

## ANNEX B System Verification Results

### 750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/28/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8657 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x141x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.61 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

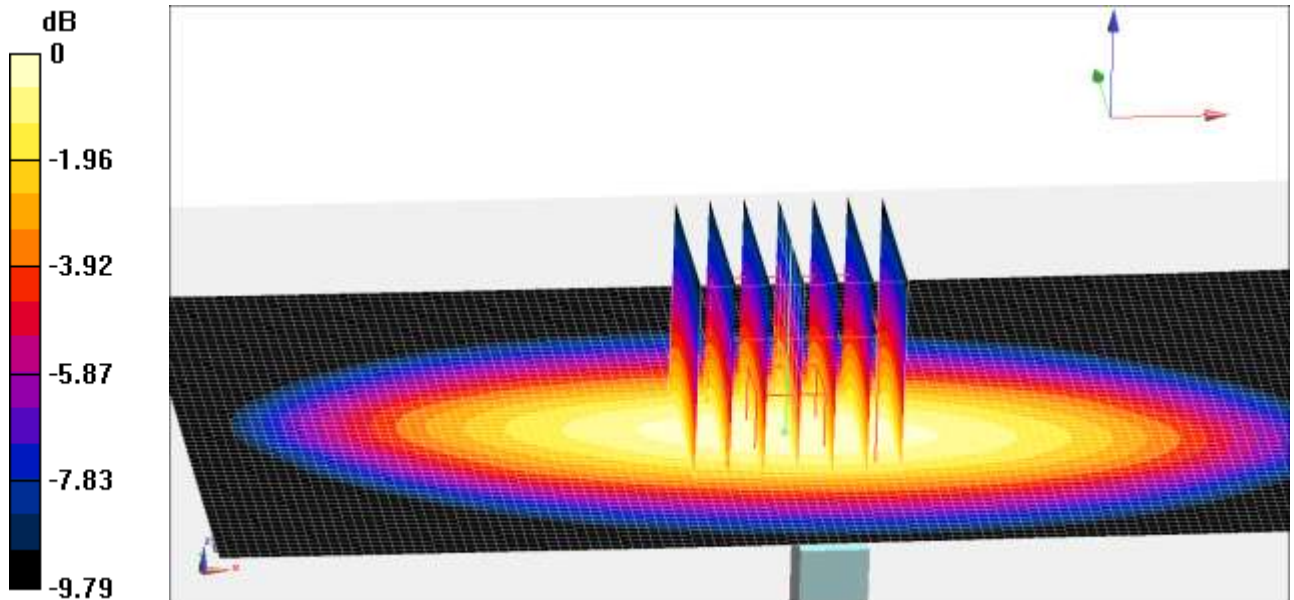
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $51.77 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.02 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.14 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.11 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.41 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.66 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.66 \text{ W/kg} = 4.25 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.1 validation 750 MHz 250mW**

**750 MHz**

Date/Time: 12/29/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8546 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x141x1):**

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.67 \text{ W/kg}$

**System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)**

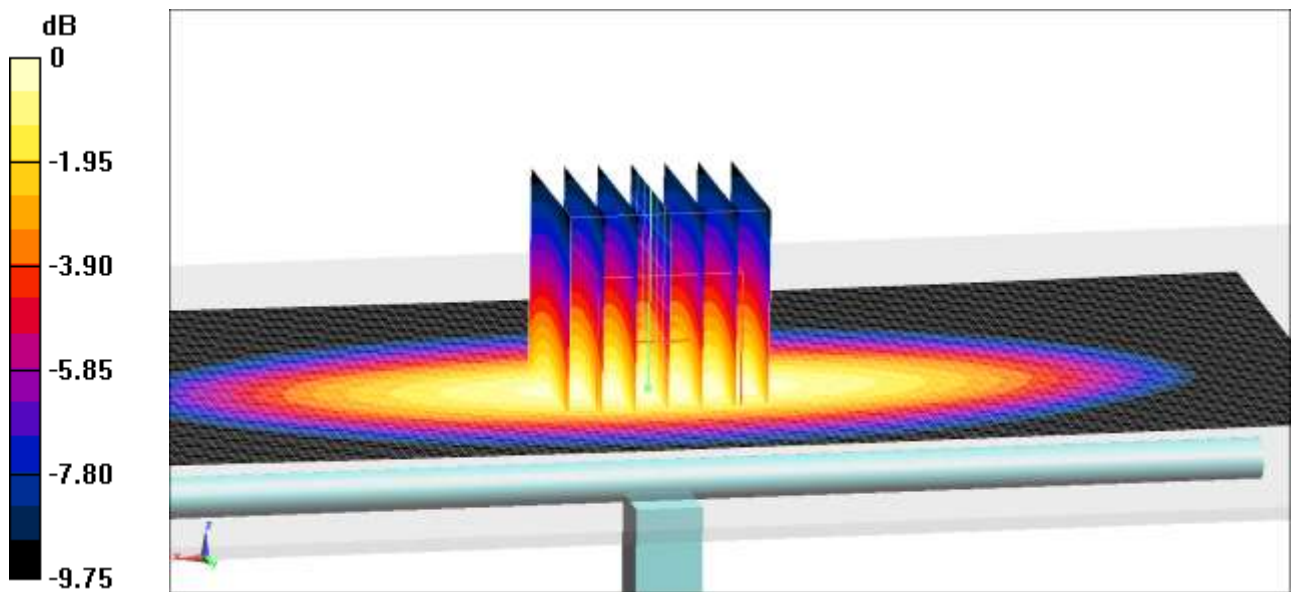
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $50.84 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.01 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.14 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.14 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.43 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.69 \text{ W/kg}$



$0 \text{ dB} = 2.69 \text{ W/kg} = 4.30 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.2 validation 750 MHz 250mW**

## 750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/30/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8711 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.33$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x141x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.73 \text{ W/kg}$

### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

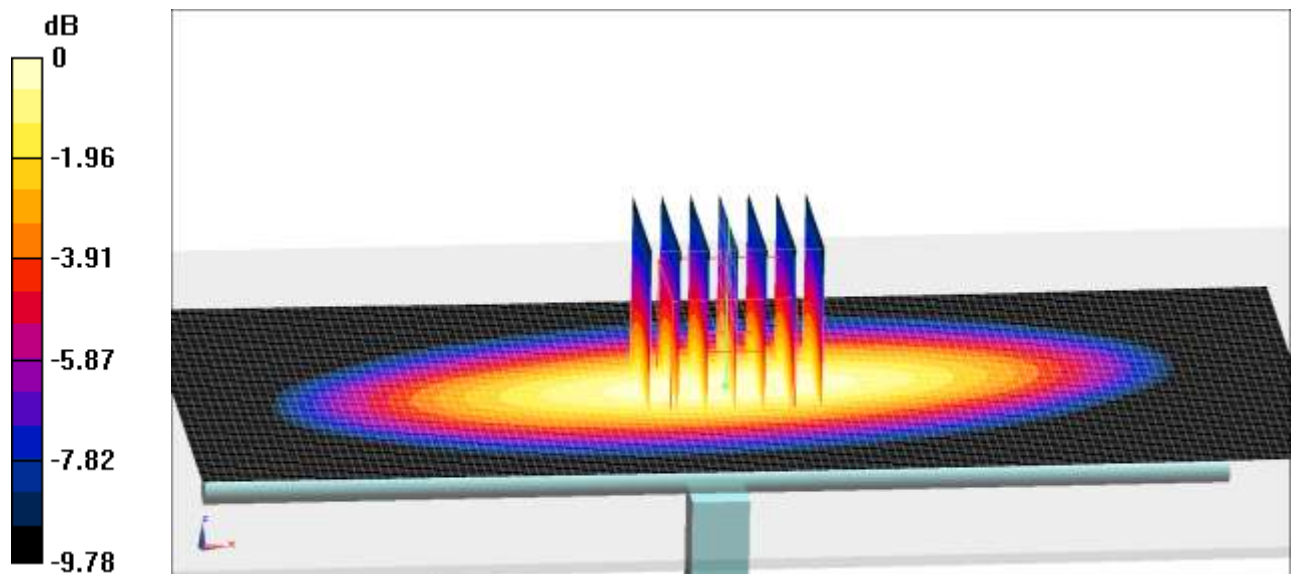
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $55.69 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.02 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.24 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.18 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.45 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.76 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.76 \text{ W/kg} = 4.41 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.3 validation 750 MHz 250mW**

### 750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/31/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8293 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.37$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x141x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.66 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

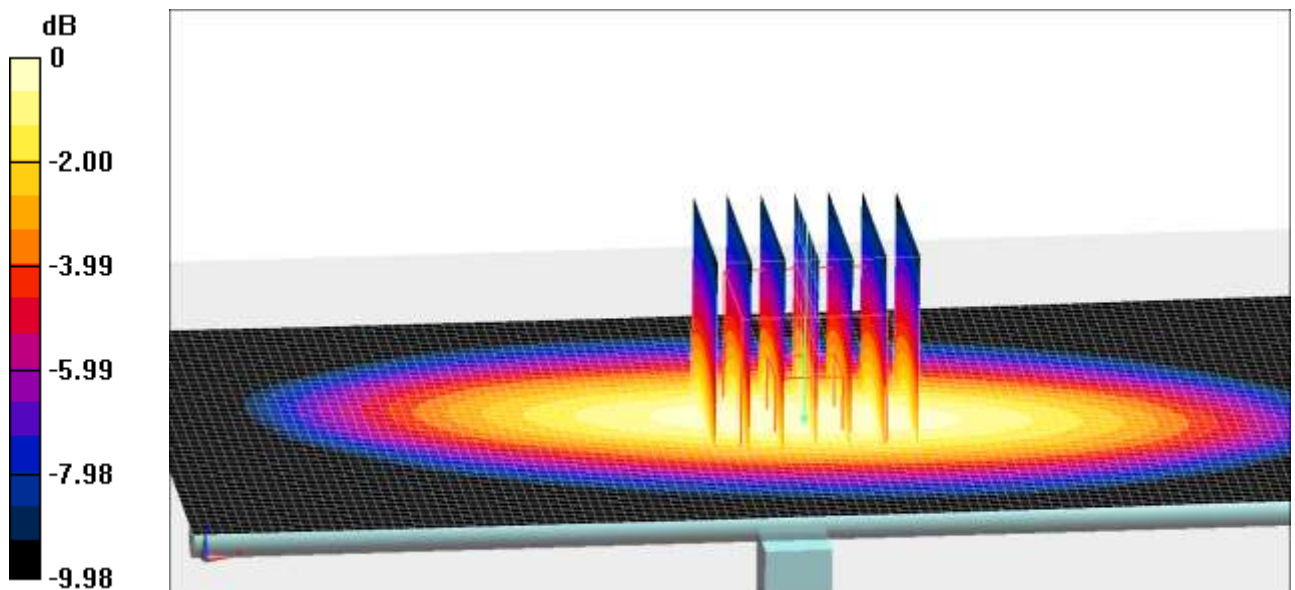
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $55.10 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.03 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.08 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.1 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.4 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.64 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.64 \text{ W/kg} = 4.22 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.4 validation 750 MHz 250mW**

### 835 MHz

Date/Time: 12/23/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9164 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.40, 9.40, 9.40); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x121x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.88 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

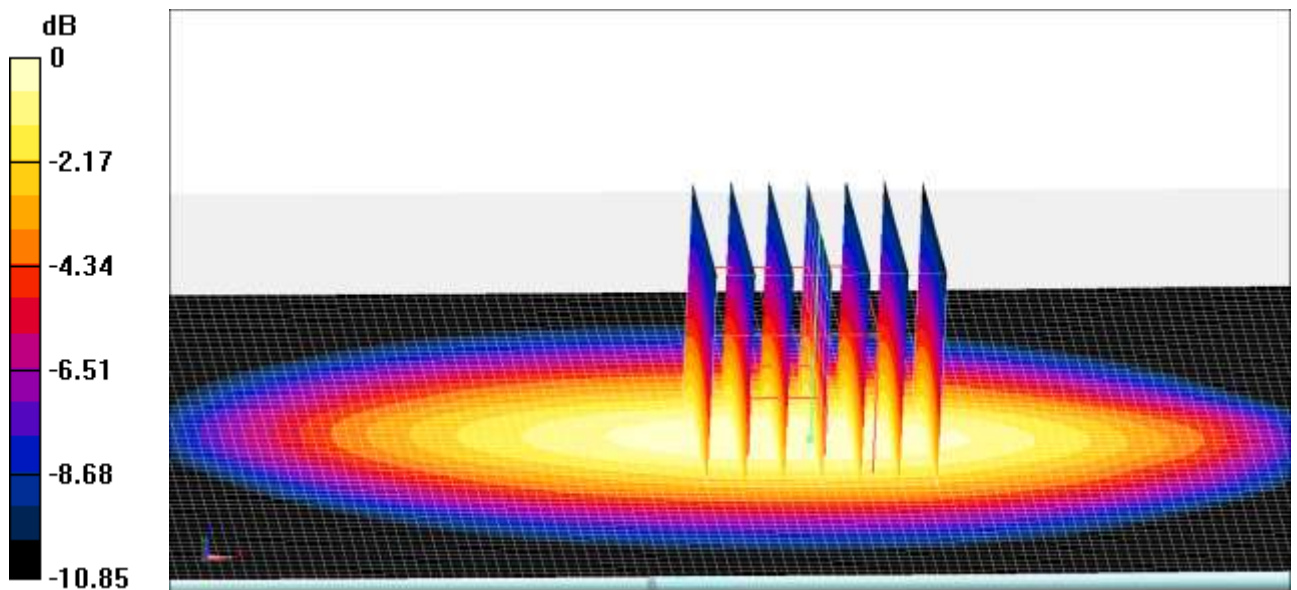
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $57.26 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.01 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.41 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.29 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.49 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.90 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.90 \text{ W/kg} = 4.62 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.5 validation 835 MHz 250mW**

### 835 MHz

Date/Time: 12/29/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8577 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.85$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.40, 9.40, 9.40); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.91 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

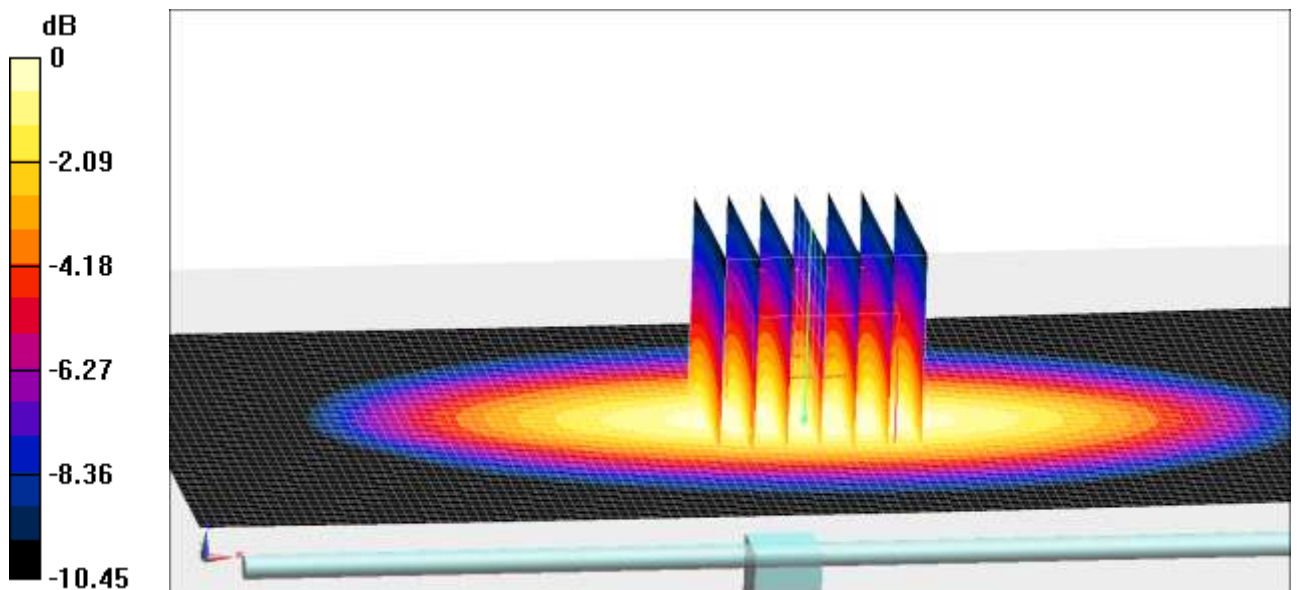
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $58.62 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.05 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.41 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.30 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.49 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.89 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.89 \text{ W/kg} = 4.61 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.6 validation 835 MHz 250mW**

### 835 MHz

Date/Time: 12/31/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8392 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.40, 9.40, 9.40); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.91 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

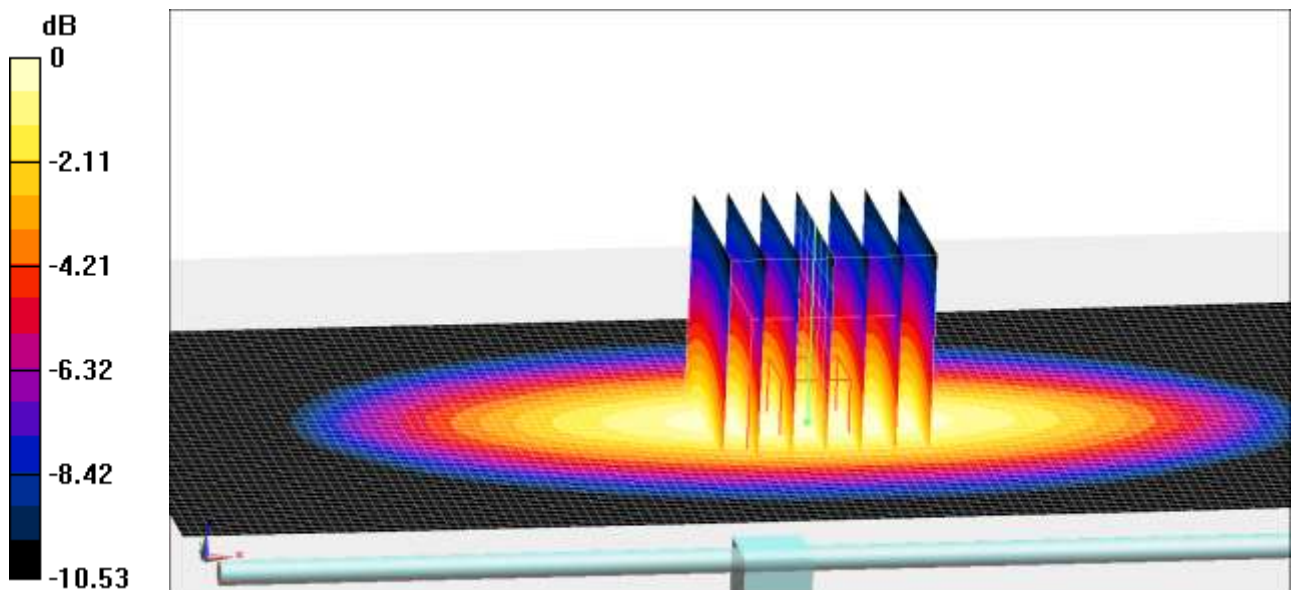
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $57.74 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.00 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.47 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.31 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.51 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.94 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.94 \text{ W/kg} = 4.68 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.7 validation 835 MHz 250mW**

### 835 MHz

Date/Time: 1/7/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8413 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.8^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(9.40, 9.40, 9.40); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x141x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $3.05 \text{ W/kg}$

#### System Performance Check/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

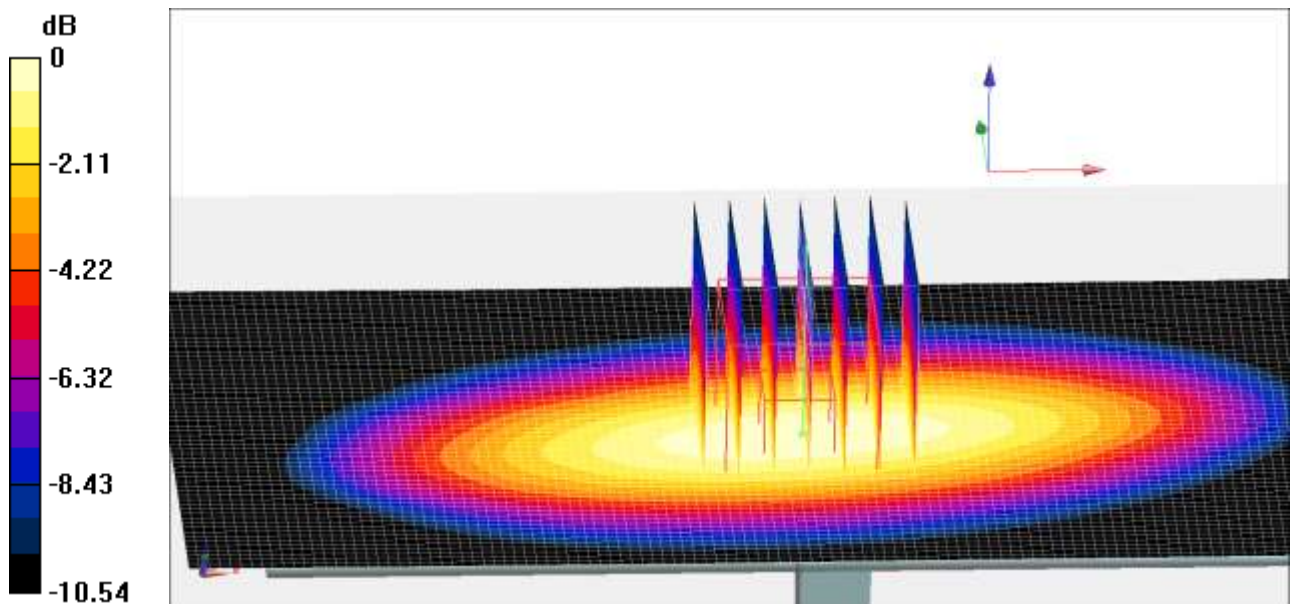
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $58.09 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.02 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.64 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.43 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.6 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $3.08 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $3.08 \text{ W/kg}$  =  $4.89 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Fig.B.8 validation 835 MHz 250mW**



## 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/28/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.344$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.66$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.3 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

