data rate were prescan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.

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		WLAN 5.20	3				
Mode	IEEE 802.11a			IEE	E 802.11n F	HT20	
Channel	36	40	48	36	40	48	
Frequency	5180	5180 5200 5240		5180	5200	5240	
Average Power (dBm)	19.515	19.515 20.004 19.583		19.164	20.865	20.712	
Mode	IEEE	802.11n H	T40	IEEE	802.11ac V	/HT20	
Channel	38		46	36	40	48	
Frequency	5190		5230	5180	5200	5240	
Average Power (dBm)	17.434		18.775	19.804	20.574	20.098	
Mode	EEE	802.11ac VI	HT40	IEEE	802.11ac \	/HT80	
Channel	38		46	42			
Frequency	5190		5230	5210			
Average Power (dBm)	18.216		20.841		19.018		
		WLAN 5.8G	;				
Mode	IE	EEE 802.11a	ea .	IEEE 802.11n HT20			
Channel	149	157	165	149	157	165	
Frequency	5745	5785	5825	5745	5785	5825	
Average Power (dBm)	23.638	20.298	19.726	19.150	20.665	20.700	
Mode	IEEE	802.11n H	T40	IEEE	802.11ac V	/HT20	
Channel	151		159	149	157	165	
Frequency	5755 5795		5795	5745	5785	5825	
Average Power (dBm)	17.759 19		19.033	20.198	20.606	20.150	
Mode	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40		IEEE 802.11ac VHT80				
Channel	151 159			155			
Frequency	5755		5795	5775			
Average Power (dBm)	18.714		21.289		18.064		

Note

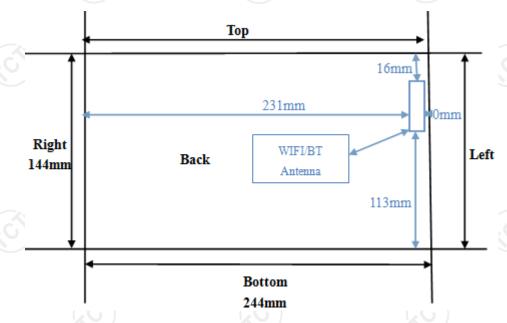
- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 2. The output power of all data rate were prescan , just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report

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9. Exposure Position Consideration

9.1. EUT Antenna Location



9.2. Test Position Consideration

		Te	st Positions			
Mode	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WIFI/ BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Basing on KDB447498 section 4.3.1.SAR test for bottom and Right sides was not required.





10. SAR Test Results Summary

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10.1. Body-Worn 1g SAR Data

Mode	Test Position with 0mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/Kg)
	Back	3	2422	24.746	25.00	-0.10	0.56	1.060	0.59	
902 11n	Front	3	2422	24.746	25.00	1.16	0.37	1.060	0.39	
002.1111	Left	3	2422	24.746	25.00	-0.30	0.09	1.060	0.10	
	Тор	3	2422	24.746	25.00	-1.77	0.11	1.060	0.12	60
	Back	40	5200	20.822	21.00	-1.10	0.41	1.042	0.43	
802.11n	Front	40	5200	20.822	21.00	-2.38	0.30	1.042	0.31	4.60
H120	Left	40	5200	20.822	21.00	1.79	0.04	1.042	0.04	1.60
	Тор	40	5200	20.822	21.00	-0.23	0.03	1.042	0.03	
	Back	149	5745	24.727	25.00	-0.66	0.47	1.065	0.50	((0)
802.11a	Front	149	5745	24.727	25.00	-0.11	0.36	1.065	0.38	
	Left	149	5745	24.727	25.00	-1.84	0.06	1.065	0.06	
(0)	Тор	149	5745	24.727	25.00	-0.36	0.06	1.065	0.06	
	802.11n 802.11n HT20	Mode	Mode Position with Omm CH. Back 3 Front 3 Left 3 Top 3 Back 40 Front 40 Left 40 Top 40 Back 149 Front 149 Left 149 Left 149	Mode Position with Omm CH. Freq. (MHz) 802.11n Back 3 2422 Front 3 2422 Top 3 2422 Top 3 2422 Back 40 5200 Front 40 5200 Left 40 5200 Top 40 5200 Back 149 5745 Front 149 5745 Left 149 5745	Mode Position with 0mm CH. Freq. (MHz) Ave. Power (dBm) 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 Front 3 2422 24.746 Left 3 2422 24.746 Top 3 2422 24.746 Back 40 5200 20.822 Front 40 5200 20.822 Left 40 5200 20.822 Top 40 5200 20.822 Top 40 5200 20.822 Back 149 5745 24.727 Front 149 5745 24.727 Left 149 5745 24.727 Left 149 5745 24.727	Mode Position with 0mm CH. Freq. (MHz) AVE. Power (dBm) Itlne-power (dBm)	Mode Position with 0mm CH. Freq. (MHz) Ave. (MHz) Inne-Up p Limit (dBm) Power p Limit (dBm) <th< td=""><td>Mode Position with Omm CH. Freq. (MHz) AVe. (dBm) Funit (dBm) Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 Front 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03 Back 149 5745 24.727 25.00 -0.66 0.47 Front 149 5745 24.727 25.00 -0.11 0.36 Left 149</td><td>Mode Position with 0mm CH. Freq. (MHz) (MHz) Ave. Power (dBm) Funit (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Scaling SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.16 0.37 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 1.060 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 1.042 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 1.042 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -7.23 0.03 1.042 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03 1.042 Back</td><td>Mode Position with Omm CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Limit (dBm) Power (dBm) Meas. SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor Reported SAR1g (W/kg) 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 1.060 0.59 Front 3 2422 24.746 25.00 1.16 0.37 1.060 0.39 Left 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 1.060 0.10 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 1.060 0.12 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 1.042 0.43 Front 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 1.042 0.31 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 1.79 0.04 1.042 0.04 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03</td></th<>	Mode Position with Omm CH. Freq. (MHz) AVe. (dBm) Funit (dBm) Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 Front 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03 Back 149 5745 24.727 25.00 -0.66 0.47 Front 149 5745 24.727 25.00 -0.11 0.36 Left 149	Mode Position with 0mm CH. Freq. (MHz) (MHz) Ave. Power (dBm) Funit (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Power (dBm) Scaling SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.16 0.37 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 1.060 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 1.060 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 1.042 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 1.042 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -7.23 0.03 1.042 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03 1.042 Back	Mode Position with Omm CH. Freq. (MHz) Power (dBm) Limit (dBm) Power (dBm) Meas. SAR1g (W/kg) Scaling Factor Reported SAR1g (W/kg) 802.11n Back 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.10 0.56 1.060 0.59 Front 3 2422 24.746 25.00 1.16 0.37 1.060 0.39 Left 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -0.30 0.09 1.060 0.10 Top 3 2422 24.746 25.00 -1.77 0.11 1.060 0.12 Back 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -1.10 0.41 1.042 0.43 Front 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -2.38 0.30 1.042 0.31 Left 40 5200 20.822 21.00 1.79 0.04 1.042 0.04 Top 40 5200 20.822 21.00 -0.23 0.03



