

SAR Evaluation Report					
EUT Information					
Manufacturer	adeunis				
Model Name	ARF8320D				
Brand Name	Vokkero Guardian 9	15			
FCC ID	U3Z-ARF8320				
IC number	7016A-ARF8320				
EUT Type	mobile radio termina	I			
Intended Use	body worn with belt of	clip and headset			
		Prepared by			
	IMST GmbH, Test C	enter			
Testing Laboratory	Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-	-Str. 2 – 4			
Testing Laboratory	47475 Kamp-Lintfort				
	Germany				
	Dakks Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle the				
Laboratory Accreditation	The German Bundesnetzagentur (BNetzA) recognizes IMST GmbH as CAB-EMC on the basis of the Council Decision of 22. June 1998 concerning the conclusion of the MRA between the European Community and the United States of America (1999/178/EC) in accordance with § 4 of the Recognition Ordinance of 11. January 2016. The recognition is valid until 20. July 2021 under the registration number: BNetzA-CAB-16/21-14.				
		Prepared for			
	adeunis				
Aunthorns	283 rue louis Néel, parc technologique Pré Roux				
Applicant	38920 Crolles				
	France				
		Test Specification			
Applied Rules/Standards	IEEE 1528-2013, FC	C CFR 47 § 2.1093, RSS-1	02 Issue 5		
Exposure Category	general public / u	ncontrolled exposure	occupational / controlled exposure		
Test Result	☑ PASS		□ FAIL		
	ı	Report Information			
Data Stored	60320_6180413_Gu	ardian915			
Issue Date	March 27, 2018				
Revision Date					
Revision Number	-				
Remarks	entirety, without the The results and sta	prior written approval of IMS tements contained in this r	report reflect the evaluation for the certain model		
		e manufacturer is responsib nents described in this repor	le for ensuring that all production devices meet the t.		



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1 Subject of Investigation and Test Results

The ARF8320D is a new mobile radio terminal (portable device) from adeunis which is intended to be used as worn on the body with attached belt clip and can only be used with connected headset for voice communication.

The objective of the measurements performed by IMST was the dosimetric assessment of one device in direct contact to the flat part of the SAM phantom in the intended use positions.

1.1 Technical Data of EUT

	Product Specifications					
Model Name	ARF8320D					
SN	0123456789ABCDEF					
Firmware Version	02-03.00-03.00					
Integrated Transmitter	Guardian ARF8099	Guardian ARF8099 Sierra Wireless BC127				
Frequency Range	902.188 – 927.688 MHz 2402.0 – 2480.0 MHz					
Modulation	GFSK 8 DPSK, PI/4 DQPSK, GFSK					
Antenna Type	external internal					
Operation Mode	vokkero guardian radio (TDMA)	Bluetooth Classic	Bluetooth LE			
Maximum Avg. Output Power *	24.0 dBm	4.0 dBm	6.0 dBm			
Power Supply	internal battery 3.7V 2050mAh (VOKKER-GUARD-BAT001)					
Used Accessory	headset, belt clip					
EUT Stage						
Notes: *for additional details please	e refer chapter 6.3					

Table 1: Technical data of EUT declared by the manufacturer.

1.2 Product Family / Model Variants

As declared by the applicant, the assessed ARF8320D is technically identical with the product variants shown in Table 2. The tested sample is within the ARF8320x product family where "x" relates to different supported software features and frequency tables shown in Table 3.

	Product Family					
Reference	Frequency Table Used	Reference	Frequency Table Used			
ARF8320A	H1,A1	ARF8320F	H1,A1			
ARF8320B	H1,A1,H2,A2	ARF8320G	H1,A1,H2,A2			
ARF8320C	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1	ARF8320H	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1			
ARF8320D	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1	ARF8320I	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1			
ARF8320E	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1	ARF8320J	H1, A1,H2,A2,H3,A3,C1			

Table 2: Product family of Vokkero Guardian 915.

