

Dual-band 3x3 802.11ac Wi-Fi Access Point

Configuration Manual

v2.0

Aug. 2018

Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 3. This device should not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules; these limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: To assure continued compliance, (example – use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices). Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

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Warning

The user is advised to keep apart from the base-station and antenna with at least 45cm when the base-station is in operation.

Access points require professional installation.

The user is advised to keep apart from the base-station and antenna with at least 45cm when the base-station is in operation.

Please install a lightning arrestor to protect the access point for lightning dissipation during rainstorms. Lightning arrestors are mounted outside the structure and must be grounded by means of a ground wire to the nearest ground rod or item that is grounded.

Disclaimer

All specifications are subject to change without prior notice. We assume no responsibilities for any inaccuracies in this document or for any obligation to update information in this document. This document is provided for information purposes only. We reserve the right to change, modify, transfer, or otherwise revise this publication without notice.

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1.Introduction

This guide covers the initial configuration of 3x3 802.11 ac Wireless Access Point via Web Administration Interface (Web UI). Web Administration Interface is the built-in and user-friendly graphic interface on all this Series products. It allows you to configure, monitor, and manage the devices using web browser. Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, and Internet Explorer 8+ are recommended.

This guide is applicable with firmware version 2.0.1.300 or above for hardware platforms with the following models:

Table T – AP products	
Product Name	АР
Model Number	GK-AP2458-AC-PTE

2. Web Administration Interface (Web UI)

			- Primary	Tabs	Н	简体中文	Reboot AP	Logou
	ninistration Tools	About			Links —	F	irmware Version: CPU Load: 2.10, Uptime: 01h	, 0.91, 0.3
	L	- Secondary Ta	ibs			-		vnload Log
System	Network(Switch Mode)			More	>>			
System Name: NA Product Name: WiFi Bridge CPU Usage: 5% Memory Usage: 29/236 MB (9%) Time of Day: Filot 27 14:03:42 2017 Uptime: 01h 10min 50s	Ethernet IPv4 DHCP Client: IPv4 Address: IPv4 Subnet Mask: IPv4 Default Gateway: IPv4 DNS Server: Interfaces(3)	Disabled 192.168.1.222 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 NA						
Remote Management	Ethernet (eth0) MAC: Link:	00:19:be:a3:3f:88 Auto (Full 1000Mb/s)	Transmit: Receive:	2.1MB (1.8Kbps) 653.6KB (0.8Kbps)				
Remote Management: OFF	Radio0(2.4G) Radio Status: MAC: Radio1(5G) Radio Status: MAC:	OFF 00:19:be:a3:3f:8a OFF 00:19:be:a3:3f:8b						

Web Administration Interface (Web UI) consists of:

 Primary Tabs:

 Status

 Configuration

 Administration

 Tools

 About

 Links:

 簡体中文/English – swap Web UI language between simplified Chinese and English.

 Reboot AP – reboot AP.

 Logout – log out from Web UI.

 Change: 0 – list out all unsaved configuration changes.

 Download Logs – download the system log from AP.

2.1. Status



Status tab collects the information about AP's system status, interfaces status, and system logs. The following tabs can be found under status tab:

Overview – display vital information on the device's status. Information includes system status, thin AP status, network status, and interfaces status.

Radio0 (2.4G) – display 2.4G radio's information including radio settings, radio transmission and reception statistics, and connection information. **Radio1 (5G)** – display 5G radio's information including radio settings, radio transmission and reception statistics, and connection information. **Ethernet** - shows the current status of Ethernet interfaces. The information includes Port, MAC Address, Auto-negotiation, Speed, Duplex, Link Detected, instant throughput of uplink and downlink and traffic of of uplink and downlink.

Logs - display log files for system information, association activity, and alarm event.

2.2. Configuration

 Figure 3 – Secondary tabs under Configuration tab

 Status
 Configuration
 Administration
 Tools
 About

 System
 Network
 Wireless
 Thin AP

Configuration tab contains various configuration attributes about the device. The following tabs can be found under configuration tab:

System – the configuration attributes about system information, logging, Network Time Protocol (NTP), and web setting can be found in this tab. **Network** – the configuration attributes about IP address, interface assignment, VLAN, built-in DHCP server, port forward, and safe mode can be found under this tab

Wireless – the configuration attributes about both 2.4G radio and 5G radio can be found under this tab

Thin AP - the configuration attributes about thin AP mode can be found under this tab

2.3. Administration

Figure 4 – Secondary tabs under Administration tab

Configuration Administration Tools About User Admin SNMP Certificate Firmware Update Factory Default Backup / Restore

Administration tab contains various configuration attributes for managing the device. The following tabs can be found under configuration tab:

Customization License

User Admin – collects the configuration attributes about user administration of the device

SNMP – collects the configuration attributes about Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Certificate - upload certification file and key file for HTTPS connection of the device

Firmware Update – update the firmware of the device

Factory Default – perform factory reset for the device

Tools

Backup/Restore – backup the current configuration from the device or restore the desire configuration to the device

Customization - upload customized configuration as factory default settings for the device

2.4. Tools

Figure 5 – Secondary tabs under Tools tab About

Status Configuration Administration Channel Scan Diagnosis Watchdog

Administration tab collects various tools for deployment and troubleshooting. The following tabs can be found under Tools tab:

Channel Scan - collect the information of all WiFi channel on 2.4GHz frequency and 5GHz frequency in the surrounding area. The information includes noise floor, percentage of channel busy, and the number of BSS in particular radio channels.

Diagnosis – provide tools for testing the reachability, route, and packet capture for troubleshooting

Watchdog - provide various timers used to detect and recover from system malfunctions

2.5. About

Figure 6 – Secondary tabs under About tab Administration Status Product Version

About tab collects the information about product information, hardware, firmware and company information.

3. Getting Started

This chapter covers the procedures for logging into / out AP Products Web Administration Interface (Web UI) via Ethernet, and restarting the device via Web UI.

Step 1: Preparing the Administrator Computer

1. On your Windows XP or Windows 7 computer, open the Network Connections (or Change adapter settings) control panel according to how the Start menu is set up:

On Windows XP, click Start > Control Panel > Network Connections. On Windows 7, click Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change adapter settings.

- 2. Right-click the icon for Local Area Connection, and then click **Properties**.
- When the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears, select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) (or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)) from the scrolling list, and then click Properties. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box appears.
- 4. Write down all of the currently active network settings. You will need this information later when you restore your computer to its current network configuration.

Configure the IP address settings with the values listed in

5. Table 2.

	ble daministrative compoter sir address settings	
IP Address	Any address in the 192.168.1.x, except	
	192.168.1.222 and 192.168.1.255	
Example: 192.168.1.2		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	Blank	
DNS	Blank	

Table 2 - Configure administrative computer's IP address settings

- 6. Click **OK** to save the changes and close the TCP/IP Properties dialog box.
- 7. Click **OK** again to close the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box.

Step 2: Connecting Access Point

- 1. Connect your laptop to **Data/IN** port on the PoE Injector provided in the product's package using Ethernet cable
- 2. Connect the Ethernet port of AP to **P+D/Out** port on the PoE Injector provided in the product's package using Ethernet cable.
- Connect the power cord to the power port on the PoE Injector. Connect the other end of the power cord to a power outlet.
 Figure 7 – AP 2458 Connection Diagram



4. Verify the AP's Power LED is steady orange (Thick AP) or steady green (Thin AP) after a minute

LED Colors and What They Mean

AP2458

LED	Mode	le 3 - AP operation LED indi LED Status (Color)	Meaning			
		Off	Power off			
	Thick AP	Blinking slowly (Orange)	Booting			
		Solid (Orange)	Operating			
		Off	Power off			
Power LED		Blinking slowly (Orange)	Booting			
	Thin AP	Blinking slowly	Discovery / Connect			
		(Green)	to Access Controller			
		Solid (Green)	Connect to Access Controller successfully and operating			
		Off	Link Down			
	100146-00	Solid (Green)	Link Up			
Ethernet LED	100Mbps	Blinking (Green)	Activity			
LED	100014600	Solid (Blue)	Link Up			
	1000Mbps	Blinking (Blue)	Activity			
Remarks: All LED will be off once pressing down the reset button Pressing and holding the reset button until Power LED blinks once, the device reboots. 						

3. Pressing and holding the reset button until Power LED blinks twice consecutively, the device restores the factory default setting.

9 - - m

Step 3: Login the AP (via Ethernet)

- 1. Verify the AP's Power LED is steady orange (Thick AP) or steady green (Thin AP)
- 2. Open a Web browser from the computer. Type <u>http://192.168.1.222</u> in the address bar or location bar (see
- 3. Figure 8).
- 4. Type admin (default username) in Username
- 5. Type admin (default password) in **Password**
- 6. Click Login

Figure	8 –	AP	Product's	Login	Page
Iguie	0 -		11000013	LUGIII	i uye

		ALL Frances (Strate La Const Character 1.0. Mill James Bir (Nord
Place after pay an	Authorization Required	
	Hansane []	[Xept]] fileen

Secondary IP Address of AP

The default IP address of access points is 192.168.1.222/24. AP support a fixed IP address on the Ethernet connection called Secondary IP Address. This secondary IP address is 192.168.99.x/24 where x denotes as the decimal value of the last byte of the Ethernet MAC address on the access point.

Example 1:

Device Ethernet MAC address: 00:19:BE:20:03:8C

Secondary IP Address of this device:

192.168.99.**140 (8C** (HEX) → **140** (DEC))

The secondary IP address uses IP range from 192.168.99.5/24 to 192.168.99.254/24. The rest of IP addresses are reserved. If the last byte of a MAC address matches any of the reserved IP addresses, the supported device shall follow the MAC to IP address mapping shown in Table :

Ethernet MAC	Reserved Purpose	Replaced MAC	Secondary IP
address		byte	address
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:00	Invalid IP	A0	192.168.99.160
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:01	For gateway	A1	192.168.99.161
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:02	For operator	A2	192.168.99.162
	computer		
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:03	For operator	A3	192.168.99.163
	computer		
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:04	For operator	A4	192.168.99.164
	computer		
XX:XX:XX:XX:FF	Invalid IP	AF	192.168.99.175

Table 4 - Product Secondary IP Address

Example 2

Device Ethernet MAC address: 00:19:BE:20:03:FF

Secondary IP Address of this device:

192.168.99.175 (FF (HEX) → AF (HEX) → 175 (DEC))

Step 4: System Info Setting

Figure 9 – System Info Setting	System Info Setting
System Name:	
System NE ID:	
System Location:	
Power Save PoE:	

- 1. Click Configuration > System
- 2. Type in a string up to 255 characters in **System Name**; this entry is optional
- 3. Type in a string up to 64 characters in **System NE ID**; this entry is optional
- 4. Type in a string up to 255 characters in **System Location**; this entry is optional
- 5. Select **Power Save PoE** checkbox if AP is powered by a PoE switch that is compliant with 802.3af only.
- 6. Click **Submit**

Note:

- In 802.3af power safe mode, AP will operate in 2x3 MIMO with maximum transmission power 24 dBm.

Step 5: Assign an IP Address to AP Device

Assign Static IPv4 IP Address

Figure 10 – IPv4 WAN Setting (Static IP Address) WAN Setting(IPv4) Internet Connection Type: Static \mathbf{v} IPv4 Address: 10 . 6 . 122 101 IPv4 Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 0 IPv4 Default Gateway: 10 . 6 . 122 1 IPv4 DNS Server IP Address: 10.6.127.4

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > General > WAN Settings (IPv4)
- 2. Select Static on Internet Connection Type
- 3. Enter valid IP Address on **IPv4 Address**; 192.168.1.222 is the default setting
- 4. Enter valid IP subnet mask on **IPv4 Subnet Mask**; 255.255.255.0 is default setting

- 5. Enter valid IP address of default gateway on IPv4 Default Gateway
- 6. Enter valid IP address of DNS server on IPv4 DNS Server Address

Note:

- Click ¹ for adding more DNS;
- 7. Click Submit

Assign IPv4 IP Address from DHCP server

Figure 11 – IPv4 WAN Set	ting (DHCP Client)
--------------------------	--------------------

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > General > WAN Settings (IPv4)
- 2. Select DHCP on Internet Connection Type
- 3. Click **Enable DHCP Option 60** checkbox to specify vendor class identifier. This entry is optional.
- 4. Enter a string between 1 and 32 characters long on **DHCP Option 60**. This entry is optional.
- 5. Click **Submit**

Assign Static IPv6 IP Address

Figure 12	– Enable IPv6 option		
Network Setting			
Network Setting:	Switch Mode	T	
Enable IPv6:			

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > General > Network Setting
- 2. Click Enable IPv6 checkbox

Internet Connection Type:	Static	•
IPv6 Address:		
IPv6 Default Gateway:	-	

- 3. Go to Configuration > Network > General > WAN Setting (IPv6)
- 4. Select Static on Internet Connection Type
- 5. Enter valid IP Address on IPv6 Address
- 6. Enter valid IP subnet mask on IPv6 Subnet Mask
- 7. Enter valid IP address of default gateway on IPv6 Default Gateway
- 8. Enter valid IP address of DNS server on IPv6 DNS Server Address

Note:

- Click i for adding more IPv6 Address and IPv6 DNS Server;
- Click 📧 to remove existing IPv6 Address and IPv6 DNS Server entry
- 9. Click Submit

Assign IPv6 IP Address from DHCP server

Figure 14 – Enable IPv6 option

Network Setting

Network Setting: Switch Mode 🔻

Enable IPv6: 🕑

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > General > Network Setting
- 2. Click Enable IPv6 checkbox

Figure 15 -	– IPv6 WAN Setting		
WAN Setting(IPv6)			
Internet Connection Type:	DHCP	T	

- 3. Go to Configuration > Network > General > WAN Setting (IPv6)
- 4. Select DHCP on Internet Connection Type
- 5. Click **Submit**

Step 6: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

4. Radios Settings

3x3 AC series products have both a high capacity 2.4 GHz (3x3:3 802.11b/g/n) radio and a 5 GHz (3x3:3 802.11a/n/ac) radio. It can play as different role in your network. This chapter shows the typical deployment scenarios and configuration procedures.

4.1. Access Point Mode

Access Point (AP) allows wireless devices to connect to a wired network using 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac standards. Wireless clients connect the AP to join the network, such as laptops, smart phones etc.

Radio0 - 2.4G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
	adio0(2.4G) Setting	
eneral WLAN Advanced Qo5		
Enable Radio:		
Radio Mode:	AP	*
Country Code:	HONG KONG	¥.
Wireless Mode:	2.4GHz 450Mbps(802.11ng HT40+)	•
Legacy 11b Data Rate Support:	1/2/5.5/11M (Best compatibility/Poor performan	T
Radio Frequency:	Auto	*
Transmit Power:	1	•
	The effective Tx Power may be different, depends or Channel.	the selected
Maximum Clients:	256	(1-256)
Disable HT20/HT40 Auto Switch:		
User Isolation in different WLAN (SSID):		
Periodic Auto channel Selection:		
Schedule Mode:	Sun Mon Tues Wed Thur	
	Fri Sat 00:00 V	
Periodic Mode:	0	(Mins)

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 (2.4G) > General
- 2. Select Enable Radio checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select AP on Radio Mode

- 4. Select the correct country code on **Country Code**; this option ensures that the AP device uses only the radio channels allowed in your country or region
- Select suitable wireless mode on Wireless Mode; the options include: 2.4G 11Mbps (802.11 b) 2.4G 54Mbps (802.11 bg) 2.4G 54Mbps (802.11 g-only) 2.4G 216.7Mbps (802.11 ng HT20); Default Setting 2.4G 216.7Mbps (802.11 n-only HT20) 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n-only HT40+) 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n only HT40+) 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n only HT40-) 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n only HT40-)
 Select suitable option on Legacy 11b Data Rate Support for legacy client compatibility. In order to enhance the spectrum efficiency, low
- client compatibility. In order to enhance the spectrum efficiency, low data rates (1/2/5.5/11M) should be eliminated. This entry is optional. Options include: 1/2/5.5/11M (Best compatibility /Poor performance) 5.5/11M (Good compatibility /Good performance) Disable All (Poor compatibility/ Best performance) Clients only capable of 1/2Mbps will not be supported Clients only capable of 802.11b standard will not be supported

Note:

- 2.4G 11Mbps (802.11 b) is not applicable.
- 7. Select suitable operating channel on Radio Frequency;

Note:

- You should select the suitable operating channel based on the on-site channel scan result.
- 8. Select suitable transmission power on Transmission Power;

Note:

- You should follow the regulation from local Communications Authority
- Enter the maximum associated client between 1 and 256 on Maximum Client that the radio interface serves. 256 is the default setting. This entry is optional.

- 10.Select Disable HT20/HT40 Auto Switch checkbox that AP device will NOT switch the channel width between 20 MHz and 40 MHz automatically. This entry is optional and only available for the following wireless modes:
 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 ng HT40+)
 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n-only HT40+)
 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n only HT40-)
 2.4G 450Mbps (802.11 n only HT40-)
- 11.Select **Enable Inter-WLAN User Isolation** checkbox that AP device block the users' communication across different SSID on the same AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 12.Select **Periodic Auto Channel Section** checkbox to enable scheduled channel selection task on the radio interface. This entry is optional and only available if *auto* is selected on **Radio Frequency**. The available schedule modes are:

Schedule Mode	Select	exact	time	and	day(s)	for	selecting	radio
	freque	ncy for t	the inte	erface)			
Periodic Mode	Select	a coun	tdowr	n timei	r (minute	e) fo	or selecting	radio
	freque	ncy for t	the inte	erface	; 0 deno	otes	disable.	

13. Click **Submit**

Step 2: Configure WLAN # General Setting

tadio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)				
Radio	0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting			
WLAN General WLAN Becomy Reque Statem List	0.5 Banawinth Comrol			
Enable WLAN:	2			
Hide SSID:	0			
SSID:	Superwifi Network 0	1		
User Isolation:	2			
DHCP Trusted Port:	0			
Access Traffic Right:	Full Access]		
Max Clients:	256	(1-256)		
Station Association Requirement				
Reject Station Association if SNR less than	0dB, @(0-100dB, 0:Disable)			
Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than	dB for consecutive	10	packets.	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 (2.4G) > WLAN # > More...
- 2. Select **Enable WLAN** checkbox to enable WLAN
- 3. Select **Hide SSID** checkbox to hide SSID name from its beacon frame. This entry is optional.

4. Enter a unique name for the particular WLAN on SSID.

Note:

- If you want to configure the same SSID on two different WLANs; their security setting MUST be different from each other.
- 5. Select **User Isolation** checkbox to block user communication within the same SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 6. Deselect the **DHCP Trust Port** checkbox to prevent illegal DHCP servers offering IP address to DHCP clients via this WLAN. This entry is optional.
- 7. Specify the suitable privilege of associated clients on **Access Traffic Right**; the options include

Associated client can access Internet and
manage AP
Associated client can manage AP only, but
not able to access the Internet
Associated client can access the Internet, but not able to manage AP

8. Enter the maximum associated clients between 1 and 256 on **Max Clients** for this WLAN. 256 is the default setting.

Note:

- Max Clients in WLAN 0 15 MUST be smaller than or equal to
 (≥) the Max Clients setting on Radio General Setting
- 9. Enter an additional requirement on Signal Strength to Noise Ratio (SNR) for associated clients under Station Association Requirement. These entries are optional. Network ad may fill up the following fields: Reject Station Association if SNR less than X dB
 X denote the minimum SNR level which allow clients to associate; You can select any integer between 0dB and 100dB; 0 denotes as disable; 0 is default setting
 Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than Y dB for consecutive Z packets

Notes:

Example for Station Association Requirement with the following settings:
 Reject Station Association if SNR less than 30 dB (X = 30);
 Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than 20 dB for consecutive 10 packets (Y = 20; Z = 10)
 Consequence:
 AP accepts the clients to associate if the SNR of packets from

the clients is high than (>) 30dB; AP kicks out the associated client if the SNR of 10 consecutive packets is below (<) 10 dB (30 dB – 20 dB)

10. Click Submit

Step 3: Configure WLAN # Security Setting

Configure WLAN as Open Network

This setting is typically only used in a guest network. No security measure is enforced.

Figure 18 – 2.4G WL	AN # Security Setting: Open Network
Status Configuration Administration To	ols About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radi	io0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	Open 🗸
Cipher Mode:	Disabled 🗸
ACL Setting	
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled on Cipher Mode
- 4. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN as Open network with WEP encryption This setting provides minimal security as it allows all requesting devices to join a given network.

