FCC SAR Test Report

Report No.: FA051501-01

APPLICANT : VinSmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock

Company

EQUIPMENT : SMARTPHONE

BRAND NAME : AT&T MODEL NAME : V350C

FCC ID : 2AVD3V350C

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on May 15, 2020 and testing was started from Aug. 15, 2020 and completed on Aug. 19, 2020. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA051501-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 15, 2020

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for VinSmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock Company, SMARTPHONE, V350C, are as follows.

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	Highest 1g SAR Summary								
Equipment Class	Fr	requency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)			
	GSM	GSM850	0.24	0.45	0.45				
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.21	0.43	0.43				
	WCDMA	Band II	0.41	1.19	1.19				
		Band IV	0.44	0.99	0.99				
		Band V	0.47	0.64	0.64				
Licensed	LTE	Band 2	0.44	1.03	1.03	1.34			
		Band 4	0.43	0.79	0.79				
		Band 5	0.41	0.62	0.62				
	LIE	Band 12	0.26	0.42	0.42				
		Band 14	0.32	0.76	0.52				
		Band 30	0.55	0.90	0.90				
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.38	0.14	0.14	1.34			
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	1.26			
	Date of Testi	ng:		2020/8/15~	2020/8/19				

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

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Testing Laboratory						
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.					
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958					
Total Cita No	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.				
Test Site No.	CN1257	314309				

Applicant Applicant					
Company Name	VinSmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock Company				
Address	Lot CN1-06B-1&2, Hi-tech Industrial Park 1, Hoa Lac Hi-tech Park, Ha Bang, Thach That, Hanoi, Vietnam				

Manufacturer Manufacturer					
Company Name	VinSmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock Company				
Address	Lot CN1-06B-1&2, Hi-tech Industrial Park 1, Hoa Lac Hi-tech Park, Ha Bang, Thach That, Hanoi, Vietnam				

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	SMARTPHONE
Brand Name	AT&T
Model Name	V350C
FCC ID	2AVD3V350C
IMEI Code	353795160011555
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 10: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 10: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 10: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/ HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	REV 1.0
SW Version	V350C_A1_200903
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

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Remark:

- 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 3. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 33.
- 4. This device has two WWAN transmitter antennas. WWAN antenna 1 is located at the right side of bottom edge of the device and WWAN antenna 2 is located at the left side of bottom edge of the device which can refer to antenna location chapter. WWAN antenna 1 frequency bands include GSM850, WCDMA Band V, LTE Band 5/12/14, WWAN antenna 2 frequency bands include GSM1900, WCDMA Band II/IV, LTE Band 2/4/30. They can't transmit simultaneously.
- This is a test report for change in FCC ID, there is no difference on the product design between FCC ID: 2AVD3V350C and original FCC ID: 2AVD3V350U, all the test results are leveraged from original FCC ID: 2AVD3V350U, report number FA051501

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4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	necessary iter	ns addre	ssed in K	(DB 941	1225 D05	v02r05		
FCC ID	2AVD3V350C							
Equipment Name	SMARTPHONE							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 14: 790.5 MHz ~ 795.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 14: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 30: 5MHz, 10MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM	1 / 64QAM						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R13;Cat13							
CA Support	Yes, Downlink only							
O' t O apport		лпу						
-	Table 6.2.3	3-1: Maxim Cha	nnel bandw	idth / Tra	nsmission 10	bandwidth 15	(N _{RB})	and 3
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Table 6.2.3	3-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz	nnel bandw 3.0 MHz	idth / Tra 5 MHz	nsmission 10 MHz	bandwidth 15 MHz	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz	MPR (dB)
	Table 6.2.3	3-1: Maxim Cha	nnel bandw	idth / Tra	nsmission 10	bandwidth 15	(N _{RB})	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK	3-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz > 5	3.0 MHz > 4	/idth / Tra 5 MHz > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18	MPR (dB) ≤ 1
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM	3-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18	MPR (dB) ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM	3-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	MPR (dB) ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 3
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM In the base stat A-MPR during (Maximum TTI)	Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 SAR testil	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 tor configur	5 MHz > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≥ 1 etwork Set AR tests v	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 was transm	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 s set to Nonitting on	MPR (dB) ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 3 ≤ 5 S_01 to disable all TTI frames
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM In the base stat A-MPR during (Maximum TTI) A properly confitherefore, specthe SAR report.	B-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 stion simulat SAR testiin gured base trum plots from the stirct of the stirc	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 stor configuring and the estation sire for each RI	State	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 ≥ 12 ≥ 12 ≥ 12 ≥ 1 etwork Set AR tests v vas used for ion and off	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	(NRB)	MPR (dB) ≤1 ≤1 ≤2 ≤2 ≤3 ≤5 S_01 to disable all TTI frames measurement; not included in
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design LTE A-MPR	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM In the base stat A-MPR during (Maximum TTI) A properly confitherefore, speci	B-1: Maxim Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 stion simulat SAR testii gured base trum plots to	annel bandw 3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 cor configuring and the estation sirr for each RI nations and	yidth / Tra	ansmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 etwork Set AR tests v vas used for ion and off at power v	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ing value ing	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 initing on and power uration are	MPR (dB) ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 3 ≤ 5 S_01 to disable all TTI frames measurement; not included in erred to section

