

TEST REPORT

APPLICANT : Realme Chongqing Mobile

Telecommunications Corp., Ltd.

PRODUCT NAME : Mobile Phone

MODEL NAME : RMX3521

BRAND NAME: realme

FCC ID : 2AUYFRMX3521

STANDARD(S) : FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

IEEE 1528-2013

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Changed History			
Version	Date	Reason for Change	
1.0	2022-02-28	First edition	

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1. SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows: <Highest Reported SAR Summary>

			Highest SAF	R Summary	
Frequency		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Extremity
	Band	(Gap 0mm)	(Gap 10mm)	(Gap 10mm)	(Gap 0mm)
·	Dana		1g SAR (W/kg)		10g SAR (W/kg)
			ig oak (wikg)		
GSM	GSM850	0.672	0.188	0.188	N/A
GOW	GSM1900	1.054	0.234	0.369	N/A
	WCDMA II	0.900	0.444	0.701	N/A
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	1.051	0.422	0.557	N/A
	WCDMA V	0.792	0.197	0.227	N/A
	LTE Band 2	1.116	0.441	0.660	N/A
	LTE Band 4	0.937	0.426	0.569	N/A
	LTE Band 5	0.774	0.171	0.171	N/A
	LTE Band 7	0.897	0.578	0.803	N/A
LTE	LTE Band 12/17	0.596	0.176	0.176	N/A
	LTE Band 26	0.979	0.222	0.222	N/A
	LTE Band 38	0.980	0.626	1.060	N/A
	LTE Band 41	0.587	0.485	0.796	N/A
	LTE Band 66	0.908	0.684	0.852	N/A
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.108	0.285	0.285	N/A
VVLAIN	5GHz WLAN	1.108	0.670	1.110	0.879
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	N/A	0.058	0.058	N/A

Highest Simultaneous Transmission	1.497 W/kg	Limit(W/kg): 1.6 W/kg
SAR _{1g} (W/Kg):	1.437 W/Kg	Liiiit(VV/kg): 1.0 VV/kg

Note:

- This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population or uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; specified in FCC 47 CFR part 1 (1.1310) and IEEE C95.1-1991), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.
- 2. When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.



2. Technical Information

Note: Provide by applicant.

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant: Realme Chongqing Mobile Telecommunications Corp., Ltd.		
Applicant Address:	No.178 Yulong Avenue, Yufengshan, Yubei District, Chongqing, China	
Manufacturer:	Realme Chongqing Mobile Telecommunications Corp., Ltd.	
Manufacturer Address:	No.178 Yulong Avenue, Yufengshan, Yubei District, Chongqing, China	

2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

Product Name:	Mobile Phone
IMEI:	864244060027835
	864244060027751
Hardware Version:	11
Software Version:	realme UI V3.0
Frequency Bands:	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
	WLAN 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz
	WLAN 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz
	WLAN 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz



	WLAN 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz		
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz		
	NFC: 13.56 MHz		
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK		
	EDGE: 8PSK		
	WCDMA: QPSK, 160	QAM	
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM,	64QAM	
	802.11b: DSSS		
	802.11a/g/n-HT20/HT	Г40/ac-VHT20/40/80: OFDM	
	Bluetooth: GFSK, π/4	1-DQPSK, 8-DPSK	
	NFC: ASK		
Multi-slot Class:	GPRS: Multi-slot Class 33		
	EDGE: Multi-slot Class 33		
Operation Class:	Class B		
VoLTE Mode:	Support		
Hotspot Mode:	Support (5G WLAN only for B1 & B4)		
Antenna Type:	WWAN: PIFA Antenna		
	WLAN: PIFA Antenna		
	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna		
	NFC: FPC Antenna		
SIM Cards Description:	SIM 1	GSM+WCDMA+LTE	
	SIM 2	GSM+WCDMA+LTE	

2.3. Accessories Information

Battery Type 1:	Manufacturer:	SUNWODA Electronic Co., Ltd.
	Brand Name:	realme
	Model:	BLP883
	Capacity:	Typical: 5000mAh, Rated: 4880mAh
	Rated Voltage:	3.87V
Battery Type 2:	Manufacturer:	TWS Technology (Guangzhou) Limited
	Brand Name:	realme
	Model:	BLP883
	Capacity:	Typical: 5000mAh, Rated: 4880mAh
	Rated Voltage:	3.87V

Note: For more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the





2.4. Environment of Test Site/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20-25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30-75 %
Air Pressure:	980-1020 hPa

Test Frequency:	GSM 850MHz/1900MHz	
	WCDMA Band II/IV/V	
	FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/26/66	
	TDD-LTE Band 38/41	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	
	WLAN 5GHz	
	Bluetooth	
Operation Mode:	Call established	
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)	
	GSM 1900MHz Maximum output power(level 0)	
	WCDMA Band II/IV/V (All Up Bits)	
	FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/26/66 (Maximum output power)	
	TDD-LTE Band 38/41 (Maximum output power)	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	
	WLAN 5GHz	
	Bluetooth	

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the Factory. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational or controlled and general population or uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational or controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population or uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and |E| is the rmselectrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1. Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2. Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g cube tissue for limbs)	4.0 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for whole body)	0.08 W/kg

Note:

- Occupational/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that
 may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of
 employment or occupation).
- 2. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.





5. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

Document Title	Determination
	/Remark
Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure	
n: Portable Devices	No deviation
commended Practice for	
ing the Peak Spatial-Average	
Absorption Rate (SAR) in the	No deviation
lead from Wireless Communications	
Measurement Techniques	
RF Exposure Guidance	No deviation
surement Procedures for 802.11	No deviation
ers	NO deviation
surement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	No deviation
sure Reporting	No deviation
SAR	No deviation
MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES	No deviation
luation Consideration for LTE	No deviation
	ino deviation
luation Procedures For Portable	No deviation
With Wireless Router Capabilities	ino deviation
	equency Radiation Exposure on: Portable Devices commended Practice for ling the Peak Spatial-Average Absorption Rate (SAR) in the dead from Wireless Communications Measurement Techniques RF Exposure Guidance asurement Procedures for 802.11 ters asurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz sure Reporting SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES Illuation Consideration for LTE Illuation Procedures For Portable With Wireless Router Capabilities

Note 1: The test item is not applicable.

Note 2: Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.

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6. SAR Measurement System

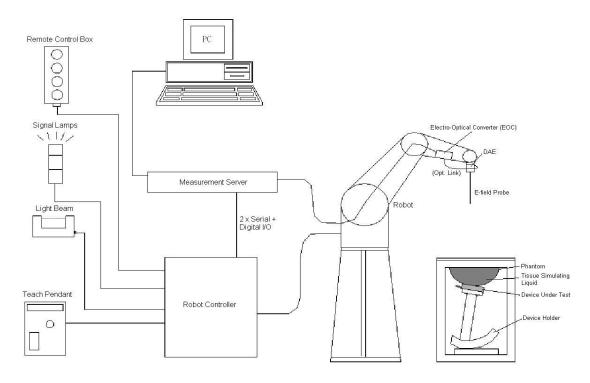


Fig 6.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension.
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom.
- A device holder.
- Tissue simulating liquid.
- \triangleright Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system.

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Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.





6.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	Fig (



<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB				
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm			





> E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

6.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics(DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 6.4 Photo of DAE

6.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 6.5 Photo of DASY5

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6.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 6.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

6.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 6.7 Photo of Light Beam

6.6. Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat Phantom



Fig. 6.8 Photo of SAM Phantom





The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

6.7. Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Fig 6.9 Device Holder

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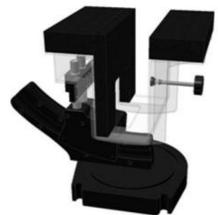


Fig 6.10 Laptop Extension Kit





6.8. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software.

Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity		$Norm_i,a_{i0},a_{i1},a_{i2}$	
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
	- Diode compression point	dcpi	
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f	
	- Crest factor	cf	
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ	
	- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the



exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \times \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes:} E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm }_i \times \text{ConvF}}}$$

H-field Probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \times \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field

Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \times \frac{\sigma}{\rho \times 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.



6.9. Test Equipment List

Manuelantuman	Name of Familian and	T: /841 - 1	Serial	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1173	2021.06.21	2024.06.20	
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	1d064	2021.12.17	2024.12.16	
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d158	2021.12.17	2024.12.16	
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1050	2021.12.18	2024.12.17	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	805	2021.12.17	2024.12.16	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1139	2021.6.25	2024.6.24	
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1176	2021.12.19	2024.12.18	
SPEAG	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM	DASY52	52.10.4.1527	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3753	2021.07.26	2022.07.25	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1643	2021.12.30	2022.12.29	
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1279	2021.11.03	2022.11.02	
SPEAG	Twin-SAM	QD 000 P40 Ax	2020	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	165755	2021.02.25	2022.02.24	
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404762	2021.03.29	2022.03.28	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	608501717	NCR	NCR	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	754401735	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53050509	2021.03.25	2022.03.24	
Agilent	Power Senor	N8482A	MY41090849	2021.10.21	2022.10.20	
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45102093	2021.10.21	2022.10.20	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	N/A	2021.10.21	2022.10.20	
Anritsu	Power Meter	NRVD	101066	2021.10.21	2022.10.20	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NA	NA	
MCL	Attenuation1	351-218-010	N/A	NA	NA	
KTJ	Thermo meter	TA298	N/A	2021.12.21	2022.12.20	
SPEAG	Tissue Simulating Liquids	HBBL600-	10000V6	00V6 24H		

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix E of this report.
- 2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 3. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure





(calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.

- 4. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it.
- 5. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- 6. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.



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7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.2. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.





Fig 7.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 7.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

indicate grade grade and reciped for allocate carriand infants								
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
		•		Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG.