Figure 19 – 2.4G WLAN # S	ecurity Setting: Ope	en Network with WEF
Status Configuration Administration To	ols About	
stem Network Wireless Thin AP		
adio0(2.4G) Radio1(5G)		
	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	go5 thenowidth control	
WLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Open	•
Cipher Mode:	WEP	*
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text Hexadecimal	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	*
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input G File	
Denied MAC Address:		1
		Back to WLAN List Submit
		Back to WLAN List Sut

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure WLAN as Open network with Shared Key Authentication Shared Key authentication is one of the authentication methods with WEP encryption. It verifies that station has knowledge of a shared secret.

Figure 20 – 2.4G WLAN # S	ecurity Setting: Shared Key Au	uthentication
Status Configuration Administration Too	ols About	
System Network Wireless Thin AP	and the second	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radio	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Roque Station List	DAS' Bardwidth Centrol	Submit
WLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Shared	
Cipher Mode:	WEP 🔹	
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text Hexadecimal	(1- 0)
	Ascii Text Hexadecimal	Carlos and C
WEP Key 1:	1	Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
Denied MAC Address:		<u>a</u> .
		Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text key is encoded as ASCII characters (0–9, a–z, A–Z) Hexadecimal key is encoded as Hexadecimal characters (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure WLAN with WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 provides enhanced security over WEP, and allows client authentication based on an external authentication server such as a RADIUS server, for corporate networks. WPA-auto is a mixed security mode which supports multiple implementations of the WPA standard, such as WPA and WPA2.

Status Configuration		ols About			
	Thin AP				
dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(50	~				
		io0(2.4G) WLA			
WLAN General WLAN Sec	Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidt	h Control		
WLAN Security Setting					
	Authentication Mode:	WPA2		~	
	Cipher Mode:	AES		<	
	Group Key Update Interval:	86400		(s)	
RADIUS Server Setting		L			
	NAS Identifier:			(0-32)	
RADI	US Server IP Address Type:	● IPv4 ○ IPv6			
	RADIUS Retry Timeout:			-	
	,	(0-65535 s)			
	TD add.		Deat		(
RADIUS Server	IP Addr		Port 812		Secret(1-128)
Secondary RADIUS Server			812		Show
Secondary IVIDIOS Serve			012		
RADIUS Accounting Serve	er Setting				
RADIUS Accounti	ng Server IP Address Type:	● IPv4 ○ IPv6	1		
	Accounting interim Interval:	300			
	-	(60-86400s, 0:Dis	abe)	_	
		IP Address	Port		Secret(1-128)
RADIUS Accounting Serve	er 0.0	.0.0	1813		Shov
Secondary RADIUS Accou		.0.0	1813		Shov
ACL Setting					
	Access Control List:	Enabled - Default /	Allow	-	
	ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	O File		
	Denied MAC Address:				
				_	

Figure 21 - 2.4G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps
- 4. Enter suitable identification on **NAS identifier**. Remote RADIUS server uses this ID to identify its clients. This entry is available for WPA and WPA2 only.
- 5. Enter transmission timeout interval between 0 and 86400s on **RADIUS Retry Timeout**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS server for authentication in IP Address of RADIUS Server
- 7. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Server**. 1812 is default setting.
- 8. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server.
- 9. Repeat step 6-8 if the backup RADIUS server is available. It is optional.
- 10. Enter interval between each interim update in seconds on **Accounting interim Interval**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 11. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS Accounting Server on **IP Address of RADIUS Accounting Server**. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Accounting Server**. 1813 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Accounting Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server. This entry is optional.
- 14. Repeat step 11-13 if the backup RADIUS Accounting server is available. It is optional.
- 15. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Use of WPA or WPA2 provides enhanced security over WEP, and allows client authentication based on either a pre-shared key (PSK), for home or small office networks. WPA-auto-PSK is a mixed security mode which supports multiple implementations of the WPA standard, such as WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

Figure 22 - 2.4G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK

Status Configuration Administration To em Network Wineless Thin AP	xls About	
lio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radi	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Roque Stanoor Las	IzoS Bandweth Control	
VLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK	×
Cipher Mode:	AES	T
Group Key Update Interval:	86400	(s)
Pass Phrase:	Length:8-63(ASCII Characters); Length:64(H	Show
ACL Setting	reading offerer entreactall candidate (Li	land set interdential
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Denied MAC Address:		<u></u>
		Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA2:
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps
- 4. Enter interval time in second in **Group Key Update Interval**. 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 6. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WAPI Authentication

WLAN Authentication and Privacy Infrastructure (WAPI) is a Chinese National Standard for Wireless LANs (GB 15629.11-2003).

ndio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	O(2 4C) WI AND Softing			
	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting			-
WLAN General WLAN Security Ringue Station List	Qr5 Sandwidth Control			Submi
WLAN Security Setting				
Authentication Mode:	WAPI			
Cipher Mode:	SMS4	*		
Certificate Type:				
Certificate Status:	Ready to Install			
Certificate Mode:	Two-Cert	۲		
Certificate Management:	Install Certificate			
AS IP Address:	0.0.0.0			
AS Port:		-		
ASPOR	3810 (0-65535)			
Unicast Key Update Interval:	86400	-		
	(60-2147483647)	-		
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400			
	(60-2147483647)			
ACL Setting		_		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	•		
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input			
Denied MAC Address:		+	1	

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in Cipher Mode

- 4. Select suitable option in Certificate Mode; the options includes: Two-Cert Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS) and Access Point (AP) Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS), access point (AP), and certificate authority (CA)
- 5. Click **Install Certificate**; a window for installing certificate is shown on Figure 24 and Figure 25.

Figure 24 - Two-Cert Mc AS Certificate:	ode Certif	ication Installation
	Browse	Upload
AP Certificate:	Browse	Upload
Install		
Figure 25 - Three-Cert M AS Certificate:	ode Cert	ification Installation
	Browse.	Upload
AP Certificate:		
	Browse.	Upload
CA Certificate:		
	Browse.	Upload
Install		

- 6. Click Browse to select suitable certifications
- 7. Click Upload to upload the selected certifications to AP
- 8. Click Install to install certifications
- 9. Enter IP address of AS server on AS IP Address
- 10. Enter service port of AS server in AS Port
- 11. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WAPI-PSK Authentication

Figure 26 - 2.4G WLAN # S Status Configuration Administration To System Network Wireless Thir AP	ecurity Setting: WAPI-PSK A	uthentication
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radi	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Regule Station List	Cose Banewidth Carls II	
WLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	WAPI-PSK T	
Cipher Mode:	SMS4	
PassPhrase:		Show
	Length:8-63(ASCII Characters); Length:64(HEX Characters	0
Unicast Key Update Interval:	86400 (60-2147483647)	
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400	
	(60-2147483647)	
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
Denied MAC Address:	Ĺ	
		Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in Cipher Mode
- 4. Enter in an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters or a HEX string with 64 characters long in **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 5. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Click Submit

Step 4: Configure ACL Setting

	Figure 27 – 2.4G W	LAN # ACL Settina	
ACL Setting	<u> </u>	0	
	Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	*
	ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
	Denied MAC Address:		<u>*</u>

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > ACL Setting
- 2. Select appropriate option on **Access Control List**; options include Disable ACL is disabled

Enabled – Default Allow ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Deny. Every wireless client can associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list

- Enabled Default Deny ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Allow. Every wireless client CANNOT associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list
- Select Manual Input on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers input the entry one by one manually Or select File on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers upload a MAC address list (.txt file)
- 4. Enter MAC address entry one by one or upload the corresponding file to AP; it is optional
- 5. Click **Submit**

Note:

 Network Administrator shall select Disable or Enabled – Default Allow if no ACL entry will be input on AP

Step 5: Configure WLAN # QoS

Please refer to Quality of Service (QoS) on page 119

Step 6: Configure WLAN # Bandwidth Control

Figure	28 -	24G	WIAN	#	Bandwidth	Control
19010	20	2.10	,, L , (1,		Danamann	0011101

	Radio0(2.4G) W	LANO Setting
WLAN General	WLAN Security Rogue Station List Qo5 Bandw	vidth Control
	Based On WLAN	Based On Station
	(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)	(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)
Uplink	0	0
Downlink	0	0

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > Bandwidth Control
- Specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on WLAN for the particular WLAN Or specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on Station for each associated station. 0 is default value and denotes as disable
- 3. Click **Submit**

Step 7: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right.

Radio1 – 5G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
	Radio1(5G) Setting		
eneral WLAri Advanced Qea			
Enable Radio:			
Radio Mode:	AP	*	
Country Code:	HONG KONG		
Wireless Mode:	5GHz 450Mbps(802.11na HT40+)	*	
Dynamic Radio Frequency Selection(DFS):	ū		
Radio Frequency:	Auto	•	
Transmit Power:	5		
Maximum Clients:	256	(1-256)	
Disable HT20/HT40 Auto Switch:			
User Isolation in different WLAN (SSID):			
Periodic Auto channel Selection:			
Schedule Mode:	Sun Mon Tues Wed Thur		
	Fri 5at 00:00 •		
Periodic Mode:	0 0-1440Mins, 0 means Periodic mode disabled.	(Mins)	
	unterroyame, o means renourc mode disabled,		

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > General
- 2. Select Enable Radio checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select AP in Radio Mode
- 4. Select the correct country code on **Country Code**; this option ensures that the AP device uses only the radio channels allowed in your country or region
- Select suitable wireless mode on Wireless Mode; the options include: 5G 54Mbps (802.11 a)
 5G 216.7Mbps (802.11 n a HT20)
 5G 216.7Mbps (802.11 n - only HT20)
 5G 450Mbps (802.11 n - only HT40+)
 5G 450Mbps (802.11 n a HT40+)
 5G 450Mbps (802.11 n a HT40-)
 5G 450Mbps (802.11 n - only HT40-)
 5G 289Mbps (802.11 a c HT40-)
 5G 600Mbps (802.11 a c HT40+)
 5G 600Mbps (802.11 a c HT40+)
 5G 1.3Gbps (802.11 a c HT80); Default Setting

6. Select **Dynamic Radio Frequency Selection (DFS)** checkbox to enable automatic channel selection that selects the least congested channel where radar is not detected during booting up.

Note:

- **Radio Frequency** is set as auto automatically if DFS is enabled

7. Select suitable operating channel on **Radio Frequency**;

Note:

- You should select the suitable operating channel based on the on-site channel scan result.
- 8. Select suitable transmission power on Transmission Power;

Note:

- You should follow the regulation from local Communications Authority
- Enter the maximum associated client between 1 and 256 on Maximum Client that the radio interface serves. 256 is the default setting. This entry is optional.
- 10.Select **Disable HT20/HT40 Auto Switch** checkbox that AP device will NOT switch the channel width between 20 MHz and 40 MHz automatically. This entry is optional and only available for the following wireless modes:

5G 450Mbps (802.11 n-only HT40+)

5G 450Mbps (802.11 na HT40+)

5G 450Mbps (802.11 na HT40-)

5G 450Mbps (802.11 n-only HT40-)

- 11.Select **Enable Inter-WLAN User Isolation** checkbox that AP device block the users' communication across different SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 12. Select **Periodic Auto Channel Section** checkbox to enable scheduled channel selection task on the radio interface. This entry is optional and only available if *auto* is selected on **Radio Frequency**. The available schedule modes are:
 - Schedule Mode Select exact time and day(s) for selecting radio frequency for the interface
 - **Periodic Mode** Select a countdown timer (minute) for selecting radio frequency for the interface; 0 denotes disable.

13. Click **Submit**

io0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)				
Radi	o1(5G) WLAN0 Setting			
WLAN General WLAN Secondy Rogue Station List	rges sanowich Control			
Enable WLAN:	2			
Hide SSID:	0			
SSID:	Superwifi Network 0			
User Isolation:	8			
DHCP Trusted Port:	0			
Access Traffic Right:	Full Access	*		
Max Clients:	256	(1-256)		
Station Association Requirement	,			
Reject Station Association if SNR less than	0 dB. (0-100dB, 0:Disable)			
Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than	0 dB for consecutive 10 (0-100dB) (1-2)		packets.	

Step 2: Configure WLAN # General Setting

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 (5G) > WLAN # > More...
- 2. Select Enable WLAN checkbox to enable WLAN
- 3. Select **Hide SSID** checkbox to hide SSID name from its beacon frame. This entry is optional.
- 4. Enter a unique name for the particular WLAN on **SSID**.

Note:

- If you want to configure the same SSID on two different WLAN; their security setting MUST be different from each other.
- 5. Select **User Isolation** checkbox to block user communication within the same SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 6. Deselect the **DHCP Trust Port** checkbox to prevent illegal DHCP servers offering IP address to DHCP clients via this WLAN. This entry is optional.
- Specify the suitable privilege of associated clients on Access Traffic Right; the options include

Full Access	Associated client can access Internet and
	manage AP
AP Management Only	Associated client can manage AP only, but
	not able to access the Internet
AP Management Disable	Associated client can access the Internet, but
	not able to manage AP

8. Specify the maximum associated clients between 1 and 256 on **Max Clients** for this WLAN. 256 is the default setting.

Note:

Max Clients in WLAN 0 – 15 MUST be smaller than or equal to
 (≥) the Max Clients setting on Radio General Setting

- 9. Specify an additional requirement on Signal Strength to Noise Ratio (SNR) for associated clients under Station Association Requirement. This requirement is optional. You may fill up the following fields:
 Reject Station Association if SNR less than X dB
 Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than Y dB for consecutive Z packets
 Example for Station Association Association Requirement on Signal Strength to Noise Ratio Noise Ration Association Association Association Association I and the difference of X Y.
 - Example for Station Association Requirement with the following settings: Reject Station Association if SNR less than 30 dB (X = 30); Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than 20 dB for consecutive 10 packets (Y = 20; Z = 10) Consequence: AP accepts the clients to associate if the SNR of packets from the clients is high than (>) 30dB; AP kicks out the associated client if the SNR of 10 consecutive packets is below (<) 10 dB (30 dB - 20 dB)

10. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Configure WLAN # Security Setting

Configure WLAN as Open Network

This setting is typically only used in a guest network. No security measure is enforced.

lio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	io1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue-Station List	- QoS Bandwidth Control	
WLAN Security Setting	0 0	
Authentication Mode:	Open	Ŧ
Cipher Mode:	Disabled	•
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
Denied MAC Address:		

Figure 31 – 5G WLAN # Security Setting: Open Network

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled on Cipher Mode
- 4. Click Submit

Configure WLAN as Open network with WEP encryption

This setting provides minimal security as it allows all requesting devices to join a given network.

Figure 32 – 5G WLAN # Securit	y Setting: Open Network with WEP
-------------------------------	----------------------------------

lio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>		
	io1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Roque Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control	
VLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Open	T
Cipher Mode:	WEP	
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text Hexadecimal	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		i Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	T
ACL Input Method:		
Denied MAC Address:	w manual triput w rite	
Denied MAC Address:		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal key is encoded as ASCII characters (0–9, a–z, A–Z) key is encoded as Hexadecimal characters (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN as Open network with Shared Key Authentication Shared Key authentication is one of the authentication methods with WEP encryption. It verifies that station has knowledge of a shared secret.

Figure 33 – 5G WLAN # Se Status Configuration Administration Too System Network Wireless Thim AP	ecurity Setting: Shared Key A Als About	Nuthentication
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G) Rad WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List WLAN Security Setting	io1(5G) WLANO Setting Qos Bandwidth Control	Submit
Authentication Mode:	Shared	•
Cipher Mode:	WEP	•
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	C Ascii Text	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		A
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	T
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Denied MAC Address:		
		Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Shared on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 ASCII characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure WLAN with WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 provides enhanced security over WEP, and allows client authentication based on an external authentication server such as a RADIUS server, for corporate networks. WPA-auto is a mixed security mode which supports multiple implementations of the WPA standard, such as WPA and WPA2.

Status Configuration Administra	tion To	ols Abo	ut			
tem Network Wireless Thin AP						
dio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>						
	Radi	00(2.4G) W	LANO Settin	g		
WLAN General WLAN Security Rog	ue Station List	QoS Bandw	idth Control			
WLAN Security Setting						
Authen	tication Mode:	WPA2		\checkmark		
	Cipher Mode:	AES		\checkmark		
Group Key U	pdate Interval:	86400		(s)		
RADIUS Server Setting						
	NAS Identifier:			(0-32)		
RADIUS Server IP	Address Type:	● IPv4 O IF	V6			
RADIUS	Retry Timeout:	300				
		(0-65535 s)				
	IP Addre	200	Port		Secret(1-128)	
RADIUS Server 0 .	0.0	.0	1812			Show
Secondary RADIUS Server 0 .	0.0	. 0	1812			Show
-						
RADIUS Accounting Server Setting						
RADIUS Accounting Server IP	Address Type:	● IPv4 O IF	νб			
Accounting in	iterim Interval:	300				
		(60-86400s, 0:	Disabe)			
		IP Address	P	Port	Secret(1-128)	
RADIUS Accounting Server	0.0	. 0 . 0	1813			Show
Secondary RADIUS Accounting Server	r 0 . 0	.0.0	1813			Show
ACL Setting						
Acces	s Control List:	Enabled - Defau	It Allow	\checkmark		
ACL	Input Method:	Manual Input	O File			
Denied	MAC Address:			<u>*</u>		
					Back to WLAN List S	Submit

Figure 34 - 5G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps
- 5. Enter suitable identification on **NAS identifier**. Remote RADIUS server uses this ID to identify its clients. This entry is available for WPA and WPA2 only.
- 6. Enter transmission timeout interval between 0 and 86400s on **RADIUS Retry Timeout**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS server for authentication in IP Address of RADIUS Server
- 8. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Server**. 1812 is default setting.
- 9. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server.
- 10. Repeat step 6-8 if the backup RADIUS server is available. It is optional.
- 11. Enter interval between each interim update in seconds on **Accounting interim Interval**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS Accounting Server on **IP Address of RADIUS Accounting Server**. This entry is optional.
- 13. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Accounting Server**. 1813 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 14. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Accounting Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server. This entry is optional.
- 15. Repeat step 11-13 if the backup RADIUS Accounting server is available. It is optional.
- 16. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Use of WPA or WPA2 provides enhanced security over WEP, and allows client authentication based on either a pre-shared key (PSK), for home or small office networks. WPA-auto-PSK is a mixed security mode which supports multiple implementations of the WPA standard, such as WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

Figure 35 - 5G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Status Configuration Administration To	ols About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radi	o0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK
Cipher Mode:	AES
Group Key Update Interval:	86400 (s)
Pass Phrase:	
ACL Setting	(8-64)
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	<u>`</u>
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA2:
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps

- 4. Enter interval time in second in **Group Key Update Interval**. 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 6. Click **Submit**

Status

Configure WLAN with WAPI Authentication

WLAN Authentication and Privacy Infrastructure (WAPI) is a Chinese National Standard for Wireless LANs (GB 15629.11-2003).

