

HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, HSA-PAC HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Hybrid Steering ESA Terminal &

ESA-MAC Full Dimension ESA Terminal

User Manual

Name: Hybrid Electronic Steering Terminal

Model Number: HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka

Name: Full Dimension Electronic Steering Terminal

Model Number: ESA-MAC











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Operating Instructions

The HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, HSA-PAC two-dimensional hybrid steering phased array terminals are satellite earth station antenna system for the implementation of Ka-band. The HSA-FUF full dimensional electronic steering phased array terminal is satellite earth station antenna system for the implementation of Ka-band. The use requires the setting of satellite parameters according to the different use cases and automatic alignment to the satellite.

The user manual provides operational instructions for the terminal for applications in Ka-band. But should take into account the specific modem and antenna electrical performance parameters. This manual is intended to provide technical support for personnel who responsible for the installation, commissioning and operation of hybrid steering phased array terminals.

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Electronic Emission Notices

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Safety Considerations

For the following safety considerations, "Instrument" means the 'HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka' units, components and their cables.

It is necessary to read the instructions carefully before using the HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka. The HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka usage shall be carried out in accordance with the described steps and methods to ensure the safety and accuracy of equipment operation.

For the following safety reasons, the "Operating Manual" is intended for the components of the portable satellite communication station and its cables. The manual must be read carefully before using the portable satellite communication station. The terminal should be used in accordance with the steps and methods described to ensure safe and accurate operation of the equipment.

Radio

The instrument transmits radio energy during normal operation. To avoid possible harmful exposure to this energy, do not stand or work for extended periods of time in front of its antenna. The long-term characteristics or the possible physiological effects of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic fields have not been yet fully investigated.

The device emits radio energy during normal operation. To avoid possible harmful exposure, do not stand in front of the antenna or work for long periods of time. The potential physiological effects caused by radiofrequency electromagnetic fields have not been fully studied.

Manufacturers shall ensure that the radio equipment is accompanied by instructions and safety information in a language which can be easily understood by consumers and other end-users, as determined by the Member State concerned. Instructions shall include the information required to use radio equipment in accordance with its intended use. Such information shall include, where applicable, a description of accessories and components, including software, which allow the radio equipment to operate as intended. Such instructions and safety information, as well as any labelling, shall be clear, understandable and intelligible. The following information shall also be included in the case of radio equipment intentionally emitting radio waves:

(a)frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment operates;

(b)maximum radio-frequency power transmitted in the frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment operates.

The satellite communication transmitting frequency and power are as follows



Model No.:	HSA-MAC, HT-ESA,HSA-PAC, ESA-MAC HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka
Software	KA_1.12B
Maximum E.I.R.P	78.71dBm

Caution

- 1. To avoid electrical shock, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so.
- 2. Before connecting this instrument to the power line, make sure that the voltage of the power source matches the requirements of the instrument.

Disposal of Electronic and Electrical Waste

Pursuant to the WEEE EU Directive electronic and electrical waste must not be disposed of with unsorted waste. Please contact your local recycling authority for disposal of this product.

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The HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka is a full satellite earth station system for communication in Ka-band. The satellite parameters shall be selected only according to the specific user conditions required.

The China Starwin HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka User Manual provides operational instructions, for the device, which are standard for applications in Ka-band. However, the specific modem and antenna electrical performance parameters need to be taken in account. This manual is intended for technicians responsible for the installing, setting up and operating of the HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka and for system administrators who are responsible for managing the system.



1 Introducing

1.1 Introducing HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Terminal

HSA-MAC and HT-ESA actually refer to the same product, in order to differentiate the promotion strategy for different customers, and mainly used as an earth station for satellite communications in COTM scenarios.

The HSA-MAC and HT-ESA terminal is a two-dimensional Ka band hybrid steering phased array terminal, with a fully dimension phased-array antenna (Includes beamforming chip, feed network and radiating antenna unit, with integrated FPGA beam processing circuit) on the antenna panel, compensate mechanical adjustment with mature and advanced motorized turntable; The antenna body adopts an integrated design, integrating the self-developed Ka band distributed transmit driven power amplifier, low loss receiving combined network, single Tx/Rx Ka band frequency conversion transceiver (built-in low phase noise local oscillation source), power management module, modem module, etc.; The two-dimensional hybrid steering (electric steering + mechanic steering) method can ensure that the phased array panel is always aligned with the satellite roughly in the normal direction, the Tx/Rx performance is basically equivalent to the dual channel number of full electronic steering performance, with highly integrated, low cost, low power consumption, high performance, fast satellite tracking and satellite switching characteristics, etc. The appearance is shown in Figure 1-1.



Figure 1-1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA COTM Terminal

Compared to full electronic steering phased array terminals, HSA-MAC and HT-ESA terminals of COTM in different satellite environments of HTS, GEO, MEO and LEO, through the innovative application of phased array technology and the combination of the compensating effect of mechanical adjustment, making full use of hybrid steering technology, under the condition of limited number of array unit channels. Higher Tx/Rx performance, lower array channel cost, and overall power consumption are also lower.

The HSA-MAC and HT-ESA terminal integrates mature and advanced two-dimensional mechanical steering technology, full electronic steering phased array technology and a miniaturized integrated design. Enhancing the practicality, scale and competitiveness of the production and application of this satellite terminal, which can quickly capture satellites anywhere and anytime to establish stable and reliable satellite communication links for vehicles, trains, vessels and aircraft.



1.2 Introducing HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal

HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka are portable communication equipments, mainly used as an earth station for satellite communication in COTP scenarios.

The HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka, terminal is a two-dimensional Ka band hybrid steering phased array terminal, with a fully dimension phased-array antenna (Includes beamforming chip, feed network and radiating antenna unit, with integrated FPGA beam processing circuit) on the antenna panel, compensate mechanical adjustment with mature and advanced motorized turntable; The antenna body adopts an integrated design, integrating the self-developed Ka band distributed transmit driven power amplifier, low loss receiving combined network, single Tx/Rx Ka band frequency conversion transceiver (built-in low phase noise local oscillation source), power management module, modem module, etc.; The two-dimensional hybrid steering (electric steering + mechanic steering) method can ensure that the phased array panel is always aligned with the satellite roughly in the normal direction, the Tx/Rx performance is basically equivalent to the dual channel number of full electronic steering performance, with highly integrated, low cost, low power consumption, high performance, fast satellite tracking and satellite switching characteristics, etc. The appearance is shown in Figure 1-2.



Figure 1-2 HSA-PAC COTP Terminal



Figure 1-3 HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal

Compared to full electronic steering phased array terminals, HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka terminals of COTP in different satellite environments of HTS, GEO, MEO and LEO, through the innovative application of phased array technology and the combination of the compensating effect of mechanical adjustment, making full use of hybrid steering technology, under the condition of limited number of array unit channels. Higher Tx/Rx performance, lower array channel cost, and overall power consumption are also lower.

The HSA-PAC terminal integrates mature and advanced two-dimensional mechanical steering technology, full electronic steering phased array technology and a miniaturized integrated design. Enhancing the practicality, scale and competitiveness of the production and application of this satellite terminal, which can quickly capture satellites anywhere and anytime to establish stable and reliable satellite communication links for COTP scenarios.

1.3 Introducing ESA-MAC Terminal

As a full dimension ESA terminal ESA-MAC mainly used as an earth station for satellite communications in COTM scenarios and scenes with extremely demanding contour height restrictions. The ESA-MAC terminal is a electronic steering phased array terminal, with a fully dimension phased-array antenna (Includes beamforming chip, feed network and radiating antenna unit, with integrated FPGA beam processing circuit) on the antenna panel; The antenna body adopts an integrated design, integrating the self-developed Ka band distributed transmit driven power amplifier, low loss receiving combined network, single Tx/Rx Ka band frequency conversion transceiver (built-in low phase noise local oscillation source), power management module, modem module, etc. The appearance is shown in Figure 1-3.



Figure 1-4 ESA-MAC COTM Terminal

Starwin Ka-band full dimension ESA terminal integrates the electronic steering phased array antenna, control unit, up&down converter and satellite router into one unit under one radome and the wireless access function is also included, which makes the terminal easy to deploy. The electronic steering beam enables high speed satellite tracking. No moving mechanical parts design ensures the high reliability of the terminal. These special features enable Ka-Band ESA terminal to deliver the innovative universal broadband solutions for COTM (Communication On The Move), making satellite communication simple & easy.

2 Terminal Features

2.1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Terminal Features

- Unique Design: With mechanic and electronic steering combined system, wider EL scan angle with low loss from EIRP and G/T in normal direction;
- High Integration: All in one, fully 2D phased array, ACU, satellite Modem, Up & Down converter are all integrated in one outdoor unit;
- Proven technology of beam forming to track and switch among multi orbit networks of GEO, LEO and MEO:
- Convenience: With ultra-portability without complex installation, cabling, connection and commission processing on site;
- Flexible and Scalable: Manifold application for mobile broadband connectivity under GEO, MEO and LEO.
 - -Mobile (Vehicle&Train -COTM)
 - -Maritime (Shipping Vessels-COTM)
 - -Aero (Airplane and UAV-COTM)

2.2 HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal Features

- Unique Design: With mechanic and electronic steering combined system, wider EL scan angle with low loss from EIRP and G/T in normal direction;
- ❖ High Integration: all in one, fully 2D phased array, ACU, satellite Modem, Up & Down converter are all integrated in one outdoor unit;
- Proven technology of beam forming to track and switch among multi orbit networks of GEO, LEO and MEO;



- Convenience: With ultra-portability without complex installation, cabling, connection and commission processing on site;
- Flexible and Scalable: Manifold application for mobile broadband connectivity under GEO, MEO and LEO.
 - -Land (Fixed Platform-COTP)

