



# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd  
**FCC ID** 2AU8HSPH420-BQ  
**Product** Industrial smart handheld terminal  
**Model** SPH420-bq  
**Report No.** R2212A1269-R3  
**Issue Date** January 12, 2023

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2022)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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## Summary of Measurement Results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Frequency Hopping System	15.247 (g), (h)	PASS
2	Peak Power Output	15.247(b)(1)	PASS
3	99% Bandwidth and 20dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1) C63.10 6.7	PASS
4	Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	PASS
5	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS
6	Band Edge Compliance	15.247(d)	PASS
7	Number of Hopping Frequency	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS
8	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS
9	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	PASS
10	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing: December 12, 2022~ January 10, 2023 Date of Sample Received: December 12, 2022			
Note: PASS: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. FAIL: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			

# 1 Test Laboratory

## 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

## 1.2. Test facility

### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform measurements.

### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform measurement.

## 1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
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## 2 General Description of Equipment under Test

### 2.1 Applicant and Manufacturer Information

<b>Applicant</b>	Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd
<b>Applicant address</b>	3/F, Building 8, 1001 North Qinzhou Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd
<b>Manufacturer address</b>	3/F, Building 8, 1001 North Qinzhou Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China

### 2.2 General information

EUT Description			
Model	SPH420-bq		
IMEI	862165041023688		
Hardware Version	V1.0.2		
Software Version	20230106_01_SPHX20-aq_NDAC_V1.0.23		
Power Supply	Battery / AC adapter		
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna		
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)		
Antenna Gain	-0.03 dBi		
Test Mode(s)	Basic Rate	Enhanced Data Rate(EDR)	
Modulation Type	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)		
	GFSK	π/4 DQPSK	8DPSK
Packet Type (Maximum Payload)	DH5	2DH5	3DH5
Max. Output Power	8.10 dBm		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	2402-2480 MHz		
EUT Accessory			
Adapter	Manufacturer: Zhuzhou Dachuan Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd Model: DCT12W050200ZZ-H1 (Adapters:94001-00001-EU;94001-00002-UK;94001-00003-US)		
Battery	Manufacturer: GuangDong FengHua New Energy Co., Ltd. Model: FHPK626263P		
Note: 1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant. 2. There is more than one Adapter, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, and however, only the worst case (94001-00003-US) will be recorded in this report.			

### 3 Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**Test standards:**

**FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2022) Radio Frequency Devices**

**ANSI C63.10-2013**

**Reference standard:**

**KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02**

## 4 Information about the FHSS characteristics

### 4.1 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

Standard requirement:

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(g):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packets with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

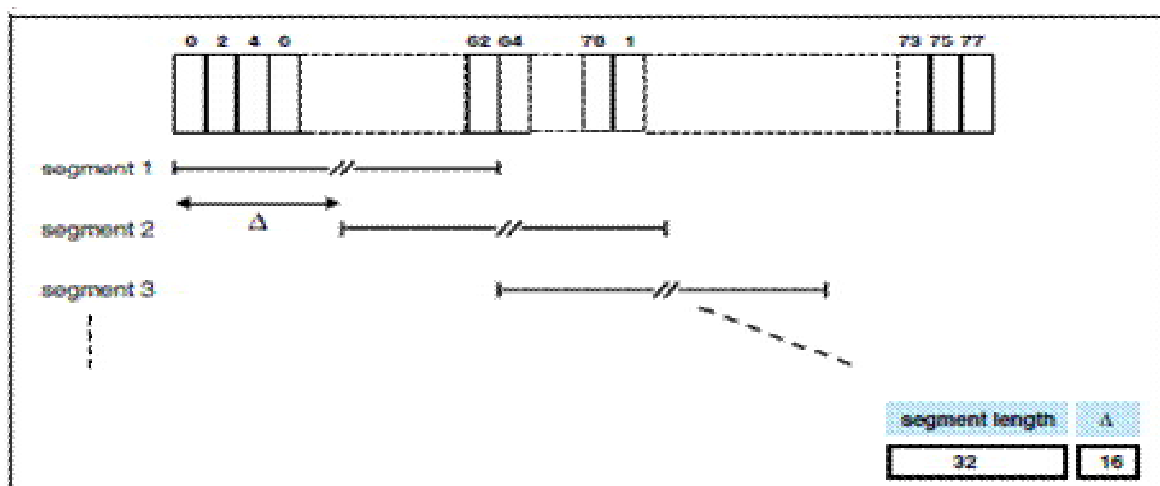
## 4.2 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Frequency Hopping Systems. A spread spectrum system in which the carrier is modulated with the coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the frequency carrier. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence. The wide RF bandwidth needed by such a system is not required by spreading of the RF energy about the carrier but rather to accommodate the range of frequencies to which the carrier frequency can hop. The test of a frequency hopping system is that the near term distribution of hops appears random, the long term distribution appears evenly distributed over the hop set, and sequential hops are randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hop set.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its pioneer to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

The selection scheme chooses a segment of 32 hop frequencies spanning about 64 MHz and visits these hops in a pseudo-random order. Next, a different 32-hop segment is chosen, etc. In the page, master page response, slave page response, page scan, inquiry, inquiry response and inquiry scan hopping sequences, the same 32-hop segment is used all the time (the segment is selected by the address; different devices will have different paging segments).

When the basic channel hopping sequence is selected, the output constitutes a pseudo-random sequence that slides through the 79 hops. The principle is depicted in the figure below.



Hop selection scheme in CONNECTION state.

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45, etc.

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.





The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 4.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the Pico net are time and hop-synchronized to the channel. Each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event.

### 4.4 System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1MHz. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## 4.5 Test Configuration

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.

Test Cases	Test Modes
Peak Power Output -Conducted	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Occupied Bandwidth (20dB)	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Band Edge Compliance	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Number of Hopping Frequency	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Unwanted Emission	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Conducted Emission	DH5/2DH5/3DH5

## 5 Test Case Results

### 5.1 Peak Power Output

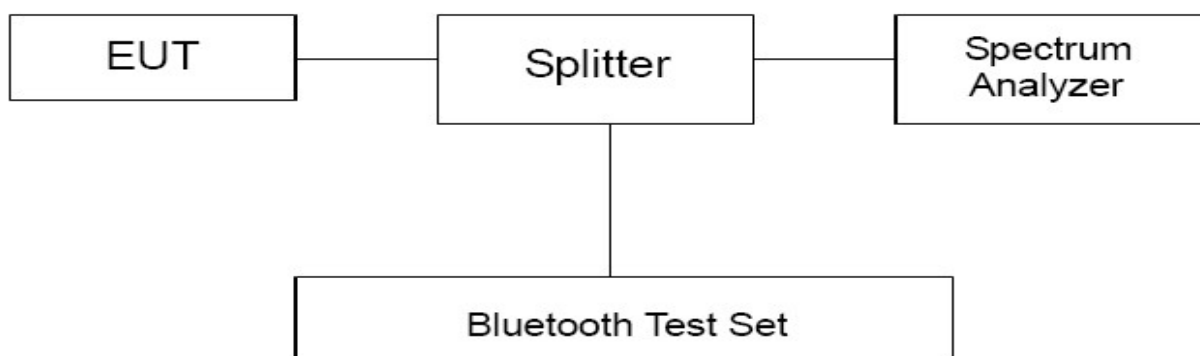
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The EUT is controlled by the Bluetooth test set to ensure max power transmission with proper modulation. The peak detector is used. RBW is set to 2 MHz; VBW is set to 6 MHz. These measurements have been tested at following channels: 0, 39, and 78.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (1) specifies that " For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts."

Peak Output Power	≤ 125mW (21dBm)
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#### Measurement Uncertainty

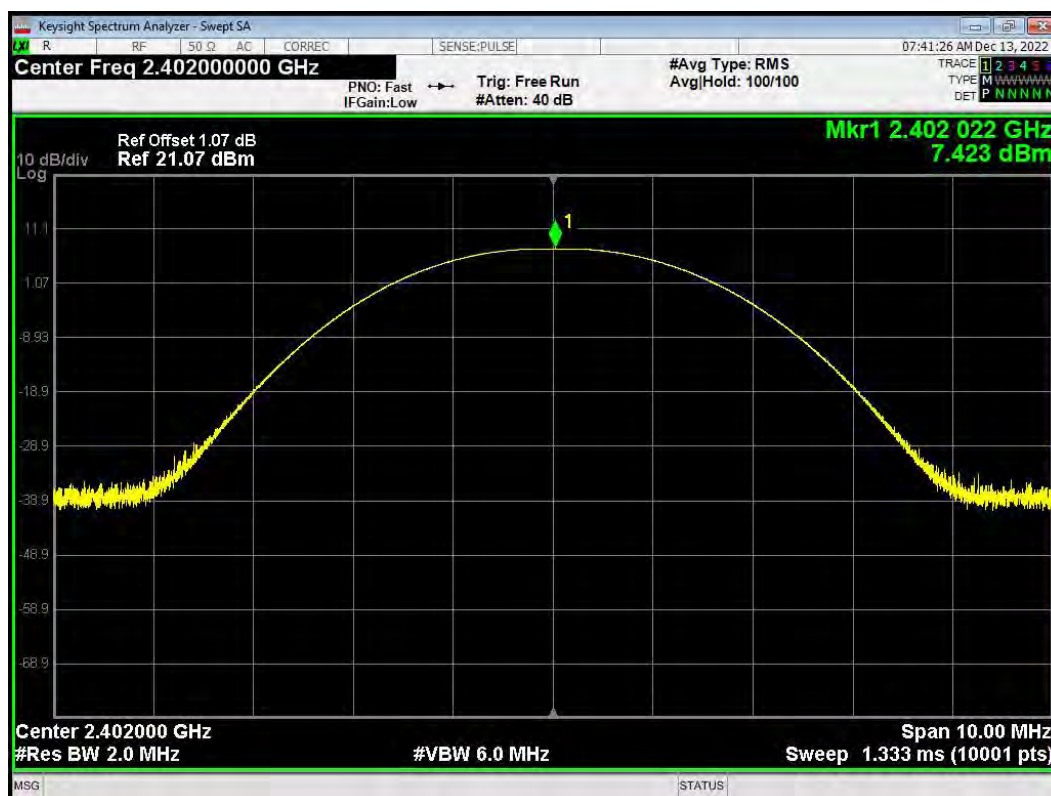
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U=0.44$  dB.

## Test Results

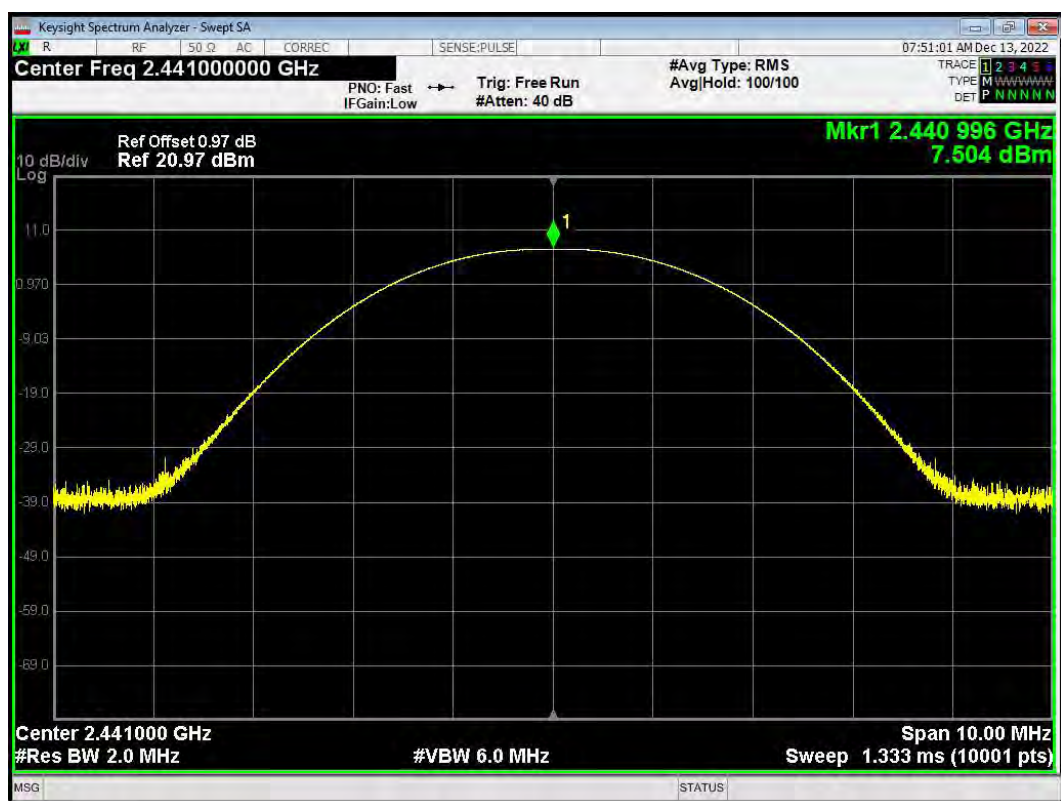
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)			Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
		DH5	2DH5	3DH5		
0	2402	7.42	6.82	7.11	21	PASS
39	2441	7.50	6.78	7.05	21	PASS
78	2480	8.10	7.75	7.88	21	PASS

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 21dBm.