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UKTON	ILAB. I	0 0/1/		-								_	10	- 70	31301-0
			Transmis	sion (H, M	, L) c	hann		s and freqւ	ıenc	ies in	each LTE	oand			
							LTE Bar								
	Bandwidth		Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	_		Bandwidt		Band	dwidtl	h 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. 1Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625 1852.5		18650	18	1855 18675		1857.5	5 1870		1860	
М	18900	1880	18900	1880	189	900	1880	18900	18	880	18900			18900	
Н	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	191	175	1907.5	19150	19	905	19125	1902.5	191	00	1900
							LTE Bar								
	Bandwidth		Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidtl	h 10	MHz	Bandwidt		Band	dwidtl	h 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. 1Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	199		1712.5	20000		715	20025	1717.5	200		1720
М	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	201	175	1732.5	20175	17	32.5	20175	1732.5	201	75	1732.5
Н	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	203	375	1752.5	20350	1	750	20325	1747.5	203	00	1745
							LTE Bar	nd 5							
	Band	width 1.4 N	/lHz	Band	dwidth	h 3 M	Hz	Ban	dwid	th 5 M	Hz	Bandwid			ИHz
	Ch. #	Fred	ą. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fred	ą. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fred	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Free	q. (MHz)
L	20407	8	24.7	20415		8	325.5	20425		8	326.5	20450	829		829
M	20525	8	36.5	20525		8	36.5	20525		3	336.5	20525		836.5	
Н	20643	8	48.3	20635		8	347.5	20625		3	346.5	20600		844	
							LTE Ban	d 12							
	Band	dwidth 1.4	MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 3 N	ИHz	Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz						ИHz	
	Ch. #		eq. (MHz)	Ch. #			q. (MHz)	Ch. #	-1(Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)		
L	23017		699.7	23025			700.5	23035		701.5					
М	23095		707.5	23095			707.5	23095			707.5				
Н	23173						23130)		711					
							LTE Ban	d 14							
				th 5 MHz							Bandwidth				
		Channel #			Chan			Channel #				Freq.(MHz)			
L		23305			790										
M		23330			79			23330				79	3		
Н		23355			79	5.5	LTE Ban	4 30							
			Randuid	th 5 MHz			LIE Ban	u 30			Bandwidth	10 MU-			
		Channel #			Freq.(Cha	nnel #	- D anuwidii		Freq.(I	//Hz\	
L		27685			230				Cha	mier#			1 	VII IZ)	
М		27710			230				27	710			231	0	
Н		27735							21	, 10		2310			
H 2//35			H 27735 2312.5												

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

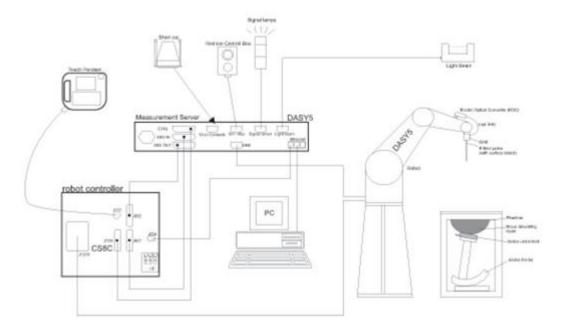
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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



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7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEET Hamoniz		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held **Transmitters**

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Z _{oom} (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Turno /Billo alol	Carial Number	Calib	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/26		
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2019/3/27	2022/3/26		
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/26		
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/25		
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1055	2018/9/20	2021/9/19		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/24		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2019/11/20	2020/11/19		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	2020/1/27	2021/1/26		
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1503	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR		
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2020/4/16	2021/4/15		
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2020/4/16	2021/4/15		
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2020/4/16	2021/4/15		
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2019/10/28	2020/10/27		
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2020/1/8	2021/1/7		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2020/8/14	2021/8/13		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2020/8/13	2021/8/12		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2020/8/13	2021/8/12		
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2020/1/8	2021/1/7		
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2020/1/8	2021/1/7		
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2020/1/8	2021/1/7		
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2020/8/14	2021/8/13		
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1		
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1		
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1		
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1		
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1		
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1		

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Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.







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Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.896	41.730	0.89	41.90	0.67	-0.41	±5	2020/8/15
835	Head	22.8	0.905	41.314	0.90	41.50	0.56	-0.45	±5	2020/8/16
1750	Head	22.7	1.363	39.029	1.37	40.10	-0.51	-2.67	±5	2020/8/16
1900	Head	22.7	1.403	39.091	1.40	40.00	0.21	-2.27	±5	2020/8/17
2300	Head	22.6	1.648	41.064	1.67	39.50	-1.32	3.96	±5	2020/8/18
2450	Head	22.7	1.859	38.521	1.80	39.20	3.28	-1.73	±5	2020/8/19

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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/8/15	750	Head	250	1087	3976	1338	2.16	8.36	8.64	3.35
2020/8/16	835	Head	250	4d151	3976	1338	2.45	9.30	9.8	5.38
2020/8/16	1750	Head	250	1090	3976	1338	9.61	36.40	38.44	5.60
2020/8/17	1900	Head	250	5d170	3976	1338	9.33	39.00	37.32	-4.31
2020/8/18	2300	Head	250	1055	3976	1338	11.60	48.70	46.4	-4.72
2020/8/19	2450	Head	250	908	3976	1338	13.10	52.80	52.4	-0.76

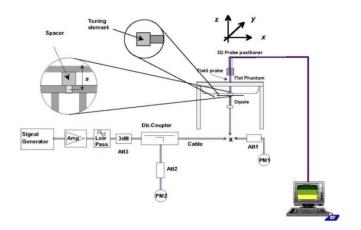


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



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Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

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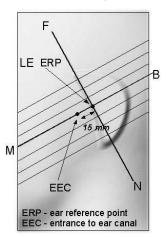
11. RF Exposure Positions

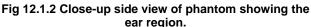
11.1 Ear and handset reference point

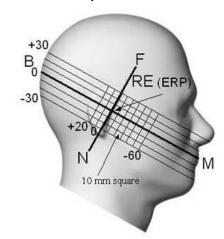
Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom







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Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