Supported Frequency Tables							
H1 A1 H2 A2 H3 A3 C1							C1
Min. Frequency [Mhz]	916.698	902.188	903.688	902.75	902.188	903.313	902.188
Max. Frequency [Mhz] 927.573 916.063 927.313 926.375 917.938 917.563 927.688						927.688	

Table 3: Supported frequency tables.



Revision No.: -

1.3 Antenna Configuration



Fig. 1: Sketches and antenna locations of the EUT.



1.4 Test Specification / Normative References

The tests documented in this report were performed according to the standards and rules described below.

	Test Specifications					
	Test Standard / Rule	Description	Issue Date			
	IEEE 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.	June 14, 2013			
	Code of Federal Regulations; Title 47. Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: Mobile Devices.		October 01, 2010			
	Code of Federal Regulations; Title 47. Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: Portable Devices.		October 01, 2010			
	RSS-102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)		March, 2015			
		Measurement Methodology KDB				
\boxtimes	KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	August 07, 2015			
\boxtimes	KDB 865664 D02 v01r01	Exposure Reporting	October 23, 2015			
	Product KDB					
	KDB 447498 D01 v06	General RF Exposure Guidance	October 23, 2015			
	KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	Handset SAR	October 23, 2015			

Table 4: Normative references.

1.5 Attestation of Test Results

Highest Reported Standalone SAR _{1g} [W/kg]								
Band	Frequency [MHz]	СН	Exposure Side of EUT	Gap [mm]	Pic. No.	Highest Reported SAR1g [W/kg]	SAR1g [W/	g Limit 'kg]
Guardian	902.188	Low	Back with attached belt clip	0	3	0.973	1.6	PASS

Notes: To establish a continuous transmitting signal with 100% duty cycle at specific frequency and with maximum output power, engineering test software has been used.

All measured SAR results and configurations are shown in chapter 6.6 on page 16.

Table 5: Test results.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario SAR _{1g} [W/kg]							
Highest Star	ndalone SAR	Exposure Side of	Gap	Pic.	70 AD4 ~	SAR1	g Limit
Guardian	Bluetooth	EUT	[mm]	No.	ΣSAR1g	[W/kg]	
0.973	0.168	back with attached belt clip	0	3	1.141	1.6	PASS

Table 6: SAR results for simultaneous transmission scenario.

Prepared by:

Alexander Rahn

Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Dessislava Patrishkova

Quality Assurance



2 Exposure Criteria and Limits

2.1 SAR Limits

Human Exposure Limits					
Condition		Environment Population)	Controlled Environment (Occupational)		
Condition	SAR Limit [W/kg]	Mass Avg.	SAR Limit [W/kg]	Mass Avg.	
SAR averaged over the whole body mass	0.08	whole body	0.4	whole body	
Peak spatially-averaged SAR for the head, neck & trunk	1.6	1g of tissue*	8.0	1g of tissue*	
Peak spatially-averaged SAR in the limbs	4.0	10g of tissue*	20.0	10g of tissue*	
Note: *Defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube					

Table 7: SAR limits specified in IEEE Standard C95.1-2005 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6.

In this report the comparison between the exposure limits and the measured data is made using the spatial peak SAR; the power level of the device under test guarantees that the whole body averaged SAR is not exceeded.

2.2 Exposure Categories

General Public / Uncontrolled Exposure

General population comprises individuals of all ages and of varying health status, and may include particularly susceptible groups or individuals. In many cases, members of the public are unaware of their exposure to electromagnetic fields. Moreover, individual members of the public cannot reasonably be expected to take precautions to minimize or avoid exposure.

Occupational / Controlled Exposure

The occupationally exposed population consists of adults who are generally exposed under known conditions and are trained to be aware of potential risk and to take appropriate precautions.

Table 8: RF exposure categories.