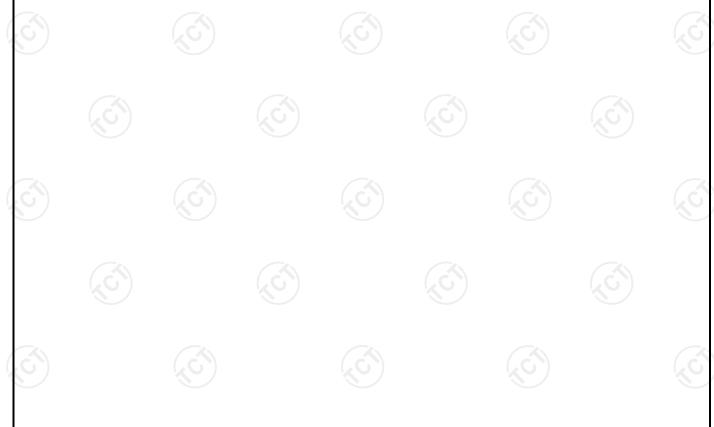


		Back	78	2480	4.320	4.50	0.23	0.10	1.042	0.10	
		Dack	70	2400	4.320	4.50	0.23	0.10	1.042	0.10	(6)
(c ⁿ)	OFEK	Front	78	2480	4.320	4.50	-1.79	0.07	1.042	0.07	
	GFSK	Left	78	2480	4.320	4.50	-2.35	0.02	1.042	0.02	
ВТ		Тор	78	2480	4.320	4.50	-1.79	0.02	1.042	0.02	1.60
ы		Back	39	2480	-3.893	-3.50	-0.92	0.03	1.095	0.03	1.00
	BLE	Front	39	2480	-3.893	-3.50	-0.17	0.01	1.095	0.01	
	BLL	Left	39	2480	-3.893	-3.50	-0.30	0.02	1.095	0.02	
		Тор	39	2480	-3.893	-3.50	-1.98	0.02	1.095	0.02	

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, body-worn use is evaluated with the device positioned at 0 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the report SAR is measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor=10^[(tune-up limit power(dBm) Ave.power power (dBm))/10], where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

 Reported SAR(W/kg)=Measured SAR (W/kg)*Scaling Factor.
- 4. Per KDB865664D01 v01r04 perform a second repeated measurement only the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45W/kg.
- 5. Perform a second measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is *₹.5w/kg* and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is *₹.5w/kg* and the ratio
- 6. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg





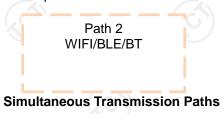
TESTING CENTRE TECHNOLOGY

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Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

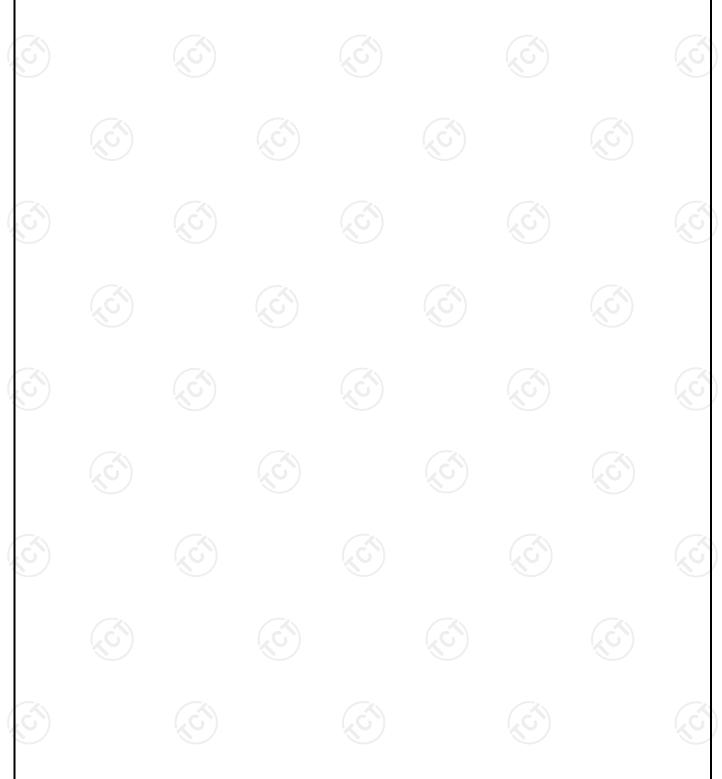
NO.	Configuration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
NO.	Configuration	пеаи	Body-Wolff	Hotspot
. 1	EDR+WIFI(2.4)	NO	YES	NO
2	BLE+WIFI(2.4)	NO	YES	NO
3	EDR +WIFI(5G)	NO	YES	NO
4.	BLE+WIFI(5G)	NO	YES	NO





10.3. SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

	<u> </u>	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Jud Hallolli		u., c.c			
Band	Test		ΣSAR	SPLSR	Remark			
Danu	Position	WIFI (2.4G) EDR BLE WIFI (5G)		(W/kg)	SPLSK	Remark		
	Back	0.59	0.10	0.03	0.50	0.69	N/A	N/A
Dady Mara	Front	0.39	0.07	0.01	0.38	0.46	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Left	0.10	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.12	N/A	N/A
	Тор	0.12	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.14	N/A	N/A





10.4. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-3GHz)