Figure	36 - 5G W	LAN # Sec	curity Setti	ng: WAPI Authentication	
Configuration	Administration	Taola	About		

and the second	
tem Network Wireless Thin AP	
dio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>	
Radi	io0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	WAPI
Cipher Mode:	SMS4
Certificate Type:	X.509
Certificate Status:	Ready to Install
Certificate Mode:	Two-Cert
Certificate Management:	Install Certificate
AS IP Address:	
AS Port:	3810 Q
Unicast Key Update Interval:	
Unicast Key Optiate interval.	(60-2147483647)
Multicast Key Update Interval:	
ACL Setting	(60-2147483647)
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	<u> </u>
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in Cipher Mode
- 4. Select suitable option in **Certificate Mode**; the options includes:
- Two-Cert Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS) and Access Point (AP)
- Three-Cert Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS), access point (AP), and certificate authority (CA)
- 5. Click Install Certificate; a window for installing certificate is shown on

6. Figure 37 and Figure 38.

AS Certificate:	de Certifi	cation Installation
	Browse	Upload
AP Certificate:		
	Browse	Upload
Install		
Figure 38 - Three-Cert Mo	de Certif	ication Installation
ACC C		
AS Certificate:		
AS Certificate:	Browse	. Upload
AP Certificate:	Browse	. Upload
	Browse	. Upload
AP Certificate:		

- 7. Click Browse to select suitable certifications
- 8. Click Upload to upload the selected certifications to AP
- 9. Click Install to install certifications
- 10. Enter IP address of AS server on AS IP Address
- 11. Enter service port of AS server in AS Port
- 12. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 14. Click Submit

Configure WLAN with WAPI-PSK Authentication

4/FC) 101 AND Calling	
Con Construction	
WAPI-PSK	×
SMS4	
	Show
	(EX Characters)
86400 (60-2147483647)	
86400	
(60-2147483647)	
Enabled - Default Allow	¥
🖲 Manual Input 🖉 File	
	Back to WLAN List Submit
	SMS4 Ength:8-63(ASCII Characters); Langth:64(86400 (60-2147483647) 86400 (60-2147483647) Enabled - Default Allow

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Enter in an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters or a HEX string with 64 characters long in **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 5. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Click Submit

Step 4: Configure ACL Setting

Figure 40 - 5G WLAN #ACL Setting

Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	•
Access control List.	Enabled - Derault Allow	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Donied MAC Address	-	
Denied MAC Address:		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > ACL Setting
- 2. Select appropriate option on Access Control List; options include Disable ACL is disabled
 - Enabled Default Allow ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Deny. Every wireless client can associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list
 - Enabled Default Deny ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Allow. Every wireless client CANNOT associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list
- Select Manual Input on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers input the entry one by one manually Or select File on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers upload a MAC address list (.txt file)
- 4. Enter MAC address entry one by one or upload the corresponding file to AP; it is optional
- 5. Click **Submit**

Note:

 Network Administrator shall select Disable or Enabled – Default Allow if no ACL entry will be input on AP

Step 5: Configure WLAN # QoS

Please refer to Quality of Service (QoS) on page 119

Step 6: Configure WLAN # Bandwidth Control

Radio1(5G) WLANO Setting UNIN Converal WLANI Security Rengue Station Case Gas Bandwidth Control Based On WLAN Based On Station (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable) (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)			
Based On WLAN Based On Station (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable) (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)		WLAN Security Regue Station List QpS Bar	10 miles - 10 miles
(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable) (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)			VUNN General
(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable) (0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)			
	(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)	(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)	
pink U		0	Uplink
ownlink 0 0		0	Downlink

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > Bandwidth Control
- Specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on WLAN for the particular WLAN Or specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on Station for each associated station. 0 is default value and denotes as disable
- 3. Click **Submit**

Step 7: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

4.2. Station / CPE Mode

Station / CPE acts as a terminal and associated equipment located at a subscriber's premises and connected with a carrier's telecommunication channel at the demarcation point.

Radio0 – 2.4G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

Figure 42	2 – 2.4G General Setting
Status Configuration Administration Too	ls About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
R	adio0(2.4G) Setting
General Station Advanced WEP	
Enable Radio:	\checkmark
Radio Mode:	Station
Country Code:	HONG KONG
Transmit Power:	The effective Tx Power may be different, depends on the selected Channel.
	Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > General
- 2. Select Enable Radio checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select Station in Radio Mode
- 4. Select maximum transmission power on Transmission Power
- 5. Click **Submit**

Step 2: Configure WLAN 0 General Setting

dio0(2.4G) Radio1(3		WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General W2115	12 (01)	Roaming Setting	
WLAN Mode:	Station	Enable Roaming:	
Lock AP Mac: Remote SSID:	Network 0 [Scan]	Scan SNR threshold:	35 (0-100dB)
Preferred AP0 Mac:		Roaming SNR threshold:	30 (D-100dE)
Preferred AP1 Mac: Preferred AP2 Mac:		Max Scan Interval:	BR (1-3000s)
		Min Scan Interval:	10 @ (1-80s)
		Scan SNR Fluctuation	5
		Threshold:	Q (0-1088)
		Roaming Hysteresis:	2
		Background Scan Channel:	2412MHz(Channel 1) 2412MHz(Channel 2) 2422MHz(Channel 2) 2422MHz(Channel 3) 2422MHz(Channel 4) 2432MHz(Channel 5)

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN0 > More...
- 2. Select Lock AP Mac checkbox to force station that associate the AP with MAC address in **Remote AP MAC** only. This entry is optional.
- 3. Enter the desired SSID on **Remote SSID** that station is going to associate or click [Scan] to look for the surrounding SSID.

		Radio0(2	.4G):WLAN	IO AP Scan I	Result		
So to pre	io to previous page, please click <u>Back</u>						Refresh
	SSID	MAC Address	Encryption	Signal Level(dBm)	SNR(dB)	Frequency(GHz)	Channel
	HKSPpublicWPA	00:0b:85:80:a5:5b	aes	-66	31	2.412	1
	HKSPpublic	00:0b:85:80:a5:5a	invalid	-66	31	2.412	1
	Wi-Fi.HK via HKSTP	00:0b:85:80:a5:57	invalid	-66	31	2.412	1
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:28:00:ee	invalid	-78	19	2.472	13
	jason-test-2	02:19:be:80:d7:a8	invalid	-77	20	2.472	13
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:30:96:8b	invalid	-77	20	2.472	13
	asBoBo	22:19:be:30:4c:1e	aes	-73	24	2.412	1

Figure 44 – 2.4G WLAN 0 AP scan result

- 4. Select any one SSID checkbox shown on AP Scan Result, and then click **Select**.
- Enter up to three preferred AP MAC addresses on Preferred AP0 / AP1 / AP2 Mac that station associates them preferentially. Preferred AP0 is the highest priority. These entries are optional.

- 6. Select **Enable Roaming** checkbox to enable roaming on station. This entry is optional.
- 7. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Scan SNR Threshold** that station performs channel scanning if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 35 is default setting.
- 8. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Roaming SNR Threshold** that station triggers roaming from the serving AP to other AP if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 30 is default setting.

Note:

- Scan SNR Threshold MUST be higher than (>) Roaming SNR Threshold
- 9. Specify the duration from 1s to 3600s on **Max Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 60s is default setting. AP device conducts at least one scanning within this interval.
- 10. Specify the duration from 1s to 60s on **Min Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 10s is default setting. No more than one scanning will be conducted within this interval. This parameter is to prevent too often channel scanning from affecting the data transmission.

Note:

- Max Scan Interval MUST be higher than (>)Min Scan Interval

- 11. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 10dB on **Scan SNR Fluctuation Threshold**. AP device perform channel scan when the fluctuation of received signal level from a serving AP is larger than (>) this value. 5dB is default setting.
- 12. Select **Roaming Hysteresis** checkbox to prevent AP jumping between two APs due to the received signal level fluctuation. It is known as Ping-Pong effect. This entry is optional.
- 13. Select desired channel(s) on **Background Scan Channel**. AP scan the selected channel if the channel scan for roaming is triggered. If no any channels are checked in a list, all channels are scanned. This entry is optional.
- 14. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Configure WLAN 0 Security Setting

Figur	re 45 – WLANO Security Setting
Status Configuration Administration Too	
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radio	io0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS	
Authentication Mode:	Open 🗸
Cipher Mode:	Disabled V
	Back to Station List Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN

Figure 46 – WLAN 0 Secu		ing Open Network
Status Configuration Administration Tor System Network Wireless Thin AP	ols About	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radi	o0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	Open 🗸	
Cipher Mode:	Disabled 🗸	
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled in Cipher Mode
- 4. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate Open WLAN with WEP encryption

Figure 47 – 2.4G WLAN 0 Security	/ Setting: Open Network with WEP
----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Status Configuration	Administration To:	ols About		
System Network Wireless	Thin AP			
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(50	5)			
	Radio	00(2.4G):WLAN0	Setting	
WEAN General WLAN Sec	curity OoE			
	Authentication Mode:	Open		*
	Cipher Mode:	WEP		*
	Default WEP Key:	1		(1-4)
	Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text I Hexa	decimal	
	WEP Key 1:			Show
	WEP Key 2:			Show
	WEP Key 3:			Show
	WEP Key 4:			Show
				Back to Station List Submit
				Counter order of List

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure to associate WLAN with Shared Key authentication

Figure 48 – WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with Shared Key authentication

	ools About	
System Network Wireless Thin AP		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radi	io0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAW General WLAN Security DoS		
Authentication Mode	Shared	Ŧ
Cipher Mode	WEP	*
Default WEP Key	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method	Ascii Text 🖲 Hexadecimal	
WEP Key 1		Show
WEP Key 2		Show
WEP Key 3		Show
WEP Key 4		Show
		I a management of the second
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Figure 49 - WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Status Configuration Administration System Network Wireless Thin AP	Tools	About		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		and the second		
	Radio0(2.	4G):WLANO Set	ting	
WLAN Security 005				
Authenticatio	n Mode: WPA:	2	T	
Ciphe	r Mode: AES		¥	
EAP	Method: PEAF	-MSCHAPV2	×	
Use	ername:			
		0+128(Ascii Characters)		
Pa	ssword: Length:	0-128(Asdi Characters)	Show	
			Back to Station	List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

- Select suitable EAP method mode in EAP Method; the options include: PEAP-MSCHAPV2 ΠLS-MSCHAPV2 ΠPS-PAP ΠLS-CHAP
- 5. Enter correct username in **Username** for authentication.
- 6. Enter correct password in **Password** for authentication.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate network with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

Figure 50 - WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

io0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G) Radio	00(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK	•
Cipher Mode:	AES	T
Pass Phrase:	Length:8-63(ASCII Characters); Length:64(HEX	Gharacters)
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

- 4. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that matches with remote AP
- 5. Click Submit

Step 4: Configure WLAN 0 QoS

o0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radio0(3	2.4G):WLAN0 Setting
WAN General WIAN Security QoS	
Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping: 🕑	
	DSCP
a setter a seen	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)
BestEffort (BE)	24
Background(BK)	16
Video(VI)	40
VIGEO(VI)	

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN0 > QoS
- Select Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping checkbox that AP provides different QoS to the incoming packet with the corresponding DSCP value
- 3. Enter DSCP value on **Best Effort (BE)**, **Background (BK)**, **Video (VI)**, and **Voice (VO)**; these entry is optional
- 4. Click Submit

Note:

AP classify the packet without DSCP marking as Best Effort (BE) traffic

Step 5: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right.

Radio1 – 5G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

Figure	52 - 5G General Setting
Status Configuration Administration Too	ols About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
	Radio1(5G) Setting
General WLAN Advanced QoS	
Enable Radio:	2
Radio Mode:	Station
Country Code:	HONG KONG
Dynamic Radio Frequency Selection(DFS):	8
Transmit Power:	5
	Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > General
- 2. Select **Enable Radio** checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select Station in Radio Mode
- 4. Select **Dynamic Radio Frequency Selection (DFS)** checkbox to enable automatic channel selection that selects the least congested channel where radar is not detected during booting up.
- 5. Select maximum transmission power on Transmission Power
- 6. Click **Submit**

Step 2: Configure WLAN 0 General Setting

	Radio1(5G):V	VLANO Setting	
WLAN General	Security DoS		Subr
Seneral Setting		Roaming Setting	
WLAN Mode:	Station	Enable Roaming:	0
Lock AP Mac: Remote SSID:		Scan SNR threshold:	35 (0-100dB)
Preferred AP0 Mac:	Network 0 [Scan]	Roaming SNR threshold:	30 (0-100dB)
Preferred AP1 Mac: Preferred AP2 Mac:		Max Scan Interval:	60. (1-3600s)
fulti-Address MAC Clo	ne Setting	Min Scan Interval:	10 (1-60s)
MAC Clone Type:	Disable	Scan SNR Fluctuation Threshold:	5 (0-10dB)
		Wireless Mode Weighting:	D
		Bgscan Channel:	S180MHz(Channel 36) S200MHz(Channel 40) S220MHz(Channel 44) S240MHz(Channel 48) S260MHz(Channel 52) Scan all channels if no channel is checked.

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > More...
- 2. Select Lock AP Mac checkbox to force station that associate the AP with MAC address in **Remote AP MAC** only. This entry is optional.
- 3. Enter the desired SSID on **Remote SSID** that station is going to associate or click **[Scan]** to look for the surrounding SSID.
- 4. Select any one SSID checkbox shown on AP Scan Result, and then click Select.

Status em Ne	Configuration Ac	ministration Tool: AP	s Abo				
io0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)						
		Radio1(5	G):WLANO	AP Scan Re	esult		
io to prev	vious page, please click Ba	<u>ick</u>					Refresh
	SSID	MAC Address	Encryption	Signal Level(dBm)	SNR(dB)	Frequency(GHz)	Channel
	aswifi_5G	02:19:be:74:4c:1e	aes	-88	13	5.18	36
	3HKWI-FIService	a8:54:b2:69:37:28	invalid	-89	12	5.18	36
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:82:08:31	invalid	-79	22	5.18	36
	altai_guest	12:19:be:a3:06:2b	wep	-60	41	5.745	149
	a2n_5_chilli	00:19:be:74:92:22	invalid	-58	45	5.785	157
Select							

- Enter up to three preferred AP MAC addresses on Preferred AP0 / AP1 / AP2 Mac that station associates them preferentially. Preferred AP0 is the highest priority. These entries are optional.
- 6. Select **Enable Roaming** checkbox to enable roaming on station. This entry is optional.

- 7. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Scan SNR Threshold** that station performs channel scanning if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 35 is default setting.
- 8. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Roaming SNR Threshold** that station triggers roaming from the serving AP to other AP if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 30 is default setting.

Note:

- Scan SNR Threshold MUST be higher than (>) Roaming SNR Threshold
- 9. Specify the duration from 1s to 3600s on **Max Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 60s is default setting. AP device conducts at least one scanning within this interval.
- 10. Specify the duration from 1s to 60s on **Min Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 10s is default setting. No more than one scanning will be conducted within this interval. This parameter is to prevent too often channel scanning from affecting the data transmission.

Note:

Max Scan Interval MUST be higher than (>)Min Scan Interval

- 11. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 10dB on **Scan SNR Fluctuation Threshold**. AP device perform channel scan when the fluctuation of received signal level from a serving AP is larger than (>) this value. 5dB is default setting.
- 12. Select **Roaming Hysteresis** checkbox to prevent AP jumping between two APs due to the received signal level fluctuation. It is known as Ping-Pong effect. This entry is optional.
- 13. Select desired channel(s) on **Background Scan Channel**. AP scan the selected channel if the channel scan for roaming is triggered. If no any channels are checked in a list, all channels are scanned. This entry is optional.

14. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Configure WLAN 0 Security Setting

Figure 55	5 - WLANO Security Setting		
Status Configuration Administration Too	ls About		
System Network Wireless Thin AP			
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
Rad	o1(5G):WLAN0 Setting		
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS			
Authentication Mode:	Open 🔻		
Cipher Mode:	Disabled •		
		Back to Station List	Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN

Figure 56 - WLAN 0 Seci	urity Setting – Associating Ope	en Network
Status Configuration Administration To	The second s	
System Network Wireless Thin AP		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	io1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	Open	
Cipher Mode:	Disabled 🔻	
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled in Cipher Mode
- 4. Click Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN with WEP encryption

Figure 57 – WLANO Security Setting Status Configuration Administration Too System Network Wireless Thin AP	NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.	with wer encryption
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	io1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	Open 🔻	
Cipher Mode:	WEP	
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	C Ascii Text	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:	1	Bhow
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		🔲 Show
		Back to Station List Submit
		Dack to Station List. Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0-9, A-F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure to associate WLAN with Shared Key authentication

Figure 58 - WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with Shared Key authentication

System Network Wireless Thin AP		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	lio1(5G):WLAN0 Set	tting
WLAN General WLAN Security QeS		
Authentication Mode	Shared	T
Cipher Mode	WEP	×
Default WEP Key	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method	Ascii Text 🖲 Hexadecir	mal
WEP Key 1		Show
WEP Key 2		Show
WEP Key 3		Show
WEP Key 4		Show
		Back to Station List Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Shared in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP in Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 in **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Click Submit

Configure to associate WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Figure 59 - WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA / WPA2

dioo(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	o1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QuS	or(JO). WLAND Setting	
Authentication Mode:	WPA2	v
Cipher Mode:	AES	Y
EAP Method:	PEAP-MSCHAPV2	T
Username:	Length:0-128(Ascii Characters)	
Password:		Show
	Length:0-128(Ascii Characters)	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 in Authentication Mode

- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings:
- 4. If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA2:
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

- Select suitable EAP method mode in EAP Method; the options include: PEAP-MSCHAPV2 TTLS-MSCHAPV2 TTPS-PAP TTLS-CHAP
- 6. Enter correct username in **Username** for authentication.
- 7. Enter correct password in **Password** for authentication.
- 8. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

	Rad	io1(5G):WLANO Se	tting		
LAN General WLAN S	Security Qos				
	Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK	•		
	Cipher Mode:	AES	•		
	Pass Phrase:			Show	
		Length:8-63(ASCII Characters);	. Length:64(HEX Characters)		
				Back to Station List	Submit

Figure 60 - WLAN 0 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK in Authentication Mode

- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA2:
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
 - If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
- 4. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that matches with remote AP
- 5. Click **Submit**

Step 4: Configure WLAN 0 QoS

Figure 61	– 5G WLAN 0 QoS
Status Configuration Administration Tools	About
tem Network Wireless Thin AP	
dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radio1(5G):WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS	
Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping: 🕑	
	DSCP
5.62.525	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)
BestEffort (BE)	24
Background(BK)	16
Video(VI)	40
Voice(VO)	56
	Back to Station List Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > QoS
- 2. Select **Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping** checkbox that AP provides different QoS to the incoming packet with the corresponding DSCP value
- 3. Enter DSCP value on **Best Effort (BE)**, **Background (BK)**, **Video (VI)**, and **Voice (VO)**; these entry is optional
- 4. Click **Submit**

Note:

AP classify the packet without DSCP marking as Best Effort (BE) traffic

Step 5: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

4.3. Repeater Mode

Radio0 - 2.4G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

System Network Wireless Thin AP Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
R	adio0(2.4G) Setting		
General WLAN Advanced QoS			
Enable Radio:			
Radio Mode:	Repeater	¥	
Country Code:	HONG KONG	*	
Transmit Power:	1	¥	
Maximum Clients:	256	(1-256)	
User Isolation in different WLAN (SSID):			

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > General
- 2. Select Enable Radio checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select Repeater in Radio Mode
- 4. Select the correct country code on **Country Code**; this option ensures that the AP device uses only the radio channels allowed in your country or region
- 5. Select suitable transmission power on Transmission Power;

Note:

- You should follow the regulation from local Communications Authority
- 6. Enter the maximum associated client between 1 and 256 on **Maximum Client** that the radio interface serves. 256 is the default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Select **Enable Inter-WLAN User Isolation** checkbox that AP device block the users' communication across different SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 8. Click **Submit**

Step 2: Configure	WLAN 1	5 General	Setting	(Station	/ CPE)
-------------------	--------	-----------	---------	----------	--------

lio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(</u>		WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN 5	Security QoS		Subn
General Setting		Roaming Setting	
WLAN Mode:	Repeater	Enable Roaming:	0
Lock AP Mac:		Scan SNR threshold:	35 (0-100dB)
Remote SSID: Preferred AP0 Mac:	Network 0 [Scan]	Roaming SNR threshold:	30 (0-100dB)
Preferred AP1 Mac: Preferred AP2 Mac:		Max Scan Interval:	60 (1-3600s)
Multi-Address MAC Clo	ne Setting	Min Scan Interval:	10 (1-60s)
MAC Clone Type:	Disable	Scan SNR Fluctuation	5
		Threshold:	(0-10dB)
		Wireless Mode Weighting:	
		Bgscan Channel:	2412MHz(Channel 1) 2417MHz(Channel 2) 2422MHz(Channel 3) 2427MHz(Channel 4) 2432MHz(Channel 5) Scan all channels if no channel is checked.

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 (2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN 15 > More...
- 2. Select Lock AP Mac checkbox to force station that associate the AP with MAC address in **Remote AP MAC** only. This entry is optional.
- 3. Enter the desired SSID on **Remote SSID** that station is going to associate or click [Scan] to look for the surrounding SSID.

io0(2.4	HG) - <u>Radio1(5G</u>)	Dadia0/2	401-14/1 44	AD Coon I	Decult		
o to pre	vious page, please <mark>cl</mark> ick <u>B</u>		.4G):WLAN	IO AP Scan I	Result		Refresh
	SSID	MAC Address	Encryption	Signal Level(dBm)	SNR(dB)	Frequency(GHz)	Channel
	HKSPpublicWPA	00:0b:85:80:a5:5b	aes	-66	31	2.412	1
	HKSPpublic	00:0b:85:80:a5:5a	invalid	-66	31	2.412	1
	Wi-Fi.HK via HKSTP	00:0b:85:80:a5:57	invalid	-66	31	2.412	1
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:28:00:ee	invalid	-78	19	2.472	13
	jason-test-2	02:19:be:80:d7:a8	invalid	-77	20	2.472	13
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:30:96:8b	invalid	-77	20	2.472	13
	asBoBo	22:19:be:30:4c:1e	aes	-73	24	2.412	1

Figure	64 - 2.4G	WLAN 0 AP	scan result

- 4. Select any one SSID checkbox shown on AP Scan Result, and then click Select.
- Enter up to three preferred AP MAC addresses on Preferred AP0 / AP1 / AP2 Mac that station associates them preferentially. Preferred AP0 is the highest priority. These entries are optional.
- 6. Select **Enable Roaming** checkbox to enable roaming on station. This entry is optional.
- 7. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Scan SNR Threshold** that station performs channel scanning if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 35 is default setting.
- 8. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Roaming SNR Threshold** that station triggers roaming from the serving AP to other AP if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 30 is default setting.