2.3 Distinction between Maximum Permissible Exposure and SAR Limits

The biological relevant parameter describing the effects of electromagnetic fields in the frequency range of interest is the specific absorption rate SAR (dimension: power/mass). It is a measure of the power absorbed per unit mass. The SAR may be spatially averaged over the total mass of an exposed body or its parts. The SAR is calculated from the r.m.s. electric field strength E inside the human body, the conductivity σ and the mass density ρ of the biological tissue:

$$SAR = \sigma \frac{E^2}{\rho} = c \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \bigg|_{t \to 0+} \tag{1}$$

The specific absorption rate describes the initial rate of temperature rise $\partial T/\partial t$ as a function of the specific heat capacity c of the tissue. A limitation of the specific absorption rate prevents an excessive heating of the human body by electromagnetic energy.

As it is sometimes difficult to determine the SAR directly by measurement (e.g. whole body averaged SAR), the standard specifies more readily measurable maximum permissible exposures in terms of external electric E and magnetic field strength H and power density S, derived from the SAR limits. The limits for E, E and E have been fixed so that even under worst case conditions, the limits for the specific absorption rate SAR are not exceeded.



3 The Measurement System

DASY is an abbreviation of "Dosimetric Assessment System" and describes a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of a human being according to different standards. The DASY4 system consists of the following items as shown in Fig: 2. Additionally, Fig: 3 shows the equipment, similar to the installations in other laboratories.

- Fully compliant with all current measurement standards as stated in Fig. 4
- · High precision robot with controller
- Measurement server (for surveillance of the robot operation and signal filtering)
- Data acquisition electronics DAE (for signal amplification and filtering)
- Field probes calibrated for use in liquids
- Electro-optical converter EOC (conversion from the optical into a digital signal)
- Light beam (improving of the absolute probe positioning accuracy)
- · Two SAM phantoms filled with tissue simulating liquid
- DASY4 software
- SEMCAD

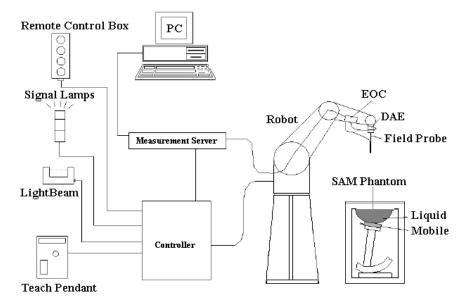


Fig. 2: The DASY4 measurement system.





Fig. 3: The measurement set-up with a DASY system and phantoms containing tissue simulating liquid.

The EUT operating at the maximum power level is placed by a non-metallic device holder (delivered from Schmid & Partner) in the above described positions at a shell phantom of a human being. The distribution of the electric field strength E is measured in the tissue simulating liquid within the shell phantom. For this miniaturised field probes with high sensitivity and low field disturbance are used. Afterwards the corresponding SAR values are calculated with the known electrical conductivity σ and the mass density ρ of the tissue in the SEMCAD FDTD software. The software is able to determine the averaged SAR values (averaging region 1 g or 10 g) for compliance testing.

The measurements are done by two scans: first a coarse scan determines the region of the maximum SAR, afterwards the averaged SAR is measured in a second scan within the shape of a cube.

3.1 Phantoms

TWIN SAM PHANTOM V4.0				
,	Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1 and delivered by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. The details and the Certificate of conformity can be found in Fig. 5.			
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)			
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet			
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters			



3.2 E-Field-Probes

For the measurements the Dosimetric E-Field Probes ET3DV6R or EX3DV4 with following specifications are used. They are manufactured and calibrated in accordance with FCC and IEEE 1528-2013 recommendations annually by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

	ET3DV6R
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system (ET3DV6 only) Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Frequency	10 MHz to 2.3 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 2.3 GHz)
Directivity	Axial isotropy: ± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) Spherical isotropy: ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Calibration Range	450 MHz / 750 MHz / 900 MHz / 1750 MHz / 1900 MHz for head and body simulating liquid

	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	Axial isotropy: ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) Spherical isotropy: ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Calibration Range	2450 MHz / 2600 MHz / 5250 MHz / 5600 MHz / 5750 MHz for head and body simulating liquid



4 Measurement Procedure

4.1 General Requirement

The test shall be performed in a laboratory with an environment which avoids influence on SAR measurements by ambient EM sources and any reflection from the environment itself. The ambient temperature shall be in the range of 20°C to 26°C and 30-70% humidity. All tests have been conducted according the latest version of all relevant KDBs.

