

Test report No:

NIE: 76558RAN.002A1

Assessment report RF EXPOSURE REPORT ACCORDING TO FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091; FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307 FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1310

(*) Identification of item under evaluation	HAIP Locator
(*) Trademark	Nokia
(*) Model and /or type reference	LD-7L
(*) Other identification of the product	HW version: 1.5 SW version: 6.1 FCC ID: 2AVO2LD-7L (applicant: Nokia of America Corp) IC: 661AF-LD7L (applicant: Nokia solutions and Networks Canada)
(*) Features	Bluetooth LE
(*) Manufacturer	Scanfil Malmö AB Bronsyxegatan 6B, 213 75 Malmö, Sweden
Test method requested, standard	 FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices. FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307: Actions that may have a significant environmental effect, for which Environmental Assessments (EAs) must be prepared. FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.
Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Approved by (name / position & signature)	Miguel Lacave Antennas Lab Manager
Date of issue	2024-05-14
Report template No	FAN36_02 (*) "Data provided by the client"



Index

Competences and guarantees	3
General conditions	3
Data provided by the client	3
Identification of the client	4
Document history	4
Appendix A: FCC RF Exposure assessment result	5
General description of the device under evaluation	6
Evaluation Results	6
Appendix B: FCC RF Exposure information	7
RF Exposure determination of exemption	8
RF Exposure evaluation	10



Competences and guarantees

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. at the time of performance of the test.

DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

The results presented in this Assessment Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

IMPORTANT: No parts of this report may be reproduced or quoted out of context, in any form or by any means, except in full, without the previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U.

General conditions

- 1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the assessment.
- 2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- 3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U.
- 4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. and the Accreditation Bodies

Data provided by the client

The following data has been provided by the client:

- Information relating to the description of the sample ("Identification of the item under evaluation", "Trademark", "Model and/or type reference", "General description of the device", "Other identification of the product").
- 2. Use distance information.
- 3. The device under evaluation consists of a HAIP Locator LD-7L, it is a part of the Nokia HAIP (High Accuracy Indoor Positioning) system that is used to locate HAIP tags. LD-7L uses 2.4 GHz RF transceiver for locating and configuring HAIP tags and Ethernet to connect to the HAIP network. In addition to locating HAIP tags, LD-7L can be configured as Bluetooth Low Energy broadcaster to provide signals that Bluetooth low energy compatible devices can use for positioning.

LD-7L can be powered using POE (Power Over Ethernet) or 12 V DC power supply. LD-7L is compatible with HAIP Tag LD-6T.

DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. declines any responsibility with respect to the information provided by the client and that may affect the validity of results.



Identification of the client

Company name: Nokia Solutions and Networks Ltd. Postal address: Budapest, Bókay János u. 36-42, 1083 Hungary Contact person: Szabolcs Jakits Telephone / E-mail: +36 70 525 0680 / szabolcs.jakits@nokia.com

Document history

Report number	Date	Description
76558RAN.002	2024-04-18	First release
76558RAN.002A1	2024-05-14	Second release: AoA reference has been removed from features section on the cover.
		This modification test report cancels and replaces the test report 76558RAN.002



Appendix A: FCC RF Exposure assessment result



General description of the device under evaluation

Table 1 shows information used for the RF Evaluation, taking into account the following declared specifications for the device:

Description and technologies: the device under evaluation consists of a HAIP Locator LD-7L, it is a part of the Nokia HAIP (High Accuracy Indoor Positioning) system that is used to locate HAIP tags. LD-7L uses 2.4 GHz RF transceiver for locating and configuring HAIP tags and Ethernet to connect to the HAIP network. In addition to locating HAIP tags, LD-7L can be configured as Bluetooth Low Energy broadcaster to provide signals that Bluetooth low energy compatible devices can use for positioning.

LD-7L can be powered using POE (Power Over Ethernet) or 12 V DC power supply. LD-7L is compatible with HAIP Tag LD-6T. with the following features: BTLE.

Evaluation Distance: according to the manufacturer, during its normal use, the separation distance between the radiating structures of the device and nearby users will be greater than 20 cm. In order to perform the assessment a conservative evaluation distance of 20 cm has been used.

Maximum output power:

- Values corresponding to conducted output power have been measured and stated into DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. test report num. 76558RRF.002.