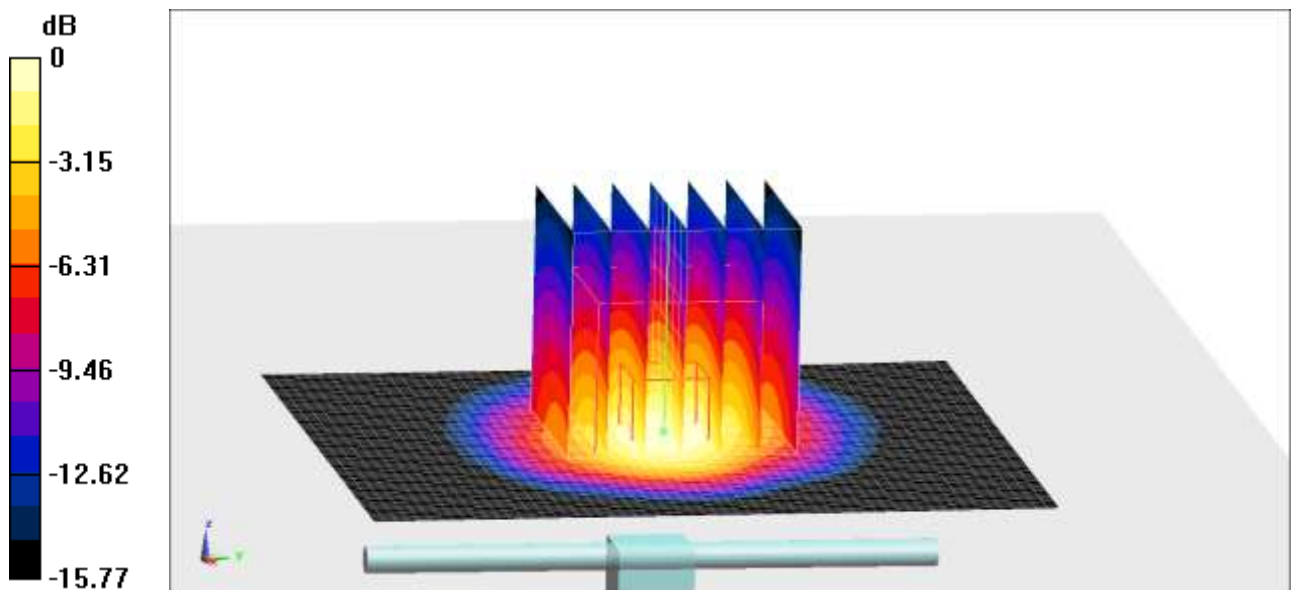
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.9 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

## 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/29/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.336$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

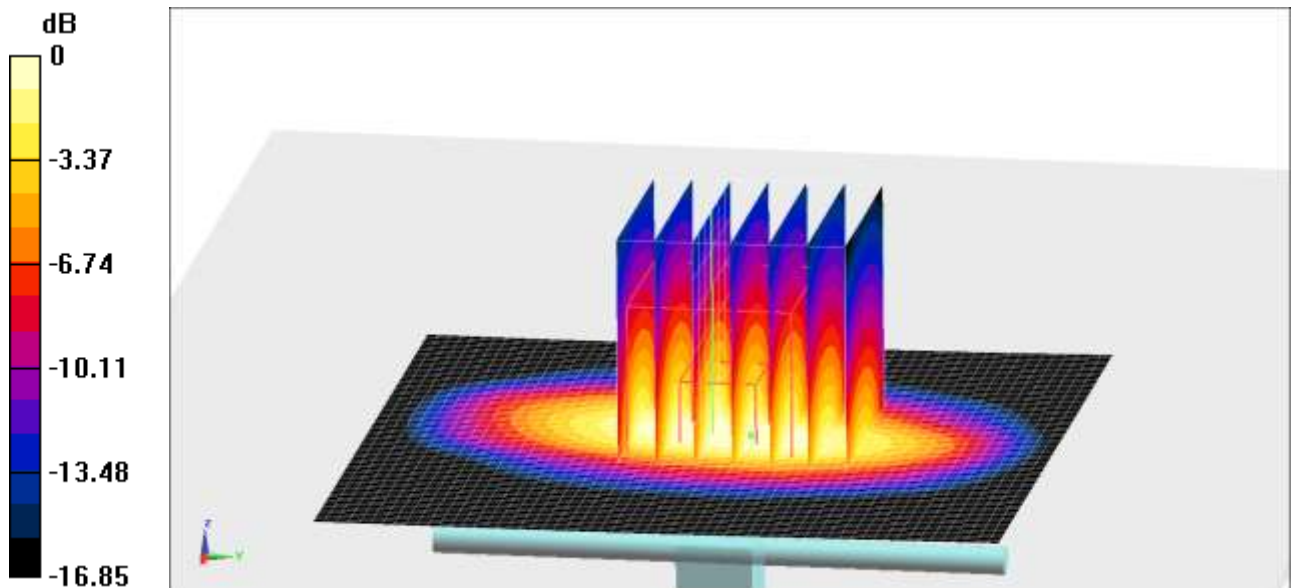
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 W/kg



0 dB = 13.3 W/kg = 11.24 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.10 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

### 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/30/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.349$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

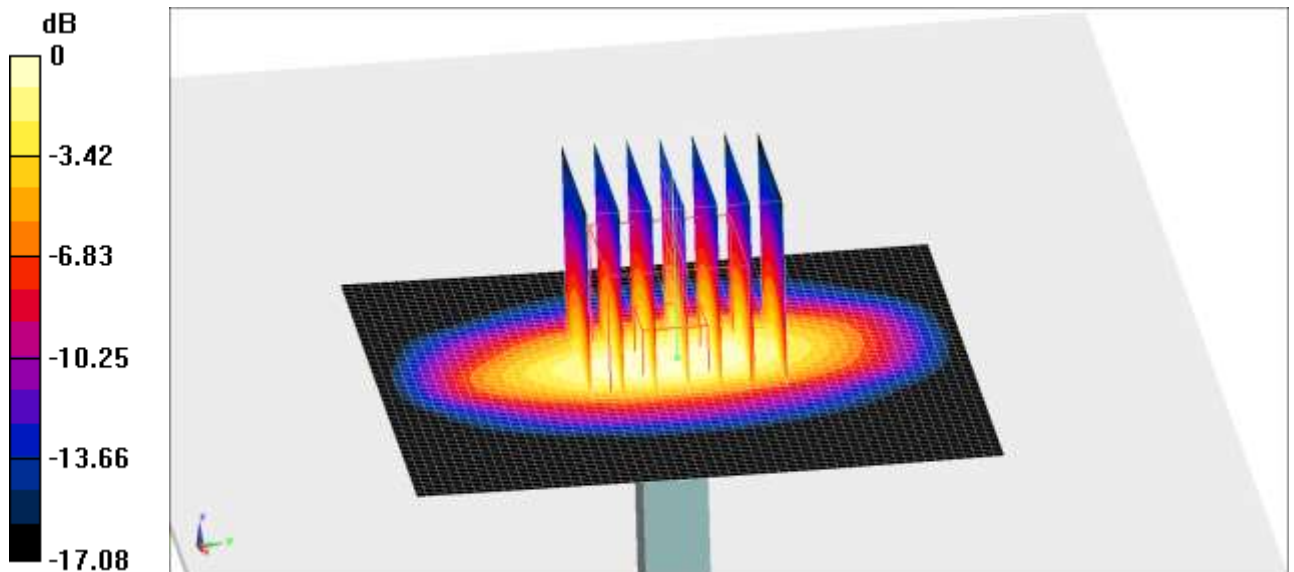
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.74 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.11 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

## 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 12/31/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.335$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.17$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

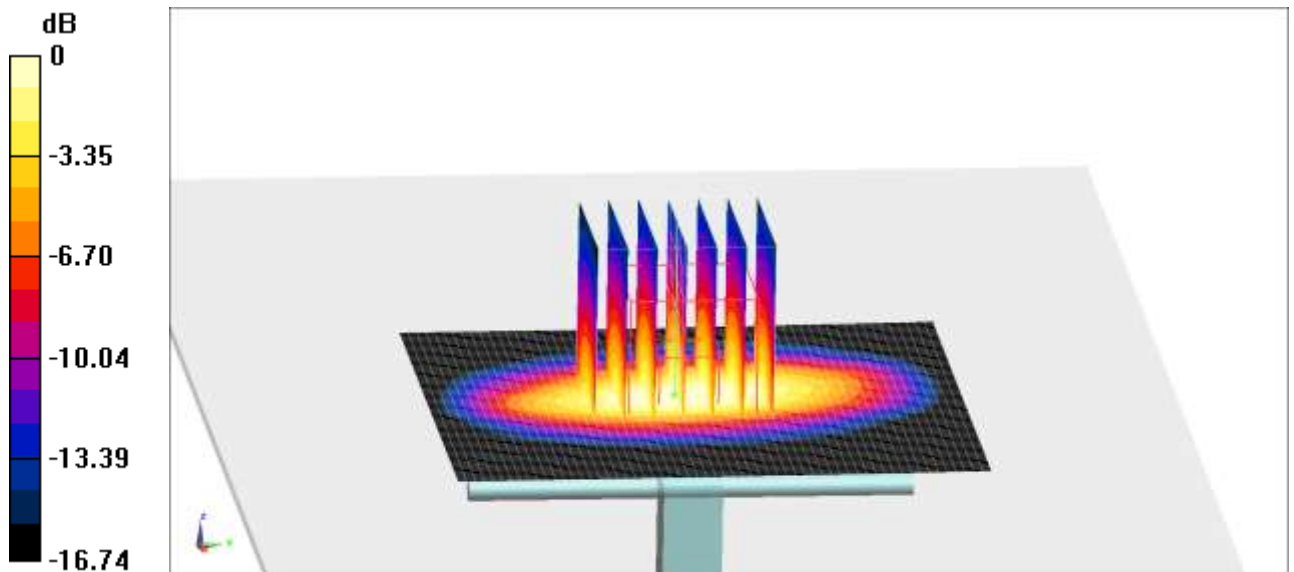
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.12 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

### 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 1/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.328$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.33$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

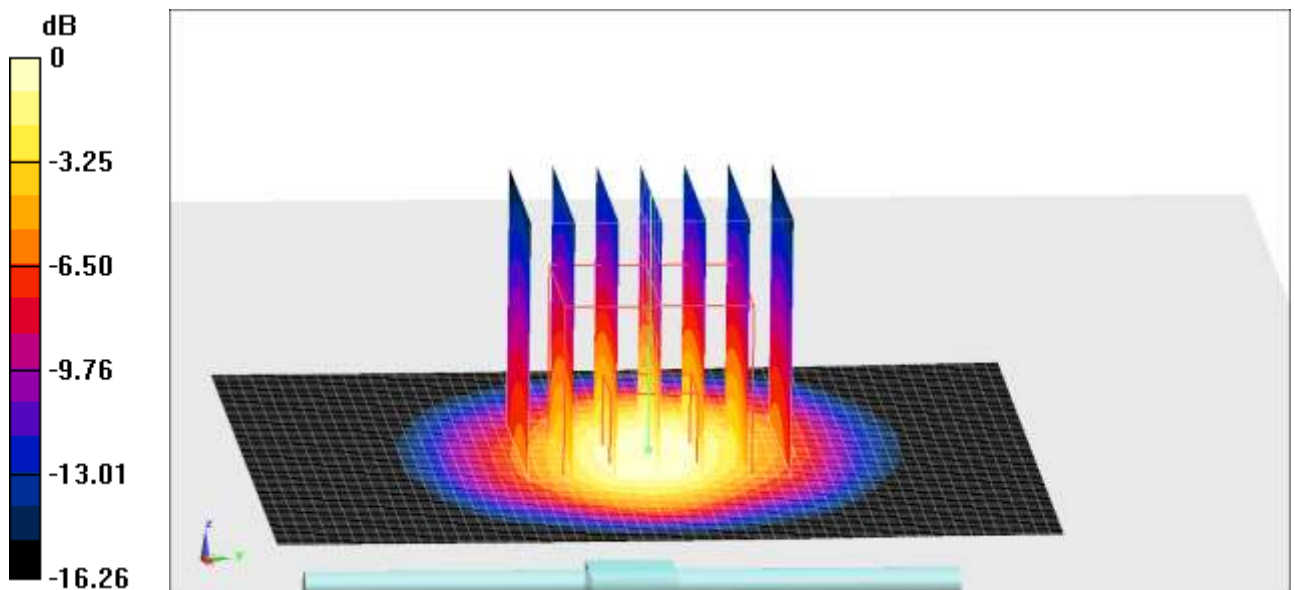
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.13 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

### 1750 MHz

Date/Time: 1/5/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.453$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

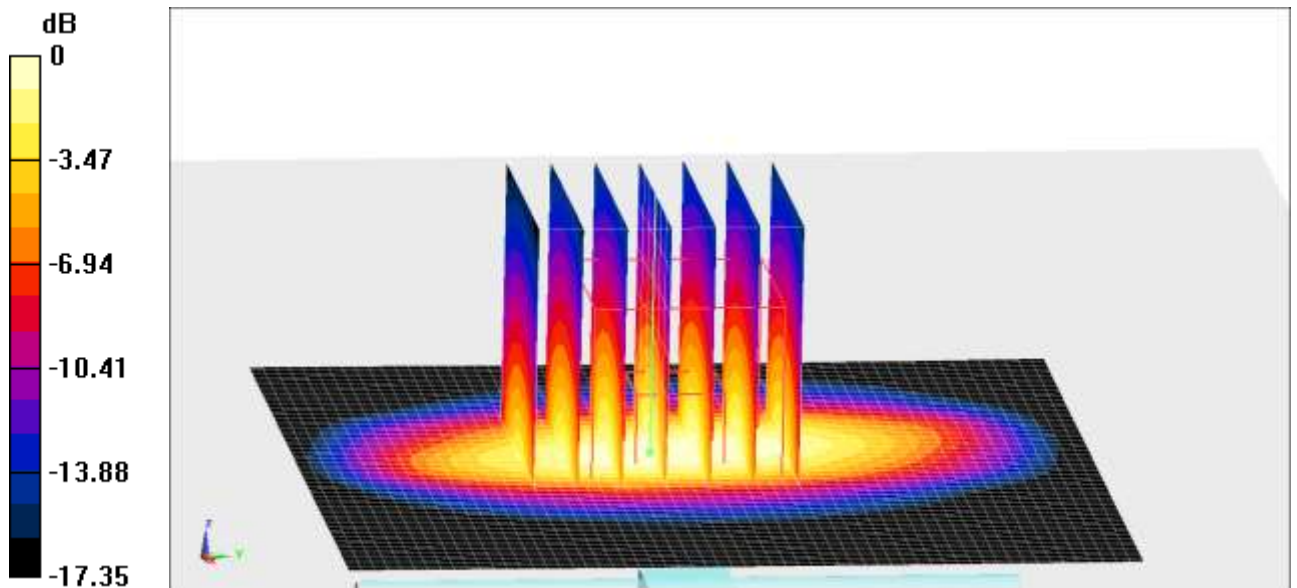
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.14 validation 1750 MHz 250mW**

### 1900 MHz

Date/Time: 12/28/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.369$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.16$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.3 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

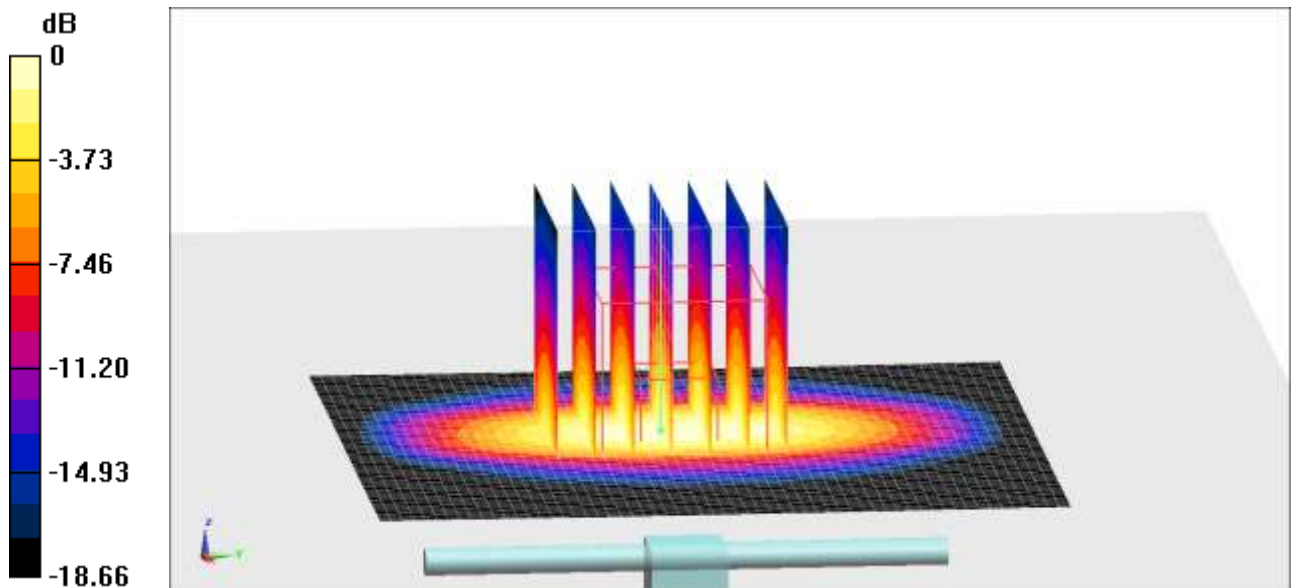
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.15 validation 1900 MHz 250mW**

### 1900 MHz

Date/Time: 12/30/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.374$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.67$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

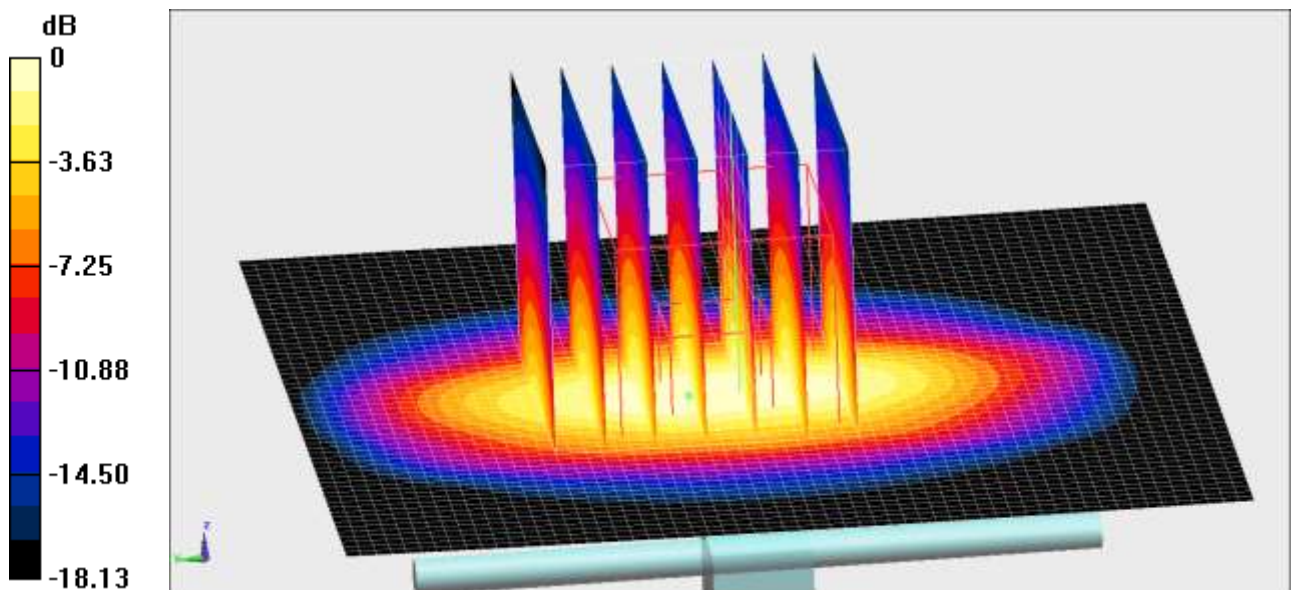
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.16 validation 1900 MHz 250mW**



## 1900 MHz

Date/Time: 1/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.446$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.44$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

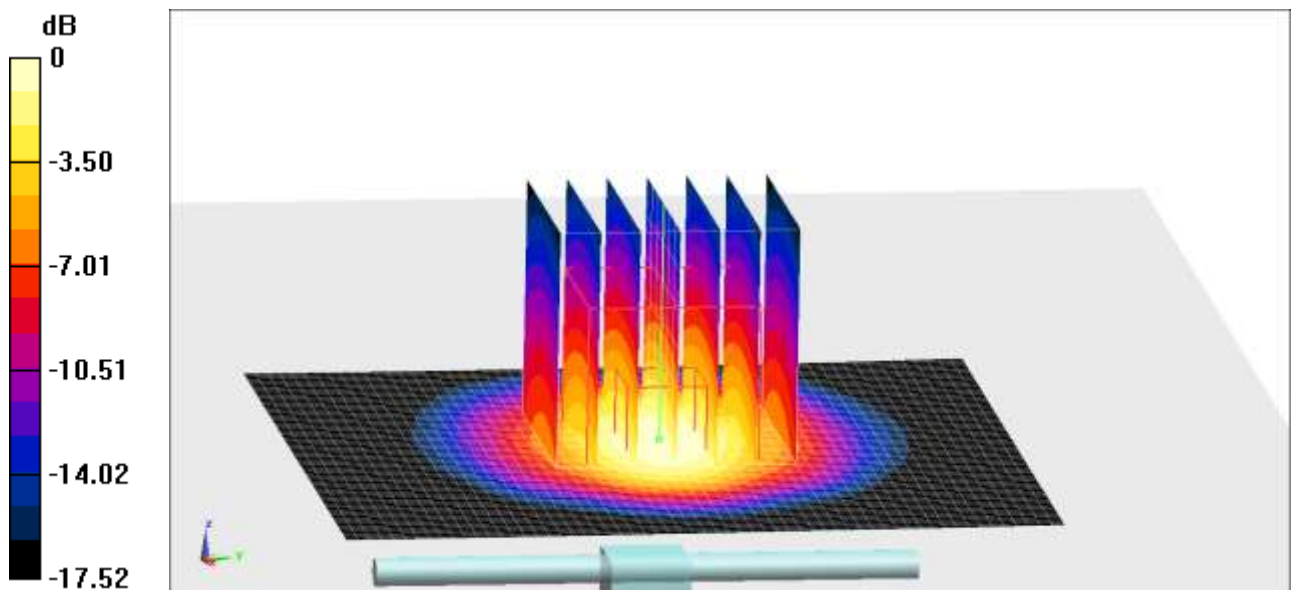
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.17 validation 1900 MHz 250mW**

### 1900 MHz

Date/Time: 1/6/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.418$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.27$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

