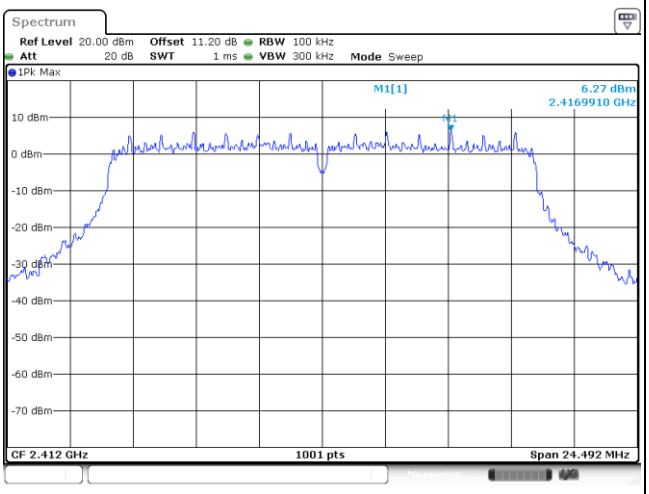
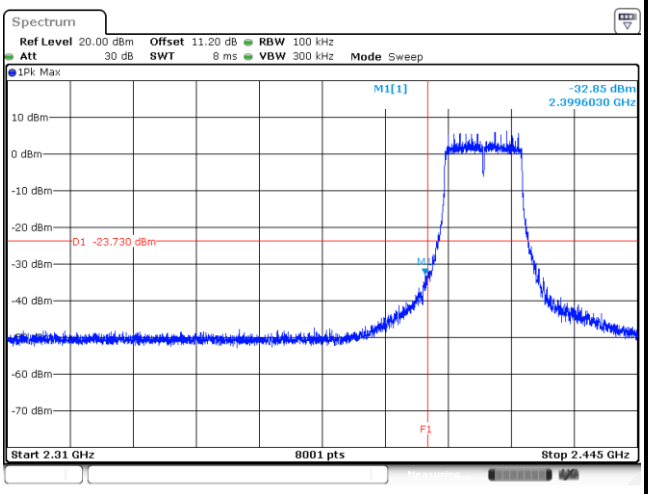
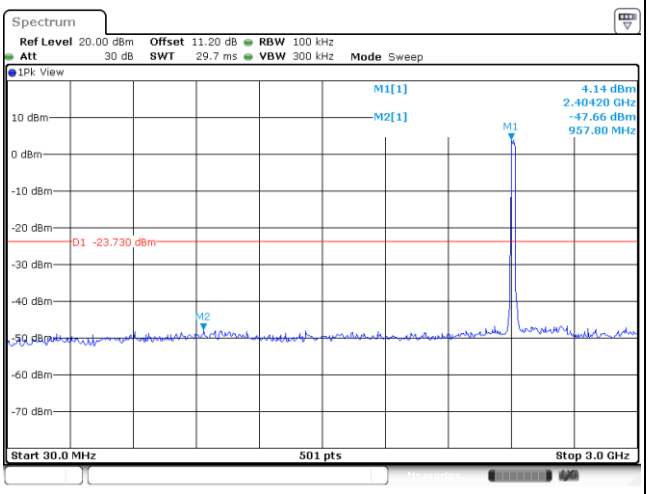
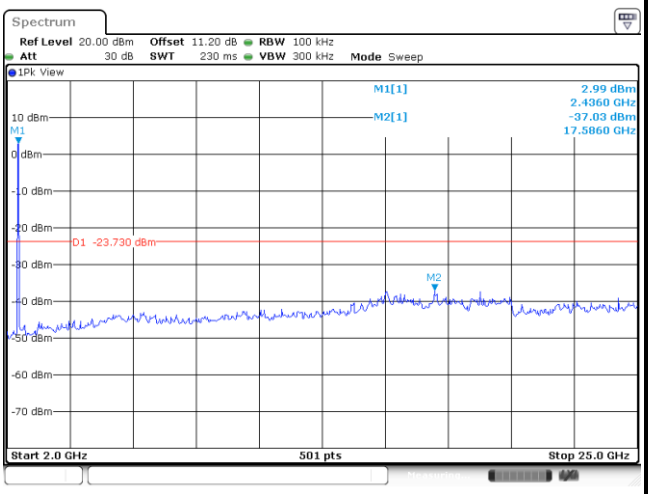
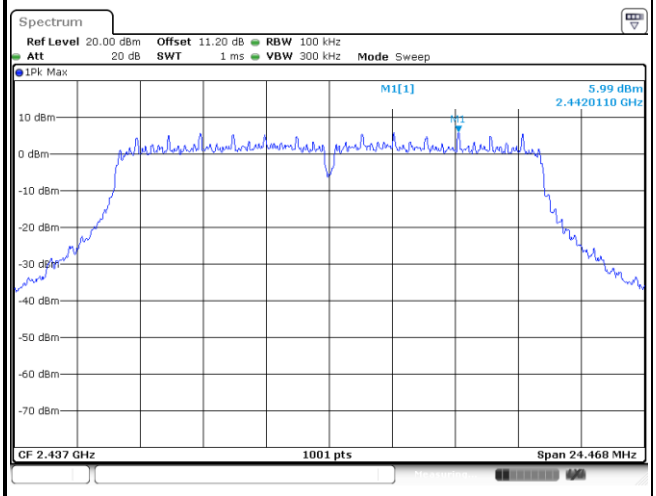
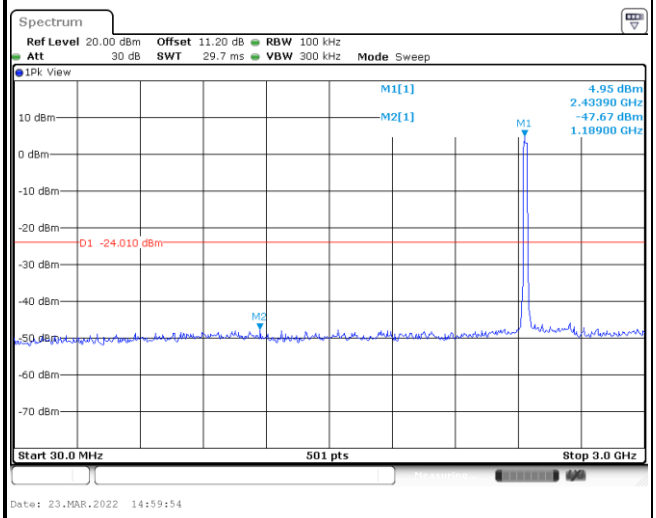
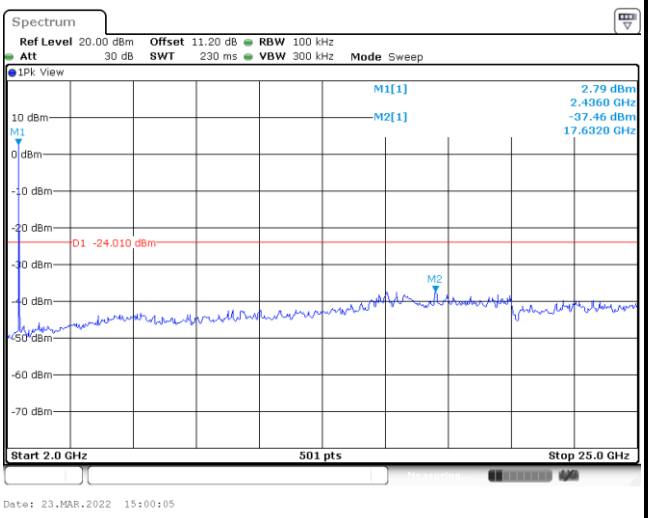
Test Mode :	802.11g	Test Channel :	01

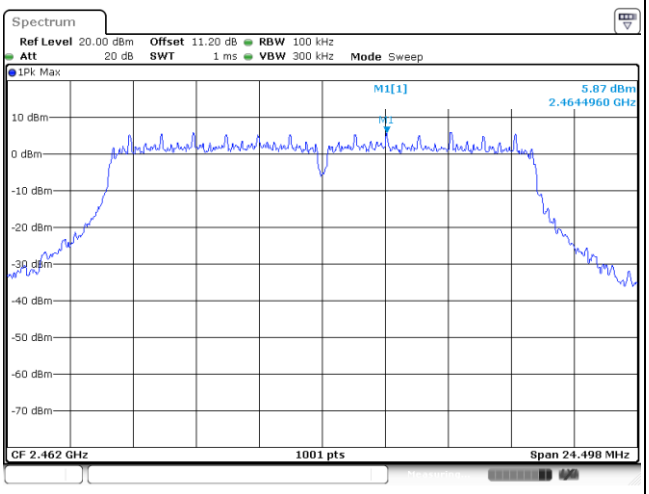
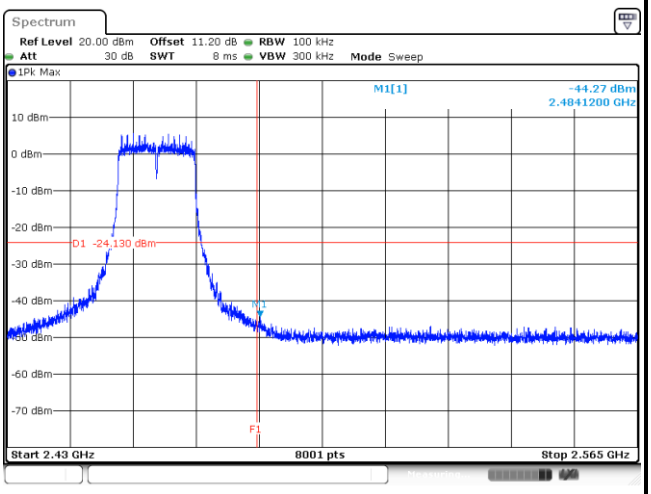
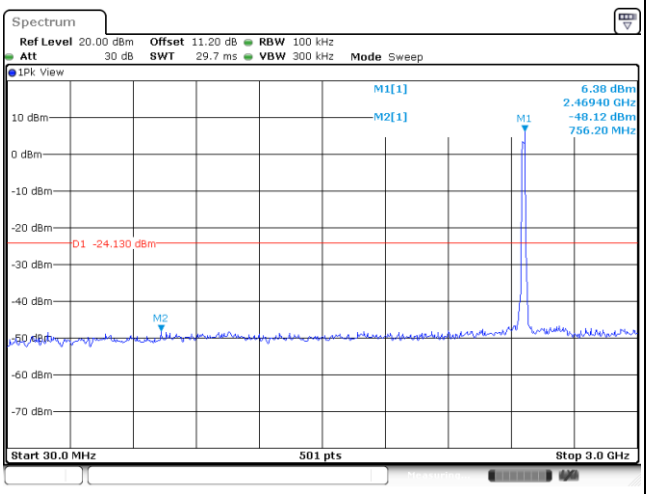
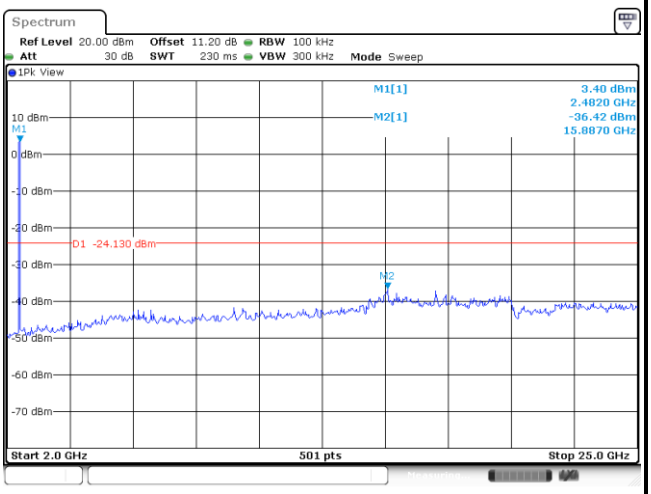
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11g	Test Channel :	06