Ingredients	(% by weight)		
Water	64~78%		
Mineral oil	11~18%		
Emulsifiers	9~15%		
Additives and Salt	2~3%		



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Note: Please refer to the validation results for dielectric parameters of each frequency band. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a SPEAG Dielectric Assessment KIT and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp.(℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Delta (σ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	0.916	0.89	2.92	±5	2022.1.27
900	HSL	22.1	0.968	0.97	-0.21	±5	2022.2.4
1800	HSL	22.3	1.434	1.40	2.43	±5	2022.2.1
2000	HSL	22.2	1.453	1.40	3.79	±5	2022.2.2
2450	HSL	22.4	1.862	1.80	3.44	±5	2022.2.8
2600	HSL	22.2	2.011	1.96	2.60	±5	2022.2.7
5250	HSL	22.1	4.855	4.71	3.08	±5	2022.2.10
5600	HSL	22.1	5.139	5.07	1.36	±5	2022.2.10
5750	HSL	22.1	5.266	5.22	0.88	±5	2022.2.10
	•	•	•		•	•	
_							

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp.(℃)	Permittivity (εr)	Permittivity Target (εr)	Delta (εr) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	41.969	41.90	0.16	±5	2022.1.27
900	HSL	22.1	41.687	41.50	0.45	±5	2022.2.4
1800	HSL	22.3	40.322	40.00	0.81	±5	2022.2.1
2000	HSL	22.2	40.175	40.00	0.44	±5	2022.2.2
2450	HSL	22.4	39.822	39.20	1.59	±5	2022.2.8
2600	HSL	22.2	39.473	39.00	1.21	±5	2022.2.7
5250	HSL	22.1	37.566	35.90	4.64	±5	2022.2.10
5600	HSL	22.1	35.789	35.50	0.81	±5	2022.2.10
5750	HSL	22.1	35.269	35.35	-0.23	±5	2022.2.10

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8. SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1. Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2. System Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



Fig 8.1 Photo of Dipole Setup

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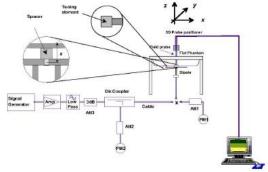


Fig 8.2 System Setup for System Evaluation



8.3. Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10%.

<Validation Setup>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power(mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
750	HSL	250	D750V3-1173	3753	1643
900	HSL	250	D900V2-1d064	3753	1643
1800	HSL	250	D1800V2-2d158	3753	1643
2000	HSL	250	D2000V2-1050	3753	1643
2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-805	3753	1643
2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1139	3753	1643
5250	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1176-5750	3753	1643
5600	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1176-5600	3753	1643
5750	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1176-5750	3753	1643

<System Validation>

Frequency	Tissue	Conductivity	Permittivity (εr)	CW Signal Validation			
(MHz)	Туре	(σ)		Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	PASS	PASS	PASS	
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	PASS	PASS	PASS	
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	PASS	PASS	PASS	
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	PASS	PASS	PASS	
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	PASS	PASS	PASS	
3400	HSL	2.88	38.10	PASS	PASS	PASS	
3500	HSL	2.91	37.90	PASS	PASS	PASS	
3700	HSL	3.05	37.70	PASS	PASS	PASS	
3900	HSL	3.15	37.50	PASS	PASS	PASS	
4100	HSL	3.25	37.20	PASS	PASS	PASS	
4200	HSL	3.34	37.00	PASS	PASS	PASS	
4400	HSL	3.58	36.70	PASS	PASS	PASS	

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4600	HSL	3.70	36.60	PASS	PASS	PASS
4800	HSL	3.82	36.40	PASS	PASS	PASS
4900	HSL	3.96	36.20	PASS	PASS	PASS
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	PASS	PASS	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	PASS	PASS	PASS
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	PASS	PASS	PASS

Frequency	Tissue	ue Conductivity	y Permittivity (εr)	Modulation Signal Validation			
(MHz)	Туре	(σ)		Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR	
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	N/A	N/A	N/A	
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	GMSK	PASS	N/A	
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	TDD	PASS	N/A	
3400	HSL	2.88	38.10	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
3500	HSL	2.91	37.90	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
3700	HSL	3.05	37.70	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
3900	HSL	3.15	37.50	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4100	HSL	3.25	37.20	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4200	HSL	3.34	37.00	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4400	HSL	3.58	36.70	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4600	HSL	3.70	36.60	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4800	HSL	3.82	36.40	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
4900	HSL	3.96	36.20	OFDM	PASS	PASS	
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	OFDM	N/A	PASS	
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	OFDM	N/A	PASS	
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	OFDM	N/A	PASS	



<Validation Results>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022.1.27	750	HSL	250	2.15	8.26	8.6	4.12
2022.2.4	900	HSL	250	2.76	11.20	11.04	-1.43
2022.2.1	1800	HSL	250	10.09	39.20	40.36	2.96
2022.2.2	2000	HSL	250	10.55	41.60	42.2	1.44
2022.2.8	2450	HSL	250	13.26	52.30	53.04	1.41
2022.2.7	2600	HSL	250	13.68	54.00	54.72	1.33
2022.2.10	5250	HSL	100	8.15	76.70	81.5	6.26
2022.2.10	5600	HSL	100	8.11	80.30	81.1	1.00
2022.2.10	5750	HSL	100	8.24	78.70	82.4	4.70

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022.1.27	750	HSL	250	1.36	5.45	5.44	-0.18
2022.2.4	900	HSL	250	1.74	7.19	6.96	-3.20
2022.2.1	1800	HSL	250	5.22	20.10	20.88	3.88
2022.2.2	2000	HSL	250	5.29	20.70	21.16	2.22
2022.2.8	2450	HSL	250	6.11	23.90	24.44	2.26
2022.2.7	2600	HSL	250	6.34	24.50	25.36	3.51
2022.2.10	5250	HSL	100	2.28	22.10	22.8	3.17
2022.2.10	5600	HSL	100	2.33	23.30	23.3	0.00
2022.2.10	5750	HSL	100	2.27	22.50	22.7	0.89

Note: System checks the specific test data please see Annex C.



EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

9.1. Handset Reference Points

The vertical centre line passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset.

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centre line and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.

The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centre line is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig. 9.1 Illustration for Cheek Position

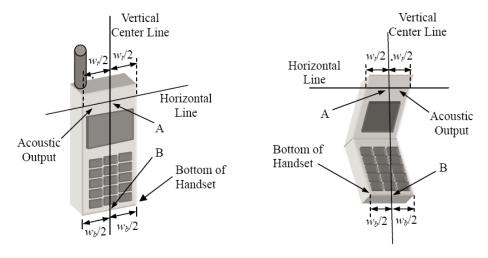


Fig. 9.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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9.2. Positioning for Cheek / Touch

To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig 9.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

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9.3. Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.

While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig 9.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

9.4. SAR Evaluation near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.



9.5. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.

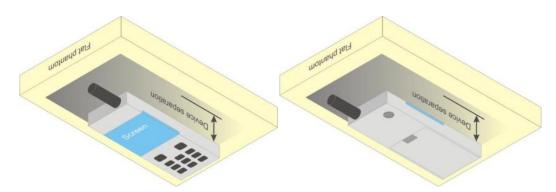


Fig 9.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

9.6. Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).

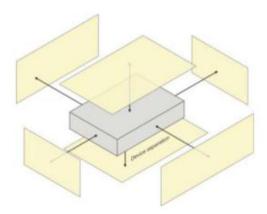


Fig 9.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement.
- (b) Area scan.
- (c) Zoom scan.
- (d) Power drift measurement.

10.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.





The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- (f)Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

10.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

10.3. Area Scan Procedures

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima founding the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE1528-2003.

10.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side





length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm. The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

10.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



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11. SAR Test Procedure

11.1. General Scan Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm $3-4$ GHz: \leq 12 mm $4-6$ GHz: \leq 10 m		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid \[\Delta Z_{Zoom}(n>1): \] between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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11.2. Test Procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

- 1. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- 2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- 3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- 4. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

11.3. Description of Interpolation/Extrapolation Scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

11.4. Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges,

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determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.





12. SAR Test Configuration

<GSM Mode>

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control is set to 5 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 8 for EDGE mode (MCS5); For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control is set to 0 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 2 for EDGE mode (MCS5).

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes.

Timeslot consignations:

Remark:

The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x)

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) - 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

No. of Slots:	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation:	1Up 4Down	2Up 3Down	3Up 2Down	4Up 1Down
Duty Cycle:	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.08
Correct Factor:	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB





<WCDMA Mode>

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Summary of UMTS conducted power measurement:

- 1. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
- 2. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 3. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 4. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.
- 6. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WCDMA Band II when handset open Hotspot mode, the power reduction triggered.

HSDPA Setup Configuration

Sub-test	β.	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(I)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$

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Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.





HSUPA Setup Configuration

Sub- test	βς	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{COI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)		E-TFCI (Note 5)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

- Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β_{tr} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
- Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.
- Note 4: Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.



DC-HSDPA Setup Configuration

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The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

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The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.





Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60				
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1				
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6				
1.1010111111111111	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ses	0				
Informati	on Bit Payload ($N_{\scriptscriptstyle INF}$)	Bits	120				
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1				
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960				
Total Available SML's in UE SML's 19200							
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc. SML's 3200							
Coding F			0.15				
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1				
Modulatio			QPSK				
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA				
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	ical				
	parameters as listed in the table.						
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission						
	retransmission is not allowed. The		cy and				
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.					

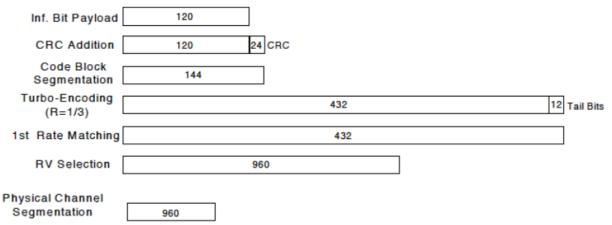


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

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<CDMA Mode>

1xEV-DO Rev. B

Call box setup procedure

1xEV-DO Release B

- 1> CMW 500 Signal Generator > 1xEV-DO Taskbar Enable
- 2> CMW 500 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window >
- 3> 1xEV-DO Signaling On Window:

Under Access Network Control:

Band Class: BC0: US Cellular

RF Channel: 31

1xEV-DO Power: -70 dBm

4> 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window

Under RF Frequency Band / Channel: Enter Ch. Frequency

Under Carrier Configuration: RF Frequency

For Two Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	RF Channel	RF Channel Offset
Carrier [0]	31	0
Carrier [1]	1013	982

Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot

	Carrier Sector	Active on AN	Assigned to AT
Pilot [0]	C0/S0	✓	✓
	CA/S1	✓	✓

For Three Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	RF Channel	RF Channel Offset
Carrier [0]	72	0
Carrier [1]	31	-41
Carrier [2]	1013	941

Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot

	Carrier Sector	Active on AN	Assigned to AT
Pilot [0]	C0/S0	✓	✓
Pilot [1]	C1/S1	✓	✓
Pilot [2]	C2/S2	✓	✓



<LTE Mode>

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LTE Target MPR level

The device implements maximum power reduction per 3GPP 36.101 requirements where the MPR target is as below table. The MPR settings are implemented configured into firmware and cannot be disabled by the end user or LTE carrier network.