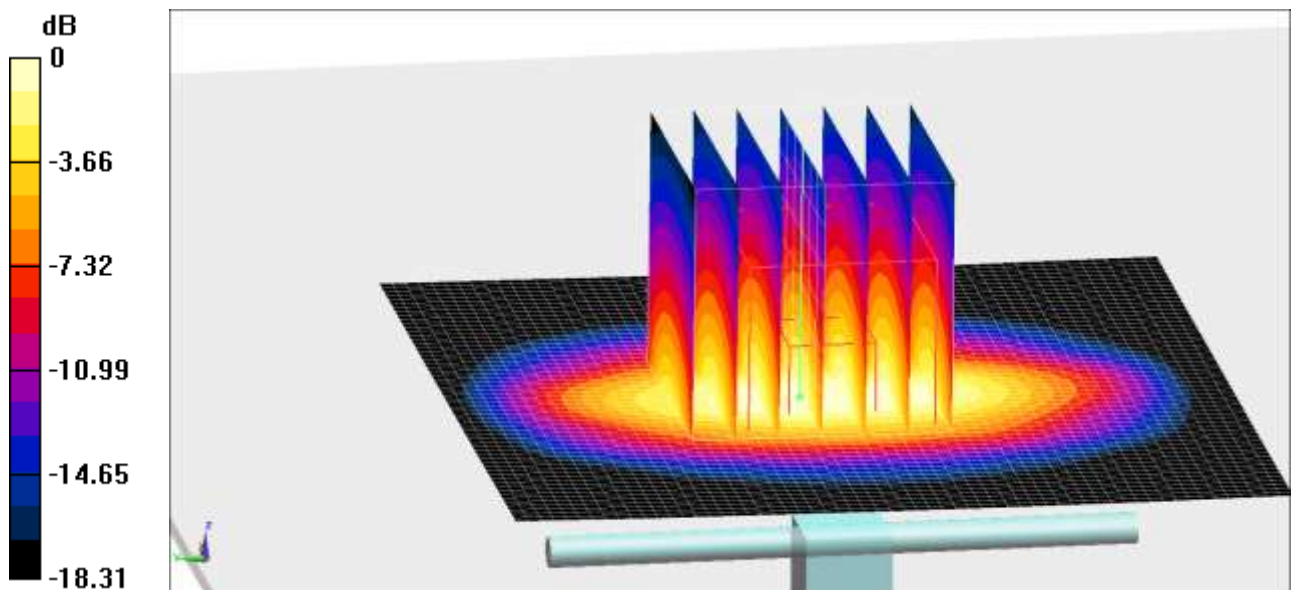
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.18 validation 1900 MHz 250mW**

### 1900 MHz

Date/Time: 1/7/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.405$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

#### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

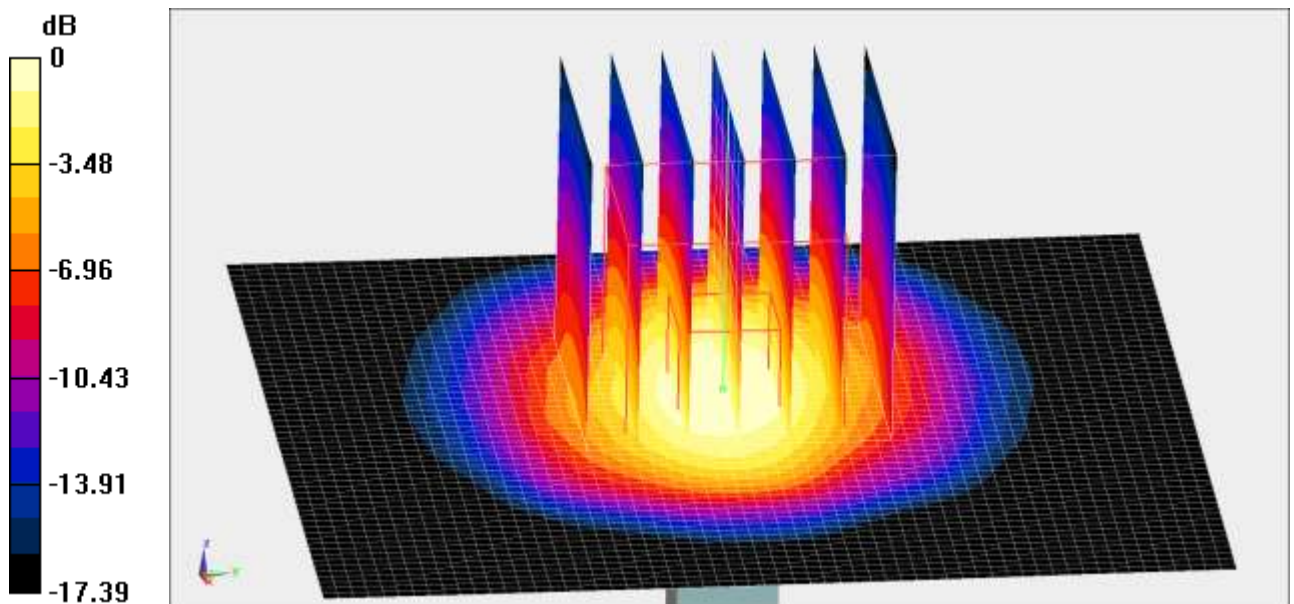
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.19 validation 1900 MHz 250mW**

## 2450 MHz

Date/Time: 1/24/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H680-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.862$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.35$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

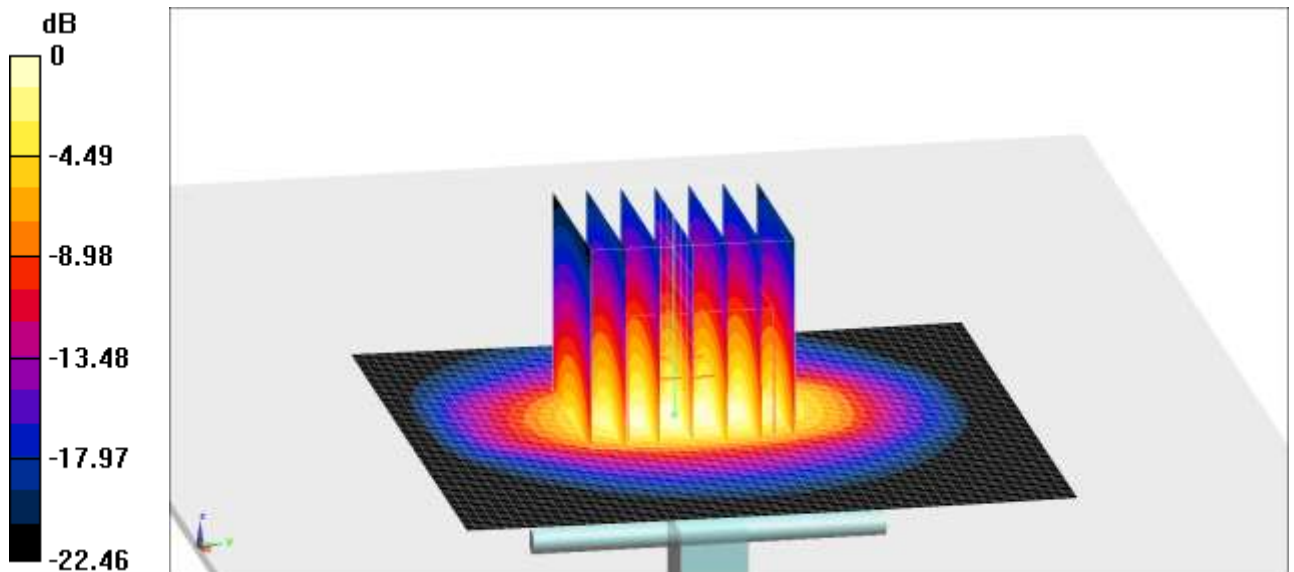
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.20 validation 2450 MHz 250mW**

## 2600 MHz

Date/Time: 12/27/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.996$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.7 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

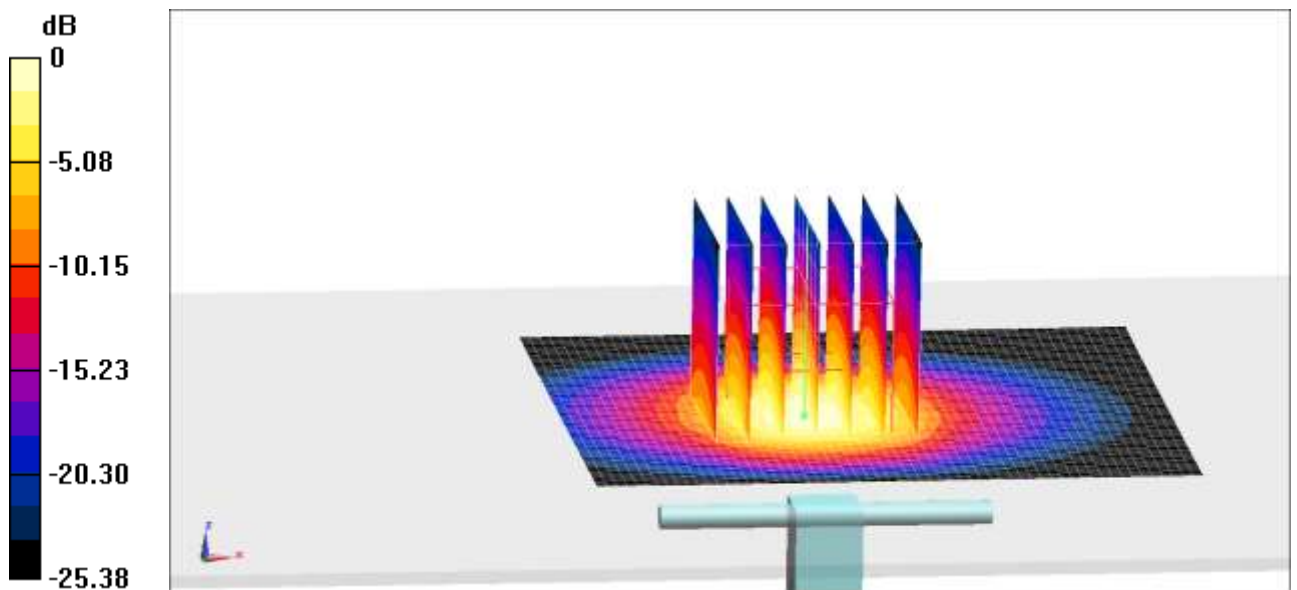
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.3 W/kg



0 dB = 23.3 W/kg = 13.67 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.21 validation 2600 MHz 250mW**

**2600 MHz**

Date/Time: 12/29/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.015$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.2 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)**

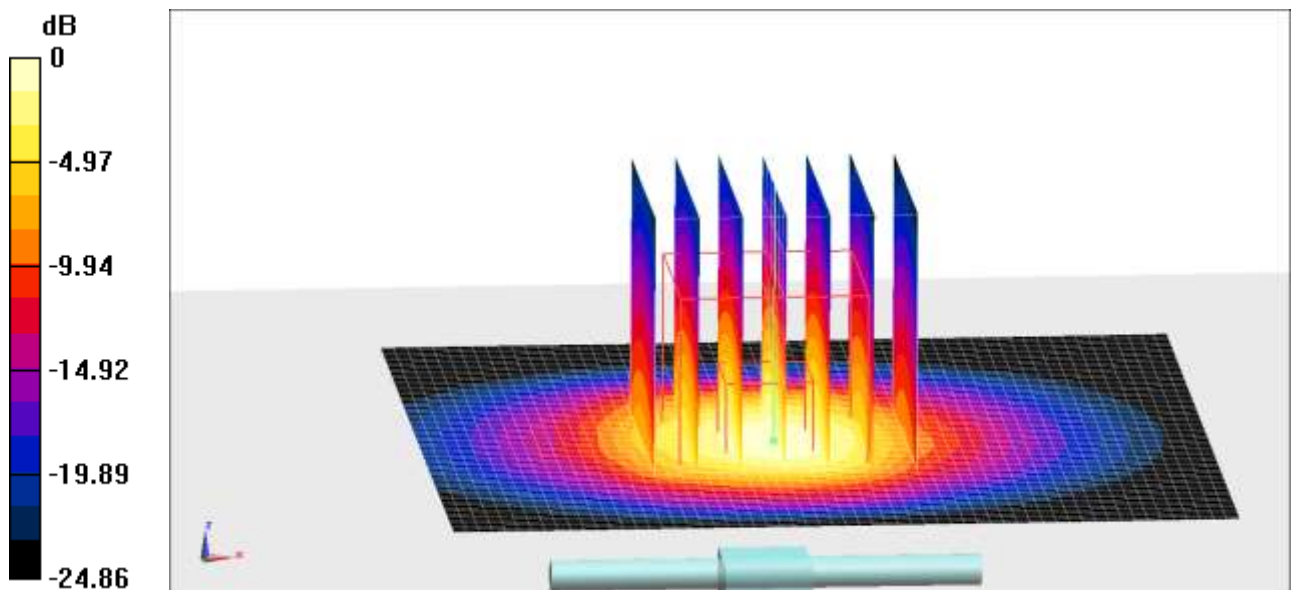
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.0 W/kg



0 dB = 23.0 W/kg = 13.62 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.22 validation 2600 MHz 250mW**

## 2600 MHz

Date/Time: 1/4/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.947$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

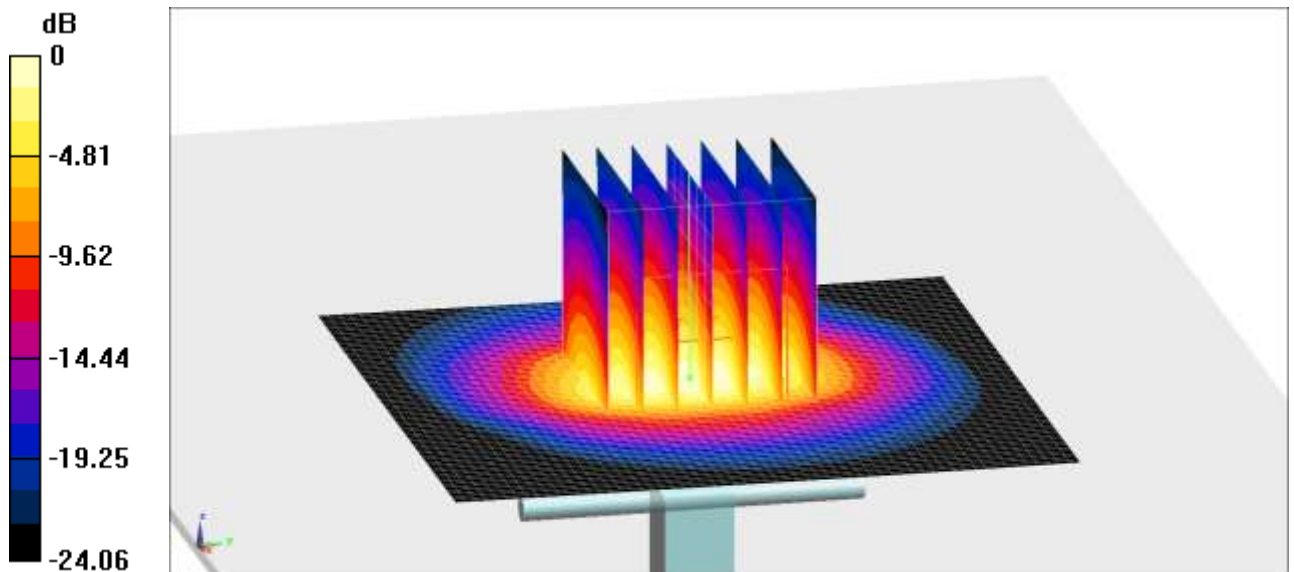
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.62 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



0 dB = 20.0 W/kg = 13.01 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.23 validation 2600 MHz 250mW**

## 2600 MHz

Date/Time: 1/6/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.922$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.3 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

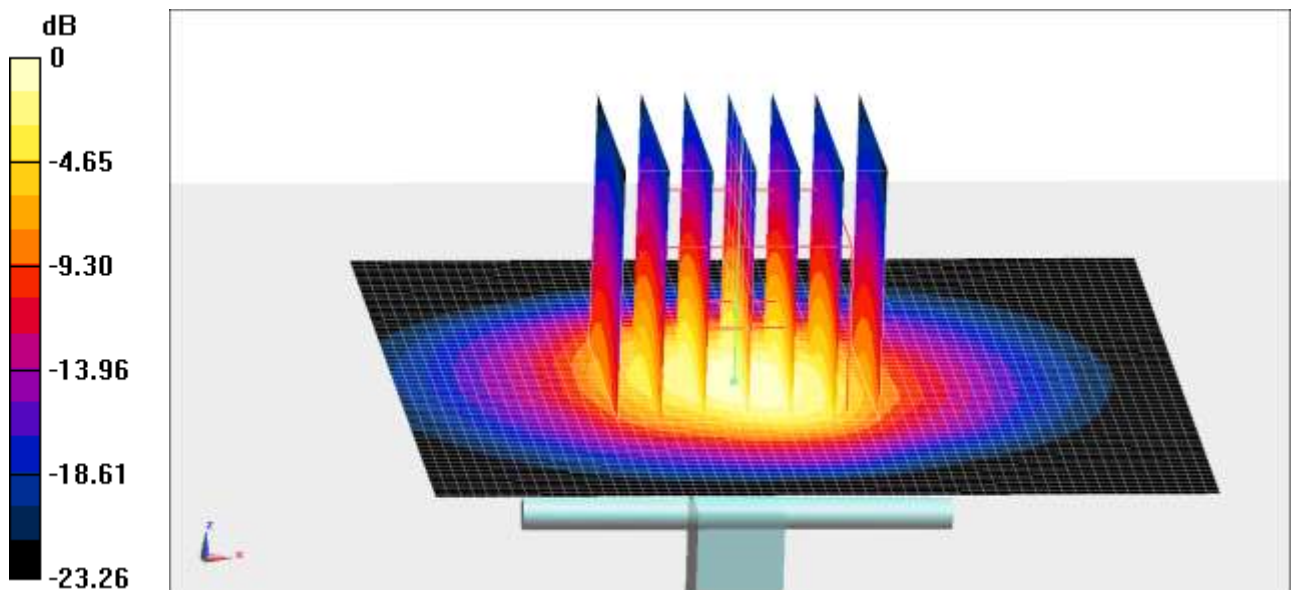
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.24 validation 2600 MHz 250mW**



## 2600 MHz

Date/Time: 1/10/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.965$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.10, 7.10, 7.10); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

### System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

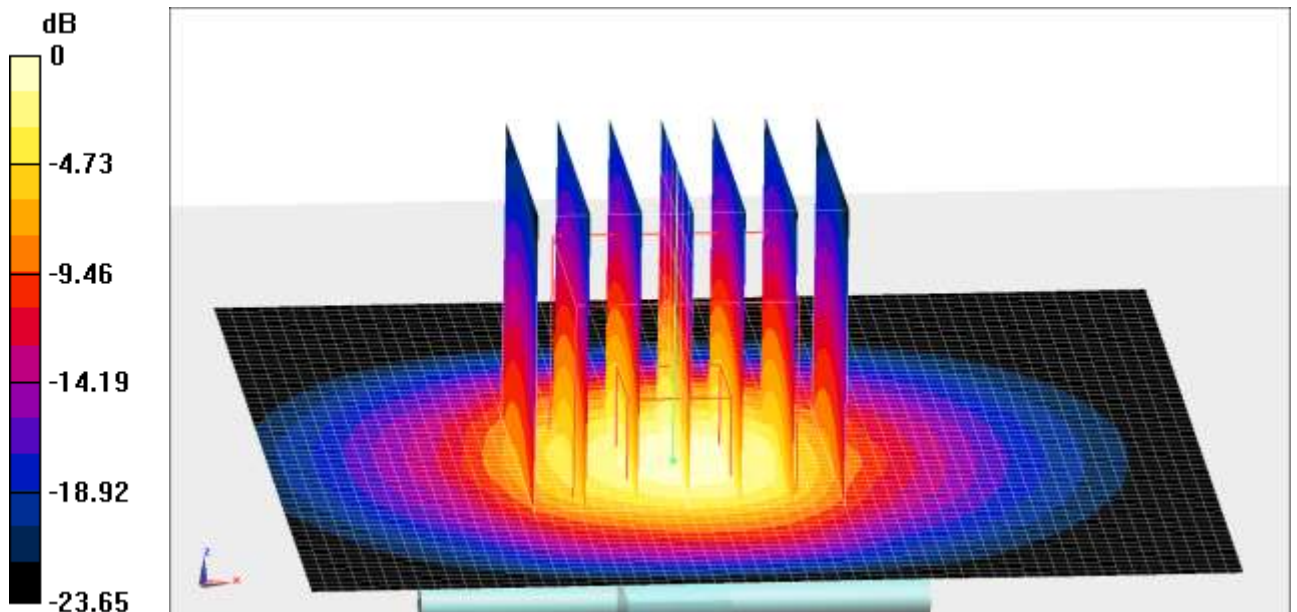
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.25 validation 2600 MHz 250mW**

### 3300 MHz

Date/Time: 1/11/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.781$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.77$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.90, 6.90, 6.90); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),**

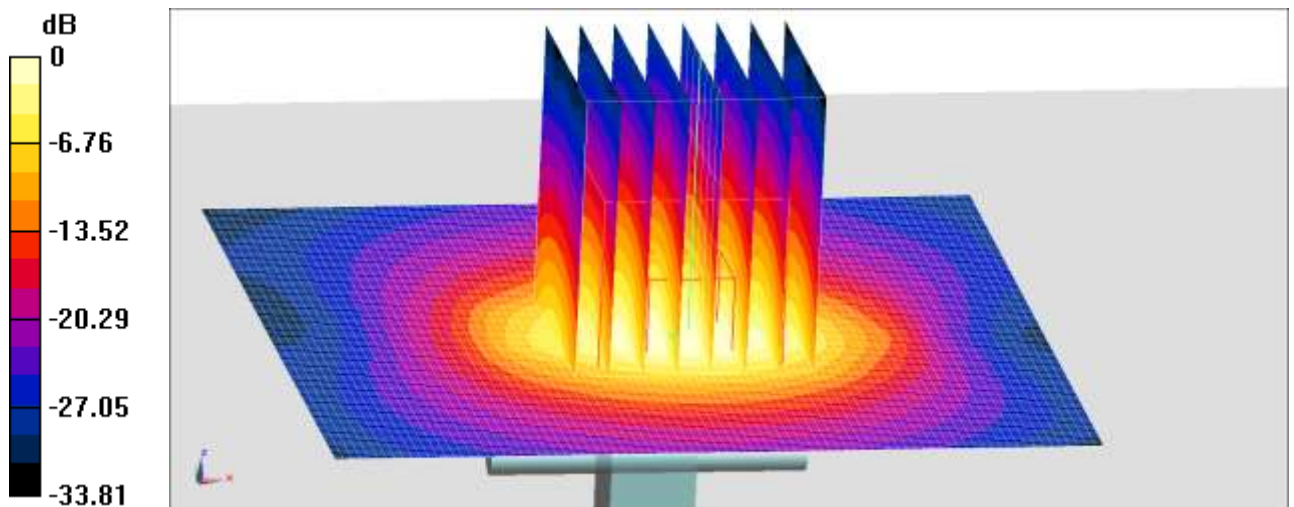
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg



0 dB = 11.9 W/kg = 10.76 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.26 validation 3300 MHz 100mW**

### 3500 MHz

Date/Time: 1/11/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.884$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.02$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3500 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),**

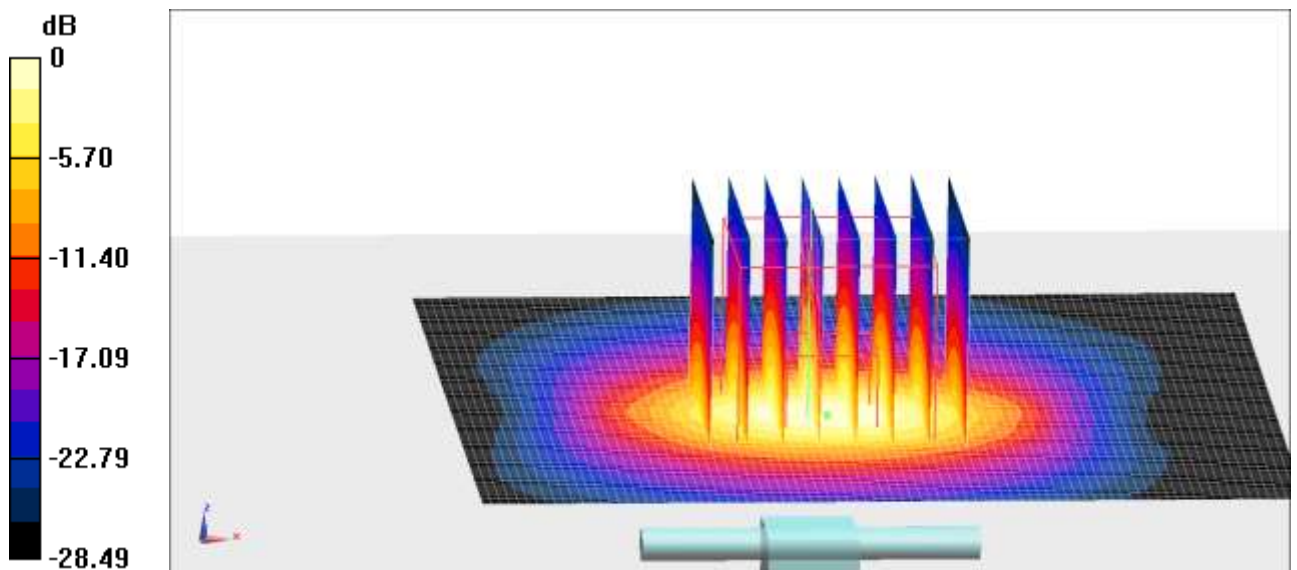
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 51.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.00 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.27 validation 3500 MHz 100mW**

### 3700 MHz

Date/Time: 1/11/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3700$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.045$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 3700 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(6.40, 6.40, 6.40); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3700 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

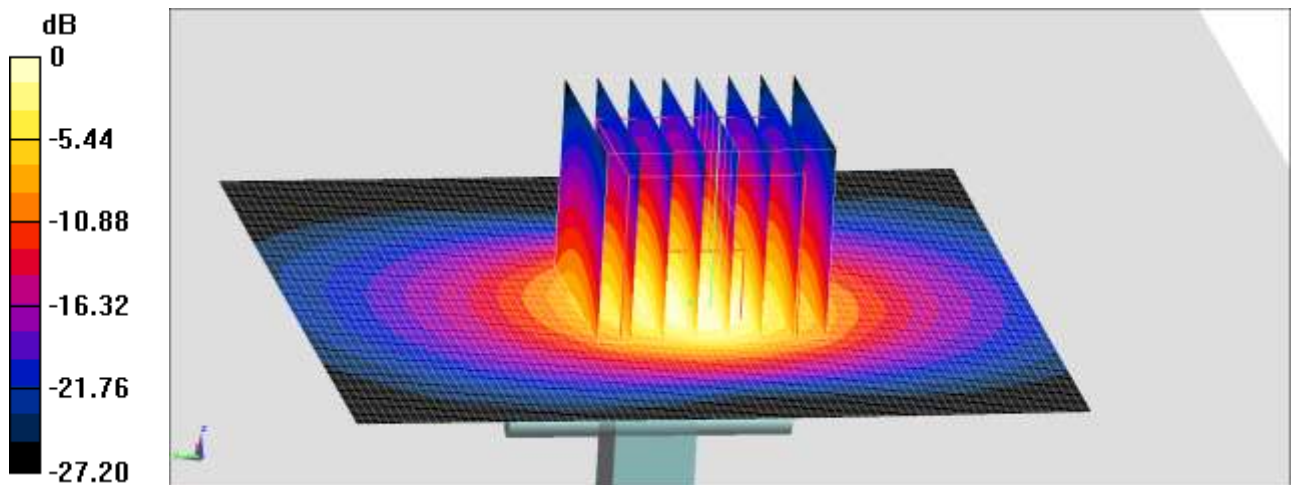
**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=3700 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



0 dB = 13.2 W/kg = 11.21 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.28 validation 3700 MHz 100mW**

### 5250 MHz

Date/Time: 1/26/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.809$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0:**

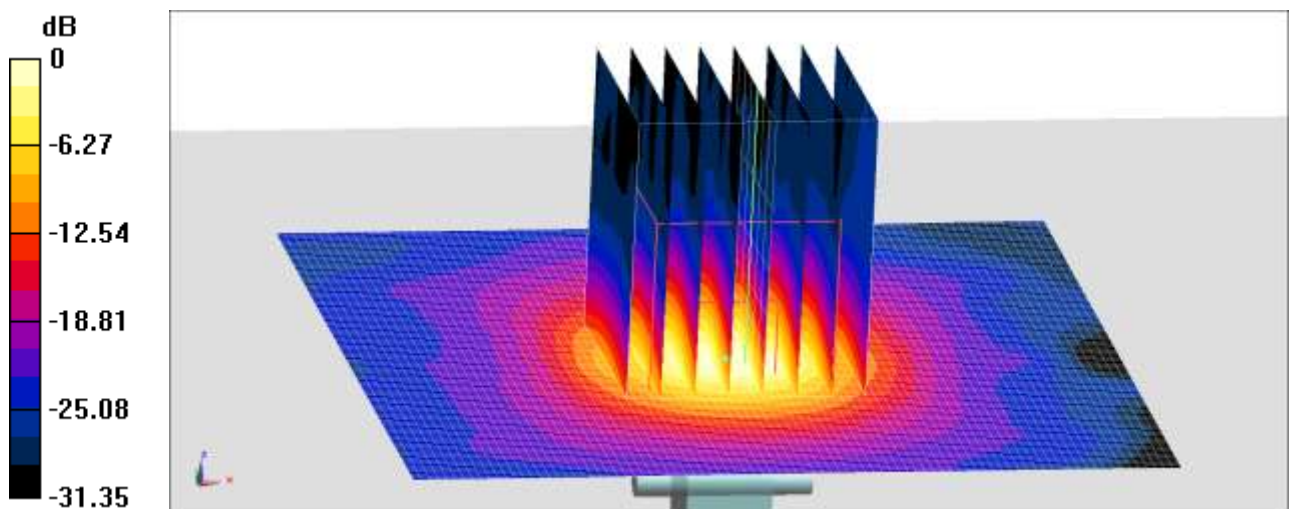
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



0 dB = 19.0 W/kg = 12.79 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.29 validation 5250 MHz 100mW**

### 5600 MHz

Date/Time: 1/26/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.191$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

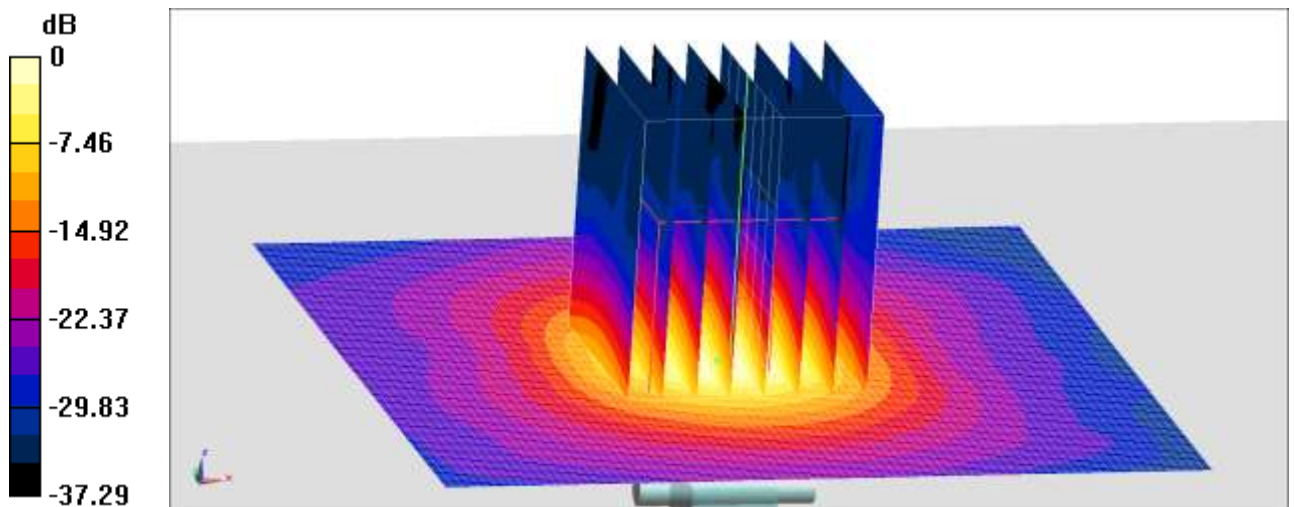
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.30 validation 5600 MHz 100mW**

**5750 MHz**

Date/Time: 1/26/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.366 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 33.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.8°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2/3/2021

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

**System Performance Check/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

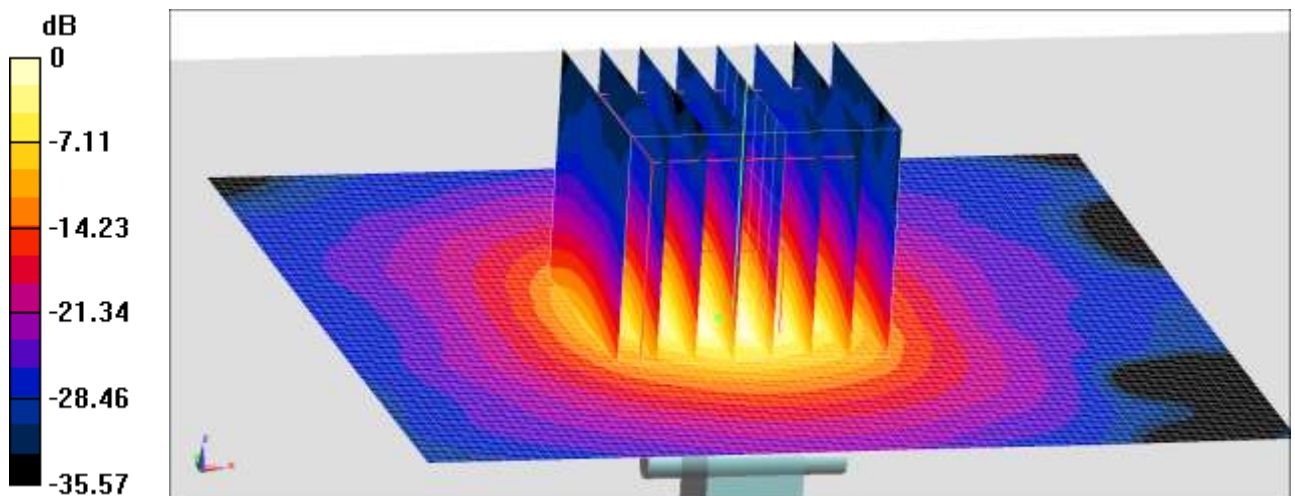
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

**Fig.B.31 validation 5750 MHz 100mW**

The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

**Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification**

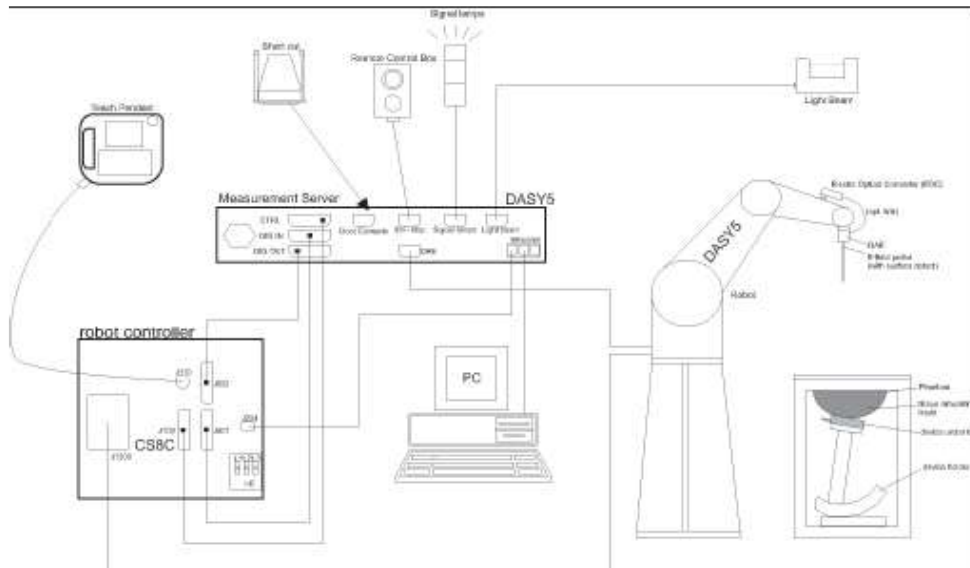
| Date       | Band     | Position | Area scan (1g) | Zoom scan (1g) | Drift (%) |
|------------|----------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|
| 2021/12/28 | 750 MHz  | Head     | 2.09           | 2.11           | -0.95     |
| 2021/12/29 | 750 MHz  | Head     | 2.13           | 2.14           | -0.47     |
| 2021/12/30 | 750 MHz  | Head     | 2.15           | 2.18           | -1.38     |
| 2021/12/31 | 750 MHz  | Head     | 2.12           | 2.1            | 0.95      |
| 2021/12/23 | 835 MHz  | Head     | 2.28           | 2.29           | -0.44     |
| 2021/12/29 | 835 MHz  | Head     | 2.31           | 2.3            | 0.43      |
| 2021/12/31 | 835 MHz  | Head     | 2.29           | 2.31           | -0.87     |
| 2022/1/7   | 835 MHz  | Head     | 2.4            | 2.43           | -1.23     |
| 2021/12/28 | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.31           | 9.27           | 0.43      |
| 2021/12/29 | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.52           | 9.48           | 0.42      |
| 2021/12/30 | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.01           | 8.94           | 0.78      |
| 2021/12/31 | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.35           | 9.3            | 0.54      |
| 2022/1/4   | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.39           | 9.33           | 0.64      |
| 2022/1/5   | 1750 MHz | Head     | 9.13           | 9.18           | -0.54     |
| 2021/12/28 | 1900 MHz | Head     | 9.91           | 9.97           | -0.60     |
| 2021/12/30 | 1900 MHz | Head     | 10.3           | 10.1           | 1.98      |
| 2022/1/4   | 1900 MHz | Head     | 9.95           | 9.89           | 0.61      |
| 2022/1/6   | 1900 MHz | Head     | 10.2           | 10.1           | 0.99      |
| 2022/1/7   | 1900 MHz | Head     | 10.5           | 10.3           | 1.94      |
| 2022/1/24  | 2450 MHz | Head     | 13.8           | 13.7           | 0.73      |
| 2021/12/27 | 2600 MHz | Head     | 14.4           | 14.7           | -2.04     |
| 2021/12/29 | 2600 MHz | Head     | 14.7           | 14.6           | 0.68      |
| 2022/1/4   | 2600 MHz | Head     | 14.7           | 14.9           | -1.34     |
| 2022/1/6   | 2600 MHz | Head     | 14.4           | 14.2           | 1.41      |
| 2022/1/10  | 2600 MHz | Head     | 13.9           | 14             | -0.71     |



## ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

### C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy5 or DASY6 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



**Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up**

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## C.2 Dasy5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 or DASY6 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2<sup>nd</sup> order curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

### Probe Specifications:

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Model:</b>         | <b>ES3DV3, EX3DV4</b>  |
| <b>Frequency</b>      | <b>10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)</b>  |
| <b>Range:</b>         | <b>10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)</b>  |
| <b>Calibration:</b>   | <b>In head and body simulating tissue at<br/>Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz</b>                        |
| <b>Linearity:</b>     | <b>± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4<br/>± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3</b>                       |
| <b>Dynamic Range:</b> | <b>10 mW/kg — 100W/kg</b>  |
| <b>Probe Length:</b>  | <b>330 mm</b>  |
| <b>Probe Tip</b>      |  |
| <b>Length:</b>        | <b>20 mm</b>   |
| <b>Body Diameter:</b> | <b>12 mm</b>   |
| <b>Tip Diameter:</b>  | <b>2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)</b>  |
| <b>Tip-Center:</b>    | <b>1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)</b>   |
| <b>Application:</b>   | <b>SAR Dosimetry Testing<br/>Compliance tests of mobile phones<br/>Dosimetry in strong gradient fields</b> |



Picture C.2 Near-field Probe



Picture C.3 E-field Probe

## C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or

other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

$\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

$\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

## C.4 Other Test Equipment

### C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**PictureC.4: DAE**

### C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

### C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

#### C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



**Picture C7-1: Device Holder**



**Picture C.7-2: Laptop Extension Kit**

#### C.4.5 Phantom

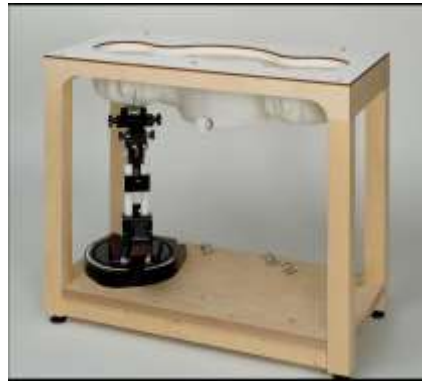
The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness:  $2 \pm 0.2$  mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special

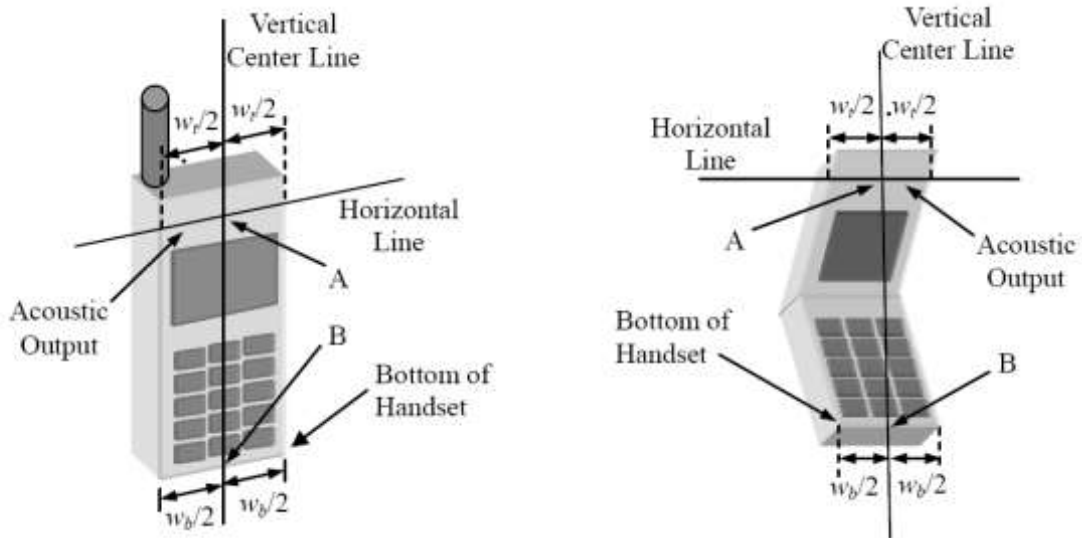


**Picture C.8: SAM Twin Phantom**

## ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

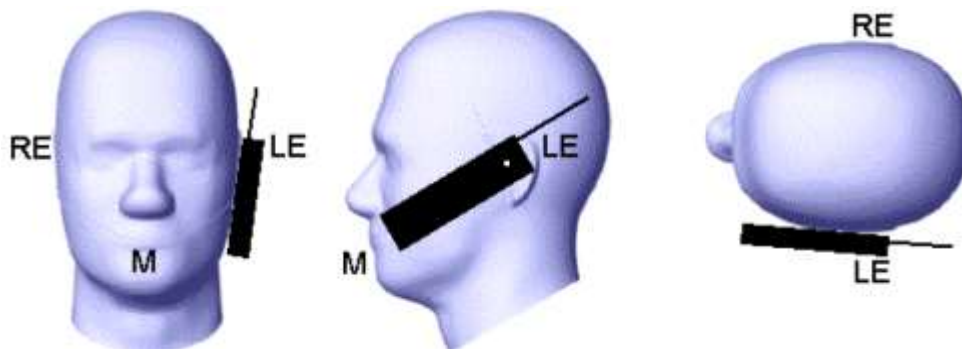
### D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

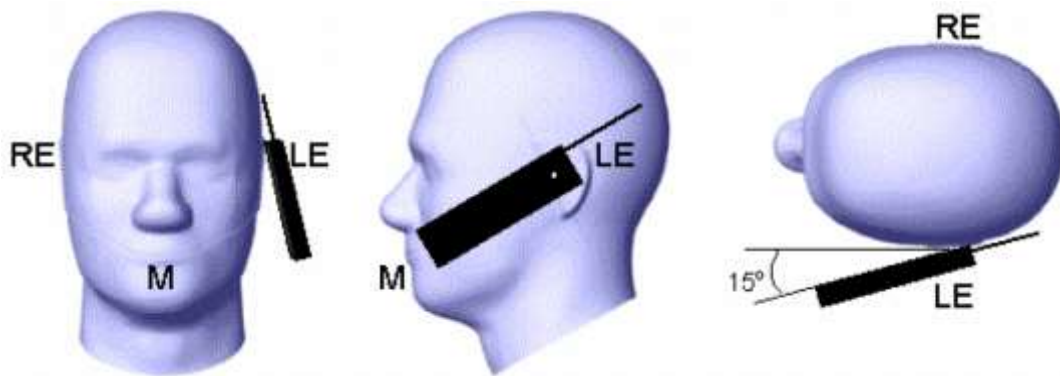


- $w_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- $w_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical “fixed” case handset      Picture D.1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