4.2 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position:

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile phone and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location (P1). This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with resolution settings for area scan and zoom scan according KDB 865664 D01 as shown in Table 9.
- The used extrapolation and interpolation routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method [DASY4].
- Repetition of the E-field measurement at the fixed location (P1) and repetition of the whole procedure if the two results differ by more than \pm 0.21dB.

			≤ 3 GHz	≥ 3 GHz		
	ance fro	m closest measurement point ensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe at the measurement		probe axis to phantom surface normal	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area so	an spatial r	resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom s	can spatial	resolution: ΔX _{Zoom} , ΔΥ _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spatial	Uniform g	ırid: ΔZ _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	ΔZ _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
53.1400	gild	$\Delta Z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5· ΔZ _{Zoom} (n-1)			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium: see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Table 9: Parameters for SAR scan procedures.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz



4.3 Measurement Variability

According KDB 865664 repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with \leq 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



5 System Verification and Test Conditions

5.1 Date of Testing

Date of Testing									
Band Frequency [MHz] Date of System Check Date of SAR Measure									
GUARDIAN 915	835	March 26, 2018	March 26, 2018						

Table 10: Date of testing.

5.2 Environment Conditions

Environment Conditions									
Ambient Temperature[°C]	Liquid Temperature [°C]	Humidity [%]							
22.0 ± 2	22.0 ± 2	40.0 ± 5							
Notes: To comply with the required noise level (less than 12 mW/kg) periodically measurements without a DUT were conducted.									

Table 11: Environment Conditions.

5.3 Tissue Simulating Liquid Recipes

			Tis	ssue Simula	ting Liquid			
Fr	equency Range	Water	Tween 20	Tween 80	Salt	Preventol	DGME	Triton X/100
	[MHz]	[%]	[%]	[%] [%]		[%]	[%]	[%]
				Head Tis	sue			
	300	50.4 47.3		=	2.2	0.1	=	-
	450	50.8	47.5	=	1.6	0.1	=	-
	700 - 1000	52.8	46.0	-	1.1	0.1	-	-
	1600 - 1800	55.4	44.1	-	0.4	0.1	=	-
	1850 - 1980	55.2	44.5	-	0.2	0.1	-	-
	2000 - 2700	55.7	45.2	-	-	0.1	-	-
	5000 - 6000	0 65.5 -		-			17.25	17.25
				Body Tis	sue			
	300	70.3	28.6	-	1.0	0.1	-	-
	450	71.0	28.0	-	0.9	0.1	-	-
\boxtimes	700 - 1000	71.2	28.0	=	0.7	0.1	=	-
	1600 - 1800	71.4	28.0	-	0.5	0.1	=	-
	1850 - 1980	71.5	28.0	-	0.4	0.1	-	-
	2000 - 2700	71.6	28.0	-	0.3	0.1	-	-
	5000 - 6000	79.9	-	20.0	-	0.1	-	-
No	tes: Used liquid fo	r measurement	is checked abov	e.				•

Table 12: Recipes of the tissue simulating liquid.



5.4 Tissue Simulating Liquid Parameters

For the measurement of the following parameters the Speag DAK-3.5 dielectric probe kit is used, representing the open-ended coaxial probe measurement procedure.