Ų	NCEKIAI	NITEVAL	UATION FO	JK H	EADSEI	SAK	ı		7
Uncertainty Component	Descriptio n	Uncertainty Value(%)	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. 1g(%)	Std. Unc. 10g(%)	V
Measurement system		T		1 .			I		
Probe calibration	7.2.1	5.8	N	1	1 1/2	1 1/2	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial isotropy	7.2.1.1	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	(1-C _{p)} ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	7.2.1.1	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effects	7.2.1.4	1.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.2	4.70	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	7.2.1.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	(01)	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation Response	7.2.1.3	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	7.2.1.5	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	7.2.1.6	.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$. 1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	7.2.1.7	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflection	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioned mechanical Tolerance	7.2.2.1	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	(1)	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.2.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation interpolation and integration algorithms for Max.SAR evaluation	7.2.4	2.3	R	1	1	1	1.33	1.33	œ
Test sample related									
Test sample positioning	7.2.2.4.4	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	∞
Device holder uncertainty	7.2.2.4.2 7.2.2.4.3	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	\propto
output power variation-SAR drift measurement	7.2.3.6	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	\propto
SAR scaling	7.2.5	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parame	eters								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.2.2	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞.
uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	7.2.6	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	×
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
Liquid conductivity -measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.3	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	×
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	000
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	×
Combined standard uncertainty			RSS				10.83	10.54	
Expanded uncertainty (95%CONFIDENCEINTER VAL			k				21.26	21.08	



	DINCER	AINTY FO	N PERFOR	VIAIM	CE CHE	CK			
Uncertainty Component	Description	Uncertainty Value(%)	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. 1g(%)	Std. Unc. 10g(%)	V
Measurement system		_			1 .	1 .	_	_	
Probe calibration	7.2.1	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial isotropy	7.2.1.1	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	(1-C _p) ^{1/2}	(1-C _{p)} ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	7.2.1.1	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effects	7.2.1.4	1.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.2	4.70	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	7.2.1.2	1	C R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	(O1)	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation Response	7.2.1.3	3	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	×
Readout Electronics	7.2.1.5	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	\propto
Response Time	7.2.1.6	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	X
Integration Time	7.2.1.7	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	X
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	7.2.3.7	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	ox
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflection	7.2.3.7	3	R	√3	1	_ 1	1.73	1.73	×
Probe positioned mechanical Tolerance	7.2.2.1	1.4	R	√3	1	(C1)	0.81	0.81	×
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.2.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	×
Extrapolation interpolation and integration algorithms for Max.SAR evaluation	7.2.4	2.3	R	1	1	1	1.33	1.33	ox
Dipole									
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source		4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	0
Input power and SAR drift measurement	7.2.3.6	5	R	√3	1		2.89	2.89	×
Dipole axis to liquid distance		2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1			×
Phantom and tissue paran	neters								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.2.2	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	0
uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	7.2.6	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	С
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	0
Liquid conductivity -measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.3	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	0
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	0
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	0
Combined standard uncertainty			RSS				10.15	10.05	
Expanded uncertainty (95%CONFIDENCEINTE RVAL			k				20.29	20.10	



10.5. Test Equipment List

		$(C_{\mathcal{O}})$		Calib	
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date (D.M.Y)	Calibration Due (D.M.Y)
PC	Lenovo	H3050	N/A	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Angilent	N5182A	MY47070282	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Multimeter	Keithley	Multimeter 2000	4078275	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US38432457	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	111382	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	114220	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	MY45101555	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY50001018	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44421198	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070005	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025
Power Amplifier	PE	PE15A4019	112342	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	722D	MY52180104	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Chensheng	FF779	134251	N/A	N/A
E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 25/22 EPGO375	Jun. 29, 2024	Jun. 28, 2025
DIPOLE 2450	MVG	SID 2450	SN 16/15 DIP 2G450-374	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 5000-6000	MVG	SID 5000-6000	SN 13/14 WGA 21	May. 15, 2024	May. 14, 2025
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 19/15 OCPG71	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
Communication Antenna	MVG	ANTA59	SN 39/14 ANTA59	N/A	N/A
Mobile Phone Position Device	MVG	MSH101	SN 19/15 MSH101	N/A	N/A
Dummy Probe	MVG	DP66	SN 13/15 DP66	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	MVG	SAM120	SN 19/15 SAM120	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM TABLE	MVG	TABP101	SN 19/15 TABP101	N/A	N/A
Robot TABLE	MVG	TABP61	SN 19/15 TABP61	N/A	N/A
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR6-R900	501822	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.N/A means this equipment no need to calibrate

- 2.Each Time means this device need to calibrate every use time
- 3. The dipole was not damaged properly repaired.
- 4. The measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by less than 10%
- 5. The most recent return-loss result meets the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
- 6. The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.

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11. System Check Results

Date of measurement: 07/12/2024 Test mode: 2450MHz (Head)

Product Description: Validation

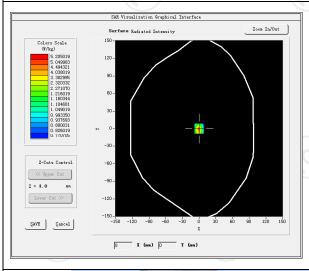
Dipole Model: SID2450

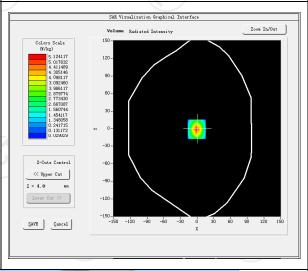
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

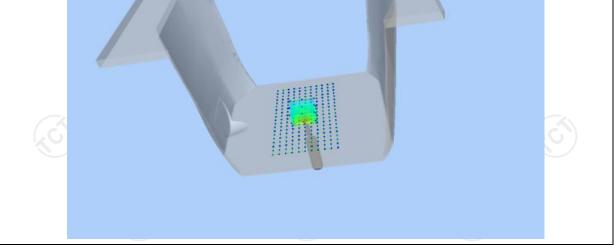
Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.31
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.821613
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.546980
Conductivity (S/m)	1.834111
Variation (%)	-0.470000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.364445
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.994244

SURFACE SAR

VOLUME SAR









Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 5.0262	4.00 2.7584	9.00 1.5026	14.00 0.8252	19.00 0.4125	
	3.50 - 3.50 - 3.00 2.50 1.50 -					
	0.03 -	2 4 6 8 10 13	2 14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30		
		Hot spot	position			
					(C)	
2						



Date of measurement: 07/15/2024 Test mode: 5200MHz (Head)