2.3 ESA-MAC Terminal Features

- ❖ High speed tracking: Fully electronic steering satellite beam
- High integration: All in one, phased array, ACU, satellite Modem, Up&Down Converter are all integrated in one outdoor unit
- High reliability: Solid State circuit, no moving mechanical parts inside
- Simple Setting up: No need satellite technician for installation, cabling, connection and commission etc.
- Easy Operation: Access satellite broadband in wireless way by smartphone or laptop.
- Scalable Option: Can be scalable per request
- Wide application: Work for mobile broadband connectivity under GEO, MEO and LEO.
 - -Mobile (Vehicle&Train -COTM)
 - -Maritime (Shipping Vessels-COTM)
 - -Aero (Airplane and UAV-COTM)
- Cost Effectiveness: Fully R&D and production by Starwin come down production cost

3 Technical Specification

3.1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Technical Specification

Ka Band Hybrid ESA Terminal				
	Overall Specification	s of Terminal		
Model HSA-MAC Dynamic Capture Time of First Boot		≤ 2.5min		
Name	LeopardWin	Static Capture Time of First Boot	≤ 2min	
Туре	Ka band Hybrid ESA COTM Terminal	-		
Tx	29.25~30.0 GHz	Recapture Time	< 15sec (Duration of occlusion ≤5min)	
Rx	18.3~18.8 GHz 19.7~20.2GHz	After Loss	<25sec (Duration of occlusion >5min)	
Tracking Accuracy	≤ 0.2°	Applicable Satellite Type	HTS GEO, MEO and LEO	



		<u> </u>	26.55 GHz, 27.4 GHz,	
Rx LO.	18.25 GHz, 19.25 GHz	Tx LO.		
			28.05 GHz, 29.05GHz	
Scan Mode	Hybrid Steering (2D Electronic Steering + 2D Mechanical Steering)	Beam Switching Time	≤ 3ms	
	IF Specificat	ions	l	
Input Po	ower (Modem Output)	-35	~ 0dBm	
IF Inp	ut (Modem Output)	0.95 GHz ~ 1.8 GHz	z, 0.95 GHz ~ 1.95 GHz	
IF Out	put (Modem Input)	0.95 GHz ~ 1.45 GH	z, 0.95 GHz ~ 1.95 GHz	
Internal Modem	Customized	External Modem	Customized	
	RF Specificat	l tions		
EIRP	≥ 48.7dBW@ Normal	G/T	≥ 11.4dB/K@ Normal	
Polarization	Full polarization, automatic switching	Azimuth Range	Unlimited	
X-Pol Isolation	>30dB@90°	Hybrid Elevation Steering Range	70°~ 110° @ Scanning Gain Loss ≤ 0.1dB (90° means the antenna is horizontal) Note	
	≤0.1dB@	Elevation from 70-110	0	
Scanning Gain	≤0.8dB@ Elevation 60°			
Loss	≤2dE	B@ Elevation 45°		
(Hybrid Steering)	≤3dE	3@ Elevation 30°		
	≤4.5dB@ Elevation 15°			
	Interface			
Power Interface	Waterproof Quick Plug	Network Interface	Waterproof Quick Plug	
IF Interface (Tx)	SMA	IF Interface (Rx)	SMA	
Physical Dimensions and Electrical Specifications				
Outline Dimension	609×509×180mm	Power Input (With Adapter)	AC 90 ~ 264V/50Hz	
Weight	≤ 17kg	Power Input (Without Adapter)	DC 28V±3%	
Power Consumption	≤ 350 W			

	Environmental Specifications				
Wind Speed	150km/h	Ingress Protection	IP66		
Operation	-25°C ~ +55°C (Standard)	Storage	-40 °C to +85 °C		
Temperature	-40 °C ~ +70 °C (Customizable)	Temperature	-40 C t0 +65 C		
Humidity		5 ~ 95%			

3.2 HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Technical Specification

		The Burne Try Sind LO	Ka Band Hybrid ESA Terminal				
	Overall Specifications of Terminal						
		HSA-PAC	Static Capture Time of First	≤ 2min			
Model	COTP	HSA-FAC					
		ESA-IOT-Ka	Boot	– 2			
Name		PenguinWin					
Туре		Ka band Hybrid ESA COTP terminal	Mechanical Steering Type	Auto			
				< 15sec			
Тх		29.25~30.0 GHz	Recapture Time After Loss	(Duration of occlusion ≤5min)			
_		18.3~18.8 GHz		<25sec			
Rx		19.7~20.2GHz		(Duration of occlusion >5min)			
Tracking Acc	uracy	≤ 0.2°	Applicable Satellite Type	HTS GEO, MEO and LEO			
Rx LO.		18.25 GHz, 19.25 GHz	Tx LO.	26.55 GHz, 27.4 GHz,			
			12.20	28.05 GHz, 29.05 GHz			
Scan Mod	de	Hybrid Steering (2D Electronic Steering + 2D Mechanical Steering)	Beam Switching Time	≤ 3ms			
	IF Specifications						
Input	Input Power (Modem Output)			-35 ~ 0dBm			
IF I	IF Input (Modem Output)			Hz, 0.95 GHz ~ 1.95 GHz			
IF (Output (Mo	odem Input)	0.95 GHz ~ 1.45 G	Hz,0.95 GHz ~ 1.95GHz			
Internal Mo	dem	Customized	External Modem	Customized			



RF Specifications					
EIRP			≥ 48.7dBW@ Normal	G/T	≥8.4dB/K@ Normal
Polariz	atio	n	Full polarization, automatic switching	Azimuth Range	Unlimited
X-Pol Isolation		on	>30dB@90°	Hybrid Elevation Steering Range	0°~ 180° (90° means the antenna is horizontal)
			Interface		
Power In	terfa	ace	Waterproof Quick Plug	Network Interface	Waterproof Quick Plug
IF Interfa	ice (Tx)	SMA	IF Interface (Rx)	SMA
Physi			sical Dimensions and Elec	trical Specification	ns
	HSA-PAC		480x460x210mm	Power Input (With Adapter)	AC 90 ~ 264V/50Hz
Outline Dimension	HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT- Ka		480x460x170mm		
	HS	A-PAC	≤ 14 kg	Danier Innert	
Weight	HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT- Ka		≤ 12 kg	Power Input (Without Adapter)	DC 28V±3%
Power Con	sum	ption		≤ 200W	
	Environmental Specifications				
Wind Speed		СОТР	The terminal works normally when the wind speed is in the range of 17.2-20.7m/s (61.92-74.52Km/h) (33.5-40.3 mph)	Ingress Protection	IP66
Opera Tempe			-25°C ~ +55°C (Standard) -40 °C ~ +70 °C (Customizable)	Storage Temperature	-40 °C to +85 °C
Humi	dity			6 ~ 95%	

3.3 ESA-MAC Technical Specification

Overall Specifications				
Model No.	ESA-MAC			
Antenna Type	Electronic Steering Phased Array			
	RF Performance			
	TX 29.25~30.0 GHz,			
Frequency Range	RX 18.3~18.8 GHz,19.7~20.2GHz			
	≥ 48.7 dBW @ Normal			
	(Normal direction =Elevation 90°)			
EIRP	≥ 47.7 dBW@ 30°			
LIKF	(30°off axial angel= Elevation angle 60°)			
	≥ 44.2 dBW@ 60°			
	(60°off axial angel= Elevation angle 30°)			
	≥ 8.4 dB/K @ Normal			
	(Normal direction =Elevation 90°)			
G/T	≥ 7.4 dB/K@ 30°			
G/1	(30°off axial angel= Elevation angle 60°)			
	≥ 3.9 dB/K@ 60°			
	(60°off axial angel= Elevation angle 30°)			
Applicable Satellite Type	for GEO (HTS), MEO and LEO (Optional)			
Polarization	LHCP/RHCP Switchable			
Axis Ratio	≤3dB (Electronically Controlled)			
X-Pol Isolation	>30dB@ Normal			
Coverage	0-360° @ azimuth, Off axis Angle 0° to 60°			
Inte	grated Tracking System			
Tracking Accuracy	<0.2°			
Integrated Tracking Type	<dvb-s, dvb-s2,="" dvb-s2x<="" th=""></dvb-s,>			
Beam Switching Time	≤3ms (any position)			
Dynamic Capture Time of First	≤ 2.5min			
Boot				
Static Capture Time of First Boot	≤ 2min			
Decenture Time After Leas	<15sec (Duration of occlusion ≤5min)			
Recapture Time After Loss	<25sec (Duration of occlusion >5min)			
Scan Mode	Electronic Steering + 2D			

In	tegrated Ka Up-Down Converter				
	RX: 950 ~ 1450 MHz, 950 ~ 1950 MHz				
IF Frequency	TX: 950 ~ 1800 MHz, 950 ~ 1950 MHz				
IF Input Power (Modem Output)	-35 ~ 0dBm				
LO.	Rx: 18.25/19.25 GHz				
10.	Tx: 26.25/27.40/28.05/29.05 GHz				
	≤-60dBc/Hz (@100Hz), ≤-70dBc/Hz (@1kHz)				
Phase Noise	≤-80dBc/Hz (@10kHz), ≤-90dBc/Hz (@100kHz)				
	≤-120dBc/Hz (@1MHz)				
	Modem				
Internal /External Modem	Customizable				
	Mechanical				
Dimensions	480x460x70mm				
Weight	≤12kg				
	Environmental En				
Operating Temperature	-25°C ~ +55°C (Standard), -40 °C ~ +70 °C (Customizable)				
Storage Temperature	-40 °C ~ +85 °C				
Humidity	5 ~ 95%				
Wind Speed	150km/h				
Ingress Protection	IP66				
	Power				
DC Power Supply	(With Adapter) AC 90 ~ 264V/50~60Hz				
Do Fower Supply	(Without Adapter) 28VDC±5%				
Power Consumption	≤300W				
	Interfaces				
IF TX/IF RX	SMA				
Network Interface	Waterproof Quick Plug				
Power Interface	Waterproof Quick Plug				

4 Packing List

(1) External Packing of Terminal as Follows:

- Terminal
- Power adapters (adapters are configured according to the user's location)
- Network cable
- RF cable
- Mounting accessories
- Other customized accessories
- User manuals

(2) Internal Packing of Terminal as Follows:

- Fully electronic steering phased array antenna
- Converter components
- ❖ GPS module
- Heat dissipation components
- Satellite searching control and power supply module
- Wireless router
- Modem module



4.1 Unpacking and Inspection

i. HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC Structure Diagram

When you receive the system containers, unpack and inspect the components and hardware to ensure that all parts have been received in good condition. The box should contain the items listed as below:

Item	Photo	Part Name	Quantity	Remarks
1		Terminal	1	Standard
2		Network Cable	1	Standard
3		Power Adapter	1	Standard
4		RF Cable	2	Standard
5		Carton Box	1	Standard
6	1	Mounting Accessories	1	Standard
8	1	User Manual	1	Standard

ii. HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Structure Diagram

When you receive the system containers, unpack and inspect the components and hardware to ensure that all parts have been received in good condition. The box should contain the items listed as below:

Item	Photo	Part Name	Quantity	Remarks
1		HSA-FAC, ESA- IOT-Ka Terminal	1	Standard
3		Bracket	1	Standard
4		Hardware Components	1	Standard
5		Adapter board	1	Standard
6		Network Cable	1	Standard
7		Power Adapter	1	Standard
8		RF Cable	2	Standard
9		Carton Box	1	Standard
10	/	Mounting Accessories	1	Standard
11	/	User Manual	1	Standard

4.2 Freight Damage

If any parts appear to have been damaged in transit, immediately contact the freight carrier.