			Tissue Sir	mulating	g Liquids					
Ambient	Temperatur	re(C): 22.0 ± 2	Liquid Temperature(C): 22.6			Humidity	40.0 ± 10			
Band	Eroguenov		Pe	ermittivity	•	C	Date			
	Frequency	Channel	Measured	Target	Delta	Measured	Target	Delta	Date	
	[MHz]		ε'	ε'	+/- 5 [%]	σ [S/m]	σ [S/m]	+/- 5 [%]		
	835.0	System Check	55.1	55.2	-0.2	1.015	0.982	3.4		
Guardian	902.2	Low	54.8	55.0	-0.4	1.05	1.05	0.4	March 26, 2018	
Guardian	914.9	Mid	54.7	55.0	-0.4	1.06	1.06	0.7		
	927.7	High	54.7	55.0	-0.5	1.07	1.07	0.9		
Notes: Liquid d	epth is at least 1	15 cm for all freque	ency ranged m	neasureme	ents.					

Table 13: Parameters of the head tissue simulating liquid.

5.5 Simplified Performance Checking

The simplified performance check was realized using the dipole validation kit. The input power of the dipole antenna was 250 mW (CW) and it was placed under the flat part of the SAM phantom. The target and measured results are listed in the table 14 and shown in Appendix C - System Verification Plots. The target values were adopted from the calibration certificates found also in the appendix.

System Check Results										
Frequency [MHz]		SAR Values with Body TSL [W/kg]								
	Dinala #CN	Measured				Tar	get	Delta		
	Dipole #SN	with 250 mW		scaled	scaled to 1 W		normalized to 1 W		+/- 10 [%]	
		1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	
835	D835V2 #470	2.36	1.56	9.44	6.24	9.56	6.24	-1.26	0.00	March 26, 2018

Table 14: Dipole target and measured results.



6 SAR Measurement Conditions and Results

6.1 Test Conditions

Test Conditions										
Band	TX Range [MHz]	RX Range Used Channels		Crest Factor	Phantom					
Guardian	902.188 - 927.688	902.188 - 927.688	low / mid / high	1	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0					

Notes: To establish a continuous transmitting signal with 100% duty cycle at specific frequency and with maximum output power, engineering test software has been used

Table 15: Used channels and crest factors during the test.

6.2 Tune-Up Information

	Tune-Up Average Output Power											
Band	Antenna Frequenc [MHz]		СН	Target [dBm]	Tolerance [dBm]	Tune-Up Limit [dBm]						
TDMA	1	902.188 - 927.688	low / mid / high	22.0	+/- 2.0	24.0						
Bluetooth Classic	2	2402.0 - 2480.0	low / mid / high	2.0	+/- 2.0	4.0						
Bluetooth Low Energy	2	2402.0 - 2480.0	low / mid / high	4.0	+/- 2.0	6.0						
Notes:												

Table 16: Maximum transmitting output power values declared by the manufacturer.

6.3 Measured Output Power

Measured Average Output Power										
Band	Antenna	Frequency [MHz]	СН	Measured Output Power [dBm]						
		902.188	Low	24.0						
Guardian	1	914.938	Mid	23.7						
		927.688	High	23.1						
Notes:										

Table 17: Conducted output power values.



6.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion according to KDB 447498

SAR test exclusion is determined for the EUT according to KDB 447498 D01 with 1g SAR exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm determined by:

[(max power of channel. incl. tune-up tolerance. mW) / (min test separation distance. mm)] * [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

	Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Consideration (FCC)											
Mode	Frequency	Distance	Output Power		Threshold Comparison Value	SAR Testing Exclusion Threshold Value	SAR Testing Exclusion	SAR Testing Required				
	[MHz]	[mm]	[dBm]	[mW]	Value	HEAD/BODY	HEAD/BODY	HEAD/BODY				
Guardian	927.688	5	24.00	251.19	48.4	≤ 3.0	NO	YES				
BT Classic	2480.0	5	4.00	2.51	0.8	≤ 3.0	YES	NO				
BT LE	2480.0	5	6.00	3.98	1.3	≤ 3.0	YES	NO				