Note:

Scan SNR Threshold MUST be higher than (>) Roaming SNR Threshold

- 9. Specify the duration from 1s to 3600s on **Max Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 60s is default setting. AP device conducts at least one scanning within this interval.
- 10. Specify the duration from 1s to 60s on **Min Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 10s is default setting. No more than one scanning will be conducted within this interval. This parameter is to prevent too often channel scanning from affecting the data transmission.

Note:

- Max Scan Interval MUST be higher than (>)Min Scan Interval

- 11. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 10dB on Scan SNR Fluctuation Threshold. AP device perform channel scan when the fluctuation of received signal level from a serving AP is larger than (>) this value. 5dB is default setting.
- 12. Select **Roaming Hysteresis** checkbox to prevent AP jumping between two APs due to the received signal level fluctuation. It is known as Ping-Pong effect. This entry is optional.
- 13. Select desired channel(s) on **Background Scan Channel**. AP scan the selected channel if the channel scan for roaming is triggered. If no any channels are checked in a list, all channels are scanned. This entry is optional.
- 14. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Configure WLAN	N15 Security Setting	
Fig Status Configuration Administration System Network Wireless Thin AP	gure 65 – WLAN15 Security Tools About	Setting
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
	Radio0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication	Mode: Open	
Cipher	Mode: Disabled 🗸	
		Back to Station List Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN

Status Configuration Administration Tools About
System Network Wireless Thin AP
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)
Radio0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS
Authentication Mode: Open
Cipher Mode: Disabled
Back to Station List Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled in Cipher Mode
- 4. Click Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN with WEP encryption

Figure 67 - 2.4G WLAN15 Status Configuration Administration To System Network Wireless Thin AP	Security Setting: Open Netw As About	ork with WEP
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radio	00(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security OnE		
Authentication Mode:	Open	
Cipher Mode:	WEP	
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
		Back to Station List Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure to associate WLAN with Shared Key authentication

Figure 68 – WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with Shared Key authentication

Status	Configuration	Administration	Tools	About				
System Netwo	ork Wireless	Thin AP						
Radio0(2.4G)	- Radio1(50	3)						
		Rac	lio0(2.4	G):WLAN	0 Setting			
WLAN Gen	WLAN See	curity Das						
		Authentication Mode	e: Shared			•		
		Cipher Mode	WEP			*		
		Default WEP Ke	<i>r</i> : 1				(1-4)	
		Key Entry Metho	d: 🔍 Ascii	Text 🖲 He	adecimal			
		WEP Key	1:				Show	
		WEP Key	2:				Show	
		WEP Key	3:				Show	
		WEP Key	4:				Show	
							Back to Station List	Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Shared on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text key is encoded as ASCII characters (0–9, a–z, A–Z) Hexadecimal key is encoded as Hexadecimal characters (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure to associate WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Figure 69 – WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Status Configuration Administration Too System Network Wireless Thin AP	About About	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radio	0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN Security 005		
Authentication Mode:	WPA2	*
Cipher Mode:	AES	*
EAP Method:	PEAP-MSCHAPV2	×
Username:	the second state of the	
	Length:0-128(Ascli Characters)	
Password:	Length:0-128(Ascii Characters)	Show
		Back to Station List. Submit.

1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN15 > WLAN Security

2. Select WPA / WPA2 in Authentication Mode

- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

- Select suitable EAP method mode in EAP Method; the options include: PEAP-MSCHAPV2 ΠLS-MSCHAPV2 ΠPS-PAP ΠLS-CHAP
- 5. Enter correct username in **Username** for authentication.
- 6. Enter correct password in **Password** for authentication.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate network with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

Figure 70 – WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

Status System Netwo			Tools	About			
Radio0(2.4G)	- Radio1(5						
			Radio0(2.4	4G):WLAN	10 Setting		
WLAN Gene	WLAN Se	curity Qos					
		Authentication	Mode: WPA	2-PSK		T	
		Cipher	Mode: AES			*	
		Pass P				Show	
			Length:	:8-63(ASCII Chan	acters); Length:64(H	(EX Characters)	
						Back to Station List	Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station Configuration > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

- 4. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that matches with remote AP
- 5. Click Submit

Step 4: Configure WLAN15 QoS

lio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
	0(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting
WEAN General WEAN Security QoS	
Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping:	8
	0000
	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)
BestEffort (BE)	
BestEffort (BE) Background(BK)	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)
	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Station > WLAN15 > QoS
- 2. Select **Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping** checkbox that AP provides different QoS to the incoming packet with the corresponding DSCP value
- 3. Enter DSCP value on **Best Effort (BE)**, **Background (BK)**, **Video (VI)**, and **Voice (VO)**; these entry is optional
- 4. Click **Submit**

Note:

AP classify the packet without DSCP marking as Best Effort (BE) traffic

Step 5: Configure WLAN # General Setting

stem Network Wireless Thin AP			
dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G) Radio	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting		
WLAN General WLAN Bernardy Regue Statem List	Cas Banawath Cannol		
	11 11 F		
Enable WLAN:			
Hide SSID:			
SSID;	Superwifi Network 0		
User Isolation:	۲		
DHCP Trusted Port:	0		
Access Traffic Right:	Full Access	-	
Max Clients:	256	(1-256)	
Station Association Requirement			
Reject Station Association if SNR less than	0 dB, (0-100dB, 0:Disable)		
Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than	0 dB for consecutive	10 (1-256)	packets.

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 (2.4G) > WLAN Configuration > WLAN # > More...
- 2. Select Enable WLAN checkbox to enable WLAN
- 3. Select **Hide SSID** checkbox to hide SSID name from its beacon frame. This entry is optional.
- 4. Enter a unique name for the particular WLAN on **SSID**.

Note:

- If you want to configure the same SSID on two different WLAN; their security setting MUST be different from each other.
- 5. Select **User Isolation** checkbox to block user communication within the same SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 6. Deselect the **DHCP Trust Port** checkbox to prevent illegal DHCP servers offering IP address to DHCP clients via this WLAN. This entry is optional.
- 7. Specify the suitable privilege of associated clients on Access Traffic Right; the options include Full Access - Associated client can access Internet and manage AP AP Management Only - Associated client can manage AP only, but not able to access the Internet AP Management Disable - Associated client can access the Internet, but not able to manage AP

8. Specify the maximum associated clients between 1 and 256 on **Max Clients** for this WLAN. 256 is the default setting.

Note:

- Max Clients in WLAN 0 15 MUST be smaller than or equal to
 (≥) the Max Clients setting on Radio General Setting
- Specify an additional requirement on Signal Strength to Noise Ratio (SNR) for associated clients under Station Association Requirement. This requirement is optional. You may fill up the following fields:

Reject Station Association if SNR less than X dB	X denote the minimum SNR level which allow clients to associate; You can select any integer between 0dB and 100dB; 0 denotes as disable; 0 is default setting
Disassociate Station if SNR	Y denotes the SNR tolerance; Z denotes the
drops more than Y dB for	number of consecutive packets their SNR
consecutive Z packets	are below the difference of X - Y.

Notes:

 Example for Station Association Requirement with the following settings: Reject Station Association if SNR less than 30 dB (X = 30); Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than 20 dB for consecutive 10 packets (Y = 20; Z = 10) Consequence: AP accepts the clients to associate if the SNR of packets from the clients is high than (>) 30dB; AP kicks out the associated client if the SNR of 10 consecutive packets is below (<) 10 dB (30 dB - 20 dB)

10. Click Submit

Step 6: Configure WLAN # Security Setting

Configure WLAN as Open Network

Figure 73	- WLAN # General Setting
	vols About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radi	io0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	2 QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	Open 🗸
Cipher Mode:	Disabled 🗸
ACL Setting	
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	<u>+</u>
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Click Submit

Configure WLAN as Open network with WEP encryption

Status Configuration Administration To	ols About	
tem Network Wireless Thin AP		
lio0(2.4G) Radio1(5G)		
	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WEATI General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	ga5 tienow 3tr control	
VLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Open	•
Cipher Mode:	WEP	*
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text 🖲 Hexadecimal	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
CL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	T
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
Denied MAC Address:		
		Back to WLAN List Submit

Figure 74 – WLAN # Security Setting: Open Network with WEP

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–E)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN as Open network with Shared Key Authentication

Figure 75 – WLAN # Sec Status Configuration Administration Too System Network Wireless Thin AP	curity Setting: Shared Key Auth About	entication	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G) Radio WLAN General WLAN Security Requel Station List WLAN Security Setting	DO(2.4G) WLANO Setting		Submit
Authentication Mode: Cipher Mode: Default WEP Key: Key Entry Method: WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: ACL Setting	Shared WEP Ascii Text Hexadecimal]] (1-4)] Show] Show] Show] Show	
Access Control List: ACL input Method: Denied MAC Address:	Enabled - Default Allow •	Back to WLAN List	Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–Z) key is encoded as Hexadecimal characters (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication

	ennig. (** 7.7) (*	17(2) (11) (G	of of the mean of the
Status Configuration Administration To	ols About		
System Network Wireless Thin AP			
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
Radi	00(2.4G) WLAN0	Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Cont	rol	
WLAN Security Setting			
Authentication Mode:	WPA2	\checkmark	
Cipher Mode:	AES	\checkmark	
Group Key Update Interval:			
RADIUS Server Setting	00400	(s)	
NAS Identifier:		(0-32)	
RADIUS Server IP Address Type:	● IPv4 ○ IPv6		
RADIUS Retry Timeout:			
	(0-65535 s)		
IP Addre	255	Port	Secret(1-128)
RADIUS Server 0 . 0 . 0	.0 1812		Show
Secondary RADIUS Server 0 . 0 . 0	.0 1812		Show
RADIUS Accounting Server Setting			
RADIUS Accounting Server IP Address Type:	● IPv4 ○ IPv6		
Accounting interim Interval:	300		
	(60-86400s, 0:Disabe)		
	IP Address	Port	Secret(1-128)
RADIUS Accounting Server 0 .0	.0.0	1813	Show
Secondary RADIUS Accounting Server 0 .0	.0.0	1813	Show
ACL Setting			
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	~	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File		
Denied MAC Address:		-	
Denied MAC Address.			
			Back to WLAN List Submit

Figure 76 - WLAN # Security Setting: WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps
- 4. Enter suitable identification on **NAS identifier**. Remote RADIUS server uses this ID to identify its clients. This entry is available for WPA and WPA2 only.
- 5. Enter transmission timeout interval between 0 and 86400s on **RADIUS Retry Timeout**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS server for authentication in IP Address of RADIUS Server
- 7. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Server**. 1812 is default setting.
- 8. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server.
- 9. Repeat step 6-8 if the backup RADIUS server is available. It is optional.
- 10. Enter interval between each interim update in seconds on **Accounting interim Interval**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 11. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS Accounting Server on **IP Address of RADIUS Accounting Server**. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Accounting Server**. 1813 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Accounting Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server. This entry is optional.
- 14. Repeat step 11-13 if the backup RADIUS Accounting server is available. It is optional.
- 15.Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Figure 77 - WLAN # Security Setting: WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Status Configuration Administration Loo	ois Adout
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radi	o0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK
Cipher Mode:	AES
Group Key Update Interval:	86400 (s)
Pass Phrase:	(8-64)
ACL Setting	(
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	*
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

- AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
- If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:
- TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps

- 4. Enter interval time in second in **Group Key Update Interval**. 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Enter a string between 8 and 64 characters long in **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 6. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WAPI Authentication

Figure 78 - WLAN # S	Security Setting: WAP	I Authentication	
Status Configuration Administration Too System Network Wireless Thin AP	ols About		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
Radi	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	I	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control		
WLAN Security Setting			_
Authentication Mode:	WAPI	Y	
Cipher Mode:	SMS4	\checkmark	
Certificate Type:	X.509		
Certificate Status:	Ready to Install		
Certificate Mode:	Two-Cert	×	
Certificate Management:	Install Certificate		
AS IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
AS Port:	3810		
Unicast Key Update Interval:	(0-65535) 86400		
Unicast Rey Optiate Interval.	(60-2147483647)		
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400		
ACL Setting	(60-2147483647)		
Access Control List:			-
	Enabled - Default Allow	\sim	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File		
Denied MAC Address:			
		Back to WLAN List Submit	1

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Select suitable option in **Certificate Mode**; the options includes:
 - Two-CertWi-Fi client is verified by the certification from
authentication server (AS) and Access Point (AP)Three-CertWi-Fi client is verified by the certification from
 - authentication server (AS), access point (AP), and certificate authority (CA)
- 5. Click **Install Certificate**; a window for installing certificate is shown on Figure 79 and Figure 80.

Figure 79 - Two-Cert Mc AS Certificate:	de Certi	ficatio	on Insta	llation
	Browse	Uploa	d	
AP Certificate:				
	Browse	Uploa	d	
Install Figure 80 - Three-Cert	Mode Ce	ertifico	ation In	stallation
AS Certificate:				
	Brow	/se	Upload	
AP Certificate:				
	Brow	/se	Upload	
CA Certificate:				
	Brow	/se	Upload	

- 6. Click Browse to select suitable certifications
- 7. Click Upload to upload the selected certifications to AP
- 8. Click Install to install certifications

Install

- 9. Enter IP address of AS server on AS IP Address
- 10. Enter service port of AS server in AS Port
- 11. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Click **Submit**

Figure 81 - WLAN #	Security Setting: WAPI-PSK Auth	nentication	
Radio	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting		
WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control		
etting			
Authentication Mode:	WAPI-PSK	$\mathbf{\sim}$	
Cipher Mode:	SMS4	$\mathbf{\mathbf{v}}$	
PassPhrase:	(8-64)	Show	
Unicast Key Update Interval:	86400 (60-2147483647)		
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400 (60-2147483647)		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	~	
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File		
Denied MAC Address:		<u> </u>	
			Back to WI

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode

Configure WLAN with WAPI-PSK Authentication

- 3. Select SMS4 in Cipher Mode
- 4. Enter in a string between 8 and 64 characters long in **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 5. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Step 7: Configure ACL Setting

	Figure 82 – 5G Wl	AN #ACL Setting	
ACL Setting			
	Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	۲
	ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
	Denied MAC Address:		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > ACL Setting
- 2. Select appropriate option on **Access Control List**; options include Disable ACL is disabled

Enabled – Default Allow ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Deny. Every wireless client can associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list

- Enabled Default Deny ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Allow. Every wireless client CANNOT associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list
- Select Manual Input on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers input the entry one by one manually Or select File on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers upload a MAC address list (.txt file)
- 4. Enter MAC address entry one by one or upload the corresponding file to AP; it is optional
- 5. Click **Submit**

Note:

- Network Administrator shall select Disable or Enabled - Default Allow if no ACL entry will be input on AP

Step 8: Configure WLAN # QoS

Please refer to Quality of Service (QoS) on page 119

Step 9: Configure WLAN # Bandwidth Control

Radio0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List Qu5 Bandwidth Control	
Based On WLAN	Based On Station
(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable) (0	0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)
Uplink 0 0	
Downlink 0	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > Bandwidth Control
- Specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on WLAN for the particular WLAN Or specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on Station for each associated station. 0 is default value and denotes as disable
- 3. Click **Submit**

Step 10: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

Radio1 – 5G

Step 1: Configure General Wireless Setting

Figure	<u>84 – 5G Gener</u> al Setting	
Status Configuration Administration Too	ols About	
System Network Wireless Thin AP		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
	Radio1(5G) Setting	
General WLAN Advanced		
Enable Radio:		
Radio Mode:	Repeater]
Country Code:	HONG KONG •]
Transmit Power:	-	1
	The effective Tx Power may be different, depends on the Channel.	e selected
Maximum Clients:	256	(1-256)
User Isolation in different WLAN (SSID):		
		Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > General
- 2. Select Enable Radio checkbox to enable radio interface
- 3. Select Repeater in Radio Mode
- 4. Select the correct country code on **Country Code**; this option ensures that the AP device uses only the radio channels allowed in your country or region
- 5. Select suitable transmission power on Transmission Power;

Note:

 You should follow the regulation from local Communications Authority

- 6. Enter the maximum associated client between 1 and 256 on **Maximum Client** that the radio interface serves. 256 is the default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Select **Enable Inter-WLAN User Isolation** checkbox that AP device block the users' communication across different SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 8. Click Submit

Step 2: Configure WLAN 15 General Setting (Station / CPE)

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 (5G) > WLAN 15 > More...
- 2. Select Lock AP Mac checkbox to force station that associate the AP with MAC address in Remote AP MAC only. This entry is optional.

3. Enter the desired SSID on **Remote SSID** that station is going to associate or click **[Scan]** to look for the surrounding SSID.

100(2.4G	20(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>						
	Radio1(5G):WLAN0 AP Scan Result						
o to prev	vious page, please click Ba	ack					Refrest
	SSID	MAC Address	Encryption	Signal Level(dBm)	SNR(dB)	Frequency(GHz)	Channel
	aswifi_5G	02:19:be:74:4c:1e	aes	-88	13	5.18	36
	3HKWi-FiService	a8:54:b2:69:37:28	invalid	-89	12	5.18	36
	Superwifi Network 0	00:19:be:82:08:31	invalid	-79	22	5.18	36
	altai_guest	12:19:be:a3:06:2b	wep	-60	41	5.745	149
	a2n 5 chilli	00:19:be:74:92:22	invalid	-58	45	5.785	157

- 4. Select any one SSID checkbox shown on AP Scan Result, and then click Select.
- Enter up to three preferred AP MAC addresses on Preferred AP0 / AP1 / AP2 Mac that station associates them preferentially. Preferred AP0 is the highest priority. These entries are optional.
- 6. Select **Enable Roaming** checkbox to enable roaming on station. This entry is optional.
- 7. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Scan SNR Threshold** that station performs channel scanning if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 35 is default setting.
- 8. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 100dB on **Roaming SNR Threshold** that station triggers roaming from the serving AP to other AP if the SNR of received signal from serving AP is less than (<) this threshold; 30 is default setting.

Note:

- Scan SNR Threshold MUST be higher than (>) Roaming SNR Threshold
- 9. Specify the duration from 1s to 3600s on **Max Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 60s is default setting. AP device conducts at least one scanning within this interval.
- 10. Specify the duration from 1s to 60s on **Min Scan Interval** for channel scanning; 10s is default setting. No more than one scanning will be conducted within this interval. This parameter is to prevent too often channel scanning from affecting the data transmission.

