

Report No.: 18220WC202525 FCC ID: 2AUSPBABY5SM



FCC SAR Test Report

Client Name : Shenzhen Joystek Intelligence Co., Ltd

Address 3F, Building A Plus, Shun Xing Industrial Park, Zhongxing Rd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129 China

Product Name : baby monitor

Date : Nov. 25, 2022

Shenzhen Anbotek Computing Laboratory Limited

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Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited



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TEST REPORT

Applicant :	Shenzhen Joystek Intelligence Co., Ltd
Manufacturer :	Shenzhen Joystek Intelligence Co., Ltd
Product Name :	baby monitor
Model No. :	Baby 5SM, Baby 1SM, Baby 2SM, Baby 3SM, Baby 4SM, Baby 6SM, Baby 7SM, Baby 8SM, Baby 1TM, Baby 2TM, Baby 3TM, Baby 4TM, Baby 5TM, Baby 6TM, Baby 7TM, Baby 8TM
Trade Mark :	N/A
Rating(s)	DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5V from adapter
Test Standard(s) :	IEC-62209-1528:2020; ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093);

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with theIEC-62209-1528:2020, FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Test

Prepared By

Reviewer

Sept. 19, 2022~ Nov. 25, 2022

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(Engineer / Kingkong Jin)

Bibs Thang

(Supervisor / Bibo Zhang)

lon cl

(Manager / Tom Chen)

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Approved & Authorized Signer

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. Tel:(86) 755–26066440 Fax: (86) 755–26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com Hotline 400-003-0500 www.anbotek.com



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Version

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1. Statement of Compliance

<Highest SAR Summary>

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC-62209-1528:2020

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Limit
Frequency Band	Body-worn (0mm)	(W/Kg)
915MHz	0.218	notek 1.6 mbote
Test Result	PASS	hotek Anboter

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC-62209-1528:2020

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2. General Information

2.1. Client Information

Applicant :	Shenzhen Joystek Intelligence Co., Ltd
Address :	3F, Building A Plus, Shun Xing Industrial Park, Zhongxing Rd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129 China
Manufacturer :	Shenzhen Joystek Intelligence Co., Ltd
Address :	3F, Building A Plus, Shun Xing Industrial Park, Zhongxing Rd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129 China

2.2. Testing Laboratory Information

Test Site:	:	Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited
Address:	:	1/F, Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.518102

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2.3. Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name	:	baby monitor
Model No.		Baby 5SM, Baby 1SM, Baby 2SM, Baby 3SM, Baby 4SM, Baby 6SM, Baby 7SM, Baby 8SM, Baby 1TM, Baby 2TM, Baby 3TM, Baby 4TM, Baby 5TM, Baby 6TM, Baby 7TM, Baby 8TM
Trade Mark	:	N/A photos photos photos photos photos photos photos photos
Test Power Supply	:	DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5V from adapter
Test Sample No.	:	S1(Normal Sample), S2(Engineering Sample)
Tx Frequency	•	903-927MHz
Type of Modulation	•	OFDM
Hardware version	:	V2.0
Software version	•	V2.0 Minute Andread Andre
Category of device	:	Portable device

Remark:

The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

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2.4. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.5. Applied Standard

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The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005

IEC-62209-1528:2020

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

2.6. Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

2.7. Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests. For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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4. SAR Measurement System



DASY System Configurations

The DASYsystem for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- > A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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4.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

			_
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		P P
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	 ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) 	anbr A	
Dynamic Range	$\frac{10 \ \mu\text{W/g to } 100 \ \text{W/kg; Linearity: } \pm 0.2 \ \text{dB}}{(\text{noise: typically} < 1 \ \mu\text{W/g})}$	×	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	Photo of EX3DV4	

E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

4.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

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Photo of DAE

4.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controllersystem, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäublirobot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➢ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Photo of DASY5

4.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Photo of Server for DASY5

4.5. Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;
	Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;
	Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom
	ofek Anbore And And And



Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm} (\text{sagging: } <1\%)$
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm
	Minor axis:400 mm
	Antorek Anborek Anbore
	Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

4.6. Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Device Holder

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4.7. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [W/kg]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i,a_{i0},a_{i1},a_{i2}$
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f obotek An
	- Crest factor	cf hotek
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ And wat

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

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$$\mathbf{V}_{i} = \mathbf{U}_{i} + \mathbf{U}_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{cf}}{\mathbf{dcp}_{i}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:
$$\mathbf{E}_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{V}_{i}}{\mathbf{Norm}_{i} \cdot \mathbf{ConvF}}}$$