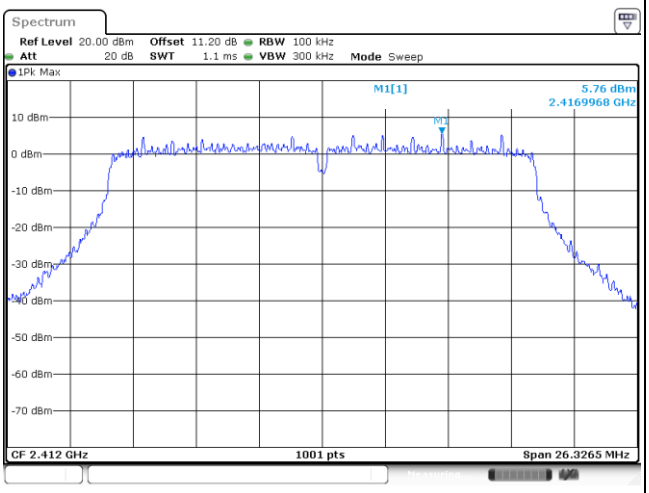
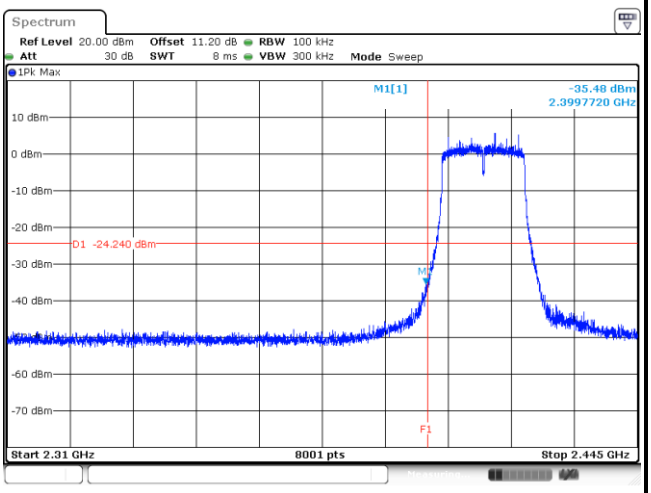
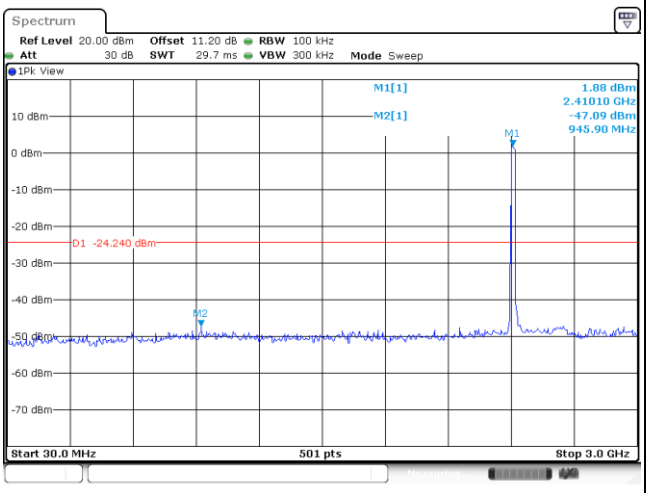
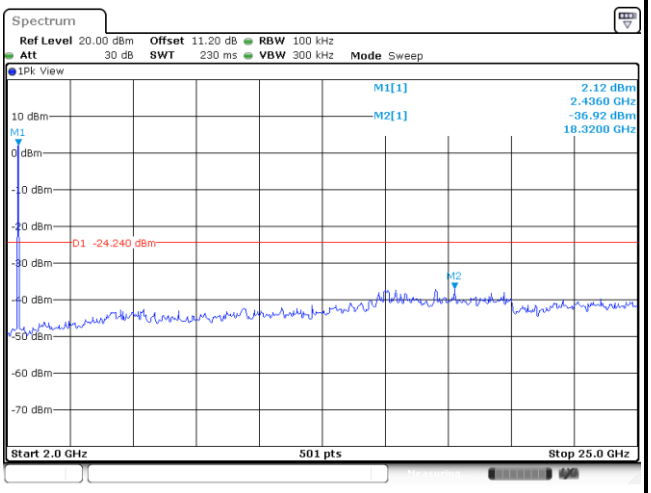
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	-

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz
	

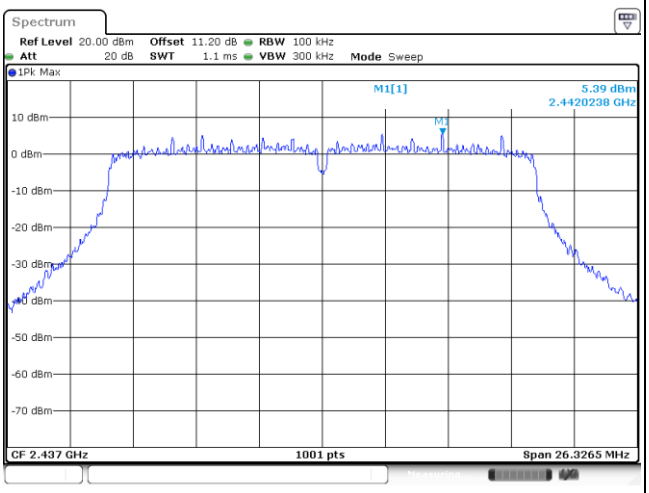
Test Mode :	802.11g	Test Channel :	11

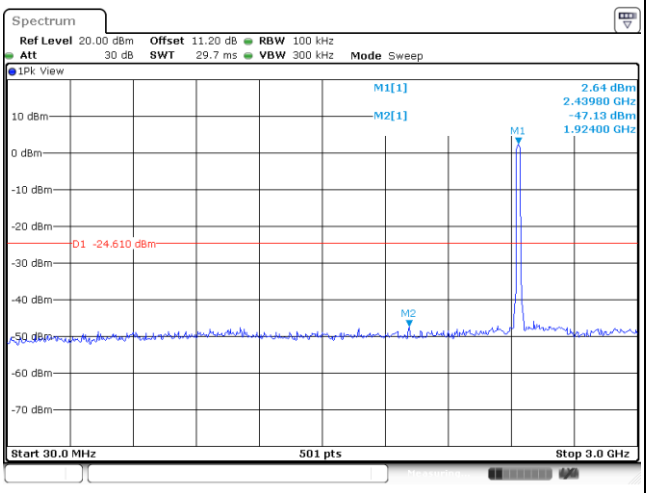
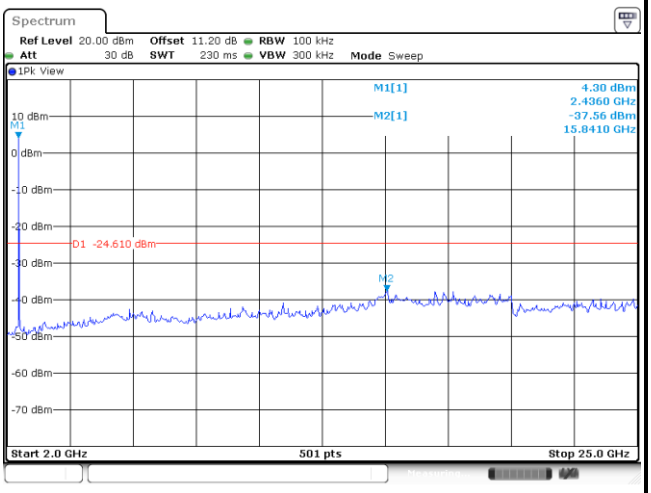
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Test Channel :	01