4.3 Material-Missing or Damage

If any parts appear to be missing or damaged, but not as a result of handling in transit, contact your dealer or distributor.

4.4 Terminal Access Details

❖ Terminal Serial NO.(S/ N):

XXXXXXXXXXXX (XXXX is the number of the following equipment)

❖ Modem:IQ200 (Take the IQ200 as example)

IP:192.168.0.1

User: admin Password: iDirect

DVB:

IP:192.168.0.2

User: N/A Password: N/A

❖ Wi-Fi Router:

SSID: HI_LINKxxxxx Password: 12345678

Default IP Address: 192.168.0.254

Login Username: admin Login Password: admin

4.5 Matters Needing Attention

- (1) The Terminal is a valuable instrument treat it with care.
- (2) Store the Terminal in a dry environment.
- (3) After use in rainy and snowy weather, the Terminal shall be dried and stored.



5 Terminal Mechanical Layout

5.1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Terminal Mechanical Layout

i. HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Structure Diagram

As shown in Figure 5-1, the Terminal mainly consists of the antenna body and the electrically adjustable turntable.

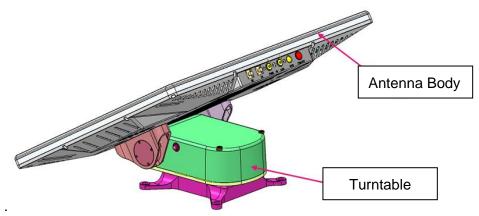


Figure 5-1 Terminal Structure Diagram

ii. Terminal Dimensions

Terminal appearance and dimension drawing (unit: mm), as shown in Figure 5-2.

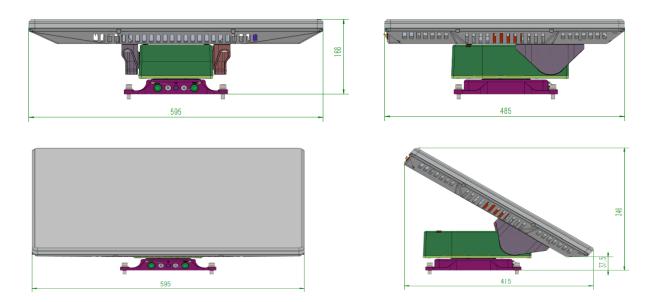


Figure 5-2 Terminal Dimensions

iii. Terminal Installation

Remove the HT-ESA terminal and mounting profile from the box, fix the mounting profile to the surface to be mounted (e.g. vehicle luggage rack) with screws and nuts, align the 4 fixing holes of the terminal turntable with the holes in the mounting profile, the screws pass through 4 mounting holes and tighten



them with nuts as shown in Figure 5-3.

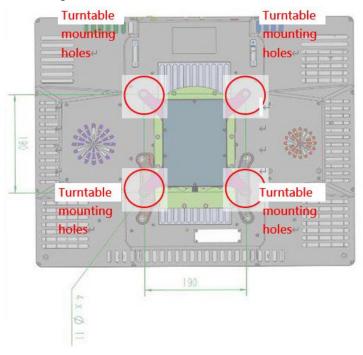


Fig. 5-3 Terminal Installation

5.2 HSA-PAC Terminal Mechanical Layout

i. HAS-PUF Structure Diagram

As shown in Figure 5-4, the Terminal mainly consists of the antenna body and the electrically adjustable turntable.

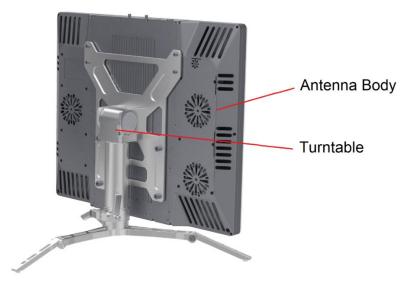


Figure 5-4 Terminal Structure Diagram

ii. Terminal Dimensions

Terminal appearance and dimension drawing (unit: mm), as shown in Figure 5-5.

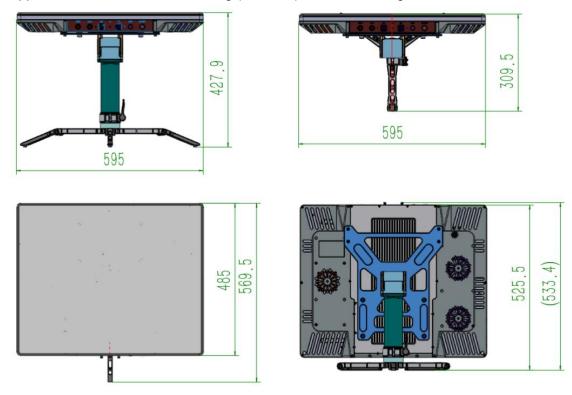


Figure 5-5 Terminal Dimensions

iii. Terminal Installation

Remove the HSA-PAC terminal and mounting profile from the box, fix the mounting profile to the surface to be mounted (e.g. vehicle luggage rack) with screws and nuts, align the 4 fixing holes of the terminal turntable with the holes in the mounting profile, the screws pass through 4 mounting holes and tighten them with nuts as shown in Figure 5-6.

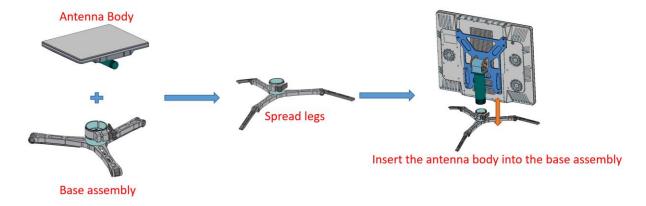


Fig. 5-6 Terminal Installation

5.3 ESA-MAC Terminal Mechanical Layout

i. ESA-MAC Structure Diagram

As shown in Figure 5-7, the Terminal mainly consists of the antenna body.



Figure 5-7 Terminal Structure Diagram

ii. Terminal Dimensions

Terminal appearance and dimension drawing (unit: mm), as shown in Figure 5-8.

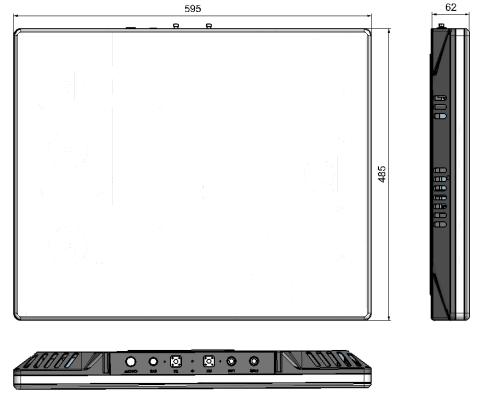


Figure 5-8 Terminal Dimensions

iii. Terminal Installation

Remove the HT-ESA terminal and mounting profile from the box, fix the mounting profile to the surface to be mounted (e.g. vehicle luggage rack) with screws and nuts, align the 4 fixing holes of the terminal turntable with the holes in the mounting profile, the screws pass through 4 mounting holes and tighten them with nuts as shown in Figure 5-9.

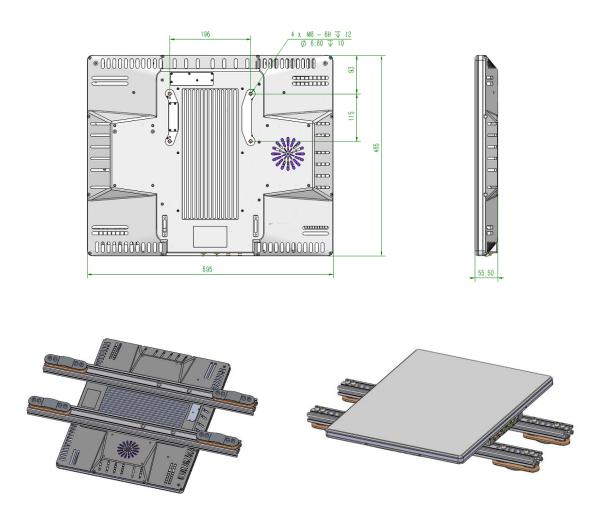


Fig. 5-9 Terminal Installation

5.4 HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal Mechanical Layout

i. Structure Diagram

As shown in Figure 5-9, the Terminal mainly consists of the antenna body and the electrically adjustable turntable.