H-field Probes:
$$\mathbf{H}_{i} = \sqrt{\mathbf{V}_{i}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{a}_{i0} + \mathbf{a}_{i1}f + \mathbf{a}_{i2}f^{2}}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i,(i= x, y, z)

Norm_i= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i= x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel iin V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel iin A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$\mathbf{E_{tot}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{E_x^2} + \mathbf{E_y^2} + \mathbf{E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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5. Test Equipment List

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Manufacture	Nama af Eanimum 4	Tem (Madal	Seriel Needberry	Calibr	ation
r	Name of Equipment	I ype/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	Jun 16,2021	Jun 15,2024
Rohde &	UNIVERSAL RADIO	CMI 200	117000	Oat 22, 2022	Opt 21, 2022
Schwarz	COMMUNICATION TESTER	CIVIO 200	11/000	001.22, 2022	001.21, 2023
Rohde &	UNIVERSAL RADIO	CMW500	1201.0002K50-104	Oat 22, 2022	Opt 21, 2022
Schwarz	COMMUNICATION TESTER		209-JC	001.22, 2022	001.21, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sept.06,2022	Sept.05,2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May 06,2022	May 05,2023
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD000P40CD	1802	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O- 10	COM5BNW1A2	Oct.22, 2022	Oct.21, 2023

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
 - In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it

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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:





Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

U	100			0 1	DATE DATE		18	
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(Er)
		·		For Hea	d			
850,900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0 photo	0.97	41.5
1750	55.2	nbor	Anbotek	Anbore	tek Anb	rek pi	ibotek Anbo	otek Anbote
	poro	All 0 bote	0 Anbore	0.3	0	44.5	1.37	40.1
Anbotek	Anbore	Ant	hek Aupr	Her Pr	bo h	Anbotek	Anbote	Anbotek A
1800,1900,2000	55.2	ex 0	nbotek 0 A	0.3	0,104	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	Anbo O	0 botek	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0 oher	0.1	0	a* 45.1 📈	1.96	39.0
				For Bod	у	•		
850,900	50.8	48.2	tek 0 unbo	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1750	70.2	0	oter 0	0.4	Anbo 0.ok	29.4	1.49	53.4
1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0,0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	65.5	0	Ambu orek	0 nbot	0 Anbo	31.5	2.16	52.5
hanshan Anhatal	Compli	anaa Laha	rotory limite	a d	194	0.0	P	-010 b02

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid. **Head:**

Measured	Target	t Tissue Measured Tis					Timid	
Frequency (MHz)	٤ _r	σ	٤r	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Temp.	Test Data
835	41.5	0.97	41.79	0.70	0.95	-2.06	22.5℃	10/26/2022

Not: The head fluid was used to test the body SAR.

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7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

> Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



System Setup for System Evaluation

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Photo of Dipole Setup

Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequenc y (MHz)	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
10/26/2022	835	250	9.24	2.33	9.32	0.87

Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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8. EUT Testing Position

8.1. Body Worn Position

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without ahead set connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body Worn Position

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9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited



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9.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3. Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

> 3 GHz \leq 3 GHz Maximum distance from closest measurement point $5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom $30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ $20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ surface normal at the measurement location $\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 10 \text{ mm}$ Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be < the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

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9.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
tek nbor	bu	at hoter	Anno	alpon princek		
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: $\Delta x_{Z_{0000}}, \Delta y_{Z_{0000}}$	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ m}$			
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	∆z _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: < 2 mm		
	grid	∆z _{700m} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	·	\geq 30 mm	3 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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9.5. Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregateSAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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10.Conducted Power

< Conducted Power>

Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)			
Lotek	CH01	903	18.3			
OFDM	CH07	915	18.9			
	CH13	927	18.7			

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

I	Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
C	OFDM	915	19	79.43	poten 5 Anor	15.20	botek 3.0 Mbor

2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 915M mode is required.

3. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.

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11.Antenna Location



EUT Bottom Edge

			LUI Dack VI	CW PART							
	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge										
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side					
WLAN	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	72mm	38mm	38mm					
	V. LO	Diri	18 F	A0-	N. In	Di.					

Rook

Viou

FU

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side										
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No No	No	No				

General Note: According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz~6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations considerations are shown in the table above.

Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.