	MPR	3GPP						
Modulation	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	Target	MPR
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	(dB)	(dB)
QPSK	> 5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1	≤1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤16	≤ 18	1	≤1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2	<u>≤</u> 2

Note: The measurement result showed some difference from the target MPR level, due to expected 0.5dBmeasurement tolerance

LTE Bands

	Channel b	andwidth / Tr	ansmission b	oandwidth co	nfiguration [l	RB]
LTE Bands	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
2	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
4	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
5	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	N/A	N/A
7	N/A	N/A	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
12	N/A	N/A	√	$\sqrt{}$	N/A	N/A
17	N/A	N/A	√	$\sqrt{}$	N/A	N/A
26	\checkmark	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	N/A
38	N/A	N/A	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
41	N/A	N/A		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
66	V	√	√	V	V	√ √

Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the



highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ Db higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported band width is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 7. For LTE B4 / B5 / B7 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 8. LTE band 2 / 12 SAR test was covered by Band 25 / 17; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.
- 9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the CMW500 base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAMsignal modulation are correct. Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design: only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards: b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled.
- 10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor

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- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 12. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 13. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

<WLAN 2.4GHz>

- 1. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
 - b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test configuration Procedures should be followed.
- 3. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

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- 4. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D02DR02-41929 for 2.4 GHz WI-FI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSSSAR.
- 5. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WiFi when handset operates "held to the body" condition or "held to the ear" condition, the power reduction triggered by audio receiver detection and call establish status.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<WLAN 5GHz>

A) U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 2. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 3. The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50.
- 4. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power certified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

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B) U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, all channels that operate at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

C) OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- 1. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel band width and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have





the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- 5. The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 6. For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

D) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the sametransmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction Vapplies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 bandare supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximumoutput power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying theinitial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmissionconfiguration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a testconfiguration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished toapply the procedures.

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13. Conducted Power List

Remark: The output power of GSM/WCDMA/LTE/WLAN/Bluetooth refers to the annex E of this report.

14. Hotspot Mode Evaluation Procedure

EUT Antenna Location

The location of antenna was recorded in annex B

Antenna supports TX/RX bands:

ANT 0: GSM 850/1900, UMTS Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/26/38/41/66

ANT 1: GSM 850/1900, UMTS Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/26/38/41/66

ANT 2: WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz, Bluetooth, GPS

ANT 3: NFC

EUT Antenna Distance

Antenna Location	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
ANT 0	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm	<5mm
ANT 1	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm	<5mm	>25mm
ANT 2	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm

> Hotspot Evaluation

Assessment Hotspot side for SAR Test distance: 10mm								
Antennas	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom		
ANT 0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes		
ANT 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No		
ANT 2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No		

Note:

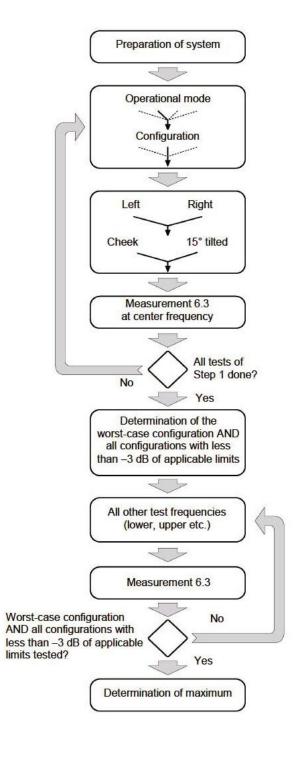
- 1. The SAR evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router function is according to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR v02r01.
- 2. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 3. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- 4. For WWAN bands, all of surface or edges would be tested except the bottom side of ANT 1 and top side of ANT 0 in this report.
- 5. For WLAN bands, all of surface or edges would be tested except the bottom side in this report.

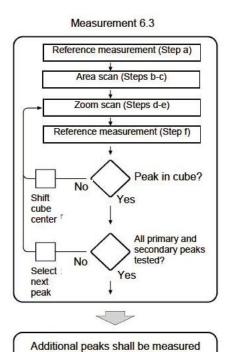




15. Block Diagram of the Tests to be Performed

15.1. Head





only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit

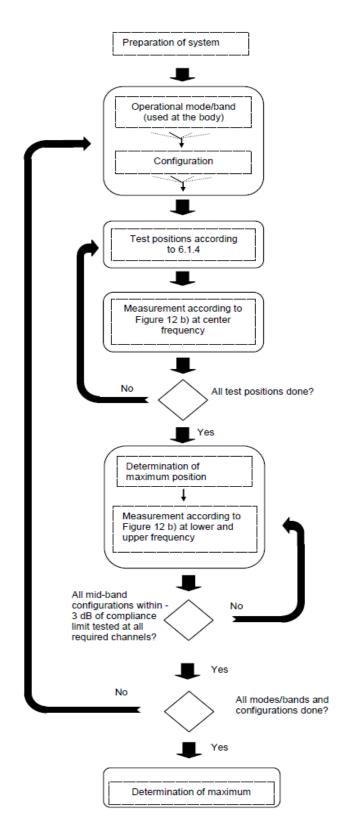
IEC 228/05





15.2. Body

REPORT No.: SZ22010020S01



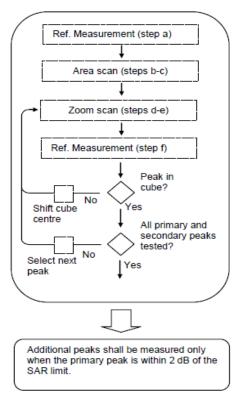


Figure 12b - General procedure



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16. Test Results List

16.1. Test Guidance

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

- a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor.
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - a. ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - b. ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - c. ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for tablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
- 6. Per KDB248227 D01v02r02, a Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies required for operations in the U.S. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic



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transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. When a device is not capable of sustaining continuous transmission or the output can become nonlinear, and it is limited by hardware design and unable to transmit at higher than 85% duty factor, a periodic duty factor within 15% of the maximum duty factor the device is capable of transmitting should be used. The reported SAR must be scaled to the maximum transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Descriptions of the procedures applied to establish the specific duty factor used for SAR testing are required in SAR reports to support the test results.

- 7. There are two types of battery in this report, the first one was used to testing all of exposure conditions, and the other was verified the worst condition of head, body-worn or hotspot exposure.
- 8. The maximum radiated emission at 3m of NFC that was recorded in SZ22010020W06 which was converted to EIRP is closed to zero, therefore it is not required for RF exposure.
- 9. This device will select corresponding conducted power automatically in different using conditions.
 - a.TX power switching between upper and lower antennas is realized through DPDT switch
 - b. The power back off of head and body SAR is realized by monitoring the opening and closing of receiver (the receiver opening and calls the power back off parameter of head SAR, and the receiver closed and calls the power back off parameter of body SAR)
 - c. Single and simultaneous transmission of cellular SAR: during cellular operation, it is realized by monitoring WiFi connection and non connection (Wi Fi connection, call the power back off parameter of cellular SAR simultaneous transmission, Wi Fi disconnection, call the power back off parameter of single transmission SAR)
 - d. Single and simultaneous transmission of WiFi SAR: when WiFi is connected, it is realized by monitoring whether the RF modem works or not (when the modem works, call the WiFi SAR simultaneous transmission SAR power back off parameter; when the modem does not work, call the WiFi SAR single transmission SAR power back off parameter)

10. The power level applied as below:

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Transmission Condition	Wireless System	Antenna	Head	Body		
	GSM850	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
	GSIVIOSO	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	GSM1900	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
Standalone		ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	WCDMA II	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	VVCDIVIA II	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	WCDMA IV	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		





T		Ţ			
	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
WCDMA V	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
VVCDIVIA V	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
LTC Dond O	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
LTE Band 2	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
LTE Band 4	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
LIE Band 4	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
LTC Dond 5	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
LTE Band 5	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
LTC Dond 7	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
LTE Band 7	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
LTE Band	ANT 1	Full Power	Full Power		
12/17	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
LTE Band	ANT 1	Full Power	Full Power		
26	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
38	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
41	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
66	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
WLAN2.4G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
WLAN5.2G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 4		
WLAN5.3G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
WLAN5.5G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
WLAN5.8G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 4		



Transmission	Wireless					
Condition	System	Antenna	Head	Body		
	CCMOEO	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
	GSM850	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	CCM4000	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	GSM1900	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	WCDMA II	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	VVCDIVIA II	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	WCDMA IV	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	VVCDIVIA IV	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	MCDMAN	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
	WCDMA V	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	LTE Band 2	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
		ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	LTE Band 4	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	LIE Danu 4	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	LTE Band 5	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
Simultaneous		ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
Simultaneous	LTE Band 7	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	LI E Dallu 1	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	LTE Band	ANT 1	Full Power	Full Power		
	12/17	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	LTE Band	ANT 1	Full Power	Full Power		
	26	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 5		
	38	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Full Power		
	41	ANT 0	Full Power	Full Power		
	LTE Band	ANT 1	Reduced Power Level 1	Reduced Power Level 2		
	66	ANT 0	Full Power	Reduced Power Level 3		
	WLAN2.4G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 6	Full Power		
	WLAN5.2G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 6	Reduced Power Level 7		
	WLAN5.3G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 6	Full Power		
	WLAN5.5G	ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 6	Full Power		



WLAN5.8G ANT 2	Reduced Power Level 6	Reduced Power Level 7
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16.2. Head SAR Data

