RF Exposure evaluation

FCC ID: 2AU8G-UC1901

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]

• [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

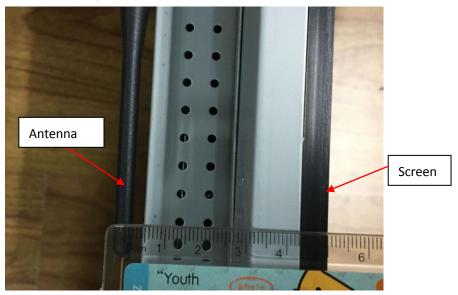
f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Extremity condition:

The minmum separation distance is 50 mm:



For band 2 pt=23.69dBm =233.9mW at 1860MHz So $(233.9mW/50mm)x \sqrt{1.86GHz} = 6.38<7.5$

For band 4 $pt=23.02dBm = 200.4mW \ at \ 1710.7MHz$ So $(200.4mW/50mm)x \ \sqrt{1.7107GHz} = 5.24<7.5$

For band 7 pt=23.34dBm =215.8mW at 2535MHz So $(215.8mW/50mm)x \sqrt{2.535GHz} =6.87<7.5$

For band 12 pt=23.47dBm =222.3mW at 699.7MHz So $(222.3mW/50mm)x \sqrt{699.7GHz} = 3.72 < 7.5$

Then SAR evaluation is not required