



# FCC TEST REPORT

Test report  
On Behalf of  
General Infinity Co., Ltd  
For  
Bluetooth Headset  
Model No.: HA-C300  
FCC ID: 2AUAP-HAC300  
IC: 10339A-HAC300

Prepared for : General Infinity Co., Ltd  
3F No.48, Min Quan Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 23141, Taiwan

Prepared By : Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.  
1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street,  
Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China



# TEST REPORT

**Applicant's name**.....: General Infinity Co., Ltd

**Address** .....: 3F No.48, Min Quan Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 23141, Taiwan

**Manufacture's Name** .....: ShenZhen Roman Technology Co., LTD

**Address** .....: 3F,C Building, FengMenAo Industrial park, GangTou, BanTian,  
LongGang District, Shenzhen City, 518129 ,China.

## Product description

**Trade Mark:** JVC

**Product name** .....: Bluetooth Headset

**Model and/or type reference** ..: HA-C300

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

**Standards**.....: RSS 247 Issue 2, February 2017

ANSI C63.10: 2013

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

**Date of Test**.....:

**Date (s) of performance of tests**.....: Aug. 05, 2019 ~ Aug. 13, 2019

**Date of Issue** .....: Aug. 14, 2019

**Test Result** .....: Pass

Testing Engineer :

(Gary Qian)

Technical Manager :

(Eden Hu)

Authorized Signatory :

(Jason Zhou)



## Contents

<b>1.</b>	<b><u>..TEST STANDARDS .....</u></b>	<b><u>4</u></b>
<b>2.</b>	<b><u>..SUMMARY .....</u></b>	<b><u>5</u></b>
2.1.	Product Description	5
2.2.	Equipment Under Test	5
2.3.	Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)	5
2.4.	EUT operation mode	6
2.5.	Block Diagram of Test Setup	7
2.6.	Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)	7
2.7.	Modifications	7
<b>3.</b>	<b><u>..TEST ENVIRONMENT .....</u></b>	<b><u>8</u></b>
3.1.	TEST FACILITY	8
3.2.	Environmental conditions	8
3.3.	Summary of measurement results	8
3.4.	Statement of the measurement uncertainty	8
3.5.	Equipments Used during the Test	9
<b>4.</b>	<b><u>..TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS .....</u></b>	<b><u>10</u></b>
4.1.	AC Power Conducted Emission .....	10
4.2.	Radiated Emission.....	13
4.3.	Maximum Peak Output Power.....	20
4.4.	20dB and 99%Bandwidth .....	21
4.5.	Frequency Separation .....	25
4.6.	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission .....	27
4.7.	Spurious RF Conducted Emission .....	32
4.8.	Number of hopping frequency .....	38
4.9.	Time Of Occupancy(Dwell Time) .....	40
4.10.	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence .....	44
4.11.	Antenna Requirement.....	45
<b>5.</b>	<b><u>..PHOTOS OF THE EUT .....</u></b>	<b><u>47</u></b>



## **1. TEST STANDARDS**

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

[RSS-247-Issue 2](#): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices.

[RSS-Gen Issue 5](#): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

[ANSI C63.10-2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[DA 00-705](#): Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems



## 2. SUMMARY

### 2.1. Product Description

Product Name:	Bluetooth Headset
Model/Type reference:	HA-C300
Power supply:	DC 3.7V and DC 5V From Adapter
Adapter(Auxiliary test Provided by the laboratory)	Mode:EP-TA20CBC Input:AC100-240V-50/60Hz, 0.5A Output:DC 5V,2A
<b>Bluetooth :</b>	
Supported type:	Bluetooth BR/EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Ceramic antenna
Antenna gain:	2.0dBi

### 2.2. Equipment Under Test

#### Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	<input type="radio"/> 230V / 50 Hz	<input type="radio"/> 120V / 60Hz
		<input type="radio"/> 12 V DC	<input type="radio"/> 24 V DC
		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Other (specified in blank below)	

DC 3.7V and DC 5V From Adapter

### 2.3. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

This is a Bluetooth Headset.

For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



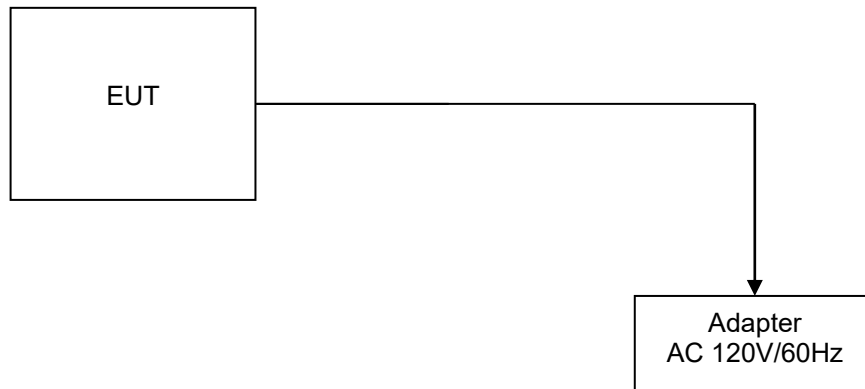
## 2.4. EUT operation mode

The Applicant provides test software (BlueTest3.exe ) to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing .There are 79 channels provided to the EUT. Channel 00/39/78 was selected to test.

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
00	2402	40	2442
01	2403	41	2443
02	2404	42	2444
03	2405	43	2445
04	2406	44	2446
05	2407	45	2447
06	2408	46	2448
07	2409	47	2449
08	2410	48	2450
09	2411	49	2451
10	2412	50	2452
11	2413	51	2453
12	2414	52	2454
13	2415	53	2455
14	2416	54	2456
15	2417	55	2457
16	2418	56	2458
17	2419	57	2459
18	2420	58	2460
19	2421	59	2461
20	2422	60	2462
21	2423	61	2463
22	2424	62	2464
23	2425	63	2465
24	2426	64	2466
25	2427	65	2467
26	2428	66	2468
27	2429	67	2469
28	2430	68	2470
29	2431	69	2471
30	2432	70	2472
31	2433	71	2473
32	2434	72	2474
33	2435	73	2475
34	2436	74	2476
35	2437	75	2477
36	2438	76	2478
37	2439	77	2479
38	2440	78	2480
39	2441		



## 2.5. Block Diagram of Test Setup



## 2.6. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules , RSS Gen and RSS 247 Rules.

## 2.7. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.



### 3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

#### 3.1. TEST FACILITY

Test Firm : Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address 1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

#### 3.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

#### 3.3. Summary of measurement results

Test Specification clause	Test case	Test Mode	Test Channel	Recorded In Report		Test result
FCC Part 15.207 RSS-Gen 8.8	AC Power Conducted Emission	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i) RSS 247 5.1 (1) RSS-Gen 4.6	20dB Bandwidth& 99% Bandwidth	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(d) RSS 247 5.5	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(b) RSS 247 5.4 (2)	Maximum Peak Output Power	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(b) RSS 247 5.1 (1)	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Full	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Full	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) RSS 247 5.1 (4)	Number of hopping frequency& Time of Occupancy	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) RSS 247 5.1 (2)	Frequency Separation	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle	Pass
FCC Part 15.205/15.209 RSS-Gen 8.9	Radiated Emissions	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	Pass
FCC Part 15.247(d) RSS-Gen 8.10	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	GFSK Π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	Pass

Remark:

- The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
- We tested all test mode and recorded worst case in report

#### 3.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty

Conducted Emission Expanded Uncertainty = 2.23dB, k=2

Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(9kHz-30MHz) = 3.08dB, k=2

Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(30MHz-1000MHz) = 4.42dB, k=2

Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(Above 1GHz) = 4.06dB, k=2





### 3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
11.	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	HKE-017	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
13.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
14.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 28, 2018	N/A
15.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
16.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
18.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
19.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 28, 2018	3 Year
20.	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-055	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
21.	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-056	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year

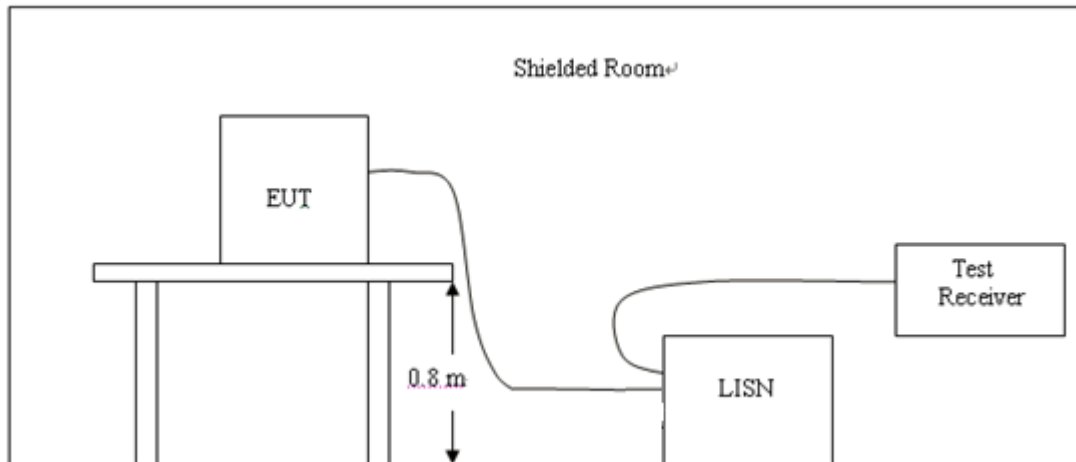
Note: 1. The Cal.Interval was one year.



## 4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 4.1. AC Power Conducted Emission

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1, The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10.
- 2, Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10.
- 3, All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10.
- 4, If a EUT received DC power from the USB Port of Notebook PC, the PC's adapter received power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5, All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6, The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7, Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.

#### AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen 8.8, AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following :

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. All modes of GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, and 8DPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Middle Channel was reported as below:
2. Both 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz power supply have been tested, only the worst result of 120 VAC, 60 Hz was reported as below:.

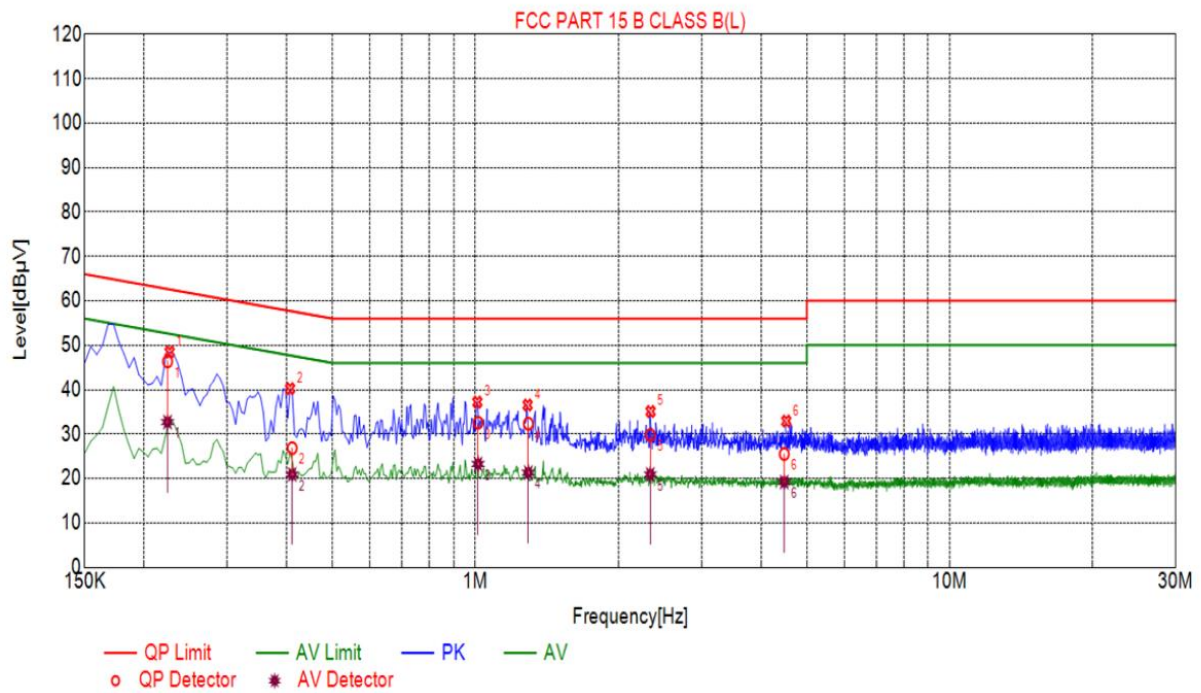


Power supply:

DC 5V from Adapter  
AC 120V/60Hz

Polarization

L



## Final Data List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]
1	0.2242	10.04	46.36	62.66	16.30	32.70	52.66	19.96
2	0.4106	10.03	26.84	57.64	30.80	20.92	47.64	26.72
3	1.0128	10.06	32.57	56.00	23.43	23.27	46.00	22.73
4	1.2929	10.09	32.35	56.00	23.65	21.32	46.00	24.68
5	2.3378	10.18	29.81	56.00	26.19	20.92	46.00	25.08
6	4.4788	10.25	25.52	56.00	30.48	19.21	46.00	26.79

