Compliance list INTEGRATION INSTRUCTIONS for 996369 D03 OEM the and 996369 D03 OEM by Sections 2.2 through 2.10.

Sections 2.2 through 2.10.			T
Requirement	Yes	N/A	Comment
2.2 List of applicable FCC rules	YES		Refer to instruction
List the FCC rules that are applicable to the			
modular transmitter. These are the rules that			FCC standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart
specifically establish the bands of operation,			C Section 15.247
the power, spurious emissions, and operating			
fundamental frequencies. DO NOT list			
compliance to unintentional-radiator rules			
(Part 15 Subpart B) since that is not a			
condition of a module grant that is extended			
to a host manufacturer. See also Section 2.10			
below concerning the need to notify host			
manufacturers that further testing is			
required.3			
2.3 Summarize the specific operational use	YES		Refer to instruction
conditions			
Describe use conditions that are applicable to			PCB antenna, Antenna gain 2.81dBi
the modular transmitter, including for			
example any limits on antennas, etc. For			
example, if point-to-point antennas are used			
that require reduction in power or			
compensation for cable loss, then this			
information must be in the instructions. If the			
use condition limitations extend to			
professional users, then instructions must			
state that this information also extends to the			
host manufacturer's instruction manual. In			
addition, certain information may also be			
needed, such as peak gain per frequency band			
and minimum gain, specifically for master			
devices in 5 GHz DFS bands.			
2.4 Limited module procedures	YES		Refer to instruction
If a modular transmitter is approved as a			
"limited module," then the module			We will retain control over the final installation
manufacturer is responsible for approving the			of the modular such that compliance of the end
host environment that the limited module is			product is assured. In such cases, an operating
used with. The manufacturer of a limited			condition on the limit modular approval for the
module must describe, both in the filing and in			module must be only approved for use when
the installation instructions, the alternative			installed in devices produced by a specific
means that the limited module manufacturer			manufacturer. If any hardware modify or RF
uses to verify that the host meets the			control software modify will be made by host
necessary requirements to satisfy the module			manufacturer,C2PC or new certificate should be
limiting conditions.			apply to get approval, if those change and
A limited module manufacturer has the			modification made by host manufacturer not
flexibility to define its alternative method to			expressly approved by the party responsible for
address the conditions that limit the initial			compliance ,then it is illegal.

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approval, such as: shielding, minimum			
signaling amplitude, buffered			
modulation/data inputs, or power supply			
regulation. The alternative method could			
include that the limited module manufacturer			
reviews detailed test data or host designs			
prior to giving the host manufacturer			
approval.			
This limited module procedure is also			
applicable for RF exposure evaluation when it			
is necessary to demonstrate compliance in a			
specific host. The module manufacturer must			
state how control of the product into which			
the modular transmitter will be installed will			
be maintained such that full compliance of the			
product is always ensured. For additional			
hosts other than the specific host originally			
granted with a limited module, a Class II			
permissive change is required on the module			
grant to register the additional host as a			
specific host also approved with the module.			
2.5 Trace antenna designs		N/A	Not applicable
For a modular transmitter with trace antenna			
designs, see the guidance in Question 11 of			
KDB Publication 996369 D02 FAQ – Modules			
for Micro-Strip Antennas and traces. The			
integration information shall include for the			
TCB review the integration instructions for the			
following aspects: layout of trace design, parts			
list (BOM), antenna, connectors, and isolation			
requirements.4			
a) Information that includes permitted			
variances (e.g., trace boundary limits,			
thickness, length, width, shape(s), dielectric			
constant, and impedance as applicable for			
each type of antenna);			
b) Each design shall be considered a different			
type (e.g., antenna length in multiple(s) of			
frequency, the wavelength, and antenna			
shape (traces in phase) can affect antenna			
gain and must be considered);			
c) The parameters shall be provided in a			
manner permitting host manufacturers to			
design the printed circuit (PC) board layout;			
d) Appropriate parts by manufacturer and			
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specifications;		
e) Test procedures for design verification; and		
f) Production test procedures for ensuring compliance.		
The module grantee shall provide a notice that any deviation(s) from the defined parameters of the antenna trace, as described by the instructions, require that the host product manufacturer must notify the module grantee that they wish to change the antenna trace design. In this case, a Class II permissive change application is required to be filed by the grantee, or the host manufacturer can take responsibility through the change in FCC ID (new application) procedure followed by a Class II permissive change application.		
2.6 RF exposure considerations It is essential for module grantees to clearly and explicitly state the RF exposure conditions that permit a host product manufacturer to use the module. Two types of instructions are required for RF exposure information: (1) to the host product manufacturer, to define the application conditions (mobile, portable – xx cm from a person's body); and (2) additional text needed for the host product manufacturer to provide to end users in their end-product manuals. If RF exposure statements and use conditions are not provided, then the host product manufacturer is required to take responsibility of the module through a change in FCC ID (new application).	YES	Refer to instruction The modular can be installed or integrated in mobile or fix devices. This modular cannot be installed in any portable device if without any further certify include C2PC with SAR. This modular complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This transmitter must not be colocated or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. This modular must be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and user body.
2.7 Antennas A list of antennas included in the application for certification must be provided in the instructions. For modular transmitters approved as limited modules, all applicable professional installer instructions must be included as part of the information to the host product manufacturer. The antenna list shall also identify the antenna types (monopole, PIFA, dipole, etc. (note that for example an "omni-directional antenna" is not considered to be a specific "antenna type")).	YES	Refer to instruction PCB antenna , Antenna gain 2.81dBi

The grantee should include a statement that the modular transmitter is **only** FCC authorized for the specific rule parts (i.e., FCC transmitter rules) listed on the grant, and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. If the grantee markets their product as being Part 15 Subpart B compliant (when it also contains unintentional-radiator digital circuity), then the grantee shall provide a notice stating that the final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed.6

this modular with limit modular approval should perform the test of radiated & conducted emission and spurious emission, etc. according to FCC part 15C: 15.247 and 15.209 &15.207,15B Class B requirement, Only if the test result comply with FCC part 15C: 15.247 and 15.209 &15.207,15B Class B requirement, then the host can be sold legally.

When the module is installed inside another device, the user manual of the host must contain below warning statements;
Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- —Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- —Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- —Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.