Note:

- Max Scan Interval MUST be higher than (>)Min Scan Interval

- 11. Enter SNR value from 0dB to 10dB on **Scan SNR Fluctuation Threshold**. AP device perform channel scan when the fluctuation of received signal level from a serving AP is larger than (>) this value. 5dB is default setting.
- 12. Select **Roaming Hysteresis** checkbox to prevent AP jumping between two APs due to the received signal level fluctuation. It is known as Ping-Pong effect. This entry is optional.
- 13. Select desired channel(s) on **Background Scan Channel**. AP scan the selected channel if the channel scan for roaming is triggered. If no any channels are checked in a list, all channels are scanned. This entry is optional.
- 14. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Configure	WLAN15 Security Setting
-------------------	-------------------------

Figure 86	– WLAN15 Security Setting		
Status Configuration Administration Too	ls About		
System Network Wireless Thin AP			
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)			
Radi	o1(5G):WLAN0 Setting		
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS			
Authentication Mode:	Open 🔻		
Cipher Mode:	Disabled		
		Back to Station List	Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN

	curity Setting – Associating als About	Open Network
System Network Wireless Thin AP		
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rac	io1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	Open	•
Cipher Mode:	Disabled	Ŧ
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Repeater > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled in Cipher Mode
- 4. Click Submit

Configure to associate Open WLAN with WEP encryption

dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radio	00(2.4G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security 005		
Authentication Mode:	Open	T
Cipher Mode:	WEP	Ŧ
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		B Show
WEP Key 4:		Show

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on Default WEP Key
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–E)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate WLAN with Shared Key authentication

Figure 89 – WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with Shared Key authentication

dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	io1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN Security 005		
Authentication Mode:	Shared	*
Cipher Mode:	WEP	*
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text I Hexadecimal	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Shared on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on Cipher Mode
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0-9, A-F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Figure 90 - WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA / WPA2 authentication

Status Configuration Administration Too rstem Network Wireless Thin AP	ls About	
dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Radi	o1(5G):WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security QoS		
Authentication Mode:	WPA2	¥
Cipher Mode:	AES	T
EAP Method:	PEAP-MSCHAPV2	•
Username:	Length:0-128(Ascil Characters)	
Password:	conguitor aconoccius)	Show
	Length:0-128(Ascii Characters)	
		Back to Station List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Station > WLAN0 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

- *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
- Select suitable EAP method mode in EAP Method; the options include: PEAP-MSCHAPV2 TTLS-MSCHAPV2 TTPS-PAP TTLS-CHAP
- 5. Enter correct username in **Username** for authentication.
- 6. Enter correct password in **Password** for authentication.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Configure to associate network with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication

Figure 91 - WLAN15 Security Setting – Associating WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK

	GOILIG	Jimeand	511			
Status Configuration Administration To	ols	About				
tem Network Wireless Thin AP						
io0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)						
Rad	io1(5G)	:WLANO	Setting			
WUAN General WLAN Security QoS						
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PS	SK		•		
Cipher Mode:	AES			Υ.		
Pass Phrase:					Show	
		ASCII Charact	ters); Length:64(H	IEX Characters		
	-aligning a	A local of local	terrally service in the	the state of the s	-1	
					Carl and a second second	
					Back to Station List	Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Repeater > WLAN15 > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK in Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode in **Cipher Mode** as the followings: If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - *TKIP* This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

- TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
- 4. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that matches with remote AP
- 5. Click **Submit**

Step 4: Configure WLAN15 QoS

00(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radio1(5	G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List QoS	Bandwidth Control
Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping:	
	DSCP
BestEffort (BE)	(0-63,cannot be in the same value) 24
Background(BK)	16
Video(VI)	40
Voice(VO)	56

 Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > QoS

- 2. Select **Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping** checkbox that AP provides different QoS to the incoming packet with the corresponding DSCP value
- 3. Enter DSCP value on **Best Effort (BE)**, **Background (BK)**, **Video (VI)**, and **Voice (VO)**; these entry is optional
- 4. Click **Submit**

Note:

AP classify the packet without DSCP marking as Best Effort (BE) traffic

Step 5: Configure WLAN # General Setting

io0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)					
Radi	io1(5G) WLAI	0 Setting			
WLAN General WIAH Security Rogue Station List	Res Sanswich	n Control			
Enable WLAN:					
Hide SSID:					
SSID:	Superwifi Network	0 1			
User Isolation:				C	
DHCP Trusted Port:	0				
Access Traffic Right:	Full Access		*		
Max Clients:	256		-	(1-256)	
Station Association Requirement					
Reject Station Association if SNR less than		dB.			
Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than	(0-100dB, 0:Disable)	dB for consecutive	10	packets.	
Disassociate station if SNR drops more than	(0-100dB)	db for consecutive	(1-256)	packets.	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 (5G) > WLAN # > More...
- 2. Select Enable WLAN checkbox to enable WLAN
- 3. Select **Hide SSID** checkbox to hide SSID name from its beacon frame. This entry is optional.
- 4. Enter a unique name for the particular WLAN on **SSID**.

Note:

- If you want to configure the same SSID on two different WLAN; their security setting MUST be different from each other.
- 5. Select **User Isolation** checkbox to block user communication within the same SSID in the AP directly. This entry is optional.
- 6. Deselect the **DHCP Trust Port** checkbox to prevent illegal DHCP servers offering IP address to DHCP clients via this WLAN. This entry is optional.

 Specify the suitable privilege of associated clients on Access Traffic Right; the options include

Full Access - Associated client can access Internet and manage AP AP Management Only - Associated client can manage AP only, but not able to access the Internet

AP Management Disable - Associated client can access the Internet, but not able to manage AP

8. Specify the maximum associated clients between 1 and 256 on **Max Clients** for this WLAN. 256 is the default setting.

Note:

- Max Clients in WLAN 0 15 MUST be smaller than or equal to
 (≥) the Max Clients setting on Radio General Setting
- 9. Specify an additional requirement on Signal Strength to Noise Ratio (SNR) for associated clients under Station Association Requirement. This requirement is optional. You may fill up the following fields:
 Reject Station Association if SNR less than X dB
 Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than Y dB for consecutive Z packets
 X denote the minimum SNR level which allow clients to associate; You can select any integer between 0dB and 100dB; 0 denotes as disable; 0 is default setting
 Y denotes the SNR tolerance; Z denotes the number of consecutive packets their SNR are below the difference of X Y.

Notes:

 Example for Station Association Requirement with the following settings: Reject Station Association if SNR less than 30 dB (X = 30); Disassociate Station if SNR drops more than 20 dB for consecutive 10 packets (Y = 20; Z = 10) Consequence: AP accepts the clients to associate if the SNR of packets from the clients is high than (>) 30dB; AP kicks out the associated client if the SNR of 10 consecutive packets is below (<) 10 dB (30 dB - 20 dB)

10. Click **Submit**

Step 6: Configure WLAN # Security Setting

Configure WLAN as Open Network

lio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>		
Radi	o1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue-Station List	QdS Eandwidth Control	
VLAN Security Setting	2 - 3 Y	
Authentication Mode:	Open	
Cipher Mode:	Disabled	¥
CL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	7
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input File	
Denied MAC Address:		
Entre little transfer		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select Disabled on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Click Submit

Configure WLAN as Open network with WEP encryption

Eiguro 05	$\Lambda / \Lambda $	v Sattina: Onan	Network with WEP
		v seminu. Ober	

lio0(2.4G) - <u>Radio1(5G)</u>		
Rad	io1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control	
VLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Open	¥
Cipher Mode:	WEP	*
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text	
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		i Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	Ŧ
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Denied MAC Address:		<u>``</u>

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Open on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on Default WEP Key
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text key is encoded as ASCII characters (0–9, a–z, A–Z) Hexadecimal key is encoded as Hexadecimal characters (0–9, A–F)
- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 Ascii characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure WLAN as Open network with Shared Key Authentication

Status Configuration Administration Too stem Network Wireless Thin AP	ks About	
dio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)		
Rad	o1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	QoS Bandwidth Control	Submit
WLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	Shared	*
Cipher Mode:	WEP	¥
Default WEP Key:	1	(1-4)
Key Entry Method:	Ascii Text Hexadecimal	- 21 2
WEP Key 1:		Show
WEP Key 2:		Show
WEP Key 3:		Show
WEP Key 4:		Show
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	Y
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File	
Denied MAC Address:	• Manual Input • File	*
Defied find Address.		
		Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select Shared on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select WEP on **Cipher Mode**
- 4. Select key number 1 4 on **Default WEP Key**
- 5. Select suitable key type in **Key Entry Mode**; the options include: Ascii Text Hexadecimal (0–9, A–F)

- 6. Enter up to four keys in WEP Key 1, WEP Key 2, WEP Key 3 and WEP Key 4 respectively. You can type either up to 5 ASCII characters or up to 10 Hexadecimal characters as WEP Key.
- 7. Click Submit

Configure WLAN with WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication

Figure 97 - 5G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto Authentication
Status Configuration Administration Tools About
System Network Wireless Thin AP
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)
Radio0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting
Authentication Mode: WPA2
Cipher Mode: AES
Group Key Update Interval: 86400 (s)
RADIUS Server Setting

		Cipher Mod	e: AES				~				
	Group Key Up	odate Interva	II: 86400					(s)			
ADIUS Server Setting											
	N	NAS Identifie	r:					(0-32)			
RADII	JS Server IP A	Address Typ	e: () IPv4	Oip	v6			()			
101210		Retry Timeou			v0						
	NADIO 3 N	terry mileot	(0-6	5535 s)							
		IP Add				Port			Secret(1	-129)	
RADIUS Server	0.0)	1812	FUIL			Jecret(1	120)	Show
Secondary RADIUS Server					1812						Show
ADIUS Accounting Server RADIUS Accountin		Address Typ	e: IPv4	O IP	vб						
RADIUS Accountin			il: 300	0 IP							
RADIUS Accountin	ng Server IP A		il: 300	86400s, 0:I		Por	rt		Secret	:(1-128)	
RADIUS Accountii	ng Server IP A		II: 300 (60- IP Add	86400s, 0:I ress	Disabe)	Por 1813	rt		Secret	t <mark>(1-128)</mark>	Show
RADIUS Accountin A RADIUS Accounting Serve	ng Server IP A Accounting in r	terim Interva	il: 300 (60- IP Add) . 0	86400s, 0:I ress	Disabe)		rt		Secret	:(1-128)	□ □ Show
RADIUS Accountin A RADIUS Accounting Serve Secondary RADIUS Accourt	ng Server IP A Accounting in r	terim Interva	il: 300 (60- IP Add) . 0	86400s, 0:1 ress	Disabe)	1813	rt		Secret	:(1-128)	
Α	ng Server IP A Accounting in r	terim Interva	il: 300 (60- IP Add) . 0	86400s, 0:1 ress	Disabe)	1813	rt		Secret	:(1-128)	
RADIUS Accountin A RADIUS Accounting Serve Secondary RADIUS Accourt	ng Server IP A accounting in r nting Server	terim Interva	al: 300 (60- IP Add) .0 .0	86400s, 0:1 ress	Disabe)	1813	rt		Secret	:(1-128)	
RADIUS Accountin A RADIUS Accounting Serve Secondary RADIUS Accourt	ng Server IP A Accounting int r nting Server Access	terim Interva	al: 300 @ (60- IP Add D .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	86400s, 0:1 ress • 0	Disabe)	1813 1813			Secret	:(<u>1-128)</u>	
RADIUS Accountin A RADIUS Accounting Serve Secondary RADIUS Accourt	ng Server IP A Accounting int r hting Server Access ACL	terim Interva	ii: 300 @ (60- IP Add .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	86400s, 0:1 ress .0 .0	Disabe)	1813 1813			Secret	:(1-128)	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > **WLAN Security**
- 2. Select WPA / WPA2 / WPA-auto on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on Cipher Mode If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client TKIP devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:

TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps
- 4. Enter suitable identification on **NAS identifier**. Remote RADIUS server uses this ID to identify its clients. This entry is available for WPA and WPA2 only.
- 5. Enter transmission timeout interval between 0 and 86400s on **RADIUS Retry Timeout**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS server for authentication in IP Address of RADIUS Server
- 7. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Server**. 1812 is default setting.
- 8. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server.
- 9. Repeat step 6-8 if the backup RADIUS server is available. It is optional.
- 10. Enter interval between each interim update in seconds on **Accounting interim Interval**. 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 11. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS Accounting Server on **IP Address of RADIUS Accounting Server**. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter service port of remote RADIUS server in **Port of RADIUS Accounting Server**. 1813 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret of RADIUS Accounting Server**. It is used along with the MD5 hashing algorithm to obfuscate passwords. This secret MUST be as the same as that in RADIUS server. This entry is optional.
- 14. Repeat step 11-13 if the backup RADIUS Accounting server is available. It is optional.
- 15. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Figure 98 - 5G WLAN # Security Setting: WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK Authentication

Status Configuration Administration To	ools About
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radi	io0(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List	2 QoS Bandwidth Control
WLAN Security Setting	
Authentication Mode:	WPA2-PSK
Cipher Mode:	AES
Group Key Update Interval:	86400 (s)
Pass Phrase:	(8-64)
ACL Setting	(5 - 1)
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input O File
Denied MAC Address:	<u></u>
	Back to WLAN List Submit

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK / WPA-auto-PSK on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select suitable encryption mode on **Cipher Mode** If Authentication Mode is WPA:
 - *TKIP* + *AES* This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities
 - TKIP This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard.
 - AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.

If Authentication Mode is WPA2:

- AES This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.
- If Authentication Mode is WPA-auto:
- TKIP + AES This algorithm automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities

Note:

- TKIP is not supported by 802.11n standard. If selected TKIP, the 802.11n's devices will be limited to 802.11g transfer rate, i.e. up to 54 Mbps

- 4. Enter interval time in second in **Group Key Update Interval**. 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Enter an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters long or a HEX string with 64 characters long on **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 6. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WAPI Authentication

lio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G) Radio	00(2.4G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Ringue Station Ust	Qrd5 Sandwidth Control	Subm
VLAN Security Setting Authentication Mode:	WAPI	•
Cipher Mode:		
	SMS4	•
Certificate Type:	X,509	
Certificate Status:	Ready to Install	
Certificate Mode:	Two-Cert	¥
Certificate Management:	Install Certificate	
AS IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
AS Port:	3810 (0-65535)	
Unicast Key Update Interval:	86400 (60-2147483647)	_
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400 (60-2147483647)	
CL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	T
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Denied MAC Address:		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in **Cipher Mode**
- Select suitable option in Certificate Mode; the options includes: Two-Cert – Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS) and Access Point (AP) Three-Cert - Wi-Fi client is verified by the certification from authentication server (AS), access point (AP), and certificate authority (CA)
- 5. Click Install Certificate; a window for installing certificate is shown on Figure 100 and Figure 101.

Figure 100 - Two-Cert Mod AS Certificate:	e Certificatior	n Installation
	Browse Upl	oad
AP Certificate:	Browse Upl	oad
Install		
Figure 101 - Three-Cert M AS Certificate:	ode Certificat	ion Installatior
	Browse	Upload
AP Certificate:		
	Browse	Upload
CA Certificate:		
	Browse	Upload
Install		

- 6. Click **Browse** to select suitable certifications
- 7. Click Upload to upload the selected certifications to AP
- 8. Click Install to install certifications
- 9. Enter IP address of AS server on AS IP Address
- 10. Enter service port of AS server in **AS Port**
- 11. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 12. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 13. Click **Submit**

Configure WLAN with WAPI-PSK Authentication

Figure 1	102 - 5G	WLAN #	Security	Setting:	WAPI-PSK	Authentication
----------	----------	--------	----------	----------	----------	----------------

Padi	o1(5G) WLAN0 Setting	
WLAN General WLAN Security Socie Station List	QdS Bandwedth Control	
WLAN Security Setting		
Authentication Mode:	WAPI-PSK	Ŧ
Cipher Mode:	SMS4	•
PassPhrase:		Show
1 4351 11 435.	Length:8-63(ASCII Characters); Length:64	
Unicast Key Update Interval:	86400	
	(60-2147483647)	
Multicast Key Update Interval:	86400	
the second	(60-2147483647)	
ACL Setting		
Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	*
ACL Input Method:	Manual Input	
Denied MAC Address:		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > WLAN Security
- 2. Select WAPI on Authentication Mode
- 3. Select SMS4 in Cipher Mode
- 4. Enter in an ASCII string between 8 and 63 characters or a HEX string with 64 characters long in **Pass Phrase** that users will use to connect to the wireless network.
- 5. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Unicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Enter interval time between 60 and 2147483647s in **Multicast Key Update Interval**; 86400 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Click **Submit**

Step 7: Configure ACL Setting

	Figure 103 – 5G WLAN #ACL Setting				
ACL Setting					
	Access Control List:	Enabled - Default Allow	•		
	ACL Input Method:	Manual Input			
	Denied MAC Address:	-	*		

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > ACL Setting
- 2. Select appropriate option on Access Control List; options include Disable ACL is disabled

Enabled – Default Allow ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Deny. Every wireless client can associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list

- Enabled Default Deny ACL is enabled. The MAC addresses which are specified in the ACL will consider as Allow. Every wireless client CANNOT associate to the AP unless its MAC address is on the list
- Select Manual Input on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers input the entry one by one manually Or select File on ACL Input Method if network administrator prefers upload a MAC address list (.txt file)
- 4. Enter MAC address entry one by one or upload the corresponding file to AP; it is optional
- 5. Click **Submit**

Note:

 Network Administrator shall select Disable or Enabled – Default Allow if no ACL entry will be input on AP

Step 8: Configure WLAN # QoS

Please refer to Quality of Service (QoS) on page 119

Step 9: Configure WLAN # Bandwidth Control

/LAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List QoS	Bandwidth Control
Based On WLAN	Based On Station
(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)	(0-1000000 Kbps, 0: Disable)
Jplink 0	
Downlink 0	
	Back to WLAN List Sut

- Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > Bandwidth Control
- Specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on WLAN for the particular WLAN
 Or specify the uplink and downlink limitation under Based on Station for each associated station. 0 is default value and denotes as disable
- 3. Click **Submit**

Step 10: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right.

4.4. Bridge Mode

Firmware 2.0.1.300 does not support bridge mode on AP

5. Advanced Radio Settings

Advanced radio settings are available on each radio interface; these settings include Frame Aggregation, Data Rate setting, Medium Access Protection Mechanism, Spatial Stream, and Throughput Optimization mechanism.

Caution:

- Inappropriate configuration may bring negative impact on the network performance
- Only technically advanced users who have sufficient knowledge about WLAN technology should use the advanced wireless settings.
- Default setting is recommended

5.1. Distance Setting

Distance setting is the estimate distance of target area (round to the nearest km); AP adjusts the round-trip time latency according to this setting.

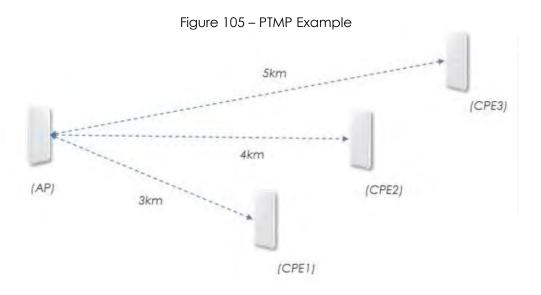


Figure 105 illustrates a typical example of point-to-multipoint connection with our devices. Network administrator shall adjust the distance setting with the longest distance (round to the nearest km) of this setup, i.e. 5km.

Figure 1	06 – Distance Setting	
Protection Mode:	CTS-only	۲
RTS/CTS Threshold:	2346 (0-2347)	
Distance:	2 (0-50km)	
IGMP Snooping:	Enable	۲
Multicast Traffic:		
Enable Nearby AP List:	[Nearby AP List]	

- 2.4G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced
 > Advanced Settings
- 2. Enter estimate distance of target area between 1 and 50 km in **Distance**; 2 km is default setting.
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.2. Short Guard Interval

Guard Intervals (GI) are used to ensure that distinct transmissions do not interfere with one another. The standard symbol guard interval used in 802.11 OFDM is 800ms. To increase data rate, 802.11n/ac added optional supports for a 400ms guard interval. It is known as Short Guard Interval. This provides an 11% increase in data rate.

Figure	e 107 - Short GI Setting	I
AMPDU Limit:	64	(1-64)
AMSDU:		
ShortGI:		
Max Tx Streams:	3	•
Max Rx Streams:	3	•

- 2.4G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced
- > Advanced Settings2. Click ShortGI checkbox
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right.

5.3. AirFi

AirFi technology is an advanced software control wireless algorithm developed by us for optimizing network throughput capacity performance. Using the our AirFi control algorithm can optimize the wireless bandwidth for the high speed clients as well as the low speed clients (i.e. 11b and 11g clients), and as a result the system throughput can be improved substantially.

	Figure	e 108 - AirFi Setting
AirFi Setting		
	AirFi Mode:	

AirFi Level:	Level I	•	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 > Advanced > AirFi Setting
- 2. Select AirFi checkbox to enable AirFi
- 3. Select suitable level in **AirFi Level**; Options include:

Level I (Recommended)	favor the fast (802.11n) client most
Level II	favor the fast (802.11n) client moderate
Level III	favor the fast (802.11n) client less

- 4. Click Submit
- 5. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

Note:

- Radio1 (5G) is not applicable.

5.4. Data Rate Setting

The fact is that low data rate transmissions consume more air time than high data rates. It may affect the system performance. By disabling low data rates, AP rules out some remote clients with poor signal strength and hence low link data rate, preventing them from consuming too much air time and leaves the air time for higher data rates transmissions. In this way, overall system performance can be improved. The most common way we use it is to disable low data rates (e.g., 1M, 2M) when the AP performance is reported poor.

AP has two (2) configurable parameters about data rate setting; they are **Data Rate** and **Multicast Data Rate**. **Data Rate** stands for the data rate setting for unicast data packet; while **Multicast Data Rate** stands for the data rate setting for multicast data packet.

