



FCC TEST REPORT

**Test report
On Behalf of
SAGI MOBILE. S.A.S
For
Mobile phone
Model No.: E5501**

FCC ID: 2AUES-SAGIE5501

Prepared for : **SAGI MOBILE. S.A.S**
CALLE 13 NUMERO 15-03 PISO 3 BOGOTA D.C. COLOMBIA

Prepared By : **Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.**
1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street,
Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

Date of Test: **Sept 9, 2019~ Sept 26, 2019**

Date of Report: **Sept 26, 2019**

Report Number: **HK1909102300-E5**



TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name: **SAGI MOBILE. S.A.S**
 Address.....: CALLE 13 NUMERO 15-03 PISO 3 BOGOTA D.C. COLOMBIA
Manufacture's Name: **SAGI MOBILE. S.A.S**
 Address.....: CALLE 13 NUMERO 15-03 PISO 3 BOGOTA D.C. COLOMBIA

Product description

Trade Mark: SAGI
 Product name.....: Mobile phone
 Model and/or type reference .: E5501

Standards: FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407
 ANSI C63.10: 2013

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Date of Test:
 Date (s) of performance of tests: Sept 9, 2019~ Sept 26, 2019
 Date of Issue: Sept 26, 2019
 Test Result: **Pass**

Testing Engineer : Gary Qian
 (Gary Qian)

Technical Manager : Eden Hu
 (Eden Hu)

Authorized Signatory : Jason Zhou
 (Jason Zhou)



Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	Sept 26, 2019	Initial Issue	Jason Zhou



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT	: Mobile phone
Model Number	: E5501
Model Difference Declaration	: /
Test Model	: E5501
Power Supply	: DC 3.7V by battery charged from adapter
Hardware version	: WW836-MB-V9.2
Software version	: SAGI_V1.8_20190814

Bluetooth

Bluetooth Version	: V4.0 + EDR
Frequency Range	: 79 Channels for Bluetooth V3.0(DSS) : 40 Channels for Bluetooth V4.0(DTS)
Channel Number	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V3.0(DSS) : GFSK for Bluetooth V4.0(DTS)
Modulation Technology	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V3.0(DSS) : GFSK for Bluetooth V4.0(DTS)
Data Rates	: Bluetooth V3.0(DSS):1/2/3Mbps : Bluetooth V4.0(DTS): 1Mbps
Antenna Type And Gain	: Internal Antenna 0.8 dBi

Wlan

WLAN	: Supported IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz
WLAN FCC Operation Frequency	: IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz / 5180-5240MHz / : 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz / 5190-5230MHz / 5755-5795MHz IEEE 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz
WLAN Channel Number	: 11 Channels for 2412-2462MHz(IEEE 802.11b/g/n HT20) 7 Channels for 2422-2452MHz(IEEE 802.11n HT40) : 4 Channels for 5180-5240MHz (IEEE 802.11a/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5190-5230MHz (IEEE 802.11n HT40) 5 Channels for 5745-5825MHz(IEEE 802.11a/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5755-5795MHz(IEEE 802.11n HT40)
WLAN Modulation Technology	: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) : IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Type And Gain	: Internal Antenna 0.8 dBi

GSM

Support Bands	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 850 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCS 1900 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 850 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCS 1900
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GSM FCC Operation Frequency : GSM850(UL: 824 – 848 MHz/DL: 869 – 894 MHz)
: GSM1900(UL: 1850 –1910 MHz/DL: 1930 – 1990 MHz)
Channel Separation : 0.2MHz
Modulation Technology : GMSK, 8PSK
Antenna Type And Gain : Internal Antenna
: GSM900: 0.5dBi
: DCS1800:0.7dBi
: GSM850: 0.4dBi
: PCS1900: 0.6dBi

UTRA

Support Bands : WCDMA BAND II
: WCDMA BAND V
: WCDMA BAND VIII
UTRA FCC Operation Frequency : WCDMA BAND V (UL: 824 – 848 MHz/DL: 869 – 894 MHz)
: WCDMA BAND II (UL: 1850 –1910 MHz/DL: 1930 – 1990 MHz)
Channel Separation : 0.2 MHz
Modulation Technology : OFDM (16QAM, QPSK)
Antenna Type And Gain : Internal Antenna
: WCDMA BAND II: 0.6dBi
: WCDMA BAND V: 0.4dBi
: WCDMA BAND VIII: 0.5dBi

E-UTRA

Support Bands : FDD Band 4
: FDD Band 7
E-UTRA FCC Operation Frequency : FDD Band 4 (UL: 1710 – 1755 MHz/DL: 2110 – 2155 MHz)
: FDD Band 7 (UL: 2500 –2570 MHz/DL: 2620 – 2690 MHz)
Channel Separation : 0.1 MHz
Modulation Technology : OFDM (16QAM, QPSK)
Antenna Type And Gain : Internal Antenna
: FDD Band 4: 0.7dBi
: FDD Band 7: 0.3dBi

Note: Antenna position refer to EUT Photos.



1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Shenzhen Guangliyuan Electronic Co.,LTD.	Adapter	E5501	--	--

1.3. External I/O Port

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
MicroB USB	1	1.0m,unshielded
Earphone	1	1.2m,unshielded

1.4. Description of Test Facility

Designation Number: CN1229
Test Firm Registration Number: 616276

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010

1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the HUAK quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.



1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	9KHz~30MHz	±3.08dB	(1)
	30MHz~1000MHz	±4.42dB	(1)
	1GHz~40GHz	±4.06dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	150kHz~30MHz	±2.23dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 kHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power that was determined to be IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Low Channel).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9kHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode (Low Channel).

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

- IEEE 802.11a Mode : 6 Mbps, OFDM.
- IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.
- IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

Antenna & Bandwidth

Antenna	Single (Port.1)					
	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz			
Bandwidth Mode						
IEEE 802.11a	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
IEEE 802.11n	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			



2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 and KDB 6622911 are required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UUII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

2.3. General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013



3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software>(*##3646633##*) provided by application.

3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.



4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E		
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Note
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
§2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant

Note: The customer declared frequency stability is better than 20ppm which ensures that the signal remains in the allocated bands under all operational conditions stated in the user manual.

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

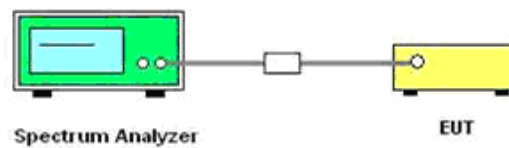
5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=10MHz, VBW=10MHz, Sweep time=100ms;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

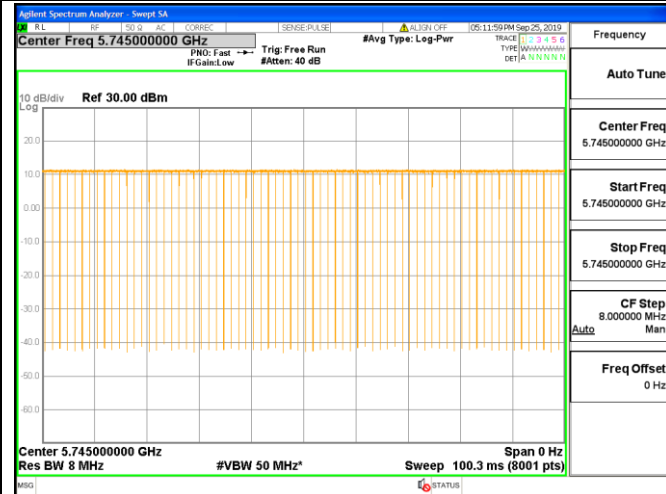
The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.1.6. Test result