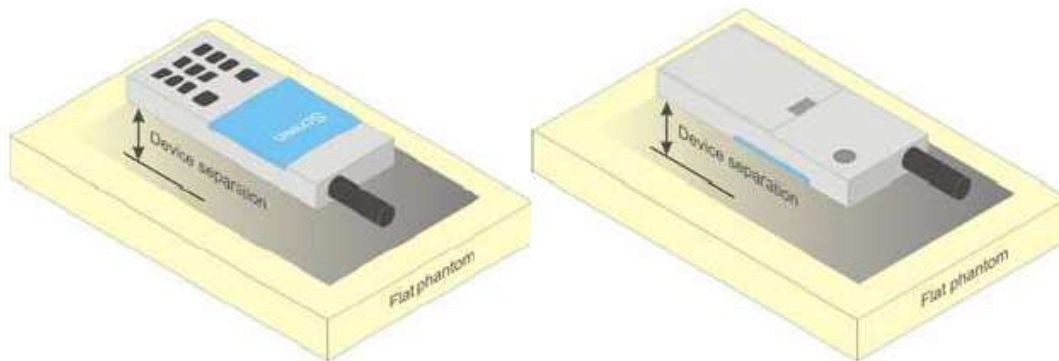
Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

## D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



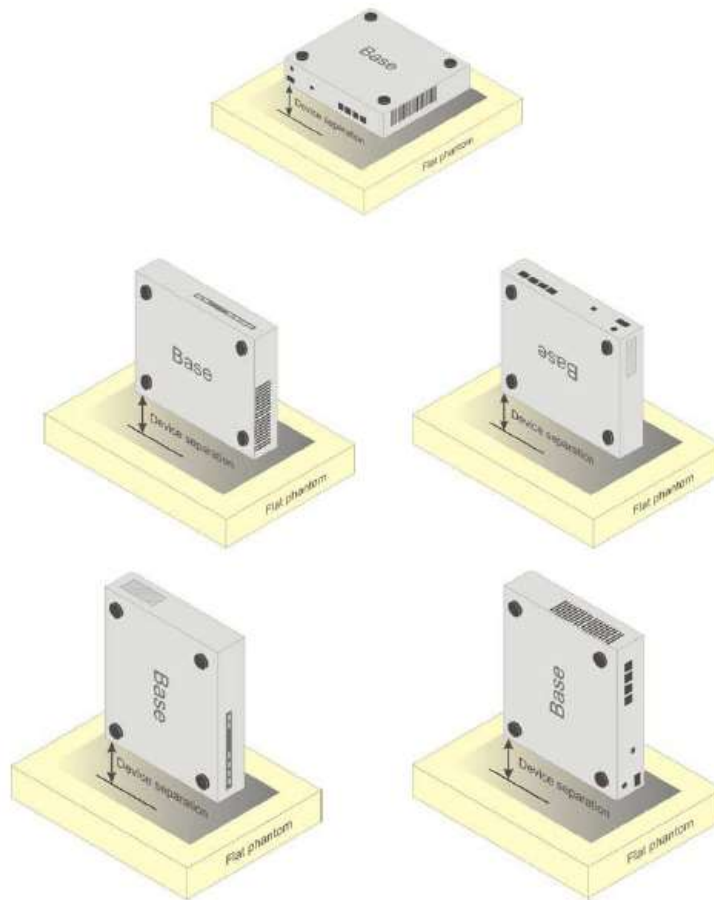
Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices

## D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.





Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

### D.3 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6

## ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

| Frequency (MHz)                    | 835Head                          | 835Body                          | 1900 Head                        | 1900 Body                        | 2450 Head                        | 2450 Body                        | 5800 Head                        | 5800 Body                        |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ingredients (% by weight)          |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |
| Water                              | 41.45                            | 52.5                             | 55.242                           | 69.91                            | 58.79                            | 72.60                            | 65.53                            | 65.53                            |
| Sugar                              | 56.0                             | 45.0                             | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Salt                               | 1.45                             | 1.4                              | 0.306                            | 0.13                             | 0.06                             | 0.18                             | \                                | \                                |
| Preventol                          | 0.1                              | 0.1                              | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Cellulose                          | 1.0                              | 1.0                              | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                |
| Glycol Monobutyl                   | \                                | \                                | 44.452                           | 29.96                            | 41.15                            | 27.22                            | \                                | \                                |
| Diethylenglycol monohexylether     | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | 17.24                            | 17.24                            |
| Triton X-100                       | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | \                                | 17.24                            | 17.24                            |
| Dielectric Parameters Target Value | $\epsilon=41.5$<br>$\sigma=0.90$ | $\epsilon=55.2$<br>$\sigma=0.97$ | $\epsilon=40.0$<br>$\sigma=1.40$ | $\epsilon=53.3$<br>$\sigma=1.52$ | $\epsilon=39.2$<br>$\sigma=1.80$ | $\epsilon=52.7$<br>$\sigma=1.95$ | $\epsilon=35.3$<br>$\sigma=5.27$ | $\epsilon=48.2$<br>$\sigma=6.00$ |

**Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.**

## ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

**Table F.1: System Validation for 7517**

| Probe SN. | Liquid name  | Validation date   | Frequency point | Status (OK or Not) |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 7517      | Head 750MHz  | February 19, 2021 | 750 MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 900MHz  | February 19, 2021 | 900 MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 1450MHz | February 20, 2021 | 1450 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 1640MHz | February 20, 2021 | 1640 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 1750MHz | February 21, 2021 | 1750 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 1900MHz | February 21, 2021 | 1900 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 2000MHz | February 22, 2021 | 2000 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 2300MHz | February 22, 2021 | 2300 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 2450MHz | February 22, 2021 | 2450 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 2600MHz | February 23, 2021 | 2600 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 3300MHz | February 23, 2021 | 3300 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 3500MHz | February 23, 2021 | 3500 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 3700MHz | February 24, 2021 | 3700 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 3900MHz | February 24, 2021 | 3900 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4100MHz | February 25, 2021 | 4100MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4200MHz | February 25, 2021 | 4200MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4400MHz | February 25, 2021 | 4400MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4600MHz | February 26, 2021 | 4600MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4800MHz | February 26, 2021 | 4800MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 4950MHz | February 26, 2021 | 4950MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 5250MHz | February 27, 2021 | 5250MHz         | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 5600MHz | February 27, 2021 | 5600 MHz        | OK                 |
| 7517      | Head 5750MHz | February 27, 2021 | 5750 MHz        | OK                 |



# ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

## Probe 7517 Calibration Certificate



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CALIBRATION  
CNAS L0570

Client **CTTL** Certificate No: **Z21-60001**

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE   |   |  |                       |
|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| Object  | EX3DV4 - SN : 7517  |  |                       |
| Calibration Procedure(s)  | FF-Z11-004-02<br>Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes |  |                       |
| Calibration date:   | February 03, 2021   |  |                       |
| This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. |   |  |                       |
| All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.   |   |  |                       |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)  |   |  |                       |
| Primary Standards   | ID #  | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power Meter NRP2  | 101919  | 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)            | Jun-21                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91  | 101547  | 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)            | Jun-21                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91  | 101548  | 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)            | Jun-21                |
| Reference 10dBAttenuator  | 18N50W-10dB   | 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)            | Feb-22                |
| Reference 20dBAttenuator  | 18N50W-20dB   | 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)            | Feb-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7307   | 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20)      | May-21                |
| DAE4  | SN 1556   | 4-Feb-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Feb20)      | Feb-21                |
| DAE4  | SN 1555   | 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20)     | Aug-21                |
| Secondary Standards   | ID #  | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGenerator MG3700A   | 6201052605  | 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343)            | Jun-21                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C   | MY46110673  | 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)            | Feb-21                |
| Calibrated by:  | Name<br>Yu Zongying   | Function<br>SAR Test Engineer            | Signature<br>         |
| Reviewed by:  | Name<br>Lin Hao   | Function<br>SAR Test Engineer            |                       |
| Approved by:  | Name<br>Qi Dianyuan   | Function<br>SAR Project Leader           |                       |
| Issued: February 05, 2021   |   |  |                       |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.   |   |  |                       |



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: [ctl@chinattl.com](mailto:ctl@chinattl.com) [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

**Glossary:**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid   |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space  |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>   |
| DCP                   | diode compression point  |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal   |
| A,B,C,D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters  |
| Polarization $\Phi$   | $\Phi$ rotation around probe axis  |
| Polarization $\theta$ | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis |

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|  | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.48     | 0.50     | 0.54     | ±10.0%    |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 101.1    | 101.7    | 101.0    |           |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB· $\mu\text{V}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 | 0.00    | 162.5    | ±2.5%                     |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 |         | 165.5    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                    | 1.0 |         | 170.3    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 9.81    | 9.81    | 9.81    | 0.40               | 0.80                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.40    | 9.40    | 9.40    | 0.19               | 1.27                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1450                 | 40.5                               | 1.20                            | 8.55    | 8.55    | 8.55    | 0.13               | 1.29                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1640                 | 40.3                               | 1.29                            | 8.45    | 8.45    | 8.45    | 0.60               | 0.67                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.22    | 8.22    | 8.22    | 0.25               | 1.03                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 7.81    | 7.81    | 7.81    | 0.24               | 1.12                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2000                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 7.90    | 7.90    | 7.90    | 0.20               | 1.24                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2300                 | 39.5                               | 1.67                            | 7.58    | 7.58    | 7.58    | 0.65               | 0.66                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.34    | 7.34    | 7.34    | 0.59               | 0.74                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.10    | 7.10    | 7.10    | 0.60               | 0.72                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 3300                 | 38.2                               | 2.71                            | 6.90    | 6.90    | 6.90    | 0.44               | 0.94                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 3500                 | 37.9                               | 2.91                            | 6.65    | 6.65    | 6.65    | 0.43               | 0.97                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 3700                 | 37.7                               | 3.12                            | 6.40    | 6.40    | 6.40    | 0.40               | 1.03                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 3900                 | 37.5                               | 3.32                            | 6.36    | 6.36    | 6.36    | 0.40               | 1.25                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4100                 | 37.2                               | 3.53                            | 6.42    | 6.42    | 6.42    | 0.40               | 1.15                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4200                 | 37.1                               | 3.63                            | 6.34    | 6.34    | 6.34    | 0.35               | 1.35                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4400                 | 36.9                               | 3.84                            | 6.22    | 6.22    | 6.22    | 0.35               | 1.35                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4600                 | 36.7                               | 4.04                            | 6.10    | 6.10    | 6.10    | 0.45               | 1.25                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4800                 | 36.4                               | 4.25                            | 6.00    | 6.00    | 6.00    | 0.45               | 1.25                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 4950                 | 36.3                               | 4.40                            | 5.70    | 5.70    | 5.70    | 0.45               | 1.25                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5250                 | 35.9                               | 4.71                            | 5.42    | 5.42    | 5.42    | 0.50               | 1.20                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.75    | 4.75    | 4.75    | 0.55               | 1.20                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5750                 | 35.4                               | 5.22                            | 4.82    | 4.82    | 4.82    | 0.55               | 1.20                    | ± 13.3%     |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

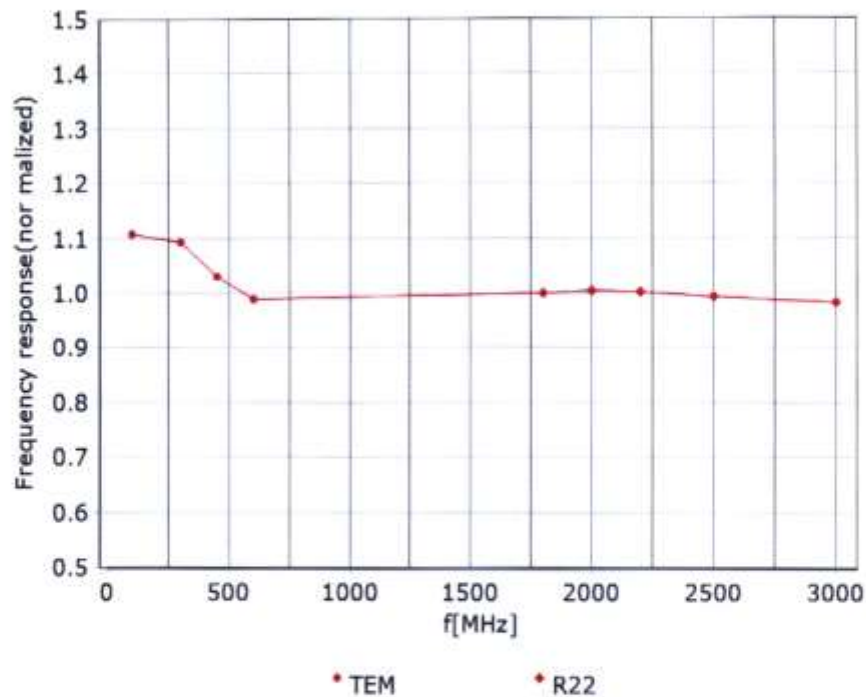
<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.4\%$  ( $k=2$ )



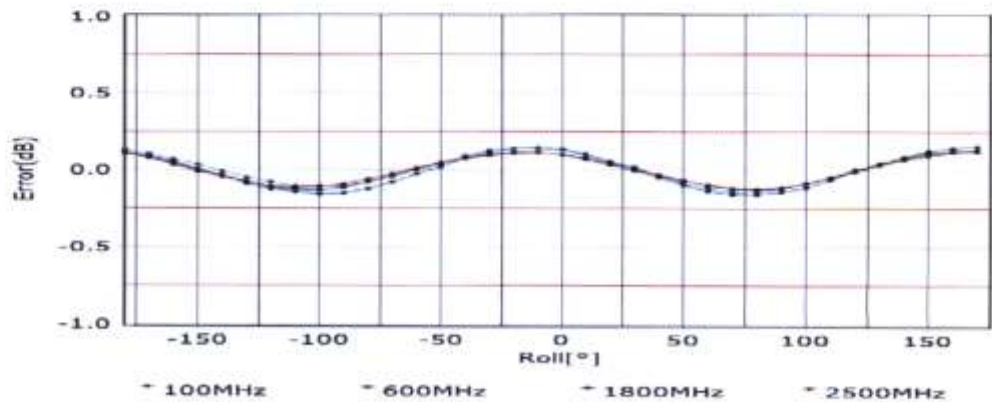
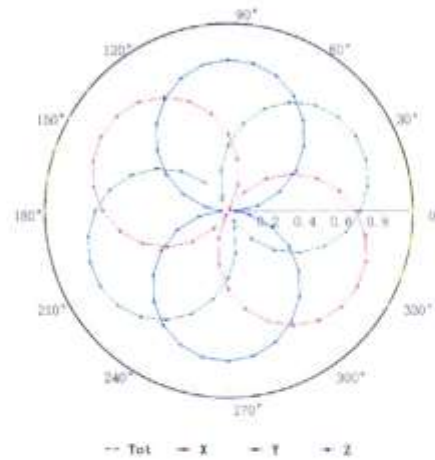
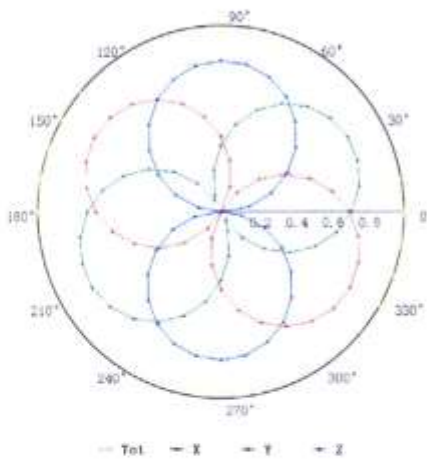


Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
 E-mail: [ctl@chinattl.com](mailto:ctl@chinattl.com) [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

**f=600 MHz, TEM**

**f=1800 MHz, R22**

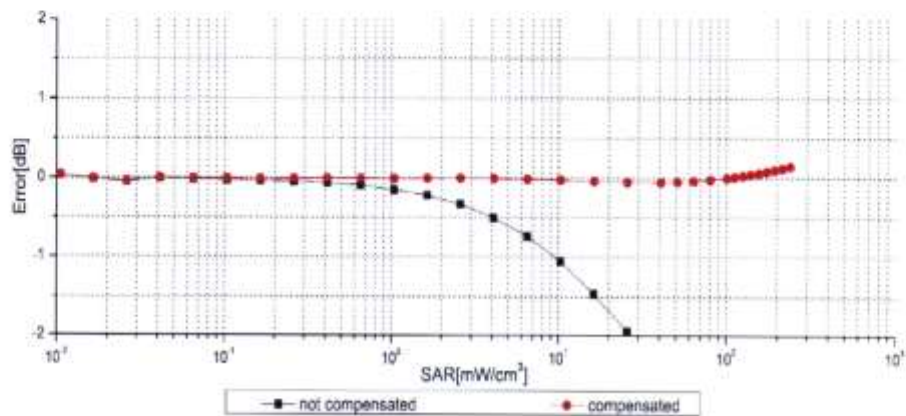
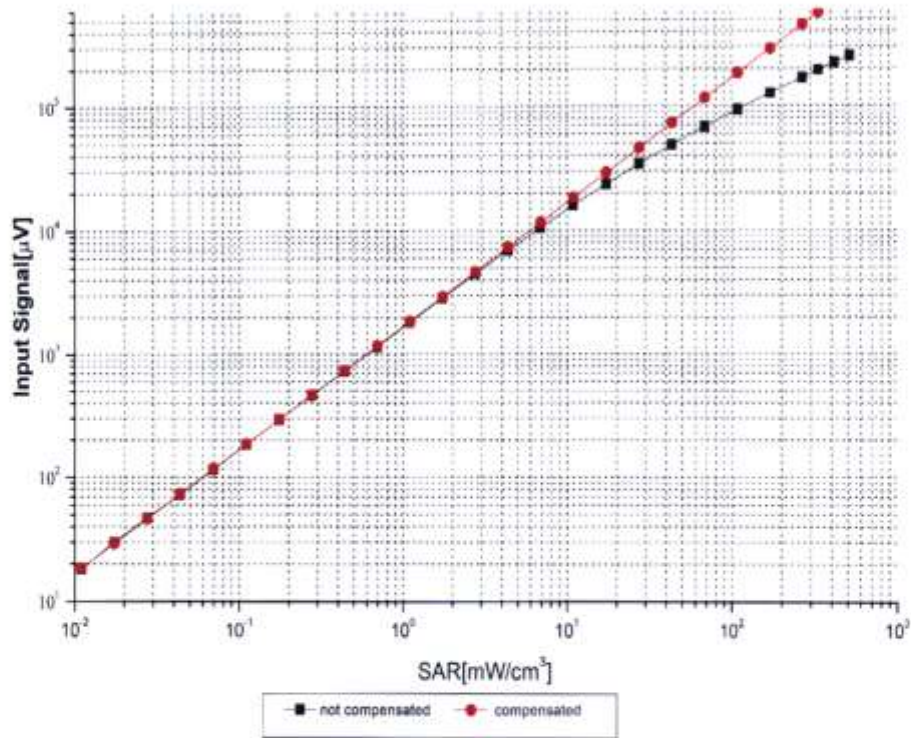


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 1.2\%$  ( $k=2$ )



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
 E-mail: cntl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

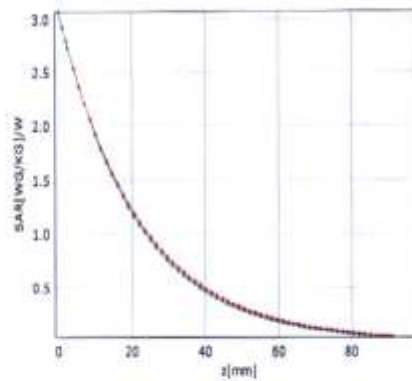


Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

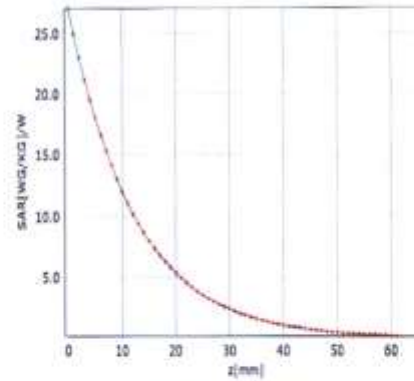
### Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)

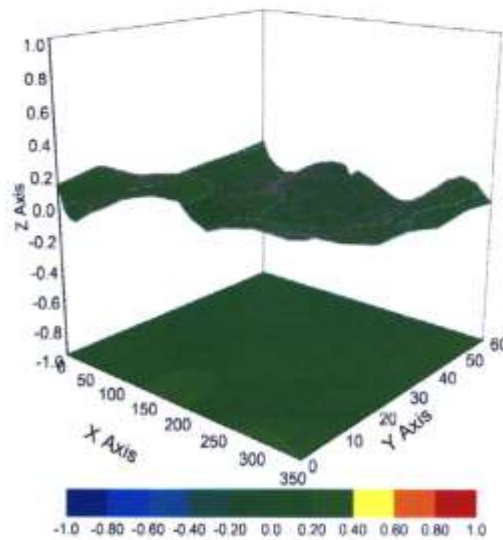


\* analytical \* measured



\* analytical \* measured

### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 3.2\%$  ( $k=2$ )



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

### Other Probe Parameters

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | 17.9       |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disable    |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337mm      |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10mm       |
| Tip Length                                    | 10mm       |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5mm      |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4mm      |



# ANNEX H Dipole Calibration Certificate

## 750 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D750V3-1017\_Jul21**

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D750V3 - SN:1017**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **July 12, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20k)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292783     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                                |  |               |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Jeffrey Katzman</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br><b>Katja Pokovic</b>   | Technical Manager                        |               |

Issued: July 15, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

**Glossary:**

TSL tissue simulating liquid  
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z  
N/A not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- c) DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz    |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.9           | 0.89 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 42.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.91 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.20 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>8.68 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.43 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.65 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8 $\Omega$ - 0.2 $\mu\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 28.8 dB                       |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.036 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 12.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1017**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

 Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.11, 10.11, 10.11) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

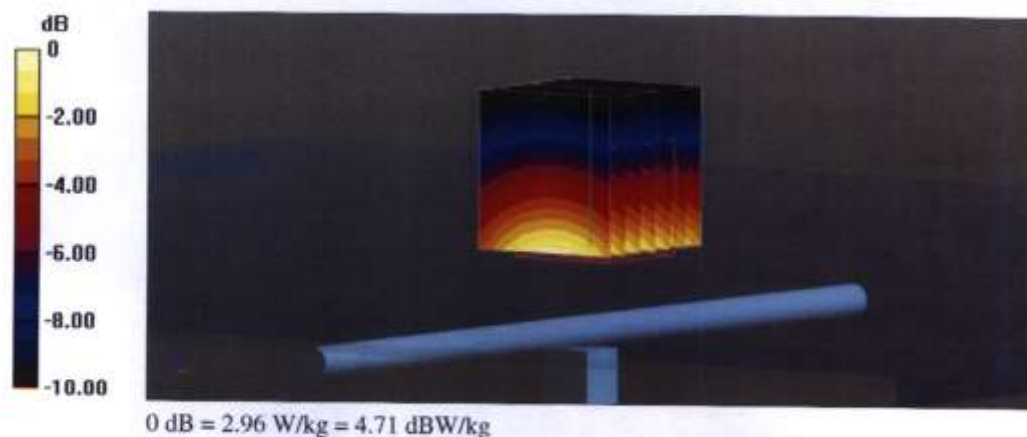
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.20 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg**