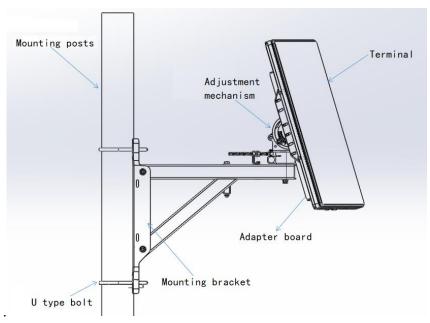


Figure 5-9 Terminal Structure Diagram

ii. Terminal Dimensions

Terminal appearance and dimension drawing (unit: mm), as shown in Figure 5-10.

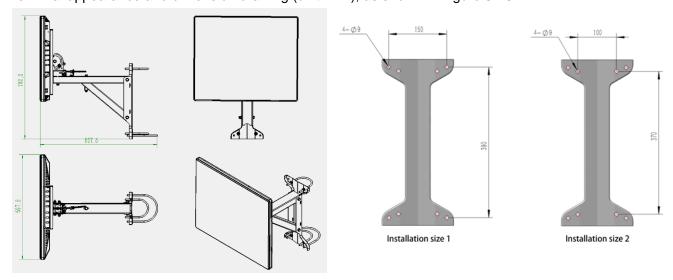


Figure 5-10 Terminal Dimensions and The position of installation hole

iii. Terminal Installation

Remove the HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka terminal and mounting profile from the box, fix the mounting profile to the surface to be mounted (e.g. vehicle luggage rack) with screws and nuts, align the 4 fixing holes of the terminal turntable with the holes in the mounting profile, the screws pass through 4 mounting holes and tighten them with nuts as shown in Figure 5-10.



The antenna can be fixed on the wall by the wall mounting type, and it can be fixed on the trunk or pole by the steel hoops.

1) Install the adapter board on the Terminal

Install the adapter plate on the Terminal using screws and nuts as shown in Figure 5-11.

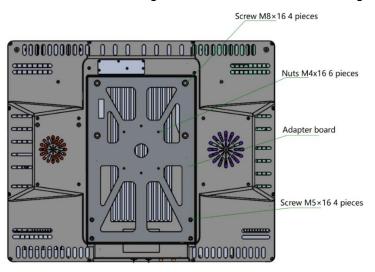


Figure 5-3 Installation diagram of the bracket

2) Installation diagram of the bracket

Complete the bracket with screws and nuts as shown in Figure 5-12.

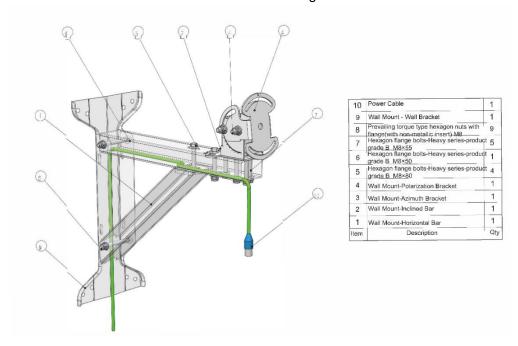


Figure 5-12 Installation diagram of the bracket

3) Install the bracket on the pole with U type bolt(steel hoops)

The installation of the bracket is shown as shown in Figure 5-13.



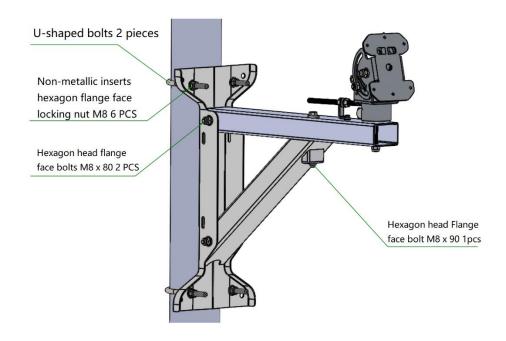


Figure 5-13 Installation diagram of the bracket

4) Install the Terminal whose adapter has been installed to the bracket

Special Note: During the first installation, ensure that Terminal's antenna array is roughly aligned with the direction of the target satellite.

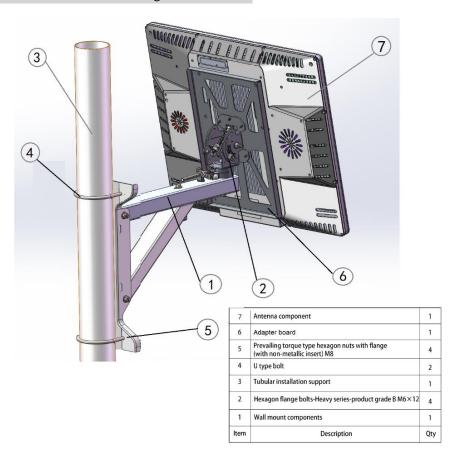


Figure 5-14 Installation diagram of the steel hoops type

6 Interface Definition and Access

6.1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Interface Definition and Access

i. Interface Definition

There are five main interfaces between the main body of the terminal and the physical interface of the turntable as follows:

Power Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with an adapter;

LAN Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with a network cable;

RF Port: SMA interface, connected with an RF cable when an external modem is used;

Switch Button: When the Terminal off, press once briefly to switch the Terminal on, press once more briefly to switch the Terminal off;

Status Indicator:

Description of the Indicator Status			
Green Quick Flash	Aligning Satellite		
Green Slow Flash	Satellite Alignment Completed		
Always on red	Fault Prompt		

The specific interfaces are defined as shown in Figure 6-1 below.

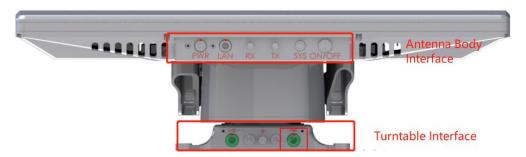


Figure 6-1 HSA-MAC and HT-ESA Interface Definition

PWR (Antenna Body)	Power Supply Cable Port
LAN (Antenna Body)	Network Cable Connect Port
RX	RF Rx Port
ТХ	RF Tx Port
SYS	Status Indicator
ON/OFF	Power On or Off the Terminal
LAN (Turntable)	Network Cable Connect Port
PWR (Turntable)	Power Supply Cable Port

ii. Power Supply Access

Insert the red dot on the aviation plug end of the matching power adapter, aligning it with the red dot on the PWR connector of the turntable, and then insert the plug end of the adapter connect to 220V AC power. As shown in Figure 6-2.

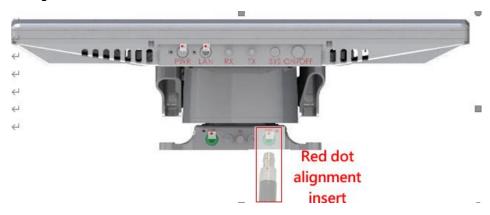


Figure 6-2 Power Supply Access

iii. Data Access

The HT-ESA Terminal has two types of data access: Wired access and Wireless access.

Wired Access: Use the matching network cable access to insert the red dot of the aviation plug end of the cable against the red dot of the LAN port of the Terminal, and another end into the RJ45 interface of the wired network equipment, as shown in Figure 6-3.

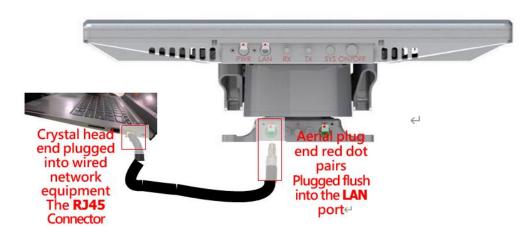


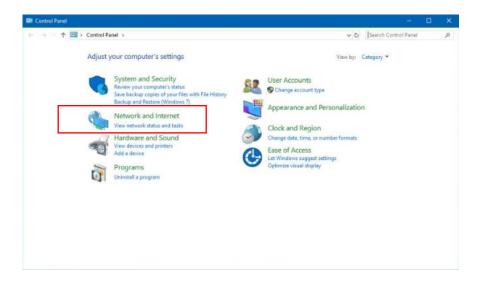
Figure 6-3 Data Access

Wireless Access (WiFi Access): Refer to the Terminal WiFi SSID and password described in **Section 4.4 User access information**, use a device with WiFi function to search for the WiFi SSID issued by the HT-ESA Terminal and enter the corresponding password to connect.

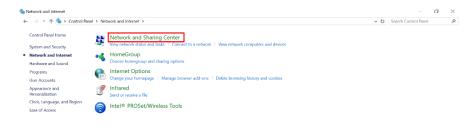
Before carrying out service data transmission, the IP transfer mode of the wired network equipment needs to be set to DHCP, as follows.

(1) In the Control Panel, click on "Network and Internet"

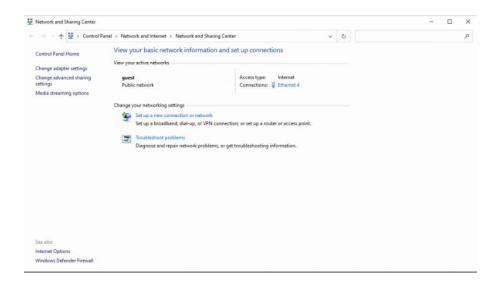




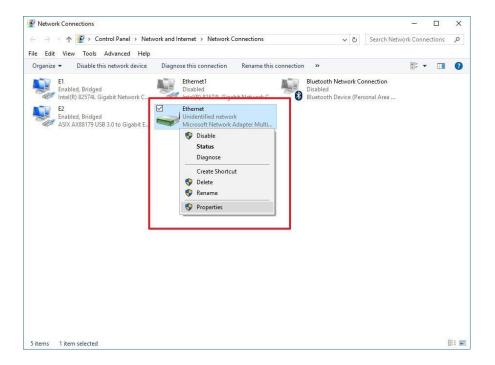
(2) Click on "Network and Sharing Centre" and go to the next level.



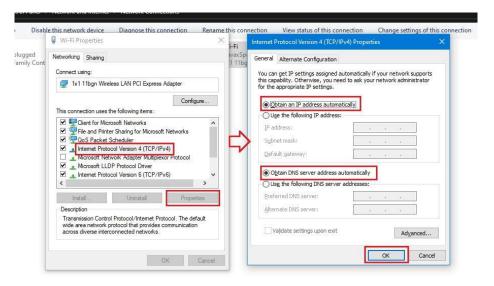
(3) Click on "Change adapter settings" to access the network adapter menu.