Table 18: SAR test exclusion for the applicable transmitter according to KDB 447498.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas the standalone SAR must be estimated according to KDB 447498 in order to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel including tune-up tolerance. mW)/(min. test separation distance. mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x]
 W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR. when the test separation distance is > 50 mm

6.5 SAR Test Exclusion Consideration according to RSS-102

	Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Consideration (ISED)											
Mode	Frequency Distance		Output	Power	SAR Testing Exclusion Threshold Value	SAR Testing Exclusion	SAR Testing Required					
	[MHz]	[mm] [dBn		[mW]	HEAD/BODY	HEAD/BODY	HEAD/BODY					
Guardian	927.688	5	24.0	251.19	4.0	NO	YES					
BT Classic	2480.0	5	4.0	2.51	4.0	YES	NO					
BT LE	2480.0	5	6.0	3.98	4.0	YES	NO					

Table 19: SAR test exclusion for the applicable transmitter according to RSS-102, section 2.5.1.

6.6 SAR Results

The tables below contain the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1g. SAR assessment was conducted in the worst case configuration with output power values according to Table 16. According to KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Furthermore, SAR measurements are performed with an engineering test mode with a continuous wave transmission signal.

Reported SAR is calculated by the following formulas:

- Scaling factor tune up limit = tune-up limit power (mW) / RF power (mW)
- Scaling factor max. duty cycle = max. possible duty cycle / used duty cycle for SAR measurement
- Reported SAR = measured SAR * scaling factor tune up limit * scaling factor max. duty cycle

The plots with the highest measured SAR values are shown in Appendix B - SAR Distribution Plots.

	SAR Measurement Results													
Band	Freq.	СН	Exposure Side of EUT	Gap Pic. [mm] No.	Pic.	Measured SAR1g [W/kg]	Power Drift [dB]	Output Power [dBm]		Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1q	Plot		
	[MHz]				No.			Meas.	Limit	Tune-Up Limit	[W/kg]	No.		
	902.188	Low		0	4	0.944	-0.171	24.0	24.0	1.000	0.944	-		
Guardian	914.938	Mid	back side with	0	4	0.842	0.050	23.7	24.0	1.072	0.902	-		
Guardian	927.688	High	attached belt clip	0	4	0.673	0.129	23.1	24.0	1.230	0.828			
	902.188	Low	2011 GIIP	0	4	0.973*	0.069	24.0	24.0	1.000	0.973	1		

Notes: To establish a continuous transmitting signal with 100% duty cycle at specific frequency and with maximum output power, engineering test software has been used.

Table 20: SAR measurement results.

To control the output power stability during the SAR test the used DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the e-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in the above tables labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

7 Simultaneous Transmission Consideration

According to KDB 447498, the following table gives an overview about the Σ SAR for simultaneous transmitting modes. When Σ SAR > 1.6 W/kg. a SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario SAR _{1g} [W/kg]								
Highe	st SAR	Evacure Side of EUT	79AD1a	SPLSR				
Guardian	Bluetooth	Exposure Side of EUT	ΣSAR1g	Analysis				
0.973	0.168	Back	1.141	NO				
Notes: Estimated SAR values marked in blue (not measured).								

Table 21: Simultaneous transmission consideration for Guardian and BT.

^{*} Measurement variability according to KDB 865664. Please refer chapter 4.3.