GSM Head SAR

	ISINI HEAU SAN	1	1		1	1					
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power	Tune-up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	Meas. SAR _{1g}	Reported SAR _{1g}			
110.				(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
	Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1										
1#	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	189	24.14	25.00	1.219	0.551	0.672			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	189	24.14	25.00	1.219	0.461	0.562			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Cheek	189	24.14	25.00	1.219	0.355	0.433			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Tilt	189	24.14	25.00	1.219	0.258	0.314			
		Fu	ıll Power fo	or ANT 0							
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.110	0.134			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.058	0.071			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Cheek	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.141	0.172			
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Tilt	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.071	0.087			
		Reduced	Power Le	vel 1 for A	NT 1						
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	661	20.69	21.50	1.205	0.723	0.871			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	661	20.69	21.50	1.205	0.815	0.982			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Cheek	661	20.69	21.50	1.205	0.344	0.415			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Tilt	661	20.69	21.50	1.205	0.469	0.565			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	512	20.63	21.50	1.222	0.807	0.986			
2#	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	810	20.66	21.50	1.213	0.869	1.054			
		Fu	III Power fo	or ANT 0							
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	661	24.19	25.00	1.205	0.065	0.078			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	661	24.19	25.00	1.205	0.059	0.071			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Cheek	661	24.19	25.00	1.205	0.080	0.096			
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Tilt	661	24.19	25.00	1.205	0.075	0.090			

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> WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)			
I		Reduced	Power Lev	, ,		1 actor	(W/Kg)	(VV/Kg)			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	16.16	17.00	1.213	0.511	0.620			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9400	16.16	17.00	1.213	0.659	0.800			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	16.16	17.00	1.213	0.300	0.364			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	9400	16.16	17.00	1.213	0.422	0.512			
3#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9262	16.14	17.00	1.219	0.738	0.900			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9538	16.11	17.00	1.227	0.681	0.836			
	Full Power for ANT 0										
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.095	0.115			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9400	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.092	0.112			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.155	0.188			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	9400	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.102	0.124			
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1						
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	16.15	17.00	1.216	0.658	0.800			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1413	16.15	17.00	1.216	0.820	0.997			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	16.15	17.00	1.216	0.422	0.513			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	1413	16.15	17.00	1.216	0.488	0.593			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1312	16.12	17.00	1.225	0.804	0.985			
4#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1513	16.13	17.00	1.222	0.860	1.051			
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0							
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.063	0.077			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1413	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.049	0.060			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.121	0.147			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	1413	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.086	0.105			
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1						
5#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	21.57	22.50	1.239	0.639	0.792			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	4182	21.57	22.50	1.239	0.488	0.605			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	21.57	22.50	1.239	0.384	0.476			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	4182	21.57	22.50	1.239	0.279	0.346			
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0	,		T				
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.127	0.157			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.067	0.083			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.145	0.180			
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.111	0.138			



LTE QPSK Head SAR

> L	TE QPSK Head SAR										
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)			
	Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1										
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.753	0.941			
8#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.893	1.116			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt Battery 2	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.881	1.101			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.541	0.676			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.662	0.828			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18700	16.50	17.50	1.259	0.716	0.901			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	19100	16.47	17.50	1.268	0.721	0.914			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	15.67	16.50	1.211	0.522	0.632			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	15.67	16.50	1.211	0.612	0.741			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	15.67	16.50	1.211	0.335	0.406			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	15.67	16.50	1.211	0.492	0.596			
	LTE Band 2/100RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	15.66	16.50	1.213	0.623	0.756			
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0	•						
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	22.53	23.50	1.250	0.086	0.108			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	22.53	23.50	1.250	0.070	0.088			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	22.53	23.50	1.250	0.119	0.149			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	22.53	23.50	1.250	0.059	0.074			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.068	0.082			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.061	0.074			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.099	0.120			
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.054	0.065			
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1						
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.532	0.661			
9#	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.755	0.937			
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.326	0.405			
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.428	0.531			
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20050	15.48	16.50	1.265	0.711	0.899			
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20300	15.55	16.50	1.245	0.696	0.866			
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	14.68	15.50	1.208	0.345	0.417			
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	14.68	15.50	1.208	0.477	0.576			
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	14.68	15.50	1.208	0.188	0.227			
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	14.68	15.50	1.208	0.245	0.296			
	LTE Band 4/100RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	14.58	15.50	1.236	0.413	0.510			
	•	•					•				



		Ful	II Power fo	r ANT 0					
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.067	0.083	
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.049	0.061	
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.129	0.160	
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	22.56	23.50	1.242	0.075	0.093	
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20175	21.68	22.50	1.208	0.059	0.071	
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20175	21.68	22.50	1.208	0.036	0.043	
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	20175	21.68	22.50	1.208	0.102	0.123	
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	20175	21.68	22.50	1.208	0.066	0.080	
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1				
10#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	21.48	22.50	1.265	0.612	0.774	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	21.48	22.50	1.265	0.422	0.534	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	21.48	22.50	1.265	0.355	0.449	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	21.48	22.50	1.265	0.254	0.321	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	20.58	21.50	1.236	0.444	0.549	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	20.58	21.50	1.236	0.325	0.402	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	20.58	21.50	1.236	0.262	0.324	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	20.58	21.50	1.236	0.189	0.234	
Full Power for ANT 0									
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.102	0.129	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.053	0.067	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.113	0.143	
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.065	0.082	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.082	0.101	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.036	0.044	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.092	0.114	
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.053	0.066	
		T	Power Lev	1	ı	T	T	T	
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	15.04	16.00	1.247	0.611	0.762	
11#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	15.04	16.00	1.247	0.719	0.897	
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	15.04	16.00	1.247	0.461	0.575	
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	15.04	16.00	1.247	0.539	0.672	
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	20850	15.03	16.00	1.250	0.696	0.870	
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21350	14.96	16.00	1.271	0.686	0.872	
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	14.16	15.00	1.213	0.477	0.579	
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	14.16	15.00	1.213	0.566	0.687	
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	14.16	15.00	1.213	0.281	0.341	
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	14.16	15.00	1.213	0.366	0.444	



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	LTE Band 7/100RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	13.92	15.00	1.282	0.533	0.683		
	Full Power for ANT 0									
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	22.54	23.50	1.247	0.152	0.190		
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	22.54	23.50	1.247	0.111	0.138		
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	22.54	23.50	1.247	0.182	0.227		
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	22.54	23.50	1.247	0.159	0.198		
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	21.66	22.50	1.213	0.100	0.121		
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	21.66	22.50	1.213	0.075	0.091		
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	21.66	22.50	1.213	0.122	0.148		
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	21.66	22.50	1.213	0.088	0.107		
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1					
12#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.482	0.596		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.423	0.523		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.368	0.455		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.222	0.274		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.391	0.463		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.279	0.330		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.182	0.215		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.144	0.170		
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0						
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.077	0.095		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.045	0.056		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.102	0.126		
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	23.58	24.50	1.236	0.047	0.058		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.067	0.079		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.040	0.047		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.087	0.103		
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.039	0.046		
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 1						
13#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.794	0.979		
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.548	0.676		
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.425	0.524		
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.311	0.383		
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26765	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.746	0.928		
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26965	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.755	0.937		
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.685	0.777		
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.410	0.465		
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.342	0.388		



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	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.209	0.237			
	LTE Band 26/75RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.611	0.755			
	Full Power for ANT 0										
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.087	0.107			
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.055	0.068			
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.121	0.149			
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.056	0.069			
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.083	0.094			
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.049	0.056			
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.091	0.103			
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	22.45	23.00	1.135	0.054	0.061			
Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1											
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.600	0.753			
14#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.781	0.980			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.444	0.557			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.478	0.600			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	37850	18.97	20.00	1.268	0.674	0.860			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38150	19.01	20.00	1.256	0.440	0.556			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	18.30	19.00	1.175	0.352	0.416			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	18.30	19.00	1.175	0.459	0.543			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	18.30	19.00	1.175	0.210	0.248			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	18.30	19.00	1.175	0.255	0.301			
	LTE Band 38/100RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	18.04	19.00	1.247	0.426	0.535			
		Ful	II Power fo	r ANT 0			•				
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.126	0.158			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.088	0.110			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.146	0.183			
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.096	0.120			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.103	0.122			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.071	0.084			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.121	0.143			
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.085	0.100			
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1						
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40640	19.07	20.00	1.239	0.315	0.393			
15#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40640	19.07	20.00	1.239	0.471	0.587			
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40640	19.07	20.00	1.239	0.205	0.255			
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40640	19.07	20.00	1.239	0.286	0.356			



	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40640	18.17	19.00	1.211	0.249	0.303
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40640	18.17	19.00	1.211	0.367	0.447
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40640	18.17	19.00	1.211	0.133	0.162
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40640	18.17	19.00	1.211	0.169	0.206
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0				
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.086	0.107
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.063	0.079
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.109	0.136
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.081	0.101
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40640	22.17	23.00	1.211	0.072	0.088
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40640	22.17	23.00	1.211	0.053	0.065
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40640	22.17	23.00	1.211	0.099	0.121
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40640	22.17	23.00	1.211	0.076	0.093
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 1			
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.622	0.772
16#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.731	0.908
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.355	0.441
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	15.56	16.50	1.242	0.584	0.725
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132072	15.50	16.50	1.259	0.700	0.881
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132572	15.54	16.50	1.247	0.687	0.857
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	14.80	15.50	1.175	0.400	0.470
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	14.80	15.50	1.175	0.482	0.566
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	14.80	15.50	1.175	0.196	0.230
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	14.80	15.50	1.175	0.247	0.290
	LTE Band 66/100RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	14.56	15.50	1.242	0.412	0.512
		Fu	II Power fo	r ANT 0				
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.079	0.098
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.052	0.065
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.110	0.137
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.049	0.061
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.052	0.061
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.045	0.053
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.087	0.102
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.036	0.042
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WLAN Head SAR

> W	LAN Head SAR							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 2			
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	11	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.311	0.418
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilt	11	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.258	0.347
17#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	11	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.825	1.108
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	11	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.715	0.960
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	1	15.50	17.00	1.413	0.750	1.072
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	6	14.67	16.00	1.358	0.755	1.038
•	Redu	iced Power Lev	el 6 for Sin	nultaneou	s Transmis	ssion		
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	11	13.77	15.00	1.327	0.216	0.290
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilt	11	13.77	15.00	1.327	0.143	0.192
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	11	13.77	15.00	1.327	0.549	0.737
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	11	13.77	15.00	1.327	0.322	0.433
•		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 2			1
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	44	11.44	12.50	1.276	0.266	0.347
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	44	11.44	12.50	1.276	0.389	0.507
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	44	11.44	12.50	1.276	0.610	0.796
18#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	44	11.44	12.50	1.276	0.777	1.014
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	36	10.95	12.50	1.429	0.672	0.981
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	48	11.12	12.50	1.374	0.688	0.966
•	Redu	iced Power Lev	el 6 for Sin	nultaneou	s Transmis	ssion		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	44	9.44	10.50	1.276	0.115	0.150
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	44	9.44	10.50	1.276	0.203	0.265
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	44	9.44	10.50	1.276	0.315	0.411
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	44	9.44	10.50	1.276	0.513	0.669
•		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 2			1
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	64	12.45	13.50	1.274	0.204	0.266
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	64	12.45	13.50	1.274	0.268	0.349
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	64	12.45	13.50	1.274	0.682	0.888
19#	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	64	12.45	13.50	1.274	0.851	1.108
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	52	11.43	12.50	1.279	0.722	0.944
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	60	12.30	13.50	1.318	0.811	1.093
I	Redu	iced Power Lev	el 6 for Sin	nultaneou	s Transmis	ssion		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	64	10.45	11.50	1.274	0.094	0.122
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	64	10.45	11.50	1.274	0.138	0.180
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	64	10.45	11.50	1.274	0.300	0.390
		1						



	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	64	10.45	11.50	1.274	0.496	0.646
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 2			
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	100	12.43	13.50	1.279	0.188	0.246
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	100	12.43	13.50	1.279	0.211	0.276
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	100	12.43	13.50	1.279	0.544	0.711
20#	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	100	12.43	13.50	1.279	0.796	1.041
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	120	11.40	12.50	1.288	0.696	0.916
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	144	11.72	13.50	1.507	0.612	0.942
	Redu	ced Power Lev	el 6 for Sin	nultaneou	s Transmis	ssion		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	100	10.43	11.50	1.279	0.107	0.140
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	100	10.43	11.50	1.279	0.123	0.161
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	100	10.43	11.50	1.279	0.411	0.537
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	100	10.43	11.50	1.279	0.429	0.561
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 1 for A	NT 2			
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	149	10.98	12.50	1.419	0.165	0.239
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	149	10.98	12.50	1.419	0.234	0.339
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	149	10.98	12.50	1.419	0.512	0.743
21#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	149	10.98	12.50	1.419	0.762	1.105
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	157	10.76	12.50	1.493	0.613	0.935
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	165	9.89	11.50	1.449	0.583	0.863
	Redu	ced Power Lev	el 6 for Sin	nultaneou	ıs Transmis	ssion		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	149	8.98	10.50	1.419	0.093	0.135
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	149	8.98	10.50	1.419	0.125	0.181
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	149	8.98	10.50	1.419	0.312	0.452
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	149	8.98	10.50	1.419	0.447	0.648

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



- 6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- 7. For TDD-LTE, the reported SAR should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.006.
- The 2.4G WLAN reported 1g SAR (W/kg) should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.012, 5G WLAN 802.11a with 1.022.

16.3. Body SAR Data

GSM Body SAR

> G	SM Body SAR									
Plot	Band/Mode	Test	CH.	Ave. Power	Tune-up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	Meas. SAR _{1q}	Reported SAR _{1q}		
No.		Position		(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Ful	l Power for	ANT 1						
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Front Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.112	0.137		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.120	0.146		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.088	0.107		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.046	0.056		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Top Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.094	0.114		
		Ful	l Power for	ANT 0						
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Front Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.116	0.141		
22#	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.154	0.188		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.135	0.165		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.088	0.107		
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Bottom Side	189	27.14	28.00	1.219	0.121	0.147		
	Reduced Power Level 2 for ANT 1									
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Front Side	661	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.139	0.167		
23#	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Back Side	661	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.194	0.234		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Side	661	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.142	0.171		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Side	661	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.086	0.104		
24#	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Top Side	661	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.306	0.369		
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for A	NT 0					
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Front Side	661	21.19	22.00	1.205	0.087	0.105		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Back Side	661	21.19	22.00	1.205	0.173	0.208		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Left Side	661	21.19	22.00	1.205	0.031	0.037		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Side	661	21.19	22.00	1.205	0.041	0.049		
	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Bottom Side	661	21.19	22.00	1.205	0.260	0.313		

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> WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
		Reduced	Power Lev	, , ,		1 40101	(**/*(9)	(VV/Ng)
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9538	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.298	0.362
25#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9538	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.366	0.444
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	9538	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.184	0.223
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	9538	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.081	0.098
26#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	9538	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.578	0.701
•		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for A	NT 0			
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9400	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.157	0.191
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9400	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.300	0.364
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	9400	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.053	0.064
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	9400	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.074	0.090
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9400	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.455	0.552
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 2 for A	NT 1			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1413	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.301	0.366
27#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1413	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.347	0.422
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1413	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.176	0.214
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1413	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.069	0.084
28#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	1413	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.458	0.557
		Reduced	Power Lev	vel 3 for A	nt 0			
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1413	20.15	21.00	1.216	0.158	0.192
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1413	20.15	21.00	1.216	0.277	0.337
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1413	20.15	21.00	1.216	0.047	0.057
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1413	20.15	21.00	1.216	0.094	0.114
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1413	20.15	21.00	1.216	0.404	0.491
		Ful	II Power fo	r ANT 1				
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.134	0.166
29#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.159	0.197
30#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.183	0.227
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.126	0.156
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.137	0.170
		Fu	II Power fo	or Ant 0				
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.098	0.121
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.129	0.160
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.111	0.138
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.072	0.089



	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	4182	23.57	24.50	1.239	0.104	0.129
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LTE QPSK Body SAR

> L	TE QPSK Body SAR							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 2 for A	NT 1			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.304	0.380
31#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.353	0.441
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.066	0.083
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.045	0.056
32#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.528	0.660
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.281	0.340
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.345	0.418
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.053	0.064
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.032	0.039
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.468	0.567
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for A	NT 0			
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.216	0.270
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.289	0.361
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.166	0.208
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.075	0.094
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	19.53	20.50	1.250	0.427	0.534
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.150	0.182
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.248	0.300
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.125	0.151
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.058	0.070
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	18.67	19.50	1.211	0.366	0.443
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 2 for A	NT 1			
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.296	0.368
33#	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.343	0.426
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.112	0.139
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.080	0.099
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	20175	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.403	0.500
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	19.68	20.50	1.208	0.205	0.248
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	19.68	20.50	1.208	0.300	0.362
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	19.68	20.50	1.208	0.094	0.114
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	19.68	20.50	1.208	0.075	0.091
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	20175	19.68	20.50	1.208	0.384	0.464



		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for Al	NT 0		ı	T
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	19.56	20.50	1.242	0.149	0.185
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	19.56	20.50	1.242	0.237	0.294
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	19.56	20.50	1.242	0.182	0.226
	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	19.56	20.50	1.242	0.085	0.106
34#	LTE Band 4/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20175	19.56	20.50	1.242	0.458	0.569
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	20175	18.68	19.50	1.208	0.125	0.151
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	20175	18.68	19.50	1.208	0.200	0.242
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	20175	18.68	19.50	1.208	0.135	0.163
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	20175	18.68	19.50	1.208	0.061	0.074
	LTE Band 4/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20175	18.68	19.50	1.208	0.377	0.455
		Ful	I Power fo	r ANT 1				
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.108	0.137
35#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.135	0.171
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.066	0.083
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.047	0.059
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Top Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.106	0.134
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.091	0.112
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.123	0.152
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.051	0.063
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.036	0.044
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Top Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.113	0.140
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for Al	NT 0			
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.072	0.091
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.093	0.118
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.064	0.081
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.069	0.087
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.074	0.094
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.061	0.075
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.082	0.101
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.046	0.057
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.055	0.068
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.065	0.080
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 2 for Al	NT 1			
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	21100	16.54	17.50	1.247	0.269	0.336
36#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	21100	16.54	17.50	1.247	0.463	0.578
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	21100	16.54	17.50	1.247	0.153	0.191
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	21100	16.54	17.50	1.247	0.100	0.125



37# LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 16.54 17.50 1.247 0.644 0.80 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Top Side 20850 16.53 17.50 1.250 0.620 0.77 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Top Side 21350 16.46 17.50 1.271 0.628 0.79 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.205 0.24 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.372 0.45 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.086 0.10 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Top Side 21350 16.46 17.50 1.271 0.628 0.79 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.205 0.24 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.372 0.45 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.086 0.10 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/10RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.205 0.24 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.372 0.45 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.086 0.10 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.066 0.08 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.372 0.45 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.086 0.10 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.066 0.08 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.086 0.10 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.066 0.08 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.066 0.08 LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.210 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.66 16.50 1.213 0.469 0.56 LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56 Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/100RB#0 10M Top Side 21100 15.42 16.50 1.282 0.438 0.56. Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.216 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
Reduced Power Level 3 for ANT 0 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.210 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.260 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.168 0.21 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.211 0.26 LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Left Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.112 0.14
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.079 0.09
LTE Band 7/1RB#0 10M Bottom Side 21100 20.54 21.50 1.247 0.449 0.56
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Front Side 21100 19.66 20.50 1.213 0.147 0.176
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Back Side 21100 19.66 20.50 1.213 0.182 0.22
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Right Side 21100 19.66 20.50 1.213 0.061 0.074
LTE Band 7/50RB#0 10M Bottom Side
Full Power for ANT 1
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Front Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.102 0.12
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Back Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.119 0.14
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Right Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.061 0.075
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Front Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.087 0.10
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Back Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.099 0.11
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Left Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.055 0.06
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Right Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.041 0.04
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M
Full Power for ANT 0
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Front Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.116 0.14
38# LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Back Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.142 0.17
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Right Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.085 0.10
LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M Bottom Side 23095 23.58 24.50 1.236 0.056 0.06
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Front Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.082 0.09



LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Back Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.122 0.14 LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Left Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.051 0.06 LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Right Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.072 0.08 LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Bottom Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.046 0.05 Full Power for ANT 1 LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.136 0.16 39# LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Back Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.180 0.22)
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Right Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.072 0.08 LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Bottom Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.046 0.05 Full Power for ANT 1 LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.136 0.16	
LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M Bottom Side 23095 22.77 23.50 1.183 0.046 0.05 Full Power for ANT 1 LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.136 0.16	:
Full Power for ANT 1 LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.136 0.16	<u> </u>
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.136 0.16	ļ
39# LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Back Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.180 0.22	3
	2
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	3
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Right Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.133 0.16	ļ
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	2
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.088 0.10)
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Back Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.125 0.14	2
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Left Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.090 0.10)
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Right Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.072 0.08	2
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	5
Full Power for ANT 0	
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.086 0.10	6
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Back Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.105 0.12)
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Left Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.046 0.05	,
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Right Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.066 0.08	
LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M Bottom Side 26865 23.09 24.00 1.233 0.080 0.09)
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Front Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.067 0.07	6
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Back Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.099 0.11	2
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	3
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Right Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.046 0.05	2
LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M Bottom Side 26865 22.45 23.00 1.135 0.078 0.08)
Full Power for ANT 1	
LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Front Side 38000 23.04 24.00 1.247 0.202 0.25	3
40# LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Back Side 38000 23.04 24.00 1.247 0.499 0.62	3
LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Left Side 38000 23.04 24.00 1.247 0.309 0.38	3
LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Right Side 38000 23.04 24.00 1.247 0.326 0.40)
41# LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Top Side 38000 23.04 24.00 1.247 0.845 1.06)
LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Top Side 37850 22.97 24.00 1.268 0.822 1.04	3
LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M Top Side 38150 23.01 24.00 1.256 0.811 1.02	5
LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M Front Side 38000 22.30 23.00 1.175 0.183 0.21	<u> </u>
LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M Back Side 38000 22.30 23.00 1.175 0.369 0.43	5
LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M Left Side 38000 22.30 23.00 1.175 0.257 0.30	
	}

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	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.612	0.723
	LTE Band 38/100RB#0 20M	Top Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.589	0.739
	Reduced F	Power Level 5 f	or Simultaı	neous Tra	nsmission	of ANT 1		
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.172	0.216
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.315	0.395
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.222	0.279
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.271	0.340
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	38000	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.611	0.767
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	21.30	22.00	1.175	0.144	0.170
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	21.30	22.00	1.175	0.215	0.254
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	21.30	22.00	1.175	0.145	0.171
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	21.30	22.00	1.175	0.178	0.210
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	38000	21.30	22.00	1.175	0.542	0.641
		Ful	I Power fo	r ANT 0				
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.202	0.253
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.306	0.384
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.153	0.192
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.102	0.128
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.205	0.257
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.167	0.197
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.252	0.298
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.109	0.129
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.071	0.084
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.162	0.191
		Ful	I Power fo	r ANT 1				
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.159	0.198
42#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.389	0.485
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.129	0.161
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.166	0.207
43#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.639	0.796
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.121	0.151
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.256	0.319
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.096	0.120
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.140	0.174
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.462	0.576
		Ful	I Power fo	r ANT 0				
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.169	0.211
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.291	0.363



	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.131	0.163
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.081	0.101
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.226	0.282
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.126	0.157
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.215	0.268
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.100	0.125
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.060	0.075
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40640	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.113	0.141
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 2 for Al	NT 1			
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	21.06	22.00	1.242	0.528	0.656
44#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	21.06	22.00	1.242	0.551	0.684
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	21.06	22.00	1.242	0.114	0.142
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	21.06	22.00	1.242	0.088	0.109
45#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	132322	21.06	22.00	1.242	0.686	0.852
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	132072	21.00	22.00	1.259	0.604	0.760
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Top Side	132572	21.04	22.00	1.247	0.626	0.781
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	20.30	21.00	1.175	0.423	0.497
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	20.30	21.00	1.175	0.522	0.613
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	20.30	21.00	1.175	0.110	0.129
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	20.30	21.00	1.175	0.084	0.099
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Top Side	132322	20.30	21.00	1.175	0.572	0.672
	LTE Band 66/100RB#0 20M	Top Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.555	0.689
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 3 for Al	NT 0			
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.173	0.215
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.325	0.404
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.042	0.052
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.085	0.106
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	20.06	21.00	1.242	0.376	0.467
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	19.30	20.00	1.175	0.142	0.167
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	19.30	20.00	1.175	0.289	0.340
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	19.30	20.00	1.175	0.041	0.048
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	19.30	20.00	1.175	0.083	0.098
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	19.30	20.00	1.175	0.300	0.352



WLAN Body SAR

> W	LAN Body SAR									
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		
		Fu	ıll Power fo	r ANT 2						
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Front Side	11	18.77	20.00	1.327	0.152	0.204		
46#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	11	18.77	20.00	1.327	0.212	0.285		
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Side	11	18.77	20.00	1.327	0.134	0.180		
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Side	11	18.77	20.00	1.327	0.077	0.103		
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Top Side	11	18.77	20.00	1.327	0.157	0.211		
		Reduced	Power Lev	el 4 for A	NT 2					
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.175	0.228		
47#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.276	0.360		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.138	0.180		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.066	0.086		
48#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.851	1.110		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	44	14.94	16.00	1.276	0.839	1.094		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	36	14.45	16.00	1.429	0.733	1.070		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	48	14.62	16.00	1.374	0.768	1.078		
Reduced Power Level 7 for simultaneous transmission										
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	44	12.44	13.50	1.276	0.086	0.112		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	44	12.44	13.50	1.276	0.126	0.164		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	12.44	13.50	1.276	0.068	0.089		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Side	44	12.44	13.50	1.276	0.033	0.043		
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	44	12.44	13.50	1.276	0.436	0.569		
		Fu	ıll Power fo	r ANT 2			I.	l .		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Front Side	64	17.95	19.00	1.274	0.366	0.476		
49#	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	64	17.95	19.00	1.274	0.501	0.652		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	52	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.422	0.552		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	60	17.80	19.00	1.318	0.472	0.636		
		Fı	ıll Power fo	r ANT 2			l	l		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Front Side	100	17.93	19.00	1.279	0.315	0.412		
50#	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	100	17.93	19.00	1.279	0.487	0.637		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	120	16.90	18.00	1.288	0.412	0.542		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	144	17.22	19.00	1.507	0.399	0.614		
<u> </u>		Fu	ıll Power fo	r ANT 2	ı	ı		ı		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	149	14.48	16.00	1.419	0.222	0.322		
51#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	149	14.48	16.00	1.419	0.462	0.670		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	149	14.48	16.00	1.419	0.095	0.138		
				1	1					



	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Side	149	14.48	16.00	1.419	0.057	0.083		
52#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	149	14.48	16.00	1.419	0.722	1.047		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	157	14.26	16.00	1.493	0.611	0.932		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	165	13.39	15.00	1.449	0.625	0.925		
	Reduced Power Level 7 for simultaneous transmission									
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	149	11.98	13.50	1.419	0.108	0.157		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	149	11.98	13.50	1.419	0.168	0.244		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	149	11.98	13.50	1.419	0.042	0.061		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Side	149	11.98	13.50	1.419	0.027	0.039		
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	149	11.98	13.50	1.419	0.310	0.450		
			ANT 2							
	Bluetooth/DH5	Front Side	0	9.98	11.00	1.265	0.024	0.039		
53#	Bluetooth/DH5	Back Side	0	9.98	11.00	1.265	0.036	0.058		
	Bluetooth/DH5	Left Side	0	9.98	11.00	1.265	0.019	0.031		
	Bluetooth/DH5	Right Side	0	9.98	11.00	1.265	0.011	0.018		
	Bluetooth/DH5	Top Side	0	9.98	11.00	1.265	0.025	0.041		

Note:

- For TDD-LTE, the reported SAR should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.006.
- The 2.4G WLAN reported 1g SAR (W/kg) should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.012, 5G WLAN 802.11a with 1.022.



16.4. Repeated SAR Assessment

General Note

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg;
- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Test Results

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		
Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1										
OR.	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	810	20.66	21.50	1.213	0.869	1.054		
1 st	GPRS 1900(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	810	20.69	21.50	1.205	0.855	1.030		
	Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1									
OR.	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1513	16.13	17.00	1.222	0.860	1.051		
1 st	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1513	16.13	17.00	1.222	0.856	1.046		
	Reduced Power Level 1 for ANT 1									
OR.	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.893	1.116		
1 st	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.887	1.109		

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16.5. Extremity SAR Assessment

General Guidance

- 1. According to KDB 648474 D04v01r03 The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.
- 2. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode with 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. According to the user manual, the EUT diagonal size is greater than 16cm, therefore the 0mm extremity SAR of WLAN 5GHz is required.

> Test Results

	ot itoduito									
Plot				Ave.	Tune-up	Tune-up	Meas.	Reported		
No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Power	Limit	Scaling	SAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g}		
INO.				(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	ANT 2									
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Front Side	64	17.95	19.00	1.274	0.377	0.491		
54#	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	64	17.95	19.00	1.274	0.675	0.879		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	52	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.555	0.726		
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	60	17.80	19.00	1.318	0.571	0.769		
			ANT 2							
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Front Side	100	17.93	19.00	1.279	0.421	0.550		
55#	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	100	17.93	19.00	1.279	0.568	0.743		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	120	16.90	18.00	1.288	0.510	0.671		
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	144	17.22	19.00	1.507	0.466	0.718		

Note:

The 5G WLAN 802.11a reported 1g SAR (W/kg) should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.022.

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17. Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

17.1. Simultaneous Transmission Consideration

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	WWAN+WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	WWAN+WLAN 5.2GHz/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WWAN+WLAN 5.3GHz/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes	No
4	WWAN+Bluetooth	No	Yes	Yes
5	WWAN+WLAN 5GHz+Bluetooth	No	Yes	Yes

Note:

- 1. When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of the WWAN and WLAN transmitters. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.
- 2. The hotspot SAR result may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, per KDB 941225 D06, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some unnecessary body-worn accessory SAR tests.
- 3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and WLAN, because the software mechanism have been incorporated to guarantee that the WLAN and Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
- 4. Per KDB 447498D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation procedures is as followed: Step 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
 - Step 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.
 - Step 3: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is ≤ 0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
 - Step 4: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is > 0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is required and simultaneous transmission SAR value is calculated.
 - (The ratio is determined by: $(SAR1 + SAR2) \land 1.5/Ri \le 0.04$,
 - Ri is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.
- 5. This device does not support the combination of WWAN+WLAN 2.4GHz+WLAN 5GHz.
- 6. For the co-location of WWAN+Bluetooth, it would not be recorded since it is less than the co-location of WWAN+WLAN 5GHz+Bluetooth mode.