(4) Right-click on "Ethernet" and select "Properties".



- (5) Double-click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)" to go to the next level of general settings.
- (6) Click on the radio button before "Obtain IP address automatically", click on the radio button before "Obtain DNS server automatically" and finally click on the confirm button.



iv. RF Cable Access

When external modem is connected, one end of the RF cable is connected to the terminal RF transmitting port and the other end is connected to the modem RF transmitting port; Then the other RF cable is connected to the terminal RF receiving port at one end and the modem RF receiving port at the other end. As shown in Figure 6-4.



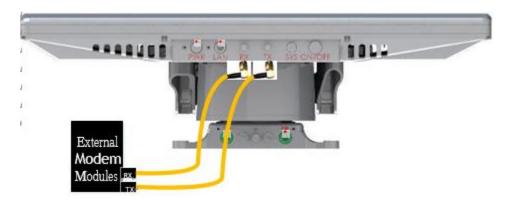


Figure 6-4 RF cable access

6.2 HSA-PAC Interface Definition and Access

i. Interface Definition

There are five main interfaces between the main body of the terminal and the physical interface of the turntable as follows:

Power Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with an adapter;

LAN Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with a network cable;

RF Port: SMA interface, connected with an RF cable when an external modem is used;

Switch Button: When the Terminal off, press once briefly to switch the Terminal on, press once more briefly to switch the Terminal off;

Status Indicator:

Description of the Indicator Status		
Green Quick Flash Aligning Satellite		
Green Slow Flash Satellite Alignment Completed		
Always on red Fault Prompt		

The specific interfaces are defined as shown in Figure 6-5 below.

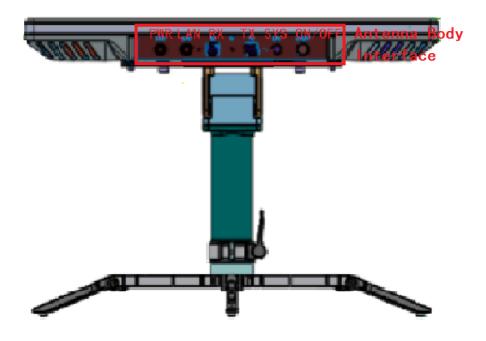


Figure 6-5 HSA-PAC Interface Definition

PWR (Antenna Body)	Power Supply Cable Port	
LAN (Antenna Body)	Network Cable Connect Port	
RX	RF Rx Port	
TX	RF Tx Port	
SYS	Status Indicator	
ON/OFF	Power On or Off the Terminal	
LAN (Turntable)	Network Cable Connect Port	
PWR (Turntable)	Power Supply Cable Port	

ii. Power Supply Access

Insert the red dot on the aviation plug end of the matching power adapter, aligning it with the red dot on the PWR connector of the turntable, and then insert the plug end of the adapter connect to 220V AC power. As shown in Figure 6-6.

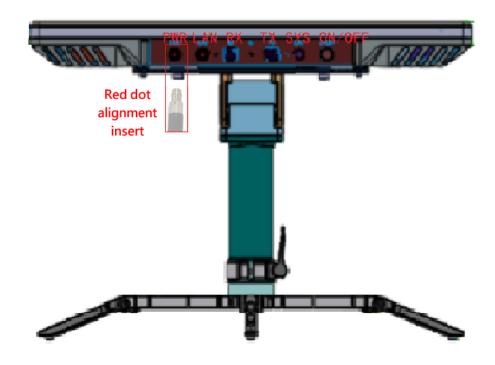


Figure 6-6 Power Supply Access

iii. Data Access

The HT-ESA Terminal has two types of data access: Wired access and Wireless access.

Wired Access: Use the matching network cable access to insert the red dot of the aviation plug end of the cable against the red dot of the LAN port of the Terminal, and another end into the RJ45 interface of the wired network equipment, as shown in Figure 6-7.

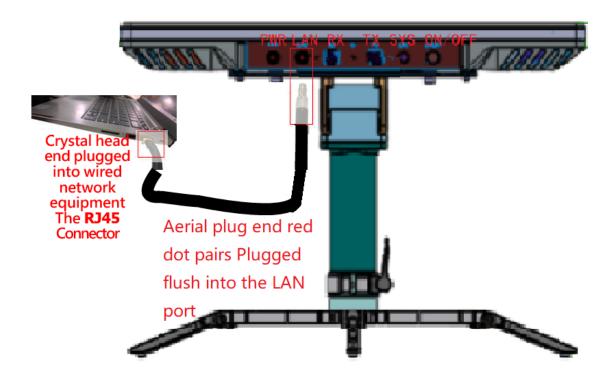


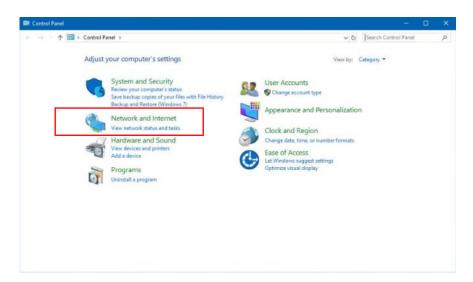
Figure 6-7 Data Access



Wireless Access (WiFi Access): Refer to the Terminal WiFi SSID and password described in **Section 4.4 User access information**, use a device with WiFi function to search for the WiFi SSID issued by the HT-ESA Terminal and enter the corresponding password to connect.

Before carrying out service data transmission, the IP transfer mode of the wired network equipment needs to be set to DHCP, as follows.

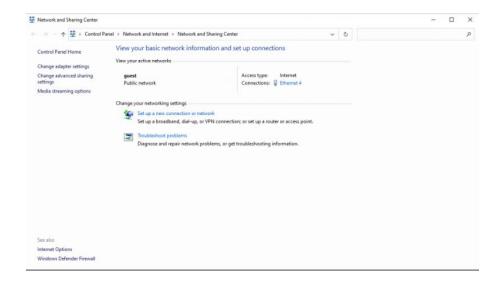
(1) In the Control Panel, click on "Network and Internet"



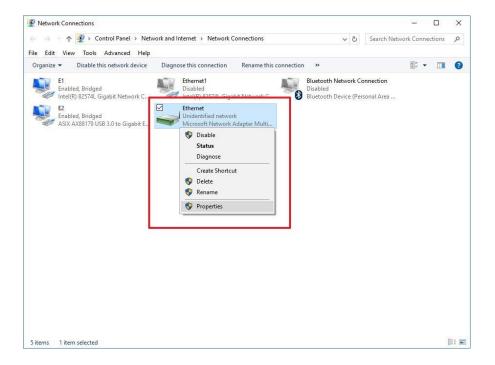
(2) Click on "Network and Sharing Centre" and go to the next level.



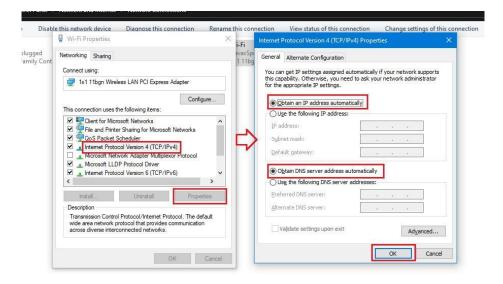
(3) Click on "Change adapter settings" to access the network adapter menu.



(4) Right-click on "Ethernet" and select "Properties".



- (5) Double-click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)" to go to the next level of general settings.
- (6) Click on the radio button before "Obtain IP address automatically", click on the radio button before "Obtain DNS server automatically" and finally click on the confirm button.



iv. RF Cable Access

When external modem is connected, one end of the RF cable is connected to the terminal RF transmitting port and the other end is connected to the modem RF transmitting port; Then the other RF cable is connected to the terminal RF receiving port at one end and the modem RF receiving port at the other end. As shown in Figure 6-8.

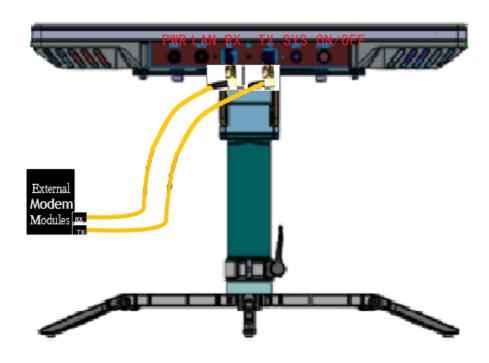


Figure 6-8 RF cable access

6.3 ESA-MAC Interface Definition and Access

i. Interface Definition

There are five main interfaces between the main body of the terminal and the physical interface of the turntable as follows:



Power Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with an adapter;

LAN Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with a network cable;

RF Port: SMA interface, connected with an RF cable when an external modem is used;

Switch Button: When the Terminal off, press once briefly to switch the Terminal on, press once more

briefly to switch the Terminal off;

Status Indicator:

Description of the Indicator Status		
Green Quick Flash Aligning Satellite		
Green Slow Flash Satellite Alignment Completed		
Always on red Fault Prompt		

The specific interfaces are defined as shown in Figure 6-9 below.



Figure 6-9 ESA-MAC Interface Definition

PWR (Antenna Body)	Power Supply Cable Port
LAN (Antenna Body)	Network Cable Connect Port
RX	RF Rx Port
TX	RF Tx Port
SYS	Status Indicator
ON/OFF	Power On or Off the Terminal
LAN (Turntable)	Network Cable Connect Port
PWR (Turntable)	Power Supply Cable Port

ii. Power Supply Access

Insert the red dot on the aviation plug end of the matching power adapter, aligning it with the red dot on the PWR connector of the turntable, and then insert the plug end of the adapter connect to 220V AC power. As shown in Figure 6-10.