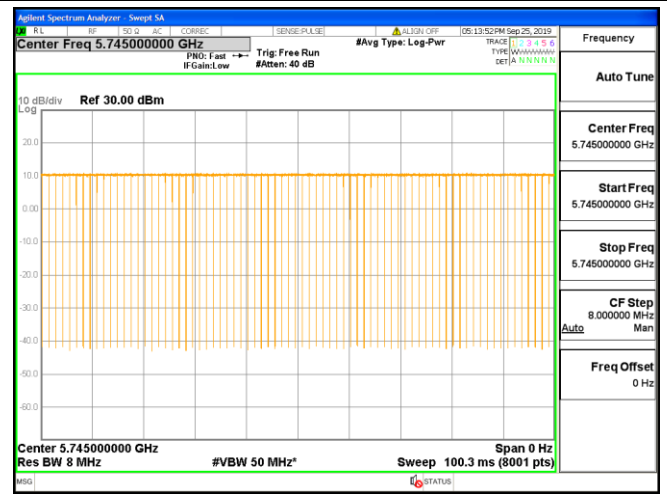
Mode	On Time Points	Total Sweep points	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW (KHz)
IEEE 802.11a	7869	8001	98.35021	0.07	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT20	7859	8001	98.22522	0.08	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT40	7735	8001	96.67542	0.15	0.010



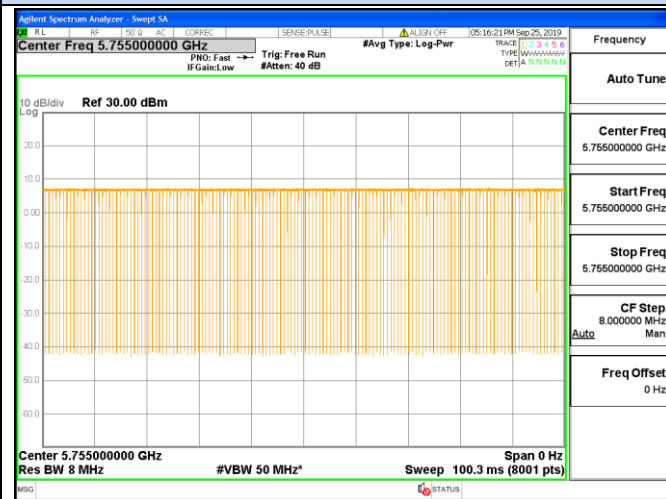
On Time and Duty Cycle



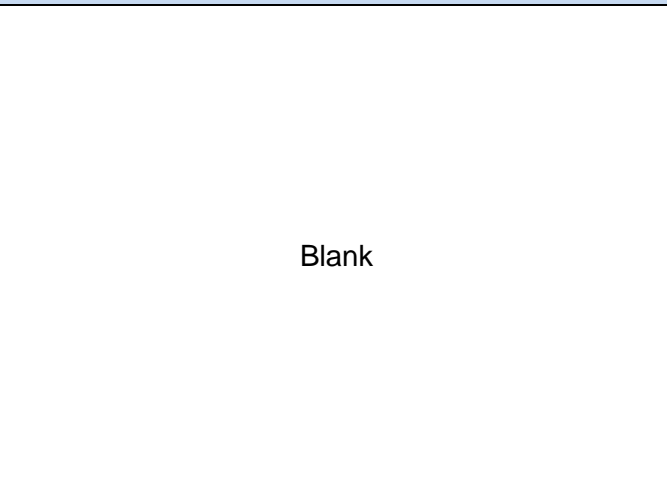
IEEE 802.11a



IEEE 802.11n HT20



IEEE 802.11n HT40



Blank

5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

5.2.1. Standard Applicable

For 5725~5850MHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

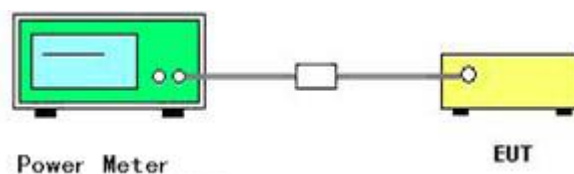
5.2.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
 - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log (1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log (1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25%).

5.2.4. Test Setup Layout





5.2.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Temperature	50%	Humidity	23.8°C
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle factor (dB)	Report Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	14.847	0.07	14.917	30	PASS
	157	5785	14.202	0.07	14.272		
	165	5825	15.101	0.07	15.171		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	14.761	0.08	14.841	30	PASS
	157	5785	14.301	0.08	14.381		
	165	5825	14.589	0.08	14.669		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	14.955	0.15	15.105	30	PASS
	159	5795	14.59	0.15	14.740		

Remark:

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. Report conducted average power = measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;



5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

5.3.1. Standard Applicable

For 5725~5850MHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

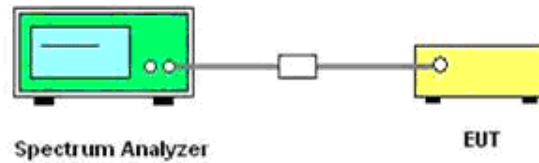
5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
3. Set the RBW = 510 KHz.
4. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
5. Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
6. Detector = RMS.
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
10. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10 \log (500 \text{ kHz/RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
11. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10 \log (1\text{MHz/RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
12. Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Temperature	50%	Humidity	23.8°C
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	802.11a/n

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conducted PSD (dBm/1MHz)	Duty Cycle factor (dB)	RBW factor (dB)	Report Max Conducted PSD (dBm/500KHz)	Limits (dBm/500KHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	8.013	0.07	0.00	8.083	30	PASS
	157	5785	7.574	0.07	0.00	7.644		
	165	5825	8.206	0.07	0.00	8.276		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	7.405	0.08	0.00	7.485	30	PASS
	157	5785	7.982	0.08	0.00	8.062		
	165	5825	7.162	0.08	0.00	7.242		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	4.106	0.15	0.00	4.256	30	PASS
	159	5795	3.686	0.15	0.00	3.836		

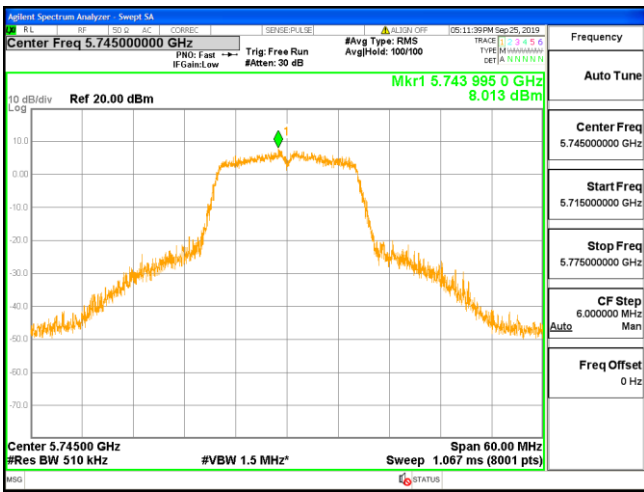
Remark:

1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40,
4. Report conducted PSD = measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor + RBW factor;
5. Please refer to following test plots;