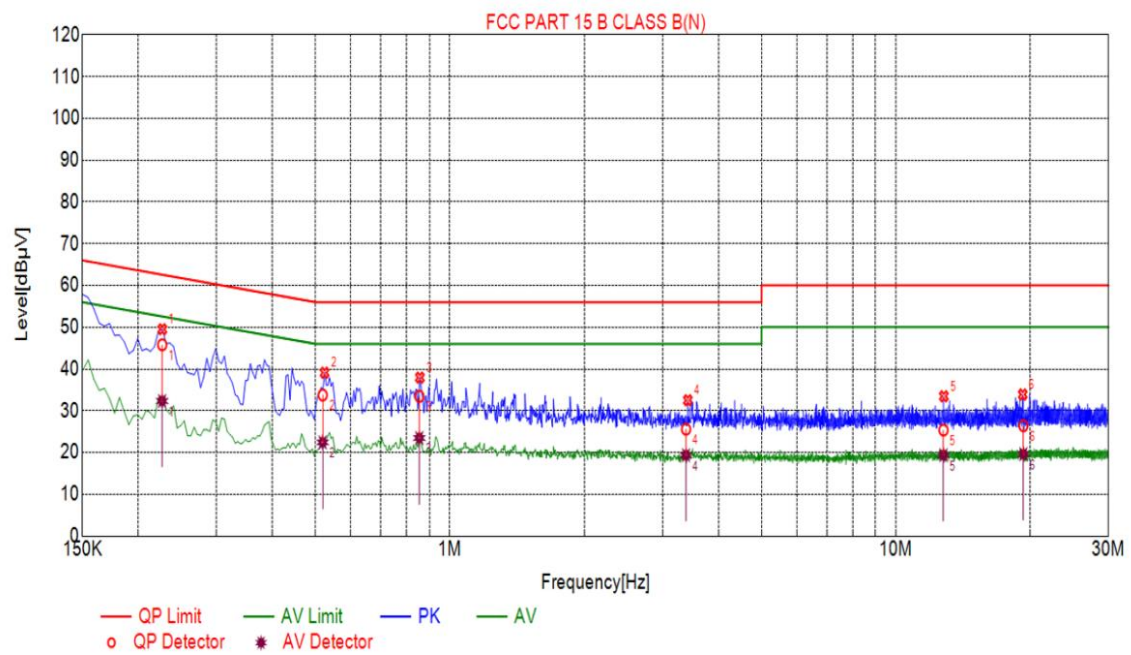


Power supply:

DC 5V from Adapter  
AC 120V/60Hz

Polarization

N



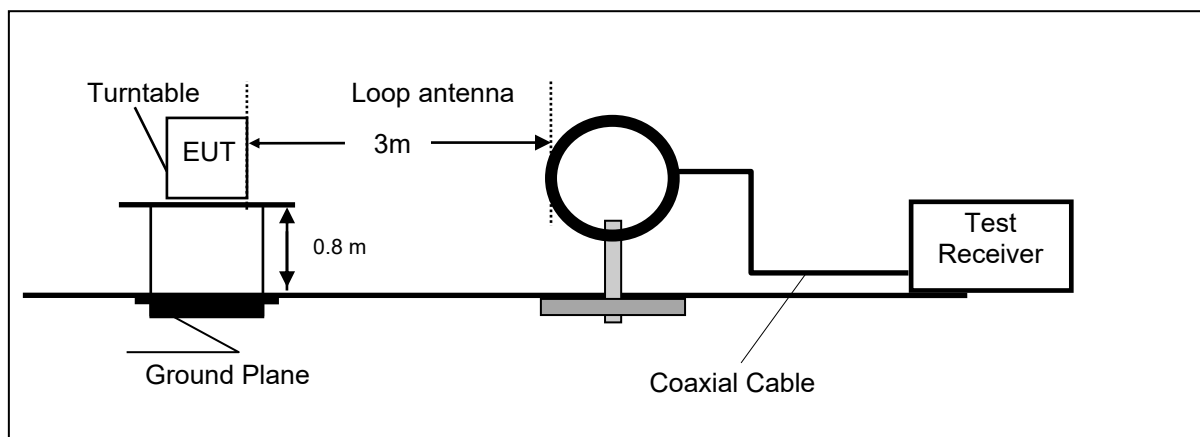
## Final Data List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]
1	0.2263	10.03	45.81	62.58	16.77	32.34	52.58	20.24
2	0.5183	10.04	33.77	56.00	22.23	22.44	46.00	23.56
3	0.8540	10.06	33.47	56.00	22.53	23.49	46.00	22.51
4	3.3849	10.24	25.60	56.00	30.40	19.37	46.00	26.63
5	12.7930	9.97	25.39	60.00	34.61	19.38	50.00	30.62
6	19.3329	10.08	26.43	60.00	33.57	19.63	50.00	30.37

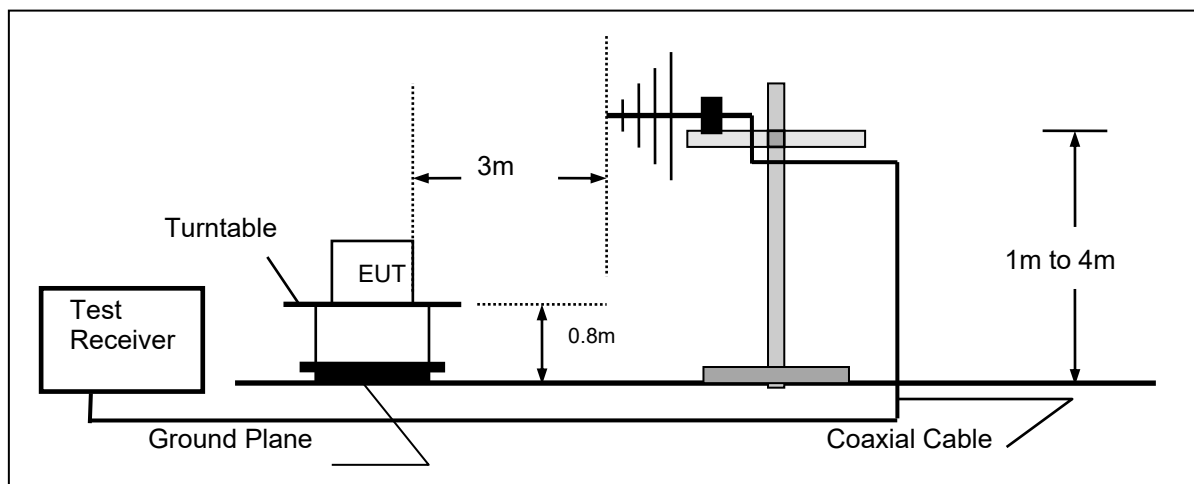
## 4.2. Radiated Emission

### TEST CONFIGURATION

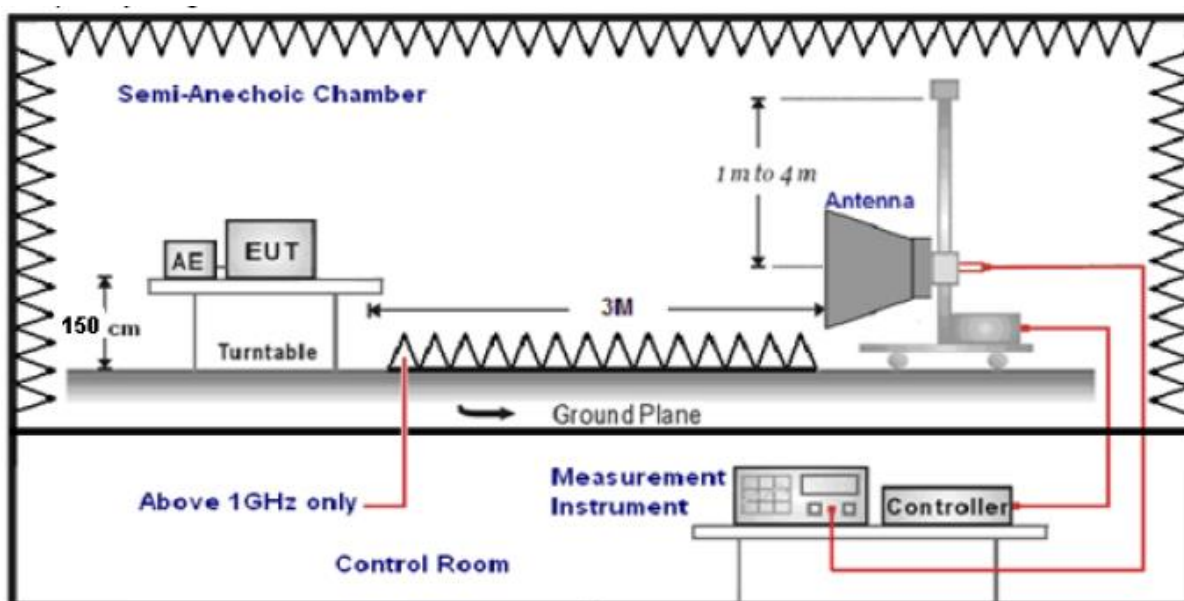
Frequency range 9 KHz – 30MHz



Frequency range 30MHz – 1000MHz



Frequency range above 1GHz-25GHz



**TEST PROCEDURE**

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 12mm above ground plane when testing frequency range 9 KHz –25GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0°C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 32.768KHz and maximum operation frequency was 2480MHz.so radiated emission test frequency band from 9KHz to 25GHz.
6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
9KHz-30MHz	Active Loop Antenna	3
30MHz-1GHz	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	3
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3
18GHz-25GHz	Horn Antenna	1

7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

**Field Strength Calculation**

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

$$\text{Transd} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

**RADIATION LIMIT**

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz})) + 40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz})) + 40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30) + 40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

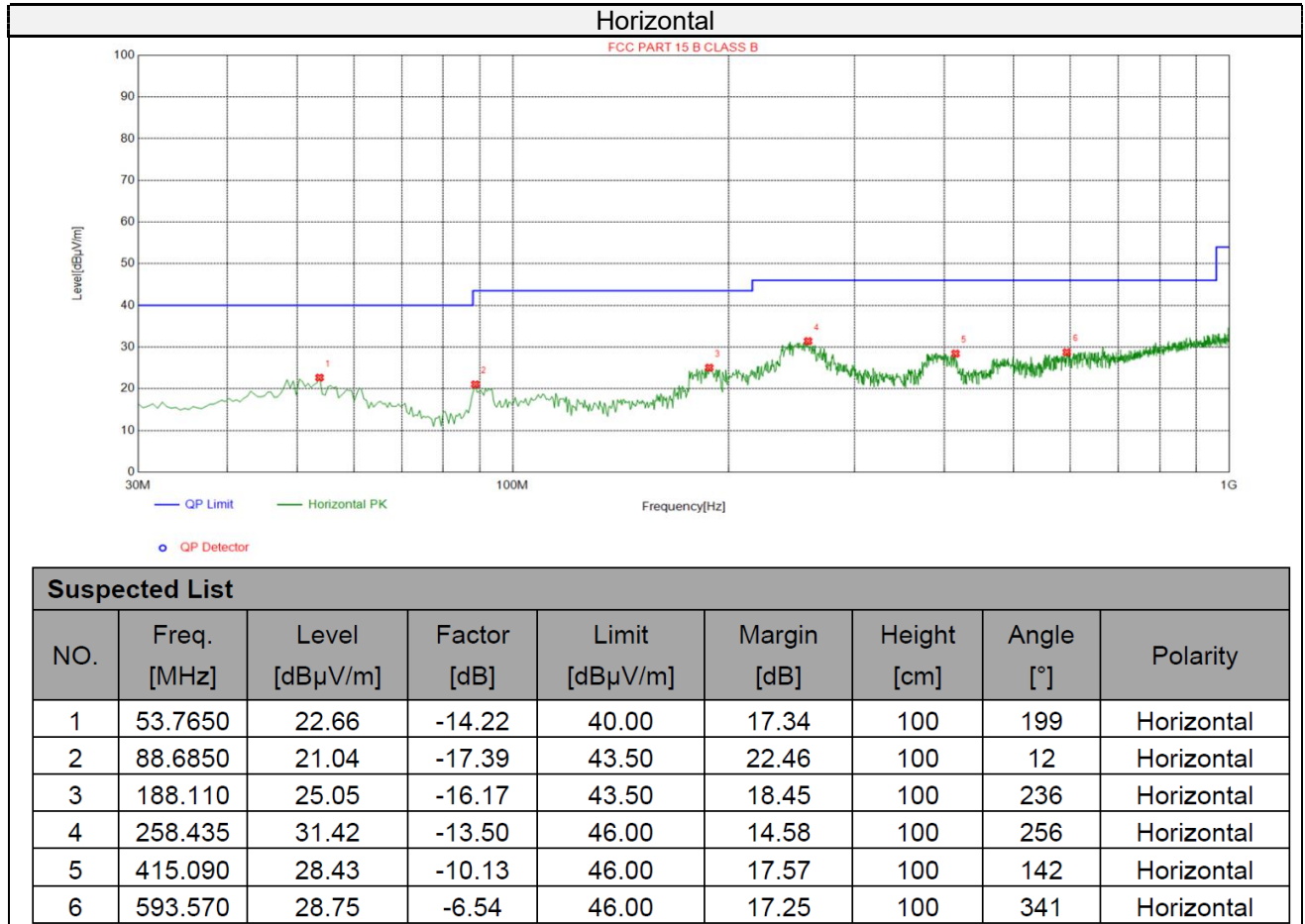


**TEST RESULTS**

Remark: For test below 1GHz all modes of GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, and 8DPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Middle Channel was reported as below:

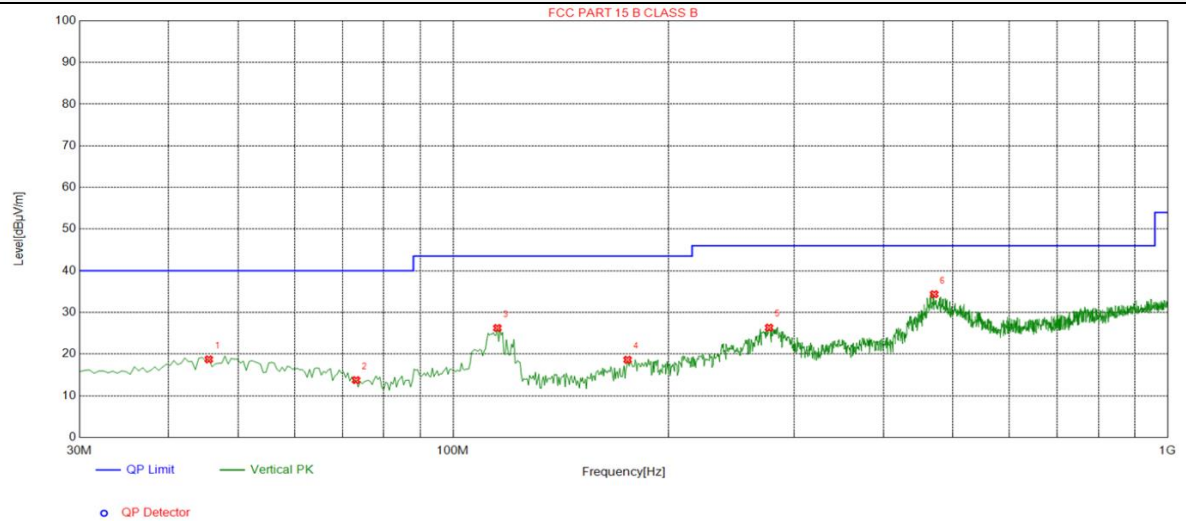
**For 9 KHz-30MHz**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)@3m	FCC Limit (dBuV/m) @3m	Margin (dB)	Detector	Result
0.29	48.26	98.36	50.10	QP	PASS
1.68	50.38	63.10	12.72	QP	PASS
17.33	54.26	69.54	15.28	QP	PASS
21.69	41.57	69.54	27.97	QP	PASS

**For 30MHz-1GHz**



## Vertical



## Suspected List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	45.5200	18.72	-13.65	40.00	21.28	100	168	Vertical
2	73.1650	13.75	-18.24	40.00	26.25	100	213	Vertical
3	115.360	26.26	-16.33	43.50	17.24	100	348	Vertical
4	175.500	18.62	-17.06	43.50	24.88	100	263	Vertical
5	276.865	26.34	-13.38	46.00	19.66	100	87	Vertical
6	471.350	34.36	-8.35	46.00	11.64	100	216	Vertical



**For 1GHz to 25GHz**

Remark: For test above 1GHz GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, and 8DPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK was reported as below:

CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	64.00	-3.64	60.36	74	13.64	peak
4804	55.08	-3.64	51.44	54	2.56	AVG
7206	55.68	-0.95	54.73	74	19.27	peak
7206	46.18	-0.95	45.23	54	8.77	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	65.22	-3.64	61.58	74	12.42	peak
4804	55.75	-3.64	52.11	54	1.89	AVG
7206	56.31	-0.95	55.36	74	18.64	peak
7206	41.35	-0.95	46.87	54	7.13	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



## CH Middle (2441MHz)

## Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882	63.16	-3.51	59.65	74	14.35	peak
4882	53.73	-3.51	50.22	54	3.78	AVG
7326	53.27	-0.82	52.45	74	21.55	peak
7326	44.51	-0.82	43.69	54	10.31	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

## Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882	63.84	-3.51	60.33	74	13.67	peak
4882	54.99	-3.51	51.48	54	2.52	AVG
7326	54.08	-0.82	53.26	74	20.74	peak
7326	45.67	-0.82	44.85	54	9.15	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	65.48	-3.43	62.05	74	11.95	peak
4960	55.20	-3.43	51.77	54	2.23	AVG
7440	57.11	-0.75	56.36	74	17.64	peak
7440	48.00	-0.75	47.25	54	6.75	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	66.65	-3.43	63.22	74	10.78	peak
4960	55.87	-3.43	52.44	54	1.56	AVG
7440	57.98	-0.75	57.23	74	16.77	peak
7440	49.36	-0.75	48.61	54	5.39	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark:

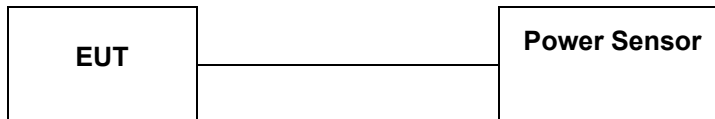
(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “---” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

(2) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed.



### 4.3. Maximum Peak Output Power

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Maximum peak conducted output power for HFSS devices:  
The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter.  
The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the HFSS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### LIMIT

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### TEST RESULTS

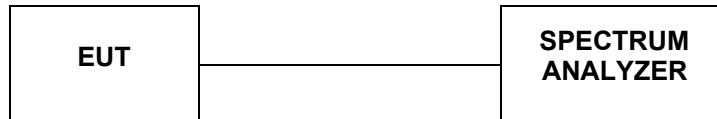
Type	Channel	Peak Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	-0.325	21	Pass
	39	-0.548		
	78	-1.354		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	0.522	21	Pass
	39	0.369		
	78	-0.513		
8DPSK	00	0.500	21	Pass
	39	0.125		
	78	-0.317		

Note: 1. The test results including the cable loss.



#### 4.4. 20dB and 99%Bandwidth

##### TEST CONFIGURATION



##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=30 KHz and VBW=100KHz.

The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

Use the 99% and X dB power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Bandwidth and recoded.

##### LIMIT

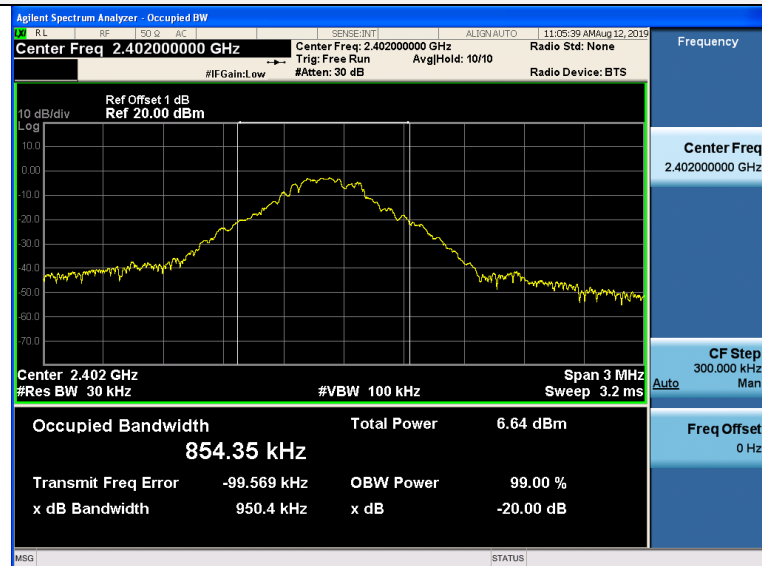
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

##### TEST RESULTS

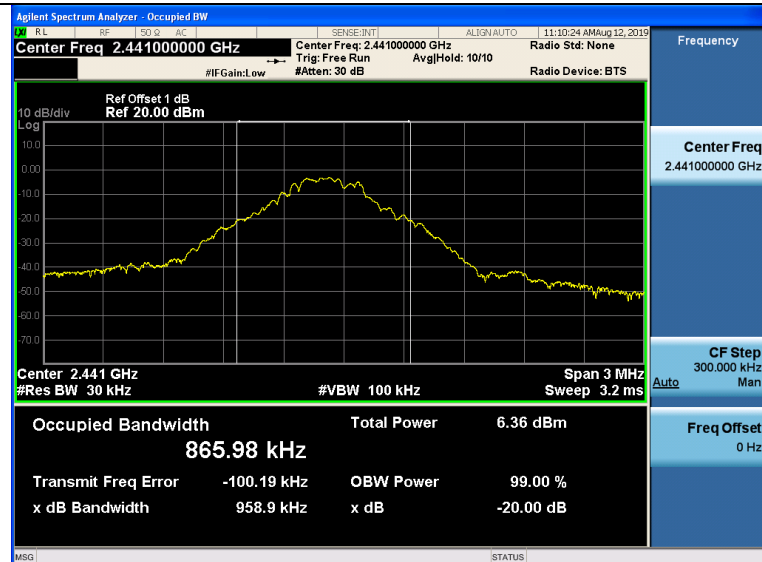
Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	0.9504	0.85435	Pass
	CH39	0.9589	0.86598	
	CH78	0.9523	0.86143	
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH00	1.320	1.1768	
	CH39	1.313	1.1800	
	CH78	1.314	1.1717	
8DPSK	CH00	1.316	1.1702	
	CH39	1.315	1.1771	
	CH78	1.315	1.1768	