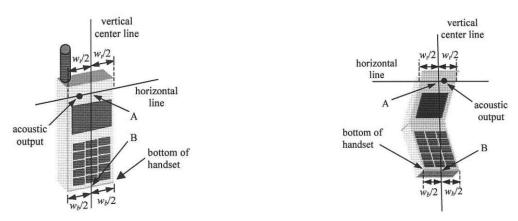


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

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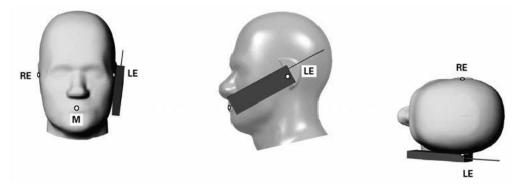


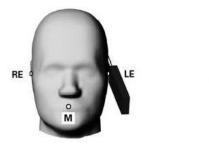
Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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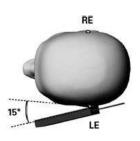
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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

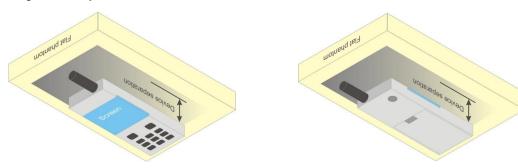


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

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11.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 1Tx slot for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction 3. procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

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FCC SAR Test Report

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
 vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β _d (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-		5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hx} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, $\beta_h = \beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3: setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 4:
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

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< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA

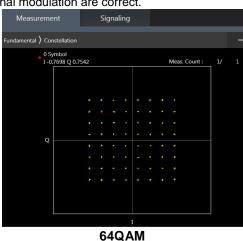
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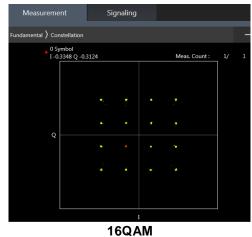
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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Anritsu MT8821C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





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<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink only for inter and intra band, Uplink CA is not supported. For the device supports combination bands and configurations are according to 3GPP.

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In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only 2. the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.

Index	2CC
2CC #1	CA_2A-5A
2CC #2	CA_2A-12A
2CC #3	CA_4A-5A
2CC #4	CA_4A-12A
2CC #5	CA_5A-30A
2CC #6	CA_12A-30A
2CC #7	CA_14A-30A
2CC #8	CA_2A-2A

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LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

General Note:

According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than 1/4 dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.

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- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than 1/4 dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than 1/4 dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 4. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 5. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 6. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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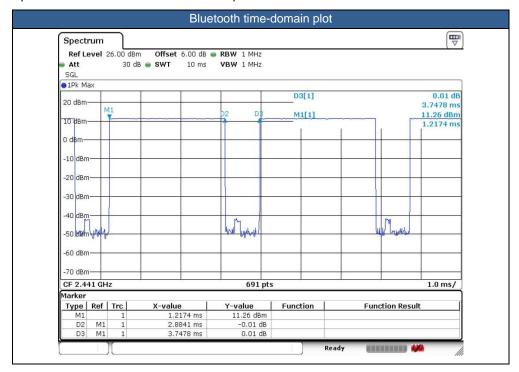
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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.95% as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

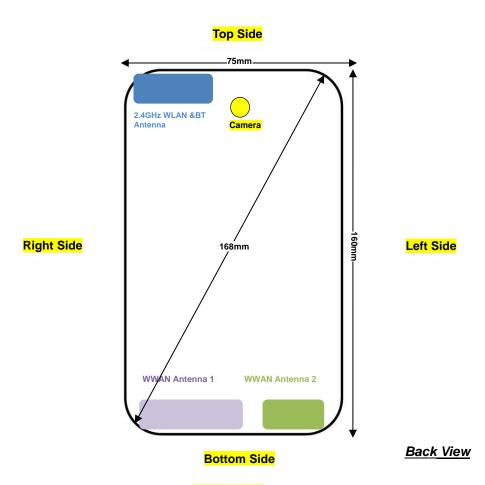
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13. Antenna Location



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Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side									
WWAN Antenna 1	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm			
WWAN Antenna 2 ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm >25mm ≤ 25mm >25mm									
2.4GHz WLAN & BT	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm			

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Antenna 1	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WWAN Antenna 2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN & BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- 2. WWAN antenna 1 frequency bands include GSM850, WCDMA Band V, LTE Band 5/12/14, WWAN antenna 2 frequency bands include GSM1900, WCDMA Band II/IV, LTE Band 2/4/30. They can't transmit simultaneously.

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g product specific SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, in this report all the hotspot mode results are < 1.2 W/kg.

GSM Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 1Tx slot for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- 2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode. SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA/ HSUPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA/ HSUPA.

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LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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14.1 <u>Head SAR</u>

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Right Cheek	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.03	0.203	0.242
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Right Tilted	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.03	0.088	0.104
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Left Cheek	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.02	0.185	0.221
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Left Tilted	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.12	0.090	0.107
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Right Cheek	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.05	0.105	0.158
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Right Tilted	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.01	0.089	0.133
02	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Left Cheek	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.01	0.141	0.212
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Left Tilted	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.03	0.096	0.144

Report No. : FA051501-01

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.14	0.248	0.325
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	0.05	0.122	0.160
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	0.18	0.314	0.412
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	0.03	0.221	0.290
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.01	0.196	0.289
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.05	0.092	0.136
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.04	0.298	0.440
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.06	0.178	0.263
05	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.05	0.347	0.467
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.02	0.168	0.226
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	-0.04	0.308	0.415
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.04	0.157	0.211

