### SAR TEST REPORT

For

Hyundai Technology Group.Inc

**Tablet** 

Test Model: 8LB1

Additional Model No.: /

Prepared for : Hyundai Technology Group.Inc

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Date of receipt of test sample : October 14, 2020

Number of tested samples :

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : October 14, 2020~November 04, 2020

Date of Report : November 11, 2020

### **SAR TEST REPORT**

Report Reference No. ..... LCS201009109AEB

Date Of Issue .....: November 11, 2020

Testing Laboratory Name.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure .....: Full application of Harmonised standards

Partial application of Harmonised standards □

Other standard testing method

Applicant's Name.....: Hyundai Technology Group.Inc

**Test Specification:** 

Standard .....: IEEE Std C95.1, 2005/IEEE Std 1528<sup>TM</sup>-2013/FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No. .....: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator .....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF..... Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description. ..... Tablet

Trade Mark .....: /

Test Model .....: 8LB1

Operation Frequency ...... GSM 850/PCS1900; WCDMA Band II/V;

LTE2,4,5,7,12,17; WLAN2,4G,Bluetooth4.2

Modulation Type ...... Refer to page 7

Ratings ..... DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(3500mAh)

Recharged by DC 5V/1500mA Adapter

Result .....: Positive

Compiled by:

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Ping Li

J'M wany

Jin Wang / Technique principal

Gavin Liang / Manager

# **SAR -- TEST REPORT**

Test Report No.: LCS201009109AEB November 11, 2020
Date of issue

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

# **Revison History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	November 11, 2020	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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# 1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

### 1.1. Test Standards

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 2005</u>:IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

<u>FCC Part 2.1093</u>:Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz :SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02: SAR Evaluation procedures for umpc mini-tablet devices KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode:SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH

# 1.2. Test Description

WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

#### 1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	October 14, 2020
Testing commenced on	:	October 14, 2020
Testing concluded on	:	November 04, 2020

### 1.4. Product Description

The **Hyundai Technology Group.Inc**"s Model:**8LB1** or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows.for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

re details, refer to the user's manual of the EOT.
Tablet
8LB1
1
1
GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK/8-PSK for EGPRS; QPSK for UMTS; QPSK, 64QAM for LTE
Portable Device
General population/uncontrolled environment
Production Unit
RC-GS717_TC
DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(3500mAh)
Recharged by DC 5V/1500mA Adapter
PIFA Antenna
Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open
Supported

The EUT is GSM,WCDMA,LTE,WLAN mobile phone. the mobile phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS/EDGE class 12 for GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA Band II,Band V, LTE 2,4,5,7,12,17 and Bluetooth, WiFi2.4G,camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet,

**Technical Characteristics** 

GSM		
Support Networks:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE	
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900/GPRS850/GPRS1900/EDGE850/EDGE1900	
Зирроп Вапа.	GSM850: 824.2~848.8MHz	
Frequency:	GSM1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz	
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK/8PSK For EGPRS	
GSM Release Version:	R99	
GPRS Multislot Class:	12	
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12	
DTM Mode:	Not Supported	
DTW Wode.	· · ·	
Antonio Decembrica	PIFA Antenna;	
Antenna Description:	0.9dBi (max.) For GSM 850;	
	0.9dBi (max.) For PCS 1900.	
UMTS	I	
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band II/V	
FrequencyRange:	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4~1907.6MHz	
. roquerioyrtange.	WCDMA Band V: 826.4~846.6MHz	
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA	
WCDMA Release Version:	R8	
HSDPA Release Version:	Release 8	
HSUPA Release Version:	Release 8	
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported	
DC-HSUFA Release Version.		
Antonia Decembrica	PIFA Antenna;	
Antenna Description:	0.9dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band II;	
	0.9dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band V.	
LTE		
Operation Band:	LTE FDD band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12, 17	
Modulation Type:	64QAM for LTE	
Release Version:	R9	
Power Class:	Class 3	
	PIFA Antenna;	
	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 2;	
	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 4;	
Antenna Description:	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 5;	
•	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 7;	
	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 12;	
	1.1dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 17;	
WIFI 2.4G	1. Tubi (IIIax.) Fui E-UTRA Ballu 17,	
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20&HT40)	
Supported Standards.	IEEE 802.11b/g/n20:2412-2462MHz	
Operation frequency:	IEEE 802.11g/n40:2422-2452MHz	
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK)	
••	IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)	
Channel number:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20): 11; 802.11n(HT40): 7	
Antenna Description:	PIFA Antenna, 1.0dBi(Max.)	
Channel separation:	5MHz	
Bluetooth/GPS/FM	1140	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2	
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK (BT V4.2)	
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz	
Channel number:	79/40	
Channel separation:	1MHz/2MHz	
Antenna Description:	PIFA Antenna, 1.0dBi(Max.)	
GPS function:	Support and only RX	
FM function:	Support and only RX	

# 1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for 8LB1 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment	Frequency	Head (M/kg)	Hotspot (Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	
Class	Band	(Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	(Separation Distance 0mm)		
	GSM 850	0.121	0.164	0.164	
	GSM1900	0.018	0.030	0.030	
	WCDMA Band V	0.503	0.698	0.698	
PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.627	0.229	0.229	
	LTE band 2	0.319	0.180	0.180	
	LTE band 4	0.291	0.430	0.430	
	LTE band 5	0.669	0.792	0.792	
	LTE band 7	0.211	0.389	0.389	
	LTE band 12	0.232	0.446	0.446	
	LTE band 17 0.193		0.695	0.695	
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.025	0.024	0.024	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)
Body-worn		
(hotspot open)	DTS	0.816

# 2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

# 2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

### 2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

### 2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	1 00 Emilit (19 110000)		
	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population /	(Occupational /	
EXTOGORE LIMITO	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure	
	Environment)	Environment)	
Spatial Average(averaged over the	0.08	0.4	
whole body)			
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of	1.6	8.0	
tissue)	1.0	0.0	
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/	4.0	20.0	
feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

# 2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
7	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2020-10-07	2021-10-06
8	DIPOLE 750	SATIMO	SID 750	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
9	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
10	DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
11	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
12	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
13	DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
14	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
15	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
16	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
17	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
18	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
19	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
20	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
22	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
24	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
25	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2020-06-11	2021-06-10

### Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within  $5\Omega$  from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

# 3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

### 3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

#### **OPENSAR** software

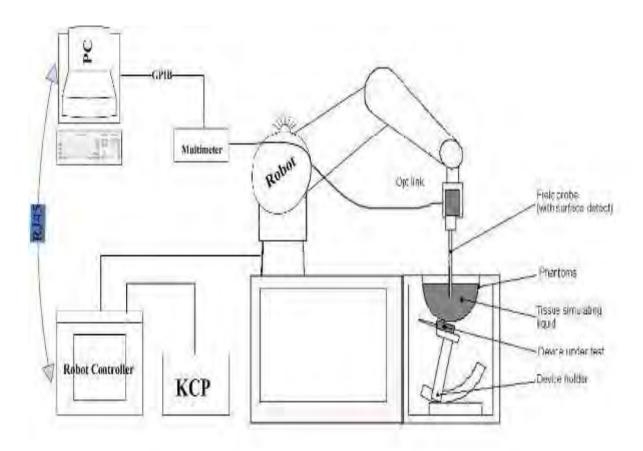
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



### 3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324(manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

### **Probe Specification**

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 450 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6GHz)

Directivity 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: 0.25 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm)

Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

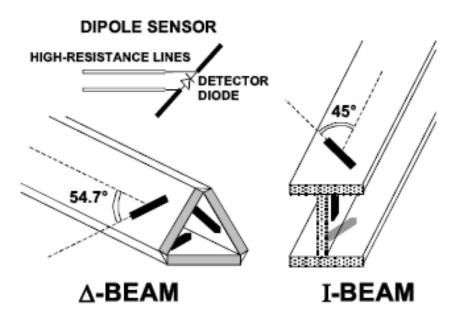
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones



### Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



### 3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

### 3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

# 3.5. Scanning Procedure

# The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

#### Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	ΔΖ <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤1.5·∆zzo	om(n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

### 3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

#### **Data Storage**

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2 Conversion factor ConvFi - Diode compression point Dcpi Device parameters: - Frequency - Crest factor cf Media parameters: - Conductivity - Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field

dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:  $E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 

 $\begin{aligned} \text{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: & & H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f} \\ \text{I of channel i} & & \text{(i = x, y, z)} \end{aligned}$ 

= compensated signal of channel i With Vi Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i

(i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.  $\sigma$ 

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

# 3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

### **General considerations**

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

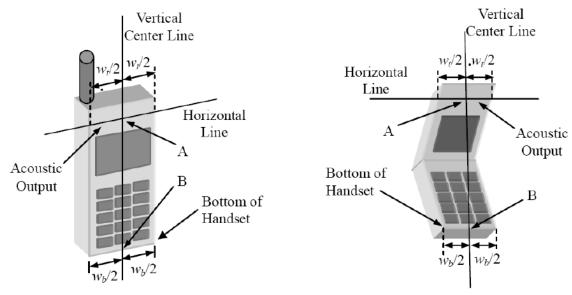
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{\text{(pwe)}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{\text{(pwe)}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2.37.7$$

Where P<sub>pwe</sub>=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot=total electric field strength in V/m

H<sub>tot</sub>=total magnetic field strength in A/m



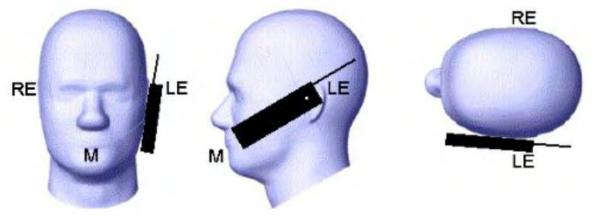
W<sub>t</sub>Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W<sub>b</sub>Width of the bottom of the handset

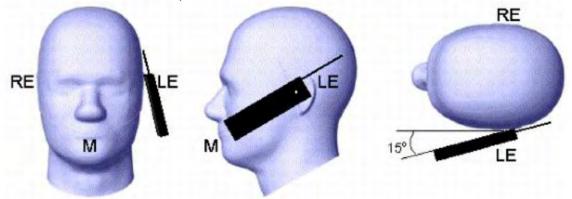
A Midpoint of the widthwtof the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

# 3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	7501	MHz 835MHz		ИНz	1800	MHz	1900	MHz	2450	MHz	2600	MHz	5000	MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X- 100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency	He	ad	В	ody
(MHz)	Er 翁辉龙(Calvin)	σ(S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

# 3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

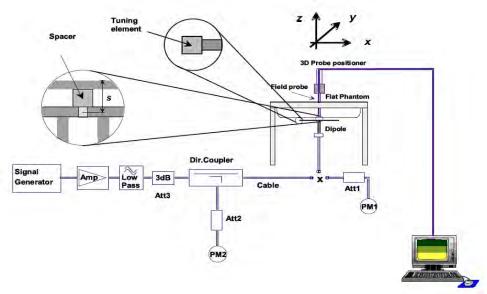
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

	Biological of origination of Fload and Body Fload Circulating Endang											
Test Eng	gineer: Nancy (	Chen										
Ticcuo	Measured	Targe	t Tissue		Measure	Liquid	Test Data					
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	σ	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ	Dev.	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	Dev.	Temp.				
750H	750	0.89	41.90	0.88	-1.12%	41.58	-0.76%	21.5	10/14/2020			
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.86	-4.44%	40.14	-3.28%	20.4	10/15/2020			
1800H	1800	1.40	40.00	1.42	1.43%	41.59	3.98%	22.6	10/16/2020			
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.37	-2.14%	39.23	-1.93%	21.7	10/22/2020			
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.76	-2.22%	40.12	2.35%	22.5	10/29/2020			
2600H	2600	1.96	39.00	1.94	-1.02%	39.56	1.44%	21.3	11/04/2020			

# 3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

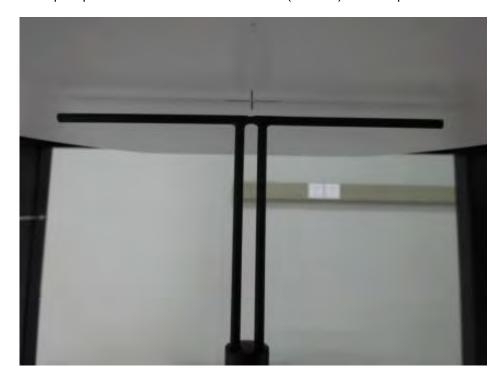


Photo of Dipole Setup

### **Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations**

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID750 SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-34.80		50.7		1.6	
2019-10-01	-34.35	-1.29	51.2	0.5	1.5	-0.1

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	
2019-10-01	-20.13	-0.64	42.9	-0.2	6.7	-0.2

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-01	-26.43		50.5		4.7	
2019-09-01	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	
2019-10-01	-25.68	0.35	44.8	0.1	-1.0	0.1

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

-		0.2200					
	Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
	2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	
Ī	2019-09-24	-29.12	-0.07	49.1	-0.1	3.2	-0.1

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.	FCC ID: 2AVTH-8LB1	Report No.:LCS201009109AEB
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Mixture	Frequency	Power	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub> Drift		1W Ta	-	Difference percentage		Liquid	Date	
Туре	(MHz)	rowei	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	(%)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/Kg)	1g	10g	Temp	Date	
		100 mW	0.824	0.562								
Head	750	Normalize to 1 Watt	8.24	5.62	1.42	8.38	5.53	-1.67%	1.63%	21.5	10/14/2020	
		100 mW	0.975	0.632								
Head	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.75	6.32	-0.21	9.60	6.20	1.56%	1.94%	20.4	10/15/2020	
	1800	100 mW	3.819	20.13	3.56	38.13				22.6		
Head		Normalize to 1 Watt	38.19	20.13			20.20	0.16%	-0.35%		10/16/2020	
		100 mW	3.921	2.068				-2.05%				
Head	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	39.21	20.68	-1.17	40.03	20.55		0.63%	21.7	10/22/2020	
		100 mW	5.224	2.343								
Head	2450	Normalize to 1 Watt	52.24	23.43	0.24	53.89	24.15	-3.06%	-2.98%	22.5	10/29/2020	
		100 mW	5.347	24.20								
Head	2600	Normalize to 1 Watt	53.47	24.20	-2.36	56.91	24.69	-6.04%	-1.98%	21.3	11/04/2020	

# 3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### 3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

- a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum powerin each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

### 3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

### 3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

#### **Output power Verification**

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

### **Head SAR**

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

### 1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

#### 2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH shouldbe configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain aconstant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta$ C,  $\beta$ d), and HS-DPCCHpower offset parameters ( $\Delta$ ACK,  $\Delta$ NACK,  $\Delta$ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	$\beta_{c}$	$\beta_{d}$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	β <sub>hs</sub> (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI}$ = 8  $\Leftrightarrow$   $A_{hs}$  =  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =30/15  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\beta_{hs}$ =30/15\* $\beta_c$ 

Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15.