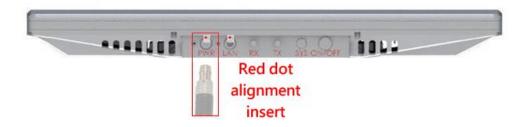


Figure 6-10 Power Supply Access

iii. Data Access

The HT-ESA Terminal has two types of data access: Wired access and Wireless access.

Wired Access: Use the matching network cable access to insert the red dot of the aviation plug end of the cable against the red dot of the LAN port of the Terminal, and another end into the RJ45 interface of the wired network equipment, as shown in Figure 6-11.

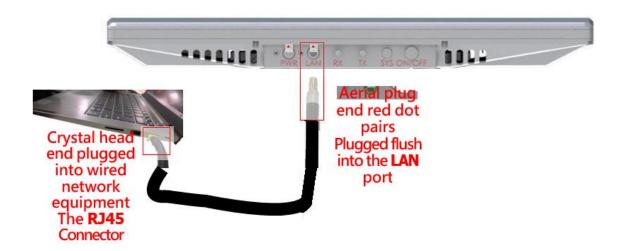
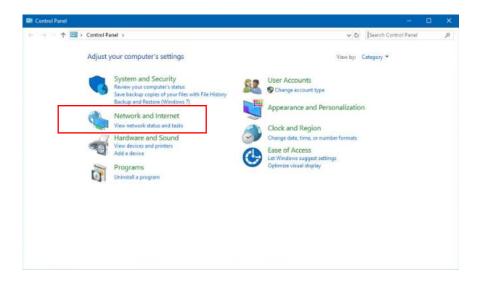


Figure 6-11 Data Access

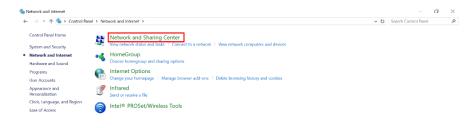
Wireless Access (WiFi Access): Refer to the Terminal WiFi SSID and password described in **Section 4.4 User access information**, use a device with WiFi function to search for the WiFi SSID issued by the HT-ESA Terminal and enter the corresponding password to connect.

Before carrying out service data transmission, the IP transfer mode of the wired network equipment needs to be set to DHCP, as follows.

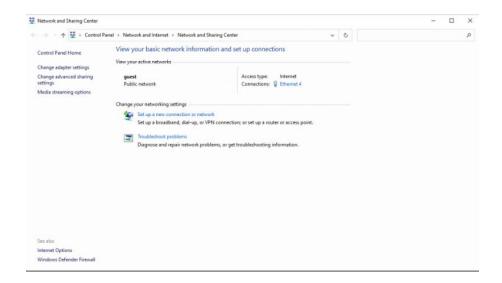
(1) In the Control Panel, click on "Network and Internet"



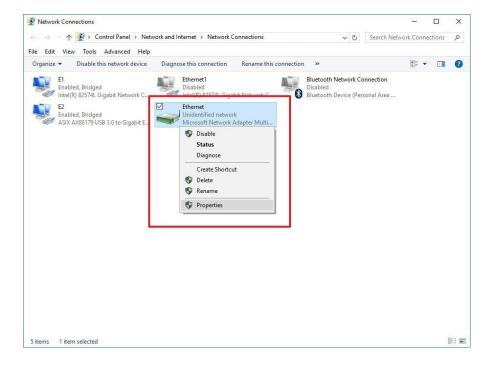
(2) Click on "Network and Sharing Centre" and go to the next level.



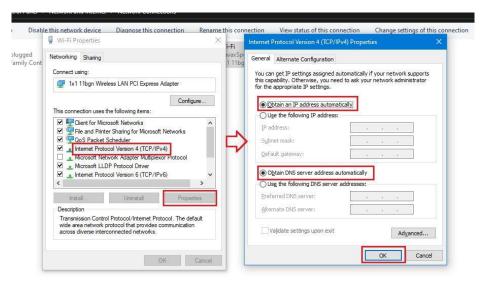
(3) Click on "Change adapter settings" to access the network adapter menu.



(4) Right-click on "Ethernet" and select "Properties".



- (5) Double-click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)" to go to the next level of general settings.
- (6) Click on the radio button before "Obtain IP address automatically", click on the radio button before "Obtain DNS server automatically" and finally click on the confirm button.



iv. RF Cable Access

When external modem is connected, one end of the RF cable is connected to the terminal RF transmitting



port and the other end is connected to the modem RF transmitting port; Then the other RF cable is connected to the terminal RF receiving port at one end and the modem RF receiving port at the other end. As shown in Figure 6-12.

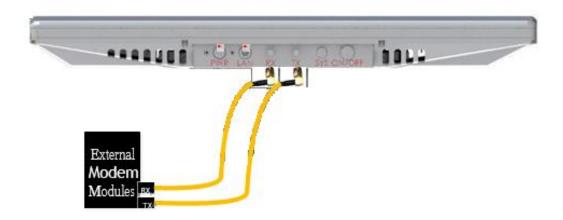


Figure 6-12 RF cable access

6.4 HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Interface Definition and Access

i. Interface Definition

There are five main interfaces between the main body of the terminal and the physical interface of the turntable as follows:

Power Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with an adapter;

LAN Port: Industrial grade waterproof aviation plug, connected with a network cable;

RF Port: SMA interface, connected with an RF cable when an external modem is used;

Switch Button: When the Terminal off, press once briefly to switch the Terminal on, press once more briefly to switch the Terminal off;

Status Indicator:

Description of the Indicator Status		
Green Quick Flash Aligning Satellite		
Green Slow Flash Satellite Alignment Completed		
Always on red Fault Prompt		

The specific interfaces are defined as shown in Figure 6-13 below.

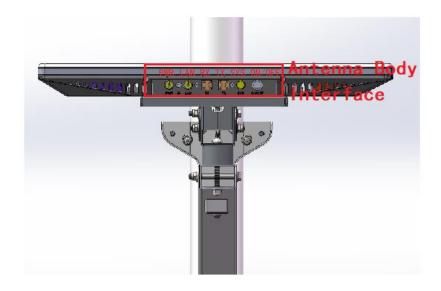


Figure 6-13 HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Interface Definition

PWR (Antenna Body)	Power Supply Cable Port
LAN (Antenna Body)	Network Cable Connect Port
RX	RF Rx Port
TX	RF Tx Port
SYS	Status Indicator
ON/OFF	Power On or Off the Terminal
LAN (Turntable)	Network Cable Connect Port
PWR (Turntable)	Power Supply Cable Port

ii. Power Supply Access

Insert the red dot on the aviation plug end of the matching power adapter, aligning it with the red dot on the PWR connector of the turntable, and then insert the plug end of the adapter connect to 220V AC power. As shown in Figure 6-14.

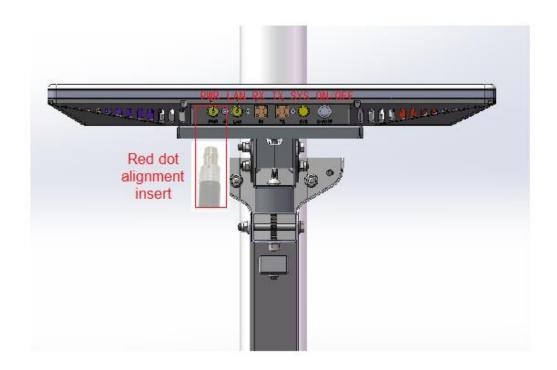


Figure 6-14 Power Supply Access

iii. Data Access

The HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal has two types of data access: Wired access and Wireless access.

Wired Access: Use the matching network cable access to insert the red dot of the aviation plug end of the cable against the red dot of the LAN port of the Terminal, and another end into the RJ45 interface of the wired network equipment, as shown in Figure 6-15.

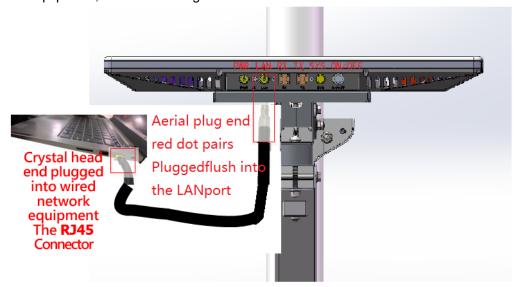


Figure 6-15 Data Access

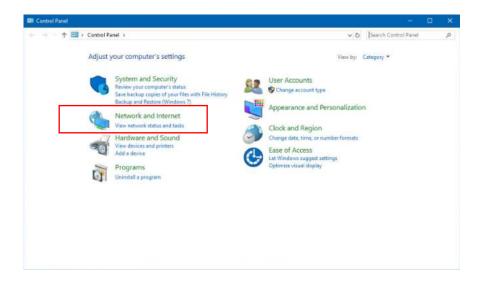
Wireless Access (WiFi Access): Refer to the Terminal WiFi SSID and password described in **Section 4.4 User access information**, use a device with WiFi function to search for the WiFi SSID issued by the HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal and enter the corresponding password to connect.

Before carrying out service data transmission, the IP transfer mode of the wired network equipment needs to

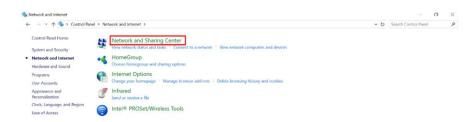


be set to DHCP, as follows.

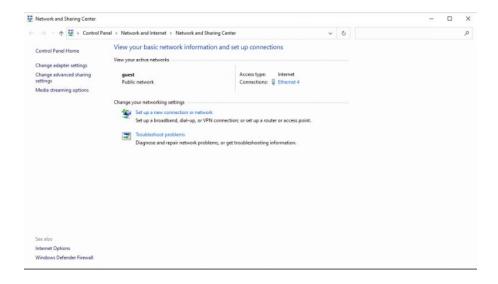
(1) In the Control Panel, click on "Network and Internet"



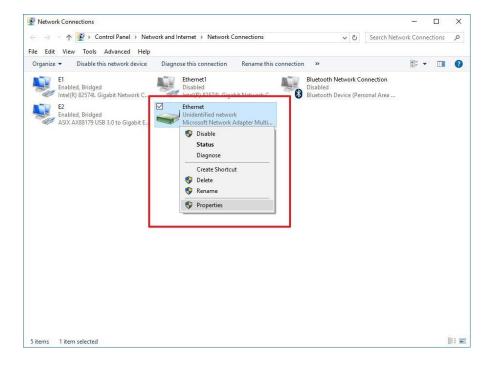
(2) Click on "Network and Sharing Centre" and go to the next level.