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<FDD LTE SAR>

	DD LIL OA													
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	-0.14	0.232	0.281
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.03	0.187	0.227
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.05	0.192	0.232
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.01	0.149	0.181
06	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.19	0.365	0.442
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.03	0.285	0.347
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	-0.01	0.223	0.270
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.08	0.177	0.215
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.16	0.196	0.255
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.03	0.159	0.208
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.02	0.139	0.181
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.01	0.120	0.157
07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.18	0.326	0.425
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.03	0.284	0.371
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.03	0.160	0.209
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.01	0.138	0.180
08	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	-0.07	0.341	0.407
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.01	0.263	0.343
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.05	0.172	0.205
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0		20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.06	0.118	0.154
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	-0.1	0.339	0.405
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0		20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	-0.06	0.259	0.338
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.09	0.155	0.185
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.08	0.119	0.155
09	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek		707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.09	0.215	0.260
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek		707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.08	0.162	0.208
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted		707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	0.03	0.103	0.124
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0		23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	-0.03	0.077	0.099
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.15	0.154	0.186
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.08	0.101	0.130
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.01	0.089	0.108
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.07	0.068	0.087
10	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek		793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.05	0.231	0.318
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25		Right Cheek			22.05	23.50	1.396	-0.01	0.178	0.249
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted		793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.05	0.128	0.176
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted		793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.04	0.102	0.142
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0		23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.17	0.185	0.255
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0		23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.05	0.165	0.230
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0		23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.04	0.105	0.145
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0		23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.02	0.091	0.127
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1		Right Cheek		2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	0.05	0.293	0.341
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25		Right Cheek		2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	-0.06	0.242	0.298
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted		2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	0.03	0.268	0.312
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Tilted			22.59	23.50	1.233	0.04	0.205	0.253
11	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek			23.84	24.50	1.164	-0.14	0.472	0.549
<u> </u>	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Cheek		2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.05	0.367	0.453
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0		27710		23.84	24.50	1.164	-0.03	0.200	0.233
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Tilted	27710		22.59	23.50	1.233	0.08	0.154	0.190
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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.02	0.168	0.188
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.02	0.146	0.164
12	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.05	0.335	0.376
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.07	0.226	0.254

Report No. : FA051501-01

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
13	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.05	0.062	0.079
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.08	0.058	0.074
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.06	0.059	0.075
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.08	0.042	0.054

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14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Front	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.01	0.211	0.252
14	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Back	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.09	0.376	0.449
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Left Side	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.04	0.145	0.173
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Right Side	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.08	0.249	0.297
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Bottom Side	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.04	0.232	0.277
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Front	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.03	0.210	0.316
15	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Back	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	-0.17	0.288	0.434
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Left Side	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.06	0.222	0.334
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Right Side	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	-0.01	0.060	0.091
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Bottom Side	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	-0.05	0.172	0.259

Report No. : FA051501-01

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.01	0.559	0.734
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.12	0.777	1.020
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	23.18	24.50	1.355	-0.03	0.640	0.867
16	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	23.12	24.50	1.374	-0.15	0.867	1.191
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	0.03	0.488	0.640
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.05	0.150	0.197
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	0.01	0.450	0.590
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.02	0.566	0.835
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.63	24.50	1.538	0.04	0.510	0.784
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.77	24.50	1.489	-0.11	0.549	0.818
17	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.05	0.671	0.990
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.63	24.50	1.538	0.15	0.635	0.977
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.77	24.50	1.489	0.09	0.617	0.919
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.08	0.454	0.670
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.06	0.121	0.179
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.07	0.448	0.661
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	-0.07	0.243	0.327
18	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.02	0.476	0.641
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.05	0.190	0.256
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.03	0.475	0.639
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.01	0.354	0.476

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<FDD LTE SAR>

	D LIL OA														
Plot	Donal	BW	Madulation	RB	RB	Test	Gap	Ch	Freq.		Tune-Up	Tune-up			Reported
No.	Band	(MHz)	Modulation	Size	offset	Position	(mm)	Ch.	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.03	0.589	0.713
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.02	0.485	0.590
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	-0.07	0.752	0.910
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	23.56	24.50	1.242	0.04	0.742	0.921
19	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	19100	1900	23.47	24.50	1.268	-0.17	0.813	1.031
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.05	0.595	0.724
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.03	0.698	0.867
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.06	0.593	0.718
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.02	0.463	0.563
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.04	0.157	0.190
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.01	0.133	0.162
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.02	0.454	0.550
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.07	0.386	0.469
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.05	0.508	0.662
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.06	0.482	0.630
20	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.13	0.606	0.790
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.07	0.569	0.743
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.08	0.423	0.551
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.05	0.367	0.479
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.03	0.105	0.137
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.06	0.092	0.120
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.16	0.434	0.566
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.01	0.353	0.461
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.02	0.241	0.288
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.06	0.183	0.238
21	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.14	0.518	0.618
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.06	0.368	0.480
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.03	0.222	0.265
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	-0.01	0.167	0.218
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.05	0.462	0.552
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.03	0.359	0.468
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.06	0.388	0.463
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.16	0.263	0.343
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.02	0.209	0.252
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.01	0.150	0.193
22	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.04	0.348	0.420
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.06	0.270	0.347
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	0.03	0.310	0.374
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	-0.01	0.246	0.316
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	0.09	0.305	0.368
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.07	0.244	0.314
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	0.03	0.148	0.179
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.07	0.116	0.149

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Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.03	0.217	0.299
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.07	0.168	0.235
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.03	0.376	0.518
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.08	0.359	0.501
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.07	0.329	0.453
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.01	0.264	0.369
23	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.08	0.550	0.757
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.01	0.441	0.616
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.07	0.262	0.361
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	-0.04	0.231	0.323
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	0.925	0.09	0.680	0.629
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.02	0.519	0.640
24	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	-0.08	0.776	0.903
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.08	0.634	0.782
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	27710	2310	22.48	23.50	1.265	-0.01	0.631	0.798
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	0.09	0.676	0.787
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.07	0.539	0.665
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	0.03	0.113	0.132
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.07	0.084	0.103
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	-0.05	0.428	0.498
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.04	0.326	0.402