Product Description: Validation

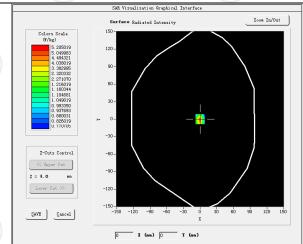
Dipole Model: SID5200

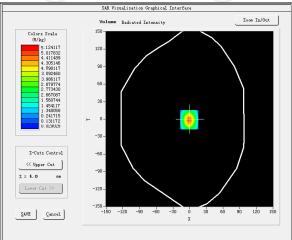
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

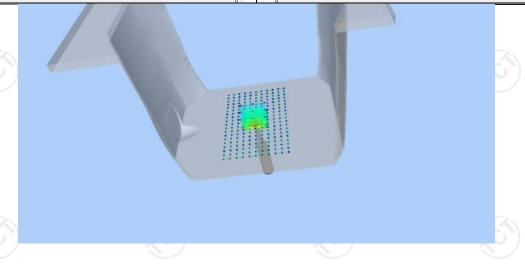
Phantom	Validation plane			
Input Power	100mW			
Crest Factor	1.0			
Probe Conversion factor	2.01			
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000			
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.678320			
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.679428			
Conductivity (S/m)	4.450788			
Variation (%)	-0.820000			
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	15.897411			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.012481			



VOLUME SAR









TESTIN	TING CENTRE TECHNOLOGY Report No.: TCT240			240710E014	
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.0132 5.01 - 4.50 - 3.50 -	2.7584	1.5026	0.8252	0.4125
	3.00 2.50 2.00 - 1.50 - 1.00 -				
	0.03	6 8 10 12 14 16 Z (mm)	18 20 22 24 2	26 28 30	
	(,	Hot spot positi	<u>on</u>		
	(,			(<u>(3)</u>



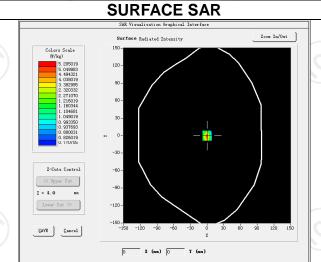
Date of measurement: 07/16/2024 Test mode: 5800MHz (Head)

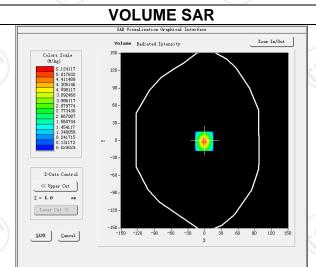
Product Description: Validation

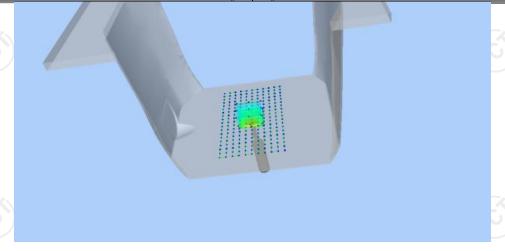
Dipole Model: SID5800

E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Validation plane		
100mW		
1.0		
2.06		
5800.000000		
34.812823		
13.671675		
5.080828		
-2.800000		
18.196218		
5.247133		









Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.0622 5.06 - 4.50 - 3.50 - 3.00 - 2.50 - 1.50 -	2.8054	1.5421	0.8321	0.4130
	0.03 - 0 2 4	6 8 10 12 14 16 Z(mm) Hot spot posit		6 28 30	
5					
	(,			(<u>c</u>

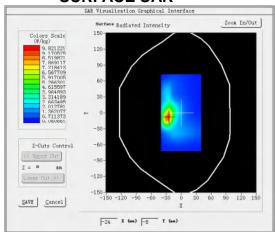


12. SAR Test Data

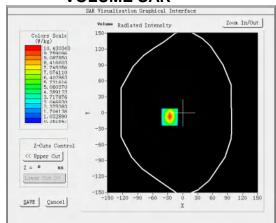
2.4G

MEASU	REMENT 1
High Band SAR (Channel 3):	Date: 07/12/2024
Frequency (MHz)	2422.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.352823
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.671675
Conductivity (S/m)	1.925428
Variation (%)	-0.100000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.37
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back(0mm)
Band	<u>IEEE 802.11n ISM</u>

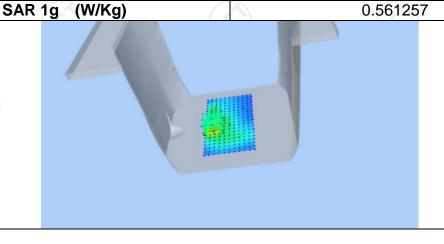
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=29.00, Y=-30.00SAR Peak: 1.13 W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.374581





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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1105	0.6312	0.3351	0.1746	0.1079	
	1.1- 1.0-	$\overline{}$				
	⊕ 0.8-	\rightarrow				
	-8.0 (∦ -6.0 (∦	$\perp \setminus \perp$				
	₩ 0.4-	+++++				
	0.2-	+++				
K \	0.1- 0.	02.55.07.5	12.5 17.5 22.5	30.0		
			Z (mm)	(0,)		
		Hot sp	ot position			
				(61)		
		/ 1				
(60)						
		_				
4.						
						(,0
			120			
		NO.				

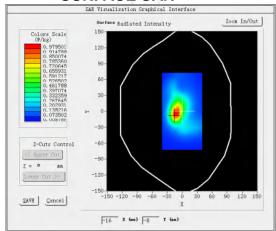
Hotline: 400-6611-140 Tel: 86-755-27673339 Fax: 86-755-27673332 http://www.tct-lab.com



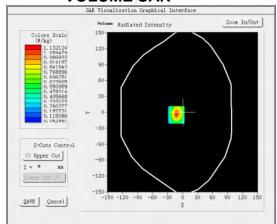
5.2G

MEASUREMENT 1 SAR (Channel 40): Date: 07/15/2024 5200.000000 Frequency (MHz) 35.800667 Relative permittivity (real part) 21.378187 Relative permittivity (imaginary part) Conductivity (S/m) 4.558883 Variation (%) -1.100000 **Crest Factor** 1.0 **Probe Conversion factor** 1.56 **E-Field Probe:** SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375) Area Scan dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 5.00 mm ZoomScan 5x5x7,dx=4mm dy=4mmdz=2mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm Validation plane **Phantom Device Position** Body back(0mm) **Band** IEEE 802.11n HT20 ISM

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=17.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 0.71W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.226102
SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.410657