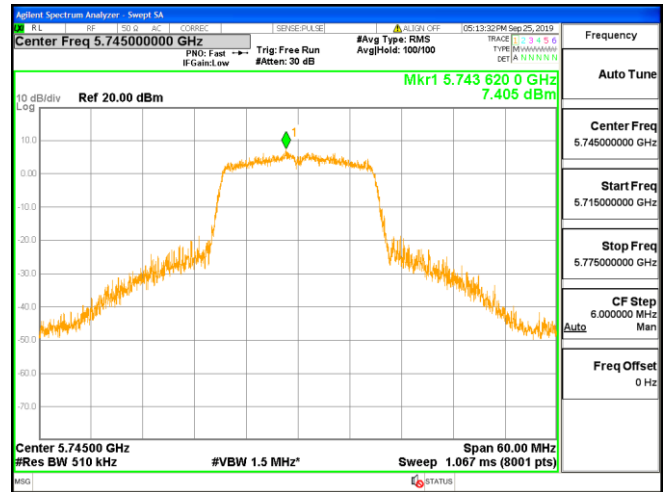


Power Spectral Density

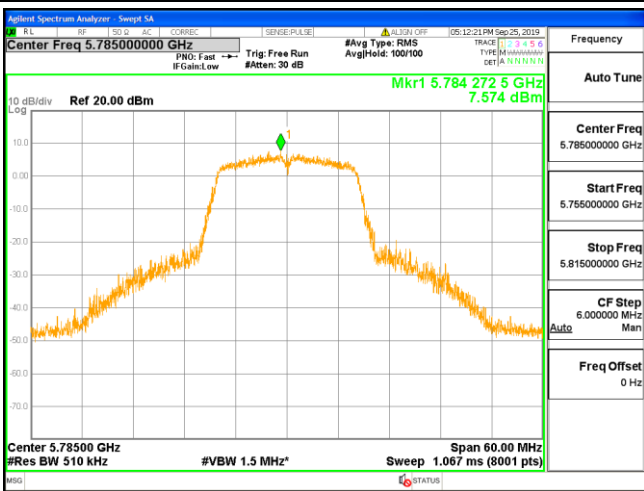
IEEE 802.11a



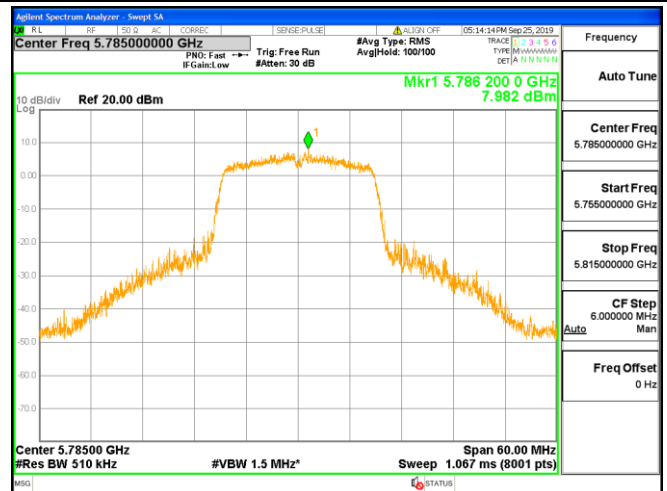
IEEE 802.11n HT20



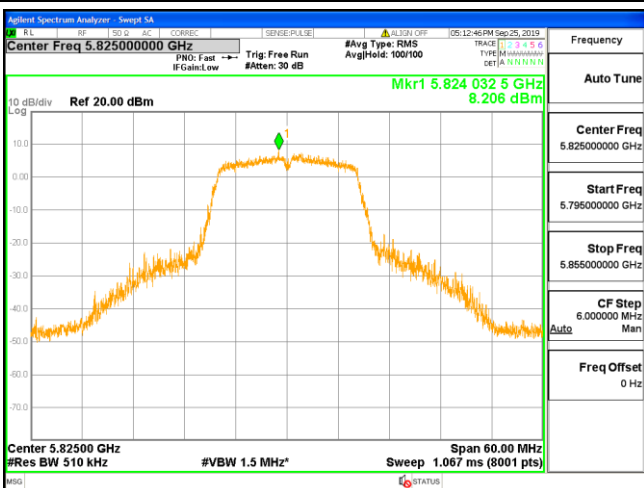
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



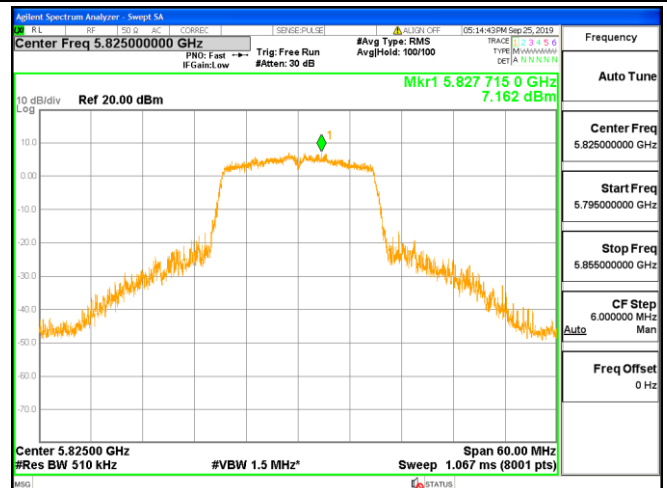
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

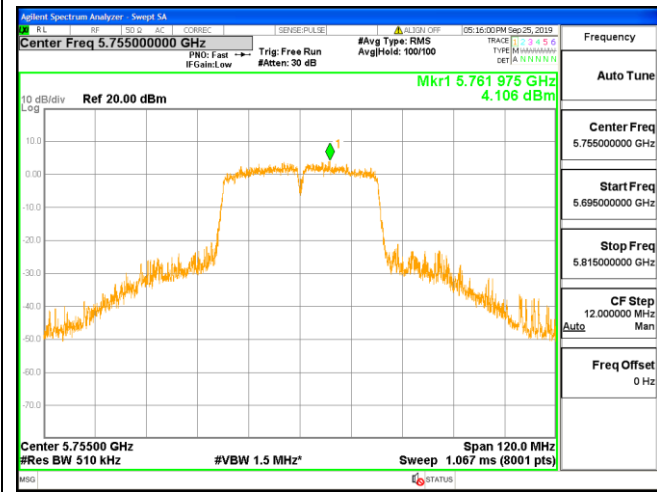


Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

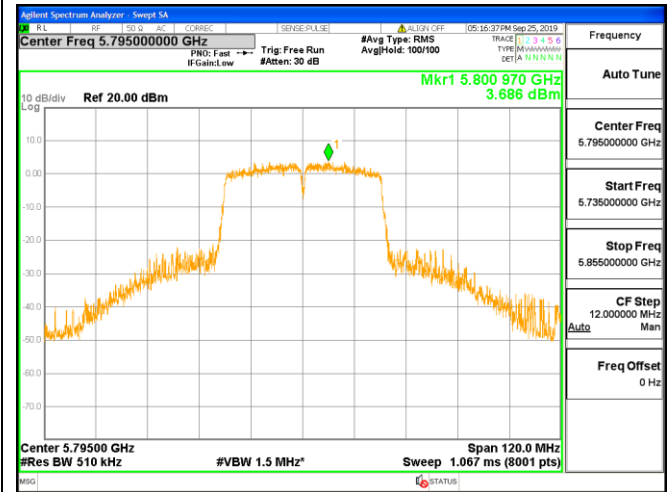
Channel 165 / 5825 MHz



Power Spectral Density IEEE 802.11n HT40



Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 159 / 5795 MHz

5.4. 6dB Emission Bandwidth Measurement

5.4.1. Standard Applicable

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

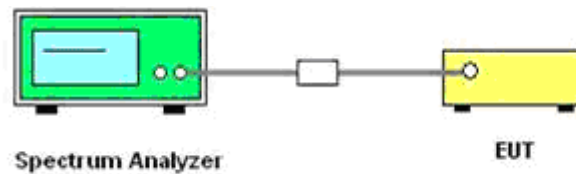
Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms

5

5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. Set the RBW = 100 KHz
3. Set the VBW > RBW
4. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.