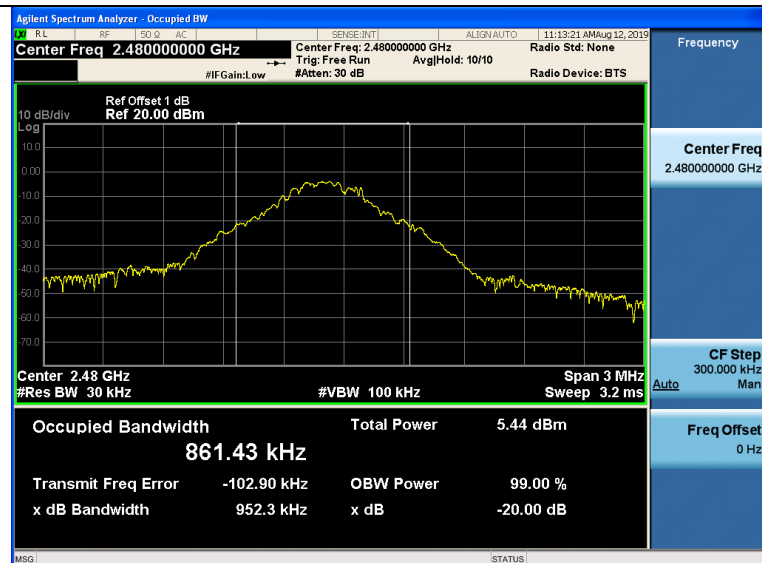
## GFSK Modulation



## CH00



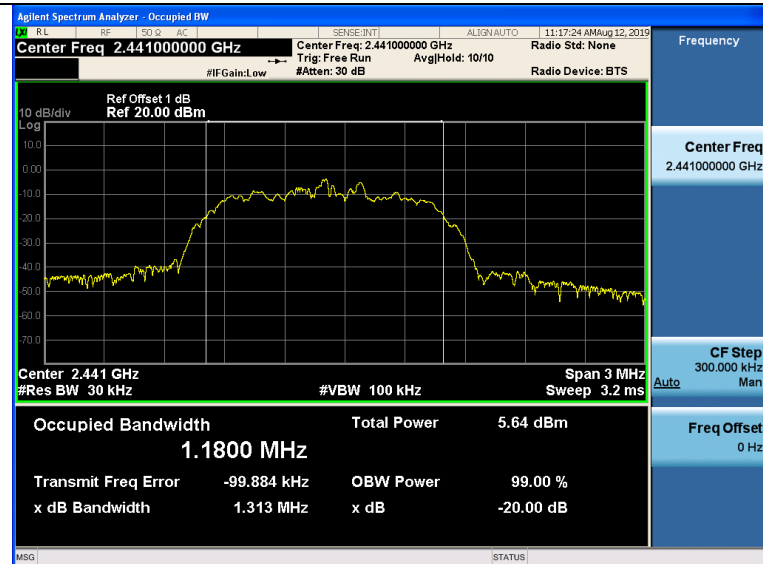
## CH39



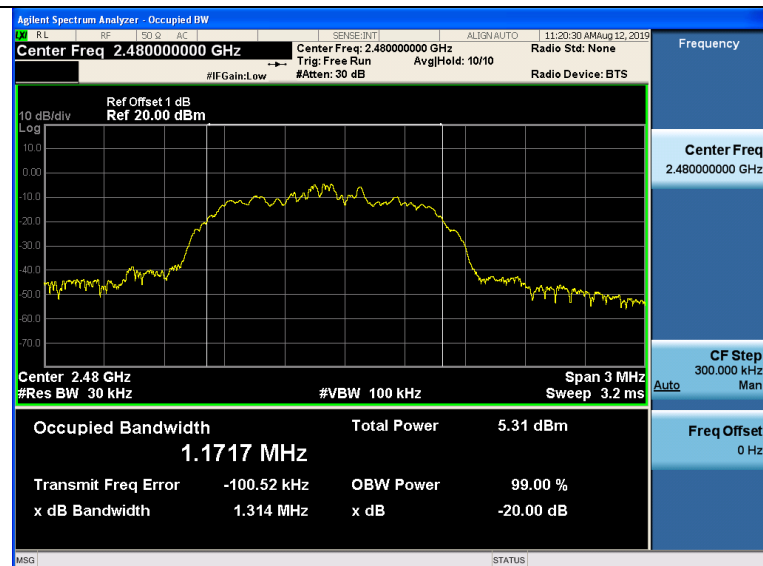
## CH78

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

## CH00



## CH39



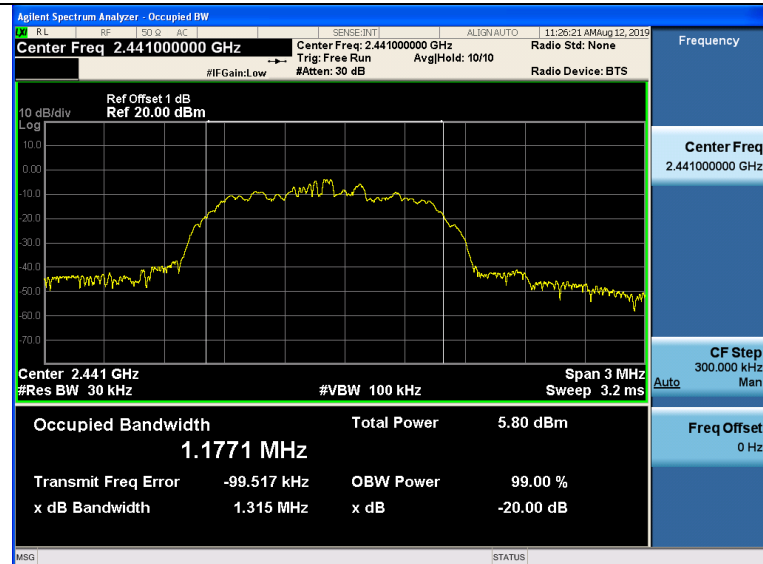
## CH78



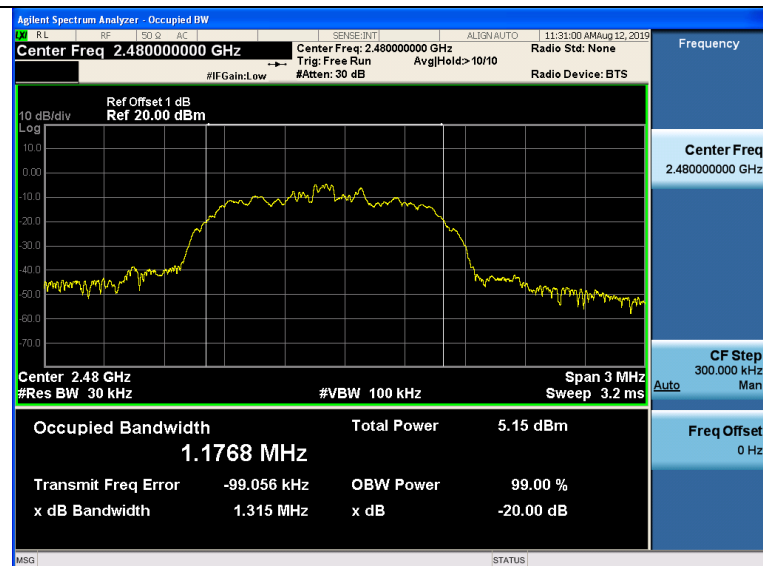
## 8DPSK Modulation



## CH00



## CH39



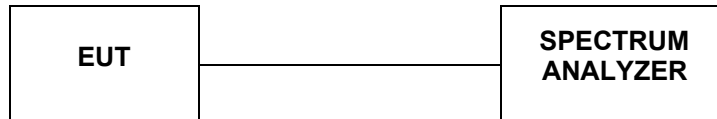
## CH78





## 4.5. Frequency Separation

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=30 KHz and VBW=100KHz.

### LIMIT

According to 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the  $2/3 \times 20\text{dB}$  bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### TEST RESULTS

#### 4.5.1 GFSK Test Mode

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit(MHz) $2/3 \times 20\text{dB BW}$	Result
GFSK	CH38	1.002	0.960	0.640	Pass
	CH39				
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH38	1.019	1.313	0.875	Pass
	CH39				
8DPSK	CH38	1.051	1.315	0.877	Pass
	CH39				

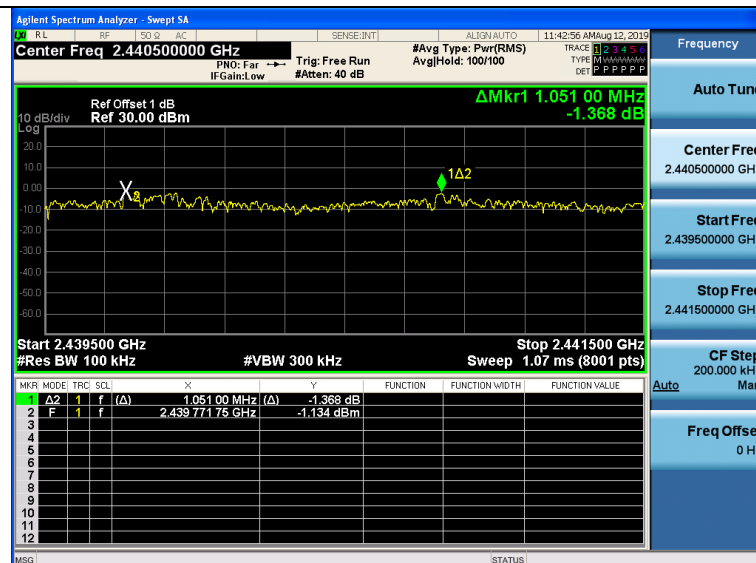
Remark: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle



## GFSK Modulation

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

## 8DPSK Modulation



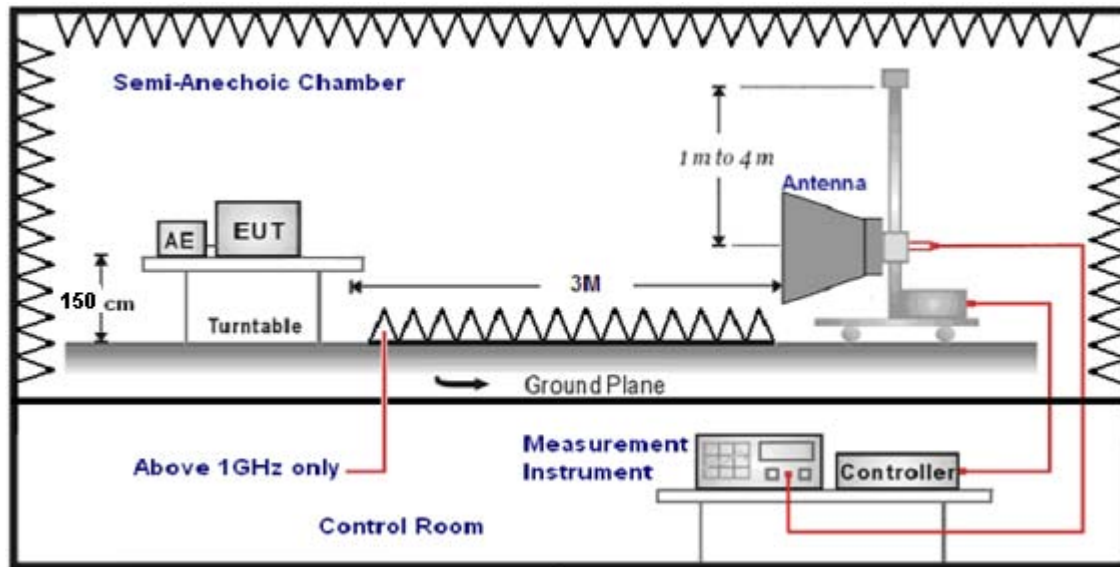
## 4.6. Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission

### TEST REQUIREMENT

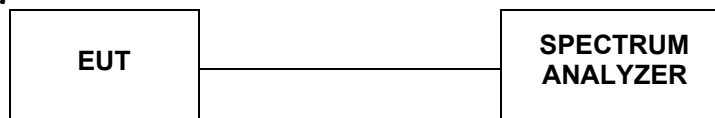
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section (b)(3) of §15.247 and RSS 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in §15.209(a) and RSS-Gen are not required.

### TEST CONFIGURATION

#### For Radiated



#### For Conducted



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
5. The distance between test antenna and EUT was 3 meter:
6. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

### LIMIT

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified .

**TEST RESULTS****4.6.1 For Radiated Bandedge Measurement**

Remark: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK and 8DPSK all have been tested, only worse case GFSK is reported.

Operation Mode: GFSK TX Low channel(2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	61.17	-5.81	55.36	74	18.64	peak
2390	52.02	-5.81	46.21	54	7.79	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	62.7	-5.81	56.89	74	17.11	peak
2390	53.07	-5.81	47.26	54	6.74	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Operation Mode: GFSK TX High channel (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	58.28	-5.65	52.63	74	21.37	peak
2483.5	49.16	-5.65	43.51	54	10.49	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	59.15	-5.65	53.19	74	20.81	peak
2483.5	50.24	-5.65	44.86	54	9.14	AVG

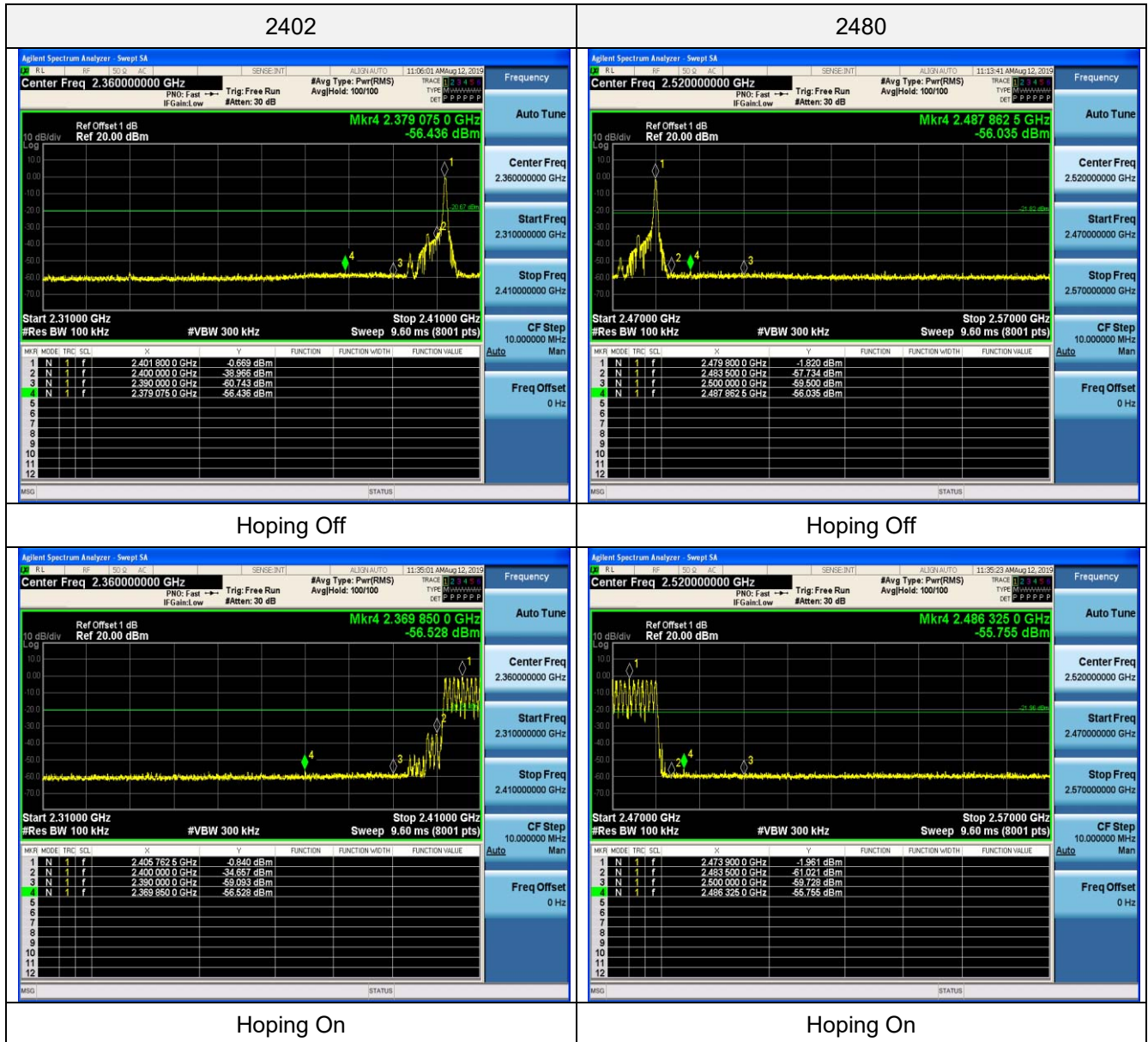
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