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12.SAR Test Results Summary

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg other channels SAR testing are not necessary

3. Per KDB 865664 D01V01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required. 4. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/Kg. 5. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

12.1. Body -worn SAR Results

<915M>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
Har	SRD	OFDM	Front	0	700	915	18.9	. 19	1.005	0.09	0.127	0.128
#1	SRD	OFDM	Back	0	7	915	18.9	19	1.005	0.06	0.217	0.218
Aupo.	SRD	OFDM	Left Side	0	7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anb	SRD	OFDM	Right Side	0	7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
D	SRD	OFDM	Top Side	0	7	915	18.9	19	1.005	0.10	0.134	0.135
4	SRD	OFDM	Bottom Side	0	°7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

When the antenna is perpendicular to the front:

When the antenna is parallel to the front:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
L 12	SRD	OFDM	Front	0	7	915	18.9	19	1.005	0.08	0.126	0.127
#2	SRD	OFDM	Back	0	7.10	915	18.9	19	1.005	0.05	0.207	0.208
ite.	SRD	OFDM	Left Side	0	7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
nbotek	SRD	OFDM	Right Side	0	7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
abo	SRD SRD	OFDM	Top Side	0	7	915	18.9	19	1.005	0.11	0.157	0.158
Pr.	SRD M	OFDM	Bottom Side	0	7	915	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

- No. Applicable Simultaneous Transmission
- 1. N/A

Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

N/A

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14. Measurement Uncertainty

20	pir de	000		1.av		1001	Per-	4.4	1010
NO	Source	Uncert. ai (%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand.U ncert. ui(1g)	Stand.U ncert. ui(10g)	Veff
1	Repeat	0.4	Nibote	1 tek	Anbote 1	ce ^M	0.4	0.4	9
Instru	ument								
2	Probecalibration	7 Anb	N	2	* 1	ATbote	3.5	3.5	Anbolek
3.0	Axialisotropy	4.7	An R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	Anboten [®] Anbote
4	Hemisphericalisotropy	9.4	Ranbo	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	otek ®
5	Boundaryeffect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	Anboten	0.6	0.6	un ^{botek} ∞
6	Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	ofer 1ek	Ano 1 Ar	2.7	2.7	Anbo mbote
7	Detectionlimits	1.0	R Anbot	$\sqrt{3}$	ATOOT	ek 1 stek	0.6	0.6	≪ Anb
8	Readoutelectronics	0.3	OF N P	poter 1	1 ^{An}	hotek	0.3	0.3 Minit	8
9	Responsetime	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	oteM	Alibot	0.5	0.5	8
10	Integrationtime	2.6	And	$\sqrt{3}$	nbotek 1	× 1 AN	1.5	1.5	8
11	Ambientnoise	3.0	R	√3	Ant Ant	otek	1.7	1.7	Ney on M
12	Ambientreflections	3.0	po ^{tek} R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	nboten 1	1.7	1.7	nbotek w
13	Probepositionermech.re strictions	0.4	Anbotek Ritek	$\sqrt{3}$	too'tek ote	1 Ant	0.2	0.2	p∞ ^{potek}
14	Probepositioningwithres pecttophantomshell	2.9	R Lob	$\sqrt{3}$	Anoo 1nb	ntek nboilek	Amborek 1.7. ore	Anbolu 1.7 mbo	tek An botek∞

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15	Max.SARevaluation	1.0	Anbotek R	$\sqrt{3}$		1 _{Ant}	0.6	0.6	Anbon Anbote
fests	samplerelated								
16	Devicepositioning	3.8	otek N Anb	nbolek	1 1	nbotek nte	3.8	3.8	99
17	Deviceholder	5.1	anboth N	M	ien 1	Anbo 1 Anb	5.1	5.1	Anboi 5
18	Driftofoutputpower	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	Antiptel	1	2.9	2.9	∞ nb
han	tomandset-up								
19	Phantomuncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	e⊁ 1	Antotel	2.3	2.3	Anbowk
20	Liquidconductivity(targe t)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	Anboten ®
21	Liquidconductivity(mea s)	2.5	N Anbo	ek 1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	ek o Al
22	LiquidPermittivity(target)	5.0 Anos	Noose R	√3	0.6	0.49	Anbo	1.5	knbotek ∞
23	LiquidPermittivity(meas)	2.5	Anbote Notek	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	Ando	∞ ^{,boo}
Con	nbinedstandard	Anbotek	RSS		$=\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}C}$	² U ² _i	11.4%	11.3%	236
Exp 5%)	andeduncertainty(P=9	en Ar	U = k U	_c ,k=	etek 2	Anbo	22.8%	22.6%	Anboten

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Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos

When the antenna is perpendicular to the front:



Front with Phantom 0 mm



Top (0mm)



Back with Phantom 0 mm



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When the antenna is parallel to the front:



Front with Phantom 0 mm



Back with Phantom 0 mm



Top (0mm)

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Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

835MHz Head System Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d154 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f =835 MHz; σ = 0.95 S/m; ϵ r = 41.79; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71); Calibrated: 05,06.2022;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1):Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.219 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.49mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



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Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data

#1

Date:10/26/2022

915M_Body Back_Ch07

Communication System: UID 0, (0); Frequency:915MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 915MHz; σ = 0.95S/m; ϵ_r = 41.79; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 05,06.2022;
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06.2022
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (161x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.389 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.325 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.271 W/kg



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Report No.: 18220WC202525FCC ID: 2AUSPBABY5SMPage 38 of 65#2Date:10/26/2022**915MHz_Body Back_Ch07**Communication System: UID 0, (0); Frequency: 915MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 915MHz; $\sigma = 0.95S/m$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.79$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 05,06.2022;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06.2022

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (161x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.317 W/kg



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Appendix D. DASY System Calibration Certificate

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nbote Product Safety Report No.: 18220WC202525 FCC ID: 2AUSPBABY5SM Page 40 of 65 中国认可 Colleboration with 国际互认 校准 AROPATOR CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570** Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn Z21-98671 Certificate No: Anbotek (Auden) Client ATION CERTIFICATE CALIB Object EX3DV4 - SN:7396 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z12-006-08

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

May 06, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standard	Is	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter	NRP2	101919	20-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X07447)	Jun-21
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X07447)	Jun-21
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X07447)	Jun-21
Reference10dB	Attenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-22(CTTL,No.J22X01547)	Mar-22
Reference20dB	Attenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-22(CTTL, No.J22X01548)	Mar-22
Reference Prob	e EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep21)	Sep-21
DAE4		SN 549	13-Dec-21 (SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec21) Dec -21
Secondary Stan	dards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerato	rMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04776)	Jun-21
Network Analyze	er E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00285)	Jan -22
		Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:		Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	ET E
Reviewed by:		Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	#\$ 15
Approved by:		Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	as
			Issued: May	06.2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-98671

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cvcle) of the RF signal
A.B.C.D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 0	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i
	6=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat
 phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z21-98671

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Probe EX3DV4

SN: 7396

Calibrated: May 06, 2022

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z21-98671

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2)A	0.54	0.53	0.50	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ⁶	97.8	104.5	102.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	c	DdB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	x	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	199.9	±2.4%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.3	
		z	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6). ⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.30	0.85	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.15	1.36	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.24	1.01	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.24	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.50	0.75	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.45	1.35	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.45	1.45	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
^O Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.09	10.09	10.09	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.88	9.88	9.88	0.19	1.32	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.23	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.24	1.06	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.19	1.24	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.19	1.39	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.55	0.80	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.46	0.89	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.52	0.80	±12.1%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.45	1.80	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.48	1.90	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.48	1.95	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)





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Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22





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Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7396

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	156.9		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10mm		
Tip Length	9mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm		

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

speag

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Anbotek Product Safety

Report No.: 18220WC202525





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-387_Sep10

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Anbotek (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 387 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: September 06, 2022 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	15-Aug-22 (No:21092)	Aug-23
O a sea dama Otam da ada	LID #	0	
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	O5-Jan-22 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-23

Name	Function	Signature
Dominique Steffen	Laboratory Technician	BO
Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	1. V. Blyund
shall not be reproduced except in full w	vithout written approval of the laboratory	Issued: September 06, 2021
	Name Dominique Steffen Sven Kühn shall not be reproduced except in full w	Name Function Dominique Steffen Laboratory Technician Sven Kühn Deputy Manager shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)





- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage
- C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
 result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV,
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec;
 Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	404.489 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.852 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.862 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97827 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.95875 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97982 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY	system	53.0°±1°

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200032.85	-3.31	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20007.64	1.88	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20003.48	1.18	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200034.23	-1.43	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20006.60	0.91	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20004.04	0.72	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200035.38	-0.83	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20003.69	-2.11	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20006.38	-1.59	0.01

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X 4	⊦ Input	2001.63	0.08	0.00
Channel X 4	Input	202.29	0.70	0.35
Channel X -	Input	-197.90	0.60	-0.30
Channel Y +	Input	2001.33	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Y +	Input	200.86	-0.60	-0.30
Channel Y -	Input	-199.87	-1.23	0.62
Channel Z +	Input	2001.61	0.27	0.01
Channel Z +	Input	200.60	-0.70	-0.35
Channel Z -	Input	-199.51	-0.85	0.43

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	13.50	11.56
	- 200	-8.64	-11.18
Channel Y	200	-0.81	-1.28
	- 200	1.05	0.09
Channel Z	200	7.17	6.91
	- 200	-9.46	-9.01