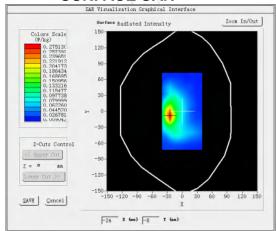
Z	(mm)	0.00	2.00		7.00	12.00	17.00	
SAR	R (W/Kg)	0.7231	0.4756	0.	3102	0.1748	0.1102	
		-7.0 -8.0 SAR (W/kg) -7.0 SAR (W/kg)						
		0.1-0	.02.55.07.5	12.5 17. Z (mm)		30. 0		(C
			Hot s	spot posit	ion			
					١			
							(C)	
							Page 40 of 9	0



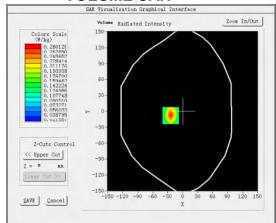
5.8G

MEASUREMENT 1 SAR (Channel 149): Date: 07/16/2024 5745.000000 Frequency (MHz) 34.893887 Relative permittivity (real part) Relative permittivity (imaginary part) 14.935214 Conductivity (S/m) 4.774821 Variation (%) -0.660000 **Crest Factor** 1.0 **Probe Conversion factor** 4.70 **E-Field Probe:** SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375) Area Scan dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 5.00 mm ZoomScan 5x5x7,dx=4mm dy=4mmdz=2mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm Validation plane **Phantom Device Position** Body back(0mm) **Band** IEEE 802.11a ISM





VOLUME SAR



 Maximum location: X=21.00, Y=10.00 SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

 SAR 10g (W/Kg)
 0.256212

 SAR 1g (W/Kg)
 0.474152



Z	(mm)	0.00	2.00		7.00	12.00	17.00	
SAR	(W/Kg)	0.7510	0.5142		.3129	0.1880	0.1124	
		-8.0 -8.0 -8.0 -8.0						
		0.1-0	. 02. 55. 07. 5	Z (mm)		30. 0		C
			Hot	spot posi	tion			
					t			
<u>(</u>)			٧					
							(d)	
							Page 42 of 9	0



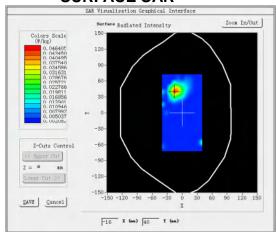
EDR

MEAS	UREMENT 1

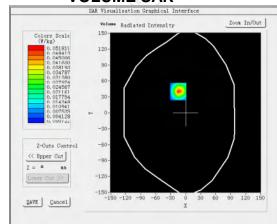
High Band SAR(Channel 78):	Date: 07/12/2024				
Frequency (MHz)	2480.000000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.353847				
Relative permittivity (imaginary part	14.318478				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.832374				
Variation (%)	0.230000				
Crest Factor	1.0				
Probe Conversion factor	2.37				
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)				
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan 5x5x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8 5.00 mm					
Phantom Validation plane					
Device Position	Body back(0mm)				

Band Bluetooth GFSK

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



 Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=40.00 SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

 SAR 10g (W/Kg)
 0.051032

 SAR 1g (W/Kg)
 0.099451



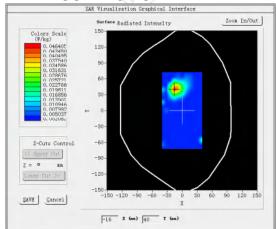
Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	(K)
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1279	0.0566	0.0132	0.0020	0.0012	
	0.10 2 0.08	0-				
	SAR (\psi/kg) 0.00 0.00	5-4-				
	0.02	2-				
9)			5 17.5 22.5 (ภ.ภ.)	30. 0		(0)
		Hot spot p	oosition	·		
3						
					(0)	
(0)						
(C)						(C)
1					Page 44 of 93	3



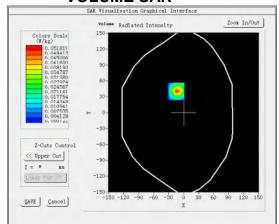
н		⊢
ப	ᆫ	ᆫ

MEASUREMENT 1					
High Band SAR(Channel 39):	Date: 07/12/2024				
Frequency (MHz)	2480.000000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.353847				
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.318478				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.832374				
Variation (%) -0.920000					
Crest Factor	1.0				
Probe Conversion factor	2.37				
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)				
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm				
	dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=				
	<u>5.00 mm</u>				
Phantom	Validation plane				
Device Position	Body back(0mm)				
Band	Bluetooth BLE				

SURFACE SAR



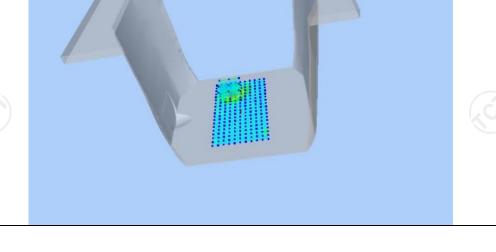
VOLUME SAR



 Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=40.00 SAR Peak: 0.06 W/kg

 SAR 10g (W/Kg)
 0.013201

 SAR 1g (W/Kg)
 0.034127





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
Z (mm) SAR(W/Kg)	0.0574	0.0351	0.0175	0.0086	0.0042	
	0.06 - 0.05 -					
	0.04					
	%/kg 0.03-					
	W 0.02-					
	0.01 -					
	0 2		14 16 18 20 22 3	24 26 28 30		
		Hot spot	Z (mm)			
		Hot spot	position			
		S2				
					Page 46 of 93	3

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Appendix A: EUT Photos



















































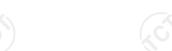


















Liquid depth

Report No.: TCT240710E014



The Body Liquid of 2450MHz (15.3cm)



The Body Liquid of 5000-6000MHz (16.5cm)































































Appendix B: Test Setup Photos



Body worn - Back (0mm)



Body worn – Left(0mm)



Body worn -Front (0mm)



Body worn -Top (0mm)



Appendix C: Probe Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-FIELD Probe



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

2101 & 2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY RENSHAN INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/22 EPGO375

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/29/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	6/30/2023	
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	6/30/2023	JES
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/05/2023	Gann TOUTAAN

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Tongce
	Testing Lab

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Le Gall	6/30/2023	Initial release