5.4.6. Test Result of 6dB Occupied Bandwidth

Temperature	50%	Humidity	23.8°C
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	14.71	≥0.500	PASS
	157	5785	16.02		
	163	5825	15.09		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	17.57	≥0.500	PASS
	157	5785	16.97		
	163	5825	15.17		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	35.26	≥0.500	PASS
	159	5795	35.07		

Remark:

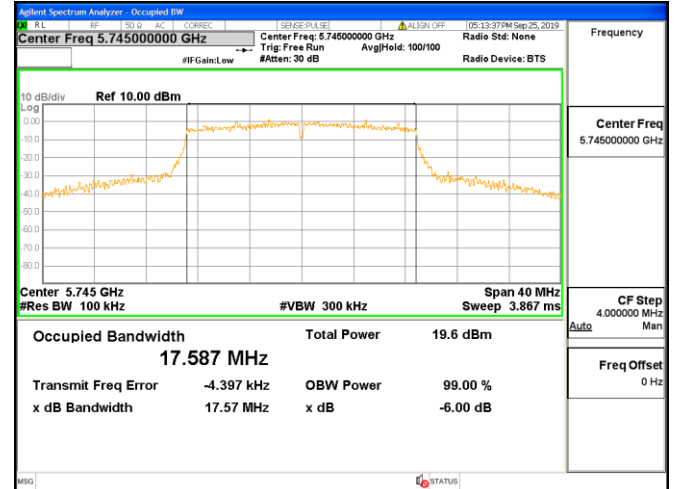
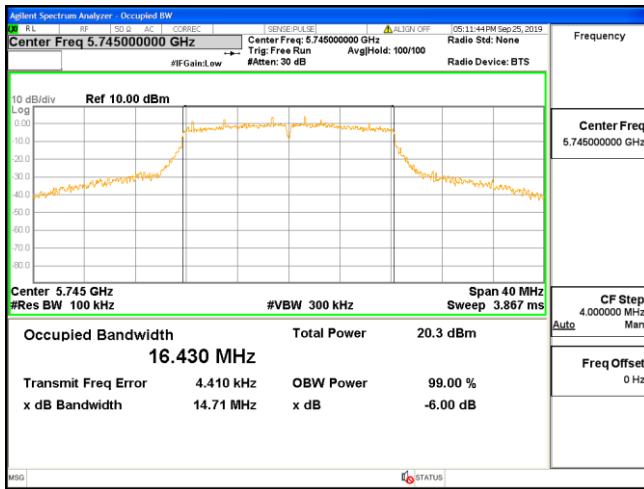
1. Measured 6dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. Please refer to following test plots;



6dB Bandwidth

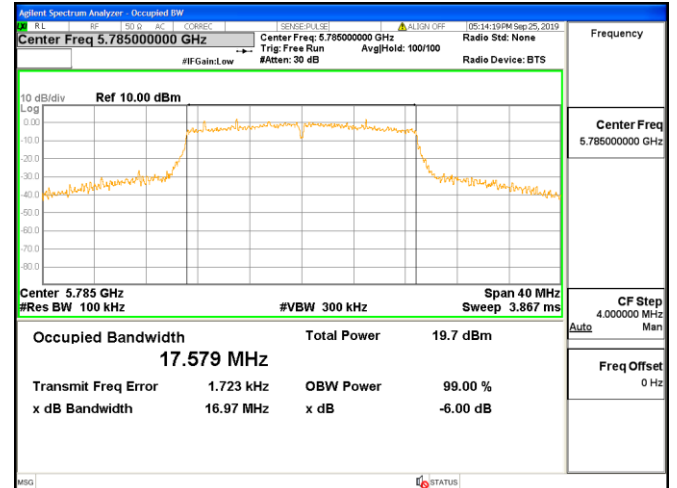
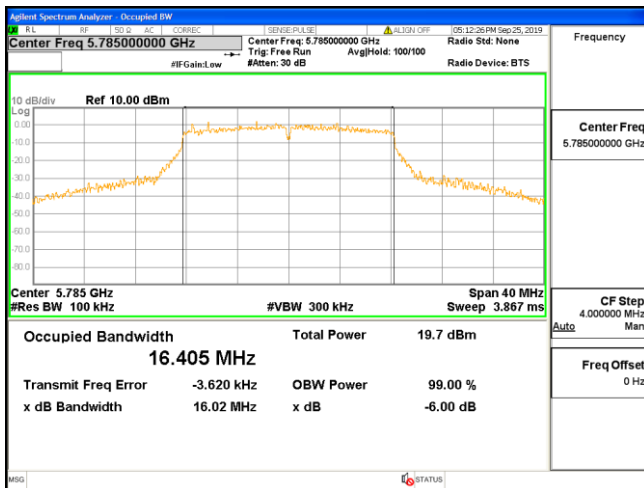
IEEE 802.11a

IEEE 802.11n HT20



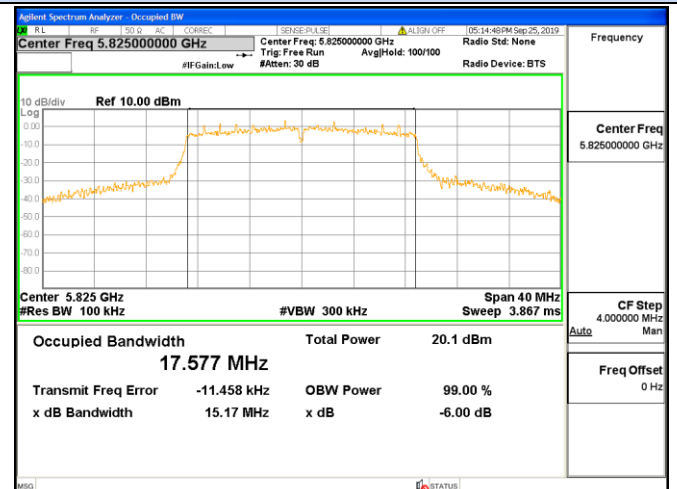
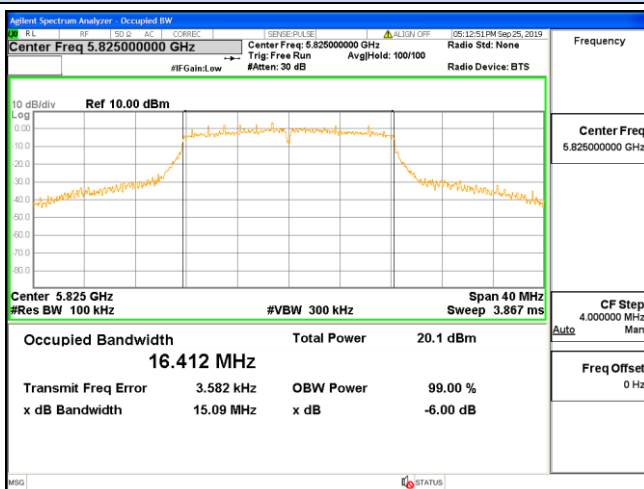
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz

Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

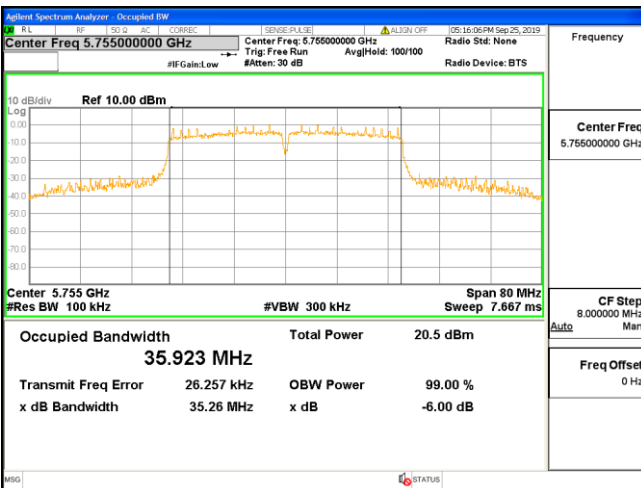


Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

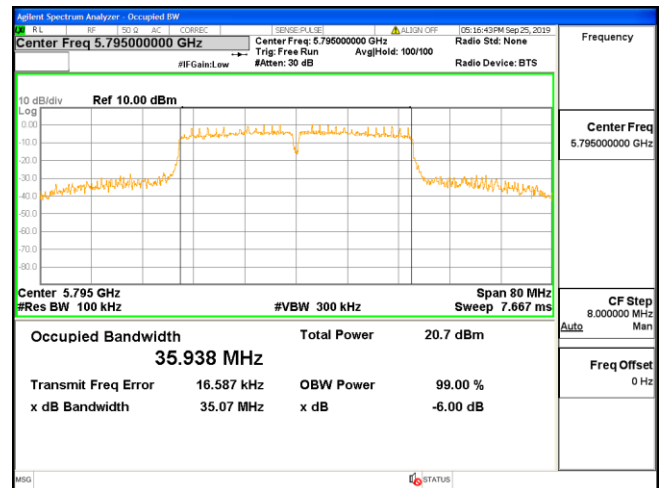
Channel 165 / 5825 MHz



6dB Bandwidth
IEEE 802.11n HT40



Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 159 / 5795 MHz



5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz(105.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6(110.8dBuV/m at 3m) dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz(122.2dBuV/m at 3m) at the band edge.