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor			Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.01	0.076	0.085
25	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.09	0.128	0.144
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.03	0.014	0.015
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.05	0.099	0.111
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.02	0.069	0.077

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)		Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	-0.01	0.025	0.032
26	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.03	0.058	0.073
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Side	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.07	0.007	0.009
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	-0.05	0.038	0.048
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.03	0.029	0.037

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Front	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.01	0.211	0.252
27	GSM850	GPRS 2Tx slots	Back	10mm	189	836.4	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.09	0.376	0.449
	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Front	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	0.03	0.210	0.316
28	GSM1900	GPRS 1Tx slots	Back	10mm	661	1880	29.22	31.00	1.507	-0.17	0.288	0.434

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.01	0.559	0.734
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	23.32	24.50	1.312	-0.12	0.777	1.020
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	23.18	24.50	1.355	-0.03	0.640	0.867
29	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	23.12	24.50	1.374	-0.15	0.867	1.191
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.02	0.566	0.835
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.63	24.50	1.538	0.04	0.510	0.784
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.77	24.50	1.489	-0.11	0.549	0.818
30	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.05	0.671	0.990
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	22.63	24.50	1.538	0.15	0.635	0.977
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.77	24.50	1.489	0.09	0.617	0.919
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	-0.07	0.243	0.327
31	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.02	0.476	0.641

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<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.03	0.589	0.713
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.02	0.485	0.590
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	23.67	24.50	1.211	-0.07	0.752	0.910
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	23.56	24.50	1.242	0.04	0.742	0.921
32	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	19100	1900	23.47	24.50	1.268	-0.17	0.813	1.031
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.05	0.595	0.724
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.03	0.698	0.867
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.05	0.508	0.662
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.06	0.482	0.630
33	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.13	0.606	0.790
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.07	0.569	0.743
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.02	0.241	0.288
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.06	0.183	0.238
34	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	23.73	24.50	1.194	0.14	0.518	0.618
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.35	23.50	1.303	0.06	0.368	0.480
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.02	0.209	0.252
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.01	0.150	0.193
35	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.68	24.50	1.208	-0.04	0.348	0.420
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.06	0.270	0.347
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.03	0.217	0.299
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.07	0.168	0.235
36	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	23330	793	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.03	0.376	0.518
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23330	793	22.05	23.50	1.396	0.08	0.359	0.501
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	0.065	0.09	0.680	0.045
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.02	0.519	0.640
37	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	27710	2310	23.84	24.50	1.164	-0.08	0.776	0.903
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	10mm	27710	2310	22.59	23.50	1.233	0.08	0.634	0.782
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	27710	2310	22.48	23.50	1.265	-0.01	0.631	0.798

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.		Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.01	0.076	0.085
38	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	17.50	18.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.09	0.128	0.144

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.		Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	-0.01	0.025	0.032
39	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	78	2480	11.29	12.00	1.178	76.95	1.083	0.03	0.058	0.073

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14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	23.12	24.50	1.374	-0.15	0.867	1	1.191
2nd	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	23.12	24.50	1.374	0.01	0.860	1.008	1.182

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General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset						
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot				
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes					
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes				
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes				
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes				
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes					
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes				
7.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes				
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes				

Report No.: FA051501-01

General Note:

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- 2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 4. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously
- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
1000/0	.N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
VVVA	IN Dallu	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.242	0.188	0.079	0.43	0.32
		Right Tilted	0.104	0.164	0.074	0.27	0.18
	GSM850	Left Cheek	0.221	0.376	0.075	0.60	0.30
		Left Tilted	0.107	0.254	0.054	0.36	0.16
GSM		Right Cheek	0.158	0.188	0.079	0.35	0.24
	00144000	Right Tilted	0.133	0.164	0.074	0.30	0.21
	GSM1900	Left Cheek	0.212	0.376	0.075	0.59	0.29
		Left Tilted	0.144	0.254	0.054	0.40	0.20
		Right Cheek	0.325	0.188	0.079	0.51	0.40
	VA/ODAAA II	Right Tilted	0.160	0.164	0.074	0.32	0.23
	WCDMA II	Left Cheek	0.412	0.376	0.075	0.79	0.49
		Left Tilted	0.290	0.254	0.054	0.54	0.34
		Right Cheek	0.289	0.188	0.079	0.48	0.37
MODIAA)A(ODAAA I)(Right Tilted	0.136	0.164	0.074	0.30	0.21
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Left Cheek	0.440	0.376	0.075	0.82	0.52
		Left Tilted	0.263	0.254	0.054	0.52	0.32
		Right Cheek	0.467	0.188	0.079	0.66	0.55
	MODMA V	Right Tilted	0.226	0.164	0.074	0.66	0.30
	WCDMA V	Left Cheek	0.415	0.376	0.075	0.79	0.49
		Left Tilted	0.211	0.254	0.054	0.47	0.27
		Right Cheek	0.281	0.188	0.079	0.47	0.36
		Right Tilted	0.232	0.164	0.074	0.40	0.31
	LTE Band 2	Left Cheek	0.442	0.376	0.075	0.82	0.52
		Left Tilted	0.270	0.254	0.054	0.52	0.32
		Right Cheek	0.255	0.188	0.079	0.44	0.33
	LTE Daniel 4	Right Tilted	0.181	0.164	0.074	0.35	0.26
	LTE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.425	0.376	0.075	0.80	0.50
		Left Tilted	0.209	0.254	0.054	0.46	0.26
		Right Cheek	0.407	0.188	0.079	0.60	0.49
	LTE Daniele	Right Tilted	0.205	0.164	0.074	0.37	0.28
	LTE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.405	0.376	0.075	0.78	0.48
1.75		Left Tilted	0.185	0.254	0.054	0.44	0.24
LTE		Right Cheek	0.260	0.188	0.079	0.45	0.34
	LTE Day 140	Right Tilted	0.124	0.164	0.074	0.29	0.20
	LTE Band 12	Left Cheek	0.186	0.376	0.075	0.56	0.26
		Left Tilted	0.108	0.254	0.054	0.36	0.16
		Right Cheek	0.318	0.188	0.079	0.51	0.40
	LTE Bond 44	Right Tilted	0.176	0.164	0.074	0.34	0.25
	LTE Band 14	Left Cheek	0.255	0.376	0.075	0.63	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.145	0.254	0.054	0.40	0.20
		Right Cheek	0.341	0.188	0.079	0.53	0.42
	LTE Bond 20	Right Tilted	0.312	0.164	0.074	0.48	0.39
	LTE Band 30	Left Cheek	0.549	0.376	0.075	0.93	0.62
		Left Tilted	0.233	0.254	0.054	0.49	0.29

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
١٨٨٨٨	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
VVVA	N Ballu	Position	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		_	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	2.24	0.00
		Front	0.252	0.085	0.032	0.34	0.28
		Back	0.449	0.144	0.073	0.59	0.52
	GSM850	Left side	0.173	0.015	0.009	0.19	0.18
		Right side	0.297	0.111	0.048	0.41	0.35
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
GSM		Bottom side	0.277			0.28	0.28
		Front	0.316	0.085	0.032	0.40	0.35
		Back	0.434	0.144	0.073	0.58	0.51
	GSM1900	Left side	0.334	0.015	0.009	0.35	0.34
	3 0	Right side	0.091	0.111	0.048	0.20	0.14
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.259			0.26	0.26
		Front	0.734	0.085	0.032	0.82	0.77
		Back	1.191	0.144	0.073	1.34	<mark>1.26</mark>
	WCDMA II	Left side	0.640	0.015	0.009	0.66	0.65
	WODWATI	Right side	0.197	0.111	0.048	0.31	0.25
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.590			0.59	0.59
		Front	0.835	0.085	0.032	0.92	0.87
		Back	0.990	0.144	0.073	1.13	1.06
MCDMA	\\(CD\\\\\)	Left side	0.670	0.015	0.009	0.69	0.68
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Right side	0.179	0.111	0.048	0.29	0.23
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.661			0.66	0.66
		Front	0.327	0.085	0.032	0.41	0.36
		Back	0.641	0.144	0.073	0.79	0.71
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Left side	0.256	0.015	0.009	0.27	0.27
	WCDMA V	Right side	0.639	0.111	0.048	0.75	0.69
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.476			0.48	0.48
		Front	0.713	0.085	0.032	0.80	0.75
		Back	1.031	0.144	0.073	1.18	1.10
	LTE D. 16	Left side	0.718	0.015	0.009	0.73	0.73
	LTE Band 2	Right side	0.190	0.111	0.048	0.30	0.24
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.550			0.55	0.55
		Front	0.662	0.085	0.032	0.75	0.69
		Back	0.790	0.144	0.073	0.93	0.86
LTE		Left side	0.551	0.015	0.009	0.57	0.56
	LTE Band 4	Right side	0.137	0.111	0.048	0.25	0.19
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.566			0.57	0.57
		Front	0.288	0.085	0.032	0.37	0.32
		Back	0.618	0.144	0.073	0.76	0.69
	LTE Band 5	Left side	0.265	0.015	0.009	0.28	0.27
		Right side	0.552	0.111	0.048	0.66	0.60
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04

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		Bottom side	0.463			0.46	0.46
		Front	0.252	0.085	0.032	0.34	0.28
		Back	0.420	0.144	0.073	0.56	0.49
	TE Band 12	Left side	0.374	0.015	0.009	0.39	0.38
	TE Band 12	Right side	0.368	0.111	0.048	0.48	0.42
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.179			0.18	0.18
		Front	0.299	0.085	0.032	0.38	0.33
		Back	0.518	0.144	0.073	0.66	0.59
	TE D144	Left side	0.453	0.015	0.009	0.47	0.46
	LTE Band 14	Right side	0.757	0.111	0.048	0.87	0.81
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.361			0.36	0.36
		Front	0.640	0.085	0.032	0.73	0.67
		Back	0.903	0.144	0.073	1.05	0.98
	LTE Band 30	Left side	0.787	0.015	0.009	0.80	0.80
		Right side	0.132	0.111	0.048	0.24	0.18
		Top side		0.077	0.037	0.08	0.04
		Bottom side	0.498			0.50	0.50

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15.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

			1	2	3	4.0	4.0
WWA	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.252	0.085	0.032	0.34	0.28
GSM	G3101630	Back	0.449	0.144	0.073	0.59	0.52
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.316	0.085	0.032	0.40	0.35
	G3W1900	Back	0.434	0.144	0.073	0.58	0.51
	WCDMA II	Front	0.734	0.085	0.032	0.82	0.77
	VVCDIVIA II	Back	1.191	0.144	0.073	1.34	1.26
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Front	0.835	0.085	0.032	0.92	0.87
WCDIVIA	WCDIVIA IV	Back	0.990	0.144	0.073	1.13	1.06
	WCDMA V	Front	0.327	0.085	0.032	0.41	0.36
	WCDIVIA V	Back	0.641	0.144	0.073	0.79	0.71
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.713	0.085	0.032	0.80	0.75
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.031	0.144	0.073	1.18	1.10
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.662	0.085	0.032	0.75	0.69
	LTE Ballu 4	Back	0.790	0.144	0.073	0.93	0.86
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.288	0.085	0.032	0.37	0.32
LTE	LIE Ballu 5	Back	0.618	0.144	0.073	0.76	0.69
LIE	LTE Band 12	Front	0.252	0.085	0.032	0.34	0.28
	LIE Banu 12	Back	0.420	0.144	0.073	0.56	0.49
	LTE Band 14	Front	0.299	0.085	0.032	0.38	0.33
	LIE Danu 14	Back	0.518	0.144	0.073	0.66	0.59
	LTE Bond 20	Front	0.640	0.085	0.032	0.73	0.67
	LTE Band 30	Back	0.903	0.144	0.073	1.05	0.98

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Test Engineer: Nick Hu, Tony Zhang, Hank Chang, Yuankai Kong

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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17. References

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation [6] Considerations" Oct 2015.
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and [7] Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

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Report No. : FA051501-01

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System Check Head 750MHz

DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.73$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

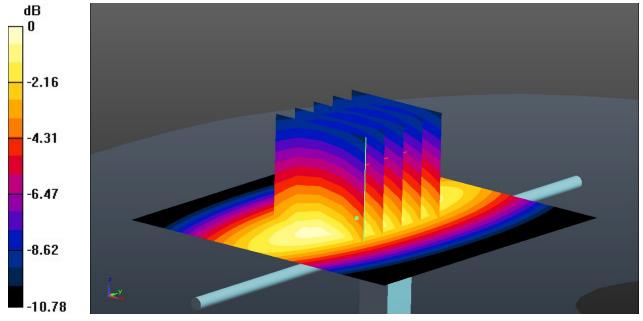
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.69 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



0 dB = 2.72 W/kg = 4.35 dBW/kg

System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.905 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.314; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(10.16, 10.16, 10.16); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

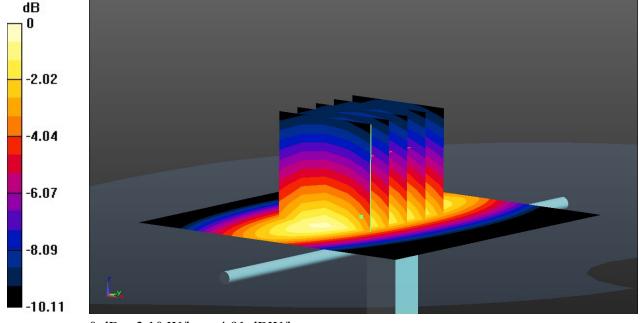
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.09 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.10 W/kg



0 dB = 3.10 W/kg = 4.91 dBW/kg

System Check Head 1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.363 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.029; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

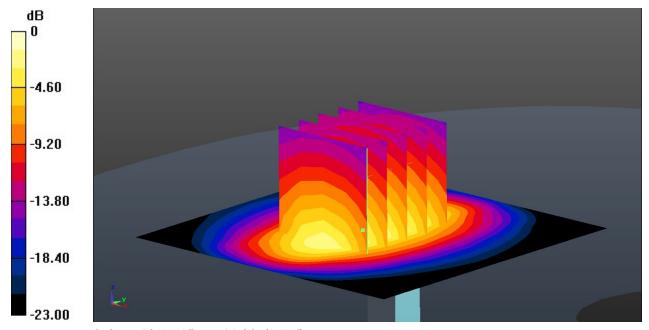
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.403$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.091$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2020.8.17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

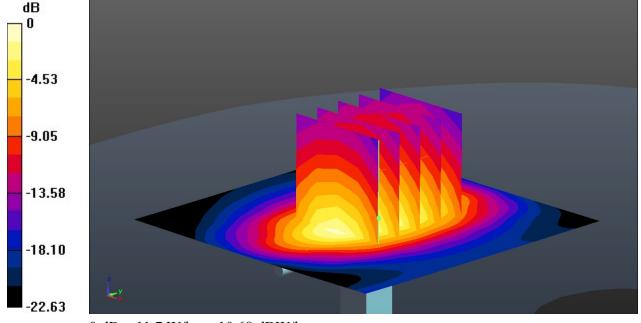
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.33, 8.33, 8.33); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg



0 dB = 11.7 W/kg = 10.68 dBW/kg

System Check Head 2300MHz

DUT: D2300V2 - SN:1055

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2300 Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz; σ = 1.648 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.064; ρ = 1000

Date: 2020.8.18

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

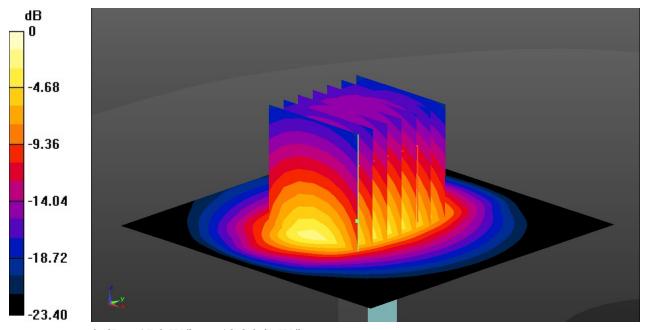
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 W/kg



0 dB = 17.2 W/kg = 12.36 dBW/kg

System Check Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.859 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.521; ρ = 1000

Date: 2020.8.19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

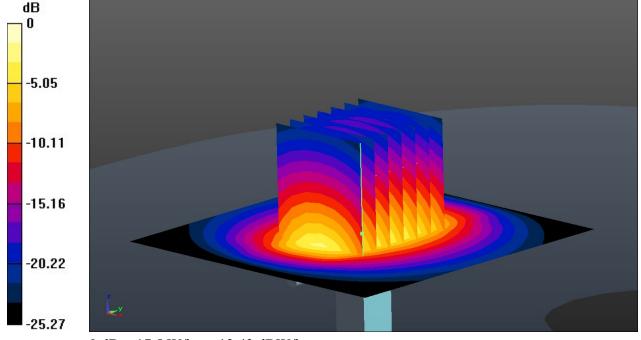
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



0 dB = 17.5 W/kg = 12.43 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2020

Report No. : FA051501-01

01_GSM850_GPRS 2Tx slots_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f=836.4 MHz; $\sigma=0.906$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=41.299$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020.8.16

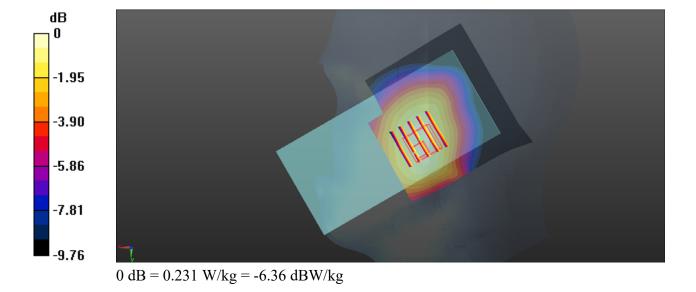
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(10.16, 10.16, 10.16); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.203 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg



02 GSM1900 GPRS 1Tx slots Left Cheek 0mm Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium: HSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.381$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.195$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020.8.17

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

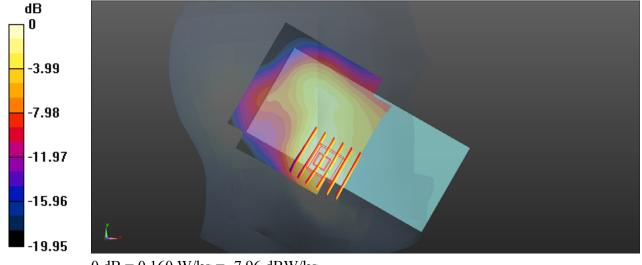
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.33, 8.33, 8.33); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.157 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.218 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 W/kg



0 dB = 0.160 W/kg = -7.96 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.381$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.195$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2020.8.17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.33, 8.33, 8.33); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 W/kg

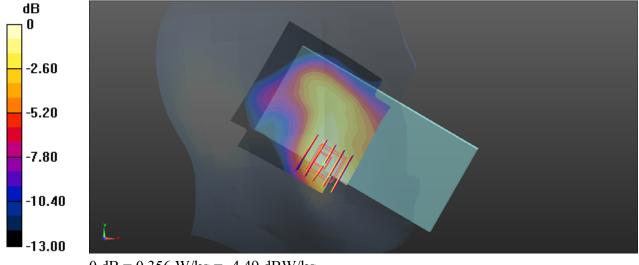
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.640 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



0 dB = 0.356 W/kg = -4.49 dBW/kg

04_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz; $\sigma = 1.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.106$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020.8.16

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

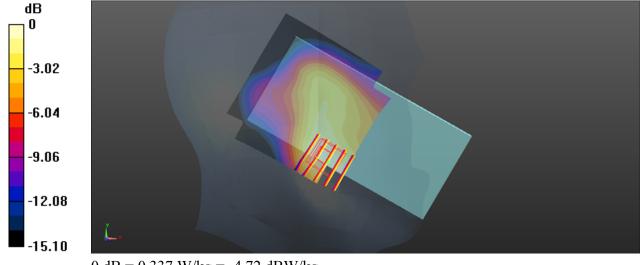
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.63, 8.63, 8.63); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.594 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.298 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg



0 dB = 0.337 W/kg = -4.72 dBW/kg

05 WCDMA V RMC 12.2Kbps Right Cheek 0mm Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.906$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.299$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020.8.16

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

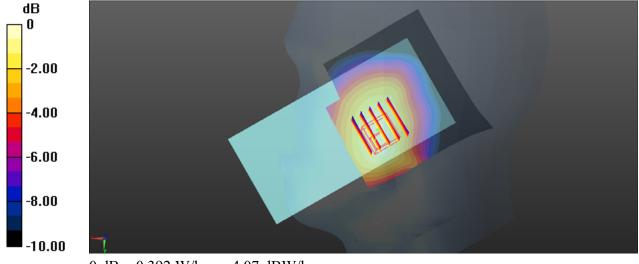
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(10.16, 10.16, 10.16); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.985 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg



0 dB = 0.392 W/kg = -4.07 dBW/kg

06_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.381 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.195; ρ = 1000

Date: 2020.8.17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

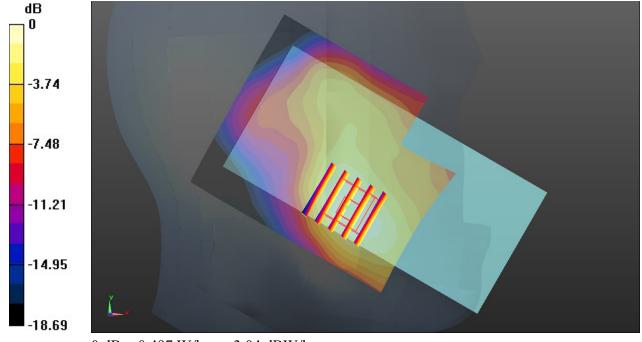
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(8.33, 8.33, 8.33); Calibrated: 2020.1.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2019.11.20
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.511 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.594 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.591 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.497 W/kg



0 dB = 0.497 W/kg = -3.04 dBW/kg