## 4.6.2 For Conducted Bandedge Measurement

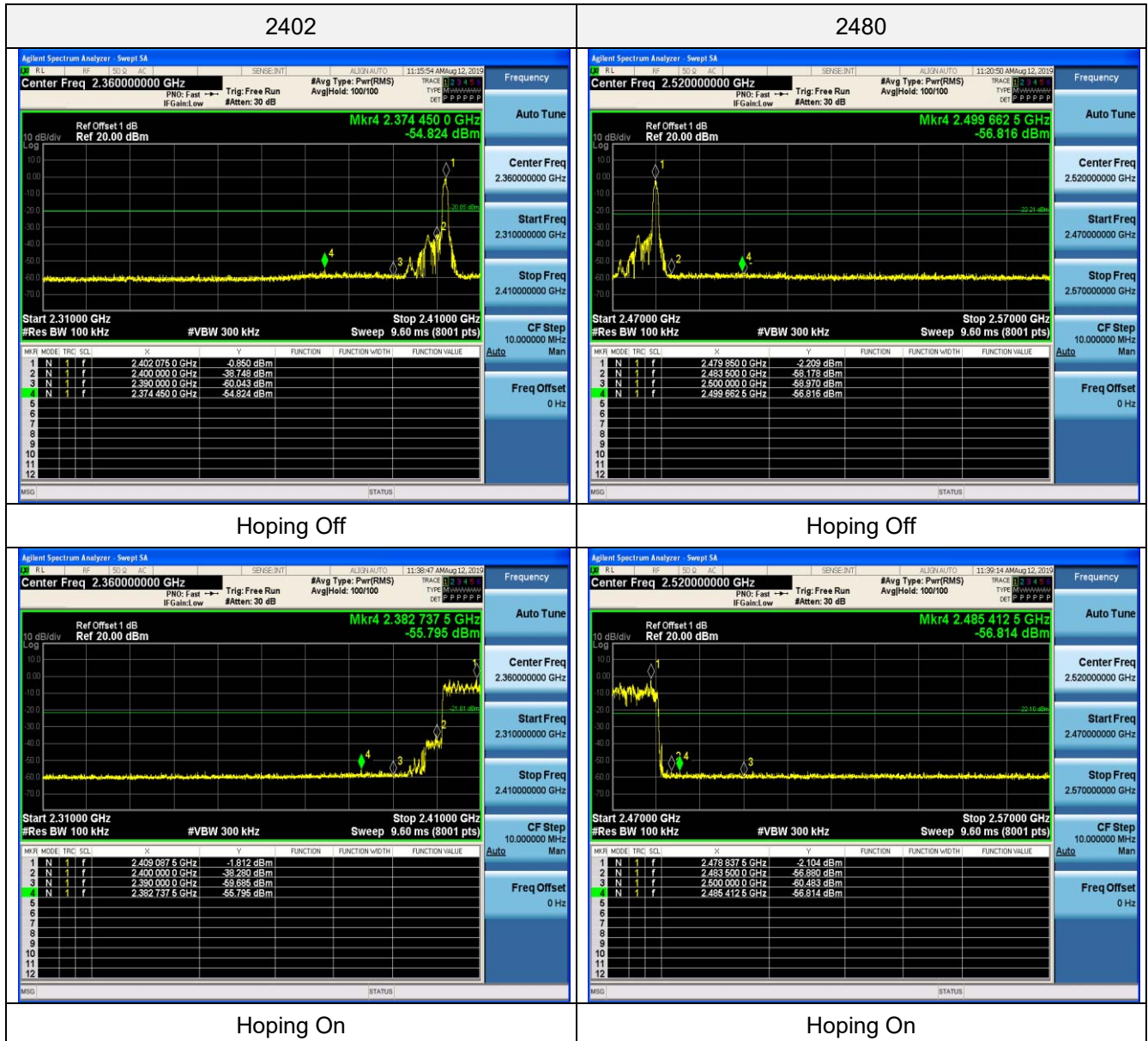
## GFSK

Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Hopping Mode	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
2400.00	-38.297	OFF	-20	PASS
2400.00	-33.817	ON	-20	PASS
2483.50	-55.914	OFF	-20	PASS
2483.50	-59.060	ON	-20	PASS



 $\pi/4$  DQPSK

Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Hopping Mode	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
2400.00	-37.898	OFF	-20	PASS
2400.00	-36.468	ON	-20	PASS
2483.50	-55.969	OFF	-20	PASS
2483.50	-54.776	ON	-20	PASS

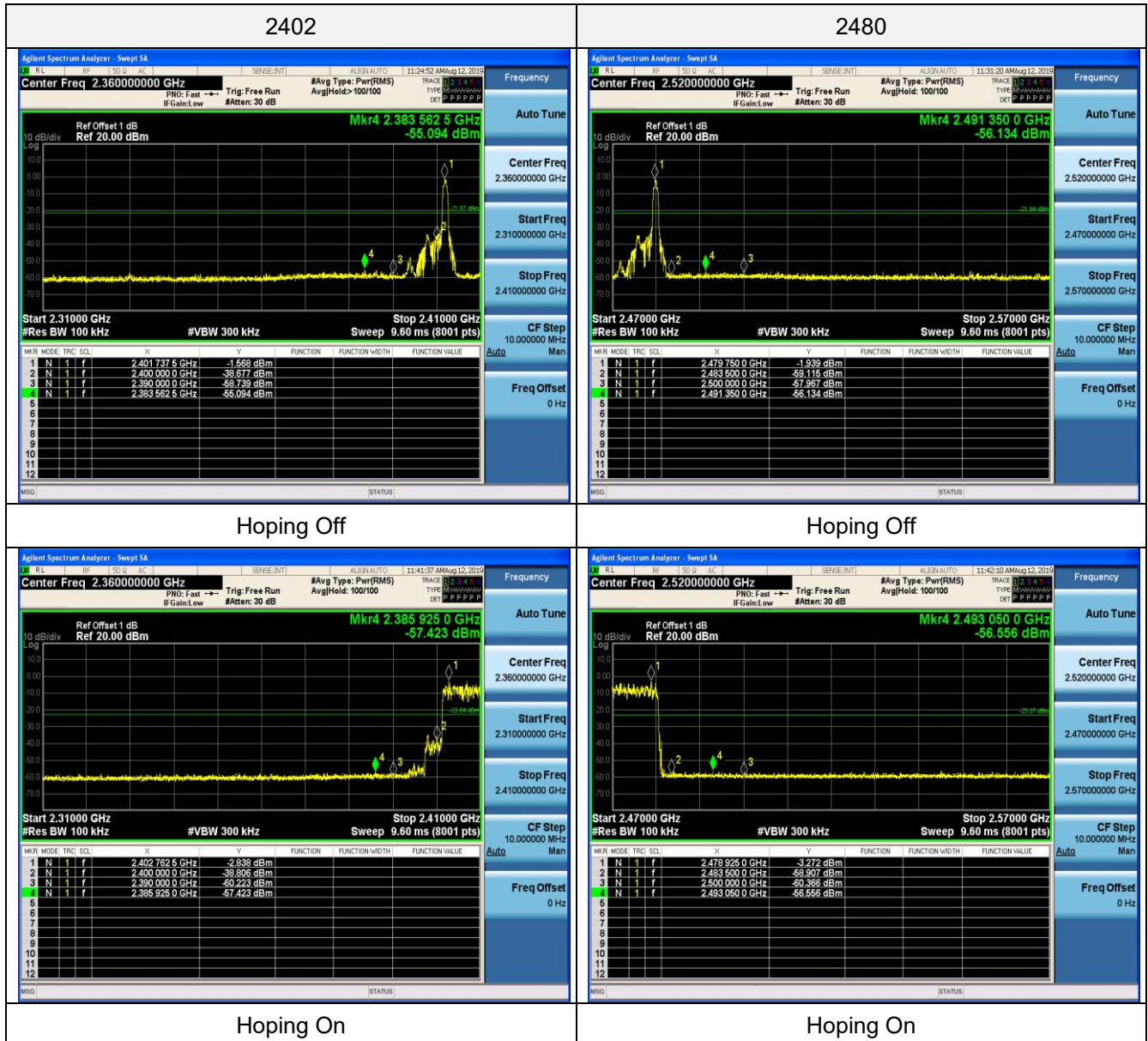






## 8DPSK

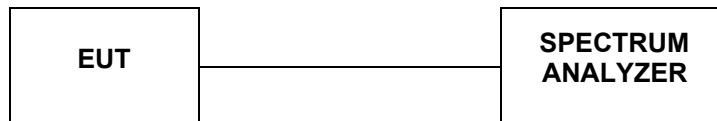
Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Hopping Mode	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
2400.00	-37.109	OFF	-20	PASS
2400.00	-35.968	ON	-20	PASS
2483.50	-57.176	OFF	-20	PASS
2483.50	-55.635	ON	-20	PASS





#### 4.7. Spurious RF Conducted Emission

##### TEST CONFIGURATION



##### TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100kHz and VBW= 300kHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 9kHz to 25GHz.

##### LIMIT

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

##### TEST RESULTS

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and band edge measurement data.

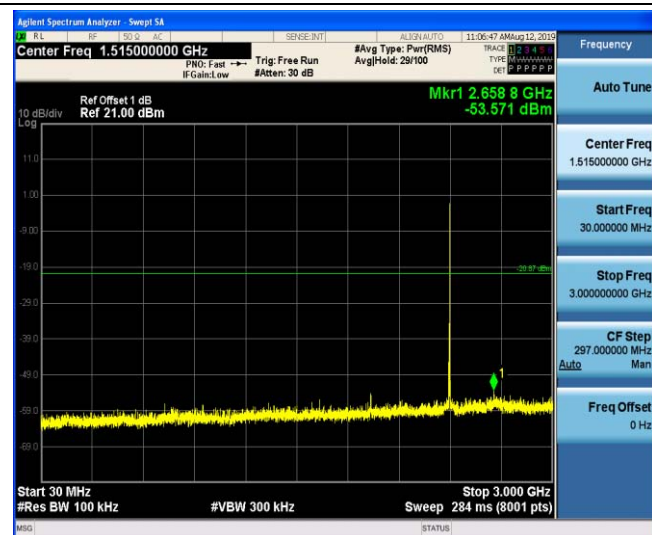




## GFSK CH00



## Reference



## 30MHz-3GHz

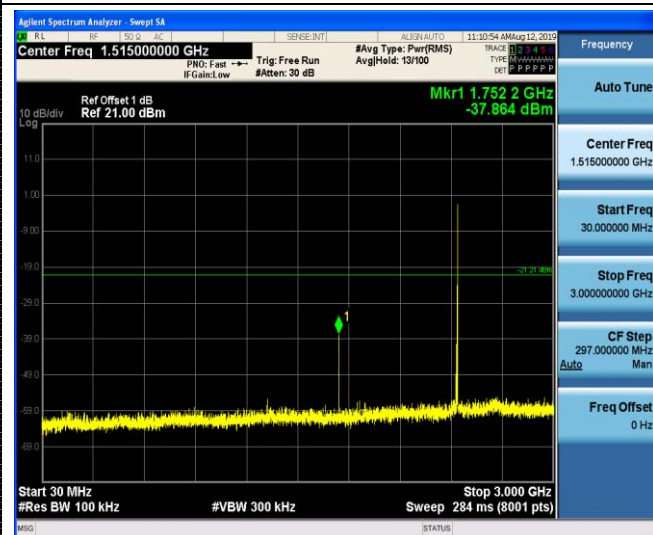


## 3GHz-25GHz

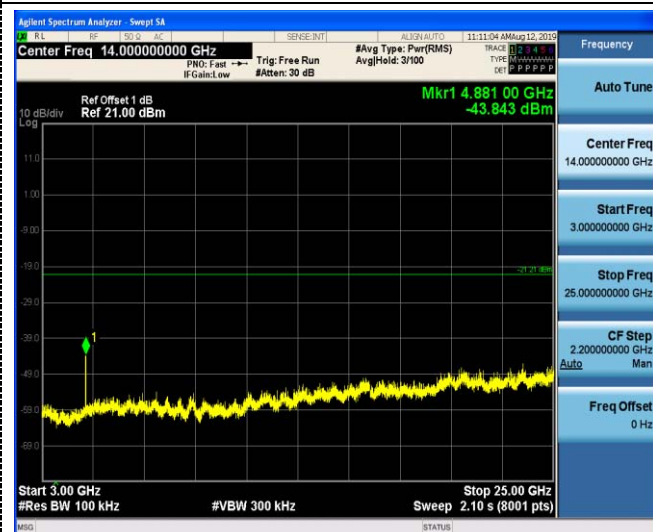
## GFSK CH39



## Reference



## 30MHz-3GHz



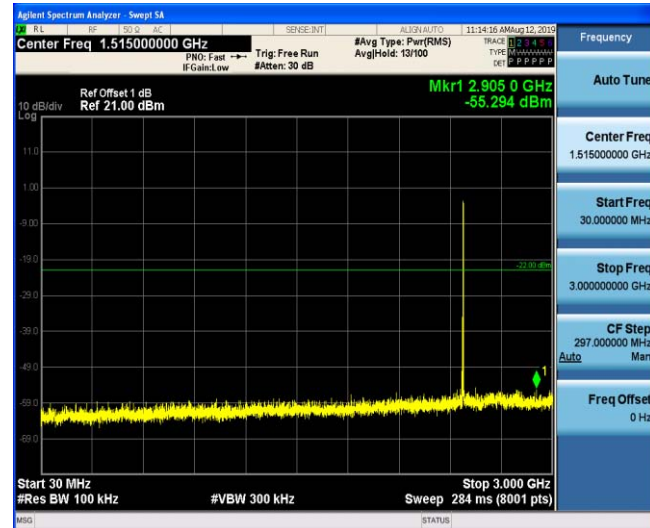
## 3GHz-25GHz



## GFSK CH78



## Reference



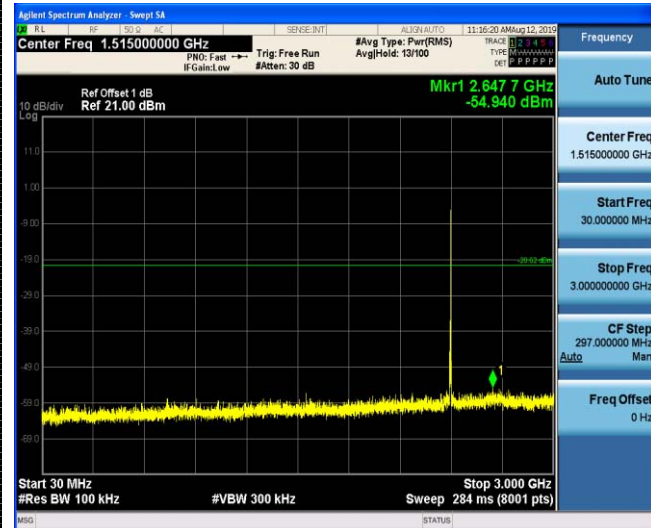
## 30MHz-3GHz



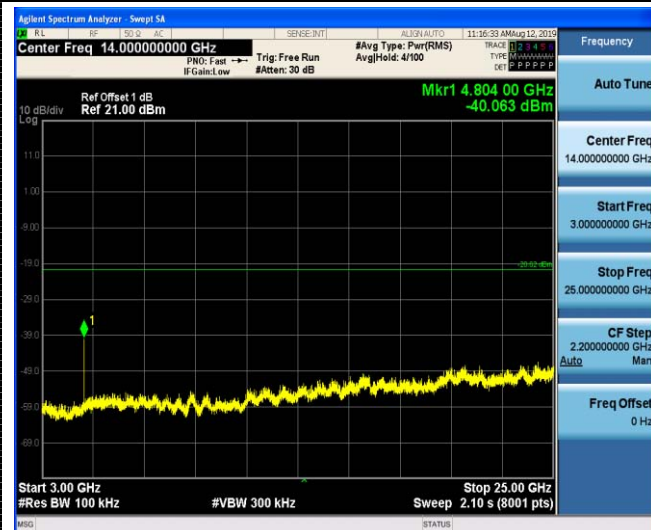
## 3GHz-25GHz

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK CH00

## Reference



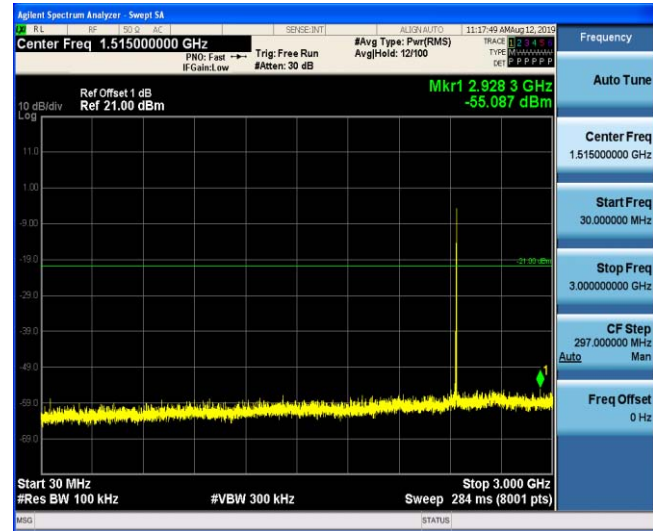
## 30MHz-3GHz



## 3GHz-25GHz

 $\pi$ /4DQPSK CH39

## Reference



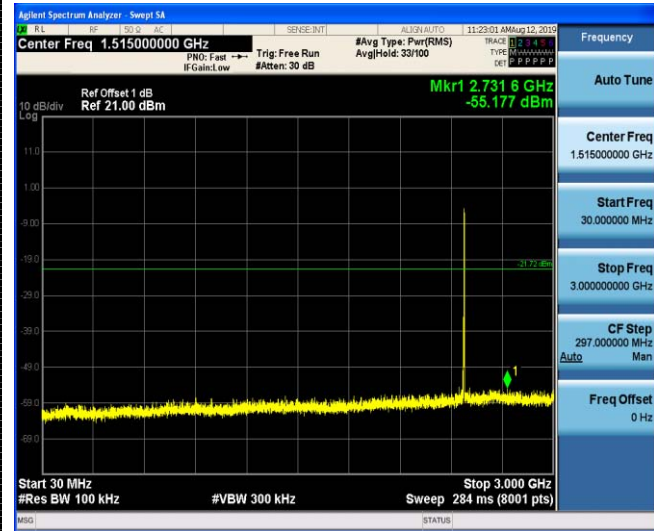
## 30MHz-3GHz



## 3GHz-25GHz

 $\pi$ /4DQPSK CH78

## Reference



## 30MHz-3GHz



## 3GHz-25GHz



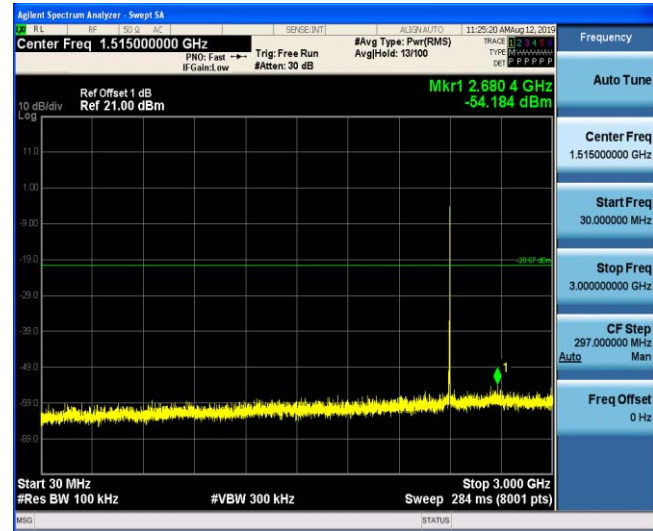
## 8DPSK CH00



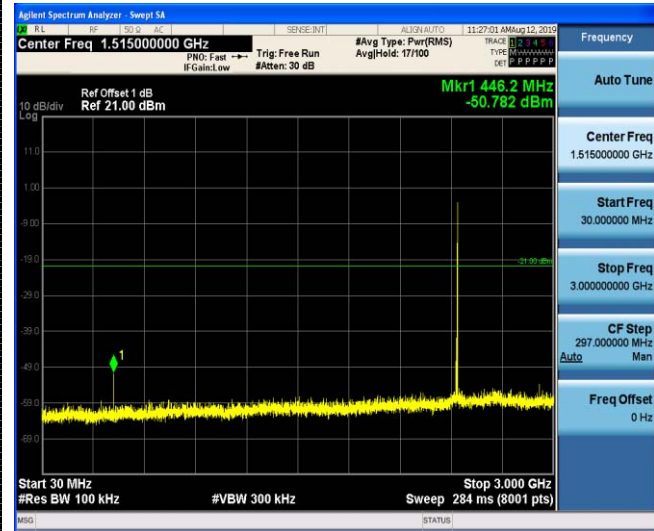
## 8DPSK CH39



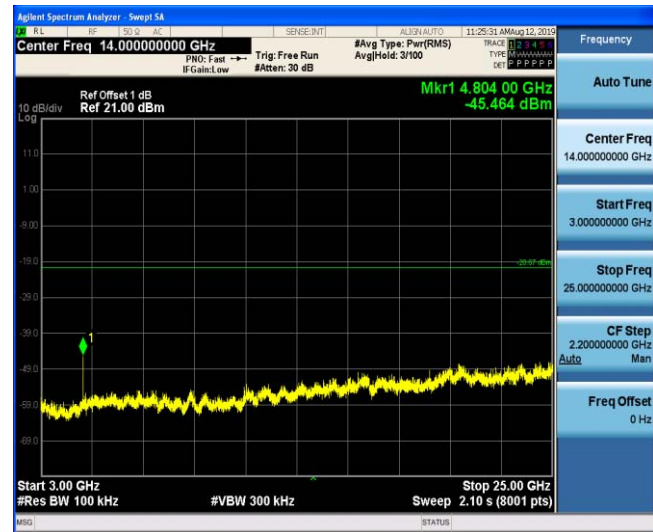
## Reference



## Reference



## 30MHz-3GHz



## 30MHz-3GHz

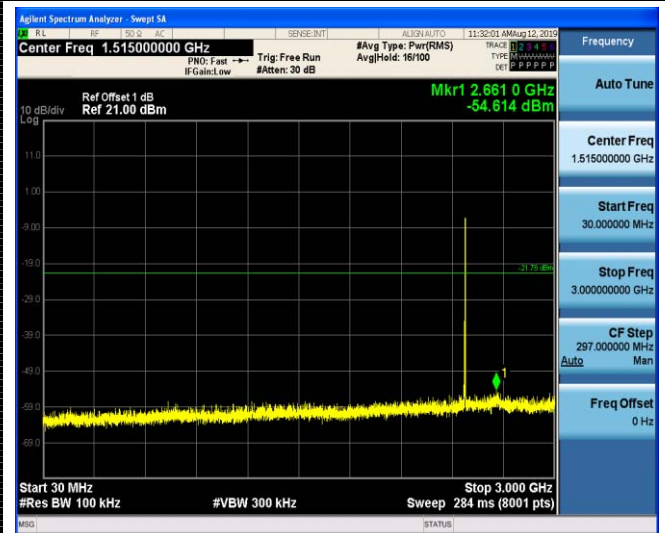


## 3GHz-25GHz

## 3GHz-25GHz

**8DPSK CH78**

Reference



30MHz-3GHz



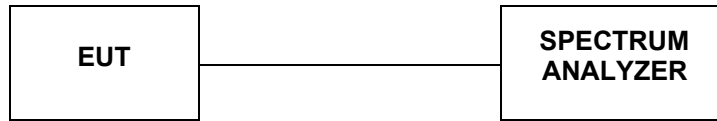
3GHz-25GHz





#### 4.8. Number of hopping frequency

##### TEST CONFIGURATION



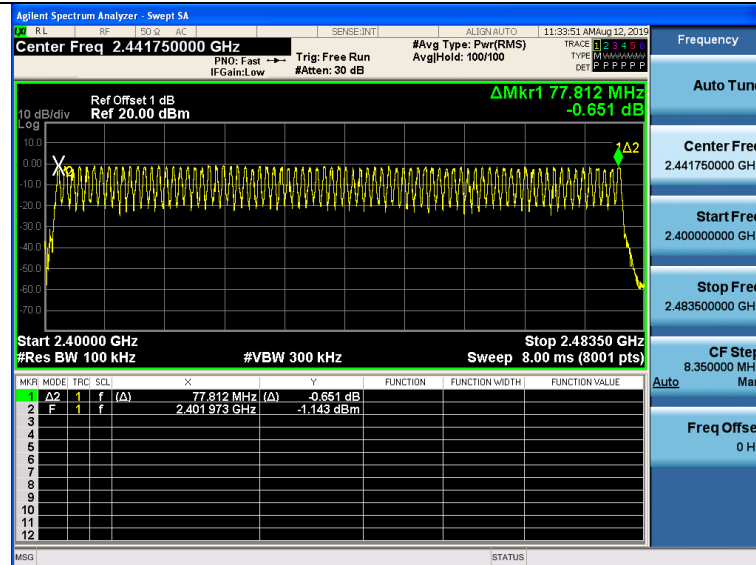
##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz with RBW=1MHz and VBW=3MHz.