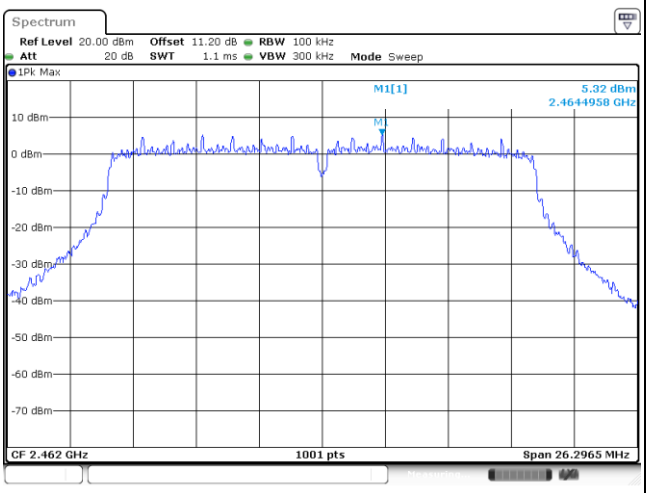
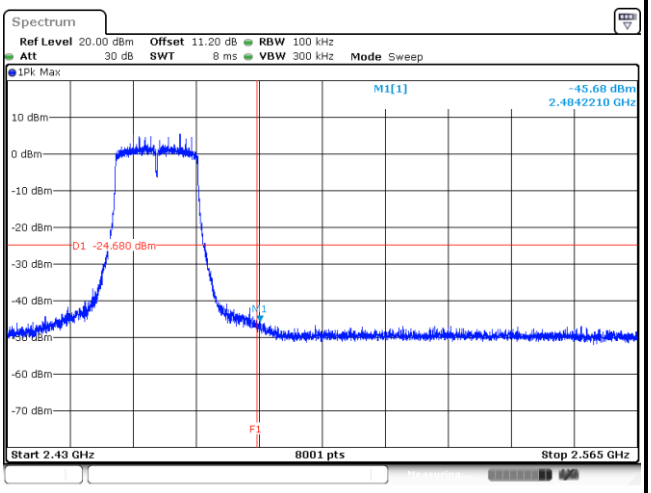
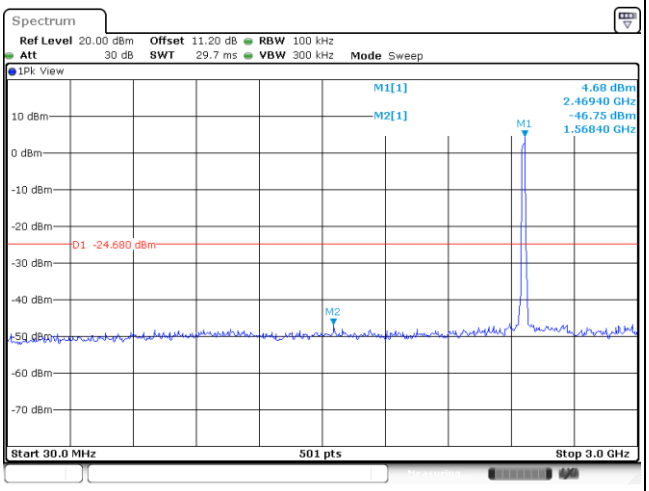
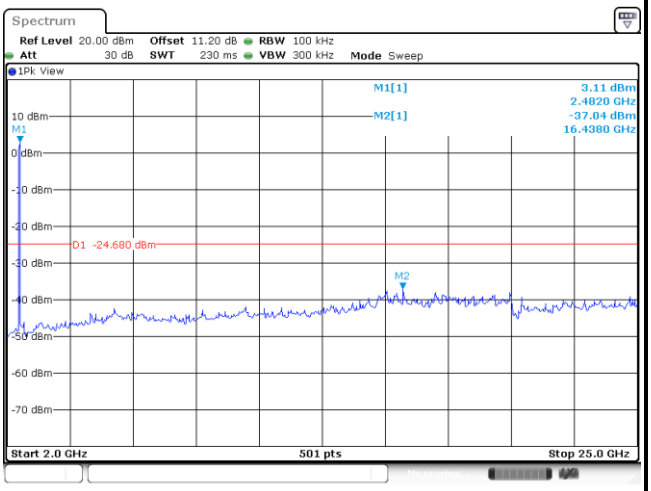
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Test Channel :	06

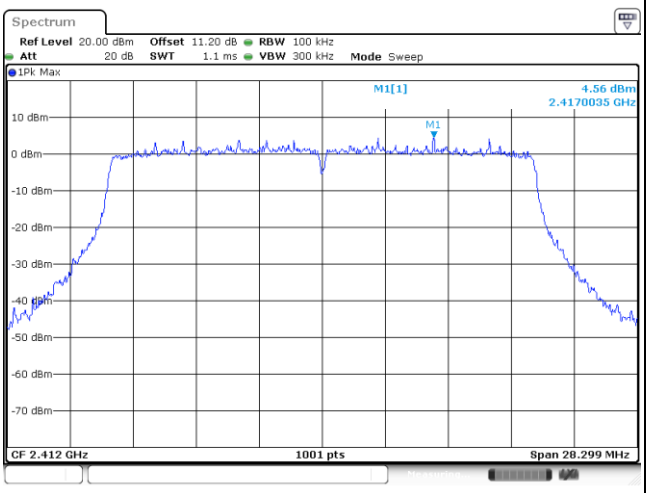
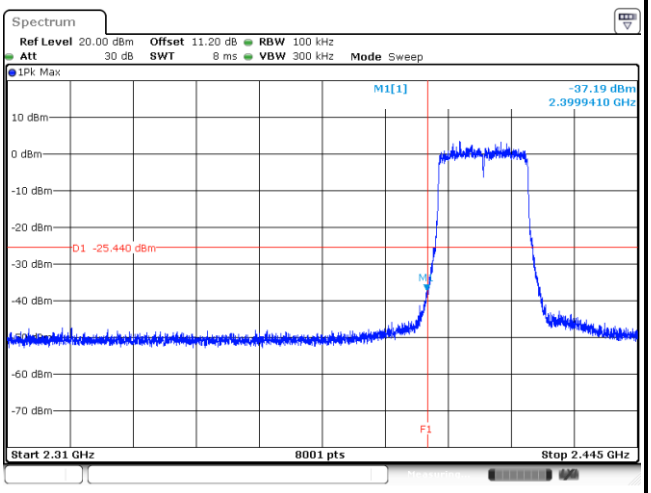
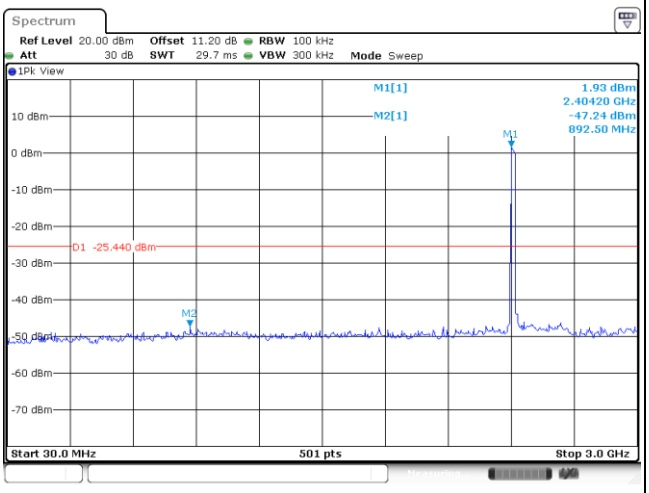
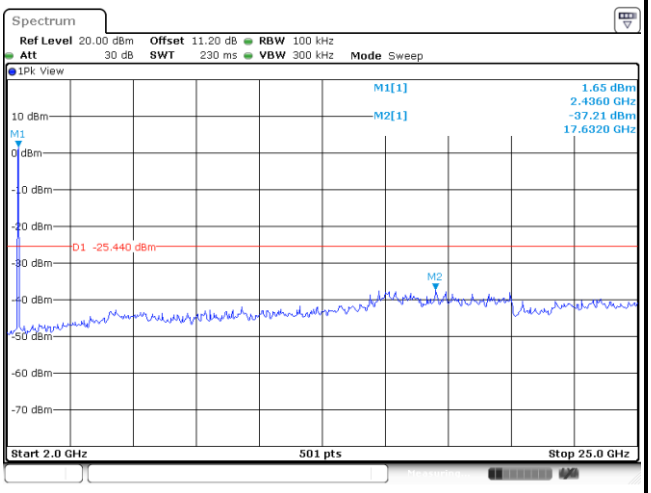
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	-

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz
	

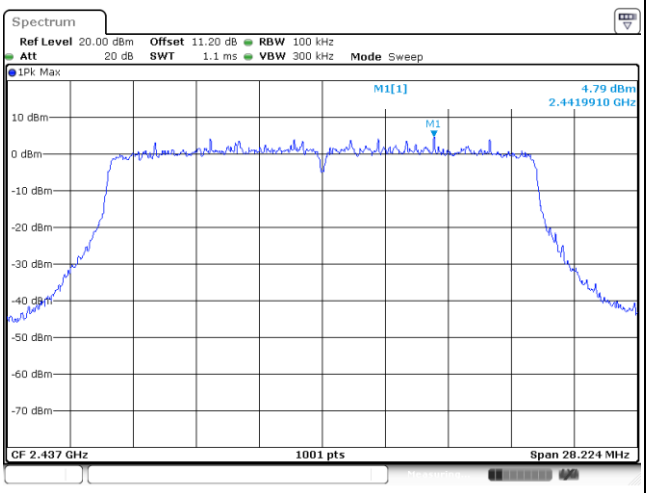
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Test Channel :	11