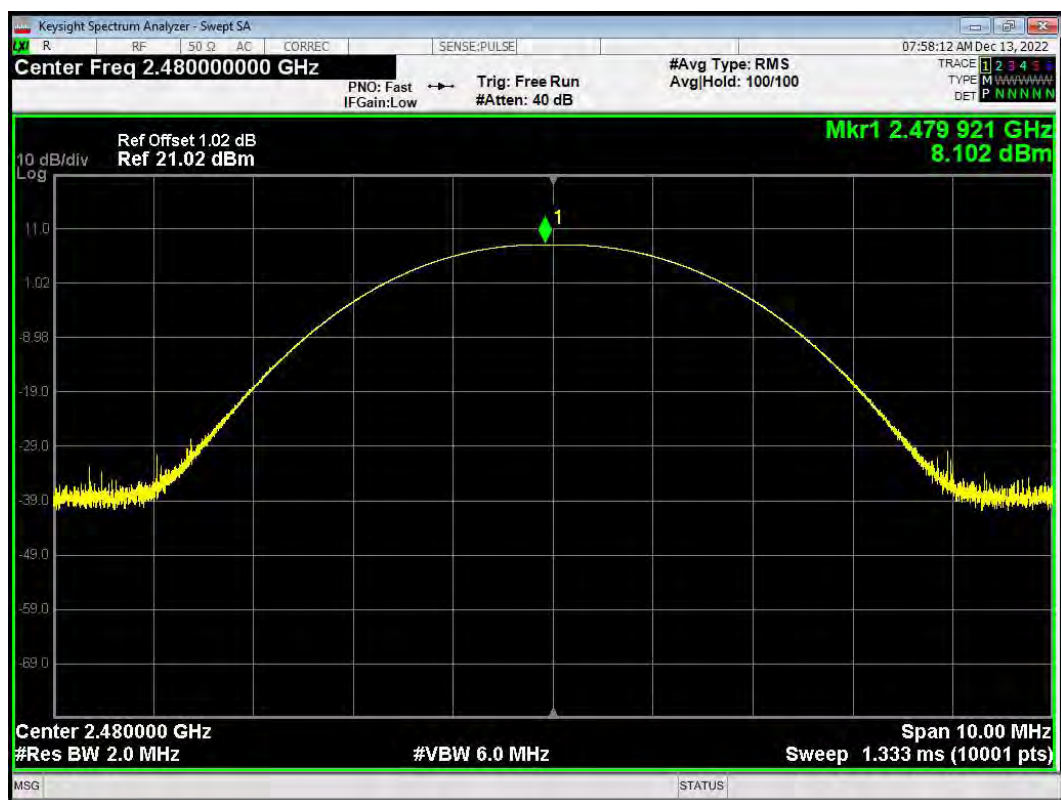
Power 1-DH5 2402MHz



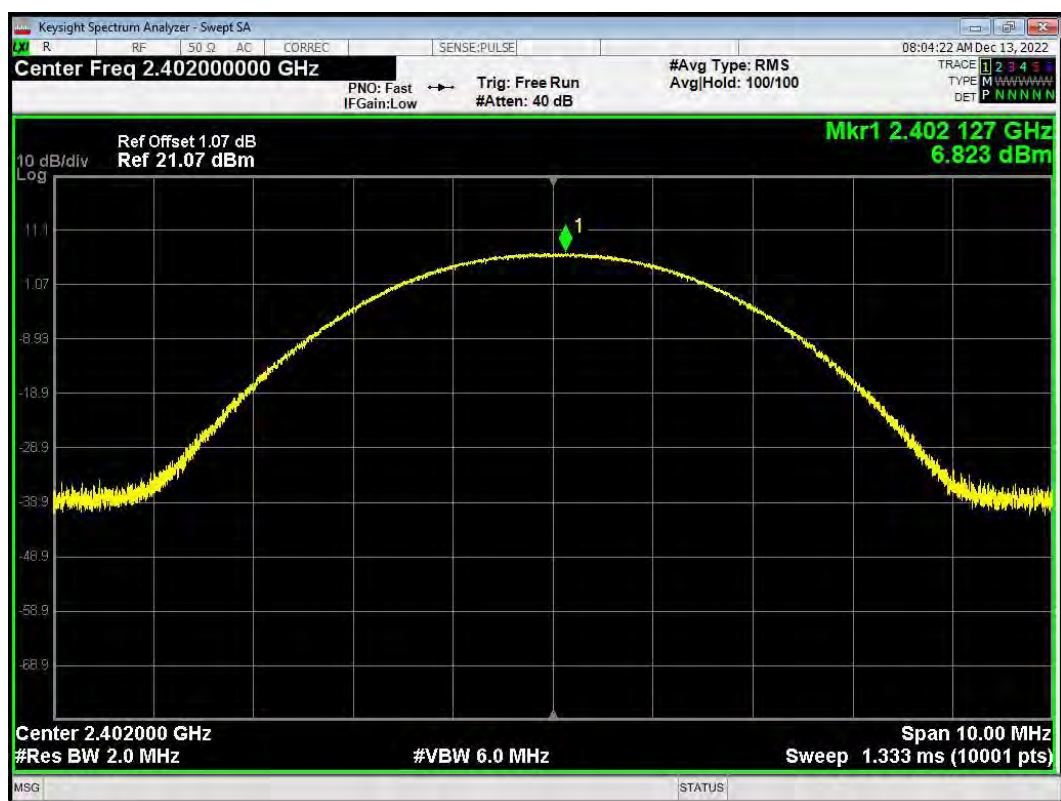
### Power 1-DH5 2441MHz



### Power 1-DH5 2480MHz



### Power 2-DH5 2402MHz

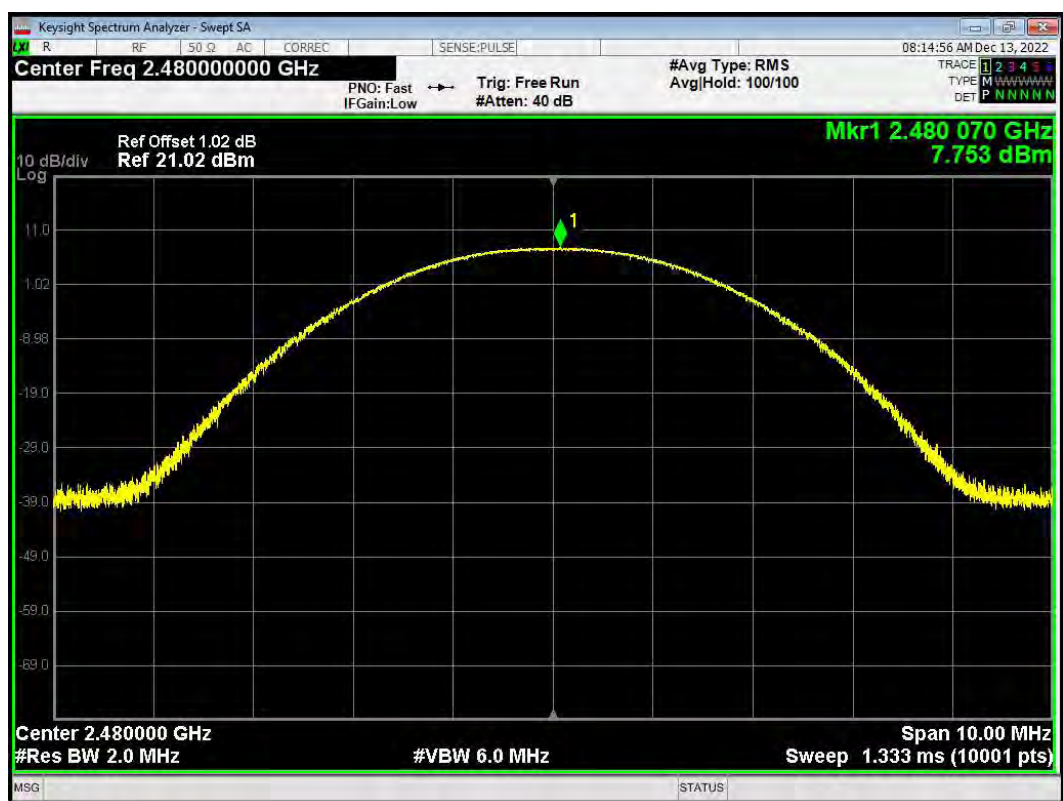


### Power 2-DH5 2441MHz

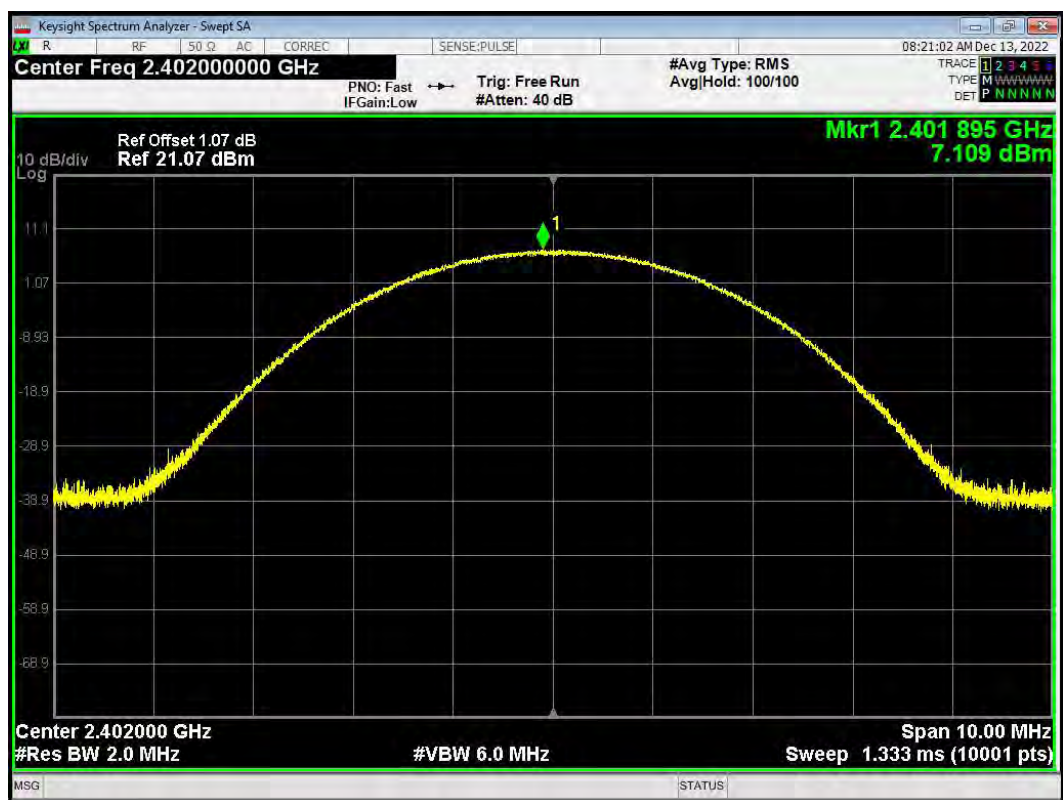




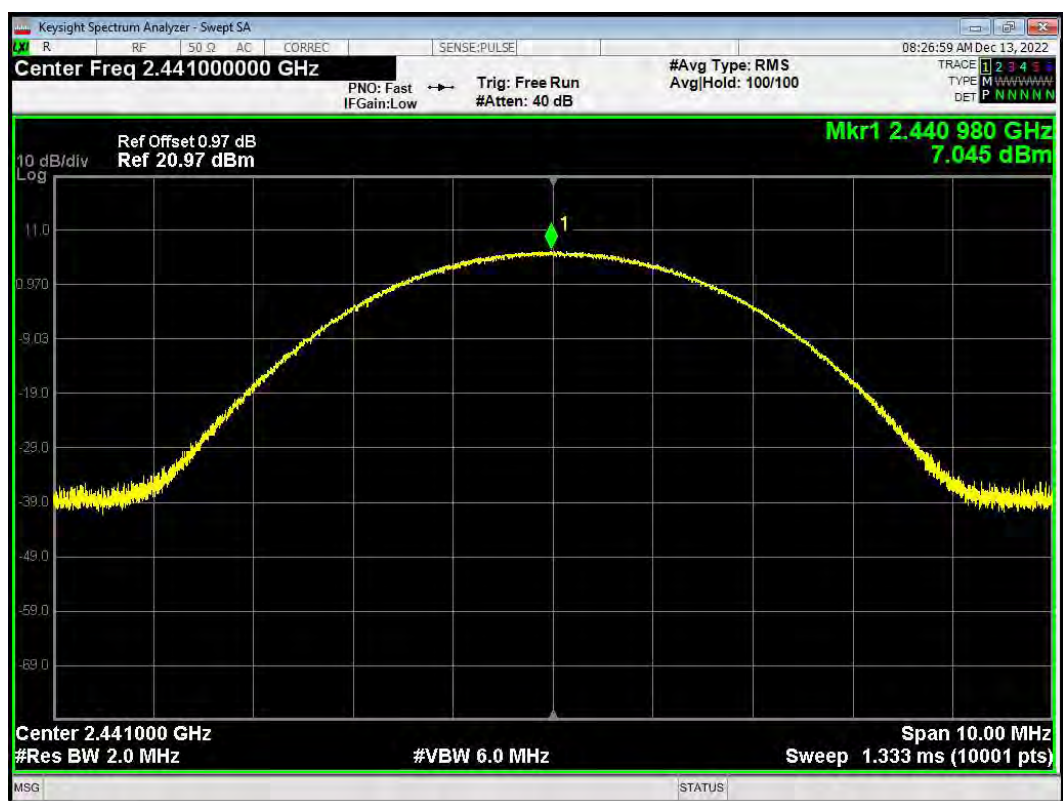
### Power 2-DH5 2480MHz



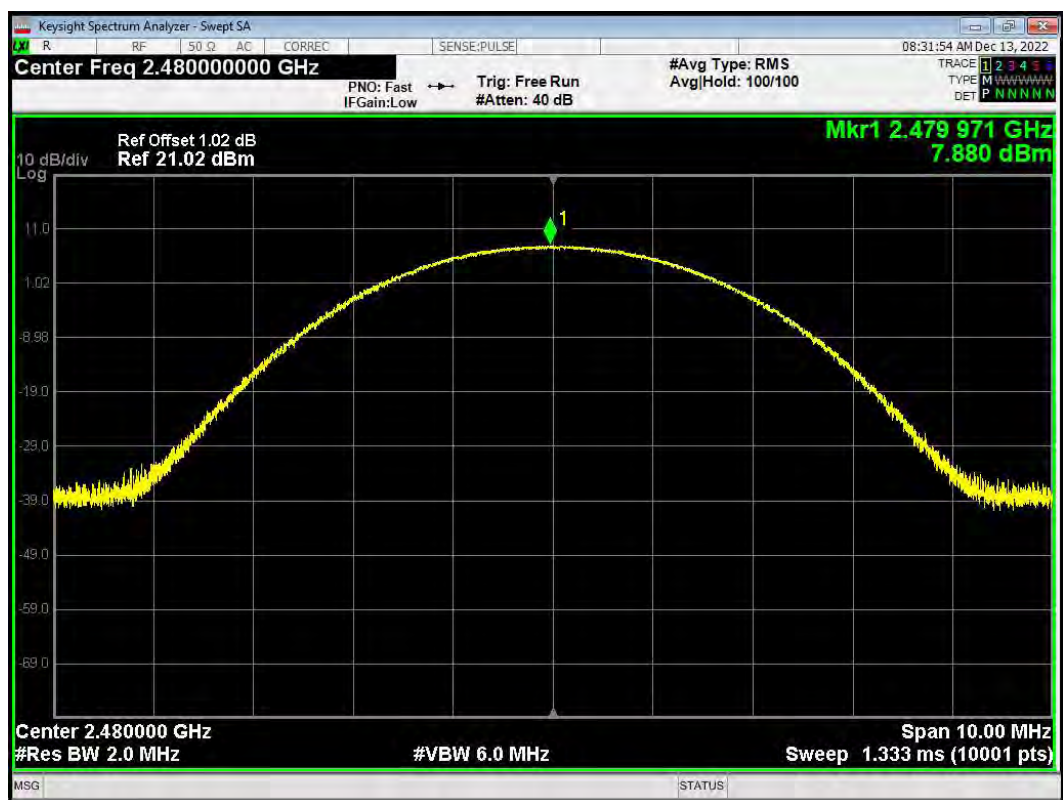
### Power 3-DH5 2402MHz



### Power 3-DH5 2441MHz



### Power 3-DH5 2480MHz





## 5.2 99% Bandwidth and 20dB Bandwidth

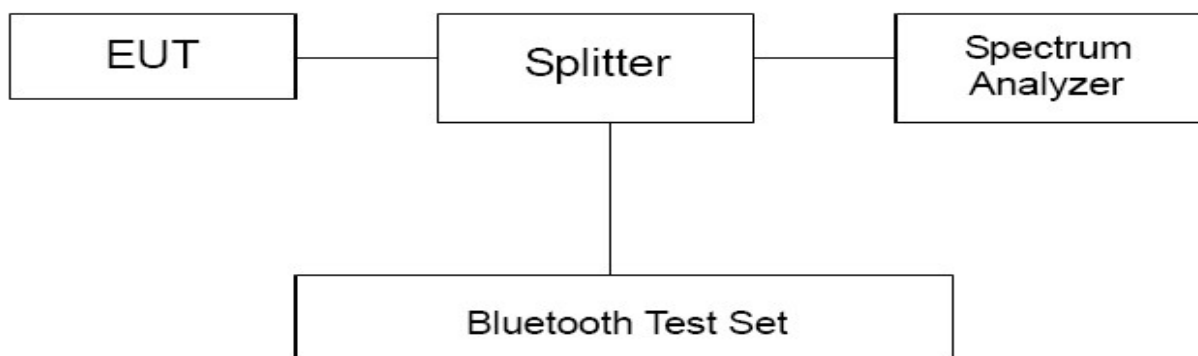
### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer. RBW is set to 30kHz and VBW is set to 100kHz on spectrum analyzer. -20dB occupied bandwidths are recorded.

### Test Setup



### Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 15.247(a) (1).

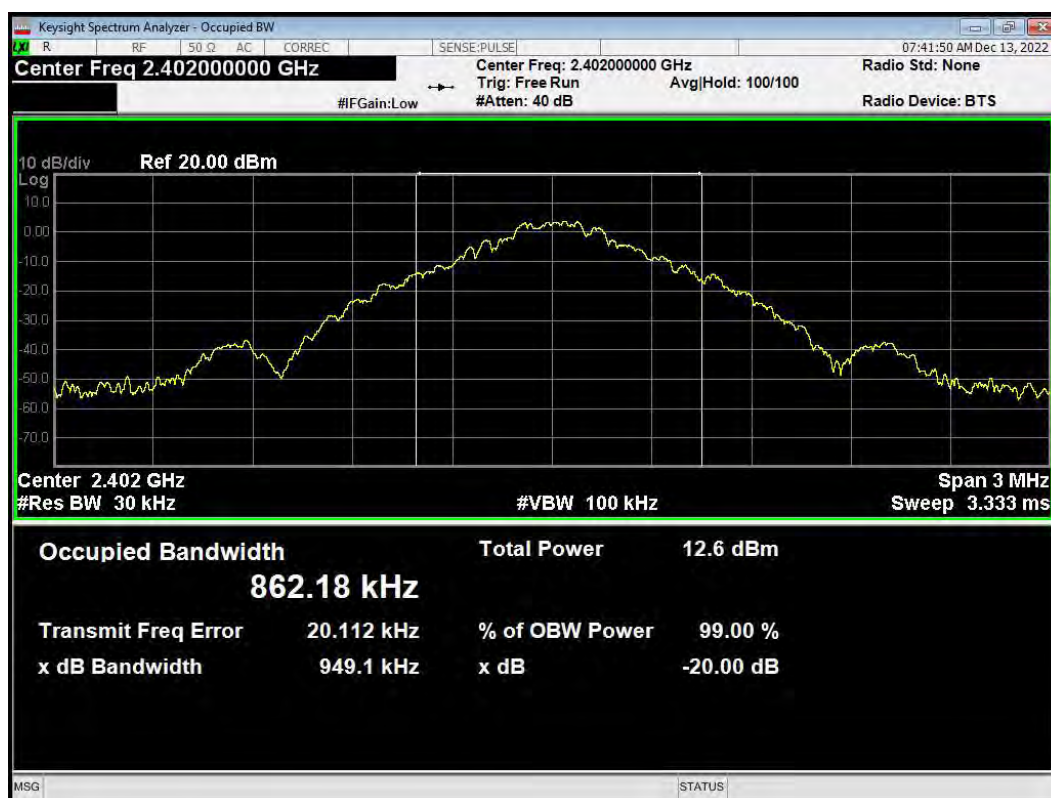
### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U=936$  Hz.

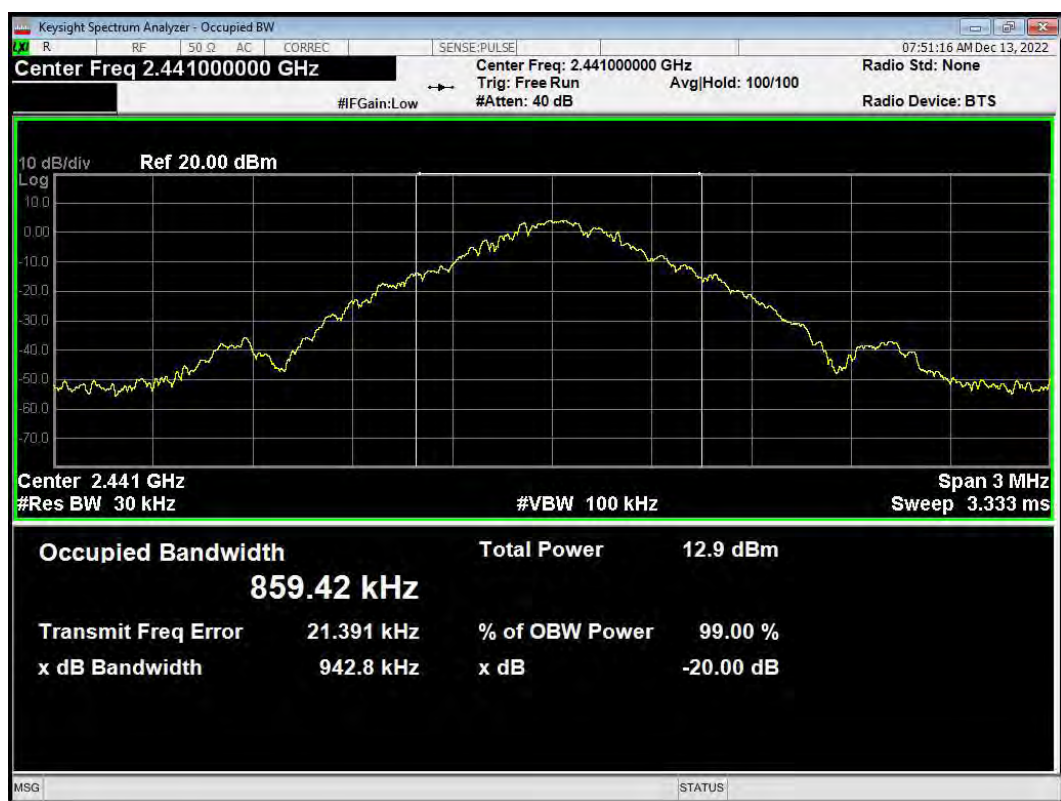
## Test Results

Test Mode		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth(MHz)	20dB Bandwidth(MHz)
BT	DH5	0	2402	0.862	0.949
		39	2441	0.859	0.943
		78	2480	0.848	0.931
	2DH5	0	2402	1.184	1.279
		39	2441	1.175	1.275
		78	2480	1.189	1.279
	3DH5	0	2402	1.192	1.317
		39	2441	1.188	1.295
		78	2480	1.193	1.285