Page: 2/11





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Report No.: TCT240710E014

Ref: ACR. 180.7.22.BES.B

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SSE2			
Serial Number	SN 25/22 EPGO375			
Product Condition (new / used)	New			
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz			
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.197 MΩ			
	Dipole 2: R2=0.230 MΩ			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.208 MΩ			

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vK





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Report No.: TCT240710E014

Ref: ACR 180.7.22 BES B

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{sten}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty}[\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{\left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right)^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta/2)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR uncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

Report No.: TCT240710E014

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.64	0.53	0.44

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
106	108	109

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$

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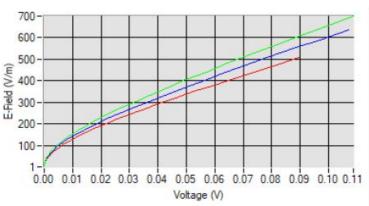




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

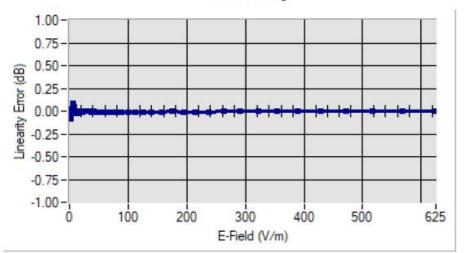




Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.94% (+/-0.09dB)

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL750	750	1.71
BL750	750	1.78
HL900	900	1.91
BL900	900	1.96
HL1800	1800	2.08
BL1800	1800	2.16
HL2000	2000	2.03
BL2000	2000	2.10
HL2450	2450	2.31
BL2450	2450	2.37
HL2600	2600	2.16
BL2600	2600	2.23
HL3500	3500	2.21
BL3500	3500	2.28
HL3700	3700	3.45
BL3700	3700	3.15
HL4600	4600	3.30
BL4600	4600	3.70
HL5200	5200	2.01
BL5200	5200	2.08
HL5600	5600	2.07
BL5600	5600	2.12
HL5800	5800	2.06
BL5800	5800	2.13

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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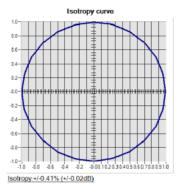


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024			
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2023	10/2026			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2023	02/2026			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025			
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024			
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2023	11/2026			
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

Liquid transition	MVG			Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024

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Dielectric Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.138.4.33.SATU.A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB
2101&2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN
INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAOAN
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103,
PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

FREQUENCY: 0.3-6 GHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 19/15 OCPG 71

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/05/2024

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited Dielectric Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the LIMESAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	Jes
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	06/05/2024	them the the mental

	Customer Name
Distribution:	SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

ations	Date	Issue
	06/05/2024	A

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the suggested methods and requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for liquid permittivity measurements and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SCLMP		
Serial Number	SN 19/15 OCPG 71		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's Dielectric Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the LIMESAR test bench only.

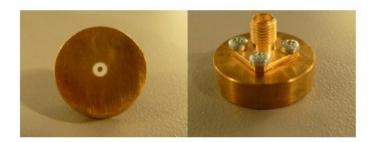


Figure 1 - MVG LIMESAR Dielectric Probe

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209-1 & 2 standards outline techniques for dielectric property measurements. The LIMESAR test bench employs one of the methods outlined in the standards, using a contact probe or open-ended coaxial transmission-line probe and vector network analyzer. The standards recommend the measurement of two reference materials that have well established and stable dielectric properties to validate the system, one for the calibration and one for checking the calibration. The LIMESAR test bench uses De-ionized water as the reference for the calibration and either DMS or Methanol as the reference for checking the calibration. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENTS

The permittivity of a liquid with well established dielectric properties was measured and the measurement results compared to the values provided in the fore mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>DIELECTRIC PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the Dielectric Permittivity measurement:

Uncertainty analysis of Permittivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/-%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/-%)
Repeatability (n repeats, mid-band)	4.00%	N	1	1	4.000%
Deviation from reference liquid	5.00%	R	√3	1	2.887%
Network analyser-drift, linearity	2.00%	R	√3	1	1.155%
Test-port cable variations	0.00%	U	√2	1	0.000%
Combined standard uncertainty	Combined standard uncertainty				
Expanded uncertainty (confidence level of 95%, k = 2)					10.0%

Uncertainty analysis of Conductivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/-%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/-%)
Repeatability (n repeats, mid-band)	3.50%	N	1	1	3.500%
Deviation from reference liquid	3.00%	R	√3	1	1.732%
Network analyser-drift, linearity	2.00%	R	√3	1	1.155%
Test-port cable variations	0.00%	U	√2	1	0.000%
Combined standard uncertainty					4.072%
Expanded uncertainty (confidence 1	2)			8.1%	

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

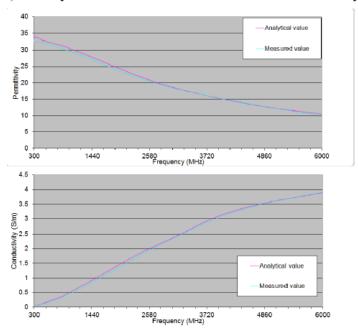
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Measurement Condition

Software	LIMESAR
Liquid Temperature	21°C
Lab Temperature	21°C
Lab Humidity	44%

6.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT

A liquid of known characteristics (methanol at 20°C) is measured with the probe and the results (complex permittivity $\epsilon'+j\epsilon''$) are compared with the well-known theoretical values for this liquid.



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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
LIMESAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2024	02/2027	
Methanol CAS 67-56-1	Alpha Aesar	Lot D13W011	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	09/2023	09/2024	



Appendix D: Dipole Calibration Report

SID2450



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

2101&2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN INDUSTRIAL FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103, PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 16/15 DIP 2G450-374

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 06/05/2024

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	JE
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	06/05/2024	him Putthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN TONGCE
Distribution.	TESTING LAB

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	06/05/2024	Initial release

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID2450	
Serial Number	SN 16/15 DIP 2G450-374	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

Report No.: TCT240710E014

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 <u>DIMENSION MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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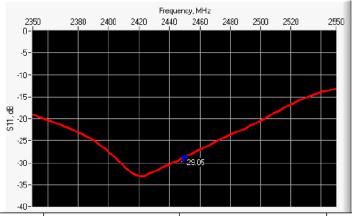
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