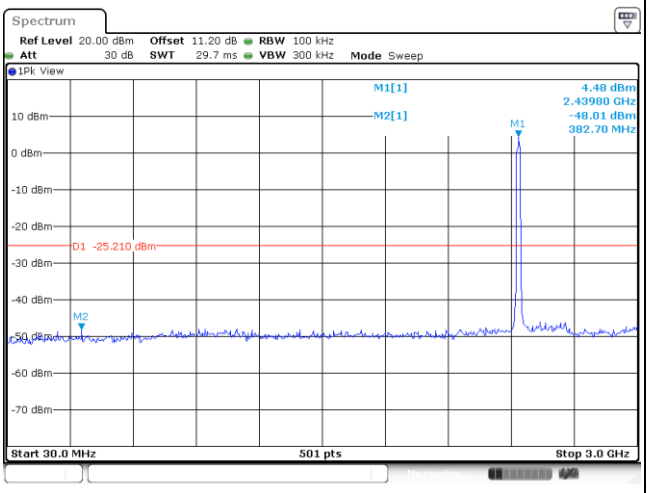
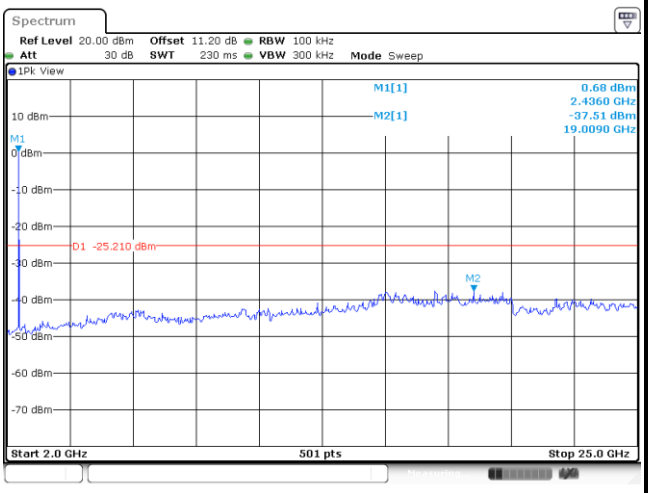
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20	Test Channel :	01

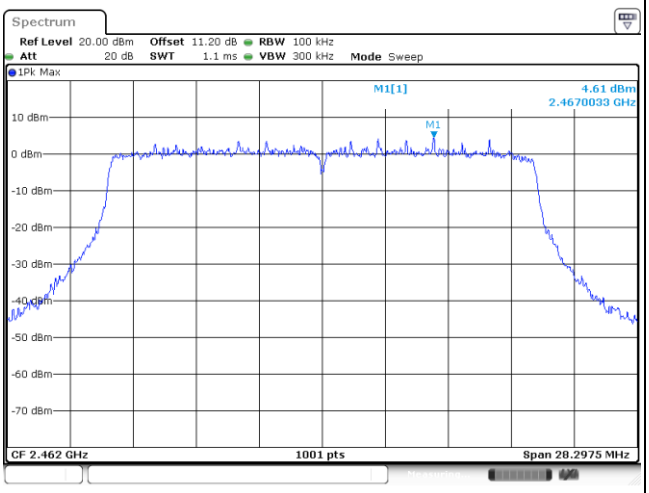
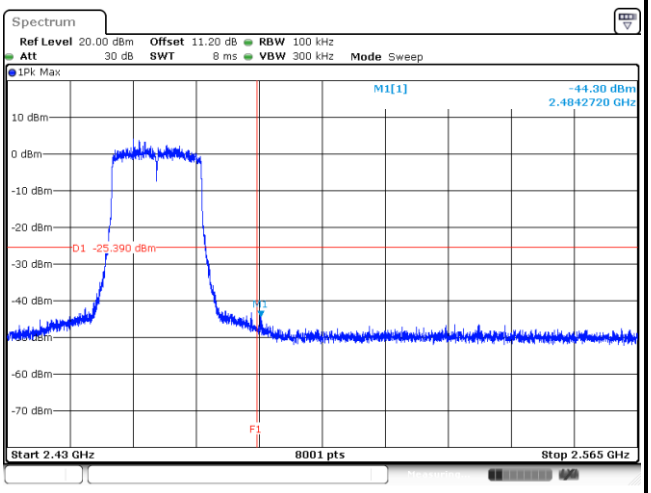
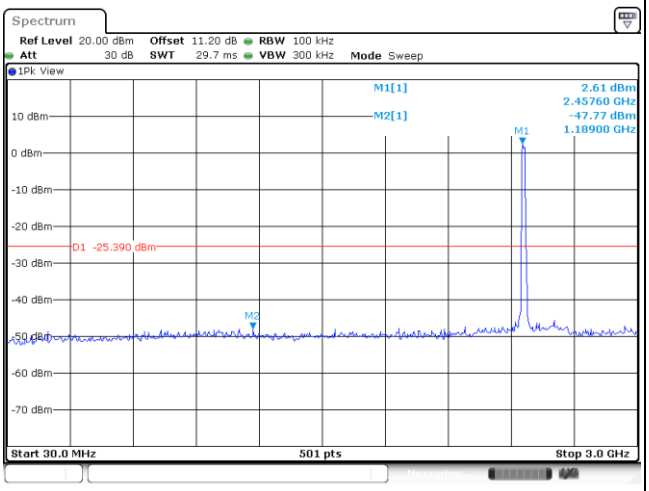
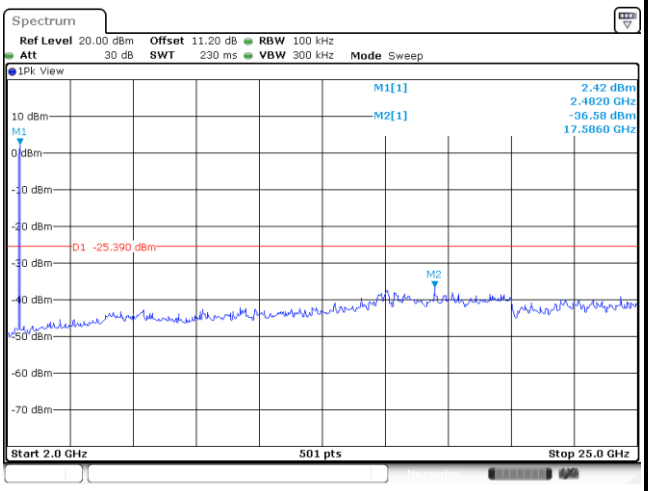
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20	Test Channel :	06

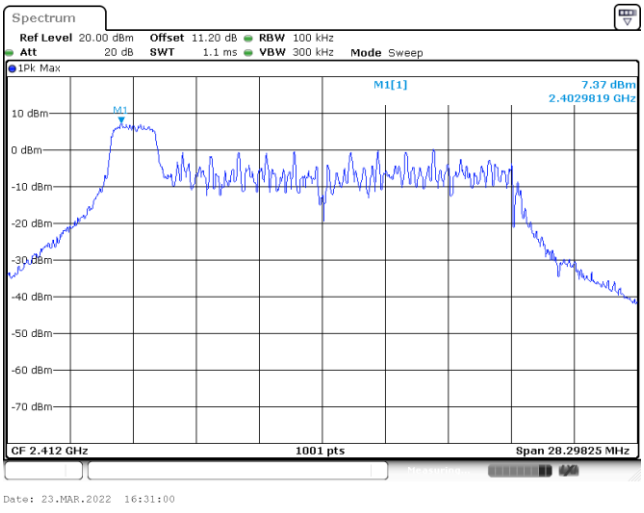
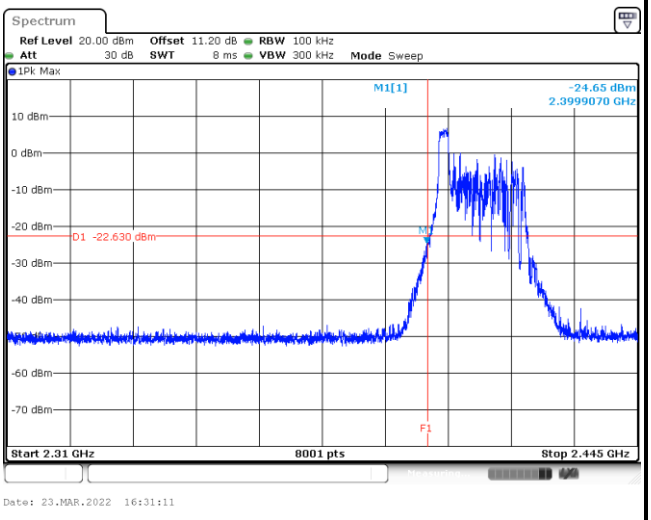
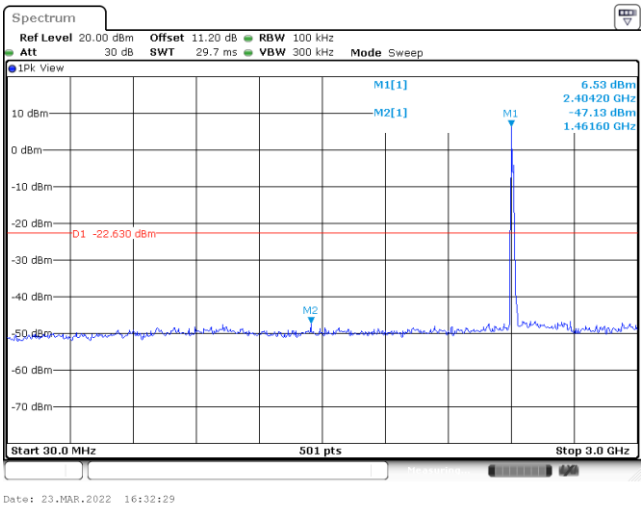
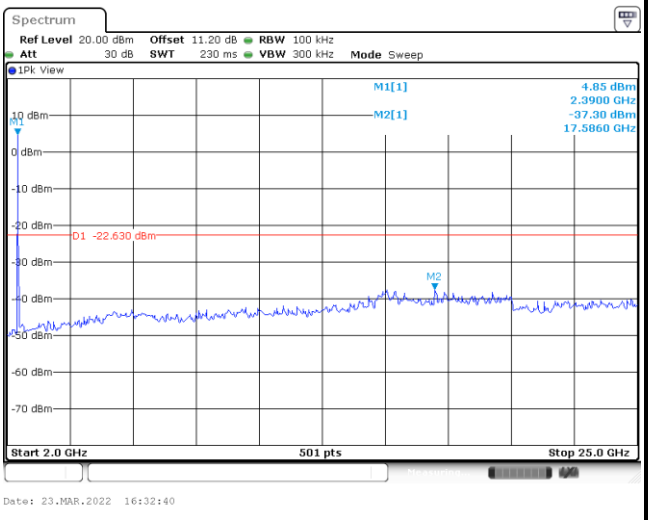
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	-