Antennas: the device supports one antenna for the BTLE transmitting technology:

- Values corresponding to maximum peak gain values have been measured and stated into DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. test report num. 78769RAN.001.

The following table shows the information provided above:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Antenna peak gain (dBi)	Maximum E.R.P. (dBm)	Maximum E.R.P. (mW)	Maximum E.I.R.P. (dBm)	Maximum E.I.R.P. (mW)
BTLE	2.4 GHz	2400 - 2483.5	2.55	4.01	4.41	2.76	6.56	4.53

 Table 1: Equipment specifications

Evaluation Results

RF Exposure <u>Exemption</u> evaluation:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Distance (cm)	Maximum E.R.P. (mW)	§1.1307(b)(3).i.(C) Exposure Limit (mW)	
BTLE	2.4 GHz	2400 - 2483.5	20.00	2.76	768.00	Pass

Table 2: FCC Exemption Evaluation Results

The computed value(s) are below the exemption limit(s), so these modes meet the requirements stated in FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307.



Appendix B: FCC RF Exposure information



RF Exposure determination of exemption

According to FCC 47 CFR §1.1307 (b)(3) Determination of exemption:

(i) For single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph (b)(2), a single RF source is exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A);

(B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). Pth is given by:

$$P_{th} (mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 cm} (d/20 cm)^x & d \le 20 cm \\ \\ ERP_{20 cm} & 20 cm < d \le 40 cm \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \le f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

(C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

TABLE 1 TO §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C)—SINGLE RF SOURCES SUBJECT TO ROUTINE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION

RF Source frequency	Threshold ERP	
(MHz)	(watts)	
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ² .	
1.34-30	3,450 R ² /f ² .	
30-300	3.83 R ² .	
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f.	
1,500-100,000	19.2R ² .	



(ii) For multiple RF sources: Multiple RF sources are exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required). This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those is paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A).

(B) in the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for Pth, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph (b)(3)(i)(C) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

Pi = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

Pth, i = the exemption threshold power (Pth) according to paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i.

ERPj = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j.

ERPth, j = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j, at a distance of at least $\lambda/2\pi$ according to the applicable formula of paragraph (b)(3)(i)(C) of this section.

Evaluated, k = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

Exposure Limit, k = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k, as applicable from §1.1310 of this chapter.

The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), can be calculated using the following formula to assess compliance with the Exemption Limits:

$$P_{E.I.R.P.} = P_T + G_T - L_C$$

Where:

 P_T = transmitter time-averaged output power (including Duty Cycle and tune-up tolerance, if applicable) G_T = gain of the transmitting antenna

L_C = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and the antenna if applicable

 $P_{E.R.P.} = P_{E.I.R.P.} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$



RF Exposure evaluation

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) for RF sources are defined in FCC 47 CFR "§1.1310 Radiation Exposure limits, paragraph (e)":

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
	(i) Limits for	Occupational/Controlled Exp	osure	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	≤6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	<6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	<6
300-1,500			f/300	<6
1,500-100,000			5	<6
	(ii) Limits for Gen	eral Population/Uncontrolled	Exposure	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	<30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	<30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	<30
300-1,500			f/1500	<30
1,500-100,000			1.0	<30

TABLE 1 TO §1.1310(E)(1)-LIMITS FOR	PERMISSIBLE	EXPOSURE	(MPE)
	ERMIDDLE	EXT OBOILE	(

f = frequency in MHz. * = Plane-wave equivalent power density.

Each supported transmission technology will be evaluated to determine if it is in compliance with limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

In order to perform the assessment, the following equations have been used for the calculations; these equations are accurate in the far-field of an antenna and will over-predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a "worst-case" or conservative prediction:

Power density:
$$S[mW / cm^2] = \frac{P_{E.I.R.P.}[mW]}{4\Pi R[cm]^2}$$

Where:

S = power density

 $P_{E,I,R,P}$ = Equivalent isotropically radiated power

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (evaluation distance)

 $P_{E.I.R.P.} = P_T + G_T - L_C$

Where:

 P_T = transmitter time-averaged output power (including Duty Cycle and tune-up tolerance, if applicable) G_T = gain of the transmitting antenna

L_c = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and the antenna if applicable