Figure 109 – Data Rate Setting				
Data Rate Setting				
Data Rate:	best	 (Mbps) 		
Multicast Data Rate:	min	(Mbps)		

Configure Data Rate

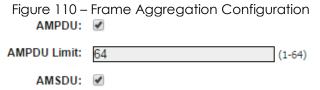
- 2.4G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Data Rate Setting 5G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced > Data Rate Setting
- 2. Select appropriate data rate on **Data Rate**; best is default setting. This option lets AP device to determine the best data rate for transferring data time by time. Otherwise, AP uses the selected data rate for unicast packet transmission under any condition.
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

Configure Multicast Rate

- 2.4G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Data Rate Setting 5G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced > Data Rate Setting
- 2. Select appropriate data rate on **Multicast Rate**; *min* is default setting. This option lets AP device to use the minimum data rate for transferring multicast packets. Otherwise, AP uses the selected data rate for multicast packet transmission under any condition.
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.5. Frame Aggregation

Frame aggregation allows the device to send multiple frames per single access to the medium by combining frames together into one larger frame.



- 2.4G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Radio: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced
 > Advanced Settings
- 2. Click **AMPDU** checkbox to enable aggregation of MAC protocol data unit (MPDU)
- 3. Enter the maximum number of data frame between 1 and 64 on **AMPDU Limit** that AP pushes MPDUs into single PPDU; 64 is default setting
- 4. Select **AMSDU** checkbox to enable aggregation of MAC service data unit; AP pushes aggregated MSDU (MAC service data units) into a single MPDU
- 5. Click **Submit**
- 6. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.6. Spatial Streaming

With multiple-input and multiple-output (MIMO) technique, AP can use one or more individual stream for data transmission and reception. In general, more available streams increase spatial efficiency.

Figure 111 – Sp	atial Stream	ing Configuration
Max Tx Streams:	3	*
Max Rx Streams:	3	*

- 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 > Advanced > Advanced Settings 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 > Advanced > Advanced Settings
- Select the maximum number of transmission between 1 and 3 on Max Tx Streams
- 3. Select the maximum number of transmission between 1 and 3 on Max Rx Streams
- 4. Click **Submit**
- 5. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.7. Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM)

time

According to the 802.11 standards, a Delivery Traffic Indication Map (DTIM) period value is a number that determines how often a beacon frame includes a Delivery Traffic Indication Message, and this number is included in each beacon frame. The 802.11 standards define a powersave mode for client devices. In power-save mode, a client device may choose to sleep for one or more beacon intervals waking for beacon frames that include DTIMs. When the DTIM period is 2, a client device in power-save mode will awaken to receive every other beacon frame. Upon entering power-save mode, a client device will transmit a notification to the access point, so that the access point will know how to handle unicast traffic destined for the client device.

Figure 112 – DTIM Setting Beacon Interval Auto:				
Beacon Interval:	(40-3500)			
DTIM:	1 (1-255)			
Protection Mode:	CTS-only	•		

 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 > Advanced > Advanced Settings

5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 > Advanced > Advanced Settings

- 2. Specify the interval time between 1 and 255 in DTIM.
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

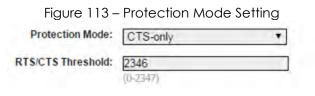
Note:

- The higher the DTIM period, the longer a client device may sleep and therefore the more power that particular client device may potentially save.

5.8. WiFi Protect mechanism [Hidden node

problem]

In wireless networking, the hidden node problem or hidden terminal problem occurs when a node is visible from a wireless access point (AP), but not from other nodes communicating with that AP. This leads to difficulties in media access control sublayer. IEEE 802.11 uses 802.11 RTS/CTS acknowledgment and handshake packets to partly overcome the hidden node problem.



 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 > Advanced > Advanced Settings

5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 > Advanced > Advanced Settings

- Select suitable mechanism on Protection Mode; options include: None - no protect mechanism is used. It is the default setting. CTS-only - also known as CTS-to-Self; AP issues a CTS frame to itself before sending data. All clients will not transmit during the time. RTS-CTS - AP sends a RTS frame, waits for the clients CTS frame and then sends the data packet. It allow more robust operation, but at the expense of additional overheads.
- 3. Specify frame size in byte between 0 and 2347 bytes on **RTS/CTS Threshold**; 2346 is default setting.

If a frame is smaller than the RTS/CTS threshold, it will be sent by the AP without modification. If a frame is larger than the RTS/CTS threshold, then two frames will be sent by the AP. The first frame is an RTS (request to send) frame. After the RTS frame is sent, the AP listens for the corresponding CTS from the target client. Upon reception of the CTS, the AP then sends the data frame. There are trade-offs when considering what value you should set for the RTS/CTS threshold. Smaller values will cause RTS to be sent more often, increasing overheads. However, the more often RTS packets are sent, the sooner the system can recover from collisions. It is recommended to use the default value or only minor reductions of the default setting.

- 4. Click Submit
- 5. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.9. Beacon interval of BSS

Beacon interval stands for the time interval of beacon transmissions of each supported BSS. The unit is in term of millisecond (ms). The beacon interval can be configured between 40 and 3500ms. The default setting is 100ms, i.e. 10 beacons per second.

Figure 11	14 – Beacon Interval Setting
Beacon Interval Auto:	×
Beacon Interval:	100 (40-3500)
Beacon Interval:	

- 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 > Advanced > Advanced Settings 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1 > Advanced >
- Advanced Settings 2. Select Beacon Interval Auto checkbox AP tunes the interval of
- beacon transmissions of each supported BSS automatically. Enabling is default and recommended setting
- 3. Enter interval time between 40ms and 3500ms on **Beacon Interval**; this option is available if **Beacon Interval Auto** is NOT enabled. Each BSS share this setting.
- 4. Click **Submit**
- 5. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.10. Nearby AP List

Figure 115 – Nearby AP List Setting

Enable Nearby AP List: 🔟 [Nearby AP List]

To configure nearby AP list, perform the followings:

 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) >

Advanced > Advanced Settings

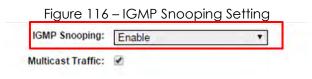
- 2. Select **Nearby AP List** checkbox to enable that AP sniffs the surrounding AP periodically; The result list is shown on the corresponding radios' status information
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.11. IGMP Snooping

This Series product acts as a Layer 2 device when it is configured as Switch mode. However, IGMP Snooping implementation on AP is a little bit different than that of standard Layer 2 Switch.

Typically, IGMP Snooping allows a switch to only forward multicast traffic to the links that have at least one client joined the multicast group. Unlike ordinary IGMP Snooping implementation, this series converts multicast to unicast and delivers them to devices registered with the multicast group.

When IGMP Snooping is turned on, multicast packets should be dropped at the WLAN exit if there is no client from the WLAN who has joined the corresponding multicast group.



- 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
- 2. Select IGMP Snooping checkbox to enable IGMP Snooping
- 3. Click Submit
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

5.12. Multicast Traffic

Network administrator allows AP to process or discard the multicast traffic by configuring the multicast traffic option on Web UI.



 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced > Advanced Settings
 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) >

Advanced > Advanced Settings 2. Select Multicast Traffic checkbox to enable that AP processes

- 2. Select Multicast Traffic checkbox to enable that AP processes multicast traffic in WLANs
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

6.VLAN Configuration

VLAN is layer-2 network domain that may be partitioned to create multiple distinct broadcast domains, which are mutually isolated so that packets can only pass between them via one or more routers.

```
Note:
```

- VLAN is applicable on Switch mode ONLY

Step 1: Configure Radio Settings

Please refer to Radios Setting on Page 14 to complete the radio settings

Step 2: Enable VLAN

		1	/LAN Configurati	on			
		Enable VLAN:					
LAN Profiles							
VLAN ID	I	nterfaces	IPv4 Address	/Subnet Mask	Management VLAN	STP	
1		0(Superwifi Network perwifi Network 0)	(0), 192.168.1.222	/ 255.255.255.0	۲	0	*
						[Add VLAN
terfaces							
		200	PVID	Default VLAN Tagging	VL	AN(s)	Edit
Interf	ace	Туре					Edit
Interf	<u>.</u>	Trunk	1 •		all		
)		[1 ▼] NA		all 1		Edit
eth)	Trunk					

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > VLAN
- 2. Click Enable VLAN checkbox to enable VLAN on AP device
- 3. Click Submit

Step 3: Create VLAN Profile

Figure 119 – VLAN Profile Setting				
Status Configuration Administration To				
System Network Wireless Thin AP				
General - VLAN - DHCP - Port Forward -	Safe Mode			
	Create VLAN			
VLAN ID:		(1-4094)		
IPv4 Address:	0.0.0.0.0			
IPv4 Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
Enable STP Mode:	x			
		Cancel Submit		

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > VLAN > VLAN Profile
- 2. Click Add VLAN
- 3. Enter an identification number between 1 and 4094 on VLAN ID that is an unique identification representing a VLAN
- 4. Enter valid IP Address on IPv4 Address of AP device in the VLAN
- 5. Enter valid IP subnet mask on IPv4 Subnet Mask of the VLAN
- 6. Click **Enable STP Mode** checkbox to enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) on this VLAN profile
- 7. Click Submit

Note:

– Click 📧 to remove the existing VLAN profile

Step 4: Specify Management VLAN Profile

Management VLAN stands for an IP network that can provide remote administration. Network administrator can access the Web UI via the management VLAN only if VLAN is enabled on AP device.

neral - VLAN	- DHCP - Port Forward - S	Safe Mode			
	VLA	N Configuration			
	Enable VLAN:				
VLAN Profiles VLAN ID	Interfaces	IPv4 Address/Subnet Mask	Management VLAN	t STP	
				t stp	×

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > VLAN > VLAN Profile
- 2. Click **Management VLAN** checkbox on the row with appropriate VLAN ID
- 3. Click **Submit**

Note:

 IP address of Management VLAN is same as IP address of WAN Setting

Step 5: Assign VLAN Profile on Interface as Access Port

Access port belongs to a single VLAN and does not provide any identifying marks on the frames that are passed between devices. Access port also carries traffic that comes from only the VLAN assigned to the port. Typically, interface that end-user device connects to is assigned as access port.

Figure 121 – VLAN Profile Assignment	
Status Configuration Administration Tools About	
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
General - <u>VLAN</u> - <u>DHCP</u> - <u>Port Forward</u> - <u>Safe Mode</u>	
Interface Configuration	
Interface: AP0 0(Superwifi Network 0)	
Type: O Trunk ® Access	
VLAN: 1	
	Back Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > VLAN > Interfaces
- 2. Click Edit on the row with appropriate interface
- 3. Select Access checkbox
- 4. Select appropriate VLAN ID on **VLAN** that indicate which VLAN the interface belongs to
- 5. Click **Submit**

Step 6: Assign VLAN Profile on Interface as Trunk

Port

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > VLAN > Interfaces
- 2. Click Edit on the row with appropriate interface
- 3. Select **Trunk** checkbox

- 4. Select appropriate VLAN ID on **PVID** as default VLAN ID of the interface
- 5. Click **Default VLAN Tagging** checkbox that AP tags all incoming untagged packet with PVID before forwarding them. This entry is optional
- 6. Click **VLAN Pass Through** checkbox that AP does not modify the VLAN tag on incoming packets before forwarding them. This entry is optional
- Select appropriate VLAN ID(s) on the VLAN(s) list that interface forwards the packet with selected VLAN ID(s). Unlike VLAN Pass Trough, the interface only forwards the packets to selected VLAN.
- 8. Click Submit

Step 7: Apply Submitted VLAN Configurations

on the AP Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

7. Network Time Protocol (NTP) Settings

For successful and proper communication between various elements in a network, time synchronization between the elements and across the network is critical. Network Time Protocol (NTP), a networking protocol for clock synchronization, is required to obtain the precise time from a server and to regulate the local time in each network element. The NTP server on AP devices is set to 0.pool.ntp.org by default.

Figure 12	2 – NTP Setting	
NTP Setting		
IP Address Type:	IPv4 IPv6	
NTP Server IP:	0.pool.ntp.org	Ĺ
NTP Polling Interval:	600 (15-86400s)	
NTP Time Zone:	Asia/Hong Kong	•
Daylight Saving Time:		

- 1. Go to Configuration > System > NTP Setting
- 2. Enter either the domain name / IP address of NTP server which you want to synchronize with on **NTP Server IP**.

Note:

- Click i for adding more NTP Server entry;
- Click storemove existing NTP server entry
- 3. Enter suitable polling interval between 15s and 86400s on NTP Polling Interval that specifies the interval between each synchronization request from the AP device to NTP server(s). 600s is default setting.
- 4. Select appropriate time zone on **NTP Time Zone**; Asia/Hong Kong is default setting
- 5. Click **Daylight Saving Time** checkbox if your place has daylight saving time
- 6. Click **Submit**
- 7. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

Note:

- IP Address Type is changed by AP automatically based on whether IPv6 is enabled or not
- If providing NTP server's domain name in NTP Server IP, you must provide valid DNS server information (Refer to Step 5: Assign an IP Address to AP Device on page 10 for more detail)

8.STP

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a network protocol that ensures a loopfree topology for any bridged Ethernet local area network.

Figure 123 – STP Setting

STP Setting

Enable STP Mode: 🕑

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > General > STP Setting
- 2. Select **Enable STP Mode** checkbox to enable spanning tree protocol on AP device
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

9.Safe Mode

Safe Mode is used for detecting the backhaul link integrity. If the AP loses its backhaul connectivity, it forces the clients to re-associate with another AP by changing its SSID to a default Safe Mode_X, where X is the MAC address of the radio interface in hexadecimal.

This mechanism protects the client from connecting to the AP which has no backhaul to the Internet end. Total duration for AP from losing backhaul link to safe mode is 3 x ping interval seconds.

Note:

- AP device recovers itself from safe mode if it detects the backhaul link had been recovered

Figure Status Configuration Administration Too	The second value of the se	afe Mod About	e Setting	g		
System Network Wireless Thin AP						
General - VLAN - DHCP - Port Forward -	Safe Mod	de				
	Safe Mo	de Settin	g			
Enable Safe Mode:						
Ping Host 1:	0.	0.	0.	0		
Ping Host 2:	0.	0.	0.	0		
Ping Host 3:	0.	0.	0.	0		
Ping Interval:	10				(3-30s)	
						Submit

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > Safe Mode
- 2. Click **Enable Safe Mode** checkbox
- Enter at least one IP address of remote host in Ping Host 1 / Ping Host 2 / Ping Host 3
- 4. Enter interval time between 3s and 30s in Ping Interval
- 5. Click **Submit**
- 6. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right

10. Quality of Service (QoS)

AP supports Wireless Multimedia Extensions (WME), also known as Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM), based on the IEEE 802.11e standard. It provides Quality of Service (QoS) feature on WiFi network. Network administrator can select the suitable per-defined profile or specify WMM parameters to maintain the network's QoS.

	Figur	e 125 – Quality	of Service (WMM)	
Status Configu	ration Administration	n Tools	About		
stem Network Wire	eless Thin AP				
adio0(2.4G) - Ra	dio1(5G)				
		Radio0(2	4G) Setting		
General WLAN	Advanced QoS				
Radio(AP-side) WM		Manual C	l for Capacity onfiguration	TYOP	NOACK
	(0-15)	(0-15)	(0-15)	(0-8192)	NOACK
BestEffort (BE)	5	7	1	4096	
Background(BK)	5	10	7	0	
Video(VI)	3	4	1	3008	
Voice(VO)	2	3	1	1504	

- 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > QoS
 5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > QoS
- Select suitable profile on Optimization Mode; options include: Default Optimization – a set of QoS/WMM parameters for most scenarios; default setting

Optimized for Throughput – a set of QoS/WMM parameters for single user Wi-Fi network; Wi-Fi network achieves the highest throughput for a single user.

Optimized for Capacity – a set of QoS/WMM parameters for multiuser (>20) Wi-Fi network; Wi-Fi network can achieve highest system throughput for multiple users

Manual Configuration - Specify QoS/WMM parameters manually

- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right

Except WMM settings on each AP's radio interface, AP also provide DSCP-to-WMM mapping on each individual SSID. Network administrator specifies different DSCP value on the four WMM access categories; they are Best Effort (BE), Background (BK), Video (VI), and Voice (VO).

Figure 126 – 2.4G	WLAN # QoS
Status Configuration Administration Tools About	
System Network Wireless Thin AP	
Radio0(2.4G) - Radio1(5G)	
Radio0(2.4G) WL	NO Setting
WLAN General WLAN Security Rogue Station List QoS Bandwidt	b Control
Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping:	
	DSCP
a contract database	(0-63,cannot be in the same value)
BestEffort (BE)	24
Background(BK)	16
Video(VI)	40
Voice(VO)	56
	Back to WLAN List Submit
	Back to WLAN List Submit

1. 2.4G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WLAN > WLAN # > QoS

5G Interface: Go to Configuration > Wireless > Radio1(5G) > WLAN > WLAN # > QoS

- 2. Select **Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping** checkbox that AP provides different QoS to the incoming packet with the corresponding DSCP value
- 3. Enter DSCP value on **Best Effort (BE)**, **Background (BK)**, **Video (VI)**, and **Voice (VO)**; these entry is optional
- 4. Click **Submit**
- 5. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right

Note:

- AP classify the packet without DSCP marking as Best Effort (BE) traffic

11. IP Gateway

To provide the flexibility on network deployment, AP device can act as IP gateway on the network. IP Gateway is a network element that connects to two or more IP network physically, no matter via wire medium or wireless medium.

Note:

 Interfaces under the same group work as switch interfaces.
 E.g. Ethernet 0 and WLAN 0 of Radio 1 are assigned as WAN, they forward packet between them based on MAC address.

11.1. IP Gateway

Step 1: Configure WAN IP Setting

Refer to Step 5: Assign an IP Address to AP Device on page 10 for more detail

Step 2: Configure Radio Settings

Please refer to Radios Setting on Page 14 to complete the radio settings

Step 3: Enable Gateway Mode



- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Setting
- 2. Select Gateway Mode on **Network Setting**
- 3. Click Submit

Step 4: Configure LAN IP Setting

Figure 128	– LA	N Set	ting (I	P∨4)
LAN Setting(IPv4)				
LAN IP Address:	192	. 168	. 98	- 1
LAN IP Address Mask:	255	. 255	. 255	- 0

1. Go to Configuration > Network > LAN Setting (IPv4)

- 2. Enter valid IP Address on LAN IP Address; 192.168.98.1 is the default setting
- 3. Enter valid IP subnet mask on LAN IP Subnet Mask; 255.255.255.0 is default setting
- 4. Click **Submit**



	Interface(s)	Detail
WAN	eth0	2
LAN	eth1, AP0_0(Superwifi Network 0), AP1_0(Superwif i Network 0)	

Step 5: Assign Interface(s) as WAN Interface

Figure 130 – WAN Interface Assignment Status Configuration Administration Tools About System Network Wireless Thin AP	
General - VLAN - DHCP - Port Forward - Safe Mode WAN/LAN Interface Assignment	
Network Type: WAN WAN Interfaces: eth0 eth1 Ø AP0_0(Superwifi Network 0) AP1_0(Superwifi Network 0)	

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > WAN/LAN Interface Assignment
- 2. Click 🗹 at the end of **WAN** row
- 3. Select appropriate interface(s) on **WAN Interfaces** list that acts as WAN interface.
- 4. Click **Submit**

Step 6: Assign Interface(s) as LAN Interface

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > WAN/LAN Interface Assignment
- 2. Click 🗹 at the end of LAN row
- 3. Select appropriate interface(s) on **LAN Interfaces** list that acts as WAN interface.
- 4. Click **Submit**

Step 7: NAT Setting

- 1. Go to Configuration > Network > WAN/LAN Interface Assignment
- 2. Click Enable NAT Mode checkbox if NAT is required. This entry is optional
- 3. Click Submit

Step 8: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP

Device

1. Click Save & Apply from the top on the right.

11.2. **DHCP** Server

AP series products have built-in DHCP server; it can dynamically distribute network configuration parameters to the connected end devices on all LAN interfaces.

Note:

- DHCP Server is applicable on Gateway mode ONLY

Step 1: Configure as Gateway Mode

Refer to IP Gateway on page 121 for more detail

Step 2: Enable DHCP Server

eneral - <u>VLAN</u> -	DHCP - Port Forward -	Safe Mode			
	C	HCP Server	Setting		
	DHCP Server:	Server Mode	٣		
Pool ID	Start IP	End IP	Default Lease Time	Enable	Detai
1	NA	NA	86400	No	2
2	NA	NA	86400	No	2
3	NA	NA	86400	No	2
4	NA	NA	86400	No	2

- niigur
- 2. Select Server Mode on DHCP Server
- 3. Click **Submit**

Step 3: Assign IP Address Range for Leasing on DHCP

Server

	ure 132	– Ado		ol Setti	ng	
Status Configuration Administration System Network Wireless Thin AP	Tools		About			
General - VLAN - DHCP - Port For	orward -	Safe Mod	e			
	Ade	dress F	ool Sett	ing		
Ena	ble Pool: 🕑					
	Pool ID: 1					
Start IP	Address: 0		0.	0	. 0	
End IP	Address: 0		0.	0	. 0	
Default Lea	00	400 1-604800 Se	Vela in de V			
	(0)	P004000 Se	conos)			
						Back to Pools List Submit
1. Go to Configuration >	Network	ork >		•		
2. Click any Pool I		••••				
3. Click Enable Pool che		(
4. Enter the first valid IP		-	Start II	P V V	racc	
5. Enter the last valid IP			•••••			
	0.0.0.0.0					Default Lease Time
6. Enter lease time bet		005 (40005	on	Delauli Lease lime;
86400s is default settir	ng.					