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz
	

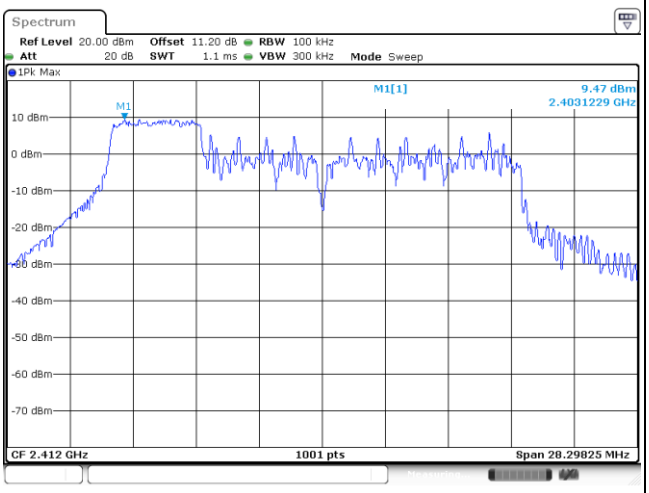
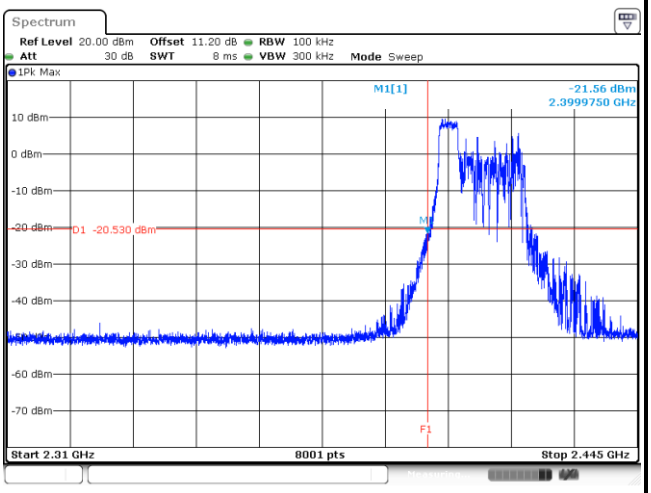
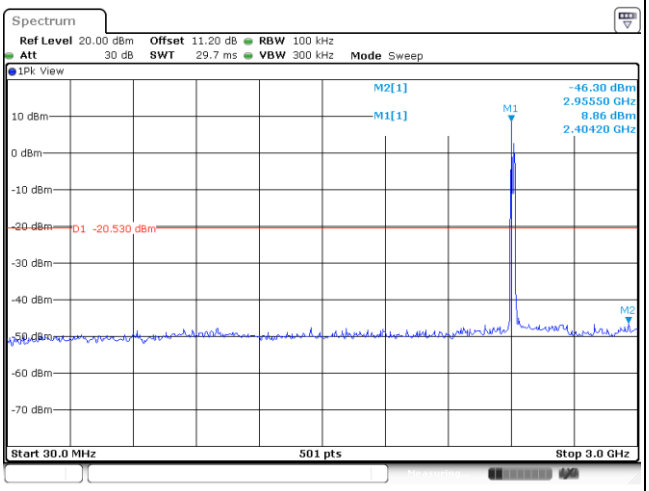
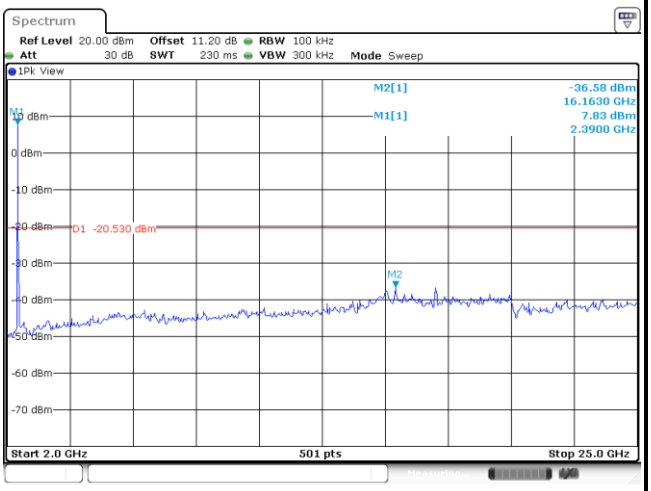
Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20	Test Channel :	11

100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

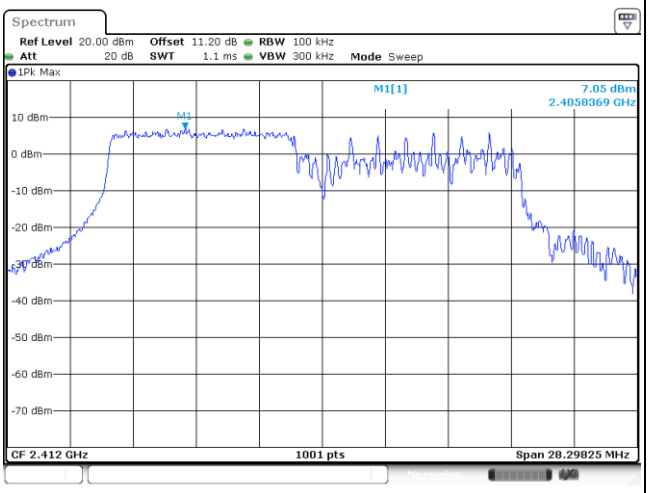
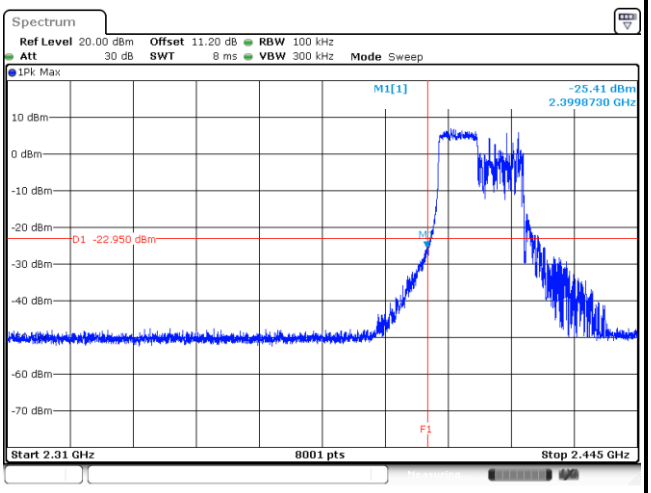
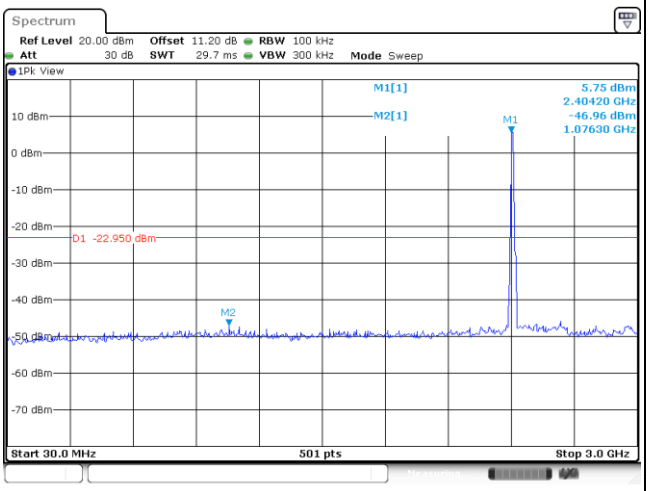
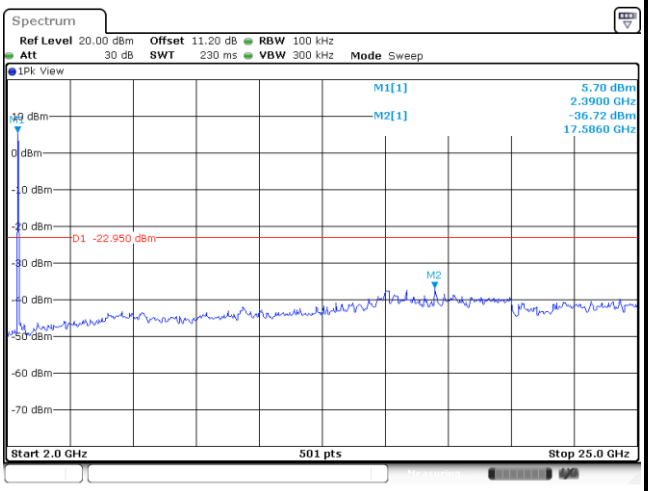
Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(26RU0)	Test Channel :	01

100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(52RU37)	Test Channel :	01

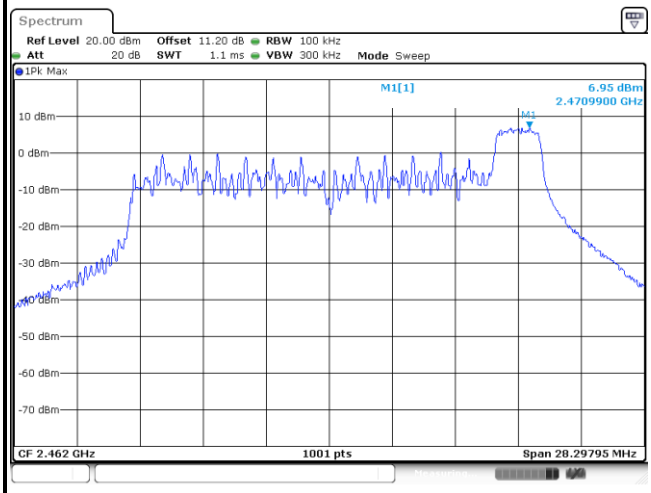
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(106RU53)	Test Channel :	01