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average



Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

5.5.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.



2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

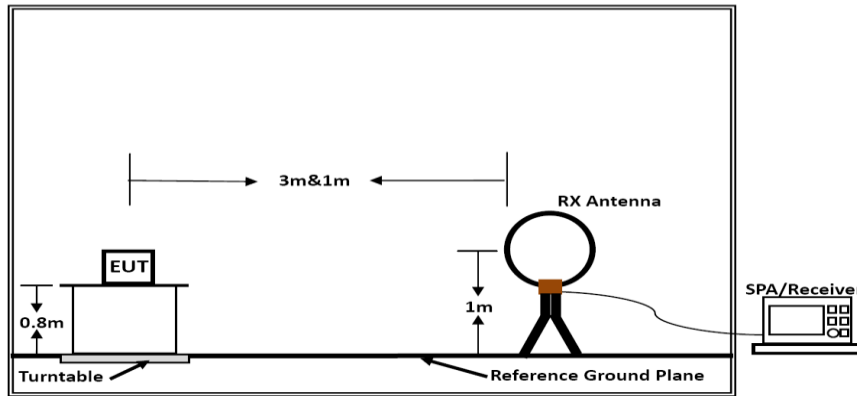
- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement:

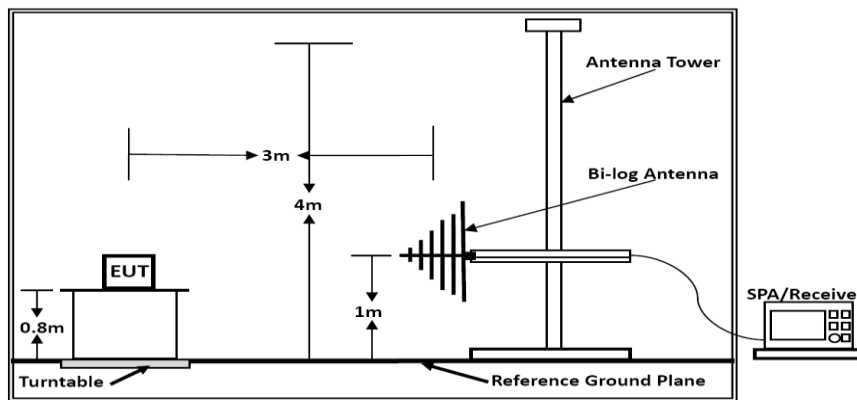
- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

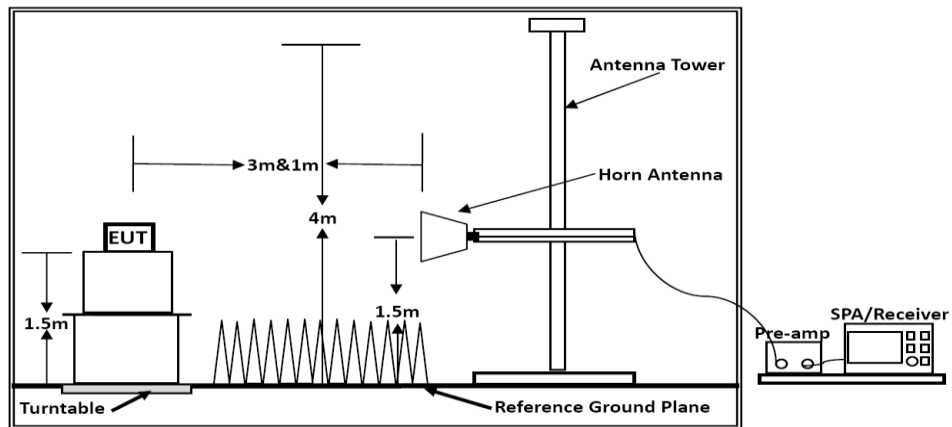
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{specific distance } [3\text{m}] / \text{test distance } [1.5\text{m}])$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	24.5°C	Humidity	56.2%
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log$ (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

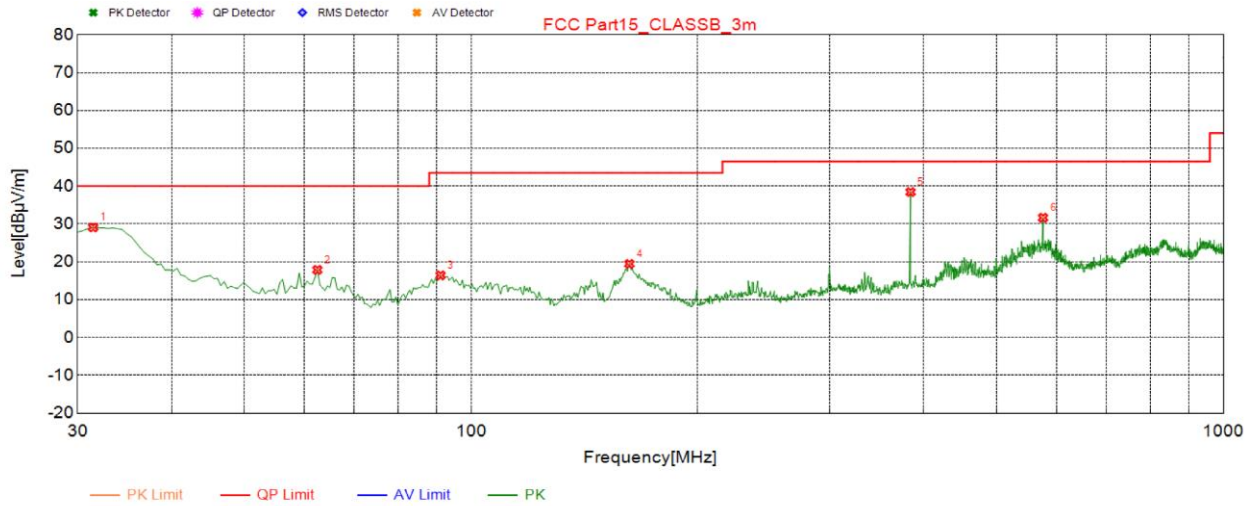
5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Temperature	24.5°C	Humidity	56.2%
Test Engineer	Gary Qian	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

Test result for IEEE 802.11a-5825MHz



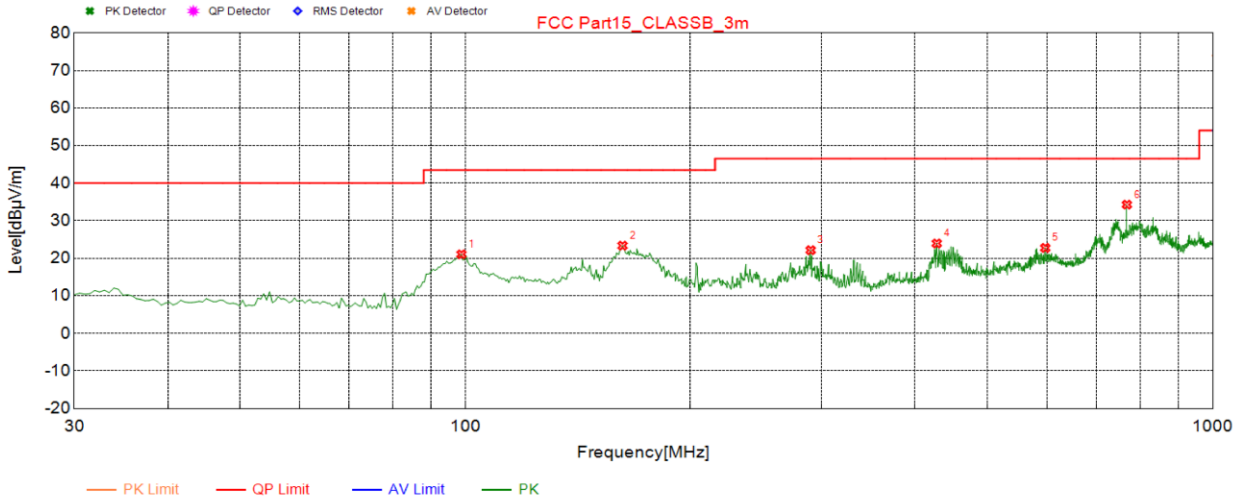
Vertical:



Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Result Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	31.455	29.07	-16.18	40.00	10.93	100	60	Vertical
2	62.495	17.88	-16.29	40.00	22.12	100	216	Vertical
3	91.110	16.44	-17.49	43.50	27.06	200	355	Vertical
4	162.405	19.45	-18.54	43.50	24.05	100	41	Vertical
5	384.050	38.44	-10.47	46.50	8.06	200	115	Vertical
6	576.110	31.64	-6.19	46.50	14.86	100	183	Vertical



Horizontal:



Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Result Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle[°]	Polarity
1	98.870	21.06	-16.17	43.50	22.44	300	240	Horizontal
2	162.405	23.35	-18.54	43.50	20.15	100	91	Horizontal
3	289.960	22.16	-13.02	46.50	24.34	100	282	Horizontal
4	427.700	23.93	-9.49	46.50	22.57	100	262	Horizontal
5	597.450	22.75	-5.65	46.50	23.75	100	99	Horizontal
6	768.170	34.29	-3.36	46.50	12.21	300	218	Horizontal

Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a-5825MHz)
 Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.



5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

Remark: Measured all modes and recorded worst case;

IEEE 802.11a

Channel 149 / 5745 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.235	57.86	33.23	35.04	3.91	59.96	68.20	-8.24	Peak	Horizontal
17.235	41.03	33.23	35.04	3.91	43.13	54.00	-10.87	Average	Horizontal
17.235	57.11	33.23	35.04	3.91	59.21	68.20	-8.99	Peak	Vertical
17.235	43.54	33.23	35.04	3.91	45.64	54.00	-8.36	Average	Vertical

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.355	57.26	33.27	35.15	3.93	59.31	68.20	-8.89	Peak	Horizontal
17.355	42.10	33.27	35.15	3.93	44.15	54.00	-9.85	Average	Horizontal
17.355	57.98	33.27	35.15	3.93	60.03	68.20	-8.17	Peak	Vertical
17.355	42.27	33.27	35.15	3.93	44.32	54.00	-9.68	Average	Vertical

Channel 163 / 5825 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.475	56.37	33.32	35.14	3.97	58.52	68.20	-9.68	Peak	Horizontal
17.475	42.04	33.32	35.14	3.97	44.19	54.00	-9.81	Average	Horizontal
17.475	58.55	33.32	35.14	3.97	60.70	68.20	-7.50	Peak	Vertical
17.475	40.76	33.32	35.14	3.97	42.91	54.00	-11.09	Average	Vertical

*IEEE 802.11n-HT20**Channel 149 / 5745 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.235	54.31	33.23	35.04	3.91	56.41	68.20	-11.79	Peak	Horizontal
17.235	43.29	33.23	35.04	3.91	45.39	54.00	-8.61	Average	Horizontal
17.235	56.07	33.23	35.04	3.91	58.17	68.20	-10.03	Peak	Vertical
17.235	42.69	33.23	35.04	3.91	44.79	54.00	-9.21	Average	Vertical

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.355	57.30	33.27	35.15	3.93	59.35	68.20	-8.85	Peak	Horizontal
17.355	42.01	33.27	35.15	3.93	44.06	54.00	-9.94	Average	Horizontal
17.355	55.33	33.27	35.15	3.93	57.38	68.20	-10.82	Peak	Vertical
17.355	41.02	33.27	35.15	3.93	43.07	54.00	-10.93	Average	Vertical

Channel 163 / 5825 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.475	59.02	33.32	35.14	3.97	61.17	68.20	-7.03	Peak	Horizontal
17.475	41.22	33.32	35.14	3.97	43.37	54.00	-10.63	Average	Horizontal
17.475	58.34	33.32	35.14	3.97	60.49	68.20	-7.71	Peak	Vertical
17.475	43.54	33.32	35.14	3.97	45.69	54.00	-8.31	Average	Vertical

*IEEE 802.11n HT40**Channel 151 / 5755 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.265	58.16	33.23	35.04	3.91	60.26	68.20	-7.94	Peak	Horizontal
17.265	41.41	33.23	35.04	3.91	43.51	54.00	-10.49	Average	Horizontal
17.265	58.37	33.23	35.04	3.91	60.47	68.20	-7.73	Peak	Vertical
17.265	43.70	33.23	35.04	3.91	45.80	54.00	-8.20	Average	Vertical

Channel 159 / 5795 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.385	57.07	33.27	35.15	3.93	59.12	68.20	-9.08	Peak	Horizontal
17.385	40.11	33.27	35.15	3.93	42.16	54.00	-11.84	Average	Horizontal
17.385	56.07	33.27	35.15	3.93	58.12	68.20	-10.08	Peak	Vertical
17.385	41.74	33.27	35.15	3.93	43.79	54.00	-10.21	Average	Vertical

Notes:

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~40GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
4. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40

5.6. Power line conducted emissions

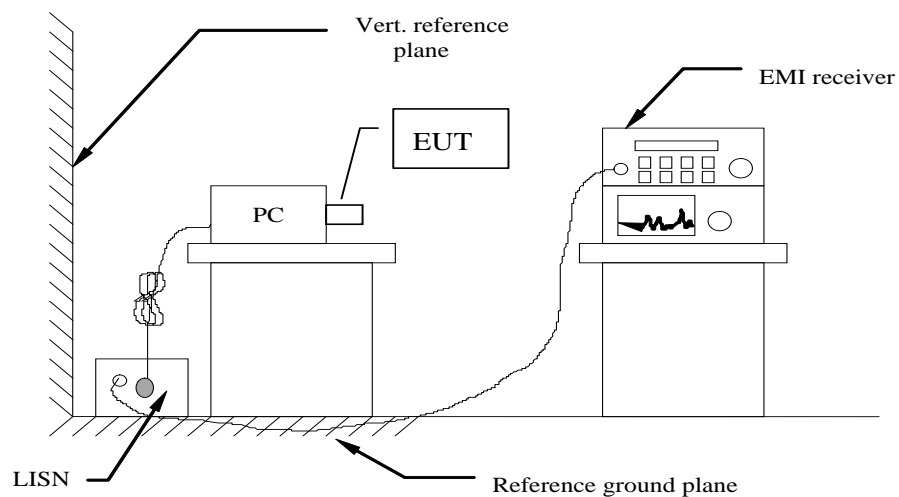
5.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

5.6.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.6.3 Test Results

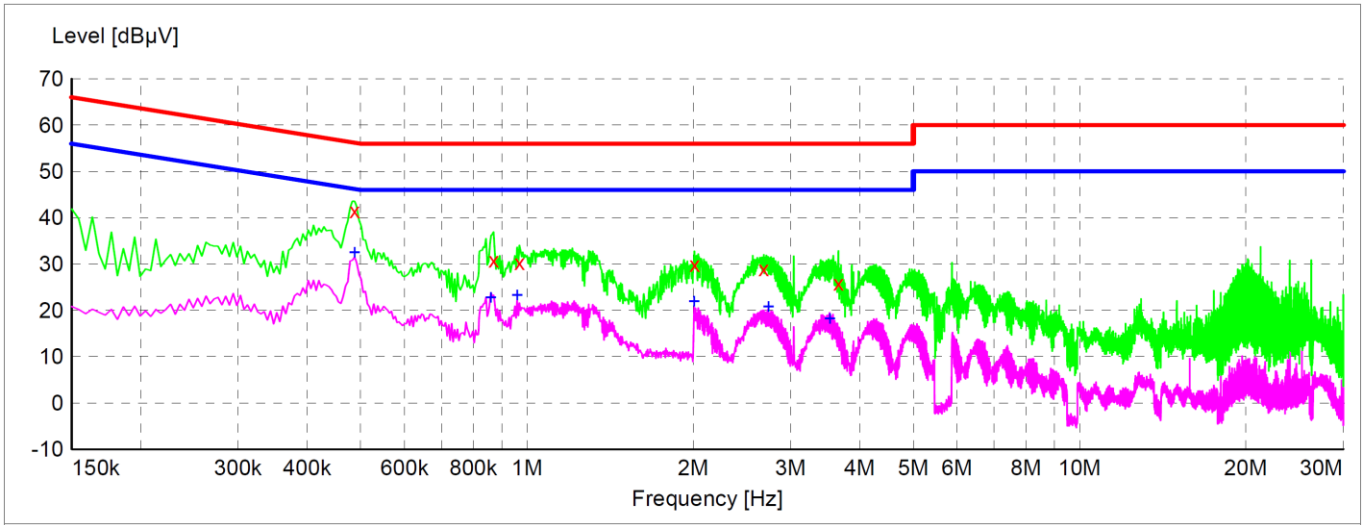
PASS.

The test data please refer to following page.



The worst result for IEEE 802.11a-5825MHz

Line

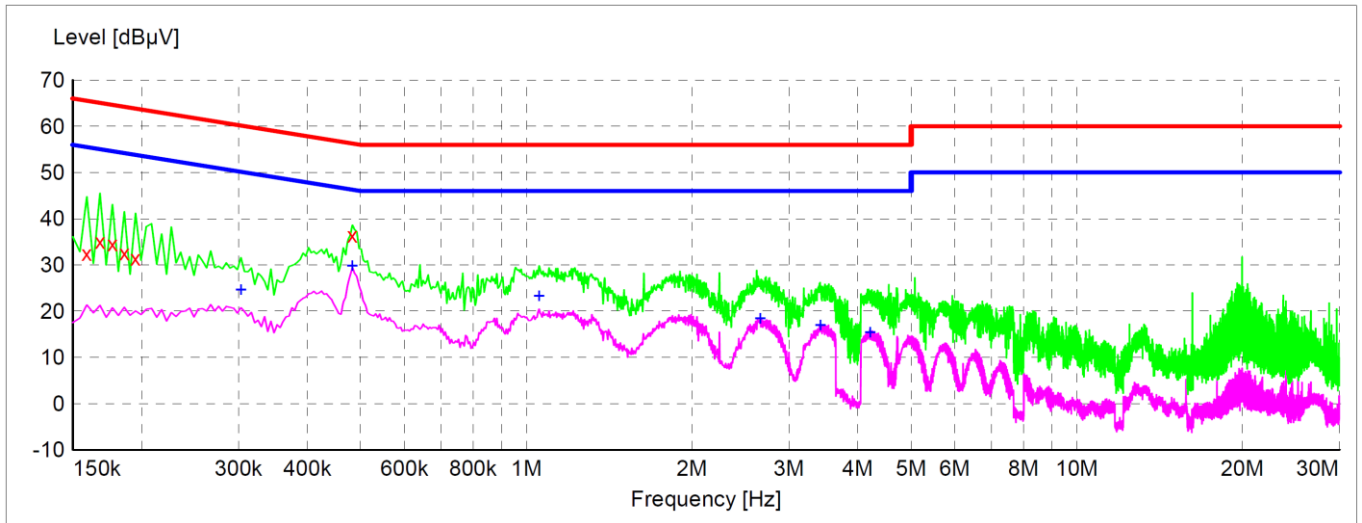


Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.487500	41.50	10.0	56	14.7	QP	L1	GND
0.870000	30.80	9.9	56	25.2	QP	L1	GND
0.969000	30.30	9.8	56	25.7	QP	L1	GND
2.008500	29.90	9.8	56	26.1	QP	L1	GND
2.683500	29.00	9.8	56	27.0	QP	L1	GND
3.660000	25.90	9.8	56	30.1	QP	L1	GND

Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.487500	32.50	10.0	46	13.7	AV	L1	GND
0.861000	22.80	9.9	46	23.2	AV	L1	GND
0.960000	23.30	9.8	46	22.7	AV	L1	GND
2.008500	21.90	9.8	46	24.1	AV	L1	GND
2.733000	20.80	9.8	46	25.2	AV	L1	GND
3.529500	18.20	9.8	46	27.8	AV	L1	GND



Neutral



Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.159000	32.50	10.0	66	33.0	QP	N	GND
0.168000	35.10	10.2	65	30.0	QP	N	GND
0.177000	34.60	10.3	65	30.0	QP	N	GND
0.186000	32.60	10.5	64	31.6	QP	N	GND
0.195000	31.50	10.6	64	32.3	QP	N	GND
0.483000	36.50	10.0	56	19.8	OP	N	GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.303000	24.60	10.2	50	25.6	AV	N	GND
0.483000	29.80	10.0	46	16.5	AV	N	GND
1.054500	23.30	9.8	46	22.7	AV	N	GND
2.661000	18.40	9.8	46	27.6	AV	N	GND
3.417000	16.90	9.8	46	29.1	AV	N	GND
4.209000	15.40	9.8	46	30.6	AV	N	GND

***Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a-5825MHz) for 120V/60Hz.

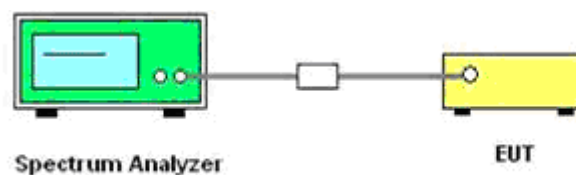
5.7 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

5.7.1 LIMIT

According to §15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
 - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
 - (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
- (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

5.7.2 TEST CONFIGURATION



5.7.3 TEST PROCEDURE

1. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
2. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
3. Set the VBW \geq 3MHz
4. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW}/2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
5. Manually set sweep time $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$.
6. Set detector = power averaging (rms).
7. Sweep time = auto couple.



8. Trace mode = max hold.

9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

5. 7.4 Test Results

IEEE 802.11a							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.00	-49.85	0.80	-49.05	Peak	-27.00	-21.81	PASS
5700.00	-45.38	0.80	-44.58	Peak	10.00	-58.89	PASS
5720.00	-43.52	0.80	-42.72	Peak	15.60	-58.32	PASS
5725.00	-32.57	0.80	-31.77	Peak	27.00	-63.72	PASS
5850.00	-43.25	0.80	-42.45	Peak	27.00	-69.54	PASS
5855.00	-42.74	0.80	-41.94	Peak	15.60	-63.22	PASS
5875.00	-44.20	0.80	-43.40	Peak	10.00	-59.65	PASS
5925.00	-45.92	0.80	-45.12	Peak	-27.00	-21.05	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT20							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.00	-50.32	0.80	-49.52	Peak	-27.00	-19.86	PASS
5700.00	-45.97	0.80	-45.17	Peak	10.00	-58.02	PASS
5720.00	-39.35	0.80	-38.55	Peak	15.60	-57.54	PASS
5725.00	-31.60	0.80	-30.80	Peak	27.00	-61.29	PASS
5850.00	-40.23	0.80	-39.43	Peak	27.00	-68.23	PASS
5855.00	-45.12	0.80	-44.32	Peak	15.60	-61.56	PASS
5875.00	-45.02	0.80	-44.22	Peak	10.00	-56.96	PASS
5925.00	-48.06	0.80	-47.26	Peak	-27.00	-23.89	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT40							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.00	-49.52	0.80	-48.72	Peak	-27.00	-22.52	PASS
5700.00	-45.95	0.80	-45.15	Peak	10.00	-54.42	PASS
5720.00	-27.64	0.80	-26.84	Peak	15.60	-47.13	PASS
5725.00	-19.25	0.80	-18.45	Peak	27.00	-58.60	PASS
5850.00	-45.94	0.80	-45.14	Peak	27.00	-75.52	PASS
5855.00	-36.67	0.80	-35.87	Peak	15.60	-62.11	PASS
5875.00	-47.89	0.80	-47.09	Peak	10.00	-57.29	PASS
5925.00	-49.95	0.80	-49.15	Peak	-27.00	-24.41	PASS