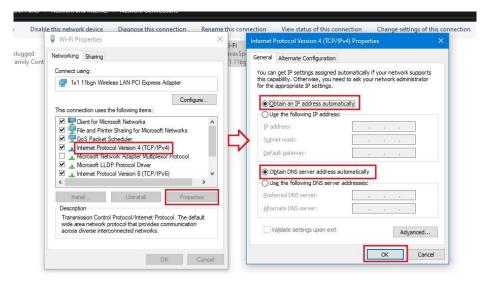
(3) Click on "Change adapter settings" to access the network adapter menu.



(4) Right-click on "Ethernet" and select "Properties".



- (5) Double-click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)" to go to the next level of general settings.
- (6) Click on the radio button before "Obtain IP address automatically", click on the radio button before "Obtain DNS server automatically" and finally click on the confirm button.



iv. RF Cable Access

When external modem is connected, one end of the RF cable is connected to the terminal RF transmitting



port and the other end is connected to the modem RF transmitting port; Then the other RF cable is connected to the terminal RF receiving port at one end and the modem RF receiving port at the other end. As shown in Figure 6-16.

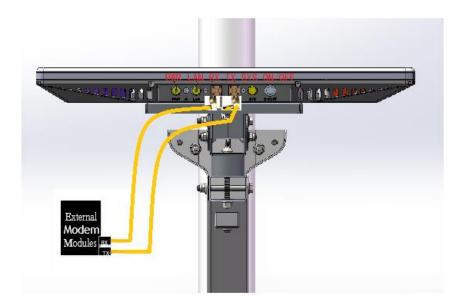


Figure 6-16 RF cable access

7 Terminal Alignment

7.1 HSA-MAC, HT-ESA, ESA-MAC, HSA-PAC Terminal Alignment

The terminal is equipped with the function of automatically acquiring location information. In case of obstruction or weak GPS signal, the automatic acquisition of satelite information may be delayed and alignment cannot be performed until the location information is determined. In this case, the GPS location information can be entered manually by refer to **Section 8.4**.

i. Basic Alignment Operation



Note: Do not artificially block the movement of the Terminal panel after it has moved up; If there is any abnormal movement, power should be disconnected immediately.

- a) Switch on the power, press the ON/OFF button briefly to switch on, the terminal body will start elevation calibration and start acquiring GPS in a horizontal position.
- b) After the GPS has obtained the position information, the terminal will start to align the satellite automatically, at this time the terminal light flashes green; After the satellite have been successfully aligned, the Terminal will automatically control the network access, at this time the light flashes green slowly.

Note: For the setting of satellite searching parameters, refer to *Section 8.3* for satellite parameter settings.

ii. Status Checking

For the description of checking the status of satellite alignment, refer to Section 8.3 and 8.4.

7.2 HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka Terminal Alignment

The terminal is equipped with the function of automatically acquiring location information. In case of obstruction or weak GPS signal, the automatic acquisition of satelite information may be delayed and alignment cannot be performed until the location information is determined. In this case, the GPS location information can be entered manually by refer to **Section 8.4**.



i. Basic Alignment Operation



Note: Do not artificially block the movement of the Terminal panel after it has moved up; If there is any abnormal movement, power should be disconnected immediately.

- c) Switch on the power, press the ON/OFF button briefly to switch on, the terminal body will start elevation calibration and start acquiring GPS in a horizontal position.
- d) After the GPS has obtained the position information, the terminal will start to align the satellite automatically, at this time the terminal light flashes green; After the satellite have been successfully aligned, the Terminal will automatically control the network access, at this time the light flashes green slowly.

Note: For the setting of satellite searching parameters, refer to *Section 8.3* for satellite parameter settings.

The Terminal direction can be adjusted by adjusting the three-axis adjusting mechanism as follows shown in Figure 7-1 . Figure 7-2 . Figure 7-3 .

1. Adjust the direction of the azimuth, reference display indicator as shown in figure 7-1.



Figure 7-1 Azimuth adjustment diagram

2. Adjust the direction of the elevation, reference display indicator as shown in Figure 7-2.



Figure 7-2 Elevation adjustment diagram

3. Adjust the direction of the polarization, reference display indicator as shown in figure 7-3.



Figure 7-3 Polarization adjustment diagram

ii. Status Checking

For the description of checking the status of satellite alignment, refer to Section 8.3 and 8.4.

8 Terminal Web UI Using Guidance

8.1 Web Login

① After performing the data access operation according to **Section 6.2.2**, open the Edge browser or Chrome and enter 192.168.0.2 in the URL bar to enter the login screen as shown in Figure 8-1.



Figure 8-1 Login Interface

② Click on the Signin button (no account password required) to access the main screen, as shown in Figure 8-2.

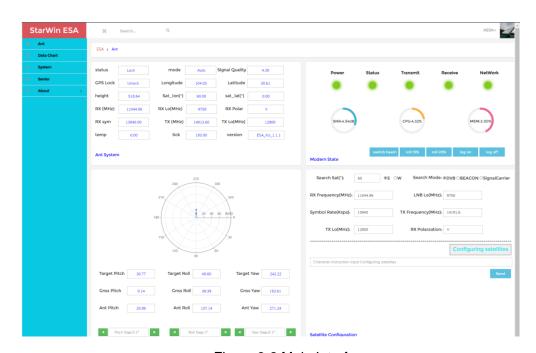


Figure 8-2 Main Interface

8.2 Web Page Introduction

The main interface is divided into left and right sides, with the left side being the contents bar and the



right side being the information display bar, as shown in Figure 8-3 below.

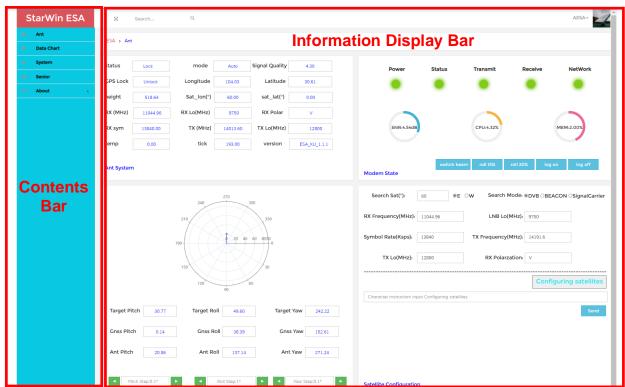


Figure 8-3 Web Page Introduction

The contents bar shows the framework of the interface contained in the page and serves as navigation; The information display bar, which is used to show the content of the selected interface. The comparison table of the meaning of the contents bar is as follows:

Ant	Antenna Main Control Interface
Data Chart	Dynamic Data Interface
System	Firmware Interface
Senior	Space-Earth Integrated Interface
About	FAQ

8.3 Antenna Main Control Interface (Ant)

The interface, which consists of four main modules, Ant System, Modem State, Attitude Control and Satellite Configuration, as shown in Figure 8-4.

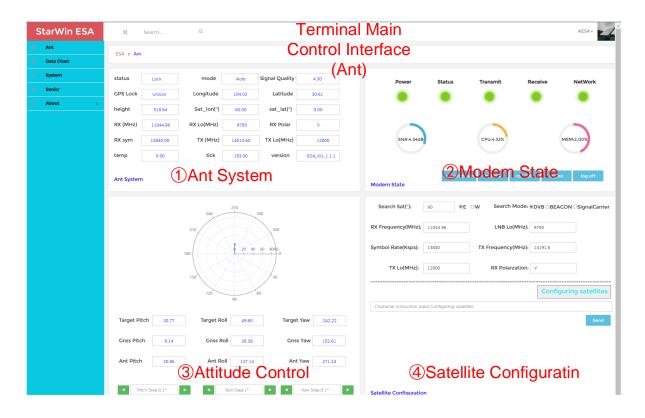


Figure 8-4 Composition of the antenna main control interface

In this interface, you can view antenna status information, Modem status, real-time attitude information, satellite information; switch beams, configure satellite parameters, manually control the attitude of the equipment and other operations. The detailed content functions are shown in Table 8.1 below.

Modules Contents Role Remarks **Terminal Status** Working Mode Signal Quality Real-time display **GPS Lock Status** Ant of antenna status GPS Latitude and Longitude System and parameter status Longitude of the satellite being used Rx Frequency Rx Local Oscillation

Table 8.1 Antenna Main Control Interface Menu

Rx Symbol Rate	
Rx Polarization	
Tx Frequency	
Tx Local Oscillation	

	Panel Temperature		
	Running Time Stamp		
	Software Versions		
Modem State	Modem Power Status Indicator		
	Rx Status Indicator		
	Tx Status Indicator	1	
	Network Access Status Indicator	Real-Time Display	
	SNR Display		
	CPU Percentage Display		
	MEM Percentage Display		
	Switching Beams	Control	
	15%, 20% roll-off	Modify and adapt to different satellites	
	OpenAMIP's log printing on and off	Control	Print window for kernel user terminals
	Attitude Target Angle	Real-time calculation display	
Attitude Control	Attitude Real-Time Angle	Real-time display	
	Antenna Pointing Angle	Real-time calculation display	

	Tri-axis angle setting	Manual Control	Press the left button to decrease and the right button to increase, filling in the step values in between; Judge whether the modification is successful by viewing the real-time angle
	Terminal Longitude		
	Search Mode		Mode fixed to DVB, no other modes available
	Rx Frequency		
	Rx Local Oscillation	Satellite	
	Polarization	Parameters	
Satellite Configurati	Symbol Information Rate	Configuration	
on	Tx Frequency		
	Tx Local Oscillation		If the transmitting parameters cannot be determined, the antenna default parameters
	Satellite Alignment Calculation	Calculate the standard alignment satellite angle	Function not open
	Configuring Satellites	Configure satellite parameter issue button	
	Character Instruction Input Configuring Satellites	Near-orbiting satellites, input Ephemeris characters	Click "send" to send

8.4 Dynamic Data Interface (Data Chart)

The interface, which is divided into four main modules: AGC&SNR display, Internal and External Modem Switching, GPS Configuration, and Log Printing, as shown in Figure 8-5.