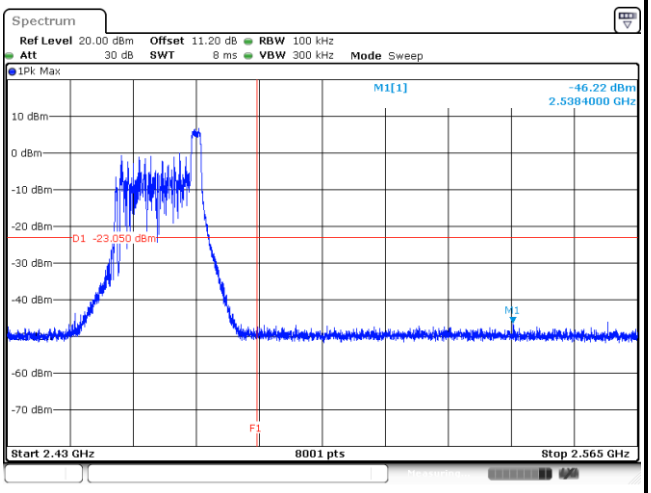
100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(26RU8)	Test Channel :	11

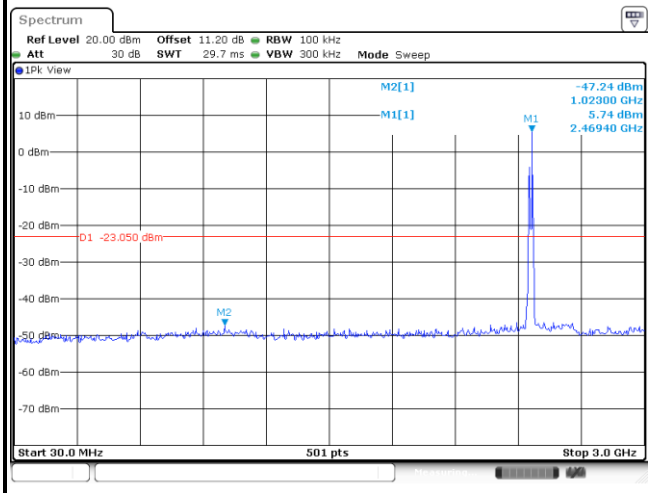
100kHz PSD reference Level



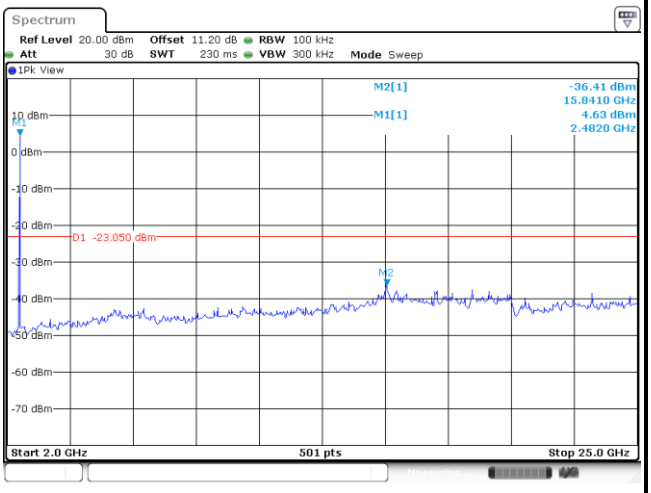
Channel Plot



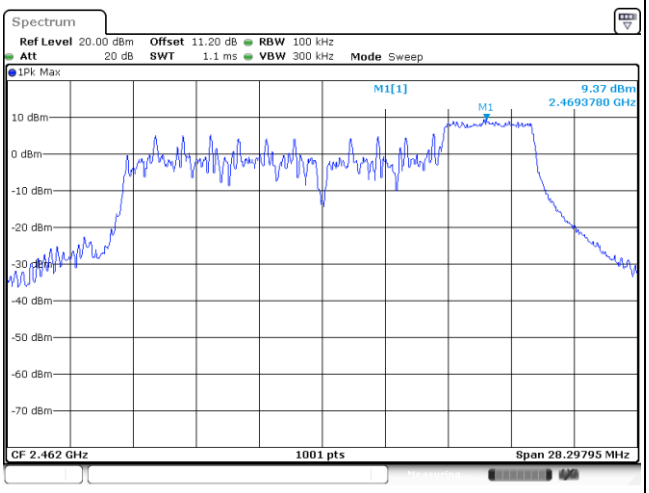
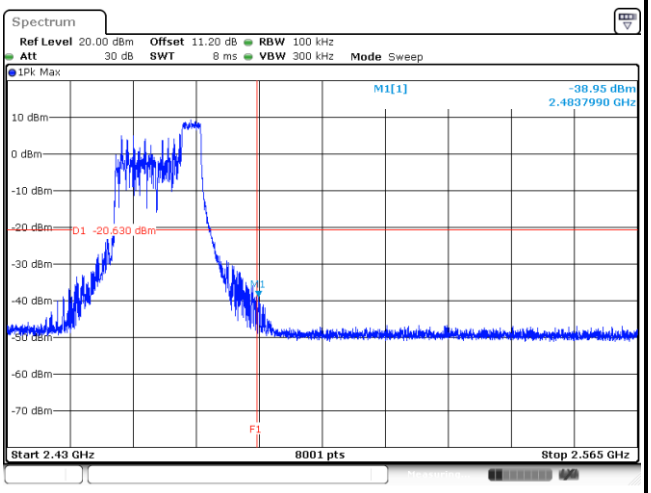
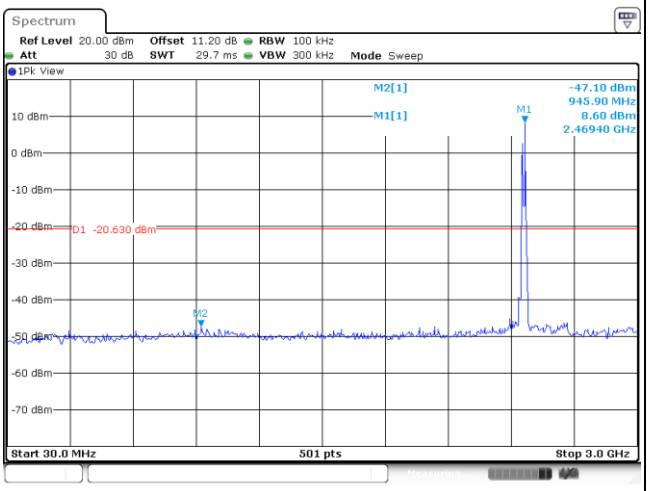
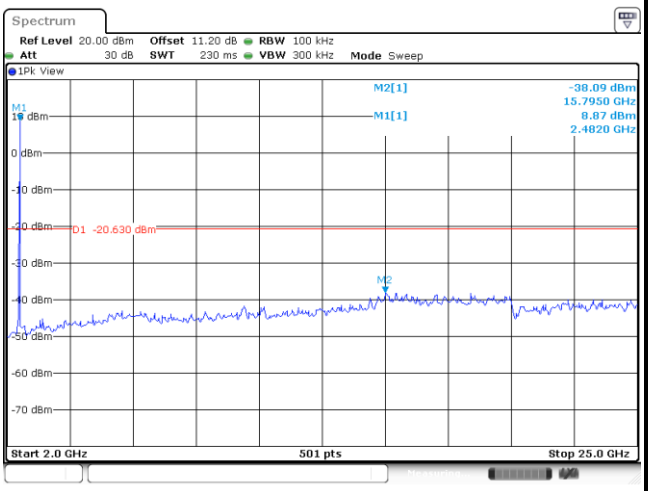
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



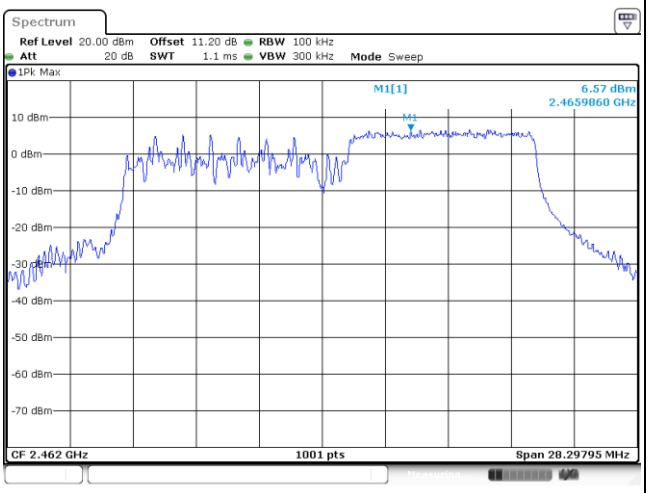
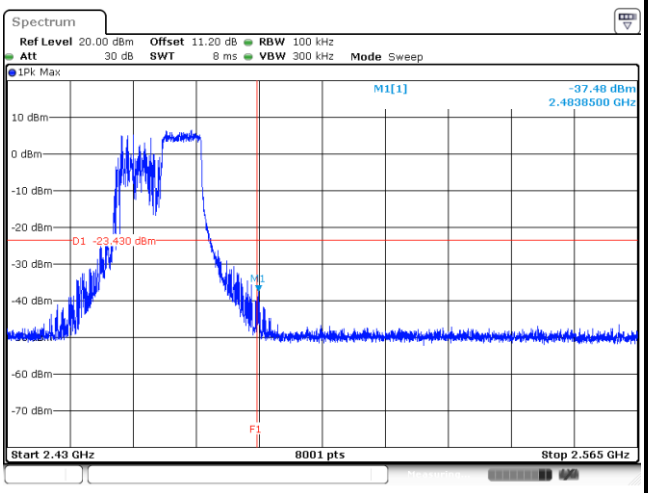
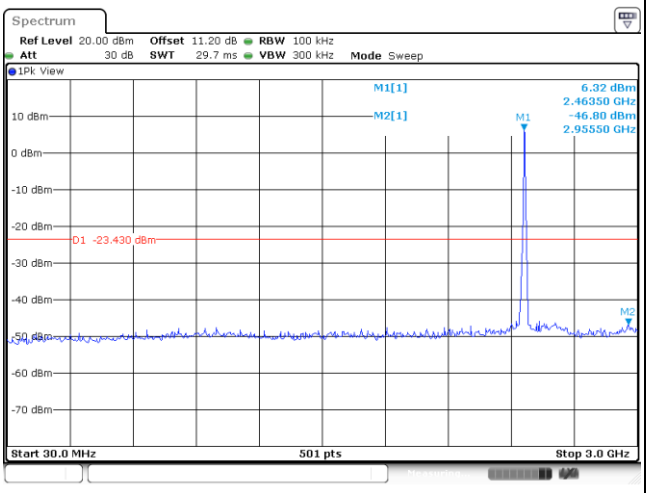
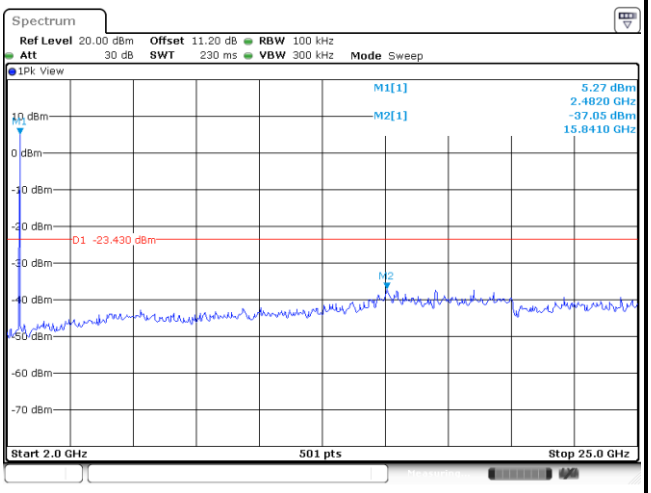
Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(52RU40)	Test Channel :	11