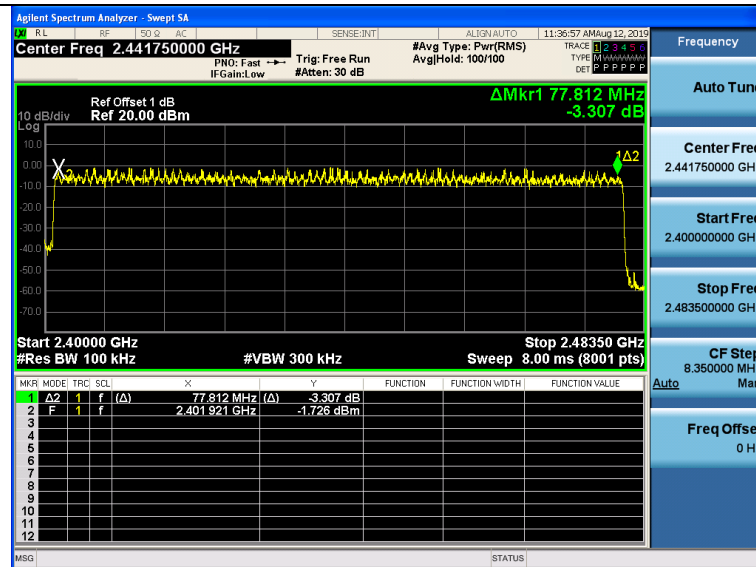
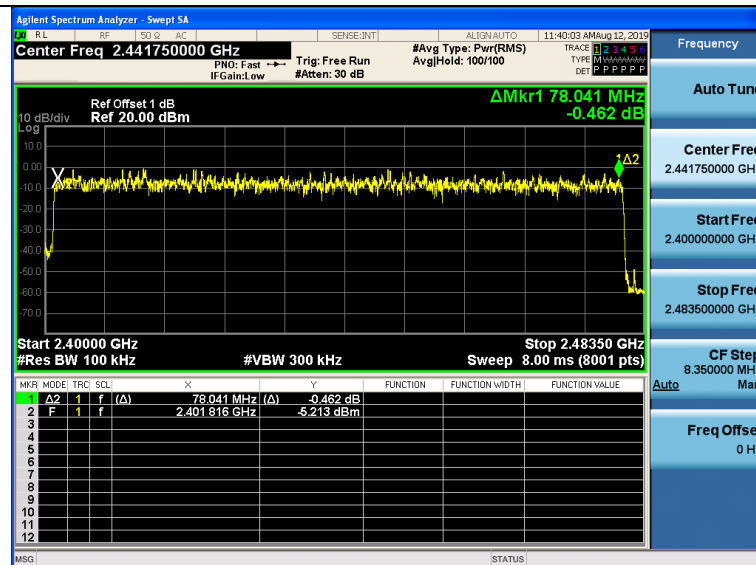
##### LIMIT

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	≥15	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79		
8DPSK	79		



## GFSK Modulation

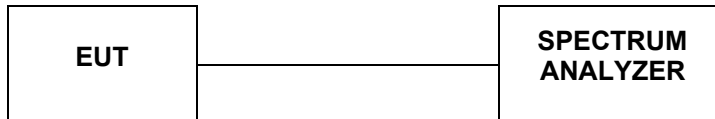
 $\pi/4$  DQPSK

## 8DPSK Modulation



#### 4.9. Time Of Occupancy(Dwell Time)

##### TEST CONFIGURATION



##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with RBW=1MHz and VBW=3MHz,Span=0Hz.

##### LIMIT

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a pe-riod of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

##### TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.367	0.117	0.40	Pass
	DH3	1.621	0.259		
	DH5	2.869	0.306		
π/4 DQPSK	DH1	0.376	0.120	0.40	Pass
	DH3	1.628	0.260		
	DH5	2.874	0.307		
8DPSK	3-DH1	0.377	0.121	0.40	Pass
	3-DH3	1.628	0.260		
	3-DH5	2.875	0.307		

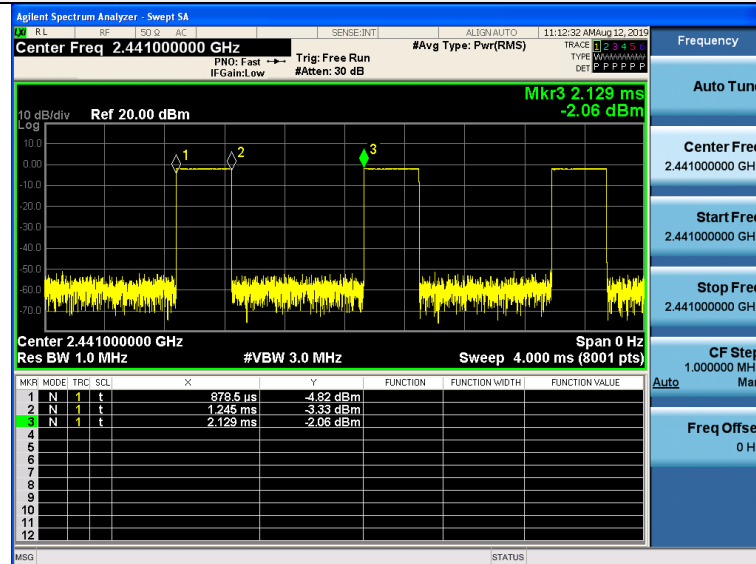
Note:

1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1  
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3  
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

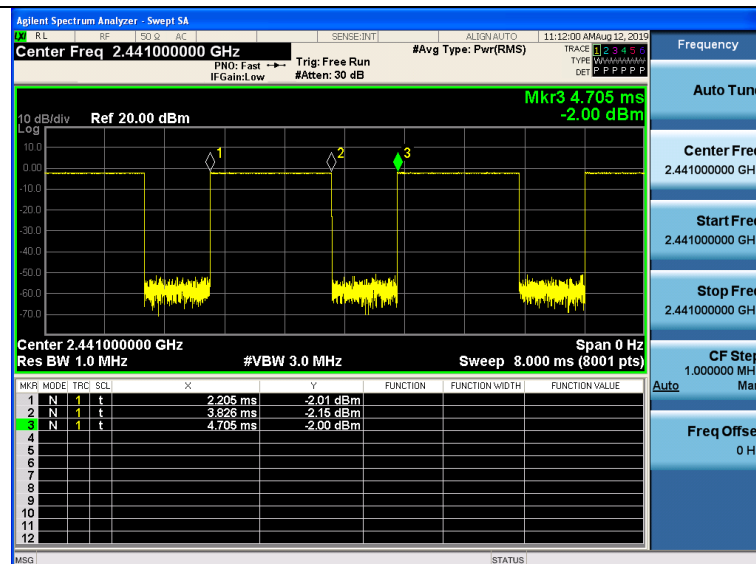




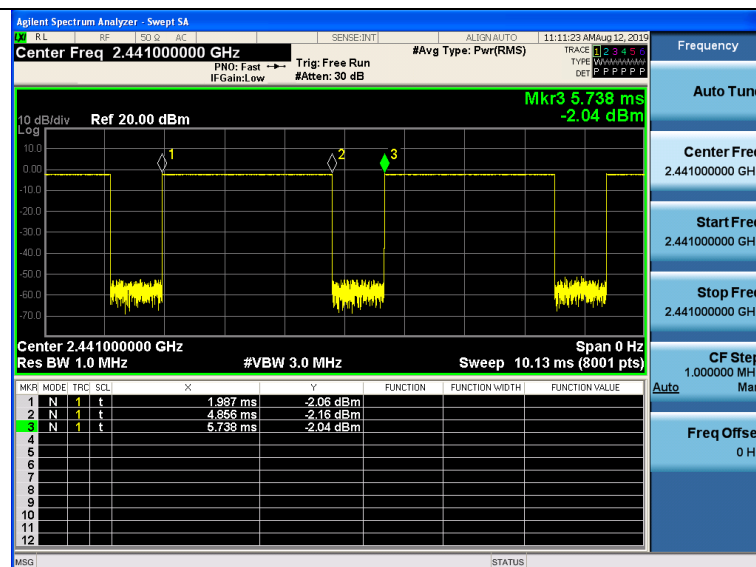
## GFSK Modulation



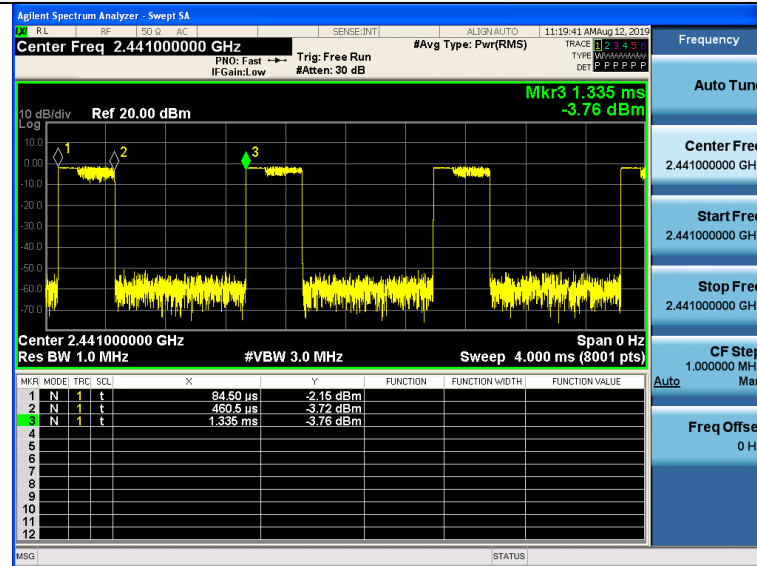
DH1



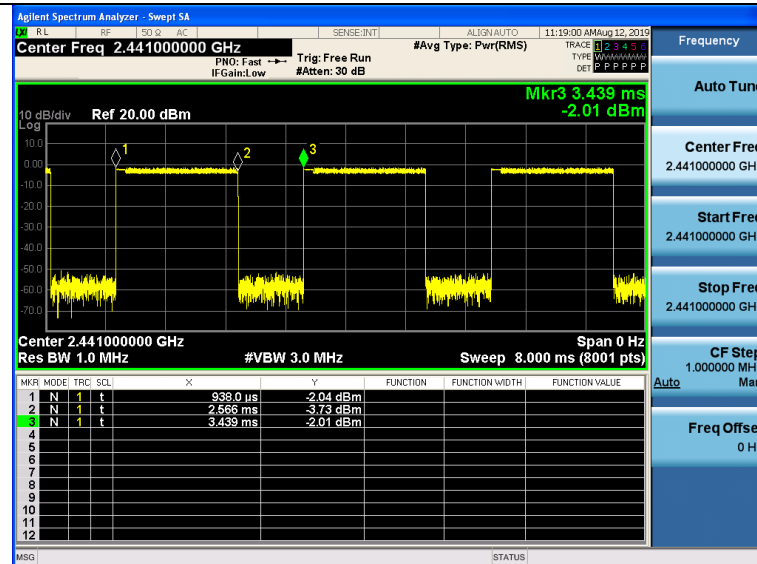
DH3



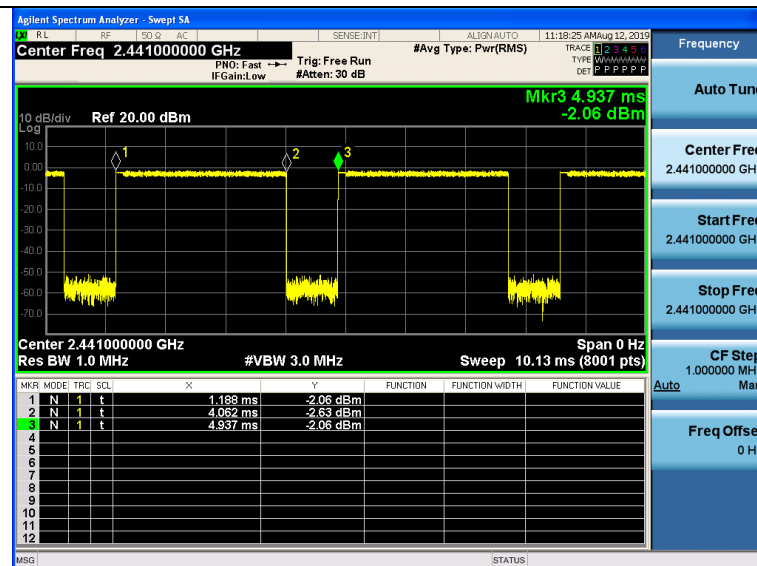
DH5

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

## 2-DH1



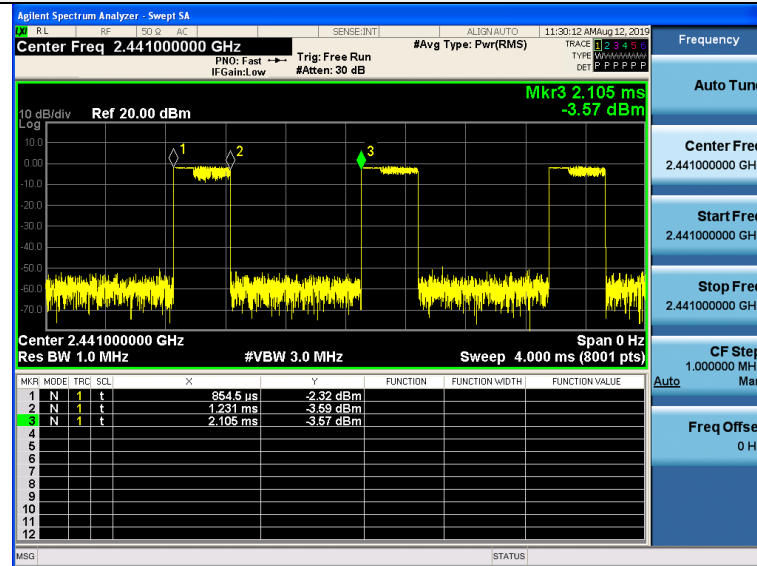
## 2-DH3



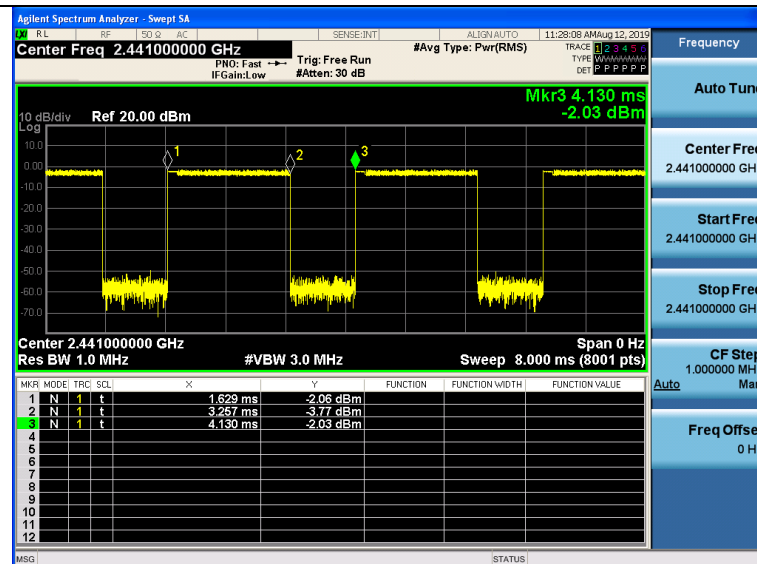
## 2-DH5



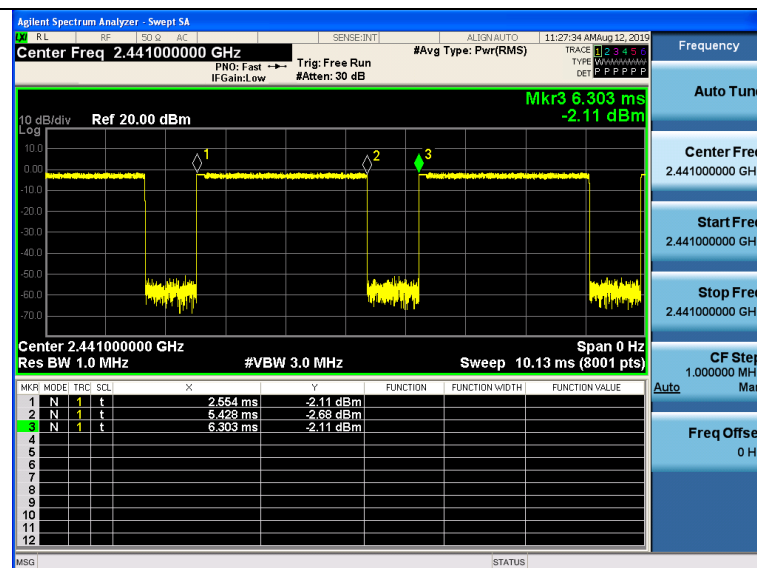
## 8DPSK Modulation



## 3-DH1



## 3-DH3



## 3-DH5

## 4.10. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

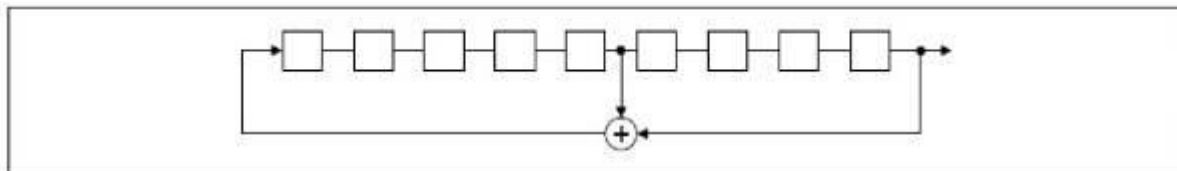
### TEST APPLICABLE

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

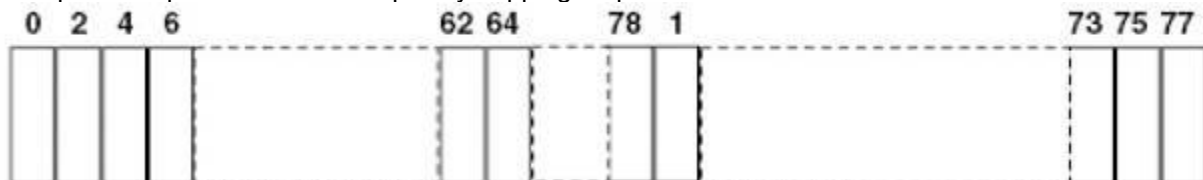
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



#### **4.11. Antenna Requirement**

##### **Standard Applicable**

##### **Standard Applicable**

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

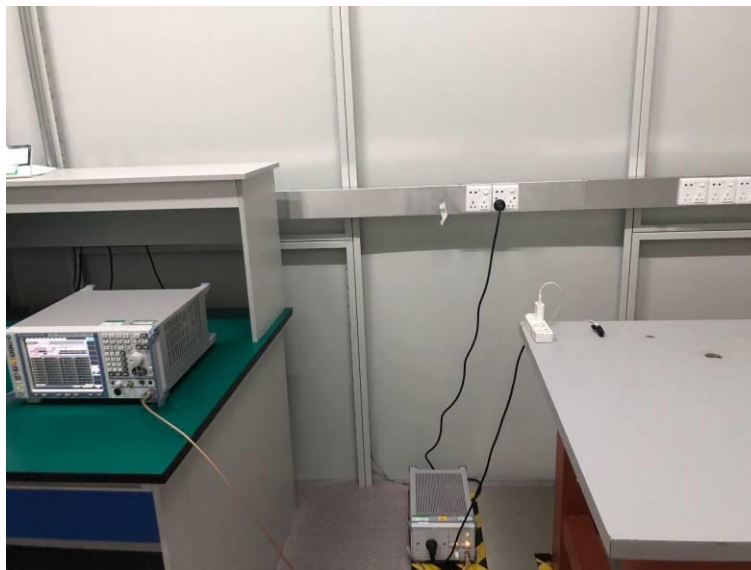
And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (c), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

##### **Antenna Information**

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.00 dBi.



## 5. Test Setup Photos of the EUT





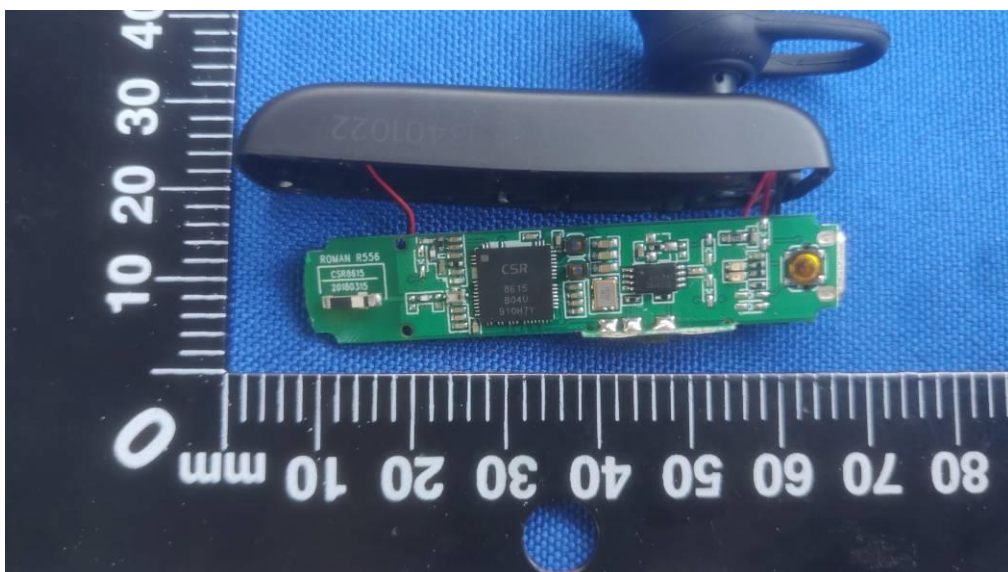
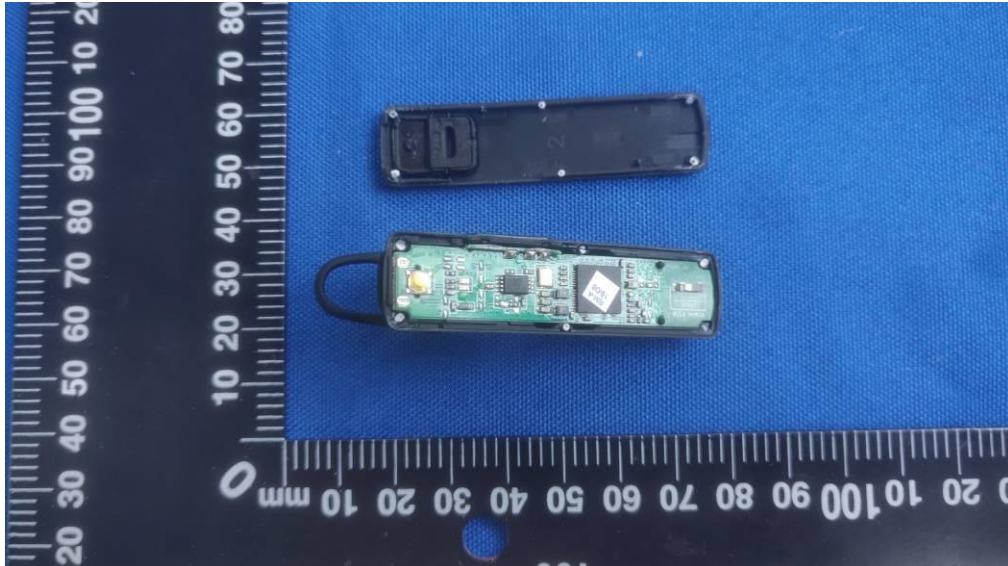
## 6. Photos of the EUT

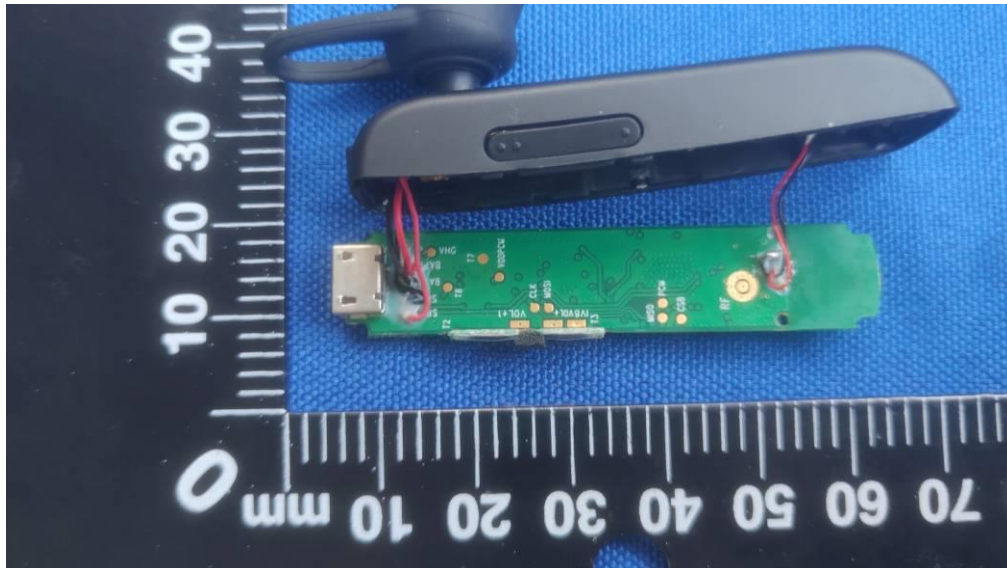
### External Photos of EUT







Internal Photos of EUT



.....End of Report.....