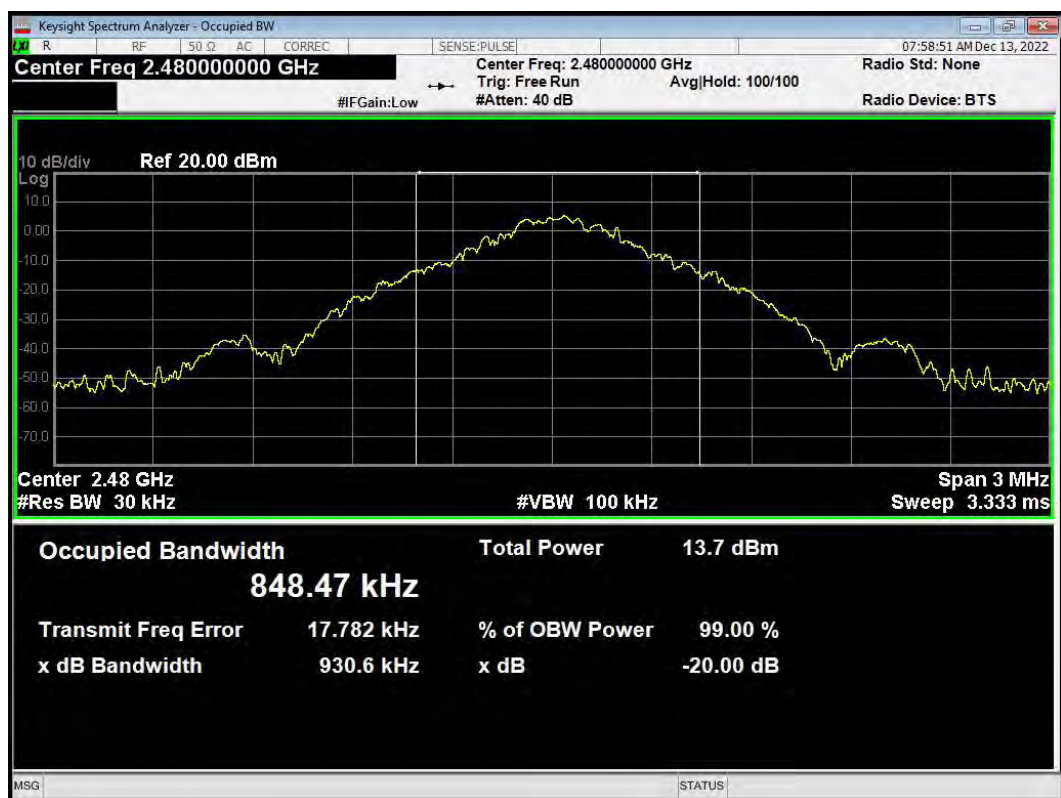
### OBW 1-DH5 2402MHz



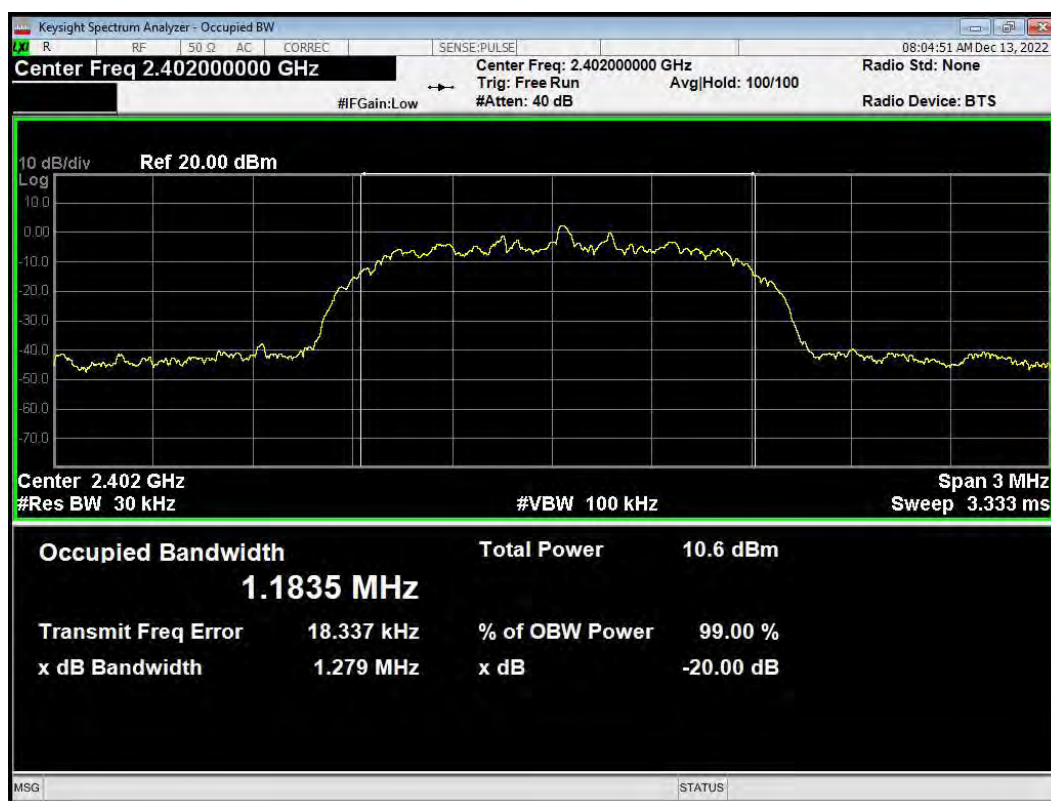
### OBW 1-DH5 2441MHz



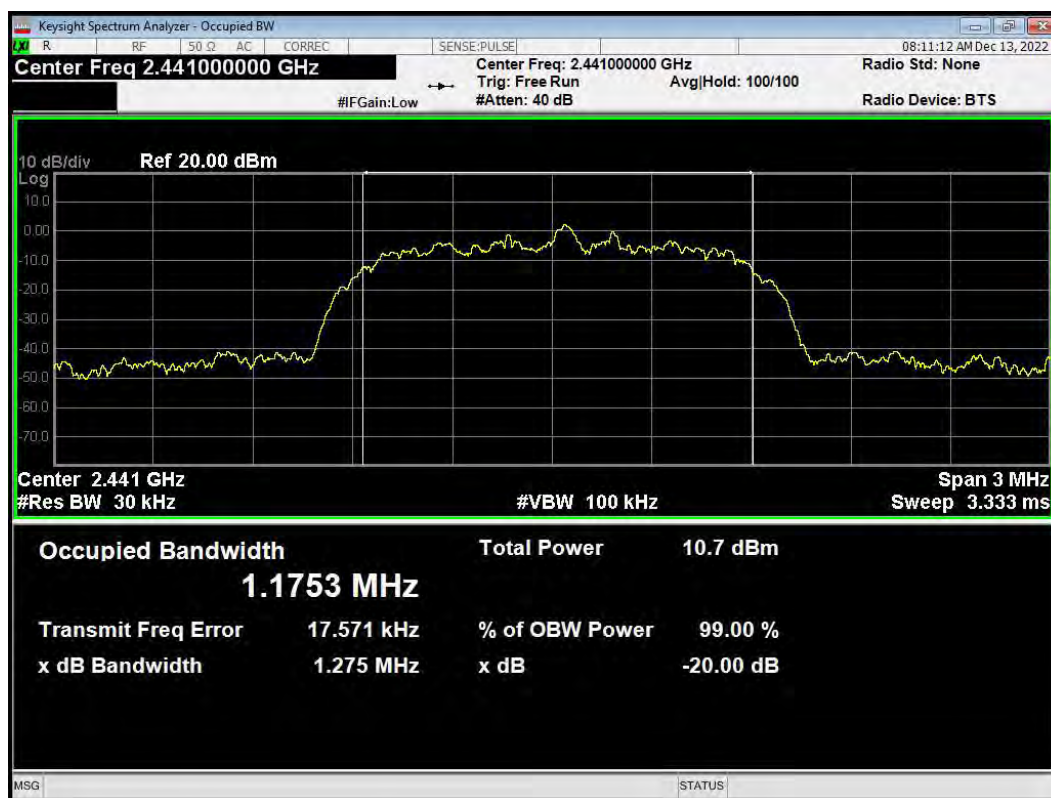
### OBW 1-DH5 2480MHz



### OBW 2-DH5 2402MHz

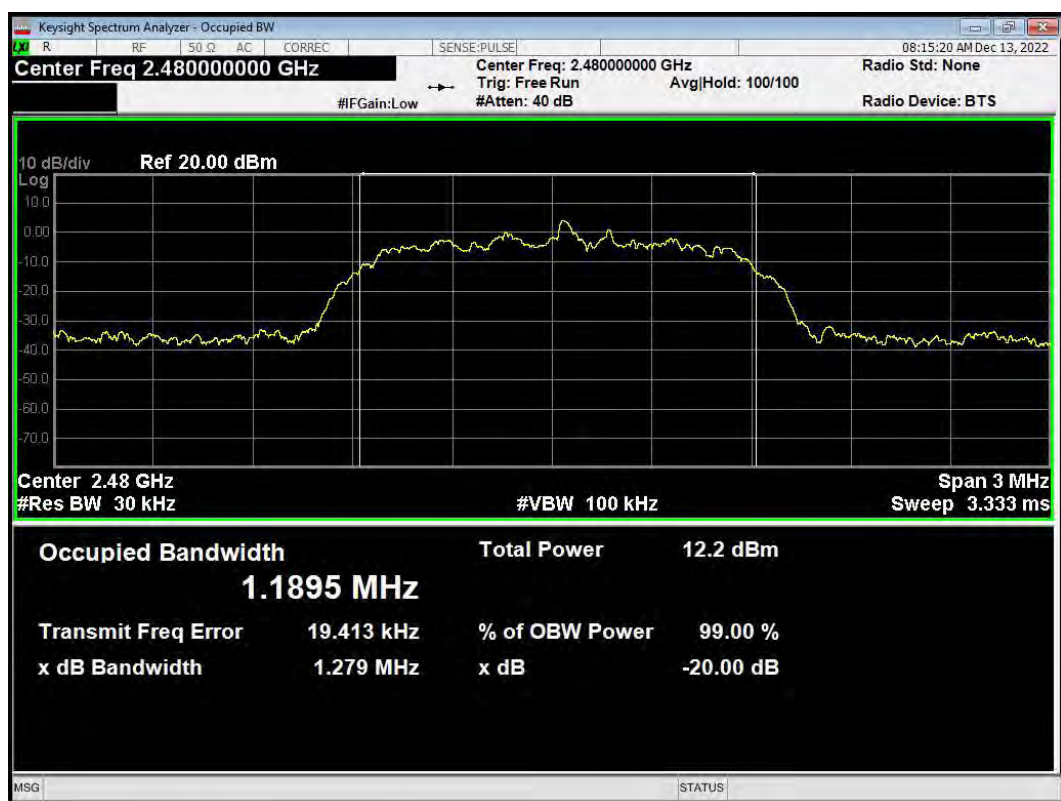


### OBW 2-DH5 2441MHz

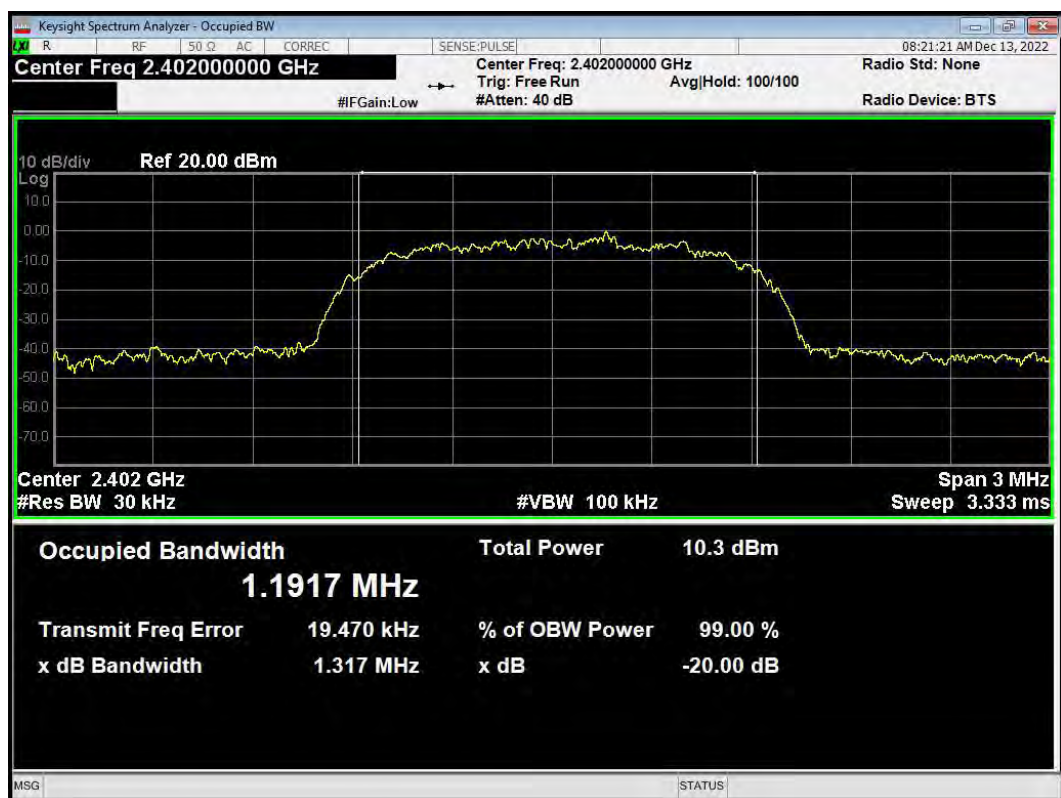




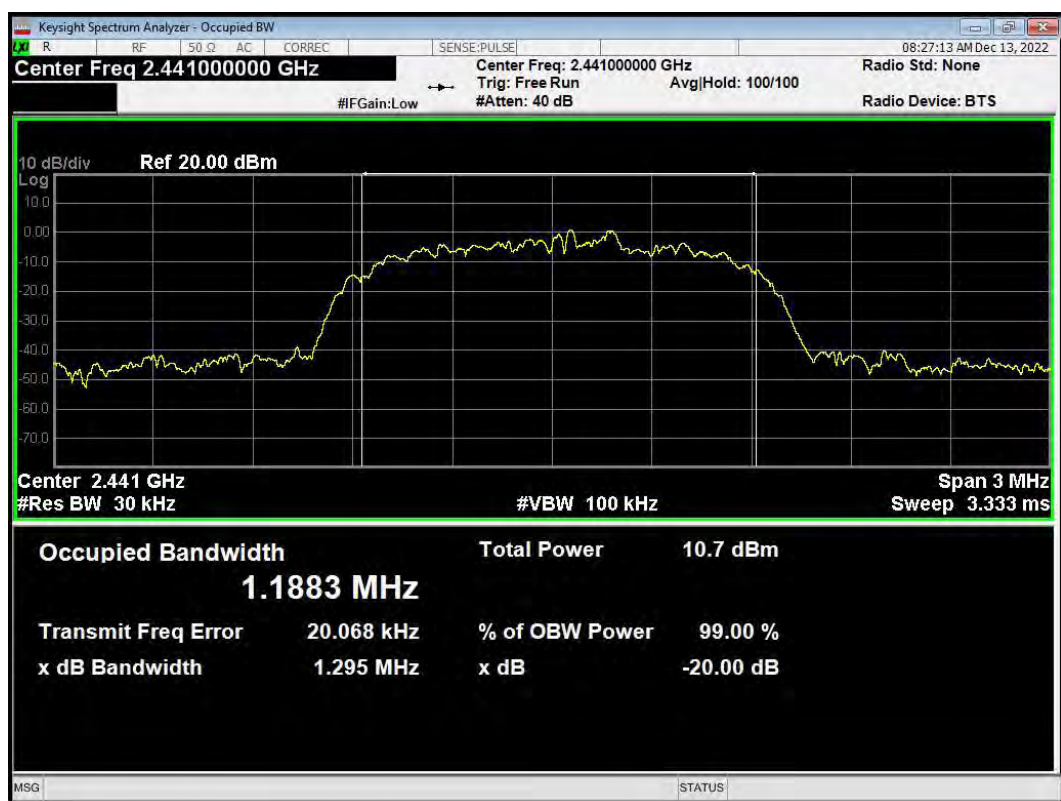
### OBW 2-DH5 2480MHz



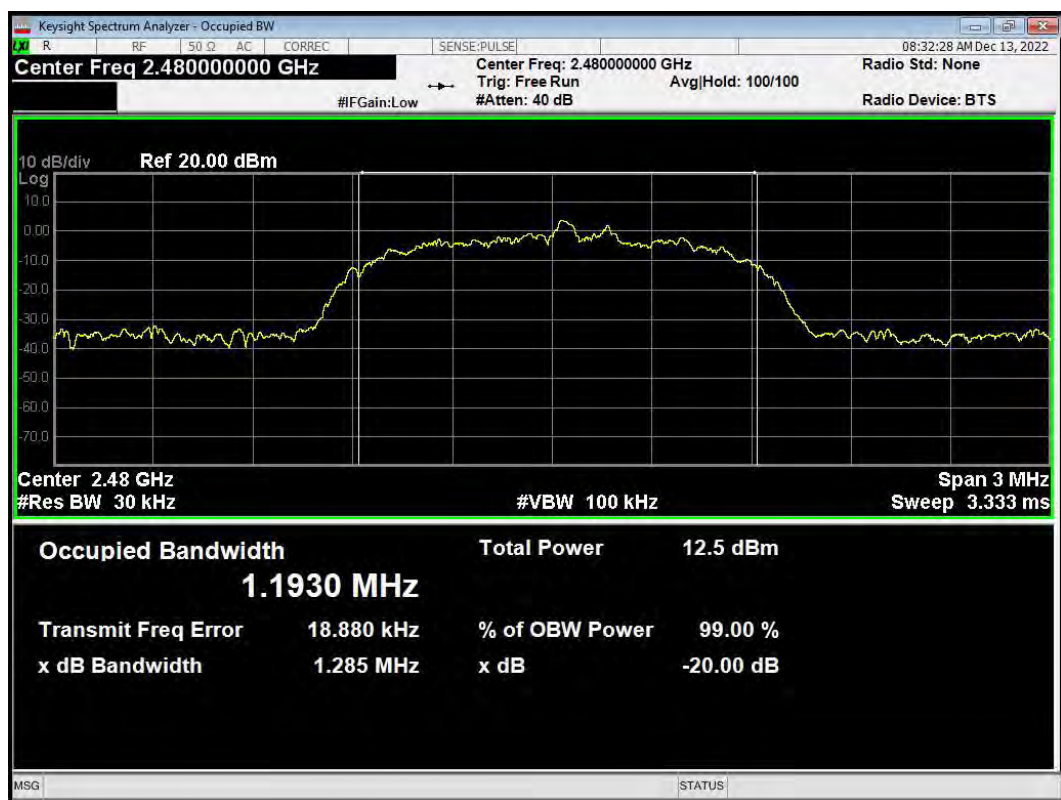
### OBW 3-DH5 2402MHz



### OBW 3-DH5 2441MHz



### OBW 3-DH5 2480MHz



### 5.3 Frequency Separation

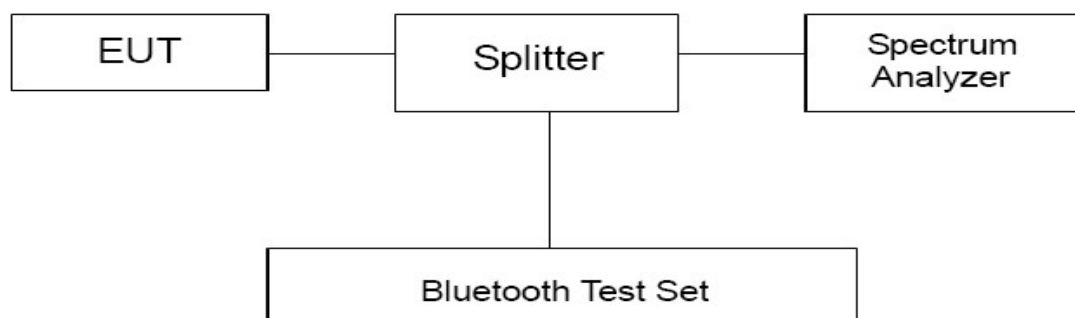
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. RBW is set to 30 kHz and VBW is set to 100 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Set EUT on Hopping on mode.

#### Test setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(a)(1) specifies that "Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. "

Note: The value of two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth is always greater than 25 kHz.

#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U=936$  Hz.

Test Results:

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Carrier frequency separation(MHz)	20dB Bandwidth(MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Conclusion
DH5	2402	0.990	0.949	0.633	PASS
	2441	0.930	0.943	0.629	PASS
	2480	1.000	0.931	0.621	PASS
2DH5	2402	1.060	1.279	0.667	PASS
	2441	0.990	1.275	0.850	PASS
	2480	0.860	1.279	0.853	PASS
3DH5	2402	1.180	1.317	0.878	PASS
	2441	0.880	1.295	0.863	PASS
	2480	0.930	1.285	0.667	PASS

Note: The limit is two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth.

CFS 1-DH5 2402MHz





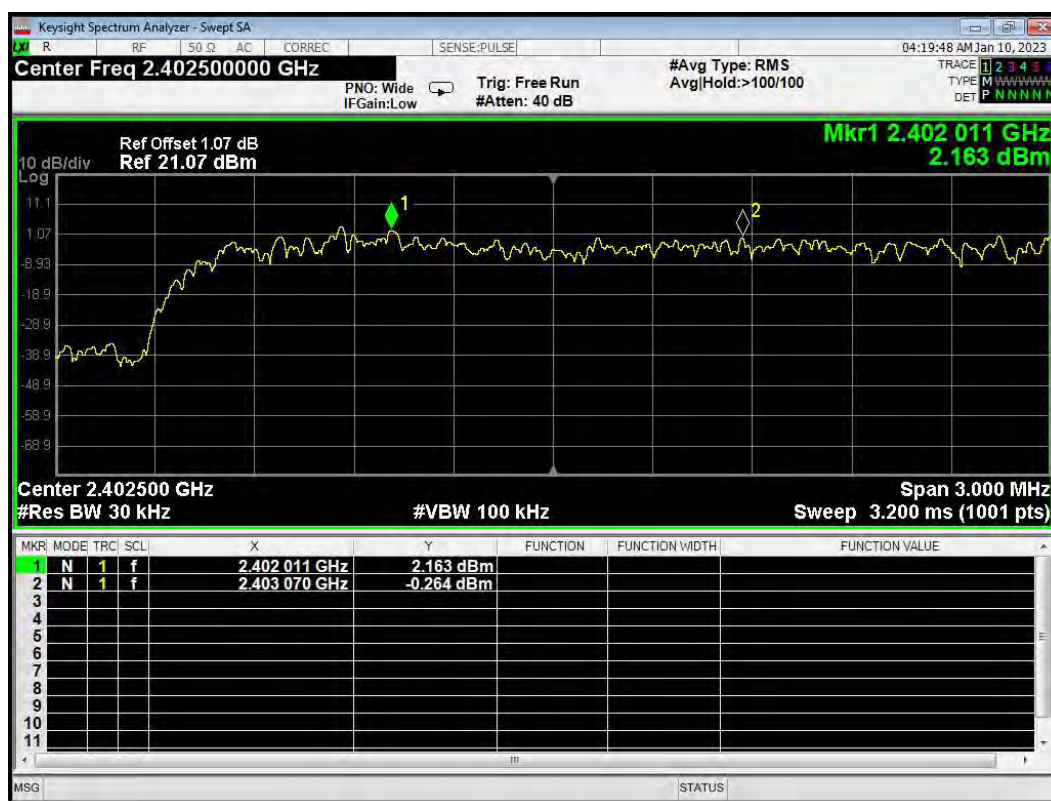
### CFS 1-DH5 2441MHz



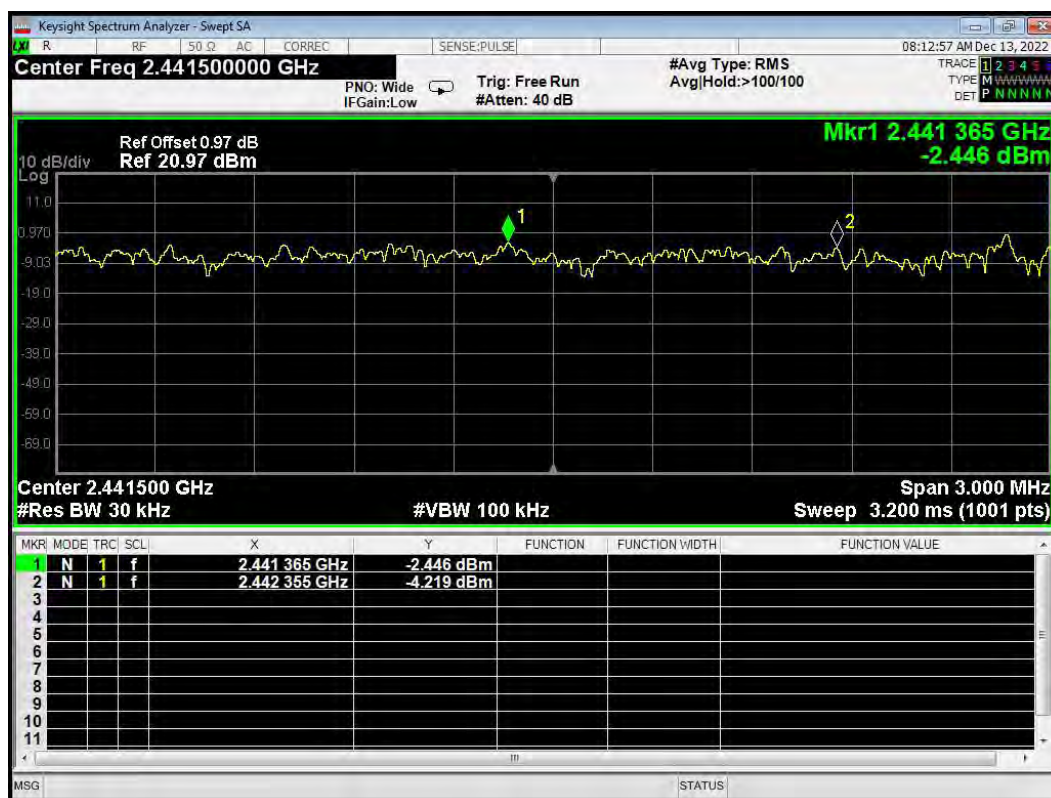
### CFS 1-DH5 2480MHz



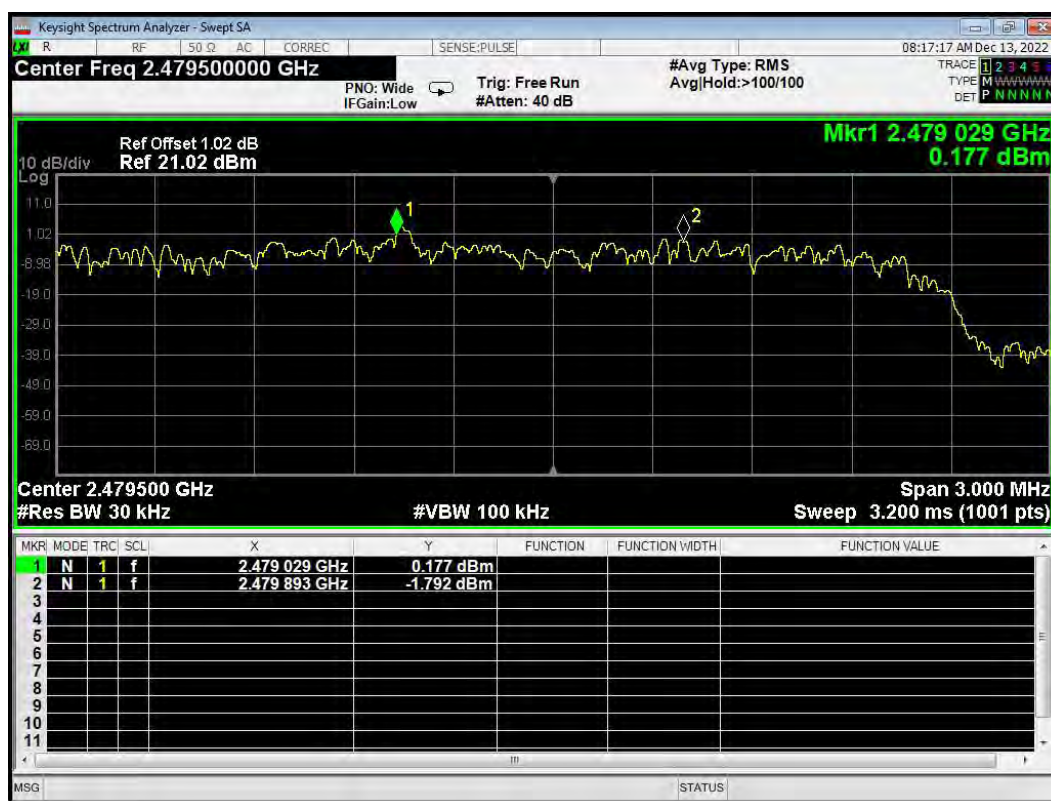
### CFS NVNT 2-DH5 2402MHz



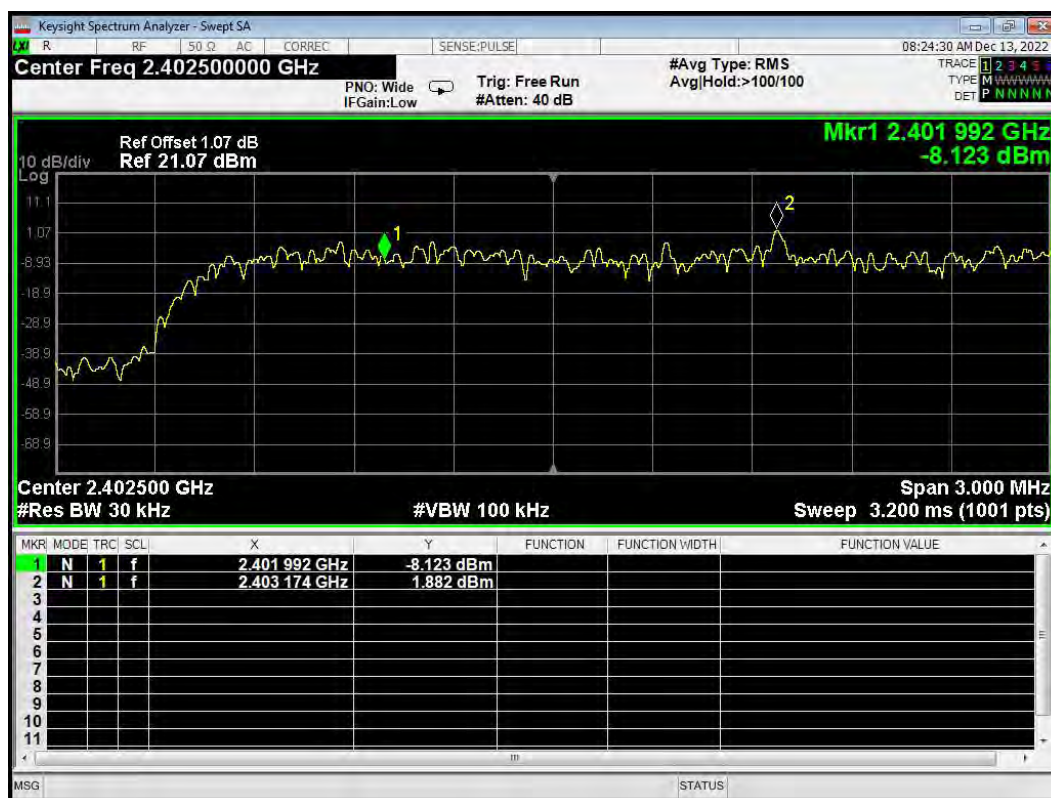
### CFS 2-DH5 2441MHz



### CFS 2-DH5 2480MHz

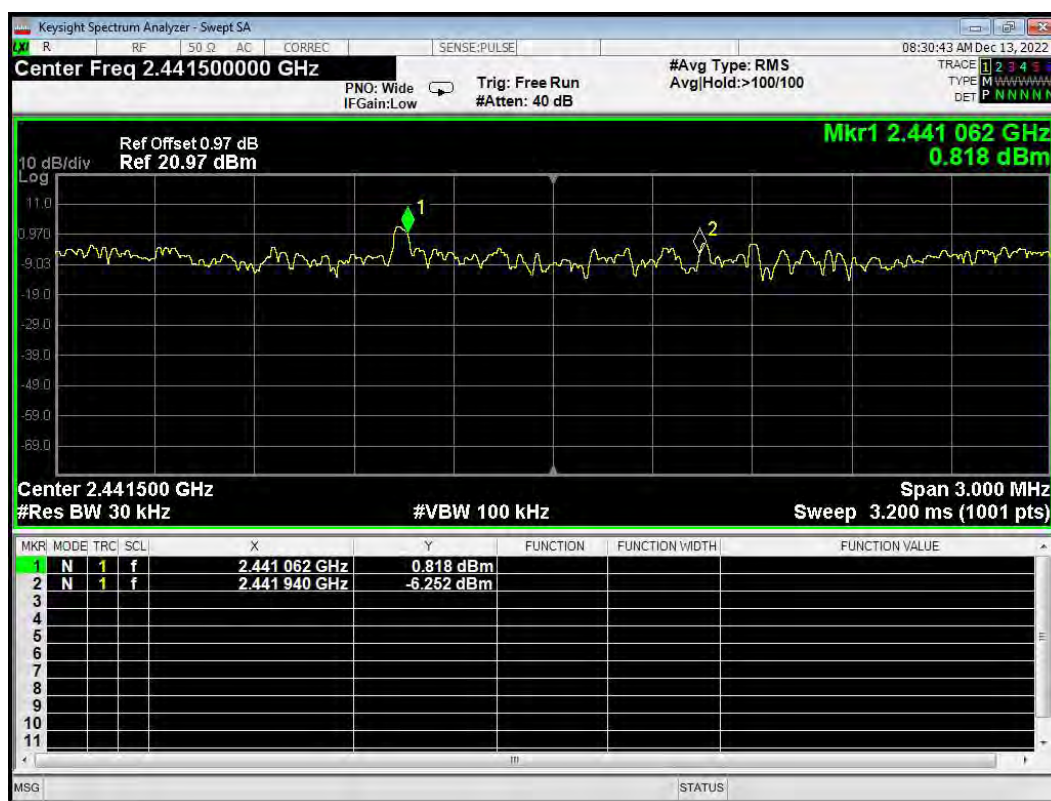


### CFS 3-DH5 2402MHz

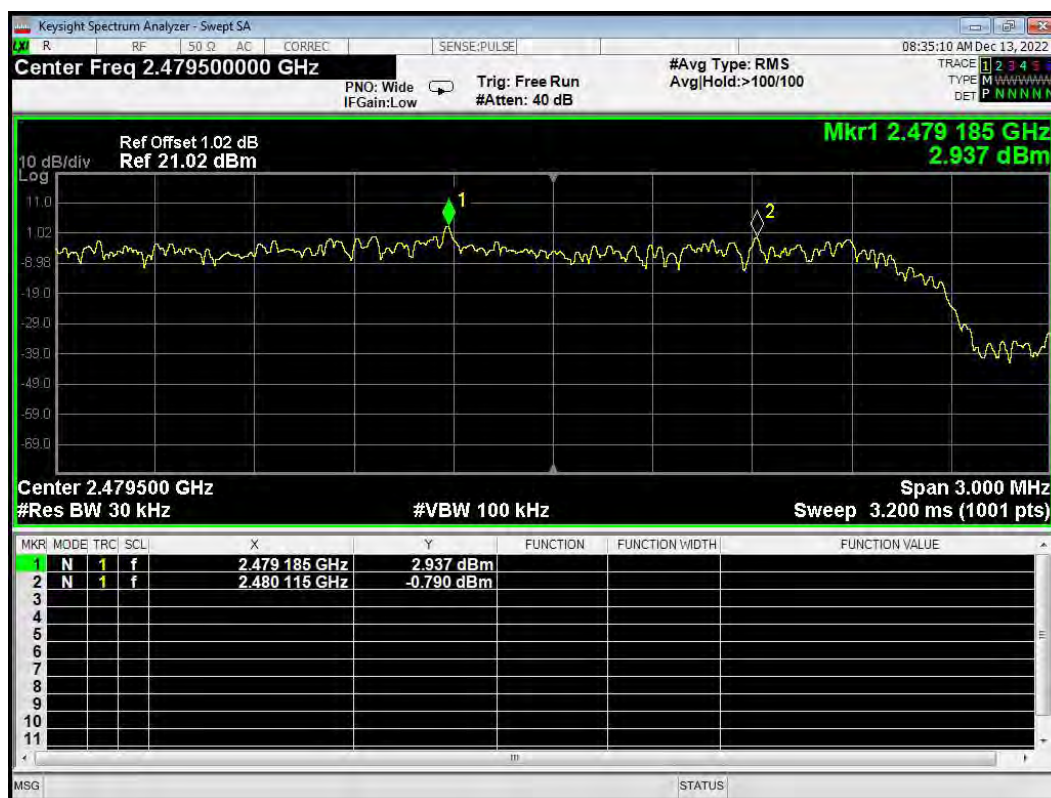




### CFS 3-DH5 2441MHz



### CFS 3-DH5 2480MHz



## 5.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Methods of Measurement

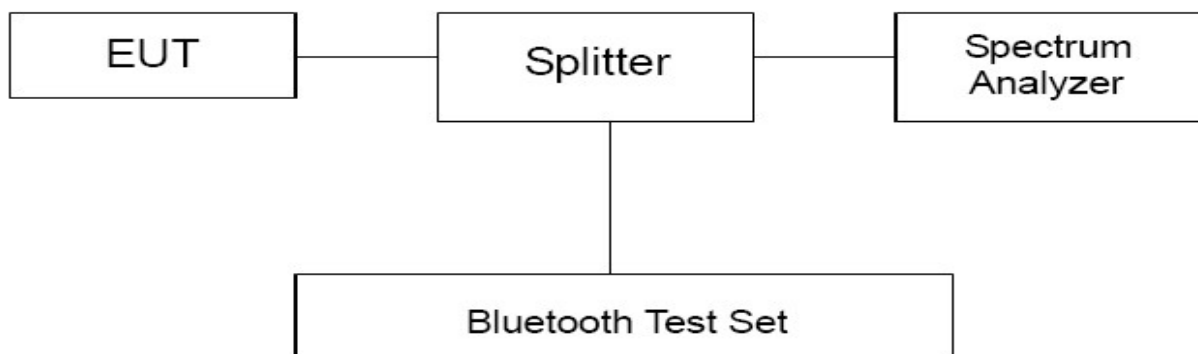
The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. RBW is set to 1MHz and VBW is set to 1MHz on spectrum analyzer. The dwell time is calculated by:

Dwell time = Pulse Time \* Number of Pulses in 31.6 seconds:

In normal mode, The selected EUT Packet type uses a slot type of DH5 packet and a hopping rate of 1600(ch\*hop/s) for all channels. So the final hopping rate for all channel is 1600/5=320(ch\*hop/s)

In AFH mode, The selected EUT Packet type uses a slot type of DH5 packet and a hopping rate of 800(ch\*hop/s) for all channels. So the final hopping rate for all channel is 800/5=160(ch\*hop/s)

### Test Setup



### Limits

Rule Part15.247(a) specifies that " Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed."

Dwell time	≤ 400ms
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### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ .

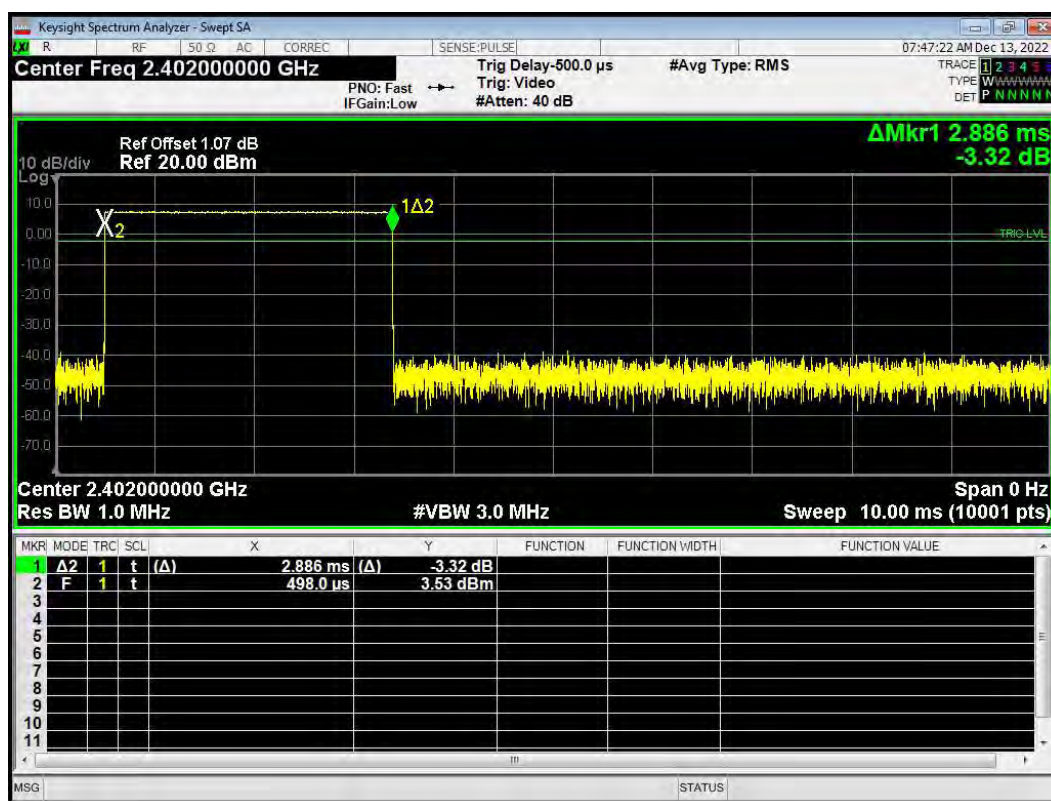
Requirements	Uncertainty					
Dwell Time	DH5	$U=0.70\text{ms}$	2DH5	$U=0.70\text{ms}$	3DH5	$U=0.70\text{ms}$

**Test Results:**

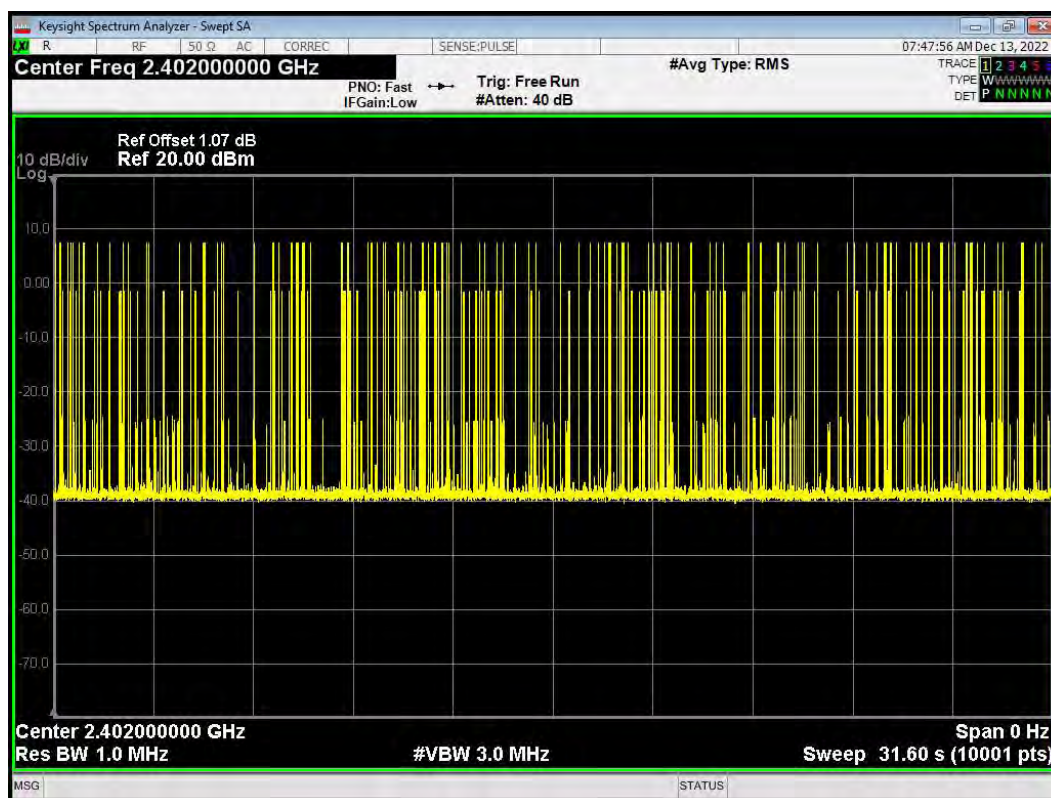
In normal mode:

Test Mode	Channel	Number of Pulses in 31.6 seconds	Pulse Time (ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Conclusion
DH5	0	120	2.886	346.320	400	PASS
	39	100	2.885	288.500	400	PASS
	78	98	2.886	282.828	400	PASS
2DH5	0	107	2.888	309.016	400	PASS
	39	105	2.887	303.135	400	PASS
	78	87	2.887	251.169	400	PASS
3DH5	0	108	2.889	312.012	400	PASS
	39	106	2.889	306.234	400	PASS
	78	101	2.890	291.890	400	PASS
Note: Dwell time = Pulse Time * Number of Pulses in 31.6 seconds						

### Dwell 1-DH5 2402MHz One Burst

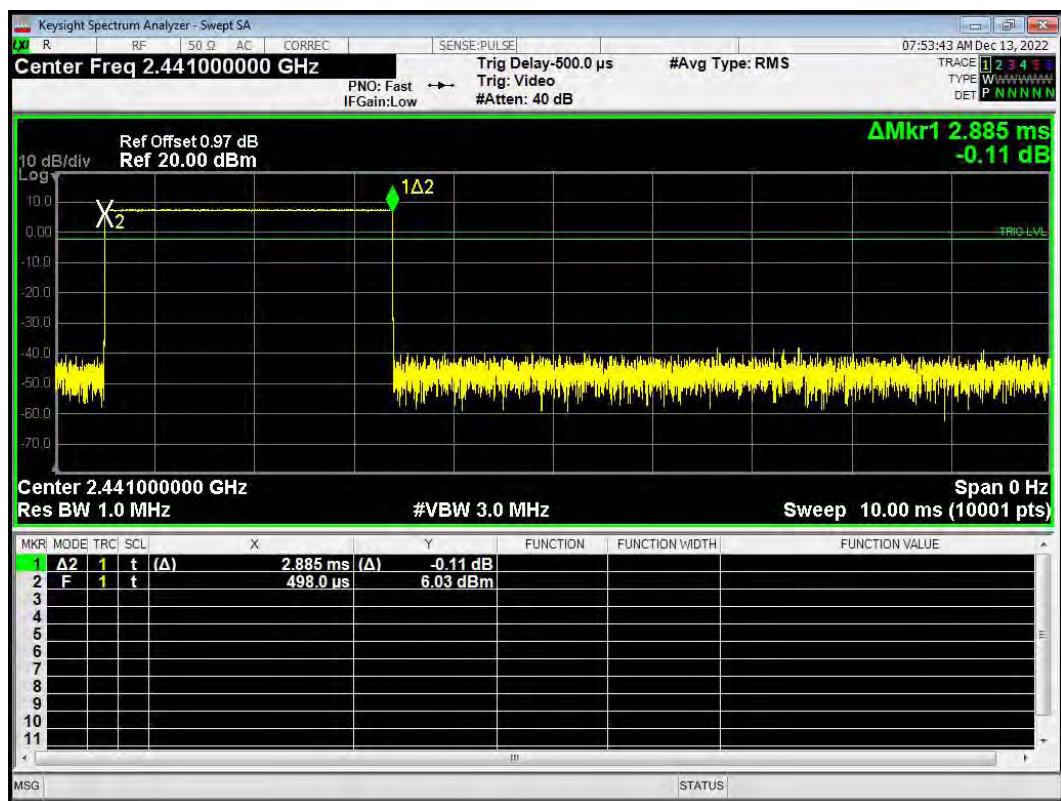


### Dwell NVNT 1-DH5 2402MHz Accumulated





## Dwell 1-DH5 2441MHz One Burst

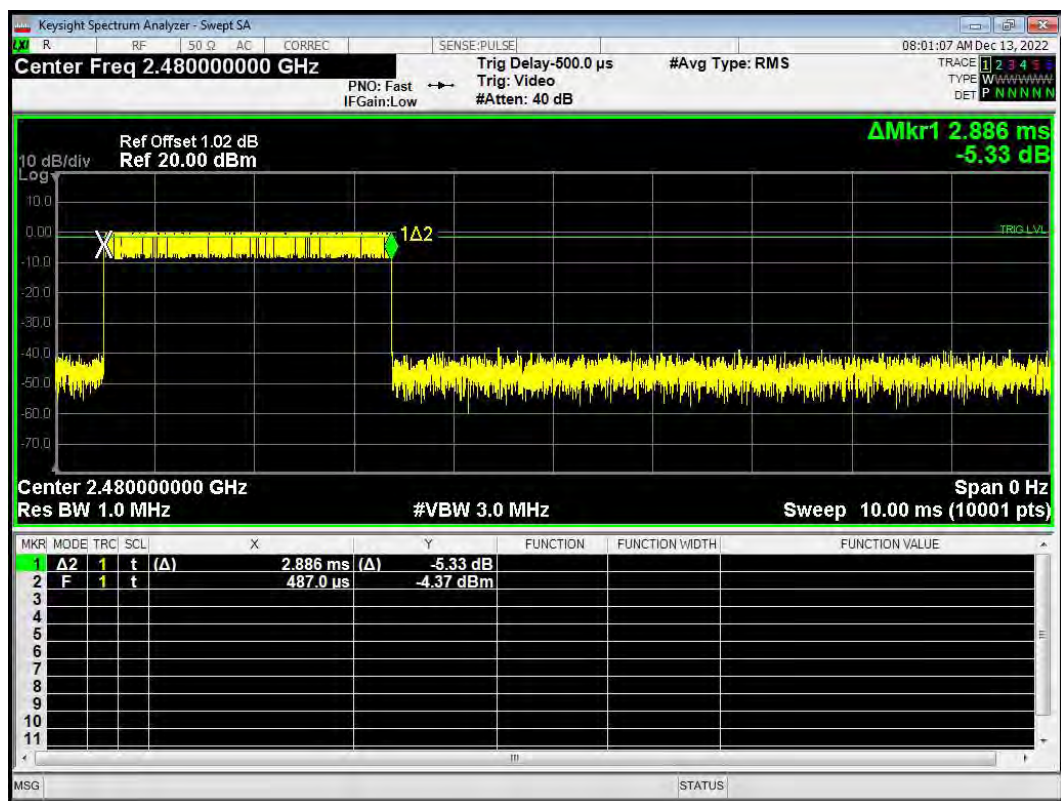


## Dwell 1-DH5 2441MHz Accumulated

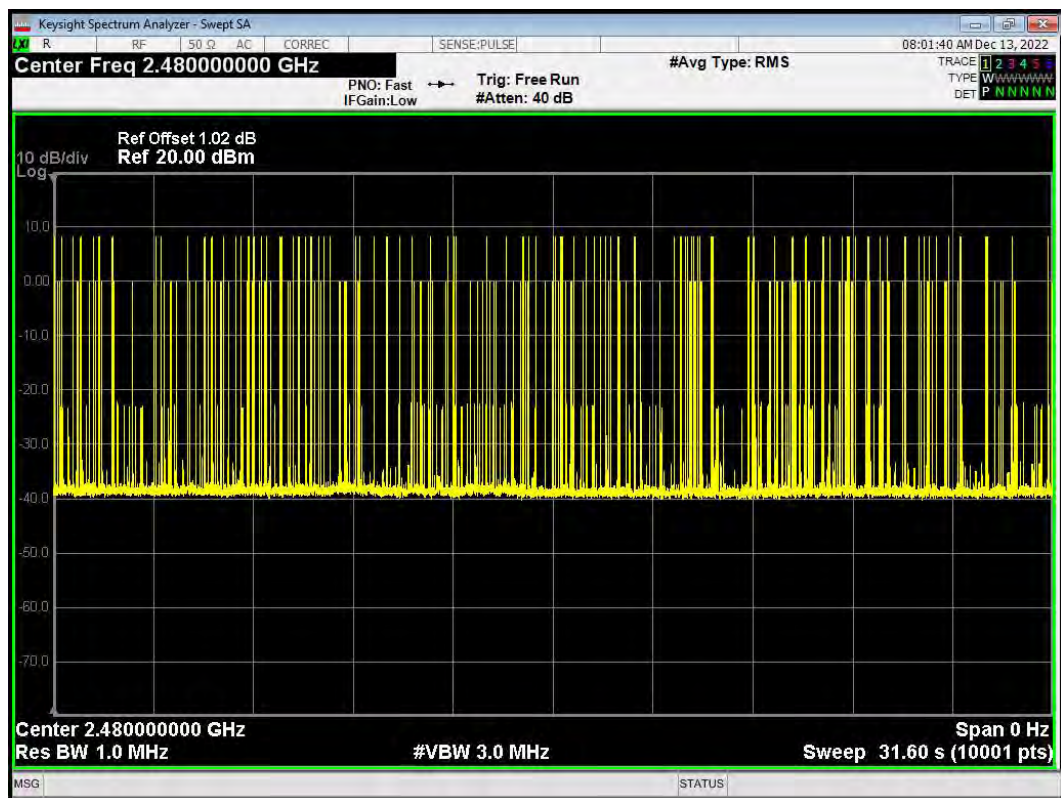




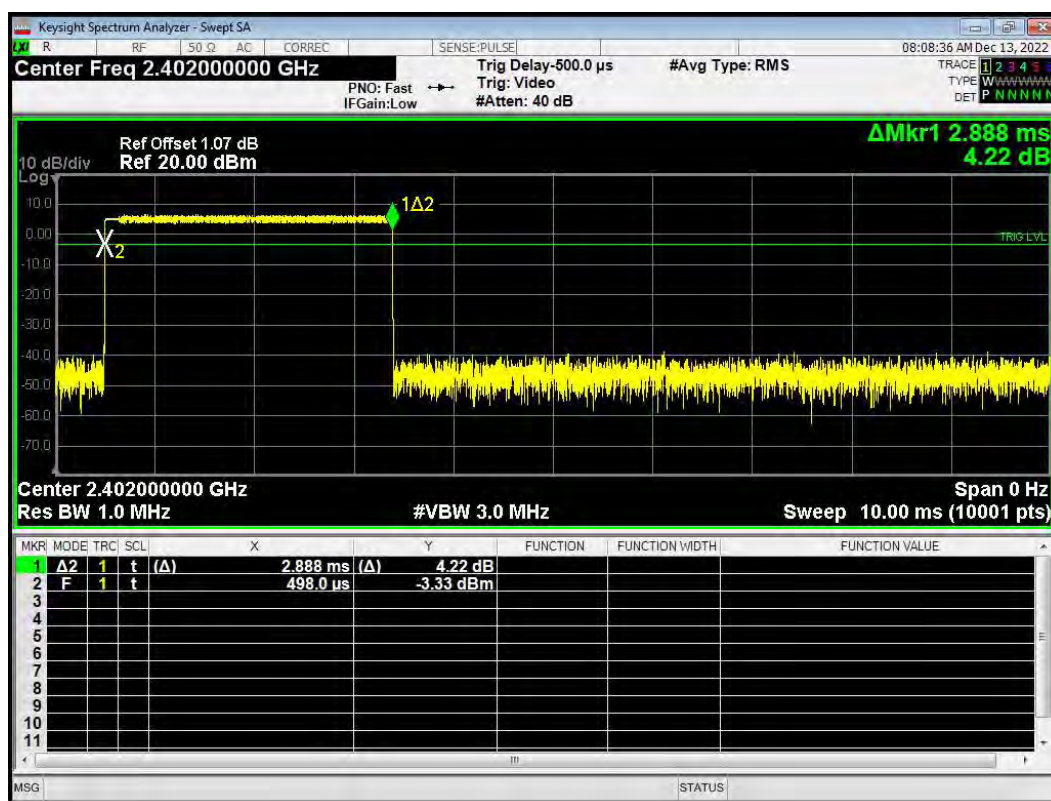
## Dwell 1-DH5 2480MHz One Burst



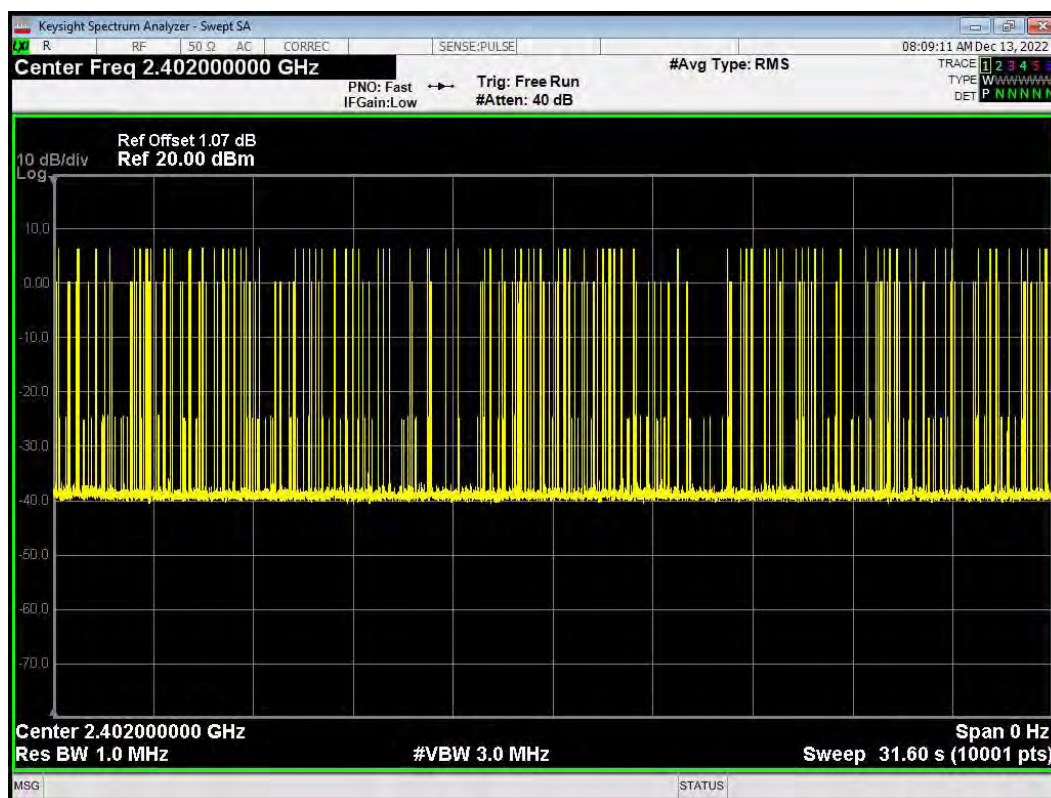
## Dwell 1-DH5 2480MHz Accumulated



### Dwell 2-DH5 2402MHz One Burst

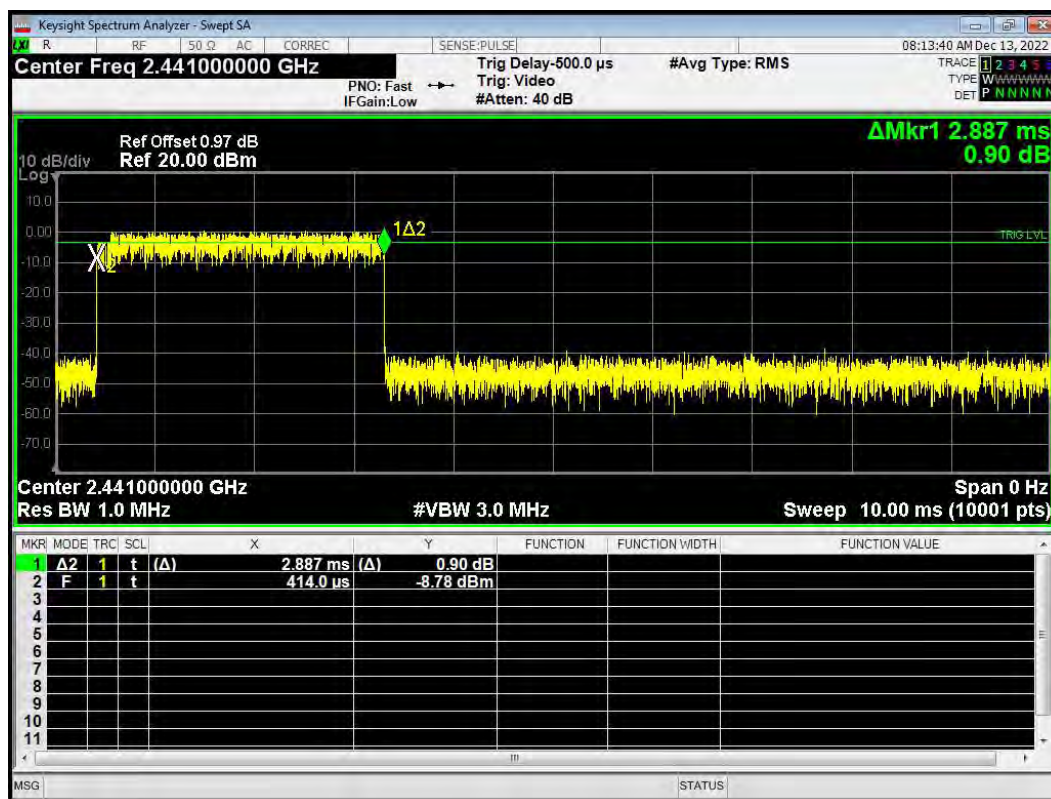


### Dwell 2-DH5 2402MHz Accumulated

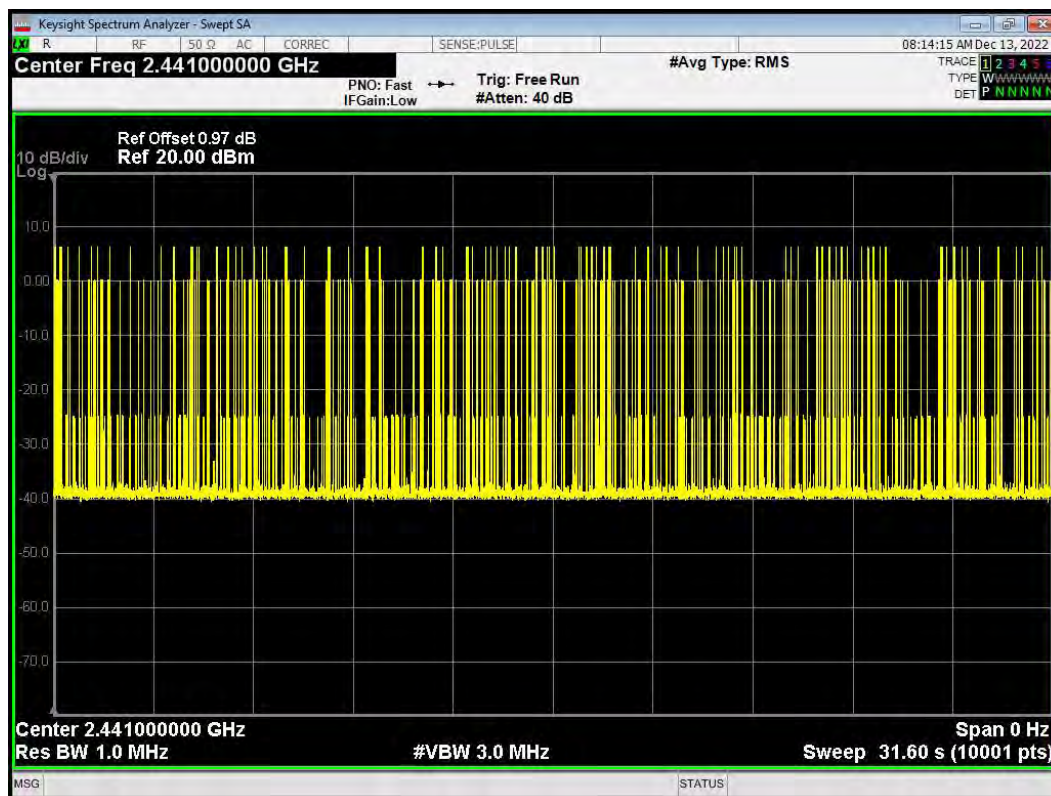




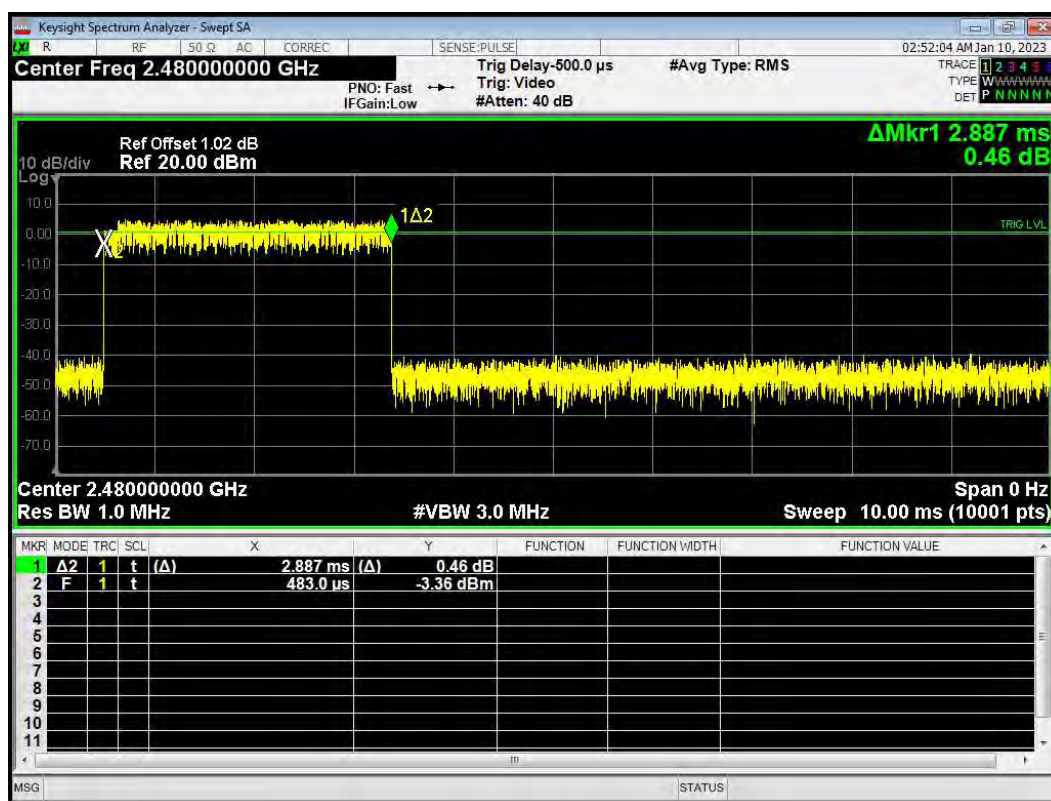
### Dwell 2-DH5 2441MHz One Burst



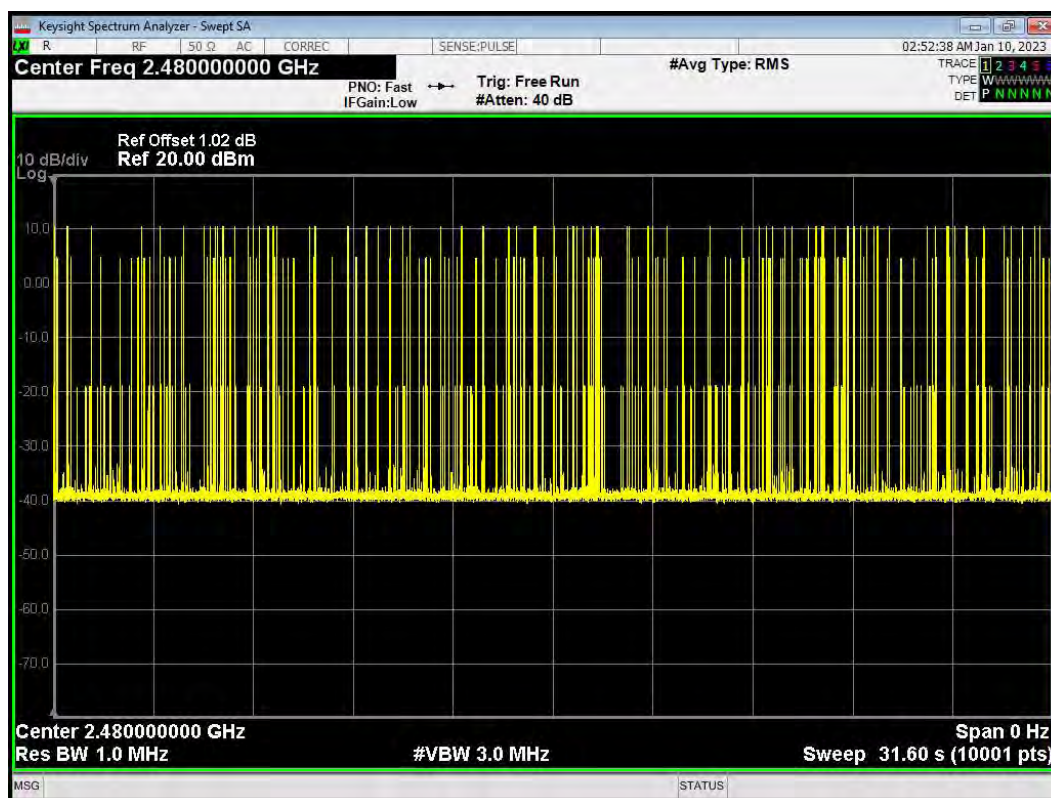
### Dwell 2-DH5 2441MHz Accumulated



### Dwell 2-DH5 2480MHz One Burst

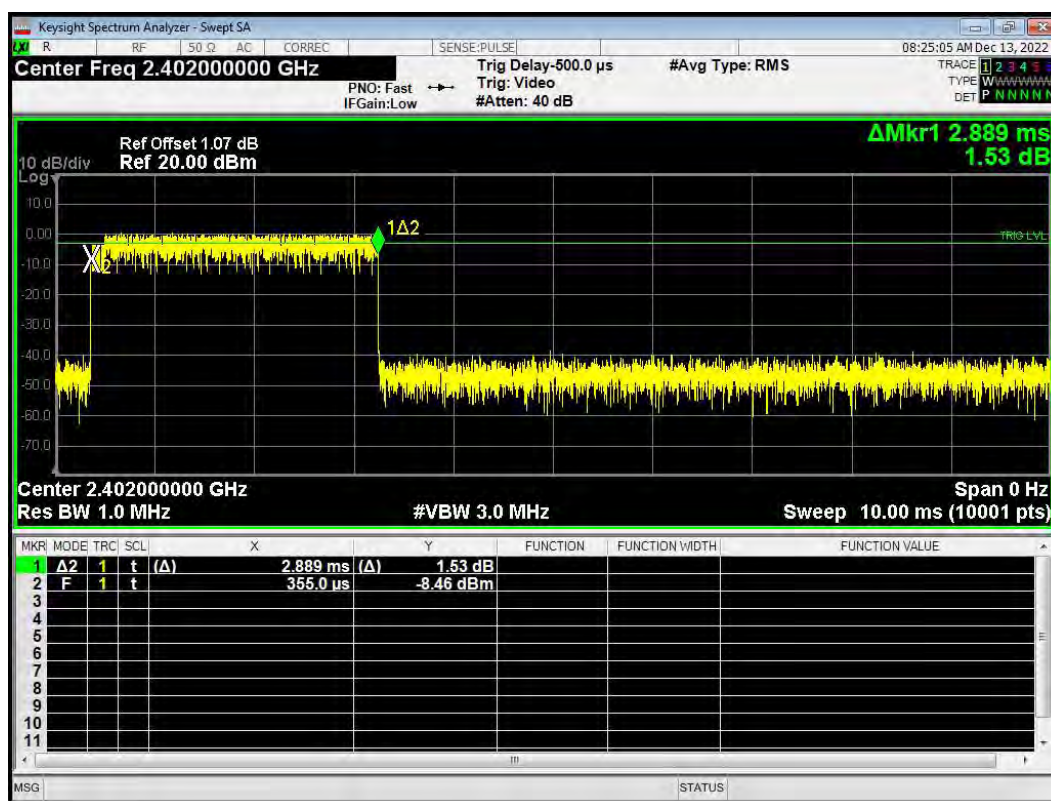


### Dwell 2-DH5 2480MHz Accumulated

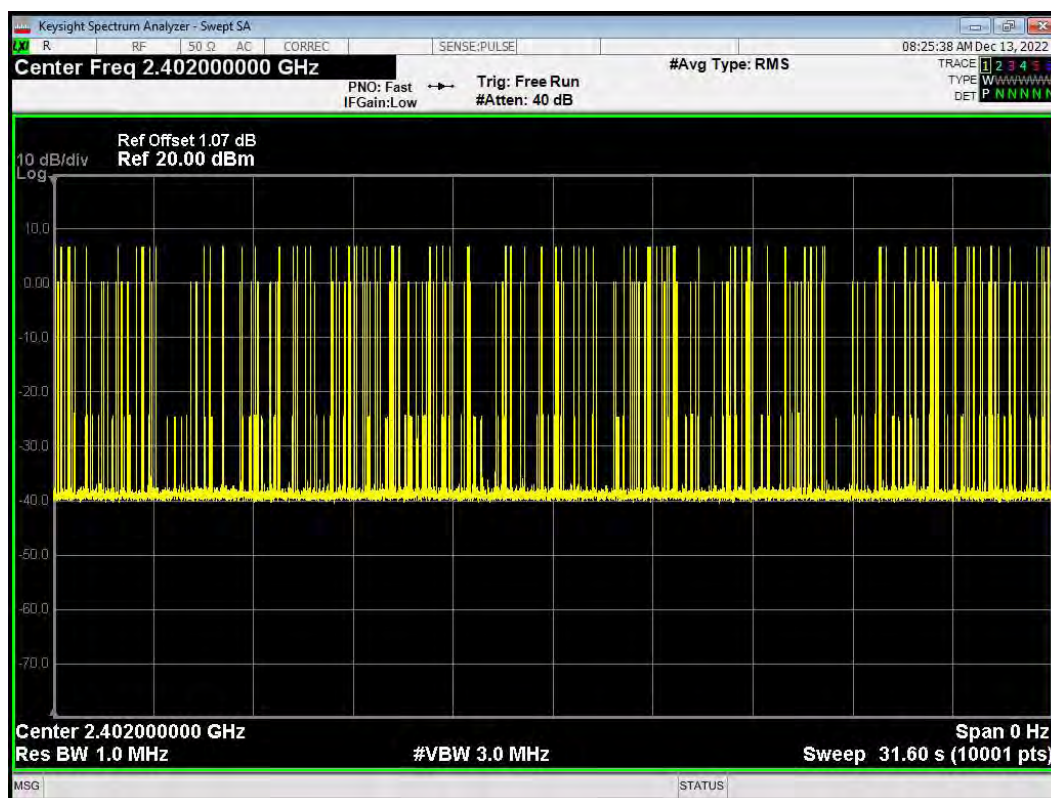




### Dwell 3-DH5 2402MHz One Burst

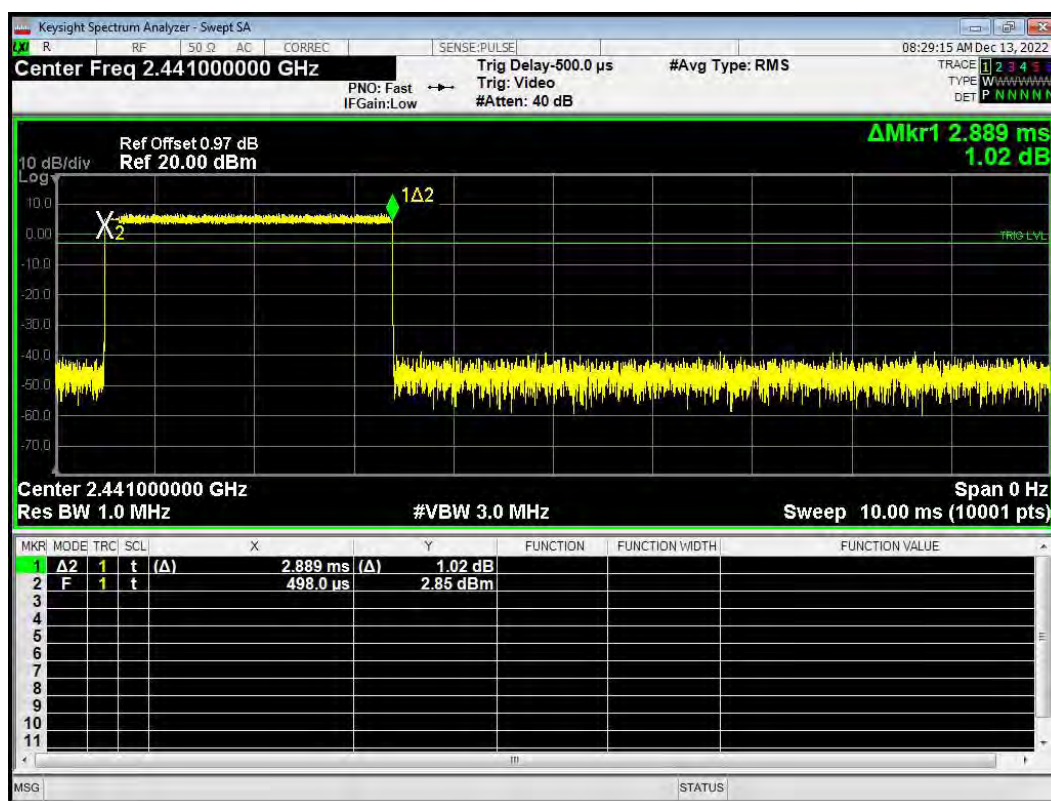


### Dwell 3-DH5 2402MHz Accumulated





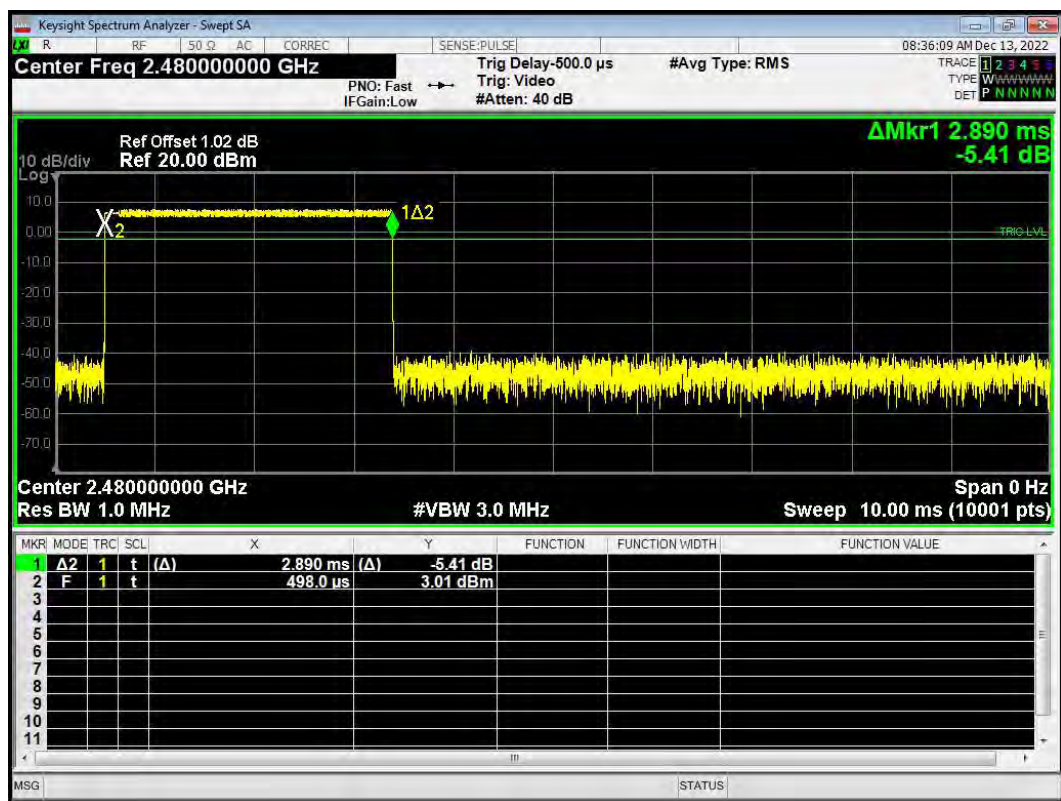
### Dwell 3-DH5 2441MHz One Burst



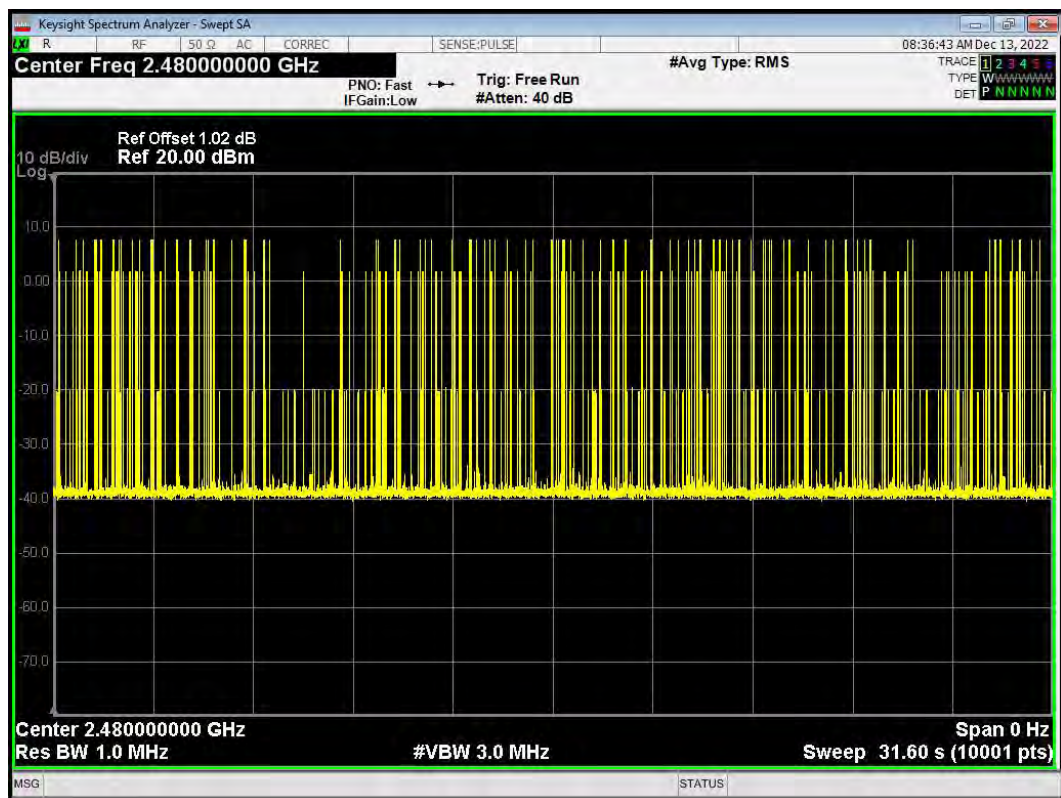
### Dwell 3-DH5 2441MHz Accumulated



## Dwell 3-DH5 2480MHz One Burst



## Dwell 3-DH5 2480MHz Accumulated



## 5.5 Band Edge Compliance

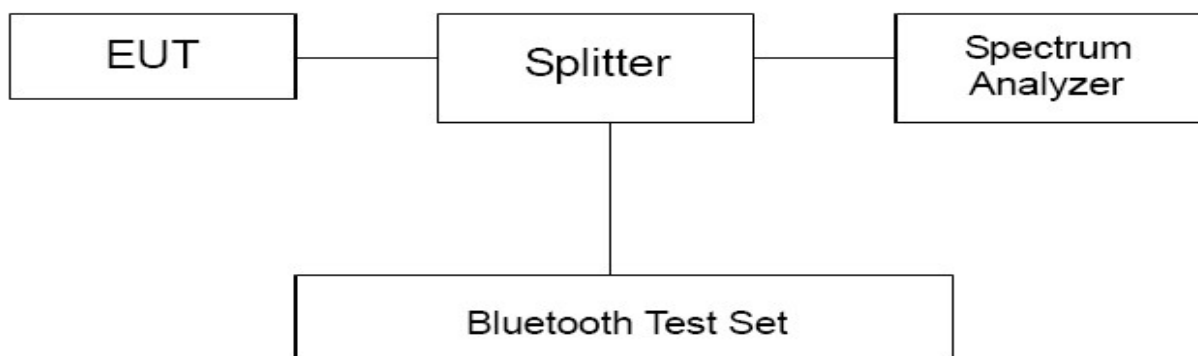
### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used. RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. EUT test for Hopping On mode and Hopping Off mode.

### Test Setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.”

### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

Frequency	Uncertainty
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB



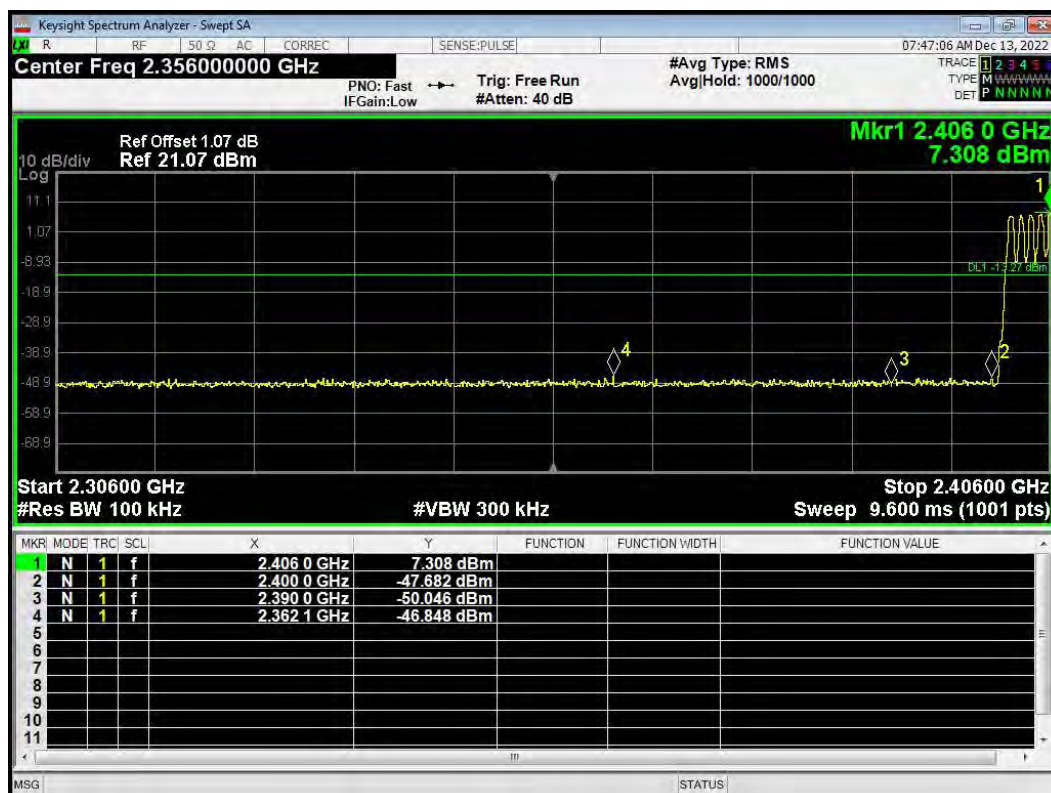
# Test Results

## Hopping On

### Band Edge(Hopping) 1-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Ref



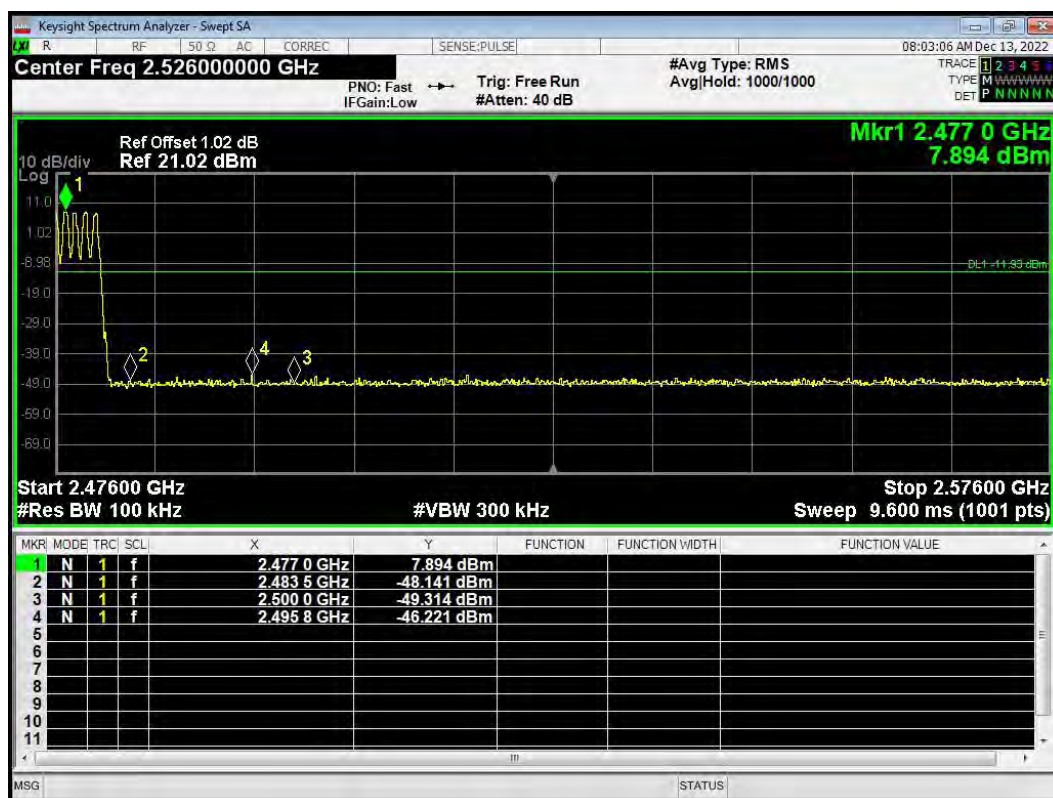
### Band Edge(Hopping) 1-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Emission