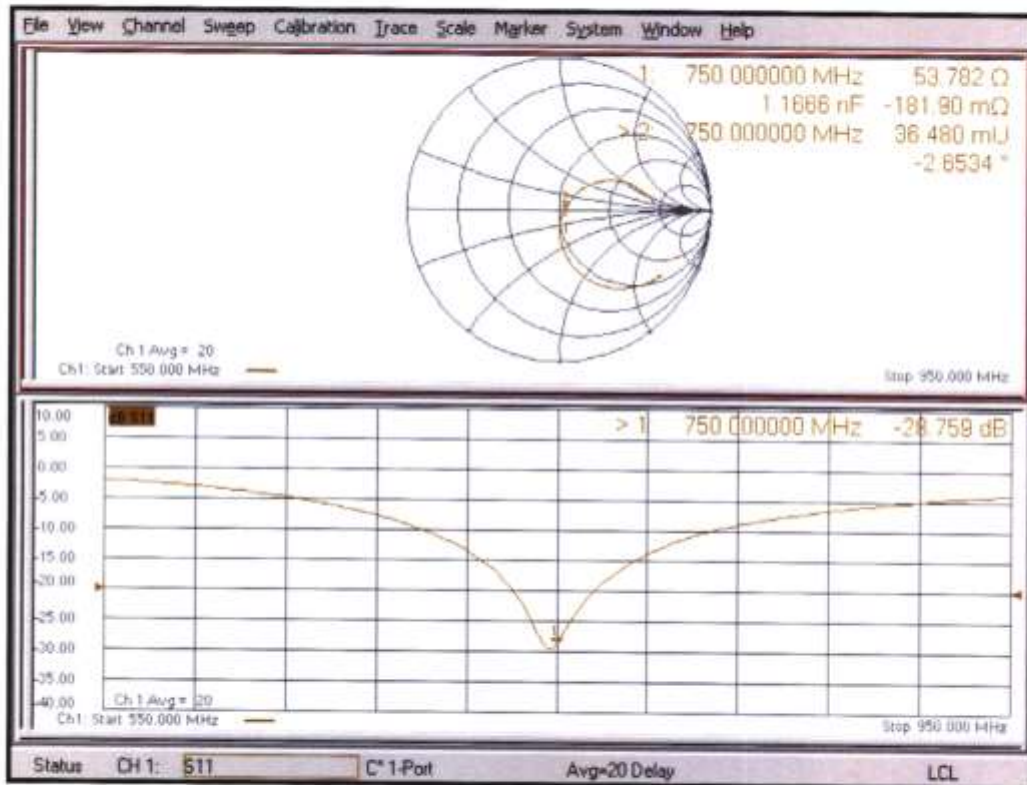
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d069\_Jul21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN:4d069**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **July 12, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20k)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292783     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-05         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                                |  |               |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Jeffrey Katzman</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br><b>Katja Pokovic</b>   | Function<br><b>Technical Manager</b>     | Signature<br> |

Issued: July 15, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz    |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 42.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.48 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.63 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.60 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.24 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.7 $\Omega$ - 2.3 $\mu\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 31.0 dB                       |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.393 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 12.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d069**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY52 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

 Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 63.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

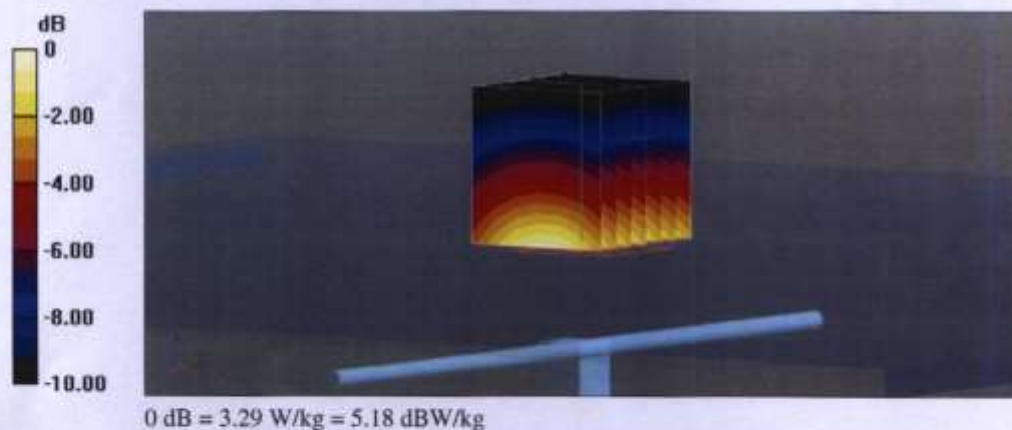
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.60 W/kg**

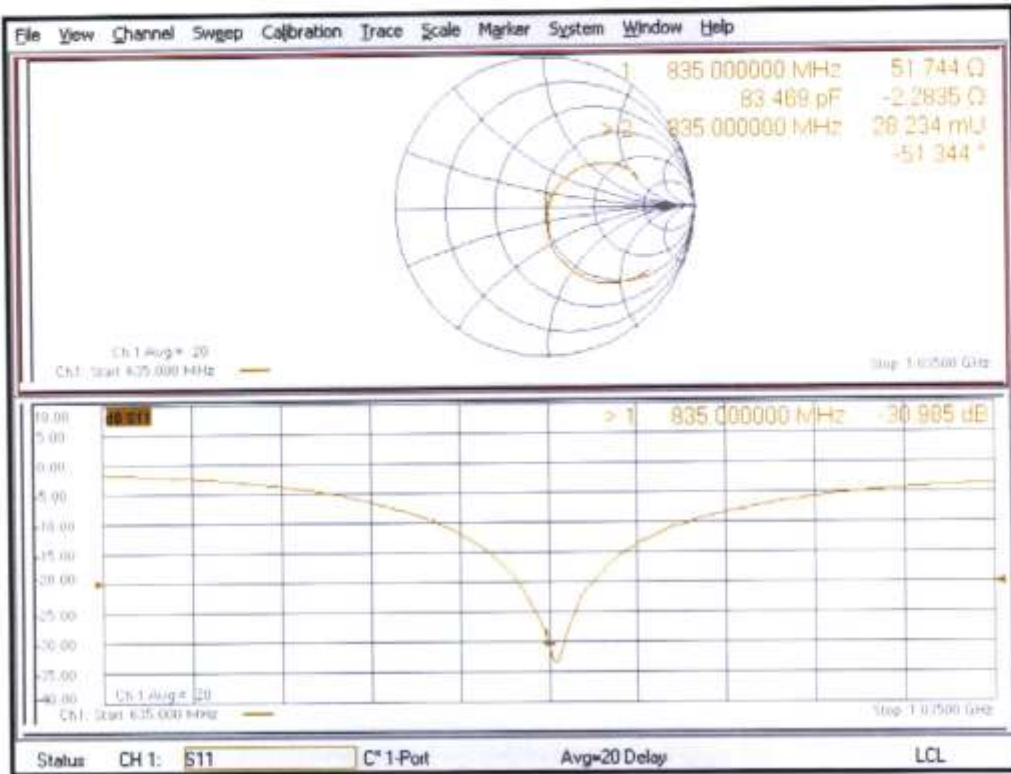
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL







# 1750 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**S** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1750V2-1003\_Jul21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D1750V2 - SN:1003**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **July 12, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20K)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292783     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

Calibrated by: **Jeffrey Katzman** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: July 15, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 1750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 40.1           | 1.37 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.36 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9.17 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>36.9 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 4.82 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>19.4 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.7 $\Omega$ + 0.3 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 47.0 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.215 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 12.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1003**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.36$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.67, 8.67, 8.67) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

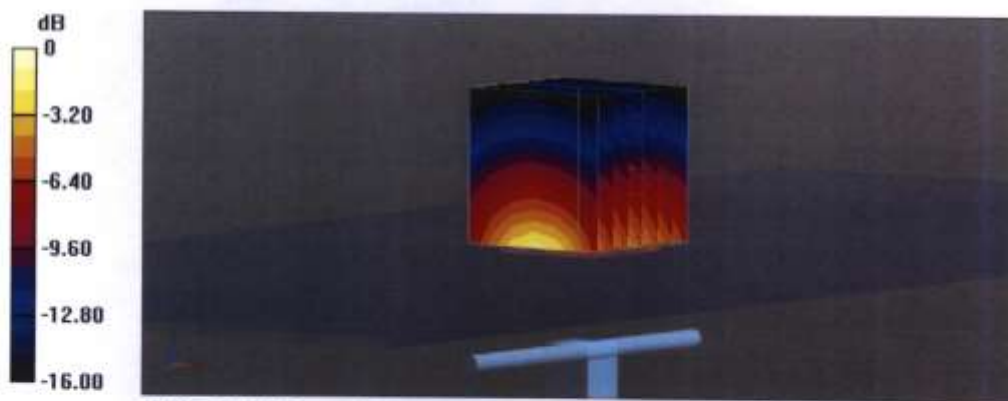
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

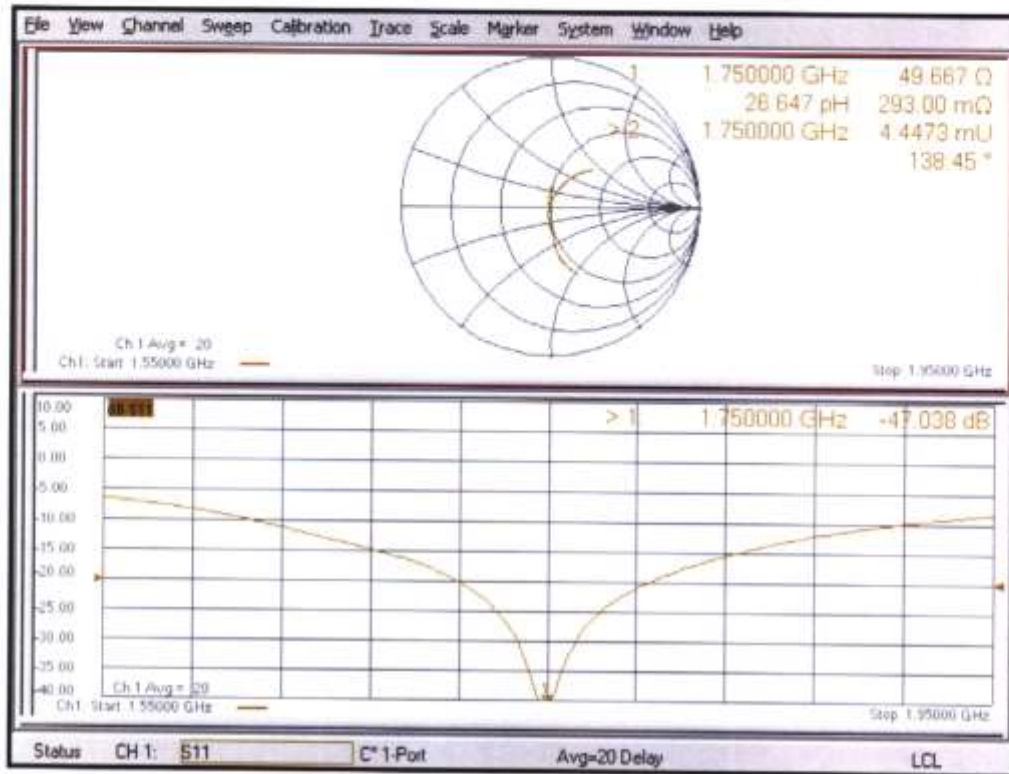
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# 1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
 Schmid & Partner  
 Engineering AG**  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client: **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d101\_Jul21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D1900V2 - SN:5d101**  
 Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v11  
 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**  
 Calibration date: **July 15, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20k)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292783     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                            |  |            |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name: <b>Leif Klynsner</b> | Function: <b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature: |
| Approved by:   | Name: <b>Katja Pokovic</b> | Function: <b>Technical Manager</b>     | Signature: |

Issued: July 19, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8904 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.40 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ---            | ---                  |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.0 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 40.1 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                              |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.22 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 20.9 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 $\Omega$ + 4.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.2 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.201 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 15.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d101**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

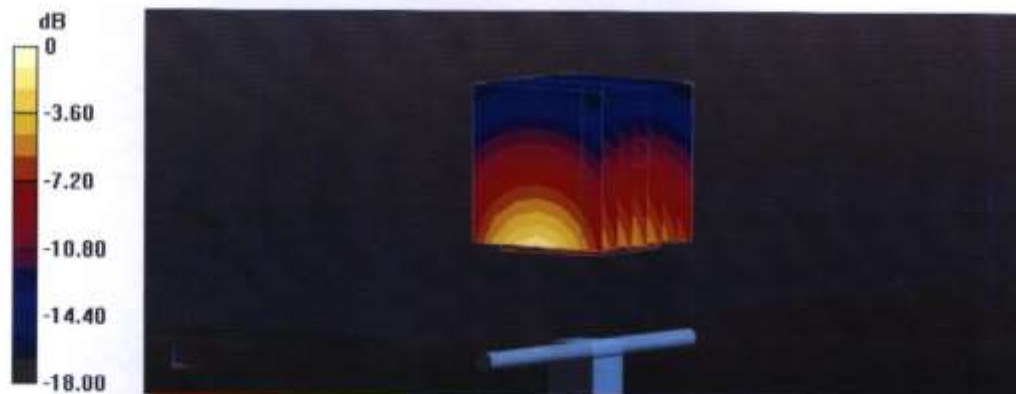
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.8 mm

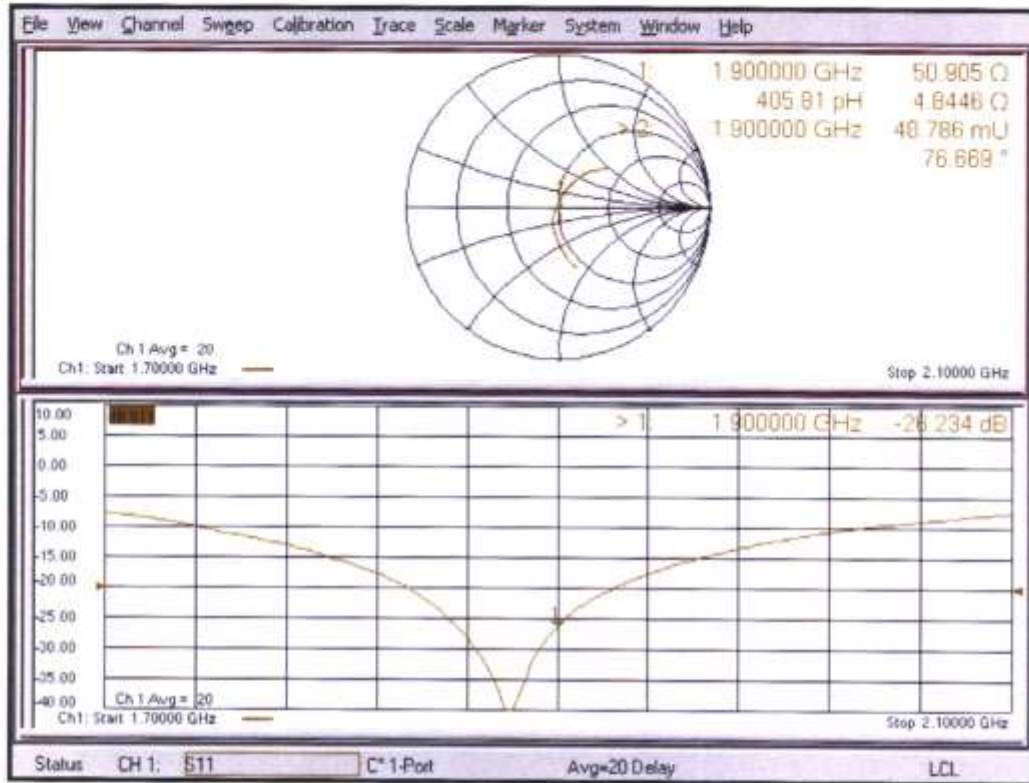
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg



0 dB = 15.5 W/kg = 11.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-853\_Jul21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D2450V2 - SN:853**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **July 26, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20k)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292763     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                            |  |            |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name: <b>Michael Weber</b> | Function: <b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature: |
| Approved by:   | Name: <b>Katja Pokovic</b> | Function: <b>Technical Manager</b>     | Signature: |

Issued: July 26, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 37.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.88 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.7 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 53.3 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                              |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.33 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 24.9 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.6 $\Omega$ + 3.8 $\mu\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.9 dB                       |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.164 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 853**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

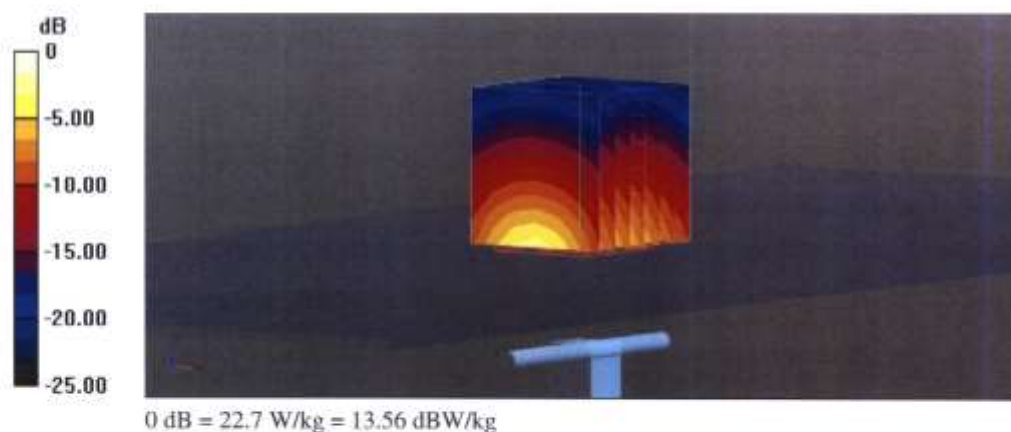
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg**

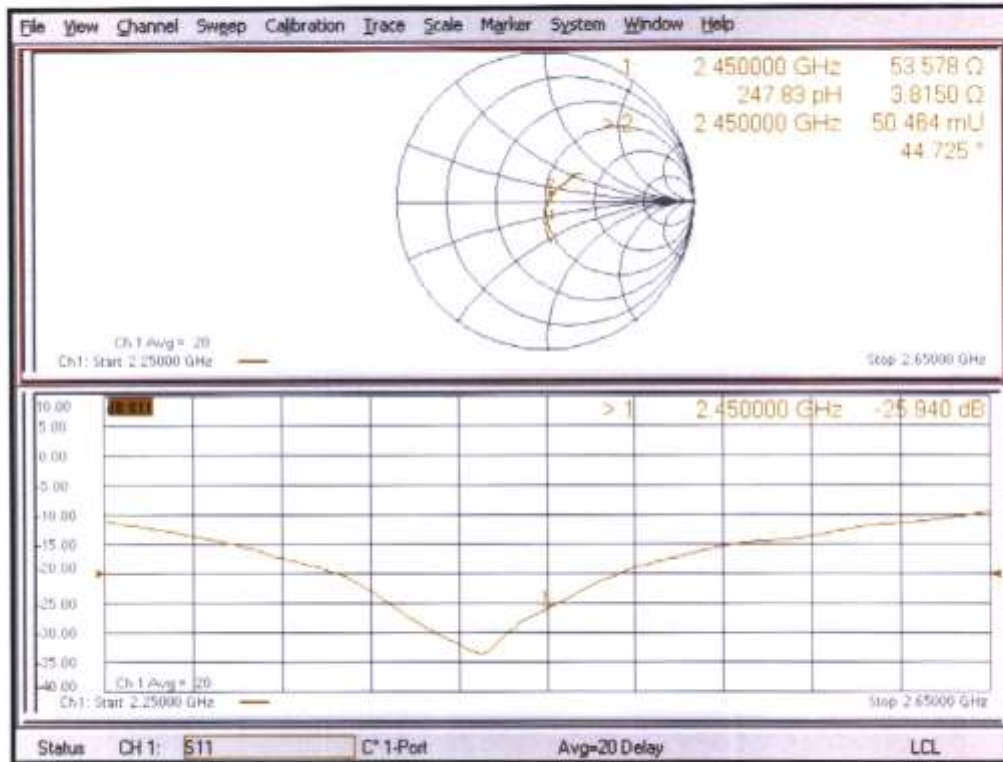
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 2600 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**S** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2600V2-1012\_Jul21**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2600V2 - SN:1012**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **July 26, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&E critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: BH9394 (20K)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 7349           | 28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB39512475     | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP B481A           | SN: US37292783     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP B481A           | SN: MY41092317     | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| HF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972         | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                |                       |           |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|                | Name           | Function              | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Michael Weber  | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:   | Katja Polkovic | Technical Manager     |           |

Issued: July 26, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 2600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.0           | 1.96 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 37.3 $\pm$ 6 % | 2.05 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 14.7 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>57.1 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.48 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>25.5 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.8 $\Omega$ - 5.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.1 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.153 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1012**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.05$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY52 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 118.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

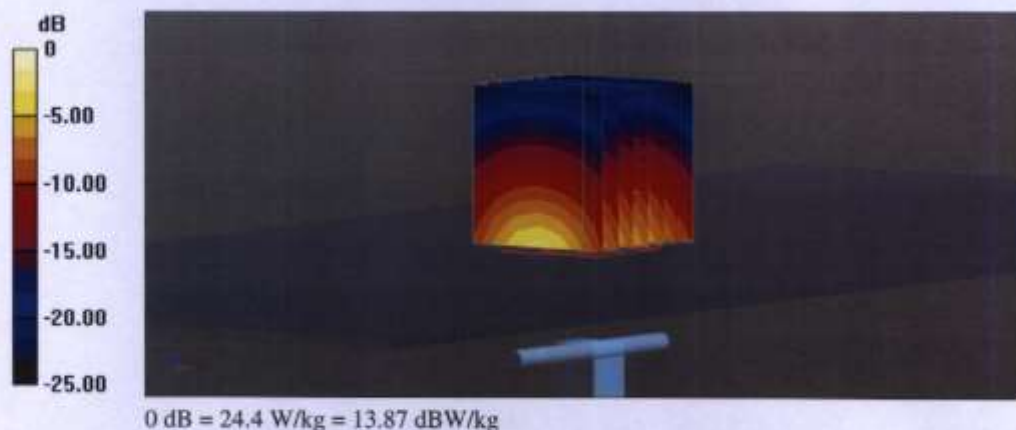
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 W/kg**