Note3:For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to  $\beta_c$ =11/15 and  $\beta_d$ =15/15.

### **HSUPA** Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the "WCDMA Handset" and "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	$\beta_c$	$\beta_{d}$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	$eta_{ ext{ec}}$	$\beta_{\text{ed}}$	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71

SHENZ	ZHEN LCS C	COMPLIANO	CE TEST	ING LABO	RATORY I	LTD.	FCC ID: 2	AVTH-8	LB1	Report No.:LC	CS2010091	109AEB
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0 0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta NACK$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 8  $\Leftrightarrow$   $A_{hs}$  =  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  = 30/15  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\underline{\beta}_{hs}$  = 30/15  $^{*}\beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 10/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 14/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

### 3.11.4 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- 2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
- a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
- b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
- c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
- 3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
- 4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.
- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
- 5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures.
- 6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

#### 2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

- 3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.
- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not

have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
- a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximumoutput) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

### 3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

### 3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

### 4.TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 4.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR testreduction.
- 2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SARshould correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility ofe.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set inGPRS (4 Tx slot)forGSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
- 3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS / EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

		Conduc				results for	GSM850	)/PCS1900			
		Tune-	Burst C	Conducted (dBm)	power		Tune-	Avera	ge power (d	Bm)	
GSN	И 850	up	Channe	l/Frequen	cy(MHz)	Division	up	Channe	I/Frequency	(MHz)	
	000	Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8	Factors	Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8	
G	SM	30.00	29.51	29.53	29.47	-9.03dB	20.97	20.48	20.50	20.44	
	1TX slot	30.00	29.32	29.32	29.28	-9.03dB	20.97	20.29	20.29	20.25	
GPRS	2TX slot	28.00	27.80	27.80	27.79	-6.02dB	21.98	21.78	21.78	21.77	
(GMSK)	3TX slot	27.00	26.29	26.30	26.32	-4.26dB	22.74	22.03	22.04	22.06	
	4TX slot	25.00	24.78	24.81	24.77	-3.01dB	21.99	21.77	21.80	21.76	
	1TX slot	26.00	25.32	25.28	25.32	-9.03dB	16.97	16.29	16.25	16.29	
EGPRS	2TX slot	24.00	23.79	23.80	23.77	-6.02dB	17.98	17.77	17.78	17.75	
(8PSK)	3TX slot	23.00	22.29	22.27	22.32	-4.26dB	18.74	18.03	18.01	18.06	
	4TX slot	21.00	20.83	20.77	20.77	-3.01dB	17.99	17.82	17.76	17.76	
		Tune-	Burst C	Conducted (dBm)	l power	Division	Tune-	Avera	Average power (dBm)		
GSM	1 1900	up	Channe	l/Frequen	cy(MHz)	Division Factors	up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
		Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8	Factors	Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8	
G	SM	30.00	29.50	29.29	29.27	-9.03dB	20.97	20.47	20.26	20.24	
	1TX slot	30.00	27.78	27.83	29.31	-9.03dB	20.97	18.75	18.80	20.28	
GPRS	2TX slot	28.00	26.27	26.30	27.78	-6.02dB	21.98	20.25	20.28	21.76	
(GMSK)	3TX slot	27.00	24.79	24.79	26.27	-4.26dB	22.74	20.53	20.53	22.01	
	4TX slot	25.00	25.31	25.30	24.79	-3.01dB	21.99	22.30	22.29	21.78	
	1TX slot	26.00	23.81	23.81	25.32	-9.03dB	16.97	14.78	14.78	16.29	
EGPRS	2TX slot	24.00	22.30	22.28	23.78	-6.02dB	17.98	16.28	16.26	17.76	
(8PSK)	3TX slot	23.00	20.82	20.78	22.31	-4.26dB	18.74	16.56	16.52	18.05	
	4TX slot	21.00	29.29	29.27	20.83	-3.01dB	17.99	26.28	26.26	17.82	

#### Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

- 1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB
- 2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB
- 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
- 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB
- 2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 3Tx slot for GPRS850 and 4Tx slot GPRS1900.

3. This EUT owns two SIM cards(SIM 1 support GSM/UMTS, SIM 2 support GSM), after we perform the pretest for these two SIM card, we found the SIM 1 is the worst case ,so its result is recorded in this report.

#### <UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to theSetup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βd	βd (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle$ ACK and  $\triangle$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_o/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_o$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

### **Setup Configuration**

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base StationR&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest s E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta$ / $\beta$ d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta$ c = 10/15 and  $\beta$ d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **General Note**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
- 3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V)

	Haucteu i O	Wei ivicas	our cilicii	Nesults	( TO COINIA	L Dania III	<u> </u>	
		FDD Ba	and V resul	t (dBm)	FDD Band II result (dBm)			
Item	Band	T	est Channe	el	Test Channel			
	200	4132/	4183/	4233/	9262/	9400/	9538/	
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	
RMC	12.2kbps	23.48	23.43	23.42	23.58	23.56	23.60	
	Subtest 1	22.83	22.89	22.74	22.94	22.92	23.00	
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.70	22.87	22.72	22.87	22.88	22.89	
порра	Subtest 3	22.82	22.70	22.88	22.90	22.71	22.85	
	Subtest 4	22.86	22.84	22.71	22.80	22.86	22.86	
	Subtest 1	22.73	22.79	22.83	22.73	22.82	22.84	
	Subtest 2	22.75	22.80	22.70	22.89	22.86	22.85	
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.80	22.83	22.84	22.72	22.87	22.75	
	Subtest 4	22.76	22.90	22.72	22.86	22.75	22.81	
	Subtest 5	22.86	22.77	22.81	22.87	22.88	22.77	

Note:1.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/2$ dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

2. This EUT owns two SIM cards(SIM 1 support GSM/UMTS, SIM 2 support GSM).

BW	Frequency		nfiguration		ower [dBm]
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	23.47	22.78
		1	3	23.57	22.95
		1	5	23.45	22.74
	1850.7	3	0	23.54	
		3	2	23.51	
		3	3	23.50	22.78 22.95 22.74 22.45 22.45 22.49 21.51 22.57 22.40 22.57 22.40 22.47 22.44 21.58 22.55 22.73 22.61 22.55 22.52 22.52 21.47 22.67 22.88 22.57 21.56 21.57 21.47 21.38 22.68 22.57 21.40 21.45 21.42 21.40 21.45 21.40
	<del> </del>	6	0	22.56	
		1	0	23.37	
	-	1	3	23.57	
	  -	<u> </u>	5	23.39	
4.4	1000 0	3	0	II.	
1.4	1880.0			II.	
		3	2	23.48	
		3	3	23.44	22.78 22.95 22.74 22.45 22.45 22.49 21.51 22.54 22.57 22.40 22.47 22.44 21.58 22.55 22.73 22.61 22.55 22.73 22.61 22.55 22.52 21.47 22.67 22.88 22.57 21.38 22.67 21.47 21.38 22.68 22.95 22.72 21.40 21.45 21.42 21.45 21.45 21.45 21.45 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45 21.46 21.40 21.45
		6	0	22.49	
		1	0	23.41	
		1	3	23.63	
		1	5	23.45	
	1909.3	3	0	23.47	
	Γ	3	2	23.50	.45       22.74         .54       22.45         .50       22.49         .56       21.51         .37       22.54         .57       22.74         .39       22.57         .44       22.40         .48       22.47         .49       21.58         .41       22.55         .63       22.73         .45       22.61         .47       22.55         .50       22.52         .47       22.52         .53       21.47         .45       22.67         .66       22.88         .36       22.57         .55       21.56         .50       21.57         .38       21.47         .41       21.38         .33       22.68         .70       22.95         .40       22.72         .42       21.40         .46       21.45         .43       21.42         .51       21.42         .55       21.46         .51       21.42         .44       22.62         .70
		3	3	23.47	
		6	0	22.53	21.47
		1	0	23.45	
		1	7	23.66	
		<u>.</u> 1	14	23.36	
	1851.5	8	0	22.55	
	1001.0	8	4	22.50	
		8	7	22.38	21.56 21.57 21.47 21.38 22.68 22.95
	<u> </u>	<u></u>	0	22.36	
				II.	
		1	0	23.33	
		1	7	23.70	
		1	14	23.40	
3	1880.0	8	0	22.42	
		8	4	22.46	
		8	7	22.43	
		15	0	22.36	21.38
		1	0	23.43	22.62
		1	7	23.70	22.84
		1	14	23.46	
	1908.5	8	0	22.51	
		8	4	22.55	
		8	7	22.51	
		15	0	22.44	
		13	0	23.44	
		<u> </u>	12	23.67	
	4050.5	1	24	23.22	
	1852.5	12	0	22.40	
		12	6	22.49	
		12	13	22.33	
		25	0	22.37	
5		11	0	23.28	
	Γ	1	12	23.70	22.92
		1	24	23.32	
	1880.0	12	0	22.37	
		12	6	22.45	
		12	13	22.40	
		25	0	22.42	21.43
<u> </u>	i I	20	ı	∠∠. <del>\</del> ∠	L 1.40

ENZHEN LCS COMPI	LIANCE TESTING LABO	ORATORY LTD.	FCC ID: 2AVTH-	-8LB1 Repo	rt No.:LCS201009109A
		1	12	23.80	22.87
		1	24	23.43	22.50
		12	0	22.49	21.39
		12	6	22.54	21.44
		12	13	22.48	
		25	0	22.46	
		1	0	23.47	
	-	<u></u>	24	23.38	
	-	<u> </u> 1	49	23.05	
	4055.0				
	1855.0	25	0	22.40	
		25	12	22.30	
		25	25	22.29	
		50	0	22.30	
		1	0	23.33	
		1	24	23.52	22.83
		1	49	23.34	22.70
10	1880.0	25	0	22.44	21.46
		25	12	22.37	
		25	25	22.42	
		50	0	22.40	
		1	0	23.37	
		1	24	23.49	
		<u> </u>	49	23.49	
	4005.0	•			
	1905.0	25	0	22.51	
		25	12	22.41	
		25	25	22.41	
		50	0	22.42	
		1	0	23.35	
		1	37	23.34	22.57
		1	74	22.99	22.21
	1857.5	37	0	22.40	21.35
		37	18	22.30	
		37	38	22.26	
		75	0	22.34	
		1	0	23.23	
		<u> </u>	37	23.54	
	-	<u>'</u> 1	74	23.31	
4.5	4000.0	•			
15	1880.0	37	0	22.47	
		37	18	22.47	
		37	38	22.48	
		75	0	22.52	
		1	0	23.36	
		1	37	23.58	
		1	74	23.33	22.50
	1902.5	37	0	22.51	21.46
		37	18	22.54	
		37	38	22.50	
		75	0	22.51	
		1	0	23.27	
		<u></u> 1	49	23.39	
		<u></u>	99	23.04	
	1960.0				
	1860.0	50	0	22.19	22.87 22.50 21.39 21.44 21.40 21.46 22.69 22.61 22.36 21.42 21.30 21.32 21.33 22.63 22.83 22.70 21.46 21.39 21.45 21.45 21.45 22.55 22.71 22.59 21.51 21.37 21.38 21.43 22.58 22.57 22.21 21.35 21.43 22.58 22.57 22.21 21.35 21.46 21.39 21.45 21.45 22.55 22.71 22.59 21.51 21.37 21.38 21.43 22.58 22.57 22.21 21.35 21.46 21.49 22.58 22.57 22.21 21.35 21.46 21.46 21.48 22.56 22.84 22.56
		50	25	22.17	
		50	50	22.13	
20		100	0	22.16	
		1	0	23.12	
		1	49	23.59	
	1000.0	1	99	23.18	
	1880.0	50	0	22.42	
	1	50	25	22.35	
		50	25	22.00	<u> </u>

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLI	IANCE TESTING LAB	ORATORY LTD.	FCC ID: 2AVTH	I-8LB1	Report No.:LCS201009109AEB
		100	0	22.41	21.42
		1	0	23.13	22.36
		1	49	23.41	22.66
		1	99	23.03	22.24
	1900.0	50	0	22.31	21.35
		50	25	22.39	21.40
		50	50	22.26	21.22
		100	0	22.29	21.27