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17.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Head Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN

Head Sin	nuitaneous ira	1121111221011 101	VVVAIN(2/3/	4G)+WLAIN		
		1	2	3		
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
	1 03111011	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	Right Cheek	0.672	0.290	0.150	0.962	0.822
GSM 850	Right Tilt	0.562	0.192	0.265	0.754	0.827
	Left Cheek	0.433	0.737	0.537	1.170	0.970
	Left Tilt	0.314	0.433	0.669	0.747	0.983
	Right Cheek	0.871	0.290	0.150	1.161	1.021
GSM 1900	Right Tilt	1.054	0.192	0.265	1.246	1.319
GSW 1900	Left Cheek	0.415	0.737	0.537	1.152	0.952
	Left Tilt	0.565	0.433	0.669	0.998	1.234
	Right Cheek	0.620	0.290	0.150	0.910	0.770
WCDMA II	Right Tilt	0.900	0.192	0.265	1.092	1.165
WCDMA II	Left Cheek	0.364	0.737	0.537	1.101	0.901
	Left Tilt	0.512	0.433	0.669	0.945	1.181
	Right Cheek	0.800	0.290	0.150	1.090	0.950
\\\(\)	Right Tilt	1.051	0.192	0.265	1.243	1.316
WCDMA IV	Left Cheek	0.513	0.737	0.537	1.250	1.050
	Left Tilt	0.593	0.433	0.669	1.026	1.262
	Right Cheek	0.792	0.290	0.150	1.082	0.942
),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Right Tilt	0.605	0.192	0.265	0.797	0.870
WCDMA V	Left Cheek	0.476	0.737	0.537	1.213	1.013
	Left Tilt	0.346	0.433	0.669	0.779	1.015
	Right Cheek	0.941	0.290	0.150	1.231	1.091
1.75 5 10	Right Tilt	1.116	0.192	0.265	1.308	1.381
LTE Band 2	Left Cheek	0.676	0.737	0.537	1.413	1.213
	Left Tilt	0.828	0.433	0.669	1.261	1.497
	Right Cheek	0.661	0.290	0.150	0.951	0.811
1.75 5	Right Tilt	0.937	0.192	0.265	1.129	1.202
LTE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.405	0.737	0.537	1.142	0.942
	Left Tilt	0.531	0.433	0.669	0.964	1.200
	Right Cheek	0.774	0.290	0.150	1.064	0.924
	Right Tilt	0.534	0.192	0.265	0.726	0.799
LTE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.449	0.737	0.537	1.186	0.986
-	Left Tilt	0.321	0.433	0.669	0.754	0.990
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.762	0.290	0.150	1.052	0.912
						L



	Right Tilt	0.897	0.192	0.265	1.089	1.162
	Left Cheek	0.575	0.737	0.537	1.312	1.112
	Left Tilt	0.672	0.433	0.669	1.105	1.341
	Right Cheek	0.596	0.290	0.150	0.886	0.746
LTE Band	Right Tilt	0.523	0.192	0.265	0.715	0.788
12/17	Left Cheek	0.455	0.737	0.537	1.192	0.992
	Left Tilt	0.274	0.433	0.669	0.707	0.943
	Right Cheek	0.979	0.290	0.150	1.269	1.129
LTE Band 26	Right Tilt	0.676	0.192	0.265	0.868	0.941
LIE Band 26	Left Cheek	0.524	0.737	0.537	1.261	1.061
	Left Tilt	0.383	0.433	0.669	0.816	1.052
	Right Cheek	0.753	0.290	0.150	1.043	0.903
LTC Daniel 20	Right Tilt	0.980	0.192	0.265	1.172	1.245
LTE Band 38	Left Cheek	0.557	0.737	0.537	1.294	1.094
	Left Tilt	0.600	0.433	0.669	1.033	1.269
	Right Cheek	0.393	0.290	0.150	0.683	0.543
LTE Band 41	Right Tilt	0.587	0.192	0.265	0.779	0.852
LIE Banu 41	Left Cheek	0.255	0.737	0.537	0.992	0.792
	Left Tilt	0.356	0.433	0.669	0.789	1.025
	Right Cheek	0.772	0.290	0.150	1.062	0.922
LTE Band 66	Right Tilt	0.908	0.192	0.265	1.100	1.173
LIE Band 66	Left Cheek	0.441	0.737	0.537	1.178	0.978
	Left Tilt	0.725	0.433	0.669	1.158	1.394



> Body Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN+WLAN

	iditalicous IIa	1	2	3		
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
	1 Ostuori	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Front Side	0.141	0.204	0.476	0.345	0.617
	Back Side	0.188	0.285	0.652	0.473	0.840
GSM 850	Left Side	0.165	0.180	0.089	0.345	0.254
G3W 650	Right Side	0.107	0.103	0.043	0.210	0.150
	Top Side	0.114	0.211	0.569	0.325	0.683
	Bottom Side	0.147			0.147	0.147
	Front Side	0.167	0.204	0.476	0.371	0.643
	Back Side	0.234	0.285	0.652	0.519	0.886
CCM 4000	Left Side	0.171	0.180	0.089	0.351	0.260
GSM 1900	Right Side	0.104	0.103	0.043	0.207	0.147
	Top Side	0.369	0.211	0.569	0.580	0.938
	Bottom Side	0.313			0.313	0.313
	Front Side	0.362	0.204	0.476	0.566	0.838
	Back Side	0.444	0.285	0.652	0.729	1.096
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Left Side	0.223	0.180	0.089	0.403	0.312
WCDMA II	Right Side	0.098	0.103	0.043	0.201	0.141
	Top Side	0.701	0.211	0.569	0.912	1.270
	Bottom Side	0.552			0.552	0.552
	Front Side	0.366	0.204	0.476	0.570	0.842
	Back Side	0.422	0.285	0.652	0.707	1.074
MACDAMA IV	Left Side	0.214	0.180	0.089	0.394	0.303
WCDMA IV	Right Side	0.114	0.103	0.043	0.217	0.157
	Top Side	0.557	0.211	0.569	0.768	1.126
	Bottom Side	0.491			0.491	0.491
	Front Side	0.166	0.204	0.476	0.370	0.642
	Back Side	0.197	0.285	0.652	0.482	0.849
VA/CDA4A V/	Left Side	0.227	0.180	0.089	0.407	0.316
WCDMA V	Right Side	0.156	0.103	0.043	0.259	0.199
	Top Side	0.170	0.211	0.569	0.381	0.739
	Bottom Side	0.129			0.129	0.129
	Front Side	0.380	0.204	0.476	0.584	0.856
	Back Side	0.441	0.285	0.652	0.726	1.093
LTE Davido	Left Side	0.208	0.180	0.089	0.388	0.297
LTE Band 2	Right Side	0.094	0.103	0.043	0.197	0.137
	Top Side	0.660	0.211	0.569	0.871	1.229
	Bottom Side	0.534			0.534	0.534



			ı	ı	ı	
	Front Side	0.368	0.204	0.476	0.572	0.844
	Back Side	0.426	0.285	0.652	0.711	1.078
LTE Band 4	Left Side	0.226	0.180	0.089	0.406	0.315
Ziz Bana i	Right Side	0.106	0.103	0.043	0.209	0.149
	Top Side	0.500	0.211	0.569	0.711	1.069
	Bottom Side	0.569			0.569	0.569
	Front Side	0.137	0.204	0.476	0.341	0.613
	Back Side	0.171	0.285	0.652	0.456	0.823
LTE Band 5	Left Side	0.083	0.180	0.089	0.263	0.172
ETE Band 5	Right Side	0.087	0.103	0.043	0.190	0.130
	Top Side	0.140	0.211	0.569	0.351	0.709
	Bottom Side	0.094			0.094	0.094
	Front Side	0.336	0.204	0.476	0.540	0.812
	Back Side	0.578	0.285	0.652	0.863	1.230
LTE Daniel Z	Left Side	0.191	0.180	0.089	0.371	0.280
LTE Band 7	Right Side	0.125	0.103	0.043	0.228	0.168
	Top Side	0.803	0.211	0.569	1.014	1.372
	Bottom Side	0.560			0.560	0.560
	Front Side	0.143	0.204	0.476	0.347	0.619
	Back Side	0.176	0.285	0.652	0.461	0.828
LTE Band	Left Side	0.091	0.180	0.089	0.271	0.180
12/17	Right Side	0.105	0.103	0.043	0.208	0.148
	Top Side	0.069	0.211	0.569	0.280	0.638
	Bottom Side	0.069			0.069	0.069
	Front Side	0.168	0.204	0.476	0.372	0.644
	Back Side	0.222	0.285	0.652	0.507	0.874
LTE Band 26	Left Side	0.178	0.180	0.089	0.358	0.267
LIE Band 26	Right Side	0.164	0.103	0.043	0.267	0.207
	Top Side	0.192	0.211	0.569	0.403	0.761
	Bottom Side	0.099			0.099	0.099
	Front Side	0.253	0.204	0.476	0.457	0.729
	Back Side	0.395	0.285	0.652	0.680	1.047
LTE Dand 20	Left Side	0.279	0.180	0.089	0.459	0.368
LTE Band 38	Right Side	0.340	0.103	0.043	0.443	0.383
	Top Side	0.767	0.211	0.569	0.978	1.336
	Bottom Side	0.257			0.257	0.257
	Front Side	0.211	0.204	0.476	0.415	0.687
	Back Side	0.485	0.285	0.652	0.770	1.137
LTE Band 41	Left Side	0.163	0.180	0.089	0.343	0.252
	Right Side	0.207	0.103	0.043	0.310	0.250
	Top Side	0.796	0.211	0.569	1.007	1.365



	Bottom Side	0.282			0.282	0.282
	Front Side	0.656	0.204	0.476	0.860	1.132
	Back Side	0.684	0.285	0.652	0.969	1.336
LTE Don't CC	Left Side	0.142	0.180	0.089	0.322	0.231
LTE Band 66	Right Side	0.109	0.103	0.043	0.212	0.152
	Top Side	0.852	0.211	0.569	1.063	1.421
	Bottom Side	0.467			0.467	0.467