1	
10 g	20.1 %

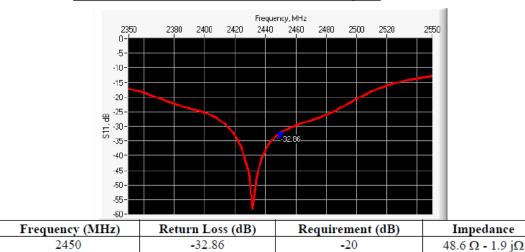
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-29.05	-20	46.7 Ω - 0.2 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lr	nm	h m	m	d n	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
	+		+		 	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 38.3 sigma: 1.80
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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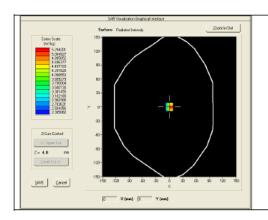


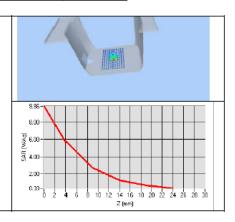


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.26 (5.38)	24	24.15 (2.49)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

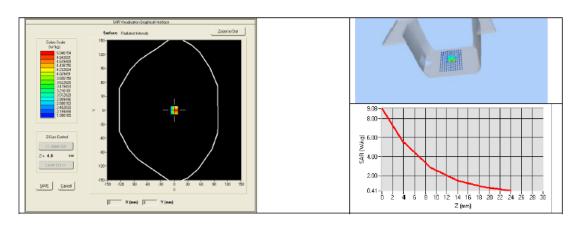
Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73 ±5 %
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.7 sigma : 1.94
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	50.63 (5.01)	23.40 (2.37)



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.9.15.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date				
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2024	02/2027				
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	02/2024	02/2027				
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	02/2024	02/2025				
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	02/2024	02/2027				
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	02/2024	02/2027				
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	02/2024	02/2027				
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	02/2024	02/2027				
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	02/2024	02/2027				

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SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

2101&2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103, PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 13/14 WGA32

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 05/15/2024

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

	Name Function Date		Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/15/2024	JE
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/15/2024	JES
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/15/2024	Jum Putthowski

Customer Name

SHENZHEN TONGCE
TESTING LAB

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	5/15/2024	Initial release

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SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

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Report No.: TCT240710E014

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SWG5500		
Serial Number	SN 13/14 WGA32		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference waveguides used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The waveguide used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -8 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed with matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 <u>MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical dimensions of the validation waveguide, the specified dimensions are as shown in Section 6.2. Figure 1 shows how the dimensions relate to the physical construction of the waveguide.

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SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

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5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

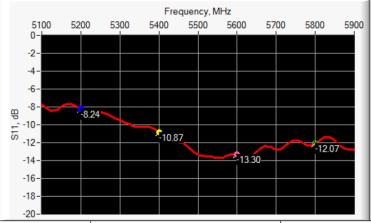
5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)
5000-6000	< -8.24	-8

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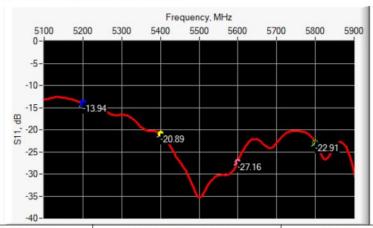




SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

6.2 RETURN LOSS IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)
5000-6000	< -13.94	-8

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

F	L (mm) W		mm) L _f (mm)		mm)	$W_f(mm)$		T (mm)		
y (MHz)	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d
5200	40.39 ± 0.13	PASS	20.19 ± 0.13	PASS	81.03 ± 0.13	PASS	61.98 ± 0.13	PASS	5.3*	PASS
5800	40.39 ± 0.13	PASS	20.19 ± 0.13	PASS	81.03 ± 0.13	PASS	61.98 ± 0.13	PASS	4.3*	PASS

^{*} The tolerance for the matching layer is included in the return loss measurement.

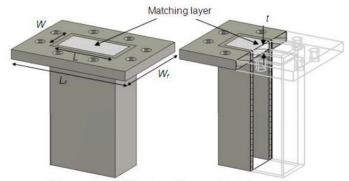


Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.

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Report No.: TCT240710E014

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.STU.A

7.1 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε _r ')	Conductivity (σ) S/m			
	required	measured	required	measured		
5000	36.2 ±10 %		4.45 ±10 %			
5100	36.1 ±10 %		4.56 ±10 %			
5200	36.0 ±10 %	PASS	4.66 ±10 %	PASS		
5300	35.9 ±10 %		4.76 ±10 %			
5400	35.8 ±10 %	PASS	4.86 ±10 %	PASS		
5500	35.6 ±10 %		4.97 ±10 %			
5600	35.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.07 ±10 %	PASS		
5700	35.4 ±10 %		5.17 ±10 %			
5800	35.3 ±10 %	PASS	5.27 ±10 %	PASS		
5900	35.2 ±10 %		5.38 ±10 %			
6000	35.1 ±10 %		5.48 ±10 %			

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by MVG, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps' :36.62 sigma : 4.93 Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps' :35.95 sigma : 5.18 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps' :36.08 sigma : 5.60 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps' :34.73 sigma : 5.74
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

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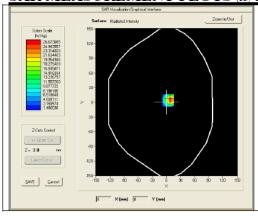


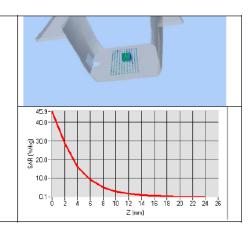


Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

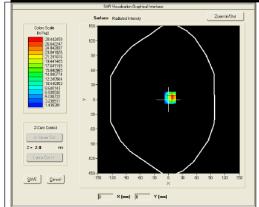
Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR	(W/kg)	10 g SAR (W/kg)		
	required	measured	required	measured	
5200	159.00	163.88 (16.39)	56.90	57.29 (5.73)	
5400	166.40	172.23 (17.22)	58.43	59.16 (5.92)	
5600	173.80	181.28 (18.13)	59.97	61.57 (6.16)	
5800	181.20	188.95 (18.90)	61.50	63.45 (6.35)	

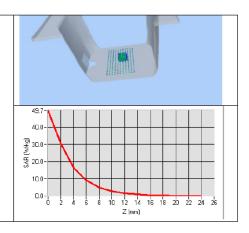
SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz





SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz





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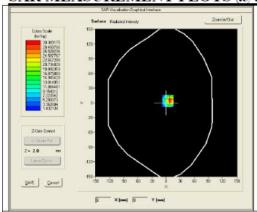


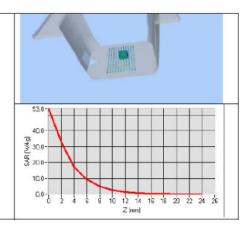




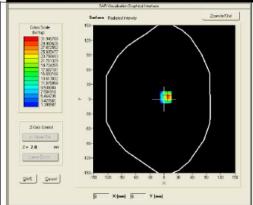
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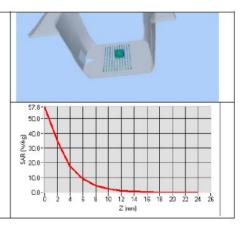
SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz





SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz





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SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,')	Conductivity (σ) S/m		
	required	measured	required	measured	
5200	49.0 ±10 %	PASS	5.30 ±10 %	PASS	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %		
5400	48.7 ±10 %	PASS	5.53 ±10 %	PASS	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %		
5600	48.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.77 ±10 %	PASS	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	PASS	6.00 ±10 %	PASS	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps':50.69 sigma: 4.98 Body Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps':48.45 sigma: 5.82 Body Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps':50.57 sigma: 6.37 Body Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps':48.19 sigma: 6.45
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	10 g SAR (W/kg)
	measured	measured
5200	158.49 (15.85)	55.40 (5.54)
5400	167.20 (16.72)	57.39 (5.74)
5600	175.65 (17.57)	59.48 (5.95)
5800	183.06 (18.31)	61.62 (6.16)

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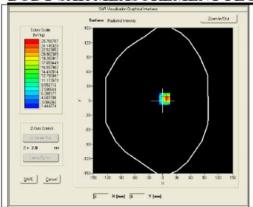


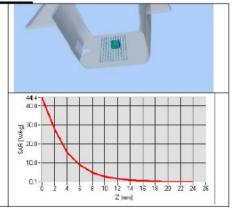


SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

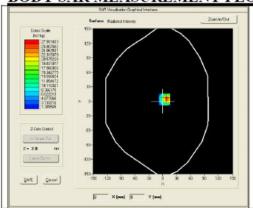
Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

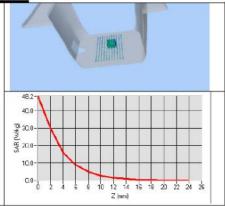
BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz



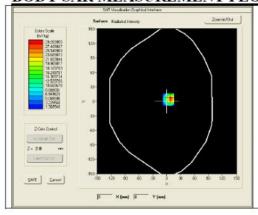


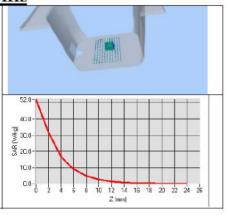
BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz





BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz





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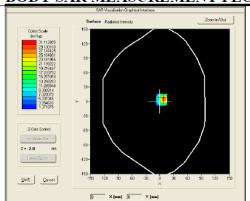


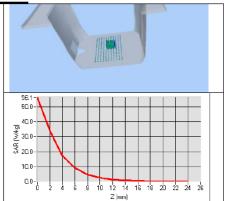


SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz





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Report No.: TCT240710E014

Ref: ACR.256.12.15.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet											
Equipment Description	Identification No.		Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date							
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.							
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	I NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.							
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2024	02/2025							
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2024	01/2025							
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2023	10/2024							
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2024	01/2025							
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2024	01/2025							
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.							
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2024	01/2025							
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2024	01/2025							
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.							
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2023	10/2024							



Appendix E: SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

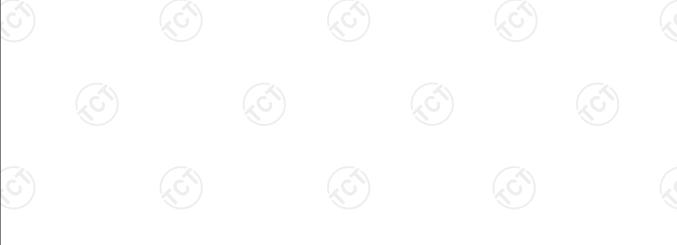
Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR System Validation Summary

or at oystom vanuation summary											
			Tissu	COND. PERM.					d. Valida	tion	
Date	1)216 '	Probe S/N	Probe	(σ)	(εr)	sensitivity	Probe linearity	Probe isotropy	Mod. type	Duty factor	Peak to average power ratio
01/02/2024	2450	SN 25/22 EPGO 375	Head	38.99	1.88	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	N/A
01/02/2024	5G	SN 25/22 EPGO 375	Head	36.68	4.45 ~ 5.08	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	N/A

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.





Appendix F: The Check Data of Impedance and Return Loss

The information are included in the SAR report to qualify for the three-year extended calibration interval;

(.c			In	npedance in b		Date: 01/02/2024		
Frog (MHz)	Temp	Dipole	Impedan	ce Re(z)	Dipole Impedance Im(z)			
Freq. (MHz) (°C)	measured	Target	\triangle (\pm 5 Ω)	measured	Target	\triangle (\pm 5 Ω)		
2450	22	45.90	46.50	-0.60	-0.36	-0.20	-0.16	
5G	22	49.02	50.01	-0.99	5.52	5.70	-0.18	

	Date: 01/02/2024			
Frog (MHz)	Temp			
Freq. (MHz)	(℃)	measured	Target	△ (±20%)
2450	22	-30.95	-29.05	6.54
5G	22	-21.87	-22.80	0.93

liquid	Freq.	Temp	εr / rela	elative permittivity		σ(s/m) / conductivity			ρ
liquid	(MHz)	(℃)	measured	Target	△(±5%)	measured	Target	△ (±5%)	(kg/m3)
Head	2450	22	38.99	39.20	-0.54	1.88	1.80	4.44	1000
пеац	5G	22	36.06	35.30	0.76	4.44	5.27	-0.83	1000

				Calibration		
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date (D.M.Y)	Calibration Due (D.M.Y)	
Signal Generator	Angilent	N5182A	MY47070282	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	
Multimeter	Keithley	Multimeter 2000	4078275	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US38432457	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	
Power Amplifier	PE	PE15A4019	112342	N/A	N/A	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control company	TH101B	152470214	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2025	

*****END OF REPORT****

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