### Band Edge(Hopping) 1-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Ref



### Band Edge(Hopping) 1-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Emission

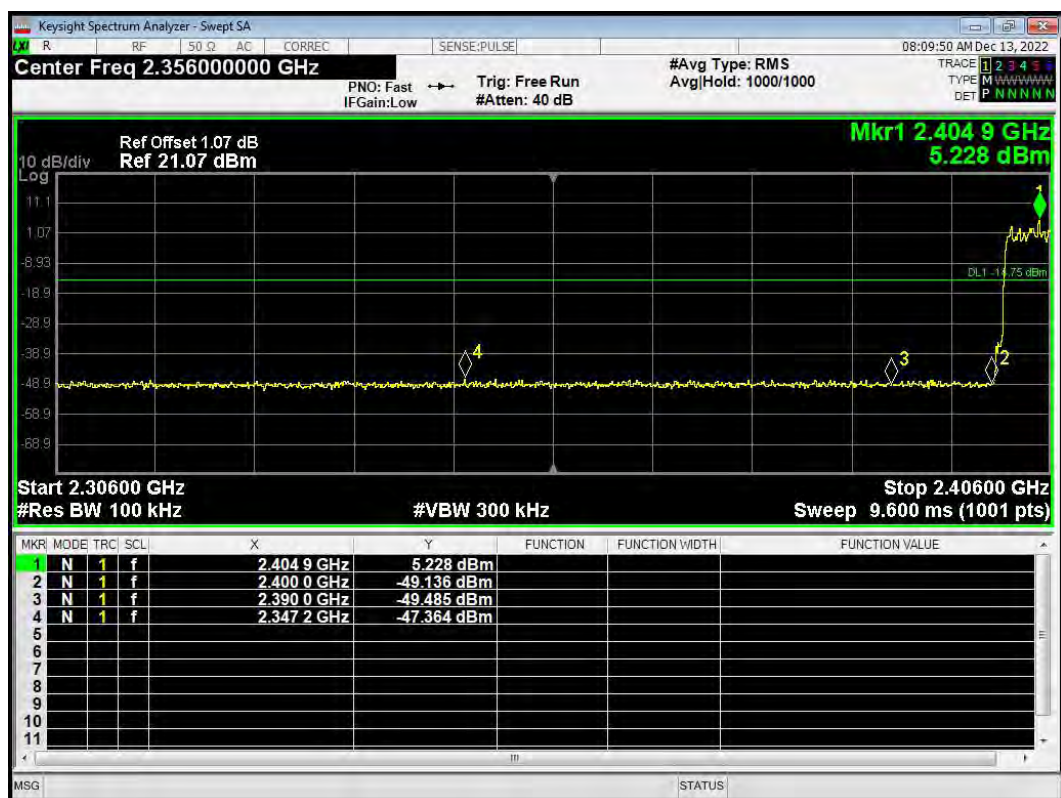




### Band Edge(Hopping) 2-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Ref



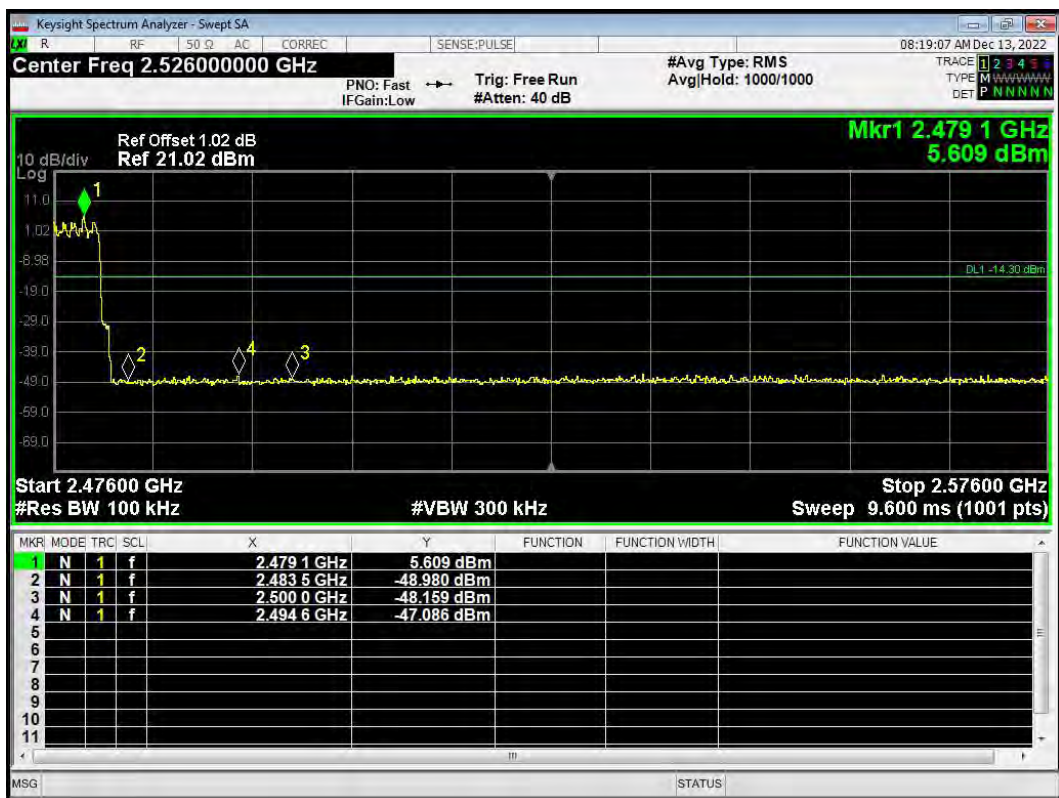
### Band Edge(Hopping) 2-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Emission



### Band Edge(Hopping) 2-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Ref



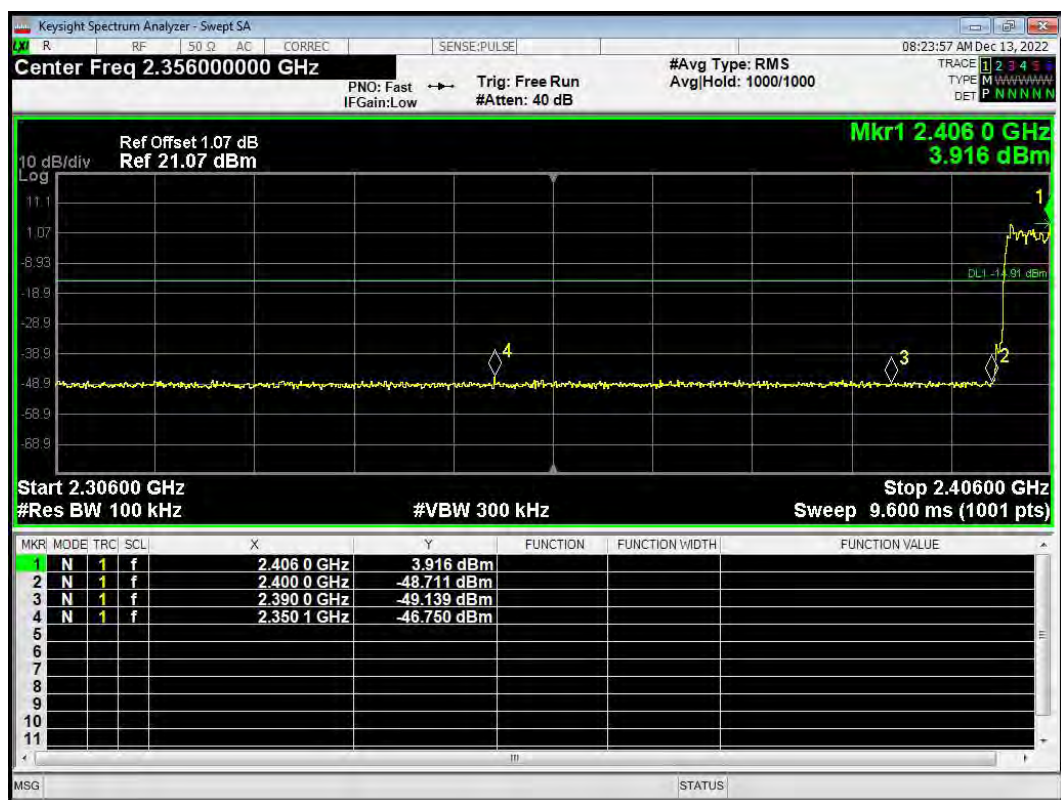
### Band Edge(Hopping) 2-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Emission



### Band Edge(Hopping) 3-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Ref



### Band Edge(Hopping) 3-DH5 2402MHz Hopping Emission

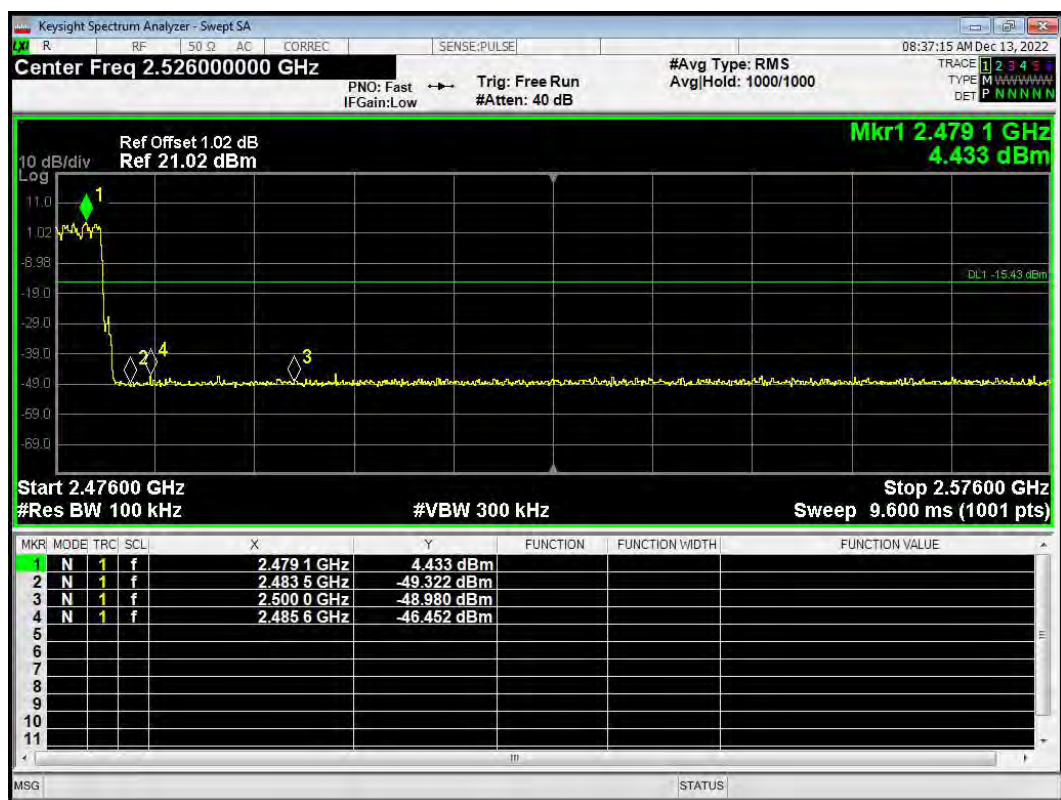




### Band Edge(Hopping) 3-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Ref



### Band Edge(Hopping) 3-DH5 2480MHz Hopping Emission

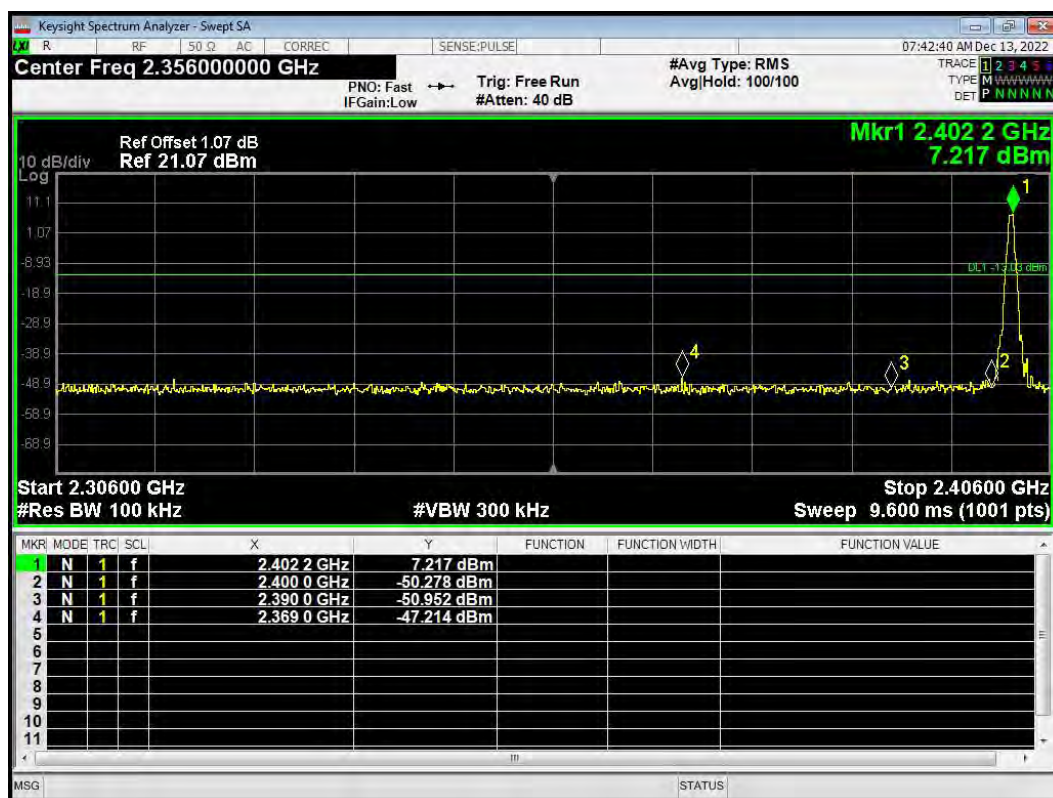


# Hopping Off

## Band Edge 1-DH5 2402MHz No-Hopping Ref



## Band Edge 1-DH5 2402MHz No-Hopping Emission

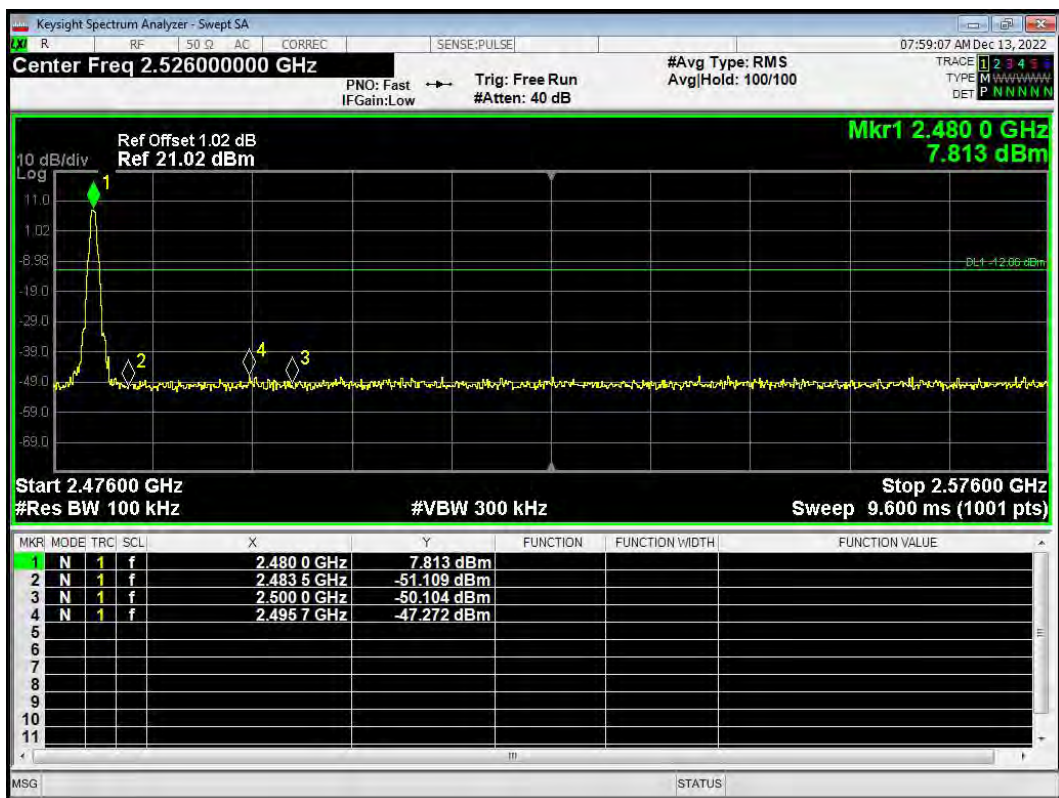




### Band Edge 1-DH5 2480MHz No-Hopping Ref



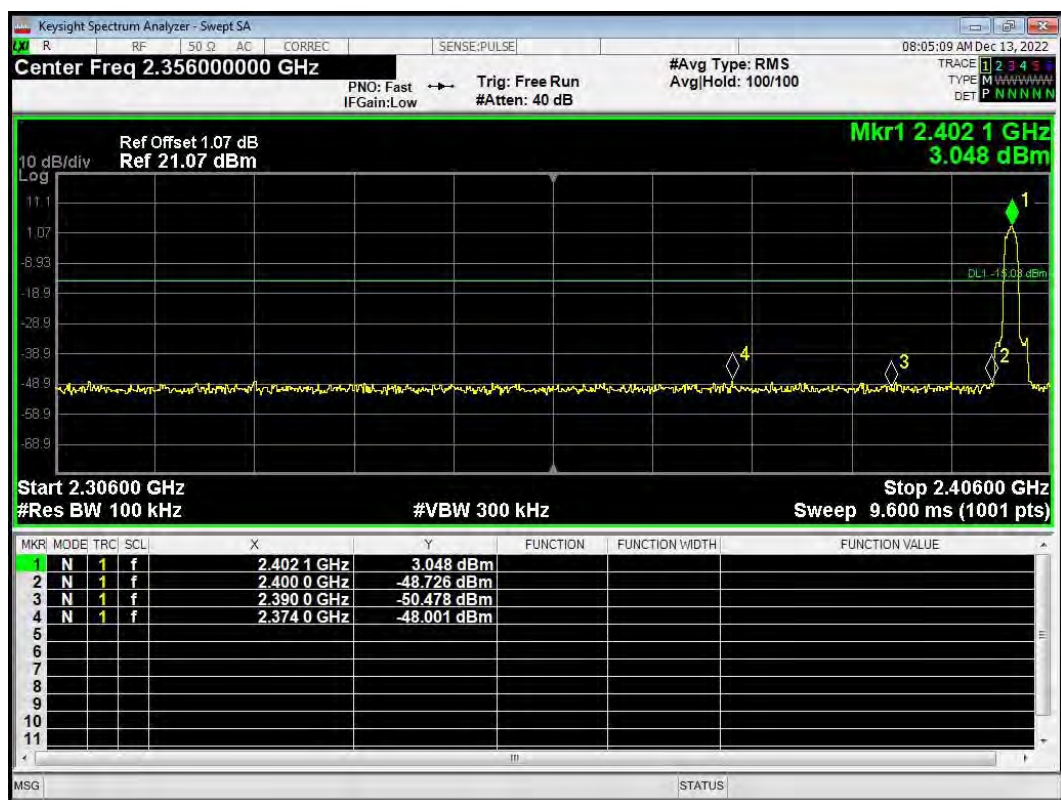
### Band Edge 1-DH5 2480MHz No-Hopping Emission



### Band Edge 2-DH5 2402MHz No-Hopping Ref



### Band Edge 2-DH5 2402MHz No-Hopping Emission



### Band Edge 2-DH5 2480MHz No-Hopping Ref



### Band Edge 2-DH5 2480MHz No-Hopping Emission