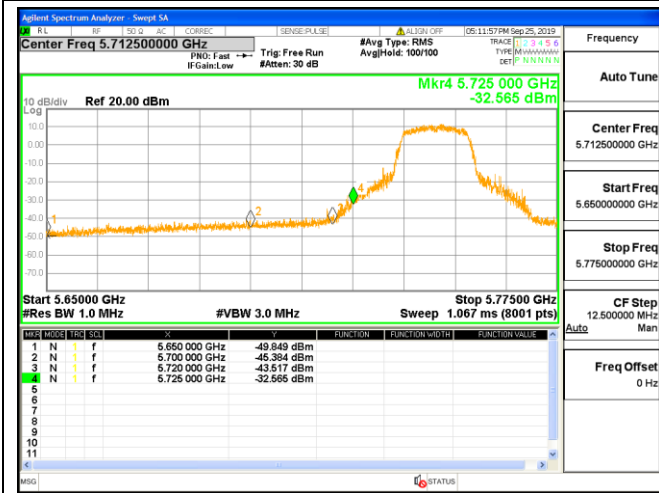
Remark:

1. Measured unwanted emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. $E.I.R.P = \text{Conducted power} + \text{Antenna Gain}$
5. Please refer to following test plots;

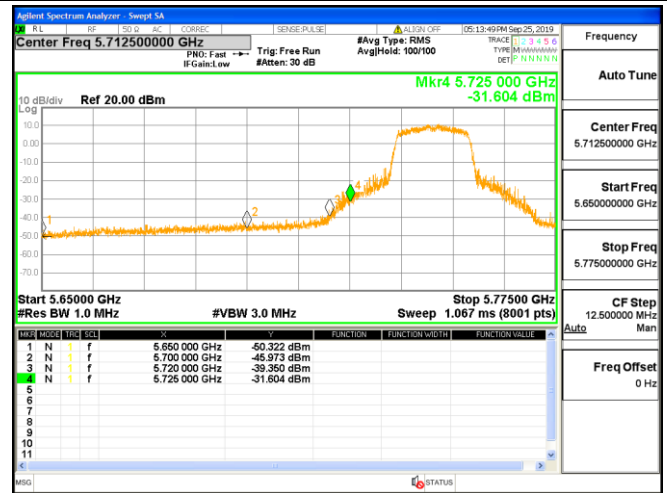


Unwanted emission

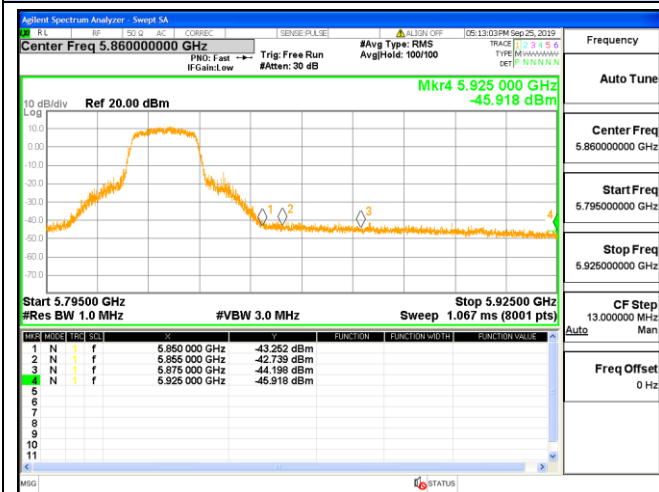
IEEE 802.11a



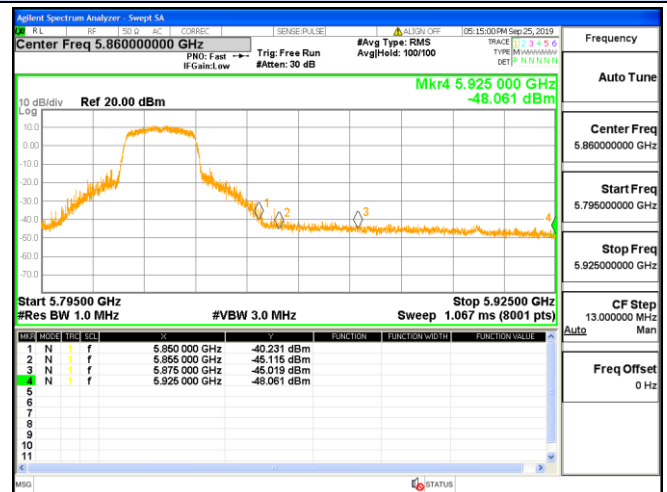
IEEE 802.11n HT20



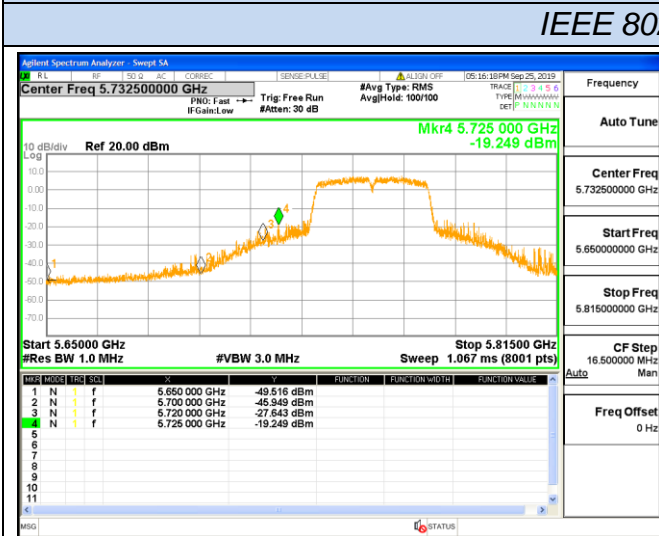
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz – Peak



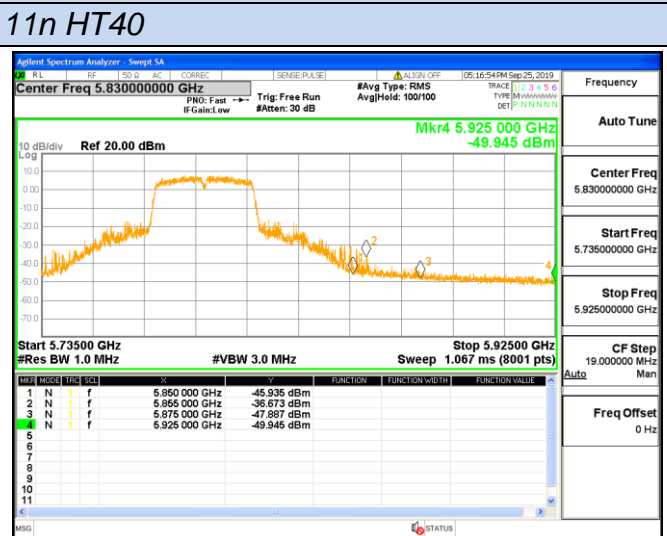
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz – Peak



Channel 165 / 5825 MHz – Peak



Channel 165 / 5825 MHz – Peak



IEEE 802.11n HT40

Channel 151 / 5755 MHz – Peak

Channel 159 / 5795 MHz – Peak



5.8. Antenna Requirements

5.8.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.8.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting refer to section 1.1 of this report , and the antenna is an internal antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

5.8.3. Results: Compliance.

Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for UNII devices.

Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep Time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For 5G WLAN devices, the IEEE 802.11a mode is used.

Limits

FCC	ISED
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	



T_{nom}	V_{nom}	Lowest Channel 5745 MHz	Middle Channel 5785 MHz	Highest Channel 5825 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		14.847	14.202	15.101
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		14.717	14.032	14.841
Gain [dBi] Calculated		-0.13	-0.17	-0.26
Measurement uncertainty			± 1.6 dB (cond.) / ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	



6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
11.	Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	HKE-017	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
13.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
14.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B	HKE-083	Dec. 27, 2018	N/A
15.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 27, 2018	3 Year
19.	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	HKE-040	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
20.	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-055	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
21.	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-056	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year

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