7. Click Submit

Note:

 All IP address for leasing MUST be within the LAN IP subnet (Refer to Step 4: Configure LAN IP Setting on page 121 for more detail)

Step 4: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP

Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

11.3. Port Forward

Port forward is an application of Network Address Translation (NAT) that redirects a communication request between WAN interface(s) and LAN interface(s) while the packets are traversing AP device in gateway mode. This technique is most commonly used to make services on a host residing on LAN interface(s) available to hosts on WAN interface(s), by remapping the destination IP address and port number of the communication to a host on LAN side.

Step 1: Configure as Gateway Mode

Refer to IP Gateway on page 121 for more detail

	figuration Administr	Street of Concession, Name	– Port Forwar About	d List		
System Network N General - <u>VLAN</u>			afe Mode ort Forward			
ID	Local IP	Local Port	Туре	Global Port	Enable	Detail
1	NA	NA	TCP & UDP	NA	No	2
2	NA	NA	TCP & UDP	NA	No	
3	NA	NA	TCP & UDP	NA	No	2

Step 2: Configure Port Forwarding

eral - VLAN - DHCP - Port Forward	- <u>Safe Mode</u>	
F	Port Forward Setting	
Enable:	V	
ID:	1	
Local IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Local Port:	1	
Protocol Type:	TCP & UDP	•
Global Port:	1	
Description:		
		11

- 1. Go to **Configuration** > **Network** > **Port Forward**
- 2. Click 🗹 on any ID
- 3. Click **Enable** checkbox to enable port forward profile
- 4. Enter the host's IP address on **Local IP Address** that provides service to hosts on WAN interface(s)
- 5. Enter the service listening port of the host on **Local Port** that provides service to hosts on WAN interface(s)
- Select suitable protocol(s) on Protocol Type. Options include TCP & UDP TCP

UDP

- 7. Enter the listening port at WAN side on Global Port
- 8. Enter any description on **Description** about this port forward profile. This entry is optional.
- 9. Click Submit

Step 3: Apply Submitted Configurations on the AP Device

1. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right.

12. Thin AP

Т	hin AP Configuration		
Enable Thin AP:			
Primary AC Address:	0.0.0.0		
Secondary AC Address:	0.0.0.0		
AP Name:			
AP Location:			
AC debug level:	0	•	
Managed Radio:	 Radio0(2.4G) Radio1(5G) 		
Creat Manage Wlan Switch:			
WLAN Change Action:	Close All WLAN Close Tunnel WLAN		

Thin AP stands for AP simply passes wireless network traffic to the switch, performing few complex tasks locally. All encryption, authentication, and policy settings generally occur on a central switch or controller, to which multiple thin access points are connected, rather than on the AP itself. Access controller or equivalent platform is required if thin AP is enabled

- 1. Go to Configuration > Thin AP
- 2. Select **Enable Thin AP** checkbox to enable thin AP mode
- 3. Enter valid IP Address / domain name of primary AC on **Primary AC Address**; AP can also acquire AC's IP address from DHCP Server by DHCP options (DHCP option 60 or option 43) when it is configured as DHCP client.
- 4. Enter valid IP Address / domain name of secondary AC on **Secondary AC Address**; this entry is optional.
- 5. Enter name of AP on **AP Name**; this entry is optional
- 6. Enter information of AP's location on **AP Location**; this entry is optional
- 7. Select desired debug level from 0 to 10 on AC debug level;
- 8. Select Radio0(2.4G) and/or Radio1(5G) checkbox on **Managed Radio** that AC manages the selected radio interface(s)
- Select Creat Manage Wlan Switch checkbox if a WLAN for AP management is required. Network administrator can manage AP via this WLAN even AP disconnects from AC

- 10.Select Close All WLAN or Close Tunnel WLAN on **WLAN Change** Action. When AP disconnects from AC, it disables either all WLAN or tunnel WLAN.
- 11. Click Submit
- 12. Click Save & Apply

13. Web UI Administration

13.1. Auto Refreshment

Figure 136 – Auto Refreshment Setting

Auto Refresh Interval:	10	▼ (s)
Http Port:	80	4
Https Port:	443	

1. Click Configuration > System > WEB Setting

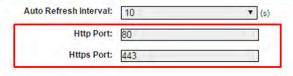
2. Select appropriate refresh interval on Auto Refresh Interval that Web

- Disable Refresh manually
- 5s Refresh every 5 seconds
- 10s Refresh every 10 seconds (Default Setting)
- 20s Refresh every 20 seconds
- 30s Refresh every 30 seconds
- 40s Refresh every 40 seconds
- 3. Click **Submit**
- 4. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right

13.2. Web UI Port Configuration

Figure 137 – HTTP / HTTPS Port Setting

WEB Setting



- 1. Click **Configuration** > **System** > **WEB Setting**
- 2. Enter suitable port number on **HTTP Port** for HTTP connection; 80 is default setting
- 3. Enter suitable port number on **HTTPS Port** for HTTPS connection; 433 is default setting
- 4. Click Submit
- 5. Click **Save & Apply** from the top on the right

13.3. HTTPS Certification

AP devices support both HTTP and HTTPS connection for their web UI. Certificate management allows network administrator to upload their own certifications for HTTPS connection.

 Figure 138 – Certificate Management

 Status
 Configuration
 Administration
 Tools
 About

 User Admin
 SMMP
 Certificate
 Firmware Update
 Factory Default
 Backup / Restore
 Customization
 License

 Certificate Management

 Http Cert File:
 Choose File
 No file chosen
 Upload

 Http Cert File:
 Choose File
 No file chosen
 Upload

 Certificate Status:
 Valid certificate

 Install

- 1. Go to Administration > Certificate
- 2. Click **Browse** on **Http Cert File** and select suitable certification file for HTTPS connection
- 3. Click **Upload** on **Http Cert File** to upload certification
- 4. Click **Browse** on **Http Key File** and select suitable certification file for HTTPS connection
- 5. Click **Upload** on **Http Key File** to upload certification
- 6. Click Install

Note:

 The existing certification file and key file will be overwritten for executing installation each time

13.4. User Administration

AP device allows network administrator to manage user account and privilege for accessing Web UI via local authentication and/or RADIUS authentication. Table describes the authentication setting on AP device.

Authentication	Description
Local (Default)	Support 3-level User Login (root/admin/guest)
RADIUS	Authenticate user through RADIUS; if no
	response returned from RADIUS server, AP
	fallbacks to local authentication
RADIUS + Local	Login AP with local user login or RADIUS user
	login

Figure 139 – User Admin Setting

Status	Configuration	Administration	Tools	About					
Iser Admin	SNMP Certificate	Firmware Update	Factory Default	Backup / Res	tore Cu:	stomization	Licens	e	
			U	ser Admin	¢				
		UserN	ame: admin	Ī			•	1	
		Passv	word:				-]	
		Confirm Passv	word:]	
									Submit
Login Auth	nentication Setti	ing							
		Authentication T	ype: RADIL	IS Authenticati	on		•		
		Authentication M	ode: PAP				*		
		Encryption Algori	thm: Disable	ed			•		
		RADIUS Se	rver: 10	. 6	. 161	. 2	06		
		RADIUS Se	cret:					Show	
	s	econdary RADIUS Se	rver: 10	. 6	. 161	. 2	06		
	s	econdary RADIUS Se	cret:					Show	

Local authentication

Modify admin account's password

- 1. Go to Administration > User Admin
- 2. Select admin in UserName
- 3. Type a new password in **Password**
- 4. Type a new password again in Confirm Password
- 5. Click Submit

Modify guest account's password

- 1. Go to Administration > User Admin
- 2. Select guest in **UserName**
- 3. Type a new password in Password
- 4. Type a new password again in Confirm Password
- 5. Click **Submit**

Note:

- Please login as admin for modifying password

RADIUS authentication

- 1. Go to Administration > User Admin > Login Authentication Setting
- 2. Select RADIUS authentication or RADIUS + Local authentication in Authentication Type
- 3. Select suitable authentication in **Authentication Mode**; options include:

PAP

EAP

4. Select suitable encryption in **Encryption Algorithm**; options include: For authentication Mode is PAP:

Disable For authentication Mode is EAP: PEAP-GTC PEAP-MS-CHAP-V2 TTLS-PAP TTLS-CHAP TTLS-MS-CHAP TTLS-MS-CHAP-V2

- 5. Enter IP address of remote RADIUS server in **RADIUS Server**
- 6. Enter suitable secrets in **Secret** of **RADIUS Secret**.
- 7. Left **Secondary RADIUS Server** blank if no backup RADIUS server is available
- 8. Left **Secondary RADIUS Secret** blank if no backup RADIUS server is available
- 9. Click **Submit**
- 10.Click **OK**

14. Device Configuration & Firmware

Management

14.1. Backup & Restore Device Configuration

Network administrator backups / restores AP device's settings via web UI.

Backup Device Configuration

		Figure 1	40 – Ba	ckup co	onfigura	tion	
Status	Configuration	Administration	Tools	About			
User Admin	SNMP Certificate	Firmware Update	Factory Default	Backup / Restore	Customization	License	
			Admin B	Backup/Rest	ore		
Backup	Configuration	File					
• <u>Cre</u>	eate backup						
Restore	e Configuration	File					
• Upl	load Backup Archive:						
C	Choose File No file c	hosen					
							Restore backup

- 1. Go to Administration > Backup/Restore > Backup Configuration File
- 2. Click Create backup and save configuration file

Restore Device Configuration

	Figure	141 – Re	store cor	nfigurati	on	
Status Configuration	Administration	Tools	About			
Jser Admin SNMP Certificate	Firmware Update	Factory Default	Backup / Restore	Customization	License	
		and the second				
		Admin B	ackup/Rest	ore		
Backup Configuration	File					
Create backup						
Restore Configuration	File					
Upload Backup Archive:						
	0000					
Choose File No file ch	osen					Restore backup

- 1. Go to Administration > Backup/Restore > Restore Configuration File
- 2. Click **Browse**, then select suitable configuration file (.tar.gz)
- 3. Click **Restore backup**

14.2. Firmware Update

Network administrator updates (upgrades or downgrades) AP device's firmware via web UI.

	guration Certificate	Administration Firmware Upda	Tools	About		
			F	irmware Up	late	
ash Firmware	i.					
load an Firmware i	mage file t	o reflash the de	vices			
		Browse.				
	Keep N	etwork Address	settings only	O Full Factory Res	et.	
Keep all settings						

- 1. Go to Administration > Firmware Update
- 2. Click Browse, then select suitable firmware image file (.bin)
- 3. Select the suitable options under the Browse button; options include Keep all settings - Device keeps all operating setting after updating firmware Keep Network Address settings only - Device keeps IP address, subnet

mask only after updating firmware; the other settings will be restored as default settings

Full Factory Reset - Device restores all setting as default settings after updating firmware

- 4. Click Upload Image
- 5. If uploaded firmware image is valid, click **Proceed** to continue; otherwise, error message will be shown
- 6. Wait unit AP completes updating firmware
- 7. Login with correct username and password, then check the firmware version on **About** > **Product Version**

Caution:

 Do not interrupt the process of firmware update. Please maintain network connection and power supply during updating firmware; otherwise AP may not function.

14.3. Factory Default

Network administrator restores AP device's settings as default settings via web UI.

Status	Confi	guration	Administration	3 – Rest	ore to Fo	actory I	Defau	JIT	
ser Admin 🕴	SNMP , C	Certificate	Firmware Update	Factory Default	Backup / Restore	Customizatio	on License		
				Restore to	o Factory De	efault			
Restore to F	Factory De	fault							
Keep Net	work Add	ress settin	05						
			factory defaults.						
Warning: V	Vireless	network	configurations of	annot be retain	ed.				

- 1. Go to Administration > Factory Default
- 2. Select **Keep Network Address settings** checkbox for keeping IP address and subnet mask settings; otherwise, deselect the checkbox
- 3. Click Restore to Factory Default

14.4. Factory Default Configuration

Customization

Network administrator may create customized settings as factory default settings for AP products. Once the customized configuration file is imported, AP products restore with the customized settings as default settings rather than the original default settings.

F	igu	re 14	4 – Det	ault C	ontigur	ation (Custor	mizatior	1
Status	Co	figuration	Administration	Tools	About				
User Admin	SNMP	Certificate	Firmware Update	Factory Default	Backup / Restore	Customization	License		
Default Co	nfigurat	ion							
			Dei	ault Config	juration Cus	tomization			
Default	Config	uration	Customizatio	n					
Here you o	an uploa	d a customi	zation profile and in	estall it.					
		omization T	Contraction of the second						
Product Cu			designation of the						
Fibbott Co	iscomizat	on Pronie:	Browse						
									Install

- 1. Go to Administration > Customization > Default Configuration Customization
- 2. Click <u>Product Customization Template</u> to download configuration template file (.tar.gz)
- 3. Use 7-zip software to open the template file, and edit the files in the factory_default.zip.
- 4. Edit system, network, and wireless files with the desired settings;

system	Contain settings about SNMP, syslog etc
network	Contain network settings about all interfaces, such as
	IP address, VLAN enabling, and STPetc.
wireless	Contain settings about radio interfaces, including
	radio enabling, WLAN settings etc

- 5. Save the modified files
- 6. Go to Administration > Customization > Default Configuration Customization
- 7. Click Browse, then select the modified customization file
- 8. Click Install

Caution:

 Do not unzip the file during edit; otherwise, error may appear after uploading the customization file. 7-zip is recommended software to use in customization.

Note:

- Customization will take effect after reboot. Since improper customization may cause malfunction of AP, please contact our support team for any queries.

15. SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a Network management protocol used almost exclusively in TCP/IP networks. SNMP provides a means to monitor and control network devices, and to manage configurations, statistics collection, performance, and security.

		y Default - Eackup / F	Assore Customization Lisense		
		SNMP Configu	ration		
	Enable SNMP:				
	Read Community:	public			
	Write Community:		5how		
Trap Host ID	Trap Host	Trap Port	Trap Community	Enable	Detai
1	NA	162	public	No	3
2	NA	162	public	No	
3	NA	162	public	NÓ	4
4	NA	162	public	NO	1

- 1. Go to Administration > User Admin > SNMP
- 2. Select **Enable SNMP** checkbox to enable SNMP function
- 3. Type in suitable string in **Read Community**; the string of **Read Community** between Network Manage System (NMS) and AP must be identical, otherwise, NMS cannot get information from AP. *public* is default setting.
- 4. Type in suitable string in **Write Community**; the string of **Write Community** between Network Manage System (NMS) and AP must be identical, otherwise, NMS cannot modify AP's setting. *netman* is default setting.
- 5. Click **Submit**
- 6. Click Save & Apply

Note:

- AP support up to four trap host at the same time. The information about trap hosts will be listed in the trap host table

16. Logging Configuration

16.1. System Logs

Figure 146 – Syslog Setting

Enable Syslog: Server IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Severity:	Informational v
able Historical Statistics:	
Sampling Frequency:	30
	37

- 1. Go to Configuration > System > Logging Settings
- 2. Select **Enable Syslog** checkbox to enable system logging function
- 3. Type in IP address of the remote syslog server that AP sends system logs instantaneously. 0.0.0.0 denote that AP saves the syslog in its local memory
- 4. Specify severity level of log that AP stores / send to remote syslog server; options include:

Emergency - A "panic" condition usually affecting multiple apps/servers/sites. At this level it would usually notify all tech staff on call.

Alert - Should be corrected immediately, therefore notify staff who can fix the problem. An example would be the loss of a primary ISP connection.

Critical - Should be corrected immediately, but indicates failure in a secondary system, an example is a loss of a backup ISP connection

Error - Non-urgent failures, these should be relayed to developers or admins; each item must be resolved within a given time.

Warning - Warning messages, not an error, but indicate that an error will occur if action is not taken, e.g. file system 85% full - each item must be resolved within a given time.

Notice - Events that are unusual but not error conditions - might be summarized in an email to developers or admins to spot potential problems - no immediate action required.

Informational - Normal operational messages - may be harvested for reporting, measuring throughput, etc. - no action required. (Default Setting) Debug - Info useful to developers for debugging the application, not useful during operations.

- 5. Click Submit
- 6. Click **Save & Apply**

16.2. Historical Statistic

Figure 147 – Historical Statistics Setting

Logging Settings	
Enable Syslog: Server IP Address: Severity:	0 . 0 . 0 Informational
Enable Historical Statistics: Sampling Frequency:	30 ▼ (s)

- 1. Go to Configuration > System > Logging Settings
- 2. Select **Enable Historical Statistics** checkbox to enable AP statistics function
- 3. Select the sampling time of statistics; options include:

le

- 5s 5 second per sample
- 10s 10 second per sample
- 30s 30 second per sample

(Default Setting)

- 4. Click Submit
- 5. Click **Save & Apply**

17. Monitor Your AP Device

17.1. System Status Overview

S	ystem	Network(Switch Mod	le)		More>>
System Name:	NA	Ethernet			
Product Name:	WiFi Bridge	IPv4 DHCP Client:	Disabled		
CPU Usage:	9%	IPv4 Address:	192.168.1.222		
lemory Usage:	23/236 MB (10%)	IPv4 Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
ime of Day:	Fri Oct 27 13:46:53	IPv4 Default Gateway	y: 192.168.1.1		
	2017	IPv4 DNS Server:	NA		
Jptime:	00h 54min 01s	Interfaces(3)			
		Ethernet (eth0)	22.42.4	T i t -	
Remote	Management	MAC:	00:19:be:a3:3f:88	Transmit:	734.7KB (1.9Kbps)
Remote Management: OFF		Link:	Auto (Full 1000Mb/s)	Receive:	190.5KB (0.8Kbps)
		Radio0(2.4G) MAC:	00:19:be:a3:3f:8a	Mode:	4.0
		MAC: Channel:		WLANS:	AP
			2412MHz(Channel 1)		1
		Wireless Mode:	2.4GHz 216.7Mbps(802.11ng HT2)	-	0
		Noise Level:	-91 dBm	Busy:	<u>19%(</u> 21%)
		Transmit Power:	23 dBm		
		Transmit:	0.0KB (0.0Kbps)		
		Receive:	0.0KB (0.0Kbps)		
		Radio1(5G)			
		MAC:	00:19:be:a3:3f:8b	Mode:	AP
		Channel:	5180MHz(Channel 36)	WLANs:	1
		Wireless Mode:	5GHz 1.3Gbps(802.11ac HT80)	Clients:	0
		Noise Level:	-103 dBm	Busy:	1%(4%)
		Transmit Power:	24 dBm		
		Transmit:	0.2KB (0.0Kbps)		
		Receive:	32.3KB (0.0Kbps)		

Status overview provides the summary of vital information on the device's status. Information includes system status, thin AP status, network status, and interfaces status.

System Status

Figure 149 – System Status

S	ystem
System Name:	NA
Product Name:	A3c
CPU Usage:	2%
Memory Usage:	26/109 MB (24%)
Time of Day:	Wed Mar 18 11:34:20 2015
Uptime:	1d 02h 17min 50s

System status provides basic information and real time status of device.

System Name – Name represents the device in Wi-Fi network; it is customized by network administrator.

Product Name - Device's product name

CPU Usage – indicate that how many CPU resources the device is currently using

Memory Usage – indicate that how many memory resources the device is currently using

Time of Day – system time of device

Uptime – indicate operation time of device from last time boot up / reboot

Thin AP

ThinAP					
Thin AP:	ON				
AC IP Address:	NA				
AC Assocation Status:	Unassociated				
AC IP Address: (DHCP Option 43)	0.0.0				
AC IP Address: DHCP Option 60)	0.0.0				
AC Online Time:	0 (s)				

Thin AP - indicate status of thin AP feature

AC IP Address – indicate the controller's IP address that AP connect

AC Association Status – indicate association status between controller and AP

AC IP Address (DHCP Option 43) – indicate the controller's IP address that acquired from DHCP server with DHCP Option 43

AC IP Address (DHCP Option 60) – indicate the controller's IP address that acquired from DHCP server with DHCP Option 60

AC Online Time – indicate the AC online time

Networks

Networks provide basic information about Layer 3 status.