8 Administrative Measurement Data

8.1 Calibration of Test Equipment

Test Equipment System Components ftware Versions DASY4 ftware Versions SEMCAD simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe ta Acquisition Electronics ta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG	V4.7 V1.8 ET3DV6R ET3DV6R EX3DV4 EX3DV4 DAE 3 DAE 4 SAM	N/A N/A N/A 1579 1669 3536 3860 335 631	N/A N/A 02/2018 02/2017 09/2016 09/2017 02/2018	Next Calibration N/A N/A 02/2019 02/2019 09/2018 09/2018	
ftware Versions DASY4 ftware Versions SEMCAD simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe ta Acquisition Electronics ta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG	V1.8 ET3DV6R ET3DV6R EX3DV4 EX3DV4 DAE 3 DAE 4	N/A 1579 1669 3536 3860 335	N/A 02/2018 02/2017 09/2016 09/2017	N/A 02/2019 02/2019 09/2018	
ftware Versions SEMCAD simetric E-Field Probe sta Acquisition Electronics sta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG	V1.8 ET3DV6R ET3DV6R EX3DV4 EX3DV4 DAE 3 DAE 4	N/A 1579 1669 3536 3860 335	N/A 02/2018 02/2017 09/2016 09/2017	N/A 02/2019 02/2019 09/2018	
simetric E-Field Probe sta Acquisition Electronics sta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG	ET3DV6R ET3DV6R EX3DV4 EX3DV4 DAE 3 DAE 4	1579 1669 3536 3860 335	02/2018 02/2017 09/2016 09/2017	02/2019 02/2019 09/2018	
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simetric E-Field Probe simetric E-Field Probe ta Acquisition Electronics ta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG	EX3DV4 EX3DV4 DAE 3 DAE 4	3536 3860 335	09/2016 09/2017	09/2018	
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ta Acquisition Electronics ta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG	DAE 3 DAE 4	335		09/2018	
ta Acquisition Electronics antom antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG SPEAG SPEAG	DAE 4		02/2018		
antom antom antom antom antom antom antom	SPEAG SPEAG		621		02/2019	
antom antom antom antom	SPEAG	SAM	031	09/2017	09/2018	
antom antom antom			1059	N/A	N/A	
antom antom	SPEAG	SAM	1176	N/A	N/A	
antom	J. L∧U	SAM	1340	N/A	N/A	
	SPEAG	SAM	1341	N/A	N/A	
	SPEAG	ELI4	1004	N/A	N/A	
5	•					
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V2	1014	03/2018	03/2021	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	470	03/2018	03/2021	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D900V2	006	11/2015	11/2018	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1640V2	311	09/2015	09/2018	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1005	03/2018	03/2021	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	535	03/2018	03/2021	
stem Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	709	11/2015	11/2018	
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '					11/2018	
•					05/2020	
al Measurement		200212		00,20	30,2020	
twork Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103220	08/2017	08/2019	
•					02/2020	
					02/2020	
	Litivielectionic	DTWS000	3311	02/2010	02/2020	
	Apritou	MI 2497A	6K00003310	06/2016	06/2018	
					06/2018 06/2018	
					06/2018	
•	Ronue & Schwarz	F5P/	100433	04/2016	04/2018	
	Anthora	F50740	N//40400000	00/0047	00/0040	
•					08/2019 N/A	
	Konde & Schwarz	2IVI300	100142	N/A	N/A	
	A # 1 O 1 11	7111 40 4011	B0007011	N 1/2		
					N/A	
	Ciao Wireless	CA26-451	3/452	N/A	N/A	
	1			0.1/5 - : -		
dio Communication Tactor				04/2016	04/2018	
	Anritsu	MT8820C	6200918336		04/2018	
	twork Analyzer electric Probe Kit ermometer Meters and Sensors wer Meter wer Sensor wer Meter wer Sensor ectrum Analyzer rces twork Analyzer Generator ers eplifier 10 MHz – 4200 MHz aplifier 2 GHz – 6 GHz rester dio Communication Tester	stem Validation Dipole I Measurement twork Analyzer Agilent SPEAG Agilent SPEAG Agilent SPEAG LKMelectronic Meters and Sensors wer Meter Anritsu wer Sensor Anritsu wer Sensor Anritsu wer Sensor Anritsu Fectrum Analyzer Rohde & Schwarz rees twork Analyzer Agilent Rohde & Schwarz ers aplifier 10 MHz – 4200 MHz Indicate the sector of the sect	SPEAG D5GHzV2 I Measurement twork Analyzer Agilent E5071C Dectric Probe Kit SPEAG DAK-3.5 DTM3000 Meters and Sensors wer Meter Anritsu ML2487A wer Sensor Anritsu ML2488A wer Sensor Anritsu ML2488A wer Sensor Anritsu MA2472A wer Meter Anritsu MA2472A rectrum Analyzer Rohde & Schwarz FSP7 rces twork Analyzer Agilent E5071C Generator Rohde & Schwarz SM300 ers uplifier 10 MHz – 4200 MHz Mini Circuits ZHL-42-42W uplifier 2 GHz – 6 GHz Ciao Wireless CA26-451 rester dio Communication Tester Anritsu MT8815B	SPEAG D5GHzV2 1028 I Measurement	SPEAG D5GHzV2 1028 05/2017 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Table 22: Calibration of test equipment.