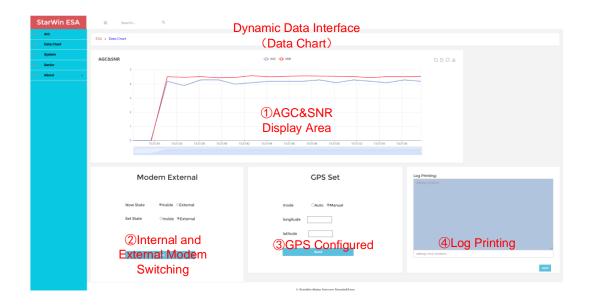


Figure 8-5 Data Dynamic Interface Composition

In this page, you can view the status graph of AGC&SNR; GPS settings, Modem internal and external, etc. See Table 8.2 for specific content functions.

Table 8.2 Data Dynamic Interface Menu

Modules	Contents	Function	Remarks
AGC&SNR	Real-time curves for AGC and SNR	Real-time display and check	
0.00	Mode Selection	Switching configurations	Automatic and Manual Modes
GPS Configuration	GPS latitude and longitude	Input	
	Send Button	Issue Parameters	
Log Print	Printed Content Display Box	Display	
	Command Input	Control	
Internal and	Current Status	Real-time display and check	
External Modem Switching	Setting status	Internal and External Options	
	Send Button	Issue Parameters	

8.5 Firmware Interface (System)

This interface is mainly used for firmware burning and is not open to the public, as shown in Figure 8-6.

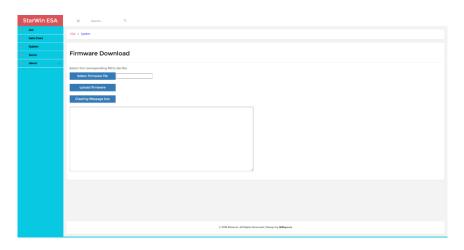


Figure 8-6 Firmware Interface

8.6 Space-Earth Integrated (Senior)

This interface mainly shows the integrated, global satellite terminal use, as shown in Figure 8-7.

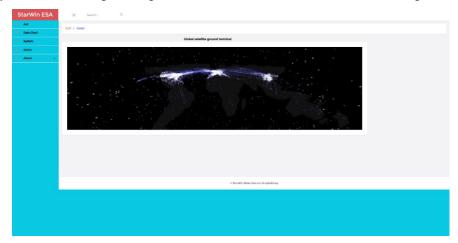


Figure 8-7 Space-Earth Integrated

8.7 FAQ

This page mainly displays some of the FAQs, as shown in Figure 8-8.

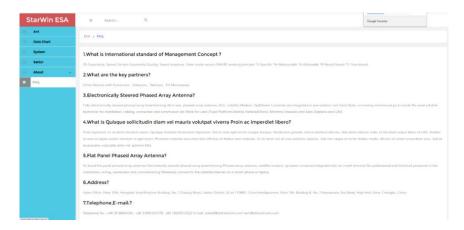


Figure 8-8 Frequently Asked Questions Page



9 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

9.1 Troubleshooting

Item	Problem and Indication	Corrective Action
1	Indicator light flashes red	Contact supplier
2	Antenna not working	Press the "POWER ON/OFF" button; Or reconnect the power
3	No GNSS signals acquisition	Verify the terminal is under the open sky/has an unobstructed view. Reboot
4	Terminal can not lock the satellite	Check whether the Terminal configuration parameters, and Modem configuration parameters are correct
5	Terminal aligns to the wrong satellite	Check web to re-enter satellite information
6	The display indicates the terminal is in normal operational state but there is no data transfer	Verify that LAN or Wi-Fi are properly connected

9.2 Maintenance

The Terminals parameters and performance can remain stable and provide normal operation for at least 10 years under a regular maintenance schedule. The periodical maintenance work includes:

- 1. Antenna system it is highly recommended that a comprehensive examination of the entire system is completed, periodically, along with a thorough check of all the adjustment mechanisms.
- 2. Visual verification of terminal protective casing surface damages. If there is a damage, the special spray (NOT included in the standard system configuration) should be applied.
- 3. Check that all the screw fastenings are tight.
- 4. Close check of the antenna to look for any damage or cracks.
- 5. Regular cleaning of the terminal and antenna radome surfaces. Remove all dust, dirt, condensed salt and other contamination that may harm the signal quality and the terminal's performance.

10 Technical Service Contact

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Phone: +86 29 88664381

E-Mail: tech@starwincom.com; support@starwincom.com

Web: http://www.starwincom.com

Address: Floor 17th, Hengtian Smart Fortune Building, No. 2 Daqing Road, Lianhu District, Xi'an

710082, China

Garrett C. Hill

Chief

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X2nSat, Inc.

Petaluma Satellite Gateway and Network Operations Center

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F: +1.707.664.5701

Emergency Support

P: +1.707.664.5119



11 Production Spec

Product Name:	Hybrid Electronic Steering Terminal
	Full Dimension Electronic Steering Terminal
Model No.:	HSA-MAC, HT-ESA,HSA-PAC, ESA-MAC
	HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka
Software	KA_1.12B
Hardware	HSA-MAC, HT-ESA,HSA-PAC, HSA-FAC, ESA-IOT-Ka HW: ACU-2.0,ESA-DRV-V1.0, ZL60P-DRV-V5.1 ESA-MAC HW: ACU-2.0,ESA-DRV-V1.0
Wi-Fi Specification:	802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412 ~ 2462MHz
	802.11n-HT40: 2422 ~ 2452MHz
Satellite Specification:	Transmit: 29.25~30.0 GHz,
	Receive: 18.3~18.8 GHz, 19.7~20.2GHz
GNSS Specification:	GPS, BDS

Statement: There are no restrictions of use in Member States.

EU declaration of conformity

China Starwin Science & Technology Co., Ltd hereby declares that the device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of RED Directive 2014/53/EU.

FCC Statement

The device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- —Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- —Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- —Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



Danger: FCC Radio Frequency Exposure Information

In order to comply with RF exposure requirements, antennas must be installed to ensure a minimum separation distance of at least 4900cm(For ± 15.5 degrees on-axis) and 210cm(For out range of ± 15.5 degrees on-axis) away from the body of the user, and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter except in accordance with accepted multi-transmitter product procedures.



Appendix 1 Other Statements

Limitation of liability clause

Ltd. shall not be liable to the Buyer or any third party for any lost profits, loss of use, business interruption or any indirect, special, incidental, punitive or consequential damages of any kind, whether for breach of contract, tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise and whether based on this Agreement or otherwise, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Ltd. or its employees or agents in any case, except to the extent permitted by applicable law, for damages in excess of the purchase price paid by the buyer, nor shall the total liability of the parties for damages in respect of any product exceed the purchase price paid by such party for that product (except in the case of a breach of a party's duty of confidentiality).

Notes on electromagnetic emissions

The operation of the equipment is influenced by the following two conditions.

- This equipment does not cause harmful interference.
- Other disturbances that this equipment is bound to pick up, including those that may cause unintended operation.

Note

- To avoid electric shock, do not carry out any maintenance operations unless you are qualified to do so.
- Before connecting the unit to the mains, make sure that the mains voltage is appropriate for the unit.

Disposal of Electronic and Electrical Waste

According to the WEEE EU Directive, electronic and electrical waste must not be disposed of together with unsorted waste. Please contact your local recycling facility to dispose of this product.

Important Notice

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- No part of its contents may be used for any other purpose; transmitted to any person or company or reproduced by any electronic or mechanical means without the express prior written permission of China Starwin Science & Technology Co., Ltd.



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- The information in this document is subject to change without notice.
- Unless otherwise stated, company names, personal names and data used in the examples are fictitious.
- Ltd. reserves the right to change the specifications and descriptions of the equipment contained herein without notice. No part of this document shall be deemed to be part of any contract or warranty unless it is expressly incorporated by reference into such contract or warranty.
- The information contained herein is merely descriptive in nature and does not constitute an offer to sell the products described herein.
- Any alterations or modifications to the equipment, including opening the equipment without the express permission of China Starwin Science & Technology Co., Ltd. This may also render the user unable to operate the equipment.
- Some of the equipment specified in this manual is manufactured and warranted by a third party. All such equipment must be installed and handled in full compliance with the instructions provided by the manufacturer accompanying this manual, or as subsequently provided by China Starwin Science & Technology Co., Ltd.
 - Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious damage, personal injury, rendering the user unable to operate the equipment and voiding the warranty provided by such manufacturer.

Instructions

The use of this terminal requires a clear view of the sky above to maximise the reception and transmission of the signal. Other factors such as satellite coverage areas and weather also have an impact on signal quality. You must be within the coverage area of the satellite in order to transmit and receive signals properly. When you use it outside the satellite coverage area, the signal will be weak or lost.

The terminal needs a clear line of sight pointing in the direction of the satellite for uninterrupted signal reception and transmission. Objects such as buildings, mountains, bridges, tunnels and trees that obstruct this view can cause signal loss. However, once the antenna has a clear line of sight again, the signal is quickly restored. Adverse weather conditions may also interfere with signal reception and transmission. Stray signals from radio or TV broadcast towers may also affect the satellite signal.

If necessary, clean the radome with a clean soft cloth. Some aftermarket water repellents can also be used to help reduce the accumulation of rain and dew on the terminal Water.

Appendix 2 Technical Service Contact Information

China Starwin Science & Technology Co., Ltd.

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