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.70	0.33
Channel Y	200	10.70	-	-0.38
Channel Z	200	7.11	7.89	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15969	17466
Channel Y	15661	16162
Channel Z	15990	16190

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10M Ω

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.73	-2.58	3.29	0.62
Channel Y	0.41	-0.49	1.23	0.40
Channel Z	-0.80	-1.88	0.30	0.42

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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E-mail: cttl@chinatt Client Anbote	l.com <u>Http:///</u> k (Auden)	Certificate No: Z	18-97089
CALIBRATION CE	RTIFICAT	E	
Object	D835V2	- SN: 4d154	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-	2-003-01	
	Calibrat	ion Procedures for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	Jun 16,	2021	
All calibrations have been humidity<70%.	conducted in t	he closed laboratory facility: environmer	nt temperature(22±3)℃
All calibrations have been humidity<70%, Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards	Conducted in t (M&TE critical fo	he closed laboratory facility: environmer r calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	nt temperature(22±3)℃ Scheduled Calibrat
All calibrations have been humidity<70%, Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91	Conducted in 1 (M&TE critical for ID # 101919 101547	he closed laboratory facility: environmen r calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1-Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 1-Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256)	nt temperature(22±3)℃ Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4	Conducted in 1 (M&TE critical for ID # 101919 101547 SN 7307	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1-Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 1-Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_Feb18	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21 S) Feb-22
All calibrations have been humidity<70%, Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	Conducted in 1 (M&TE critical fo ID # 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011)	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21 3) Feb-22) Feb-22
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	Conducted in 1 (M&TE critical for 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID #	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C Network Analyzer E5071C	Conducted in 1 (M&TE critical for 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00893) 26-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00894)	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra Jan-22 Jan-22 Jan-22
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C Network Analyzer E5071C	conducted in t (M&TE critical fo ID# 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID# MY49071430 MY46110673 Name	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG, No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00893) 26-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00894) Function	nt temperature(22±3)*0 Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra Jan-22 Jan-22 Signature
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C Network Analyzer E5071C	conducted in t (M&TE critical fo 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(OTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(OTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00893) 26-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00894) Function SAR Test Engineer	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra Jan-22 Jan-22 Signature
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C Network Analyzer E5071C	conducted in t (M&TE critical fo 10 # 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing Qi Dianyuan	he closed laboratory facility: environmen or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1.Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00893) 26-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00894) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Project Leader	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra Jan-22 Jan-22 Signature
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C Network Analyzer E5071C Calibrated by: Reviewed by: Approved by:	conducted in t (M&TE critical fo 10 # 101919 101547 SN 7307 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing Qi Dianyuan Lu Bingsong	he closed laboratory facility: environment of calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 1 Jul-20 (CTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(OTTL, No.J17X04256) 19-Feb-21(SPEAG No.EX3-7307_Feb18 02-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00893) 26-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J18X00894) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Project Leader Deputy Director of the laboratory	Scheduled Calibrat Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21) Feb-22 Scheduled Calibra Jan-22 Jan-22 Signature

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1 DASY Version DASY52 52.8.8.1258 Extrapolation Advanced Extrapolation Phantom Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C **Distance Dipole Center - TSL** 15 mm with Spacer Zoom Scan Resolution dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

Head TSL parameters

Frequency

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) *C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

835 MHz ± 1 MHz

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.24 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.02 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

	Temperature		Permittivity		y Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	ody TSL parameters 22.0 °C		55.2		0.97 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0	1.0 ± 0.2) °C 55.4		5 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test	<	1.0 °C				
R result with Body TSL						
SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL		Condition				
SAR measured		250 mW input power		2.43 mW / g		
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters		normalized to 1W		9.57 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body T	SL	Condit	tion			
SAR measured		250 mW input power		1.61 mW/g		
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters		normalized to 1W		6.36 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)		

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω- 3.11jΩ		
Return Loss	- 29.8dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6Ω- 2.33jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.4dB		

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.508 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 06.16.2021

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.891 S/m; ε_r = 40.97; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(10.01, 10.01,10.01); Calibrated: 2/19/2021;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2021-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.14V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 06.16.2021

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.991 S/m; ε_r = 55.41; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Center Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(9.83,9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2/19/2021;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2021-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.04 W/kg



0 dB = 3.04 W/kg = 4.83 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

835MHz:

Head						
Date of	Return-loss	Delta	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	(dB)	(%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-06-16	-29.8	nou	49.2	por p	-3.11	Aupo
2022-06-16	-29.7	0.34	49.1	0.1	-3.13	-0.02

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

*****END OF REPORT****

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