8.2 Uncertainty Assessment

Uncertainty Bud		surements acc MHz - 6 GHz)	cording to	IEEE	1528-	2013		
Error Sources	Uncertainty Value [± %]	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	ci	Unce	dard rtainty %]	vi² or vef
Measurement System			•	1g	10g	1g	10g	
Probe calibration	6.7	Normal	1	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial isotropy	0.3	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.1	0.1	× ×
Hemispherical isotropy	1.3	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.5	0.5	×
Boundary effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	× ×
Linearity	0.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	×
System detection limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	×
Modulation response	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Readout electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	×
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	× ×
Integration time	1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions - noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF ambient conditions - refl.	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe positioner mech. tol.	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for max SAR eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related	_	1	1				I	
Test sample positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	14
Device holder uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
SAR drift measurement (< 0.2 dB)	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
SAR scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	00
Phantom and Set-up	_	1	1				I	
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
SAR correction for perm./cond.	1.9	Normal	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6	~
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.2	1.3	∞
Liquid conductivity temp. unc.	2.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.3	1.2	∞
Liquid permittivity temp. unc.	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty	<u>'</u>	•	•			11.1	11.0	
Coverage Factor for 95%						kp	=2	
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						22.2	21.9	

Table 23: Uncertainty budget for SAR measurements.



Uncertainty Budget for SAR System Validation according to IEEE 1528-2013 (300 MHz - 6 GHz)								
Error Sources	Uncertainty Value [± %]	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	ci	Stan Uncer [±	tainty	vi² or veff
Measurement System	-			1g	10g	1g	10g	
Probe calibration	6.7	Normal	1	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial isotropy	0.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.1	0.1	8
Hemispherical isotropy	1.3	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	8
Boundary effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	0.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	×
System detection limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	8
Readout electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
Response time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	8
Integration time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	~
RF ambient conditions - noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
RF ambient conditions - refl.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	~
Probe positioner mech. tol.	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	×
Probe positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for max SAR eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Validation Dipole	•							
Dev. of exp. dipole from num.	5.0	Normal	1	1	1	5.0	5.0	∞
Input power and SAR drift (< 0.2 dB)	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance (< 2deg)	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
SAR correction for perm./cond.	1.9	Normal	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.2	1.3	∞
Liquid conductivity temp. unc.	2.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.3	1.2	~
Liquid permittivity temp. unc.	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						10.7	10.6	
Coverage Factor for 95%						kp	=2	
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						21.5	21.2	
Notes: Worst case probe calibration uncert	tainty has been appl	ied for all available	e probes and	d frequer	ncies.			1

Table 24: Uncertainty budget for SAR system validation.



Revision No.: -

9 Report History

Revision History									
Revision	Description of Revision	Date	Revised Page	Revised By					
/	Initial Release	March 27, 2018	-	-					

END OF THE SAR REPORT

Please refer to separated appendix file for the following data:

- Appendix A Pictures
- Appendix B SAR Distribution Plots
- Appendix C System Verification Plots
- Appendix D Certificates of Conformity
- Appendix E Calibration Certificates for DAEs
- Appendix F Calibration Certificates for E-Field Probes
- Appendix G Calibration Certificates for Dipoles