100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

Test Mode :	802.11ax HE20(106RU54)	Test Channel :	11

100kHz PSD reference Level	Channel Plot
	
Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz	**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**
	

3.5 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.5.1 Limit of Radiated band edge and Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. If the output power of this device was measured by spectrum analyzer, the attenuation under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

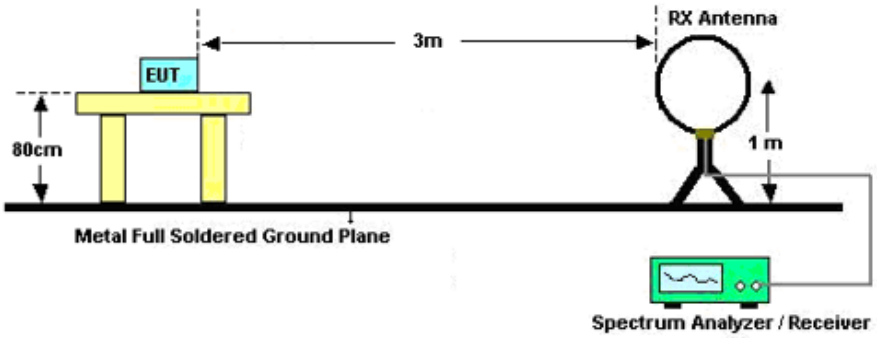
The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.5.3 Test Procedures

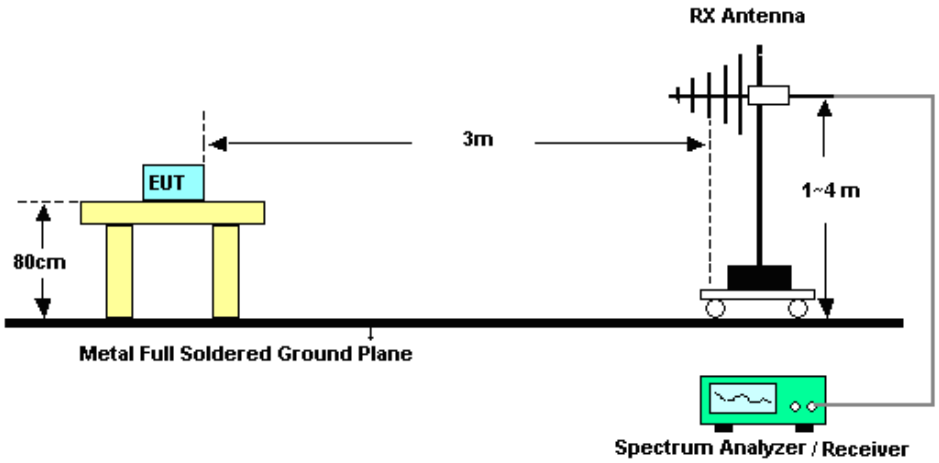
1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.11 & 11.12
2. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.
3. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
4. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
5. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
6. For testing below 1GHz, if the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the limit specified, then peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be repeated one by one using the CISPR quasi-peak method and reported.
7. For testing above 1GHz, the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 20dB lower than peak limit (that means the emission level in average mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
8. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
   (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for f < 1 GHz; VBW ≥ RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold;
   (3) Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW= 3MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz for peak measurement.
   For average measurement:
   - VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle is no less than 98 percent.
   - VBW ≥ 1/T, when duty cycle is less than 98 percent where T is the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

3.5.4 Test Setup

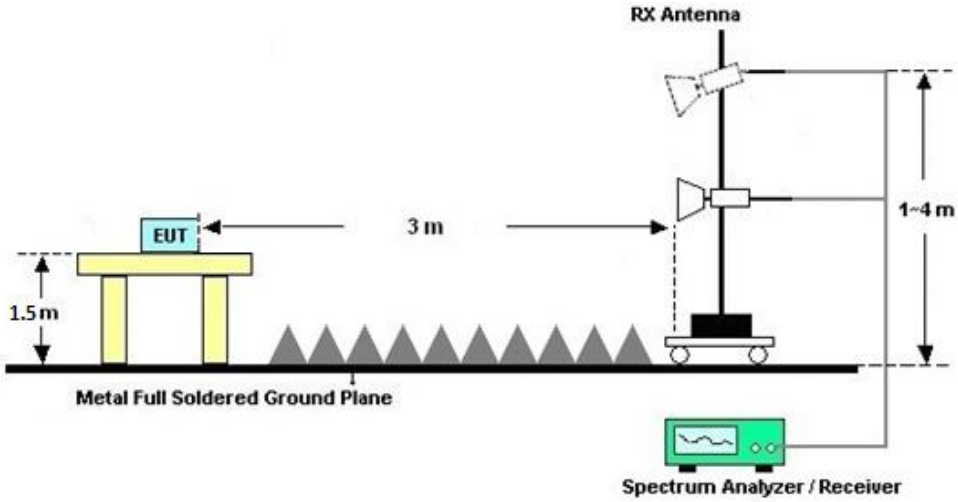
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



3.5.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9kHz ~ 30MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line was not reported.

There is a comparison data of both open-field test site and semi-Anechoic chamber, and the result came out very similar.

3.5.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Please refer to Appendix C.

3.5.7 Duty Cycle

Please refer to Appendix D.

3.5.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10th Harmonic or 40GHz, whichever is lower)

Please refer to Appendix C.

3.6 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

3.6.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

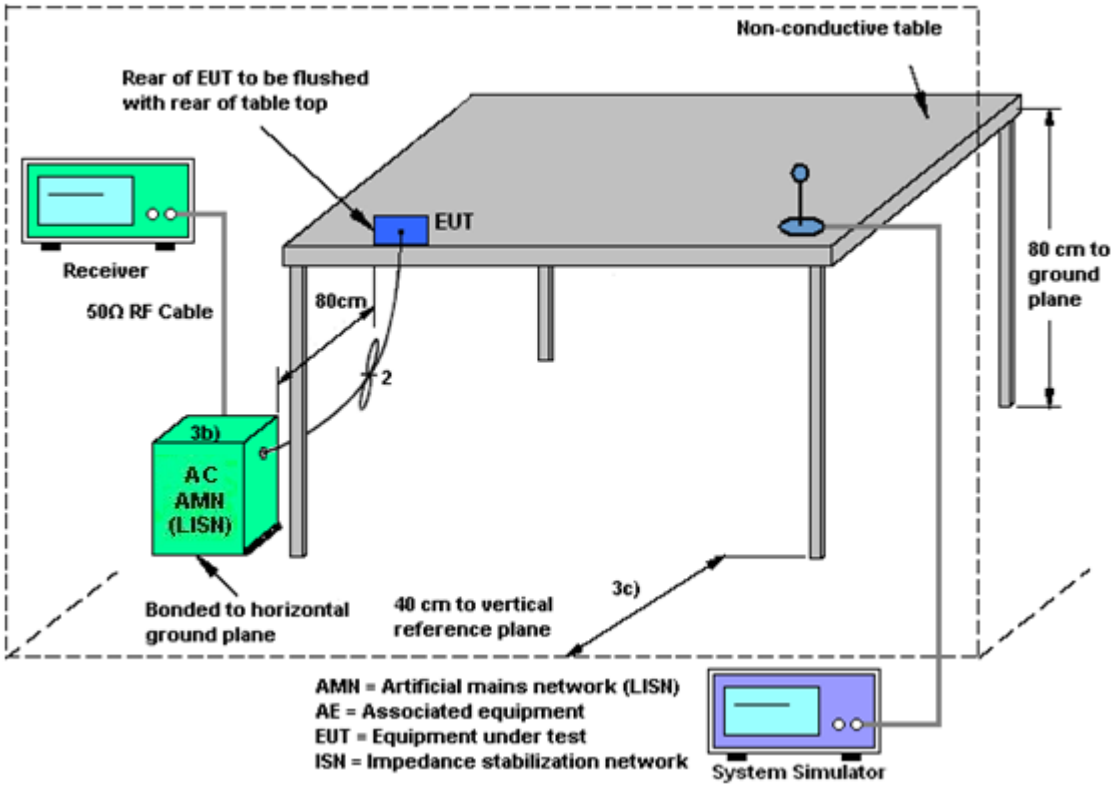
3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room, and it was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode.

3.6.4 Test Setup



3.6.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Please refer to Appendix B.