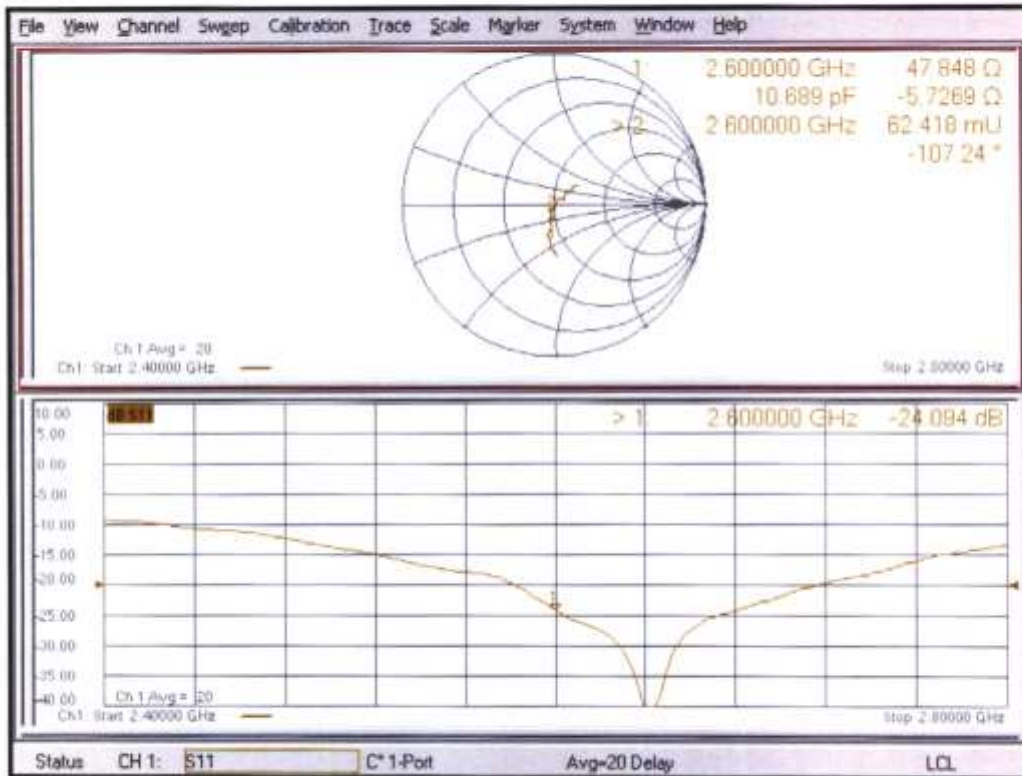
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.4 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 3300 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
 Schmid & Partner  
 Engineering AG**  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D3300V2-1011\_Jun21**

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D3300V2 - SN:1011**  
  
 Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-22.v6  
 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz**  
  
 Calibration date: **June 21, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)      | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP             | SN: 10477B         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) | Apr-22                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91        | SN: 103244         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)       | Apr-22                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91        | SN: 103245         | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)       | Apr-22                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: BH9394 (20k)   | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)       | Apr-22                |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)       | Apr-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4      | SN: 3503           | 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)  | Dec-21                |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)  | Nov-21                |

| Secondary Standards             | ID #           | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: G839512475 | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A           | SN: MY41D92317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06         | SN: 100972     | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent EB358A | SN: U541080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |

|                |                         |                                   |               |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br>Jeffrey Katzman | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br>Katja Pokovic   | Function<br>Technical Manager     | Signature<br> |

Issued: June 21, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1:

|                              |                            |                                  |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                      | V52.10.4                         |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation     |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom       |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                      | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 3300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |                                  |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 38.2           | 2.71 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 37.3 $\pm$ 6 % | 2.82 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ---            | ---                  |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.60 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters:                  | normalized to 1W   | <b>64.9 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.52 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>25.0 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8 $\Omega$ - 8.0 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.4 dB                     |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.124 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 3300 MHz; Type: D3300V2; Serial: D3300V2 - SN:1011**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3300 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.82$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97) @ 3300 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm**

(8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

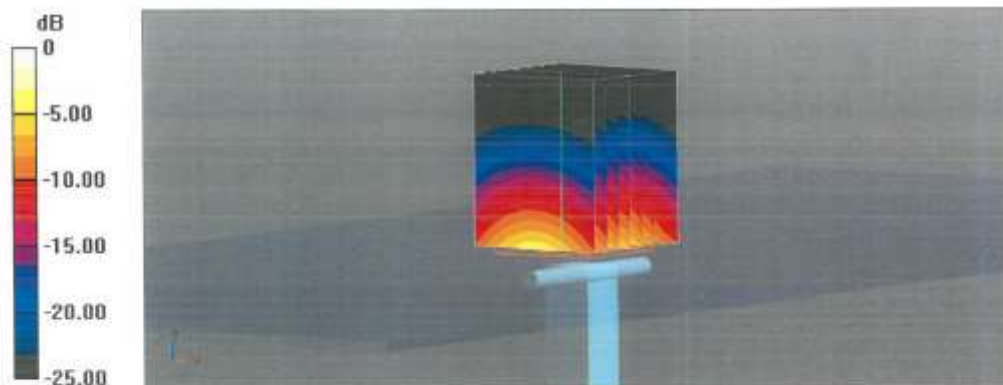
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.6 mm

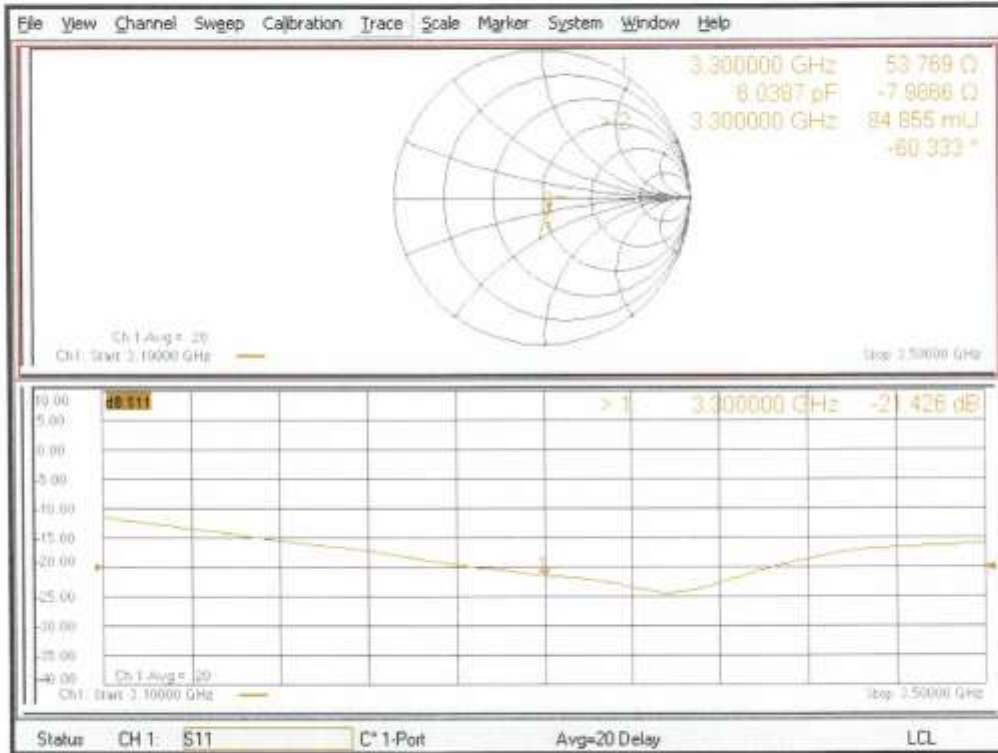
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 76.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 3500 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D3500V2-1016\_Jun21**

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE  |   |                                   |                              |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Object   | D3500V2 - SN:1016   |                                   |                              |
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-22.v6<br>Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz |                                   |                              |
| Calibration date:  | June 21, 2021   |                                   |                              |
| This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. |   |                                   |                              |
| All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.   |   |                                   |                              |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)   |   |                                   |                              |
| <b>Primary Standards</b>   | <b>ID #</b>   | <b>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</b> | <b>Scheduled Calibration</b> |
| Power meter NRP  | SN: 104778  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                       |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91   | SN: 103244  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                       |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91   | SN: 103245  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                       |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator   | SN: BH9394 (20k)  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                       |
| Type-N mismatch combination  | SN: 310982 / 06327  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                       |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4   | SN: 3503  | 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)    | Dec-21                       |
| DAE4   | SN: 601   | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                       |
| <b>Secondary Standards</b>   | <b>ID #</b>   | <b>Check Date (in house)</b>      | <b>Scheduled Check</b>       |
| Power meter E4419B   | SN: GB39512475  | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22       |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | SN: US37292783  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22       |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | SN: MY41092317  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22       |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06  | SN: 100972  | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22       |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A  | SN: US41080477  | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21       |
| Calibrated by:   | Name: Jeffrey Katzman   | Function: Laboratory Technician   | Signature:                   |
| Approved by:   | Name: Katja Pokovic   | Function: Technical Manager       | Signature:                   |
|  |   |                                   | Issued: June 21, 2021        |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.  |   |                                   |                              |

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**S** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

#### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |  |                                  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5  | V52.10.4                         |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation                                   |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0                                |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm  | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm                             | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 3400 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>3500 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>3600 MHz ± 1 MHz |                                  |

**Head TSL parameters at 3400 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 38.0         | 2.81 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 37.2 ± 6 %   | 2.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 3400 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.85 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>67.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.57 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>25.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 3500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 37.9         | 2.91 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 37.0 ± 6 %   | 2.97 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 3500 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.80 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>67.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.54 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>25.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 3600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 37.8         | 3.02 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.9 ± 6 %   | 3.04 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ---          | ---              |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 3600 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.69 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>66.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.50 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**
**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3400 MHz**

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $46.1 \Omega - 7.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.1 dB                   |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3500 MHz**

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $52.6 \Omega - 3.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.3 dB                   |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3600 MHz**

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $59.5 \Omega + 0.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.2 dB                   |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.137 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: D3500V2; Serial: D3500V2 - SN:1016**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3500 MHz, Frequency: 3400 MHz, Frequency: 3600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.97$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,Medium parameters used:  $f = 3400$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.89$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,Medium parameters used:  $f = 3600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.04$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91) @ 3500 MHz, ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97) @ 3400 MHz, ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91) @ 3600 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3500MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.80 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.54 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3400MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3600MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

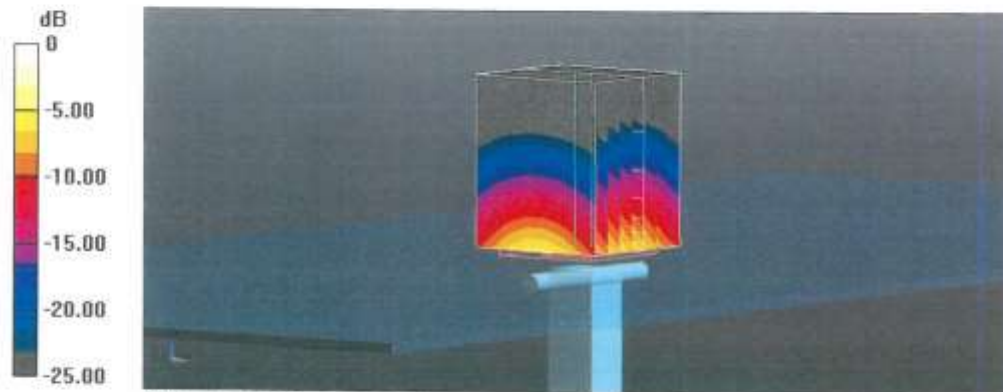
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.50 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

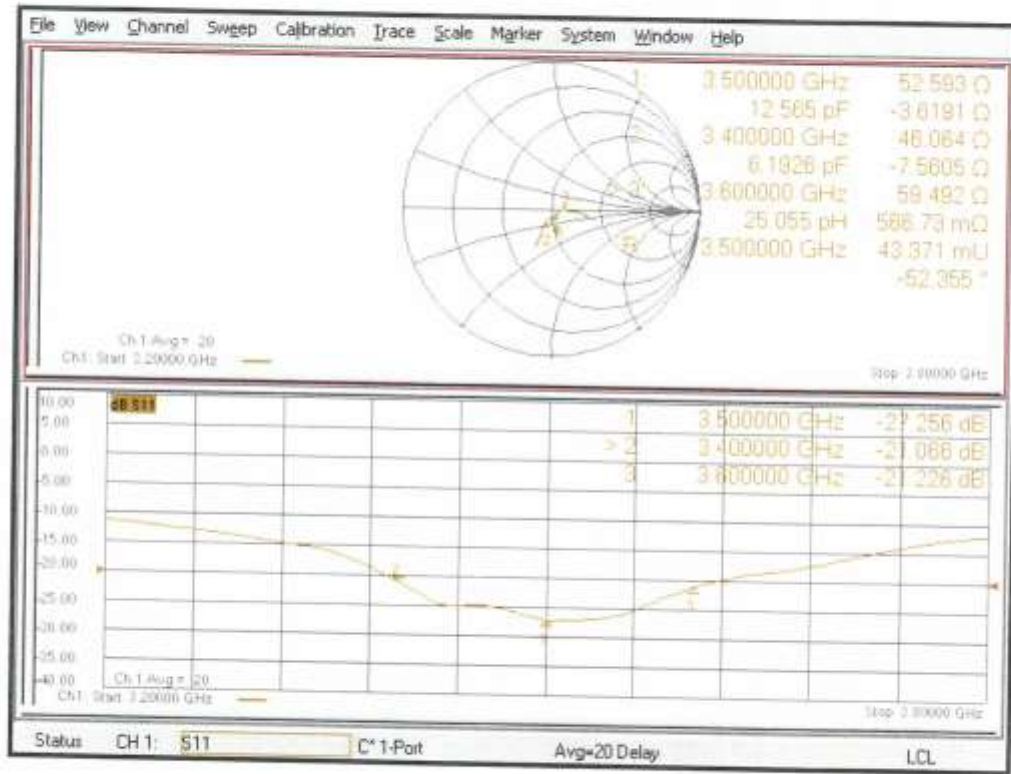
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.08 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 3700M Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**S** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates.

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D3700V2-1004\_Jun21**

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE   |   |                                   |                        |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Object  | D3700V2 - SN:1004   |                                   |                        |
| Calibration procedure(s)  | QA CAL-22.v6<br>Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz |                                   |                        |
| Calibration date:   | June 21, 2021   |                                   |                        |
| This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).<br>The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. |   |                                   |                        |
| All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.  |   |                                   |                        |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)  |   |                                   |                        |
| Primary Standards   | ID #  | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Power meter NRP   | SN: 104778  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91  | SN: 103244  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91  | SN: 103245  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: BH9394 (20k)  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination   | SN: 310982 / 06327  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN: 3503  | 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4  | SN: 601   | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards   | ID #  | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B  | SN: GB39512475  | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A   | SN: US37292783  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A   | SN: MY41092317  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06   | SN: 100972  | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A   | SN: US41080477  | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |
| Calibrated by:  | Name<br>Jeffrey Katzman   | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br>          |
| Approved by:  | Name<br>Katja Pokovic   | Function<br>Technical Manager     | Signature<br>          |
|   |   |                                   | Issued: June 22, 2021  |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.   |   |                                   |                        |

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |  |                                  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5  | V52.10.4                         |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation                       |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0                    |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm  | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm                 | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 3700 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>3800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz |                                  |

**Head TSL parameters at 3700 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 37.7           | 3.12 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 36.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 3.12 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 3700 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.74 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>67.1 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.44 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 3800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 37.6           | 3.22 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 36.6 $\pm$ 6 % | 3.20 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 3800 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 6.57 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>65.4 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.41 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.0 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**
**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3700 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.0 $\Omega$ - 6.9 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.7 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3800 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 58.0 $\Omega$ - 4.9 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.2 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.139 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN:1004**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz, Frequency: 3800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3700$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.12$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,Medium parameters used:  $f = 3800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.20$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY52 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73) @ 3700 MHz, ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73) @ 3800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3700MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3800MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

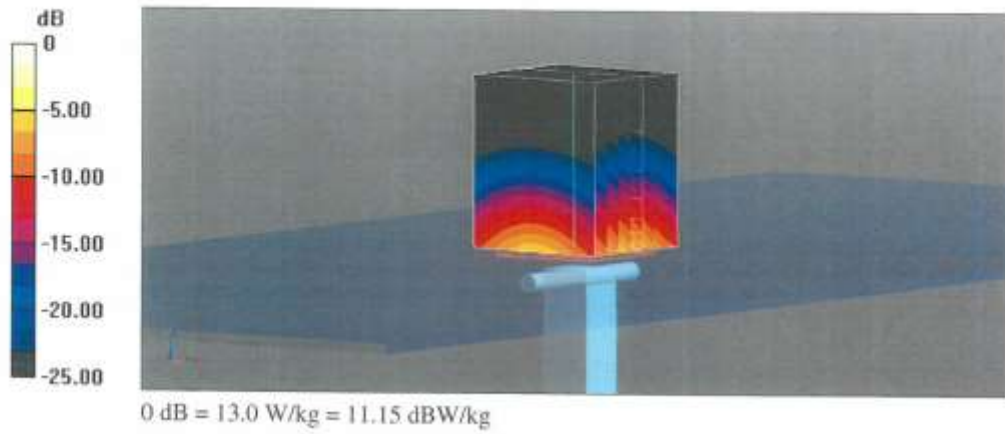
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg**

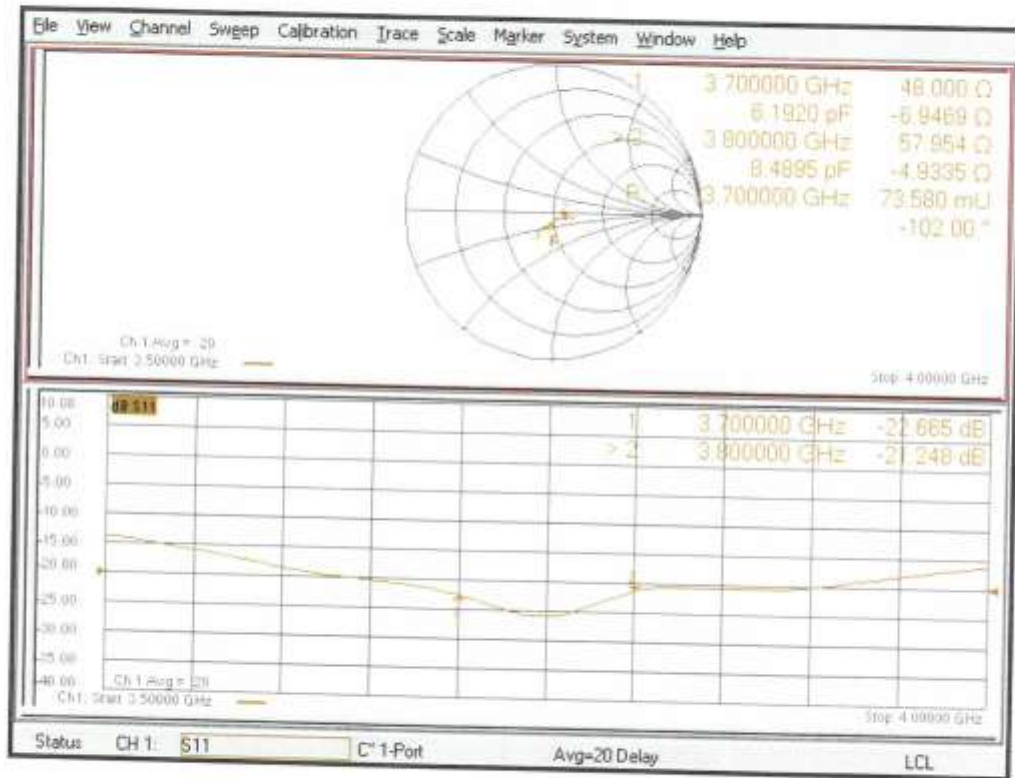
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 75%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### 5G Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1060\_Jun21**

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE  |   |                                   |                        |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Object   | D5GHzV2 - SN:1060   |                                   |                        |
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-22.v6<br>Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz |                                   |                        |
| Calibration date:  | June 22, 2021   |                                   |                        |
| <p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).<br/>The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p> |   |                                   |                        |
| Primary Standards  | ID #  | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Power meter NRP  | SN: 104778  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)   | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91   | SN: 103244  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)         | Apr-22                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91   | SN: 103245  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator   | SN: BH9394 (20k)  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)         | Apr-22                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination  | SN: 310982 / 06327  | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)         | Apr-22                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4   | SN: 3503  | 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)    | Dec-21                 |
| DAE4   | SN: 601   | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)    | Nov-21                 |
| Secondary Standards  | ID #  | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B   | SN: GB39512475  | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP B481A  | SN: US37292783  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP B481A  | SN: MY41092317  | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RIF generator R&S SM1-06   | SN: 100972  | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A  | SN: US41080477  | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |
| Calibrated by:   | Name<br>Michael Weber   | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br>          |
| Approved by:   | Name<br>Katja Pokovic   | Function<br>Technical Manager     | Signature<br>          |
|  |   |                                   | Issued: June 22, 2021  |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.  |   |                                   |                        |

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

TSL tissue simulating liquid  
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z  
N/A not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.9         | 4.71 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.6 ± 6 %   | 4.59 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.01 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 79.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.29 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

**Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.9         | 4.76 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.6 ± 6 %   | 4.64 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.25 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 81.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.35 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |  |                                  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5  | V52.10.4                         |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0  |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm  | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | $dx, dy = 4.0 \text{ mm}, dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$   | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5250 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz |                                  |

**Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature                 | Permittivity    | Conductivity                  |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C                     | 36.0            | 4.66 mho/m                    |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | $(22.0 \pm 0.2) \text{ °C}$ | $34.7 \pm 6 \%$ | $4.54 \text{ mho/m} \pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | $< 0.5 \text{ °C}$          | ----            | ----                          |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.04 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>79.7 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.29 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>22.7 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.6         | 4.96 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.3 ± 6 %   | 4.85 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.80 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>87.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.47 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.5         | 5.07 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.1 ± 6 %   | 4.95 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.45 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>83.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

**Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.4         | 5.22 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 33.9 ± 6 %   | 5.10 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.18 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 81.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.30 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

**Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.3         | 5.27 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 33.8 ± 6 %   | 5.15 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.19 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 81.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.31 W/kg                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.6 $\Omega$ - 6.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.3 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.9 $\Omega$ - 4.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.5 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.2 $\Omega$ - 3.3 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.6 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.1 $\Omega$ - 4.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.3 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.9 $\Omega$ + 0.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 28.4 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.8 $\Omega$ - 0.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 34.3 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 $\Omega$ - 2.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 31.0 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.201 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 22.06.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.54$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.59$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.64$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.85$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.95$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.1$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 33.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.15$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 33.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

**DASY52 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm**

Reference Value = 78.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm**

Reference Value = 80.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

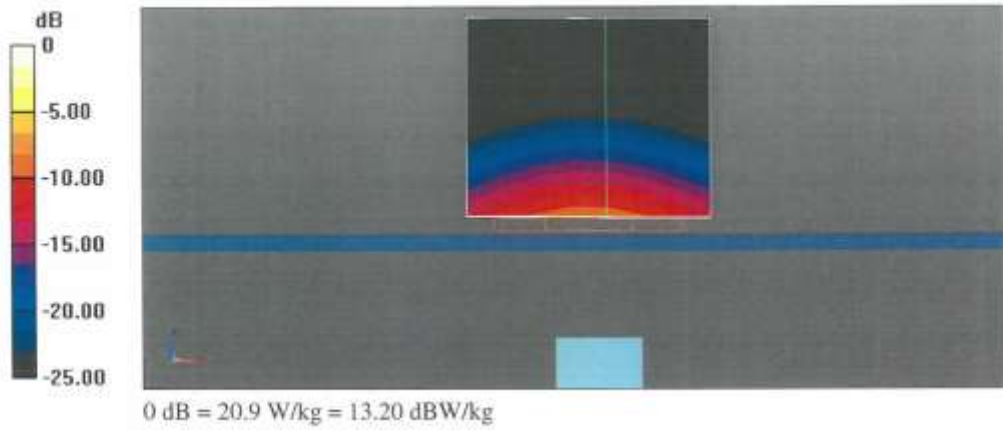
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 80.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.1%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 80.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.80 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.47 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.4%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 80.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.5%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

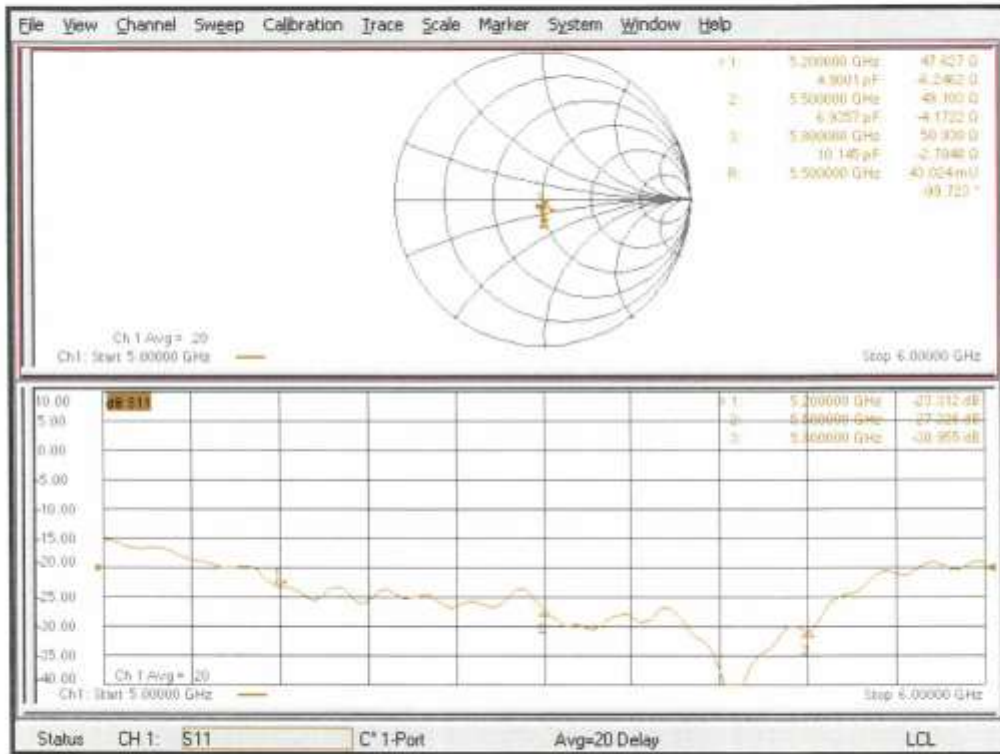
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 78.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.8%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 77.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.4%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

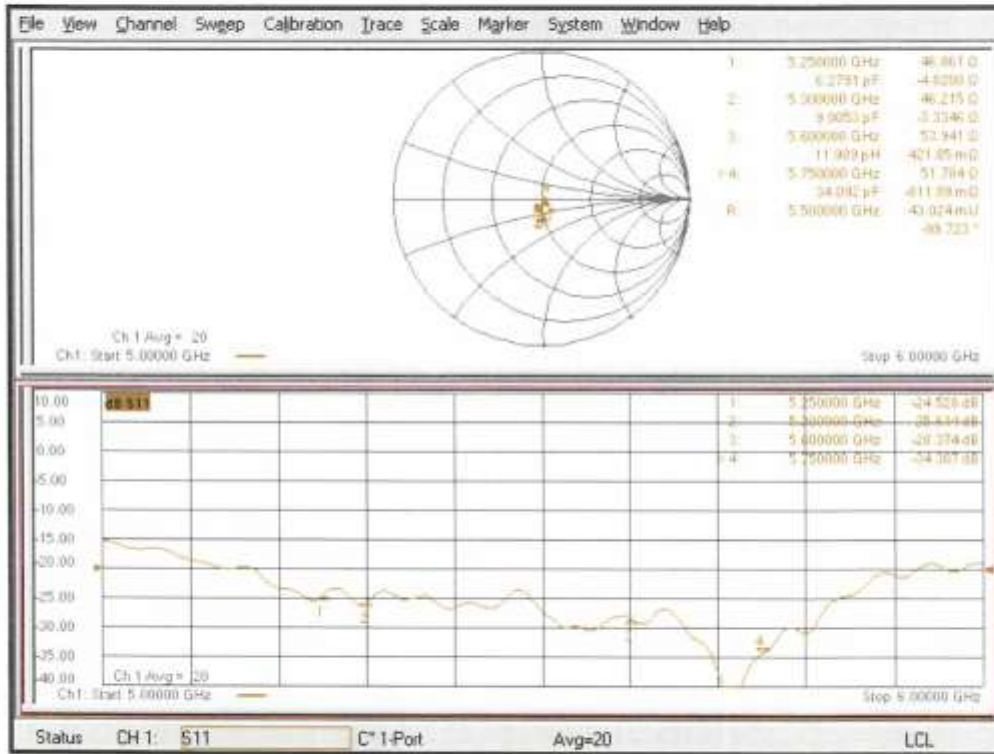




Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5500, 5800 MHz)

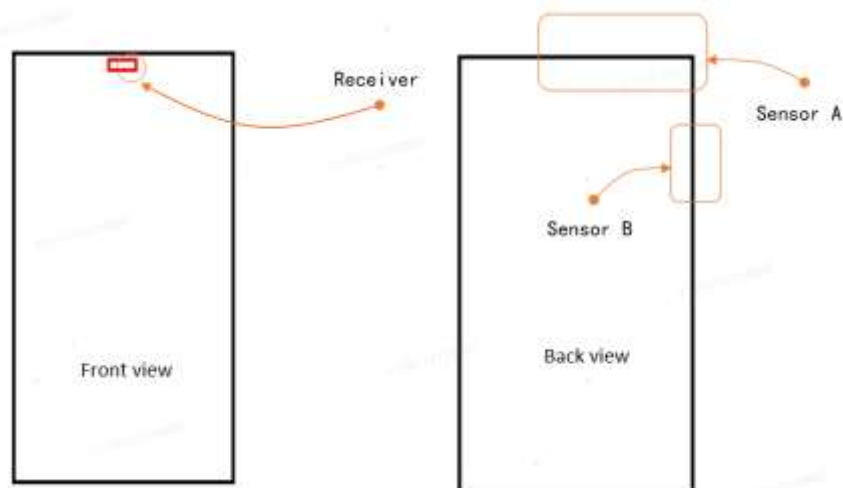
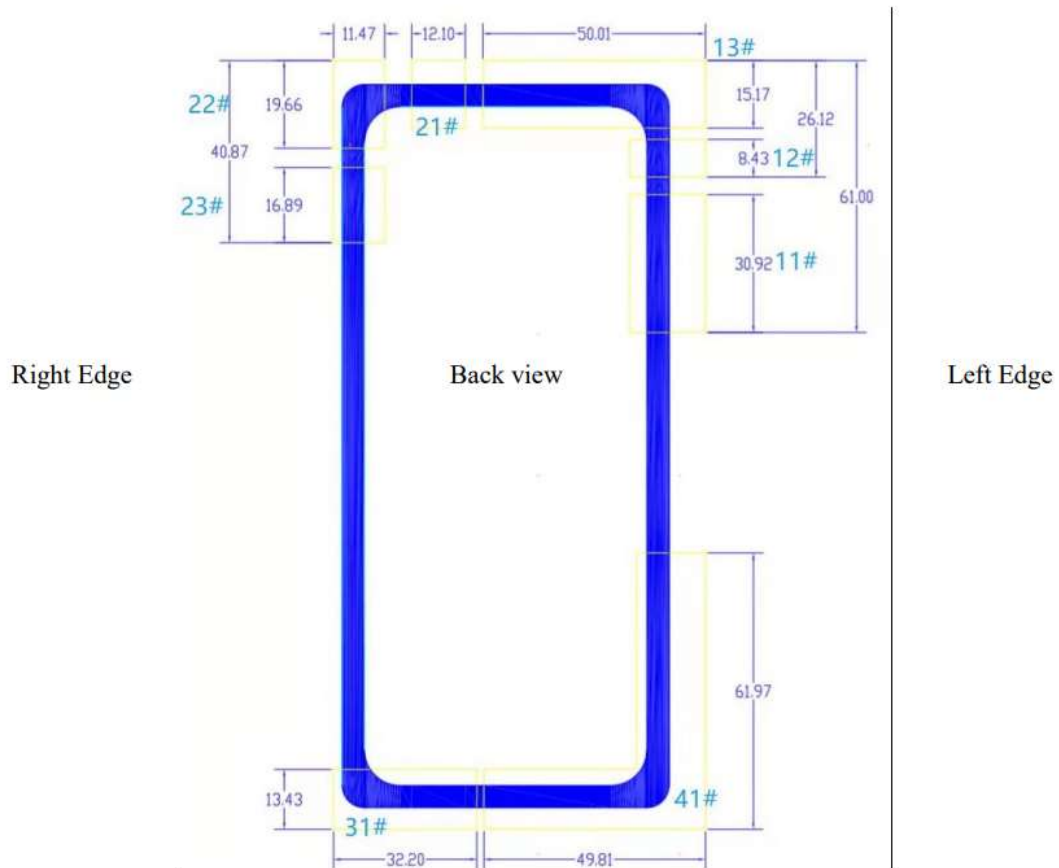


Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5250, 5300, 5600, 5750 MHz)



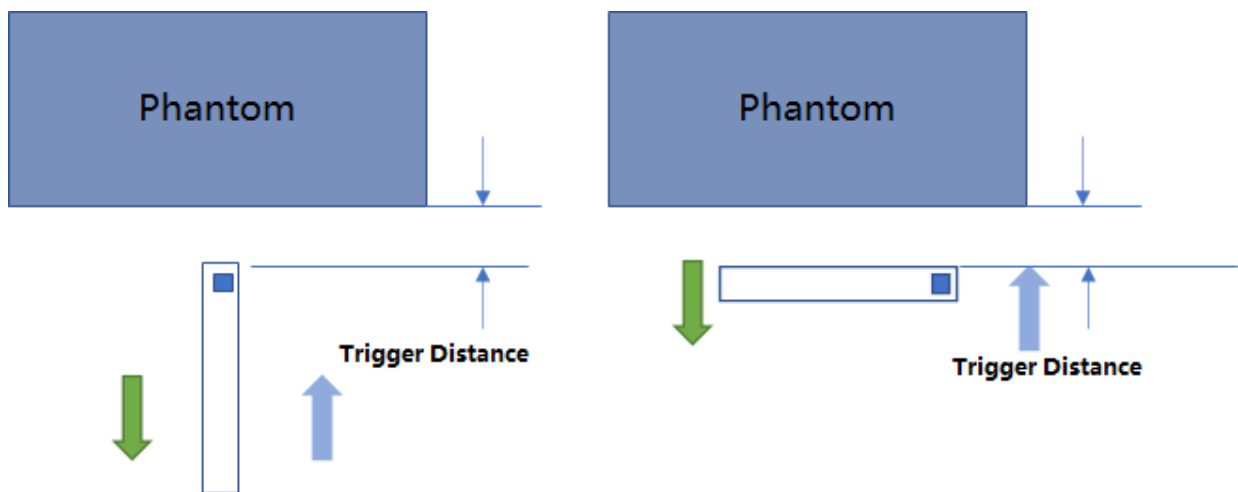
## ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

The DUT has the proximity sensors to reduce the output power. The position of the sensor and antenna are as shown in the graphic.



Rear, Front, Left Edge and Top Edge of the DUT was placed directly below the flat phantom. The DUT was moved toward the phantom in accordance with the steps outlined in KDB 616217 to determine the trigger distance for enabling power reduction. The DUT was moved away from the phantom to determine the trigger distance for resuming full power.

The DUT featured a visual indicator on its display that showed the status of the proximity sensor (Triggered or not triggered). This was used to determine the status of the sensor during the proximity sensor assessment as monitoring the output power directly was not practical without affecting the measurement. It was confirmed separately that the output power according to locking the proximity sensor status.



Blue arrow : Direction of DUT travel for determination of power reduction triggering point.

Green arrow: Direction of DUT travel for determination of normal power triggering point

When the visual indicator display is “CS0 turn green”, indicates that the status of the proximity sensor B is triggered, when the visual indicator display is “CS4 turn green”, indicates that the status of the proximity sensor A is triggered (see the figure below)



Fig1.sensor B is triggered



Fig2.Sensor A is triggered



**ANT 11**
**Rear**

Moving device toward the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Distance [mm]                | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11  | 10  | 9   |
| ANT11                        | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

Moving device away from the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance [mm]                | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  | 13  | 14  | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| ANT11                        | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

**Left Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Distance [mm]                | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16  | 15  | 14  | 13  | 12  |
| ANT11                        | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

Moving device away from the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance [mm]                | 12  | 13  | 14  | 15  | 16  | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| ANT11                        | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

**ANT 13**
**Front**

Moving device toward the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Distance [mm]                | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10  | 9   | 8   | 7   | 6   | 5   |
| ANT13                        | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

Moving device away from the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance [mm]                | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   | 9   | 10  | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| ANT13                        | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Distance [mm]                | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11  | 10  | 9   |
| ANT13                        | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

Moving device away from the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance [mm]                | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  | 13  | 14  | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| ANT13                        | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

### Top Edge

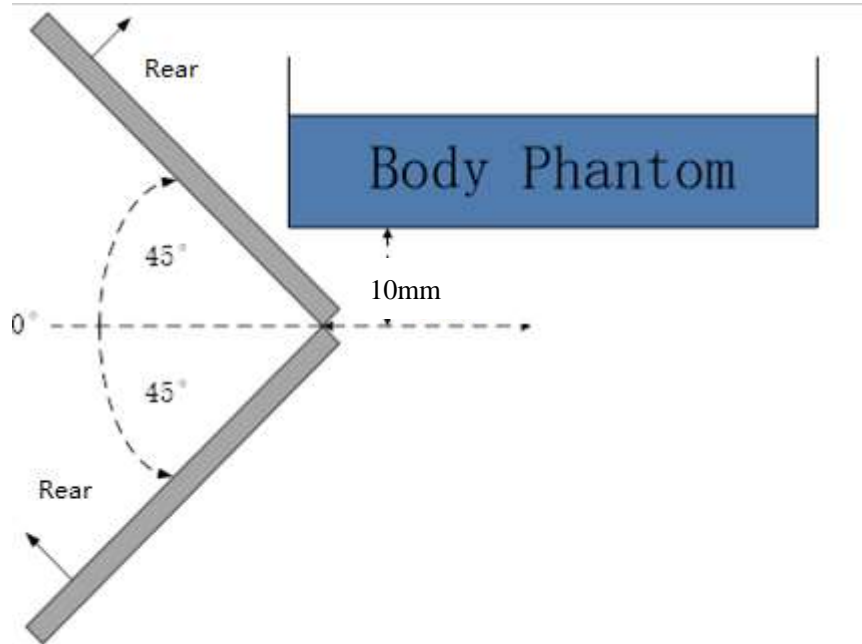
Moving device toward the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Distance [mm]                | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20  | 19  | 18  | 17  | 16  | 15  |
| ANT13                        | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

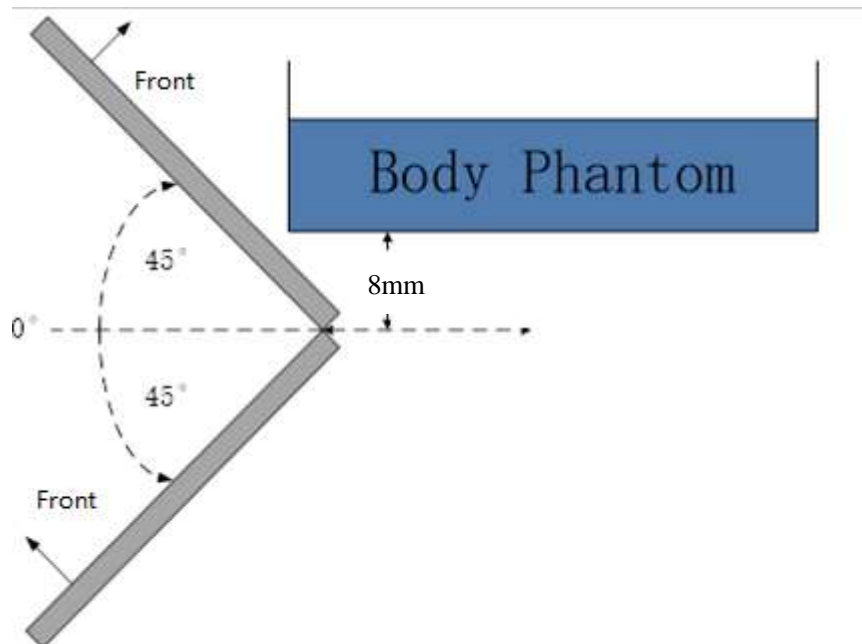
Moving device away from the phantom:

| sensor triggered (YES or NO) |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance [mm]                | 15  | 16  | 17  | 18  | 19  | 20  | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 2                            | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^\circ$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^\circ$  or more from the vertical position at  $0^\circ$ .

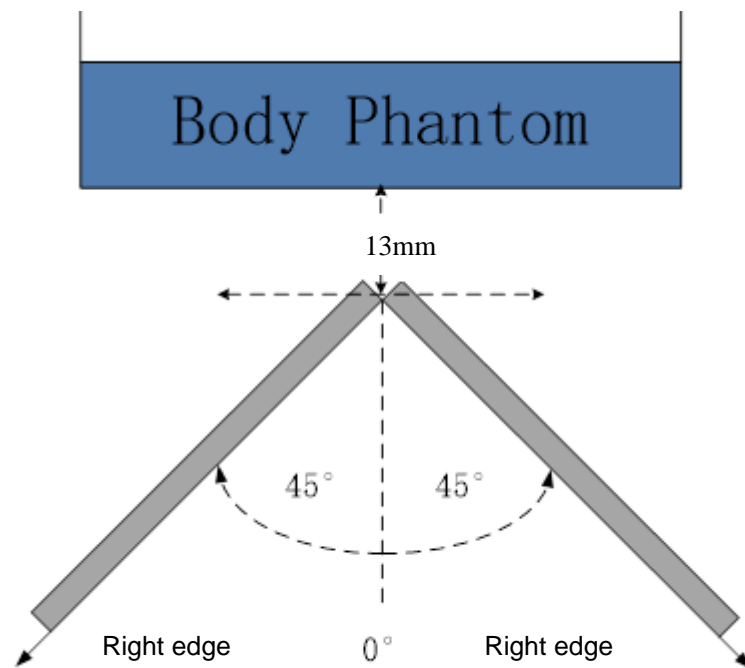


**The Rear evaluation**

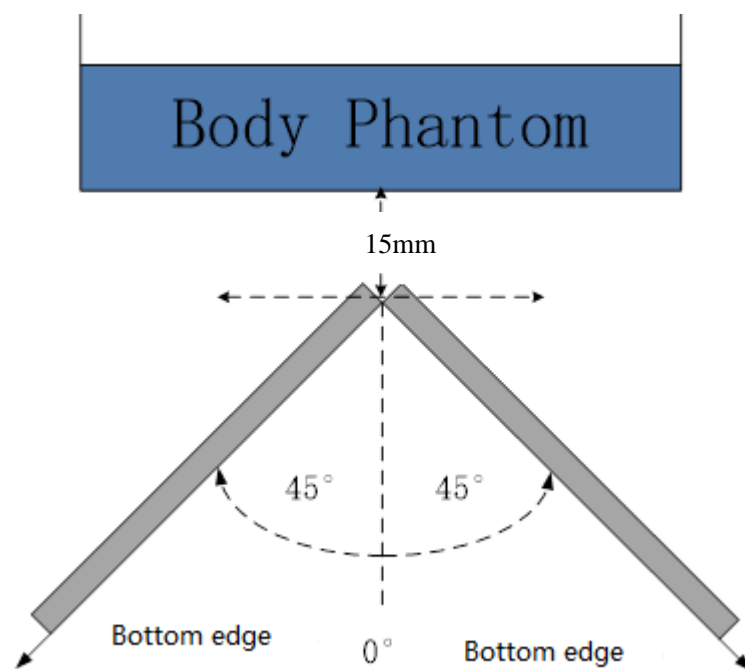


**The Front evaluation**





**The Left edge evaluation**



**The Top edge evaluation**

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the  $\pm 45^\circ$  range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

**ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>United States Department of Commerce<br/>National Institute of Standards and Technology</b>  |  |
|    |   |
| <hr/> <b>Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017</b> <hr/>   |  |
| NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0  |  |
| <b>Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT</b><br>Beijing<br>China   |  |
| <i>is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services,<br/>listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:</i>   |  |
| <b>Electromagnetic Compatibility &amp; Telecommunications</b>   |  |
| <i>This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.<br/>This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality<br/>management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated January 2009).</i> |  |
| <hr/> 2021-09-29 through 2022-09-30<br>Effective Dates  | <br><br><hr/> For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program |