Switch Mode

Figure 151 – Network (Switch Mode)

Network(Switch Mode)			More>>
Ethernet				
IPv4 DHCP Client:	Disabled	IPv6 DHCP Client:	Disabled	
IPv4 Address:	10.6.122.101	IPv6 Address:	NA	
IPv4 Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	IPv6 Default Gateway:	NA	
IPv4 Default Gateway:	10.6.122.1	IPv6 DNS Server:	NA	
IPv4 DNS Server:	10.6.127.4			

IPv4 DHCP Client – indicate whether device's IP address is assigned by DHCP server or not

IPv4 Address - Current IPv4 address of device

IPv4 Subnet Mask - indicate the subnetwork device belongs to

IPv4 Default Gateway – indicate a node that helps device to another network.

 $\ensuremath{\text{IPv4}}$ DNS Server - indicate a node that provides DNS service for the device

The following information is available if IPv6 option is enabled.

IPv6 DHCP Client – indicate whether device's IP address is assigned by IPv6 DHCP server or not

IPv6 Address - Current IPv6 address of device

IPv6 Default Gateway – indicate a node that helps device to another network.

 $\ensuremath{\text{IPv6}}$ DNS $\ensuremath{\text{Server}}$ - indicate a node that provides DNS service for the device

Gateway Mode

Figure 152 – Network (Gateway Mode)

Network(Gateway Mo	de)		More>>
WAN - eth0			
IPv4 DHCP Client:	Disabled		
IPv4 Address:	10.6.122.101		
IPv4 Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
IPv4 Default Gateway:	10.6.122.1		
IPv4 DNS Server:	10.6.127.4		
LAN - eth1			
IP Address:	192.168.98.1	NAT:	Enabled
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	DHCP Server:	Disabled

WAN Interface

IPv4 DHCP Client – indicate whether device's IP address is assigned by DHCP server or not

IPv4 Address – Current IPv4 address of device on WAN

IPv4 Subnet Mask – indicate the subnetwork device belongs to

IPv4 Default Gateway – indicate a node that helps device to another network.

IPv4 DNS Server - indicate a node that provides DNS service for the device

LAN Interface **IP Address** - Current IP address of device on LAN **Subnet Mask** – indicate the subnetwork device belongs to **NAT** – indicate whether device performs network address translation (NAT) or not **DHCP Server** - indicate whether built-in DHCP server is enabled or not

Interfaces

Interfaces provide the real time status of all interfaces on the AP device.

Ethernet (eth0)							
MAC:	00:19:be:a3:08:24	Transmit:	583.00KB (2.12Kbp				
Link:	Auto (Full 1000Mb/s)	Receive:	107.85KB (1.12Kbps)				
Ethernet (eth1)							
MAC:	00:19:be:a3:08:25	Transmit:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)				
Link:	Manual (Disconnected)	Receive:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)				
Radio0(2.4G)							
MAC:	00:19:be:a3:08:26	Mode:	AP				
Channel:	2412MHz(Channel 1)	WLANS:	3				
Wireless Mode:	2.4GHz 216.7Mbps(802.11ng HT20)	Clients:	0				
Noise Level:	-109 dBm	Busy:	35%(42%)				
Transmit Power:	10 dBm						
Transmit:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)						
Receive:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)						
Radio1(5G)							
MAC:	00:19:be:a3:08:27	Mode:	AP				
Channel:	5180MHz(Channel 36)	WLANs:	1				
Wireless Mode:	5GHz 600Mbps(802,11ac HT40+)	Clients:	Ö				
Noise Level:	-94 dBm	Busy:	5%(5%)				
Transmit Power:	10 dBm						
Transmit:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)						
Receive:	0.00KB (0.00Kbps)						

Figure 153 – Interfaces

Ethernet (eth0) / Ethernet (eth1)

MAC – MAC address of Ethernet 0/1 interface

Link – indicate the status and operating mode of Ethernet 0/1

Transmit – indicate the traffic and instant throughput of transmission on Ethernet 0/1

Receive – indicate the traffic and instant throughput of receive operation on Ethernet 0 / 1

Radio0 (2.4G) / Radio1 (5G)

MAC – MAC address of Radio 0 interface

Channel – indicate operating frequency (channel) of Radio 0/1 **Wireless Mode** – indicate 802.11 standards that Radio 0/1 operates **Noise Level** – indicate the noise level in terms of dBm of operating channel

Transmission Power – indicate the total transmission power of Radio 0/1

Transmit – indicate the traffic and instant throughput of transmission on Radio 0/1

Receive – indicate the traffic and instant throughput of receive operation on Radio 0/1

Mode – indicate operating mode of Radio 0/1

WLANs - indicate the number of operating WLAN on Radio 0/1 (AP mode and Repeater Mode only)

Clients - indicate the number of clients that Radio 0/1 servers currently (AP mode and Repeater mode only)

Connection – indicate connection status between Radio 0/1 and remote AP (Station mode only)

AP SSID – indicate the SSID that station associates with (Station mode only)

AP SNR – indicate received SNR from remote AP (Station mode only) **Busy** – indicate busy of operating channel

17.2. Radio0 (2.4G) / Radio1 (5G) Status

Radio0 (2.4G) / Radio1 (5G) Status Information

	Radio	0(2.4	KG)	Rad	101(1	G)		met																	
itus	As	soci	ation	List																					
											Stat	tus I	Infor	mat	ion										
Radio S	Settin	as.															1	uto R	efresh	Inter	val: 1	D		¥ (s	
Radio !		Ś.,			08									Mode						AP					
MAC A					-	19:b		08-26						Country Code						HONG KONG					
Radio								innel 1	15								ansmit		c			dBm			
Wireles	s Mod	le								2.11ng	HT20)													
Channe	l Usa	ge l	ist [Ope	rati	ng Cl	hann	el: 24	11	MHz	(Char	nel 1))]												
	Tx%				R	e%				Busy	%		N	alse Fl	oor(d	Bm)		Interf	erenc	e Miti	gation	Offse	et(0-5	odB)	
	4				1	99				44			-10	9[-109	/-109/-	101]		þ	C				Apply		
Nearby Note: I		atio				d at	rece		5 2		aratin Auth I	1	nnel a		io sca	nning	j on ol Cha		hann	els). Rate(Kbps		SNR(dB)	
н	CSPpub	lew	PA		3	c:ce:7	3:94	bb:20			wpa2	-psk		a	es		-1				000		7		
	HKSPp					c:ce:7					op				ald		4				000		7		
	FI.HK V														alid		1				000		8		
	KWI-FI					0:19:t					ope				alid		1				000		9		
	erwifi N							:7f:ed			ope				ald		3				000		ļi		
	tm500					0:11:0					wpaz				es es					300000			17		
	(SPpub							:9f:2b			wpa wpa2				85		1			100	000	18			
	HKSPD		ra -					:91:20 :91:2a			WD82				alid		1			54000			18		
	WLAN				ac:cf:23:00:ba:34					Wba2				do		ĩ				200	18				
Wi-I	R.HK vi	a HI	STP		00:0b:85:80:9f:27					ope				alid	1				54	000		19			
	asBo	Bo			22:19:be:30:4c:1e						wp	a2		а	es		1			130000			19		
	asgu	est			0	0:19:8	e:30	4c:1e			wpa2	-psk		a	aes 1				130000			19			
	NA				0	0:0b:8	85:80	:9f:2c			wpa2	-psk		a	es		1	1		54000			19		
Sup	erwifi N		ork O					77:44			ope				alid		d				000	20			
	A8_T					0:19:1					wpa2			aes			1 5400				20				
	asw							4c:1e			wp							130000			20				
Sup	wrap_		YK U					:fa:5b			004			invalid I				144400				21			
	tmSi					4:75:0					wpaz			aès I				30000			23				
	swrt23							:00:ea			wpa2			aes 1						000		25			
	wrt232				0	2:19:8	e:28	:00:ea			wpa				ip.					54	000		25		
Sup	erwifi N	letwo	rk 0		0	0:19:t	xe:28	:00:e2			op	m		inv	alid		3	t		216	700		31		
	Altai-O	PEN			00:19:be:81:12:47					ope	in		inv	alid		1	i		130	000		-43			
	jiaojun	psk			02:19:be:81:12:47						wpa2			-0	es						000		44		
	altai_0							06:20		= 13	oper/s				ep		4				700		55		
	erwifi N							1c:24			ope				alid		4				000		57		
a	tai_neb	work	x		0	0:19:0	e:a3	:06:2a			ope	n		inv	alid		3			216	700		62		
Tx/Rx	Statis	tics	[Re	set]																					
Rate (1		2			.5		11		6	9		12		18	24		36		48		54	
Tx			100		0		7)		0		0	0		0		0	0		0		0		0	
								-				·			-		2					-			
MCS Tx%	0	10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16 0	17	18	19 0	20	21	22	23	
Rx96	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Fra		Тур	2				Co	ot	rol Fra	ame			M	anage		Frame				Data	e Fran	ie .		
		Tx ⁴								0						0						0			

Radio Settings

Radio Status – indicate the current status of Radio 0/1 interface **MAC** – MAC address of Radio 0/1 interface

Radio Channel - indicate operating frequency (channel) of Radio 0/1 Wireless Mode – indicate 802.11 standards that Radio 0/1 operates Mode – indicate operating mode of Radio 0/1

Country Code – indicate country code setting of Radio 0/1

Transmission Power – indicate the total transmission power of Radio 0/1

Channel Usage List

Tx(%) – average transmit frames percentage of operating channel

Rx(%) – average receive frames percentage of operating channel **Busy (%)** – average busy state percentage of operating channel **Noise Floor (dBm)** – indicate noise floor of operating channel and noise floor of chain 0, chain 1, and chain 2 on the control channel; if operating with 40MHz bandwidth, it shows the noise floor of chain 0, chain 1, and chain 2 on the extension channel as well.

Interference Mitigation Offset (0-50dB) – signal offset option that will mask all noise / valid signal below 0-50 dB; 0 denotes disabled

Nearby AP List

If Nearby AP List is enabled, device collects nearby AP information and builds Nearby AP List from all beacon frames received during operation. Information shows the SSID, BSSID, authentication mode, cipher mode, operating channel, data rate, and received SNR of collected APs.

Tx/Rx Statistics

This statistic shows traffic distribution about Radio 0/1 interface. The statistical data includes distribution in terms of data rate and frame type for all incoming and outgoing data frame via Radio 0/1 interface.

Radio0 (2.4G) / Radio1 (5G) Association List

atus Ass	ociation List		Associati	on Liet			
			Associati	UT LISC			
WLAN							Refresh
WLAN ID	SSID	MAC Address	Auth Mode	Cipher	#Clients	Throughput	Total Traffic
0	Superwifi Net. work 0	00:19:be:a3:08:26	open	invalid	D	TX: 0.00Kbps RX: 0.00Kbps	TX: 0.00KB TX: 0.00KB
1	Superwifi Net work 0	02:19:be:a3:08:26	open	invalid	0	TX: 0.00Kbps RX: 0.00Kbps	TX: 0.00KB TX: 0.00KB
2	Superwift Net. work 0	12:19:be:a3:08:26	open	invalid	0	TX: 0.00Kbps RX: 0.00Kbps	TX: 0.00KB TX: 0.00KB
				Total	o	TX: 0.00Kbps RX: 0.00Kbps	TX: 0.00KB RX: 0.00KB
Station List 5	NR Distribution	6 T					
STA ID *	MAC Addr	ess IP Address	SNR(dB)	RSSI(dBm)	Throughpu	it Traffic	Data Rate
Roque Statio	n List		This section contai	ns no values yet	* Only first 50 stat	ions are listed. See	rch Station here.
	ILAN		MAC Address			Unblock	

WAN

It shows the current status of all operating WLAN on Radio 0/1 interface. The information includes WLAN ID, SSID, MAC Address, authentication mode, cipher mode, number of associated clients, instant throughput, and total traffic of each operating WLAN respectively.

Station List

It shows the real time status of first 50 associated stations. The status includes Station ID, MAC Address, IP address, SNR(dB) of uplink, RSSI

(dBm) of uplink, instant throughput, cumulated traffic of uplink and downlink, and instant data rate of uplink and downlink for each associated station respectively.

Rouge Station List

It lists out the stations that can potentially disrupt wireless networks and can sometimes cause irrevocable damage to the network owners. Network administrator inputs the rogue station's MAC address manually or selects any station from the station List by clicking **b**.

Radio0 (2.4G) / Radio1 (5G) Connection Info

This information is available on Station mode and Repeater mode only.

Figure	e 156 – Rad	dio0 (2	2.4G) Co	onnecti	on Info				
Status Configuration	Administration Too 5G) Ethernet Logs	ls	About						
Status - Association List -	tatus - Association List - Connection Info								
Connection Info									
STA Info									
MAC Address	Auth Mode	Unica	ast Cipher	Multicast Cip	her	State			
00:19:be:a3:08:26	open		wep	wep		Enabled			
AP Info									
MAC Address SSID S	NR (dB) RSSI (dBm)	Channel	Max DataRate (Mbps)	Throughput	Data Rate	Connected Status			
NA altai_guest	-59	NA	NA	Tx: 0.21Kbps Rx: 0.00Kbps	Tx: 52.73Kbps Rx: 0.98Kbps	Disconnected			

STA Info

It shows station information on Radio 0. The information includes MAC Address, Authentication Mode, Unicast Cipher, Multicast Cipher, and State.

AP Info

It shows remote AP information on Radio 0. The information includes MAC Address, SSID, SNR (dB), RSSI (dBm), Channel, Max Data Rate, Throughput of uplink and downlink, Data Rate of uplink and downlink, and Connected Status.

17.3. Ethernet Status

Status erview Rade	Configuration Adr co(2,4G) Radio1(5G)			herne	et Status	;		
atus Ethernet Status								
Port	MAC Address	Auto-negotiation	Speed	Duplex	Link Detected	Throughput	Traffic	
eth0	00:19:be:a3:08:24	ON	1000Mb/s	Full	Yes	Tx: 3.52Kbps Rx: 1.05Kbps	Tx: 2.23MB Rx: 335.60KB	
eth1	00:19:be:a3:08:25	OFF	10Mb/s	Half	No	Tx: 0.00Kbps Rx: 0.00Kbps	Tx: 0.00KB Rx: 0.00KB	

It shows the current status of Ethernet interfaces. The information includes Port, MAC Address, Auto-negotiation, Speed, Duplex, Link Detected, instant throughput of uplink and downlink and traffic of of uplink and downlink on Ethernet 0 and Ethernet 1 respectively.

18. Tools for Deployment / Operation /

Troubleshooting

18.1. System Logs



In order to realize easier monitoring and diagnosis, AP products provide log function for system information, association activity, and alarm event.

syslog – records the information about system information, such as software, hardware, system configuration, and self-checking result

wifi – records the information about association activity, such as association, dissociation, and roaming event

alarm – records the alert information of AP device, such as radio down, too high CPU usage

Note:

 System logs are the vital information for our engineer for troubleshooting. It is highly recommended that system logging MUST be enabled

Download system logs



1. Click <u>Download Logs</u> from the top on the right

OR

- 1. Go to Status > Logs
- 2. Click <u>Download Logs</u>

18.2. Historical Statistic

Network administrator and engineer monitor collect the historical statistical data about system, interfaces, wireless condition, and wireless client information from AP

Download historical statistical data

- 1. Go to **Status** > **Logs**
- 2. Click <u>Download Historical Data</u>

18.3. Channel Scan

Network administrator and engineer collect the status of 2.4GHz radio and 5GHz radio in the surrounding area. Throughout this tool, network administrator and engineer collect noise floor, percentage of channel busy, and the number of BSS in particular radio channels.

Figu	re 1				nne	el So		Re	sult	(O)	ver	/iev	√)
Channel Scan Dilign	asis Wa												
Radio0(2.4G)	Radio1(56)											
					Ch	annel	Scan						
			5	Start Scan Duration can Status Scan Time	(100-10 Success	00)me	52:44 201	5					
					Chann	tel Sca	in Res	ult					
Overview 000	UK.												
Channel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Noise Floor	-109	-96	-96	-106	-106	-96	-111	-112	-112	-112	-112	-108	-96
Busy %	41	69	87	96	97	95	93	49	87	42	56	13	81
No. of AP	21	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	0	2

AP shows the channel scan result into Overview tab and AP List tab.

Overview Tab – displays general information from channel 1 to channel 11. Information includes noise floor, percentage of channel busy, and the number of BSS on each channel respectively.

AP List Tab - displays information scanned WLAN; information includes SSID, BSSID, authentication Mode, cipher, channel, rate in kbps, and received SNR (dB)

- 2.4G Radio: Go to Tools > Channel Scan > Radio0(2.4G)
 5G Radio: Go to Tools > Channel Scan > Radio1(5G)
- 2. Enter scan interval from 100ms to 1000ms in **Duration**; this entry is optional
- 3. Click Start Scan
- 4. Wait until Scan Status is changed from *In Process* to Success; it will take for 20 seconds approximately

Note:

- Wi-Fi service will be interrupted during channel scan

18.4. Ping Test

Network administrator and engineer test the reachability of a host and measures the round-trip time between AP and the host over an Internet Protocol (IP) network by using ping tool.

	Ping Test		
Ping IP Address/Host Name:	3 /#		
Packet Count:			
	(1 40000)		
Packet Size:	56 @m.st.toorween."		
			Start Sto
	-Y - 3.34	Ping IP Address/Host Name:	Ping IP Address-Host Name: (incarple swwn.domen.com) Packet Count: (1,0000) Packet Size: 56

- 1. Go to Tools > Diagnosis > Ping
- 2. Type target IP address / host name in Ping IP Address/Host Name
- 3. Specify how many ICMP (ping) packet that AP sends to the target host in **Packet Count**; 4 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 4. Specify the packet size of ICMP packet in **Packet Size**; 56 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Click Start
- 6. Click **Stop** to terminate ping test if necessary

18.5. Traceroute Test

Network administrator tests the route (path) and measuring transit delays of packets across an Internet Protocol (IP) network by using traceroute test.

Destination IP Address/Host Name:	Traceroute Test	-	
	 (example www.comam.com) 		
Enable Resolve IP addresses:			
Timeout:	0	(1-1906)	
Pings Per TTL:	β	(1-100)	
Maximum TTL:	30	(1-100)	
Dutput			Start Sta
o results returned			

- 1. Go to Tools > Diagnosis > traceroute
- 2. Type target IP address / host name in **Destination IP Address/Host** Name
- 3. Click **Enable Resolve IP addresses** checkbox to enable IP address to domain name translation; this entry is optional
- 4. Specify timeout interval between 1s and 100s in **Timeout** for traceroute test; this entry is optional
- 5. Specify TTL value between 1 and 100 in **Pings Per TTL**; 3 is default setting. This entry is optional
- 6. Specify TTL value between 1 and 100 in **Maximum TTL**; 30 is default setting. This entry is optional
- 7. Click Start
- 8. Click **Stop** to terminate ping test if necessary

18.6. Tcpdump

AP provides a tool to capture packets that passing through a particular interface. It helps network administrator for troubleshooting.

ing	Tracetoute	Tcpdump			
			Tcpdump Tool		
		interface:	Radio1(5G) - WLAN1	×	
		Packet Count:	B0 (1.3000000)	×	
		Capture File Size:	100 (1-200M6lyze)		
		Capture Status:	Ready		

- 1. Go to Tools > Diagnosis > Tcpdump
- 2. Select suitable interface in Interface
- 3. Specify maximum number of packet in **Packet Count**; this entry is optional
- 4. Specify maximum file size in Capture File Size; this entry is optional
- 5. Click Start
- 6. Click **Stop** to terminate ping test if necessary
- 7. Download capture file after finished.

18.7. Watchdog

Watchdog is an electronic timer that is used to detect and recover from system malfunctions. That is timer for periodic reboot.

Schedule Reboot

Figure 1	64 – Schedule Reboot
	xols About
Channel Scan Diagnosis Watchdog	
Schedule Reboot - Ping Watchdog	
	Schedule Reboot
Periodic Reboot	
Random Delay	
Schedule Mode	Sun Mon Tues Wed Thur
	□ Fri □ Sat 00:00 ∨
Periodic Mode	0 (Days)
	0-30Days, 0 means Periodic mode disabled.
Periodic Upload Log	
Random Delay	
FTP Server User Name	
FTP Server Password	Show
FTP Server IP Address	
FTP Server Port	
Schedule Mode	
Schedule mode	□ Fri □ Sat 00:00 ▼
Periodic Mode	
Periodic mode	O (Days) O-30Days, 0 means Periodic mode disabled.
	Submit

Periodic reboot

- 1. