Antenna Gain test report

FCC ID: 2AUYFRMX3853

Equipment: Mobile Phone

Brand Name: realme

Model Name: RMX3853

Manufacturer: Realme Chongqing Mobile

Telecommunications Corp., Ltd.

No.178 Yulong Avenue, Yufengshan, Yubei District, Chongqing,

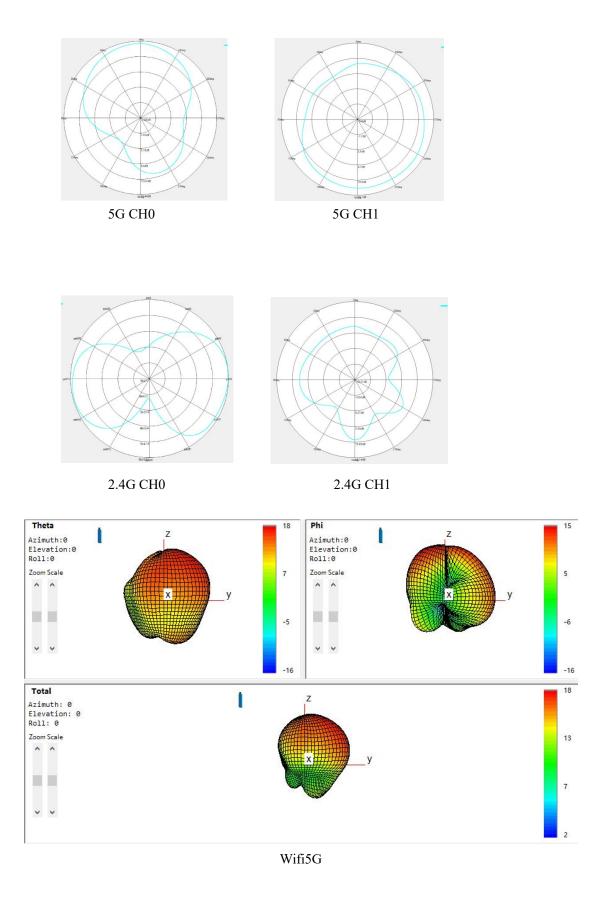
China

Issue Date: April 7, 2024

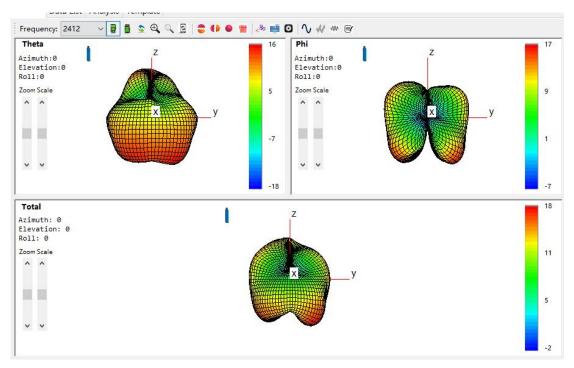
Project Engineer: Qianhao Zhang Date:2024/4/7

Test Report

Antenna Location&dimension:



Test Report



WIFI2.4G

Antenna Gain and Antenna Type specification:

Antenna Gain (dBi)		Ant 12	Ant 1 3	Ant 2	Antenna Type
2.4G WiFi	2400~2483.5MHz	-2.46	1.43		PIFA(Planar
					Inverted F
					Antenna)
Antenna Gain (dBi)		Ant 8	Ant 9	Ant 2	Antenna Type
5G Wifi	5150~5250 MHz	-1.6	-1.51		PIFA(Planar
					Inverted F
					Antenna)
	5250~5350 MHz	-1.2	-0.5		PIFA(Planar
					Inverted F
					Antenna)
	5470~5725 MHz	-2.1	-0.44		PIFA(Planar
					Inverted F
					Antenna)
	5725~5850 MHz	-2.35	-0.44		PIFA(Planar
					Inverted F
					Antenna)
Antenna Gain (dBi)		Ant 12	Ant 1 3	Ant 2	Antenna Type
ВТ	2400~2483.5MHz				PIFA(Planar
		-2.46	1.43		Inverted F
					Antenna)

Table 1 Antenna Gain and Antenna Type specification

Note: Antenna gain was measured in the anechoic chamber, 3D scan was exercised, and the highest numbers are reported in this document.

According to Test standard: IEEE Std 149-2021, we measure antenna gain.

List of Test and Measurement Instruments

TEST EQUIPMENT

NO.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.
1	AMS-8923	ETS-Lingen	SN1702
2	Network	Kesight	MY4690575
	Analyzer		
	E5071C		



Fig 2 dipole model 3126-2500 frequency 2500 MHz



Fig 3 model 3126-5500 frequency 5500 MHz

I. Measurement Setup:

A. Reflection Coefficient Measurement:

Instrument: Network Analyzer (Kesight E5071C). **Setup:**

- 1. Calibrate the Network Analyzer by one port calibration using Kesight 85093C Electronic calibration module .
- 2. Connect the antenna under test to the Network Analyzer.
- 3. Measure the S11(reflection coefficient), Return Loss....

B. Pattern Measurement:

A Fully Anechoic Chamber is used to simulate free-space conditions.

A Fully Anechoic Chamber is a shielded room lined with RF/microwave absorber on all walls, ceiling, and floor.

RF/microwave absorber reduces reflections from the inner walls of the shield.

Absorber performance depends on the depth and design of the absorber and the angle of incidence of the field.

Normal incidence is best, shallower angles are worse.

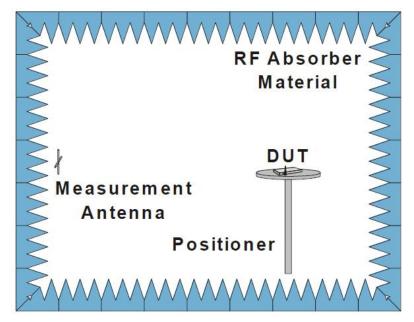


Fig. 4. The fully anechoic chamber

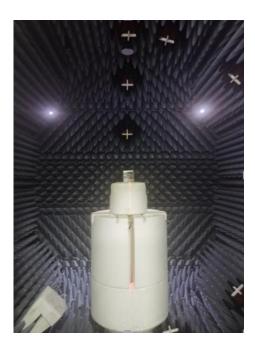


Fig.5. The DUT in the fully anechoic chamber