BW	Frequency		figuration	Average Po	
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	24.02	23.15
		1	3	24.27	23.39
		1	5	24.11	23.27
	1710.7	3	0	24.08	23.07
		3	2	24.18	23.14
		3	3	24.17	23.14
		6	0	23.20	22.25
		1	0	22.55	16QAM 23.15 23.39 23.27 23.07 23.14
		1	3	22.70	
		1	5	22.59	
1.4	1732.5	3	0	22.63	21.69
		3	2	22.66	
		3	3	22.61	
		6	0	21.64	
		<u></u>	0	24.41	
		<u>·</u> 1	3	24.38	
		<u>·</u> 1	5	24.31	
	1754.3	3	0	24.46	
	-	3	2	24.39	
	-	3	3	24.41	
		6	0	23.43	
		1	0	24.00	
		<u>'</u> 1	7	24.42	
		1	14	24.16	
	1711.5	8	0	23.14	
	1711.5	8			
		8			
		 15			
		15			
	-	<u></u> 1			
	-	<u></u>			
2	1722.5		4     23.20     22.2       7     23.21     22.2       0     23.10     22.0       0     22.59     21.9       7     22.76     22.2       14     22.59     21.9       0     21.58     20.6		
3	1732.5	8			
		8			
		8	7	21.65	
		15	0	21.54	
		1	0	24.54	
		1	7	24.73	
	4750.5	1	14	24.29	
	1753.5	8	0	23.58	
		8	4	23.53	
		8	7	23.42	
		15	0	23.43	
		11	0	23.96	
		1	12	24.54	
5	1712.0	1	24	24.21	
<u> </u>	2.0	12	0	23.14	
		12	6	23.23	
		12	13	23.23	22.28

ENZHEN LCS COMPL	IANCE TESTING LABO	ORATORY LTD.	FCC ID: 2AVTH	-8LB1 Repo	ort No.:LCS2010091092
		25	0	23.17	22.17
		1	0	22.51	21.79
		1	12	22.73	22.04
		1	24	22.61	21.77
	1732.5	12	0	21.53	20.67
		12	6	21.62	20.75
		12	13	21.67	20.77
		25	0	21.60	20.66
		1	0	24.63	23.70
		<u></u> 1	12	24.85	24.07
	4750.5	1	24	24.29	23.40
	1752.5	12	0	23.63	22.58
		12	6	23.60	22.61
	_	12	13	23.44	22.41
		25	0	23.53	22.57
		1	0	23.98	23.20
		1	24	24.40	23.59
		1	49	23.88	23.14
	1715.0	25	0	23.18	22.17
		25	12	23.30	22.29
		25	25	23.15	22.13
		50	0	23.13	22.16
		1	0	22.75	22.14
			24	22.74	22.14
		1		II.	
40	4700.5	1	49	22.90	22.11
10	1732.5	25	0	21.53	20.57
		25	12	21.61	20.66
		25	25	21.70	20.74
		50	0	21.60	20.66
		1	0	24.28	23.49
		1	24	24.79	23.99
		1	49	24.31	23.52
	1750.0	25	0	23.57	22.60
		25	12	23.62	22.66
		25	25	23.58	22.61
		50	0	23.54	22.57
		1	0	23.91	23.12
		•	37		
		1		24.42	23.51
		1	74	23.09	22.42
	1717.5	37	0	23.25	22.22
	<u> </u>	37	18	23.24	22.16
		37	38	22.79	21.74
		75	0	23.09	22.05
		1	0	22.87	22.23
	[	1	37	22.81	21.94
		1	74	23.21	22.26
15	1732.5	37	0	21.57	20.60
		37	18	21.70	20.69
		37	38	21.97	20.88
		75	0	21.76	20.74
			0	23.44	22.51
		<u></u> 1	37		23.95
				24.68	
	<b> </b>	1	74	24.29	23.46
	1747.5	37	0	23.27	22.13
		37	18	23.63	22.53
		37	38	23.71	22.60
		75	0	23.53	22.48
		1	0	23.85	22.97
00	4700.0	1	49	24.11	23.27
20	1720.0	1	99	22.43	21.67
	i L	50	0	23.14	22.09

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.		FCC ID: 2AVTH-8LB1		Report No.:LCS201009109AEB	
	50	25	22.90	21.90	
	50	50	22.29	21.35	
	100	0	22.78	21.81	
	1	0	23.06	22.46	
	1	49	22.80	22.07	
	1	99	23.42	22.65	
1732.5	50	0	21.62	20.70	
	50	25	21.68	20.71	
	50	50	21.79	20.85	
	100	0	21.71	20.71	
	1	0	22.44	21.61	
	1	49	24.32	23.50	
	1	99	24.01	23.27	
1745.0	50	0	22.64	21.63	
	50	25	23.18	22.22	
	50	50	23.49	22.57	
	100	0	23.04	22.08	

BW	Frequency	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	22.93	22.10
		1	3	23.02	22.23
		1	5	22.93	22.15
	824.7	3	0	22.97	22.05
		3	2	23.01	22.07
		3	3	22.96	22.04
		6	0	22.00	20.96
		1	0	23.67	22.97
		1	3	23.80	23.12
		1	5	23.72	22.97
1.4	836.5	3	0	23.75	22.63
		3	2	23.76	22.68
		3	3	23.75	22.67
		6	0	22.77	21.67
		1	0	23.65	22.80
		1	3	23.71	22.96
		1	5	23.60	22.88
	848.3	3	0	23.67	22.76
		3	2	23.76	22.76
		3	3	23.68	22.73
		6	0	22.72	21.67
		1	0	22.92	22.18
		1	7	23.19	22.33
		1	14	23.01	22.23
	825.5	8	0	22.02	21.05
		8	4	22.00	21.13
		8	7	22.05	21.07
		15	0	21.97	20.96
		1	0	23.65	22.97
		1	7	23.97	23.18
3		1	14	23.82	23.08
	836.5	8	0	22.74	21.71
		8	4	22.82	21.77
		8	7	22.83	21.77
		15	0	22.73	21.69
		1	0	23.77	23.04
		1	7	23.91	23.25
	847.5	1	14	23.64	22.85
		8	0	22.76	21.69
		8	4	22.79	21.72

HEN LCS COMP	MPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.		FCC ID: 2AVTH-8LB	<u> 1</u>	Report No.:LCS201009109	
		8	7	22.70	21.64	
		15	0	22.74	21.72	
		1	0	22.92	22.13	
		1	12	23.42	22.52	
		1	24	23.10	22.30	
	826.5	12	0	21.89	20.94	
		12	6	22.08	21.06	
		12	13	22.05	21.05	
		25	0	21.98	20.98	
		1	0	23.50	22.75	
		1	12	24.03	23.18	
		1	24	23.73	22.91	
5	836.5	12	0	22.63	21.67	
		12	6	22.78	21.84	
		12	13	22.79	21.84	
		25	0	22.75	21.73	
		1	0	23.85	23.04	
		1	12	24.09	23.23	
		1	24	23.64	22.77	
	846.5	12	0	22.80	21.78	
		12	6	22.81	21.79	
		12	13	22.74	21.65	
		25	0	22.76	21.76	
		1	0	22.92	22.17	
		1	24	23.30	22.57	
		1	49	23.53	22.78	
	829.0	25	0	22.09	21.10	
		25	12	22.20	21.19	
		25	25	22.34	21.36	
		50	0	22.17	21.16	
		1	0	23.38	22.78	
		1	24	23.90	23.18	
		1	49	23.82	23.17	
10	836.5	25	0	22.62	21.65	
		25	12	22.76	21.76	
		25	25	22.81	21.84	
		50	0	22.70	21.72	
		1	0	23.91	23.13	
		1	24	24.03	23.29	
		1	49	23.62	22.90	
	844.0	25	0	23.12	22.14	
	3 17.0	25	12	22.97	21.99	
		25	25	22.88	21.90	
		50	0	23.01	21.98	

LTE Band?							
BW	Frequency	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]			
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM		
		1	0	23.08	21.80		
		1	12	23.16	22.10		
		1	24	22.67	21.85		
	2502.5	12	0	21.80	20.85		
		12	6	21.75	20.81		
		12	13	21.70	20.76		
5		25	0	21.75	20.85 20.81 20.76 20.73 21.92		
		1	0	22.76	21.92		
		1	12	23.21	22.48		
	2535.0	1	24	23.14	22.28		
	2555.0	12	0	21.96	20.97		
		12	6	22.08	21.06		
		12	13	22.03	20.96		

HEN LCS COMP	LIANCE TESTING LABO		FCC ID: 2AVTH		ort No.:LCS2010091
		25	0	22.03	21.03
		1	0	21.81	21.05
		1	12	22.37	21.54
		1	24	22.35	21.56
	2567.5	12	0	21.02	20.05
	2507.5	12	6	21.23	20.21
		12	13	21.25	
					20.24
		25	0	21.13	20.13
		1	0	22.64	21.89
		1	24	22.88	22.11
		1	49	22.83	22.08
	2505.0	25	0	21.90	20.91
		25	12	21.88	20.84
		25	25	22.01	20.99
		50	0	21.87	20.85
		1	0	22.62	21.97
		<u></u>	24	23.12	22.45
	-	<u></u>	49	23.12	
40	0505.0	•			22.53
10	2535.0	25	0	22.02	21.03
	<u> </u>	25	12	22.03	21.06
	<u> </u>	25	25	22.07	21.08
		50	0	22.02	21.03
		1	0	21.47	20.71
		1	24	21.97	21.24
		1	49	22.38	21.56
	2565.0	25	0	20.57	19.60
		25	12	20.88	19.86
	<del> </del>	25	25	21.11	20.09
		50	0	20.83	19.87
		1	0	22.58	21.79
		<u> </u>			
		1	37	23.07	22.22
		1	74	22.61	21.84
	2507.5	37	0	21.97	20.89
		37	18	22.03	20.90
		37	38	22.12	21.01
		75	0	22.06	21.00
		1	0	22.40	21.62
		1	37	23.27	22.35
		1	74	23.20	22.42
15	2535.0	37	0	21.94	20.87
		37	18	22.19	21.10
	 	37	38	22.19	21.10
	}				
		/5	0	22.06	21.03
		1	0	21.42	20.66
		1	37	21.69	21.03
	<u> </u>	1	74	22.31	21.48
	2562.5	37	0	20.49	19.45
		37	18	20.66	19.62
	Ī	37	38	21.01	19.91
	Ţ	75	0	20.80	19.73
		1	0	22.49	21.69
	<u> </u>	 1	49	23.14	22.30
		<u> </u>	99	22.27	21.42
	2510.0	50	0	21.83	20.79
	2010.0	50			
20			25	21.94	20.92
-		50	50	21.91	20.87
		100	0	21.89	20.88
		1	0	22.17	21.57
	2535.0	1	49	23.24	22.50
	2000.0	1	99	22.92	22.20
	i =	50	0	21.77	20.83

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LA	ENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.		-8LB1 Re	port No.:LCS201009109AEB
	50	25	22.03	21.08
	50	50	22.05	21.10
	100	0	21.93	20.91
	1	0	21.77	21.06
	1	49	21.53	20.83
	1	99	21.98	21.26
2560	50	0	20.53	19.52
	50	25	20.54	19.54
	50	50	20.81	19.76
	100	0	20.71	19.67

LTE Band 12					
BW	Frequency		figuration	Average Power [dBm]	
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	23.10	22.59
699.7		1	3	23.21	22.73
		1	5	23.31	22.72
	699.7	3	0	23.36	22.41
		3	2	23.40	22.48
	3	3	23.48	22.44	
	6	0	22.44	21.40	
		1	0	24.53	23.41
		1	3	24.71	23.56
		1	5	24.68	23.49
1.4	707.5	3	0	24.64	23.62
		3	2	24.89	23.76
		3	3	24.83	23.56
		6	0	23.67	22.94
		1	0	24.25	23.13
		1	3	24.29	23.17
		1	5	24.07	22.96
	715.3	3	0	24.01	23.28
		3	2	24.04	23.38
		3	3	23.99	23.22
		6	0	22.99	22.04
		1	0	22.98	22.73
		1	7	23.56	23.14
		1	14	23.78	23.51
	700.5	8	0	22.35	21.39
		8	4	22.72	21.41
		8	7	22.69	21.41
		15	0	22.42	21.49
		1	0	24.45	23.96
		1	7	24.63	24.12
		1	14	24.54	24.00
3	707.5	8	0	23.80	22.68
		8	4	23.83	22.74
		8	7	23.80	22.70
		15	0	23.82	22.82
		1	0	24.21	23.21
		1	7	24.80	23.48
		1	14	24.01	22.87
	714.3	8	0	23.29	22.23
		8	4	23.19	22.20
		8	7	23.08	22.04
		15	0	23.22	22.18
		1	0	23.25	22.08
		1	12	24.08	22.58
5	701.5	1	24	24.30	22.98
5	701.5	12	0	22.57	21.27
		12	6	22.78	21.80

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LAB	ORATORY LTD.	FCC ID: 2AVTH-8L	BI Repo	ort No.:LCS201009109AEB
	12	13	23.08	22.16
	25	0	22.83	21.94
	1	0	24.37	23.54
	1	12	24.92	23.86
	1	24	24.50	23.21
707.5	12	0	23.60	22.65
	12	6	23.71	22.78
	12	13	23.67	22.75
	25	0	23.66	22.73
	1	0	24.41	23.41
	1	12	24.59	23.44
	1	24	23.95	22.65
713.5	12	0	23.53	22.25
	12	6	23.39	22.26
	12	13	23.16	22.11
	25	0	23.26	22.25
	1	0	23.00	22.63
	1	24	24.48	24.26
	1	49	24.62	24.02
704	25	0	22.78	21.81
	25	12	23.44	22.35
	25	25	23.77	22.60
	50	0	23.24	22.33
	1	0	24.15	23.60
	1	24	24.83	24.32
	1	49	24.17	23.55
10 707.5	25	0	23.66	22.73
	25	12	23.71	22.78
	25	25	23.61	22.61
	50	0	23.52	22.54
	1	0	24.54	23.60
	1	24	24.48	23.50
	1	49	23.84	22.72
711	25	0	23.72	22.80
	25	12	23.68	22.58
	25	25	23.43	22.35
	50	0	23.64	22.57

### LTE Band17

LIE Band17							
BW	Frequency	RB Conf	iguration	Average Po	ower [dBm]		
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM		
		1	0	23.05	21.65		
		1	12	23.55	21.92		
		1	24	23.52	22.40		
	706.5	12	0	22.18	21.33		
		12	6	22.21	21.12		
		12	13	22.19	21.23		
		25	0	22.37	21.42		
		1	0	23.30	22.14		
		1	12	23.44	21.73		
5		1	24	23.15	21.84		
3	710	12	0	22.41	21.19		
		12	6	22.34	21.10		
		12	13	22.07	21.04		
		25	0	22.19	21.27		
		1	0	22.93	21.96		
		1	12	22.68	21.62		
	713.5	1	24	22.21	20.80		
	7 13.5	12	0	21.90	20.67		
		12	6	21.68	20.53		
		12	13	21.55	20.47		

SHENZHEN LCS COMPL	ENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.		FCC ID: 2AVTH	-8LB1 Re	port No.:LCS201009109AEB
		25	0	21.78	20.86
		1	0	23.34	22.46
		1	24	23.58	22.97
		1	49	22.77	22.77
	709	25	0	22.38	21.31
		25	12	22.25	21.28
		25	25	22.06	21.24
		50	0	22.34	21.39
		1	0	23.31	22.73
		1	24	23.07	22.85
		1	49	22.56	21.88
10	710	25	0	22.36	21.32
		25	12	22.26	21.26
		25	25	22.15	21.16
		50	0	22.27	21.22
		1	0	23.42	22.13
		1	24	22.94	21.92
		1	49	22.34	21.00
	711	25	0	22.41	21.24
		25	12	22.21	21.05
		25	25	21.97	21.03
		50	0	22.16	21.23

### <WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
		()	1	13.83
	4	0.440	2	12.24
	1	2412	5.5	12.16
			11	12.07
			1	14.39
IEEE 000 44h	C	0407	2	13.21
IEEE 802.11b	6	2437	5.5	13.48
			11	13.52
			1	14.09
	11	2462	2	13.25
	11	2462	5.5	13.09
			11	13.11
	1		6	15.17
		2412	9	14.49
			12	14.29
			18	14.26
			24	14.11
			36	14.07
			48	14.01
			54	14.12
			6	15.34
			9	14.16
IEEE 802.11g			12	14.15
	6	2437	18	14.14
	U	2437	24	14.12
			36	14.19
			48	14.25
			54	14.14
			6	15.42
			9	14.23
	11	2462	12	14.01
			18	14.14
			24	14.25

NZHEN LCS COMPLIANO	CE TESTING LABORATORY	LTD. FCC	D: 2AVTH-8LB1 R	eport No.:LCS201009109£
			36	14.32
			48	14.21
			54	14.37
			MCS0	15.20
			MCS1	14.26
			MCS2	14.54
			MCS3	14.39
	1	1 2412 MCS4	14.46	
			MCS5	14.78
			MCS6	14.32
			MCS7	14.17
			MCS0	15.38
			MCS1	14.14
1555 000 44			MCS2	14.05
IEEE 802.11n	6	2437	MCS3	14.06
HT20	-	<del></del>	MCS4	14.10
			MCS5	14.65
			MCS6	14.85
			MCS7	14.72
	11		MCS0	15.25
		2462	MCS1	14.25
			MCS2	14.13
			MCS3	14.09
			MCS4	14.08
			MCS5	14.00
			MCS6	14.24
			MCS7	14.19
			MCS0	15.82
			MCS1	14.26
			MCS2	14.34
			MCS3	14.01
	3	2422	MCS4	14.27
			MCS5	14.02
			MCS6	14.27
			MCS7	14.30
			MCS0	15.75
			MCS1	14.25
JEEE 065 //			MCS2	14.38
IEEE 802.11n	6	2437	MCS3	14.43
HT40	•		MCS4	14.20
			MCS5	14.47
			MCS6	14.36
			MCS7	14.19
			MCS0	14.79
			MCS1	13.42
			MCS2	13.23
		0.450	MCS3	13.08
	9	2452	MCS4	13.47
			MCS5	13.36
		MCS6	13.24	
l			ו ואוריים ו	13.74

**Note:** SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.

### <BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
	0	2402	-3.129
BLE	20	2442	-2.907
	39	2480	-2.648
GFSK	0	2402	1.959
	39	2441	2.155
	78	2480	2.880
	0	2402	1.528
π/4-DQPSK	39	2441	1.765
	78	2480	2.529
	0	2402	1.571
8DPSK	39	2441	1.797
	78	2480	2.579

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separationdistances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

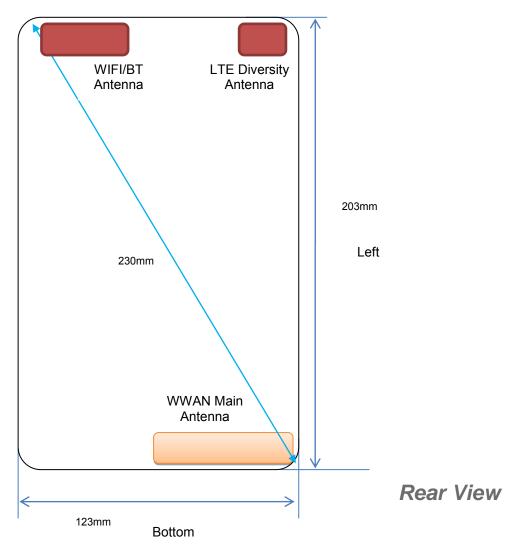
- · f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency	Exclusion
Power (dBm)		(GHz)	Thresholds
3.0	5	2.45	0.6

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied todetermine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.4< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

#### 4.2. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position

Top



#### Antenna information:

Right

7 thorna mornadon				
WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS/LTE TX/RX			
WLAN/GPS/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX			

#### Note:

- 1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 230mm>160mm, it is considered as "Tablet" device.
- 2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Ka.
- 3). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.
- 4). Per KDB 616217 D04, The antennas in tablets are typically located near the back (bottom) surface and/or along the edges of the devices; therefore, SAR evaluation is required for these configurations. Exposures from antennas through the front (top) surface of the displaysection of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)						
Antennas Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side						
WWAN	<5	196	<5	<5	55	
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	198	75	9	

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side						
WWAN	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	
BT/WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

#### 4.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR\*10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Scaling factor=10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Reported SAR= Measured SAR\* Scaling factor

Where

P<sub>target</sub> is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P<sub>measured</sub> is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

**Duty Cycle** 

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	3:8
GPRS850	1:2.67
GPRS1900	1:2.67
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1

#### 4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

	SAN Values [GSW 650]											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results		
			n	neasured / rep	orted SAR num	bers –He	ad					
190	836.6	Voice	Left Cheek	29.53	30.00	-0.31	1.114	0.109	0.121	Plot 1		
190	836.6	Voice	Left Tilt	29.53	30.00	1.20	1.114	0.056	0.062			
190	836.6	Voice	Right Cheek	29.53	30.00	-0.34	1.114	0.091	0.101			
190	836.6	Voice	Right Tilt	29.53	30.00	3.41	1.114	0.050	0.056			
		mea	sured / reported	SAR numbers	s - Body (hotsp	ot open, d	istance 0m	m) <sim1></sim1>				
251	848.8	3Txslots	Rear	26.32	27.00	0.67	1.169	0.140	0.164	Plot 2		
251	848.8	3Txslots	Left	26.32	27.00	-0.11	1.169	0.102	0.119			
251	848.8	3Txslots	Bottom	26.32	27.00	1.20	1.169	0.087	0.102			

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

	SAN Values [GSIVI 1900]											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results		
			me	. ,	orted SAR numl	bers –Hea	nd					
512	1850.2	Voice	Left Cheek	29.50	30.00	4.55	1.122	0.016	0.018	Plot 3		
512	1850.2	Voice	Left Tilt	29.50	30.00	0.21	1.122	0.008	0.009			
512	1850.2	Voice	Right Cheek	29.50	30.00	0.12	1.122	0.012	0.013			
512	1850.2	Voice	Right Tilt	29.50	30.00	-2.12	1.122	0.006	0.007			
		n	neasured / reporte	ed SAR numb	ers – Body (ho	tspot ope	n, distance	0mm)				
810	1909.8	4Txslots	Rear	24.79	25.00	1.50	1.050	0.029	0.030	Plot 4		
810	1909.8	4Txslots	Left	24.79	25.00	1.00	1.050	0.021	0.022			
810	1909.8	4Txslots	Bottom	24.79	25.00	-0.05	1.050	0.015	0.016			

Remark:

- 1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Conducted Power (dBm)		Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			r	neasured / repo	rted SAR numi	bers –Hea	nd			
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left Cheek	23.48	24.00	0.11	1.127	0.446	0.503	Plot 5
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left Tilt	23.48	24.00	1.56	1.127	0.245	0.276	
4132	826.4	RMC*	Right Cheel	23.48	24.00	-0.41	1.127	0.398	0.449	
4132	826.4	RMC*	Right Tilt	23.48	24.00	2.62	1.127	0.215	0.242	
		n	neasured / repo	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	tspot opei	n, distance	0mm)		
4132	826.4	RMC*	Rear	23.48	24.00	-0.15	1.127	0.619	0.698	Plot 6
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left	23.48	24.00	1.24	1.127	0.320	0.361	
4132	826.4	RMC*	Bottom	23.48	24.00	-0.14	1.127	0.198	0.223	

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC\* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

		Chan		Condu	Maximum	Power		SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg)			
Ch.	Freq.	nel	Test	cted	Allowed	Drift	Scaling			Graph		
CII.	(MHz)	Туре	Position	Power	Power	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results		
		Type		(dBm)	(dBm)	(70)						
			me	asured / rep	orted SAR num	nbers –Hea	nd					
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left Cheek	23.60	24.00	0.00	1.096	0.572	0.627	Plot 7		
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left Tilt	23.60	24.00	1.23	1.096	0.286	0.314			
9538	1907.6	RMC	Right Cheek	23.60	24.00	-0.22	1.096	0.482	0.529			
9538	1907.6	RMC	Right Tilt	23.60	24.00	3.46	1.096	0.210	0.230			
			measured / reporte	ed SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot oper	n, distance	0mm)				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Rear	23.60	24.00	0.02	1.096	0.209	0.229	Plot 8		
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left	23.60	24.00	0.62	1.096	0.154	0.169			
9538	1907.6	RMC	Bottom	23.60	24.00	-4.14	1.096	0.113	0.124			

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC\* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

	SAR Values [LTE Ballu 2]											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results		
			n	neasured / repo	rted SAR numb	ers – Hea	ad					
18900	1880.0	1RB	Left Cheek	23.59	24.00	-0.09	1.099	0.290	0.319	Plot 9		
18900	1880.0	1RB	Left Tilt	23.59	24.00	2.77	1.099	0.175	0.192			
18900	1880.0	1RB	Right Cheel	23.59	24.00	-0.42	1.099	0.260	0.286			
18900	1880.0	1RB	Right Tilt	23.59	24.00	0.41	1.099	0.150	0.165			
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.45	23.00	1.70	1.135	0.272	0.309			
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.45	23.00	-0.74	1.135	0.156	0.177			
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Right Cheel	22.45	23.00	-3.17	1.135	0.241	0.274			
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.45	23.00	4.15	1.135	0.141	0.160			
	measured / rep		orted SAR numb	bers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)					
18900	1880.0	1RB	Rear	23.59	24.00	0.22	1.099	0.164	0.180	Plot 10		

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	18900 1880.0 1RB Left 23.59					24.00	0.13	1.099	0.116	0.127		
ı	18900	1880.0	1RB	Bottom	23.59	24.00	0.21	1.099	0.085	0.093		
	18900	1880.0	50%RB	Rear	22.45	23.00	4.10	1.135	0.125	0.142		
	18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left	22.45	23.00	-0.40	1.135	0.100	0.114		
ı	18900	1880.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.45	23.00	-1.41	1.135	0.072	0.082		

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

OAR Values [LTE Balla 4]										
	Eroa	Channel	Test	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	Power	Scaling	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg)	Cranh
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Туре (20М)	Position	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
			n	neasured / repo	rted SAR numb	oers – Hea	ad			
20300	1745.0	1RB	Left Cheek	24.32	25.00	0.20	1.169	0.249	0.291	Plot 11
20300	1745.0	1RB	Left Tilt	24.32	25.00	1.07	1.169	0.158	0.185	
20300	1745.0	1RB	Right Cheek	24.32	25.00	-2.11	1.169	0.210	0.246	
20300	1745.0	1RB	Right Tilt	24.32	25.00	4.14	1.169	0.125	0.146	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	23.49	24.00	0.25	1.125	0.221	0.249	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	23.49	24.00	-1.30	1.125	0.130	0.146	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	23.49	24.00	-0.42	1.125	0.192	0.216	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	23.49	24.00	0.41	1.125	0.102	0.115	
		m	neasured / repo	rted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
20300	1745.0	1RB	Rear	24.32	25.00	0.00	1.169	0.368	0.430	Plot 12
20300	1745.0	1RB	Left	24.32	25.00	-0.11	1.169	0.225	0.263	
20300	1745.0	1RB	Bottom	24.32	25.00	0.11	1.169	0.158	0.185	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Rear	23.49	24.00	0.85	1.125	0.323	0.363	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Left	23.49	24.00	-4.85	1.125	0.185	0.208	
20300	1745.0	50%RB	Bottom	23.49	24.00	3.25	1.125	0.095	0.107	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

Orac values [212 Balla 5]										
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			n	neasured / repo	rted SAR numl	bers – Hea	ad			
20643	844.0	1RB	Left Cheek	24.03	24.50	0.32	1.114	0.600	0.669	Plot 13
20643	844.0	1RB	Left Tilt	24.03	24.50	1.07	1.114	0.312	0.348	
20643	844.0	1RB	Right Cheek	24.03	24.50	-3.71	1.114	0.553	0.616	
20643	844.0	1RB	Right Tilt	24.03	24.50	4.20	1.114	0.285	0.318	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	23.12	23.50	0.14	1.091	0.572	0.624	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	23.12	23.50	-1.30	1.091	0.291	0.318	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	23.12	23.50	-0.42	1.091	0.521	0.569	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	23.12	23.50	0.36	1.091	0.246	0.268	
		r	neasured / repo	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
20643	844.0	1RB	Rear	24.03	24.50	0.17	1.114	0.711	0.792	Plot 14
20643	844.0	1RB	Left	24.03	24.50	3.20	1.114	0.231	0.257	
20643	844.0	1RB	Bottom	24.03	24.50	0.20	1.114	0.123	0.137	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Rear	23.12	23.50	-1.01	1.091	0.623	0.680	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Left	23.12	23.50	2.13	1.091	0.210	0.229	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Bottom	23.12	23.50	0.20	1.091	0.102	0.111	

SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

				OAIL Vail		.u <i>i</i> j				
		Channe		Conducte	Maximum	Power		SAR <sub>1-g</sub> resu	ults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq.	1	Test	d	Allowed	Drift	Scaling		Reporte	Graph
CH.	(MHz)	Туре	Position	Power	Power	-	Factor	Measured	Kepone	Results
		(20M)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(%)			a	
			me	easured / repo	rted SAR numb	ers – Hea	ad			
21100	2535.0	1RB	Left Cheek	23.24	23.50	0.79	1.062	0.199	0.211	Plot 15
21100	2535.0	1RB	Left Tilt	23.24	23.50	0.01	1.062	0.112	0.119	
21100	2535.0	1RB	Right Cheel	23.24	23.50	-1.12	1.062	0.170	0.180	
21100	2535.0	1RB	Right Tilt	23.24	23.50	1.05	1.062	0.092	0.098	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.05	22.50	0.02	1.109	0.175	0.194	

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21100	2535.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.05	22.50	1.34	1.109	0.100	0.111	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Right Chee	k 22.05	22.50	-1.90	1.109	0.152	0.169	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.05	22.50	-0.36	1.109	0.075	0.083	
		me	easured / repor	ted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	spot oper	n, distance	0mm)		
21100	2535.0	1RB	Rear	23.24	23.50	0.29	1.062	0.366	0.389	Plot 16
21100	2535.0	1RB	Left	23.24	23.50	4.41	1.062	0.245	0.260	
21100	2535.0	1RB	Bottom	23.24	23.50	-2.01	1.062	0.162	0.172	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Rear	22.05	22.50	0.03	1.109	0.341	0.378	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Left	22.05	22.50	-2.01	1.109	0.220	0.244	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.05	22.50	0.14	1.109	0.141	0.156	

SAR Values [LTE Band 12]

	OAK Valdes [ETE Balla 12]										
		Channel		Con	ducted	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Type (10M)	Test Position	Po (d	ower 'Bm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
				meas	sured / repo	orted SAR num	bers - He	ad			
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Left Ch	neek	24.83	25.00	-0.04	1.040	0.223	0.232	Plot 17
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Left	Γilt	24.83	25.00	1.59	1.040	0.116	0.121	
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Right C	heek	24.83	25.00	-2.18	1.040	0.200	0.208	
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Right	Tilt	24.83	25.00	3.24	1.040	0.095	0.099	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Left Ch	neek	23.77	24.00	0.79	1.054	0.203	0.214	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Left	Γilt	23.77	24.00	-4.70	1.054	0.092	0.097	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Right C	heek	23.77	24.00	-0.48	1.054	0.185	0.195	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Right	Tilt	23.77	24.00	1.23	1.054	0.073	0.077	
		n	neasured / r	eportea	SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot ope	n, distance	• 0mm)		
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Re	ar	24.83	25.00	-1.68	1.040	0.429	0.446	Plot 18
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Le	ft	24.83	25.00	3.56	1.040	0.231	0.240	
2309	5 707.5	5 1RB	Bott	om	24.83	25.00	-0.27	1.040	0.392	0.408	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Re	ar	23.77	24.00	-0.85	1.054	0.395	0.416	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Le	ft	23.77	24.00	2.36	1.054	0.205	0.216	
2306	0 704.0	50%RB	Bott	om	23.77	24.00	-1.23	1.054	0.372	0.392	

SAR Values [LTE Band 17]

		Channel		Conduc	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Type (20M)	Test Position	ted Power (dBm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results	
	measured / reported SAR numbers - Head										
23780	709.0	1RB	Left Cheek	23.58	24.00	0.45	1.102	0.175	0.193	Plot 19	
23780	709.0	1RB	Left Tilt	23.58	24.00	-0.39	1.102	0.079	0.087		
23780	709.0	1RB	Right Cheek	23.58	24.00	-0.58	1.102	0.152	0.167		
23780	709.0	1RB	Right Tilt	23.58	24.00	4.13	1.102	0.056	0.062		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.41	23.00	0.47	1.146	0.153	0.175		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.41	23.00	1.54	1.146	0.060	0.069		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.41	23.00	-0.54	1.146	0.136	0.156		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.41	23.00	-2.35	1.146	0.034	0.039		
		n	neasured / report	ed SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot ope	n, distance	0mm)			
23780	709.0	1RB	Rear	23.58	24.00	0.12	1.102	0.631	0.695	Plot 20	
23780	709.0	1RB	Left	23.58	24.00	-1.23	1.102	0.310	0.341		
23780	709.0	1RB	Bottom	23.58	24.00	0.14	1.102	0.235	0.259		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Rear	22.41	23.00	3.65	1.146	0.602	0.690		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Left	22.41	23.00	-4.44	1.146	0.285	0.326		
23800	711.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.41	23.00	1.23	1.146	0.198	0.227		

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SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

	OAK Values [VIII 12:40]											
				Condu	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g res	ults(W/kg)			
Ch.	Freq.	Service	Test Position	cted	Allowed	Drift	Scaling			Graph		
On.	(MHz)			Power	Power	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results		
				(dBm)	(dBm)							
	measured / reported SAR numbers –Head											
6	2437	802.11b	Left Cheek	14.39	15.00	3.19	1.151	0.022	0.025	Plot 21		
6	2437	802.11b	Left Tilt	14.39	15.00	1.23	1.151	0.011	0.013			
6	2437	802.11b	Right Cheek	14.39	15.00	1.41	1.151	0.015	0.017			
6	2437	802.11b	Right Tilt	14.39	15.00	-0.41	1.151	0.007	0.008			
	measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 0mm)											
6	2437	802.11b	Rear	14.39	15.00	0.43	1.151	0.021	0.024	Plot 22		
6	2437	802.11b	Right	14.39	15.00	-2.78	1.151	0.013	0.015			
6	2437	802.11b	Тор	14.39	15.00	3.21	1.151	0.007	0.008			

### Remark:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $0.593[0.297*(19.95/10.00)] \le 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ .

#### 4.4.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ √ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

•0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR									
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)				
Bluetooth*	2450	Head	3.00	5	0.084				
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	3.00	5	0.084				
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	3.00	5	0.084				

#### Remark:

- 1. Bluetooth\*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
- 2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- 3. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- 4. Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

#### 4.4. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

#### 4.5.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna. The device has 3 antennas, WWAN main antenna and WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), WiFi-BT antenna supports 2.4GWi-Fi and BT. The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI
2	WWAN+BT

### 4.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

#### **Head Exposure Conditions**

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Cinialanovae transmission of the fana com											
Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required				
Left Cheek	0.121	0.018	0.025	0.146	1.6	no	no				
Left Tilt	0.062	0.009	0.013	0.075	1.6	no	no				
Right Cheek	0.101	0.013	0.017	0.118	1.6	no	no				
Right Tilt	0.056	0.007	0.008	0.064	1.6	no	no				

### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.503	0.627	0.025	0.652	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.276	0.314	0.013	0.327	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.449	0.529	0.017	0.546	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.242	0.230	0.008	0.238	1.6	no	no

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)		Tes	st Position	
Reported SART-g(W/kg)	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.319	0.192	0.286	0.165
LTE Band4	0.291	0.185	0.246	0.146
LTE Band5	0.669	0.348	0.616	0.318
LTE Band7	0.211	0.119	0.180	0.098
LTE Band12	0.232	0.121	0.208	0.099
LTE Band17	0.193	0.087	0.167	0.062
WiFi2.4G	0.025	0.013	0.017	0.008
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.694	0.361	0.633	0.326
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.121	0.018	0.084	0.205	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.062	0.009	0.084	0.146	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.101	0.013	0.084	0.185	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.056	0.007	0.084	0.140	1.6	no	no

### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

	Cilitations transmission CAR for B1 and Cilito												
Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required						
Left Cheek	0.503	0.627	0.084	0.711	1.6	no	no						
LeftTilt	0.276	0.314	0.084	0.398	1.6	no	no						
RightChek	0.449	0.529	0.084	0.613	1.6	no	no						
Right Tilt	0.242	0.230	0.084	0.314	1.6	no	no						

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)		Tes	st Position	
Reported SART-g(W/kg)	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.319	0.192	0.286	0.165
LTE Band4	0.291	0.185	0.246	0.146
LTE Band5	0.669	0.348	0.616	0.318
LTE Band7	0.211	0.119	0.180	0.098
LTE Band12	0.232	0.121	0.208	0.099
LTE Band17	0.193	0.087	0.167	0.062
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.084	0.084	0.084	0.084
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.753	0.432	0.700	0.402
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

### **BodyHotspot Exposure Conditions**

### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Rear	0.164	0.030	0.024	0.188	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	0.015	0.015	1.6	no	no
Left	0.119	0.022	1	0.119	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.102	0.016	1	0.102	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	/	0.008	0.008	1.6	no	no

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Rear	0.698	0.229	0.024	0.722	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	0.015	0.015	1.6	no	no
Left	0.361	0.169	1	0.361	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.223	0.124	1	0.223	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	/	0.008	0.008	1.6	no	no

### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Simultaneous transmission SAR for Will and LTL							
Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position						
Reported SART-g(W/kg)	Rear	Right	Left	Bottom	Тор		
LTE Band2	0.180	/	0.127	0.093	/		
LTE Band4	0.430	/	0.263	0.185	/		
LTE Band5	0.792	/	0.257	0.137	/		
LTE Band7	0.389	/	0.260	0.172	/		
LTE Band12	0.446	/	0.240	0.408	/		
LTE Band17	0.695	/	0.341	0.259	/		
WiFi2.4G	0.024	0.015	/	1	0.008		
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.816	0.015	0.260	0.172	0.008		
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6		
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no		
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no		

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Chinatanoodo tranomicolori o/tit for B1 and Com							
Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Rear	0.164	0.030	0.084	0.248	1.6	no	no
Right	1	1	0.084	0.084	1.6	no	no
Left	0.119	0.022	1	0.119	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.102	0.016	1	0.102	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	1	0.084	0.084	1.6	no	no

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Rear	0.698	0.229	0.084	0.782	1.6	no	no
Right	1	/	0.084	0.084	1.6	no	no
Left	0.361	0.169	1	0.361	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.223	0.124	1	0.223	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	/	0.084	0.084	1.6	no	no

### Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

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		Rear	Right	Left	Bottom	Тор	
	LTE Band2	0.180	/	0.127	0.093	/	
	LTE Band4	0.430	/	0.263	0.185	/	
	LTE Band5	0.792	/	0.257	0.137	/	
	LTE Band7	0.389	/	0.260	0.172	/	
	LTE Band12	0.446	1	0.240	0.408	/	
	LTE Band17	0.695	1	0.341	0.259	/	
	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.084	0.084	/	1	0.084	
	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.876	0.084	0.260	0.172	0.084	
	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
	Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	
	Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	

#### Note:

- 1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
- 2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
- 3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of  $\Sigma SAR_{1-g}$

### 4.5. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with  $\leq$  20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Fraguenay	Frequency		RF		Deposted	Highest	First R	epeated
Band (MHz)	Air Interface	Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Measured SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	Measued SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	
750	LTE Band 12	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.429	n/a	n/a	
750	LTE Band 17	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.631	n/a	n/a	
	GSM850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.140	n/a	n/a	
850	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.619	n/a	n/a	
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.711	n/a	n/a	
1800	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.368	n/a	n/a	
	GSM1900	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.029	n/a	n/a	
1900	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.572	n/a	n/a	
	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.290	n/a	n/a	
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.022	n/a	n/a	
2600	LTE Band 7	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.631	n/a	n/a	

#### Remark.

### 4.6. General description of test procedures

- 1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- 2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
- 5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to .all 1".
- 6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
- 8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
- 9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
- 10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.

<sup>1.</sup> Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

- 11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - •≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - $\bullet$  ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - •≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
- 14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
- 15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
- 16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations, For Mobile Phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

### 4.7. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.

### 4.8. System Check Results

Test mode:750MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

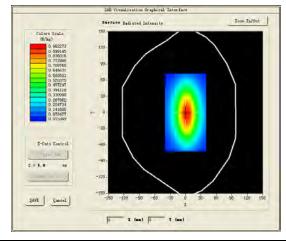
Model:Dipole SID750

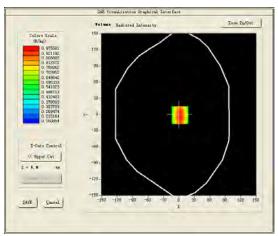
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

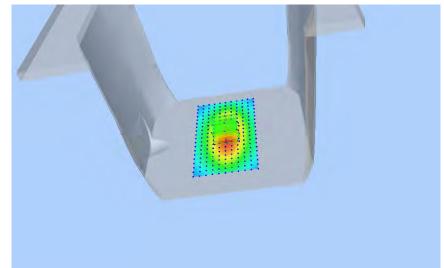
Test Date: October 14, 2020

HSL_750
750.0000
40.58
0.88
100mW
1.0
1.45
1.420000
0.562452
0.824413

### **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:835MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

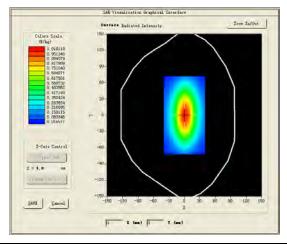
Model:Dipole SID835

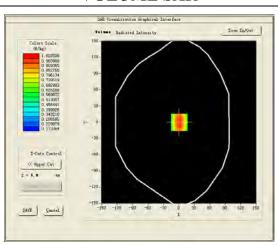
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

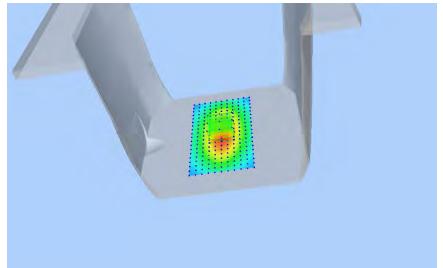
Test Date:October 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.14
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.04
Variation (%)	-0.210000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.632132
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.975488

### **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:1800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation

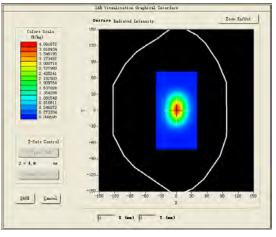
Model:Dipole SID1800

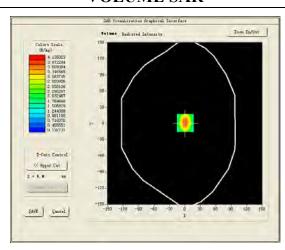
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

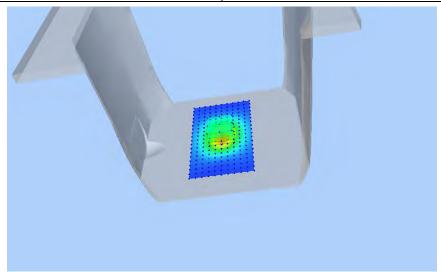
Test Date: October 16, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.59
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Variation (%)	3.560000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.013283
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.819085

### **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:1900MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

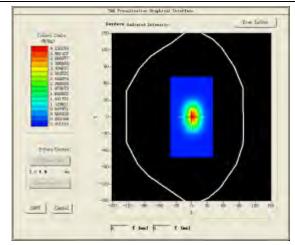
Model:Dipole SID1900

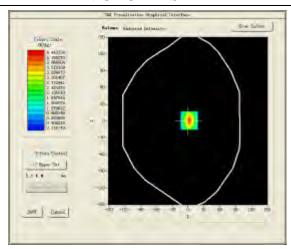
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

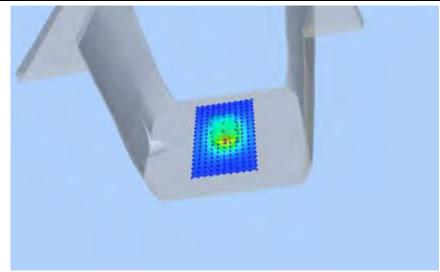
Test Date: October 22, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.23
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.10
Variation (%)	-1.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.068260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.921162

### **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:2450MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation

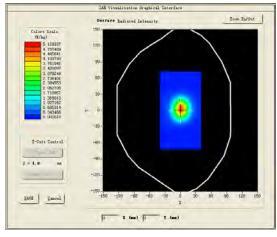
Model:Dipole SID2450

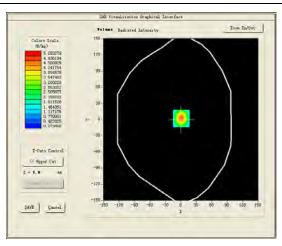
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

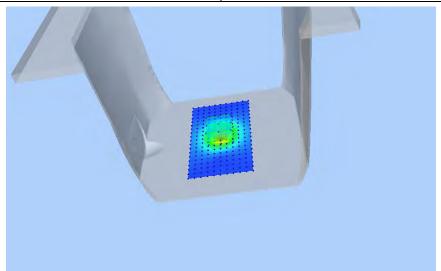
Test Date: October 29, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.12
Conductivity (S/m)	1.76
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.21
Variation (%)	0.240000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.343463
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.224016
57 11 ( 15 ( 17/115)	3.22 TOTO

### **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:2600MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

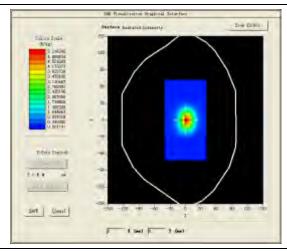
Model:Dipole SID2600

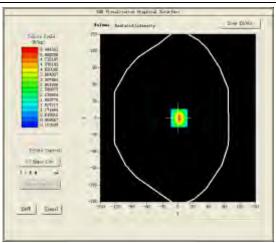
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

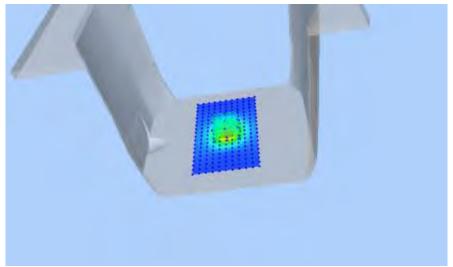
Test Date: November 04, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.56
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Variation (%)	-2.360000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.420415
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.346648

### **SURFACE SAR**







### 4.9 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

Test Mode:GSM 850MHz,Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)

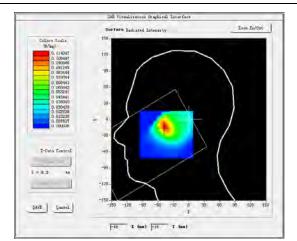
Product Description: Tablet

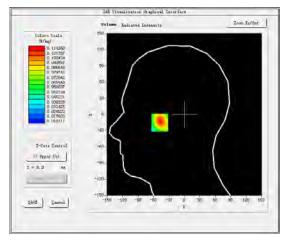
Model:8LB1

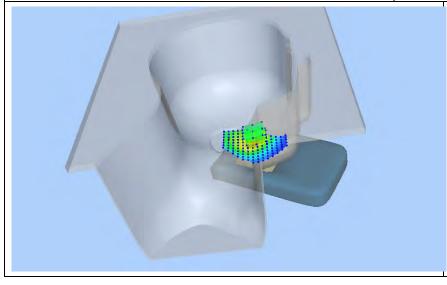
Test Date: October 15, 2020

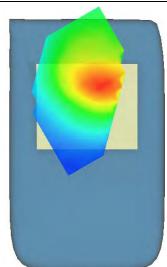
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.12
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.78
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.310000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063197
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.108632
CLIDET CE CAD	MOLUME CAR

### **SURFACE SAR**









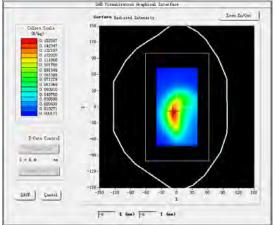
Test Mode:Hotspot GSM850MHz,High channel(Body Rear Side)

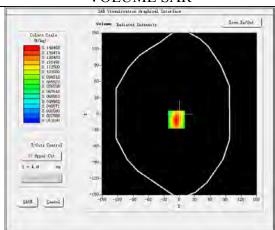
Product Description: Tablet

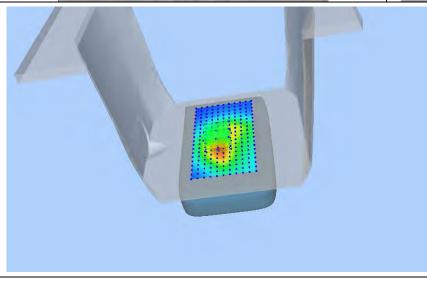
Model:8LB1

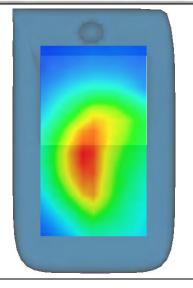
Test Date: October 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.16
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.85
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.670000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.081349
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.140285
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









Test Mode:GSM 1900MHz, Low channel(Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: Tablet

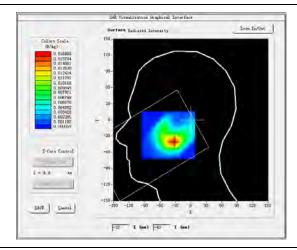
Model:8LB1

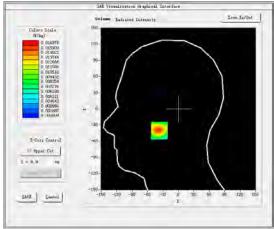
Test Date: October 22, 2020

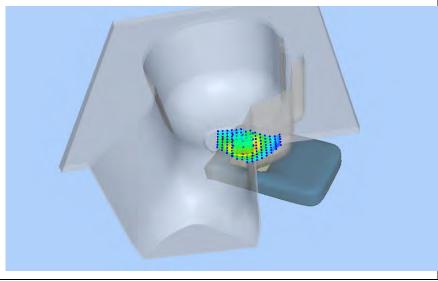
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.39
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.83
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	4.550000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.008273
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.015907
	TIOT III FE CAR

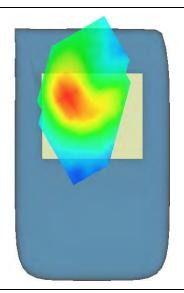
### **SURFACE SAR**

# VOLUME SAR 248 Visualisation de quili est. Tator fors









Test Mode: Hotspot GPRS1900MHz, High channel (Body Rear Side)

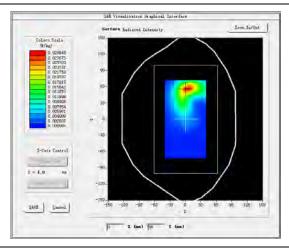
Product Description: Tablet

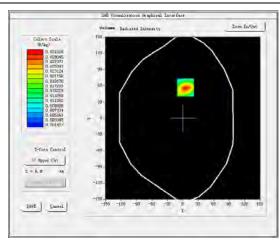
Model:8LB1

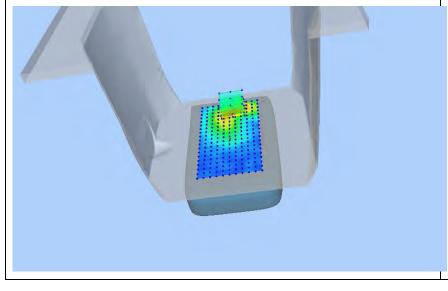
Test Date: October 22, 2020

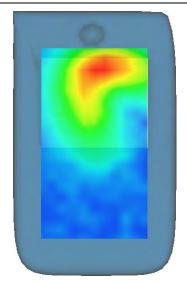
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.34
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.500000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.014822
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.029186
CLIDE LOE CLD	TIOT TIPED CAD

### **SURFACE SAR**









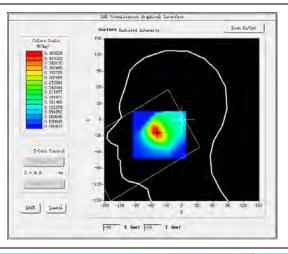
Test Mode:WCDMA Band V,Low channel(Head Left Cheek)

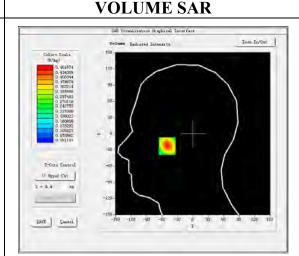
Product Description: Tablet

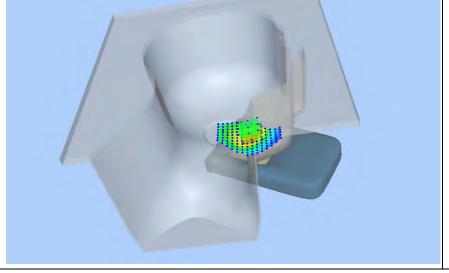
Model:8LB1

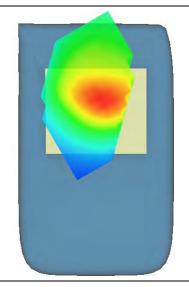
Test Date: October 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	846.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.41
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.78
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.110000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.263272
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.446086
CUDEACECAD	VOLUME CAR









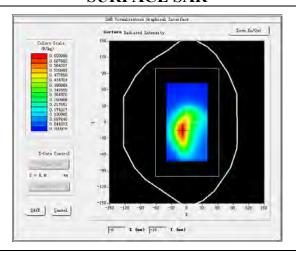
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band V,Low channel(Body Rear Side)

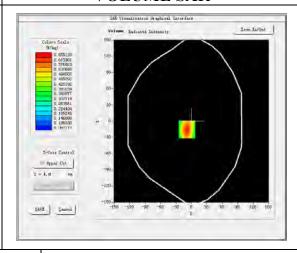
Product Description: Tablet

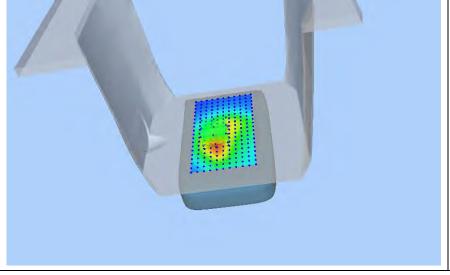
Model:8LB1

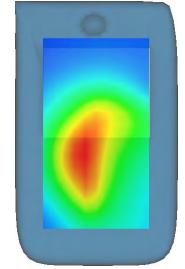
Test Date: October 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	846.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.85
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.150000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.362419
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.618566
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









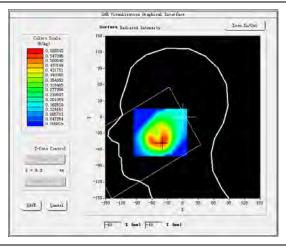
Test Mode:WCDMA Band II, High channel (Head Left Cheek)

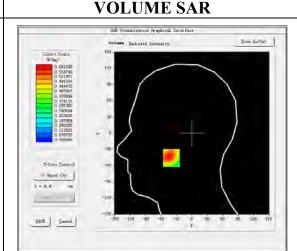
Product Description: Tablet

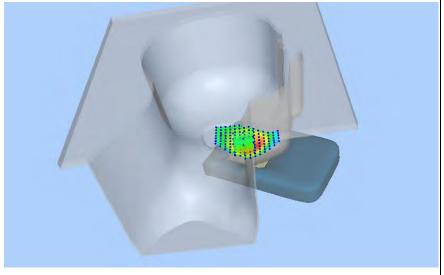
Model:8LB1

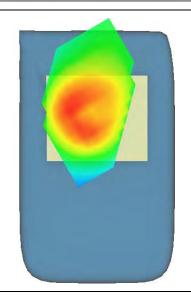
Test Date: October 22, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.39
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.83
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.333887
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.572002
CUREA CE CAR	









Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band II, High channel (Body Rear Side)

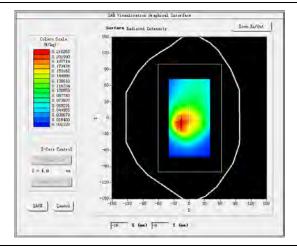
Product Description: Tablet

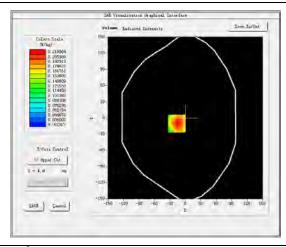
Model:8LB1

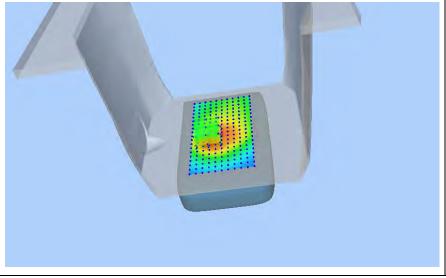
Test Date: October 22, 2020

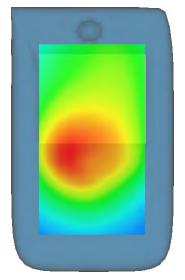
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.25
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.132144
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.209019
SUDEACE SAD	VOLUME CAD











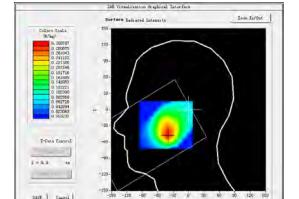
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB, Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: Tablet

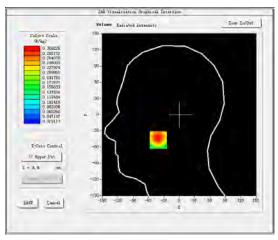
Model:8LB1

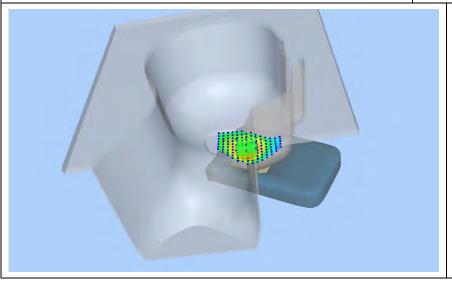
Test Date: October 22, 2020

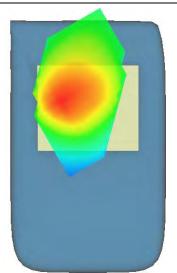
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.09
Conductivity (S/m)	1.44
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.181324
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.289751
SUDFACE SAD	VOLUME SAR











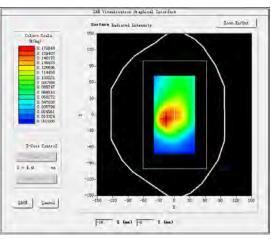
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

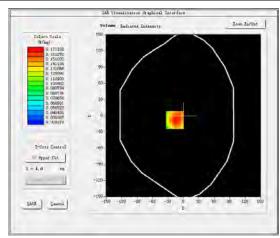
Product Description: Tablet

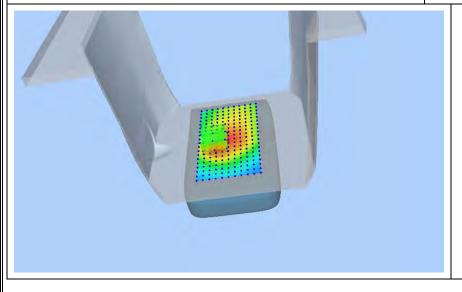
Model:8LB1

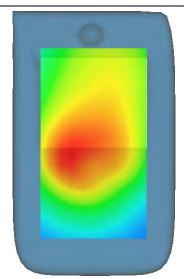
Test Date: October 22, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.78
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.220000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107163
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.164452
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB, High channel(Head Left Cheek)

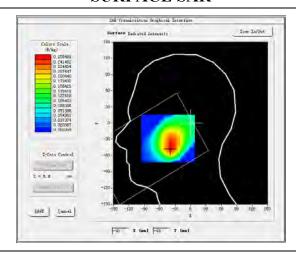
Product Description: Tablet

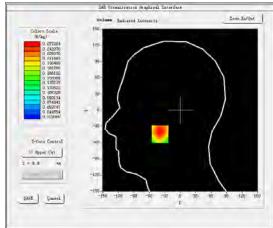
Model:8LB1

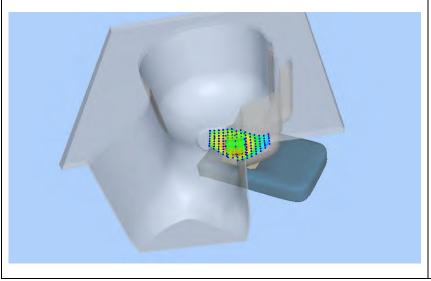
Test Date: October 16, 2020

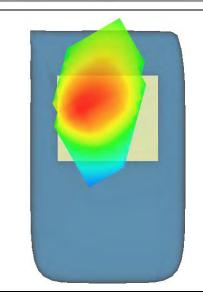
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1720.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.87
Conductivity (S/m)	1.39
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.164144
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.248919

### **SURFACE SAR**









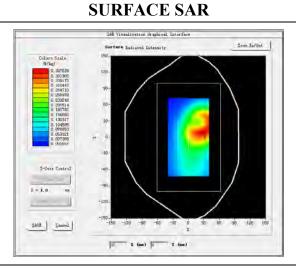
Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB, High channel(Body Rear Side)

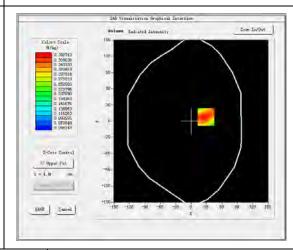
Product Description: Tablet

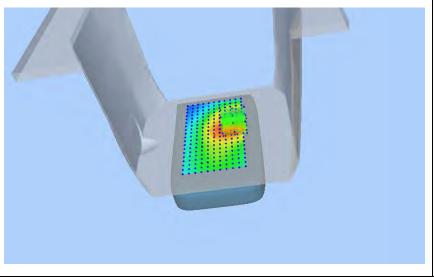
Model:8LB1

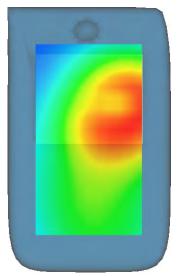
Test Date: October 16, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1720.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.74
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.190000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.238810
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.368329
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









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Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB, High channel(Head Left Cheek)

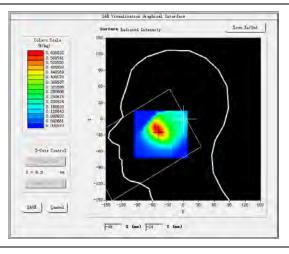
Product Description: Tablet

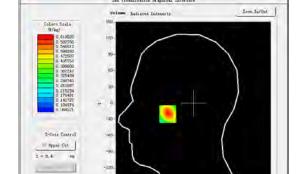
Model:8LB1

Test Date: October 15, 2020

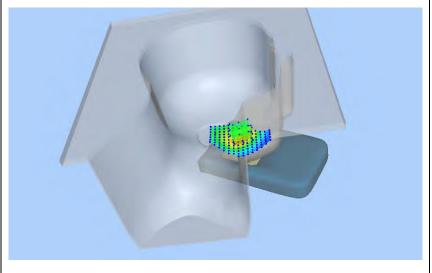
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	829.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.355787
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.599812
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

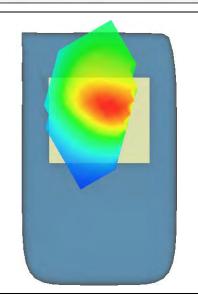
### **SURFACE SAR**





thir | tanel





Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB, High channel(Body Rear Side)

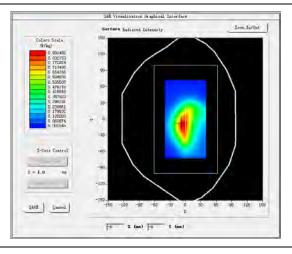
Product Description: Tablet

Model:8LB1

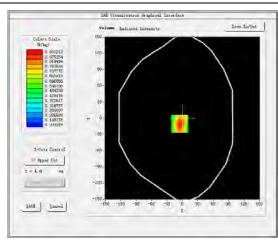
Test Date: October 15, 2020

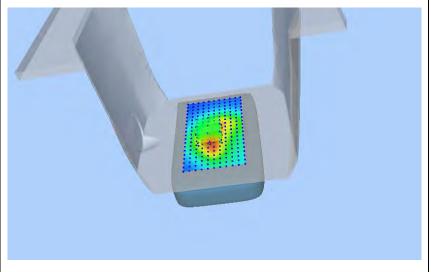
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	829.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.515924
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.711280
CLIDEL CE CLD	7707 777 577 64 77

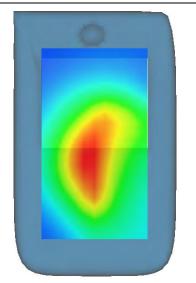
# **SURFACE SAR**



# **VOLUME SAR**







Test Mode: LTE Band 7, 1RB, Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)

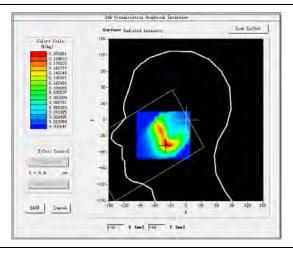
Product Description: Tablet

Model:8LB1

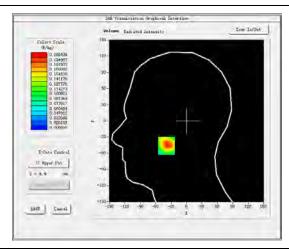
Test Date: November 04, 2020

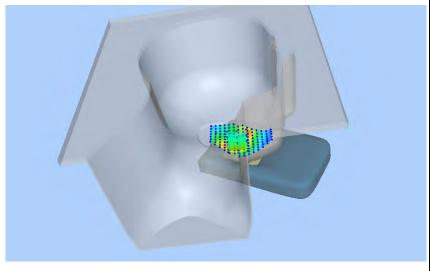
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.41
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.790000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.098943
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.199156

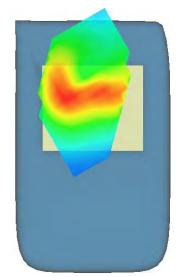
# **SURFACE SAR**



# **VOLUME SAR**







Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 7, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

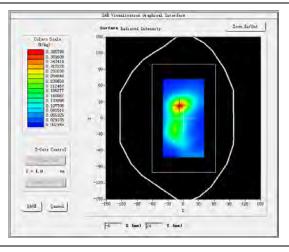
Product Description: Tablet

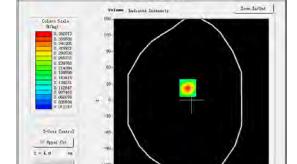
Model:8LB1

Test Date: November 04, 2020

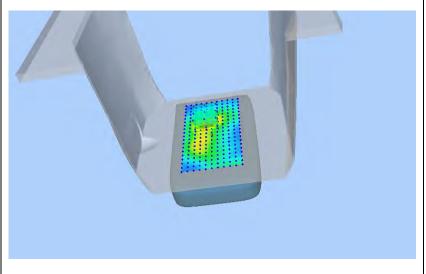
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.23
Conductivity (S/m)	1.93
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.290000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.176633
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.366155
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

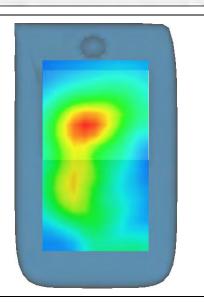
# **SURFACE SAR**





\$ME Santel





Test Mode: LTE Band 12, 1RB, Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: Tablet

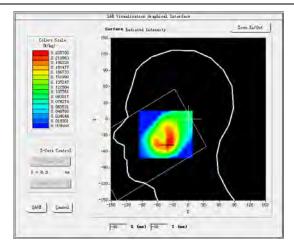
Model:8LB1

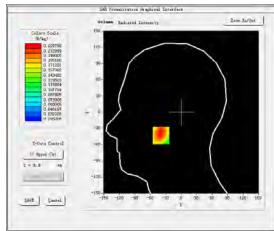
Test Date: October 14, 2020

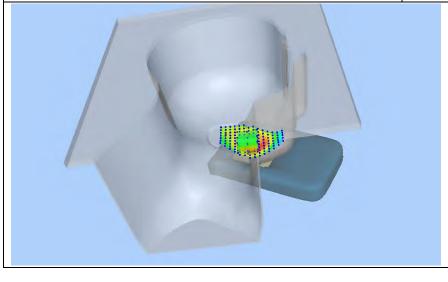
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	704.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.62
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.040000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.133804
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.223073
CHIPE LOE CLIP	

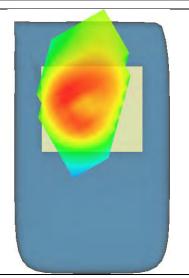
# **SURFACE SAR**











Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 12, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: Tablet

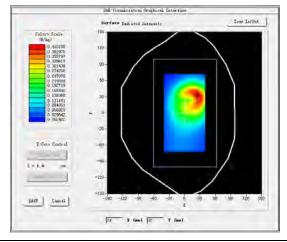
Model:8LB1

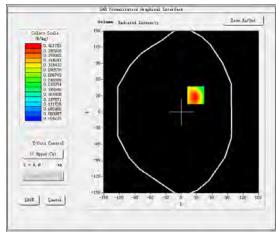
Test Date: October 14, 2020

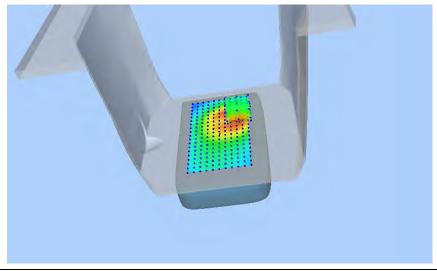
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	704.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.17
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.680000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.245958
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.428957
SUDEACE SAD	VOLUME SAD

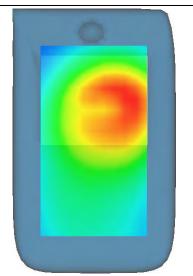
## **SURFACE SAR**

# **VOLUME SAR**









Test Mode: LTE Band 17, 1RB, Low channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: Tablet

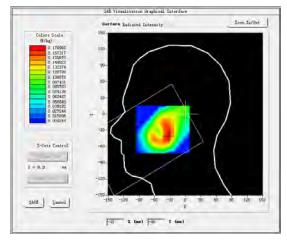
Model:8LB1

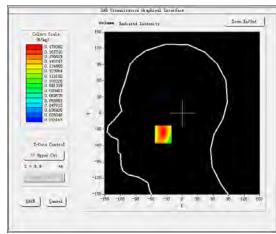
Test Date: October 14, 2020

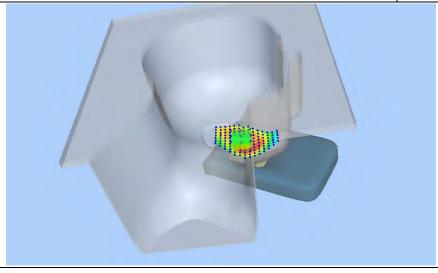
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	709.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.85
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.450000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107285
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.175123
SUDEACESAD	VOLUME CAD

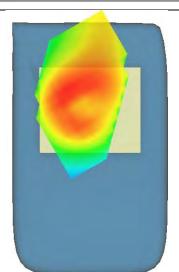
## **SURFACE SAR**











Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 17, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: Tablet

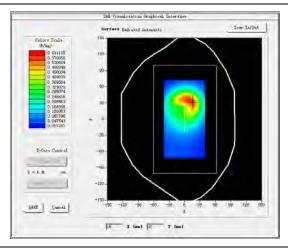
Model:8LB1

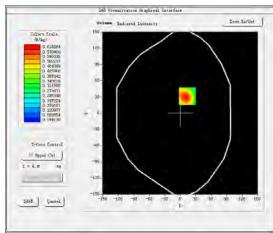
Test Date: October 14, 2020

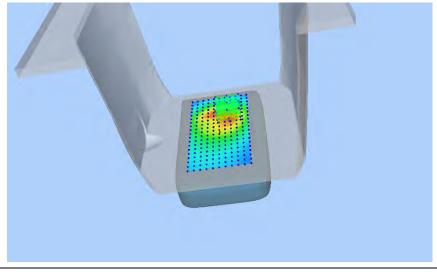
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	709.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.74
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.120000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.352064
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.630596
CLIDEA CE CAD	VOLUME CAD

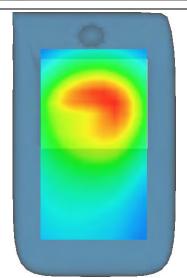
# **SURFACE SAR**

# **VOLUME SAR**









Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: Tablet

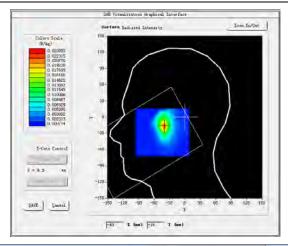
Model:8LB1

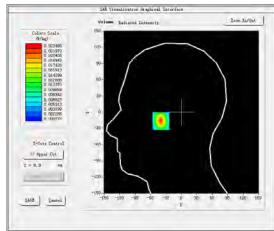
Test Date: October 29, 2020

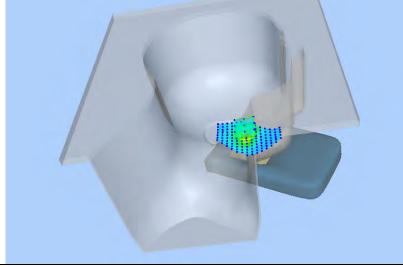
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2452.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.15
Conductivity (S/m)	1.78
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.21
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	3.190000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.009736
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.021723
SLIDEA CE SAD	VOLUME CAD

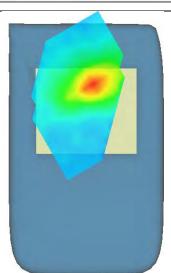
## **SURFACE SAR**

# **VOLUME SAR**









Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G), Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

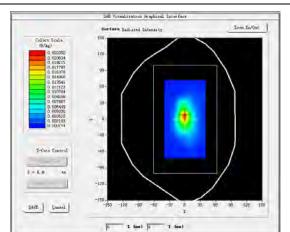
Product Description: Tablet

Model:8LB1

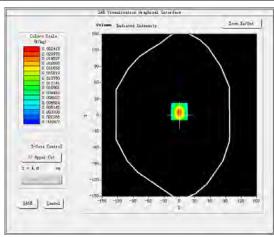
Test Date: October 29, 2020

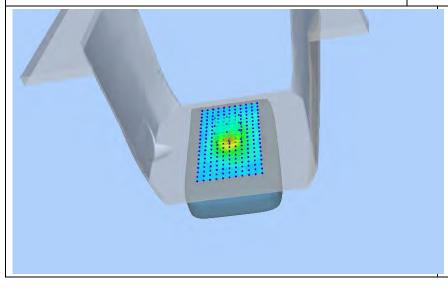
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2452.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.03
Conductivity (S/m)	1.79
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.28
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.430000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.009589
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.020859
CLIDEA CE CAD	WOLLIME CAD

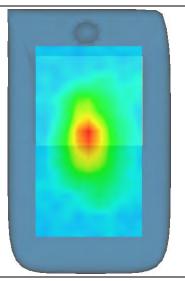
# **SURFACE SAR**











## 5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

## 5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate



# **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR, 281, 2, 18, SATU, A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 10/07/2020

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/7/2020	25
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/7/2020	25
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/7/2020	Kum Pustkinishi

	Customer Name
Distribution;	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Date	Modifications
10/7/2020	Initial release
	4 4 -
	Date 10/7/2020

Page: 2/10



Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

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Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ	
	Dipole 3; R3=0.218 MΩ	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

## 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

## 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis ( $0^{\circ}$ – $180^{\circ}$ ) in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis ( $0^{\circ}$ – $360^{\circ}$ ).

## 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

## 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	T	1.732%
Reflected power	3 00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5 00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2,309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1.	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

## 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

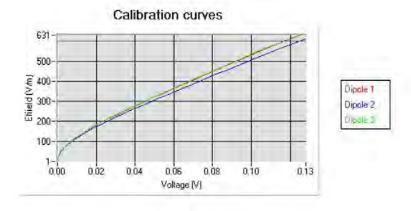
# 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

	Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	
0.80	0,83	0.68

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

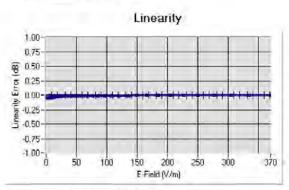


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Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

## 5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: I+/-1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

# 5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1,54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1,94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1,50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4,87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36,66	5,17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1,53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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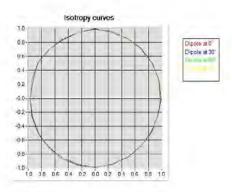


Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

## 5.4 ISOTROPY

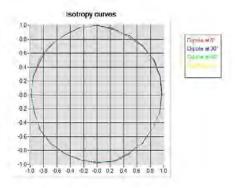
## HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



## HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



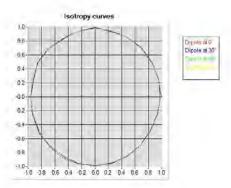
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# HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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# 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Manufacturer / Current Next Calibratio					
Equipment Description	Model Model	Identification No.	Calibration Date	Date Date	
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA.	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2019	10/2021	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2020	01/2023	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required	
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023	

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# 5.2 SID750 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



10/01/2018

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Ref: ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JES
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/14/2018	frem Prethoust

	Customer Name
Distribution:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing
	Laboratory Ltd.

Date	Modifications
10/14/2018	Initial release

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	Satimo		
Model	SID750		
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Lo	
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB	

## 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

## 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty	
1 g	20.3 %	
10 g	20.1 %	

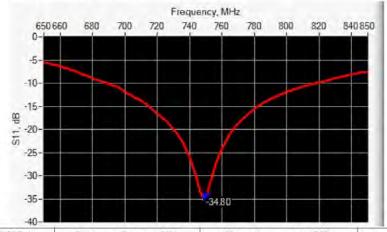
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## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-34.80	-20	$50.7 \Omega + 1.6 j\Omega$

## 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h m	im	<b>d</b> r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	PASS	100.0 ±1 %.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %.	PASS
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.	i	3.6 ±1 %.	

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#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

#### 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s,')		Conductiv	ity (o) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	-
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41,9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS
835	41,5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39,5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38,5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

## 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Próbe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.1 sigma: 0.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution dx=8mm/dy=8mm	

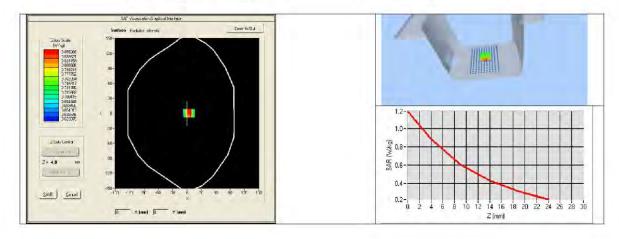
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Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	750 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.38 (0.84)	5.55	5.53 (0.55)
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29	1	16	1
1500	30.5	1	16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	1
1750	36.4	1	19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5	1	20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6	1	21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8	1	25.7	
3500	67.1	11	25	



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## 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s <sub>r</sub> ')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.96 ±5 %	PASS
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %	1	1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

## 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4		
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71		
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122		
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 56.6 sigma: 0.99		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm		
Frequency	750 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

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