3.7 Antenna Requirements

3.7.1 Standard Applicable

If directional gain of transmitting Antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached Antenna or of an Antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the rule.

3.7.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

3.7.3 Antenna Gain

<CDD Modes >

FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as

Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,

Array Gain = 10 log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS}=1) dB.

For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$.

Directional gain may be calculated by using the formulas applicable to equal gain antennas with GANT set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain;

The EUT supports CDD mode.

For power, the directional gain G_{ANT} is set equal to the antenna having the highest gain, i.e., F)2)f)i).

For PSD, the directional gain calculation is following F)2)f)ii) of KDB 662911 D01 v02r01.

The power and PSD limit should be modified if the directional gain of EUT is over 6 dBi,

The directional gain “DG” is calculated as following table.

<CDD Modes>

	Ant. 1 (dBi)	Ant. 2 (dBi)	DG for Power (dBi)	DG for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit Reduction (dB)	PSD Limit Reduction (dB)
2.4 GHz	-3.00	-3.00	-3.00	0.01	0.00	0.00

Power Limit Reduction = DG(Power) – 6dBi, (min = 0)

PSD Limit Reduction = DG(PSD) – 6dBi, (min = 0)

4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
EMI Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101630	9kHz~7GHz;	Mar. 06, 2022	Mar. 26, 2022	Mar. 05, 2023	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC LISN	EMCO	3816/2 LISN	00103912	9kHz~30MHz	Dec. 25, 2020	Mar. 26, 2022	Dec 24, 2021	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	EMCO	3816/2SH	00103892	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 15, 2020	Mar. 26, 2022	Oct. 14, 2021	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61602	616020000891	100Vac~250Vac	Jul. 21, 2020	Mar. 26, 2022	Jul. 20, 2021	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101078	10Hz~40GHz	Apr. 08, 2021	Mar. 21, 2022~ Mar. 23, 2022	Apr. 07, 2022	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
Thermal Chamber	Ten Billion Hongzhangroup	LP-150U	H2014081803	-40~+150°C	Jul. 22, 2020	Mar. 21, 2022~ Mar. 23, 2022	Jul. 21, 2021	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA24440A	11707	50MHz~40GHz	Jun. 04, 2021	Mar. 21, 2022~ Mar. 23, 2022	Jun.03, 2022	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
EMI Test Receiver&SA	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY54450083	20Hz~8.4GHz	Apr. 06, 2022	Apr. 08, 2022	Apr. 05, 2023	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
EXA Spectrum Anaiyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY55150246	10Hz~44GHz;	Apr. 06, 2022	Apr. 08, 2022	Apr. 05, 2023	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100354	9kHz~30MHz	Jun. 22, 2020	Apr. 08, 2022	Jun. 21, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6112D	35408	30MHz-2GHz	Jun. 22, 2020	Apr. 08, 2022	Jun. 21, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	9120D-1355	1GHz~18GHz	Apr. 25 2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Apr. 24 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
HF Amplifier	MITEQ	TTA1840-35-HG	1871923	18GHz~40GHz	Oct. 22,2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Oct. 21,2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
SHF-EHF Horn	com-power	AH-840	101071	18Ghz-40GHz	Apr. 11, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Apr. 10, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Amplifier	Burgeon	BPA-530	102211	0.01Hz ~3000MHz	Oct. 22, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Oct. 21, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
HF Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-00101800-30-10P-R	1943528	1GHz~18GHz	Oct. 22, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Oct. 21, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Amplifier	Agilent Technologies	83017A	MY39501302	500MHz~26.5GHz	Dec. 30, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022	Dec. 29, 2022	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	616010001985	N/A	NCR	Apr. 08, 2022	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)
Turn Table	EM	EM1000	N/A	0~360 degree	NCR	Apr. 08, 2022	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-SZ)

NCR: No Calibration Required

5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI 63.10-2013. All the measurement uncertainty value were shown with a coverage K=2 to indicate 95% level of confidence. The measurement data show herein meets or exceeds the CISPR measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and can be compared directly to specified limit to determine compliance.

Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150kHz ~ 30MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	**2.2 dB**

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	**5.0 dB**

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	**4.9 dB**

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18000 MHz ~ 40000 MHz)

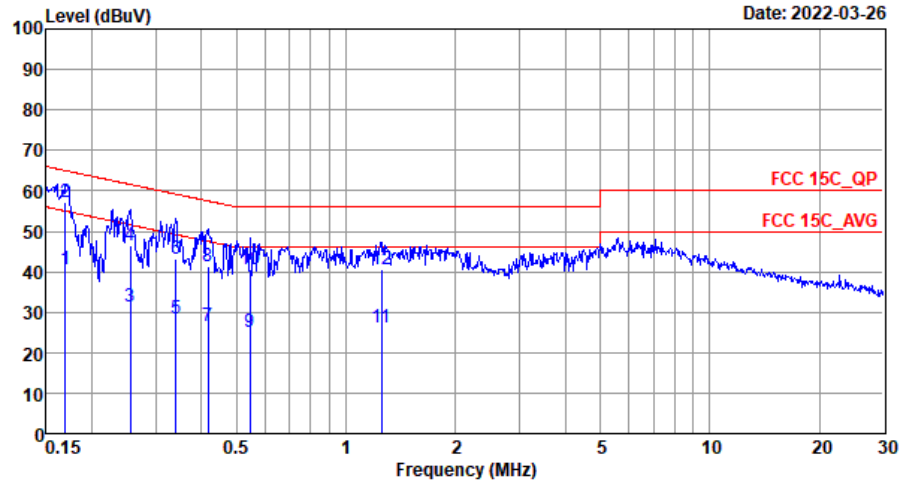
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	**5.0 dB**

---------- THE END ----------

Appendix A. Conducted Test Results

Appendix B. AC Conducted Emission Test Results

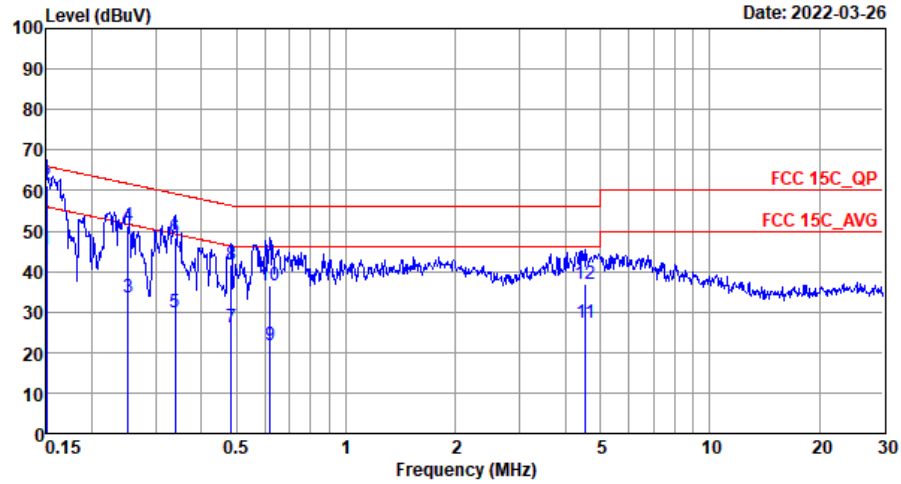
Test Engineer :	Xie YuQiang	**Temperature :**	22~25℃
		Relative Humidity :	50~55%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	**Phase :**	Line
Remark :	All emissions not reported here are more than 10 dB below the prescribed limit.		



Site : CO01-SZ
Condition: FCC 15C_QP LISN_20210901_L LINE

		Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1		0.17	40.65	-14.34	54.99	19.90	10.20	10.55	Average
2	*	0.17	57.05	-7.94	64.99	36.30	10.20	10.55	QP
3		0.25	31.18	-20.42	51.60	10.40	10.18	10.60	Average
4		0.25	46.48	-15.12	61.60	25.70	10.18	10.60	QP
5		0.34	28.44	-20.74	49.18	7.20	10.09	11.15	Average
6		0.34	43.24	-15.94	59.18	22.00	10.09	11.15	QP
7		0.42	26.63	-20.88	47.51	5.00	10.10	11.53	Average
8		0.42	41.33	-16.18	57.51	19.70	10.10	11.53	QP
9		0.54	25.06	-20.94	46.00	3.30	10.11	11.65	Average
10		0.54	40.66	-15.34	56.00	18.90	10.11	11.65	QP
11		1.25	26.37	-19.63	46.00	6.00	10.14	10.23	Average
12		1.25	40.57	-15.43	56.00	20.20	10.14	10.23	QP

Test Engineer :	Xie YuQiang	Temperature :	22~25℃
		Relative Humidity :	50~55%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Remark :	All emissions not reported here are more than 10 dB below the prescribed limit.		



Site : CO01-SZ
Condition: FCC 15C_QP LISN_20210901_N NEUTRAL

		Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1		0.15	45.26	-10.74	56.00	24.10	10.31	10.85	Average
2	*	0.15	61.36	-4.64	66.00	40.20	10.31	10.85	QP
3		0.25	33.74	-17.95	51.69	12.90	10.25	10.59	Average
4		0.25	51.44	-10.25	61.69	30.60	10.25	10.59	QP
5		0.34	29.81	-19.41	49.22	8.50	10.18	11.13	Average
6		0.34	48.51	-10.71	59.22	27.20	10.18	11.13	QP
7		0.48	26.09	-20.18	46.27	4.10	10.19	11.80	Average
8		0.48	41.79	-14.48	56.27	19.80	10.19	11.80	QP
9		0.62	21.80	-24.20	46.00	0.19	10.24	11.37	Average
10		0.62	36.60	-19.40	56.00	14.99	10.24	11.37	QP
11		4.55	27.48	-18.52	46.00	7.10	10.14	10.24	Average
12		4.55	36.78	-19.22	56.00	16.40	10.14	10.24	QP

Note:

1. Level(dBμV) = Read Level(dBμV) + LISN Factor(dB) + Cable Loss(dB)
2. Over Limit(dB) = Level(dBμV) – Limit Line(dBμV)