➤ Body Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN+WLAN 5GHz+Bluetooth

> Dody o	iaitaileeas ira	1131111331011 101	**********	AITOOILIBIA	Clockii
		1	2	3	
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2+3 Summed
	1 Osition	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Front Side	0.141	0.476	0.039	0.656
	Back Side	0.188	0.652	0.058	0.898
GSM 850	Left Side	0.165	0.089	0.031	0.285
GSIVI 650	Right Side	0.107	0.043	0.018	0.168
	Top Side	0.114	0.569	0.041	0.724
	Bottom Side	0.147			0.147
	Front Side	0.167	0.476	0.039	0.682
	Back Side	0.234	0.652	0.058	0.944
GSM 1900	Left Side	0.171	0.089	0.031	0.291
GSW 1900	Right Side	0.104	0.043	0.018	0.165
	Top Side	0.369	0.569	0.041	0.979
	Bottom Side	0.313			0.313
	Front Side	0.362	0.476	0.039	0.877
	Back Side	0.444	0.652	0.058	1.154
MCDMA	Left Side	0.223	0.089	0.031	0.343
WCDMA II	Right Side	0.098	0.043	0.018	0.159
	Top Side	0.701	0.569	0.041	1.311
	Bottom Side	0.552			0.552
	Front Side	0.366	0.476	0.039	0.881
	Back Side	0.422	0.652	0.058	1.132
MCDMA IV	Left Side	0.214	0.089	0.031	0.334
WCDMA IV	Right Side	0.114	0.043	0.018	0.175
	Top Side	0.557	0.569	0.041	1.167
	Bottom Side	0.491			0.491
	Front Side	0.166	0.476	0.039	0.681
WCDMA V	Back Side	0.197	0.652	0.058	0.907
WCDIVIA V	Left Side	0.227	0.089	0.031	0.347
	Right Side	0.156	0.043	0.018	0.217



Top Side		- • • •	0.4=0	0.555	0.6.1.	0.775
Front Side				0.569	0.041	
LTE Band 2 Left Side 0.441 0.652 0.058 1.151 Left Side 0.208 0.089 0.031 0.328 Right Side 0.094 0.043 0.018 0.155 Top Side 0.660 0.569 0.041 1.270 Bottom Side 0.534 0.039 0.883 Bask Side 0.426 0.652 0.058 1.136 Left Side 0.426 0.089 0.031 0.346 Right Side 0.106 0.043 0.018 0.167 Top Side 0.500 0.569 0.041 1.110 Bottom Side 0.569 0.041 1.110 Bottom Side 0.569 0.041 1.110 Bottom Side 0.171 0.652 0.058 0.881 Left Side 0.083 0.089 0.031 0.203 Right Side 0.140 0.569 0.041 0.750 Bottom Side 0.087 0.043 0.018 0.148 Top Side 0.140 0.569 0.041 0.750 Bottom Side 0.087 0.043 0.018 0.148 Top Side 0.140 0.569 0.041 0.750 Bottom Side 0.084 0.087 0.043 0.018 0.148 Top Side 0.140 0.569 0.041 0.750 Bottom Side 0.094 0.094 0.094 Left Side 0.0336 0.476 0.039 0.851 Back Side 0.578 0.652 0.058 1.288 Left Side 0.191 0.089 0.031 0.311 Right Side 0.166 0.156 0.043 0.018 0.186 Back Side 0.155 0.043 0.018 0.186 Back Side 0.1560 0.0560 0.0560 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Left Side 0.069 0.069 0.069 Top Side 0.069 0.059 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.059 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.059 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.225 Left Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.169 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.165 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.099 Front Side 0.029 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.029 0.099				c .==	6.555	
LTE Band 2 Left Side 0.208 0.089 0.031 0.328 Right Side 0.094 0.043 0.018 0.155 Top Side 0.660 0.569 0.041 1.270 Bottom Side 0.534 — 0.039 0.883 Front Side 0.368 0.476 0.039 0.883 Back Side 0.426 0.652 0.058 1.136 Left Side 0.226 0.089 0.031 0.346 Right Side 0.106 0.043 0.018 0.167 Top Side 0.500 0.569 0.041 1.110 Bottom Side 0.569 0.041 1.110 Bottom Side 0.137 0.476 0.039 0.652 Back Side 0.137 0.476 0.039 0.652 Back Side 0.171 0.652 0.058 0.881 LTE Band 5 Right Side 0.087 0.043 0.018 0.148 Top Side 0.140 0.56						
Right Side						
Top Side	LTE Band 2					
Bottom Side 0.534 0.476 0.039 0.883		,				
Front Side		•		0.569	0.041	
Back Side 0.426 0.652 0.058 1.136						
Left Side 0.226 0.089 0.031 0.346						
Right Side						
Right Side	LTE Band 4	Left Side		0.089		
Bottom Side 0.569 0.476 0.039 0.652	21224114	Right Side	0.106	0.043	0.018	
Front Side		Top Side	0.500	0.569	0.041	1.110
Back Side		Bottom Side	0.569			0.569
LTE Band 5 Left Side 0.083 0.089 0.031 0.203 Right Side 0.087 0.043 0.018 0.148 Top Side 0.140 0.569 0.041 0.750 Bottom Side 0.094 0.094 0.094 LTE Band 7 Front Side 0.336 0.476 0.039 0.851 Back Side 0.578 0.652 0.058 1.288 Left Side 0.191 0.089 0.031 0.311 Right Side 0.125 0.043 0.018 0.186 Top Side 0.803 0.569 0.041 1.413 Bottom Side 0.560 0.058 0.886 LTE Band 12/17 Front Side 0.143 0.476 0.039 0.658 Back Side 0.176 0.652 0.058 0.886 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.06		Front Side	0.137	0.476	0.039	0.652
Right Side		Back Side	0.171	0.652	0.058	0.881
Right Side	LTE Band 5	Left Side	0.083	0.089	0.031	0.203
Bottom Side 0.094 0.094 0.094	ETE Band 5	Right Side	0.087	0.043	0.018	0.148
Front Side		Top Side	0.140	0.569	0.041	0.750
LTE Band 7 Back Side 0.578 0.652 0.058 1.288 Left Side 0.191 0.089 0.031 0.311 Right Side 0.125 0.043 0.018 0.186 Top Side 0.803 0.569 0.041 1.413 Bottom Side 0.560 0.560 0.560 LTE Band 12/17 Front Side 0.143 0.476 0.039 0.658 Back Side 0.176 0.652 0.058 0.886 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.052 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.168 0.476 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 <td></td> <td>Bottom Side</td> <td>0.094</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.094</td>		Bottom Side	0.094			0.094
Left Side		Front Side	0.336	0.476	0.039	0.851
Right Side		Back Side	0.578	0.652	0.058	1.288
Right Side	LTE Bond 7	Left Side	0.191	0.089	0.031	0.311
Bottom Side 0.560 0.560 0.560	LTE Ballu /	Right Side	0.125	0.043	0.018	0.186
LTE Band 12/17 Front Side 0.143 0.476 0.039 0.658 LTE Band 12/17 Back Side 0.176 0.652 0.058 0.886 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Top Side	0.803	0.569	0.041	1.413
LTE Band 12/17 Back Side 0.176 0.652 0.058 0.886 12/17 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Bottom Side	0.560			0.560
LTE Band 12/17 Left Side 0.091 0.089 0.031 0.211 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.069 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.069 Front Side 0.168 0.476 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Front Side	0.143	0.476	0.039	0.658
12/17 Right Side 0.105 0.043 0.018 0.166 Top Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.069 0.069 Front Side 0.168 0.476 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Back Side	0.176	0.652	0.058	0.886
Top Side 0.069 0.569 0.041 0.679 Bottom Side 0.069 0.069 Front Side 0.168 0.476 0.039 0.683 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105	LTE Band	Left Side	0.091	0.089	0.031	0.211
Bottom Side 0.069 0.069 0.069	12/17	Right Side	0.105	0.043	0.018	0.166
LTE Band 26 Front Side 0.168 0.476 0.039 0.683 Left Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Top Side	0.069	0.569	0.041	0.679
LTE Band 26 Back Side 0.222 0.652 0.058 0.932 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Bottom Side	0.069			0.069
LTE Band 26 Left Side 0.178 0.089 0.031 0.298 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Front Side	0.168	0.476	0.039	0.683
LTE Band 26 Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Back Side	0.222	0.652	0.058	0.932
Right Side 0.164 0.043 0.018 0.225 Top Side 0.192 0.569 0.041 0.802 Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105	LTE D LOC	Left Side	0.178	0.089	0.031	0.298
Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105	LIE Band 26	Right Side	0.164	0.043	0.018	0.225
Bottom Side 0.099 0.099 Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105		Top Side	0.192	0.569	0.041	0.802
Front Side 0.253 0.476 0.039 0.768 LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105			0.099			0.099
LTE Band 38 Back Side 0.395 0.652 0.058 1.105				0.476	0.039	
	LTE Band 38		0.395	0.652	0.058	1.105
		Left Side	0.279	0.089	0.031	0.399



	Right Side	0.340	0.043	0.018	0.401
	Top Side	0.767	0.569	0.041	1.377
	Bottom Side	0.257			0.257
	Front Side	0.211	0.476	0.039	0.726
	Back Side	0.485	0.652	0.058	1.195
LTE Band 41	Left Side	0.163	0.089	0.031	0.283
LIE Band 41	Right Side	0.207	0.043	0.018	0.268
	Top Side	0.796	0.569	0.041	1.406
	Bottom Side	0.282			0.282
	Front Side	0.656	0.476	0.039	1.171
	Back Side	0.684	0.652	0.058	1.394
LTE Band 66	Left Side	0.142	0.089	0.031	0.262
	Right Side	0.109	0.043	0.018	0.170
	Top Side	0.852	0.569	0.041	1.462
	Bottom Side	0.467			0.467



Uncertainty Assessment

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR is less than 1.5 W/kg and 10-g extremity SAR less than 3.75 W/kg, the expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be less than 30% with a confidence interval of k=2. When these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 is not required in the SAR report and submitted for equipment approval. For this device, both the 1-g SAR is less than 1.5 W/kg and 10-g extremity SAR less than 3.75 W/kg. Therefore the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.



Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

FL1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China



Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

	<u> </u>		
Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.		
Laboratory Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang		
	Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong		
	Province, P. R. China		
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555		
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525		

2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang
	Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong
	Province, P. R. China

3. Facilities and Accreditations

The FCC designation number is CN1192, the test firm registration number is 226174.

Note:

The main report is end here and the other Annex (B,C,D,E,F) will be submitted separately.

***** END OF MAIN REPORT *****

 ${\bf Shenzhen\ Morlab\ Communications\ Technology\ Co.,\ Ltd.}$

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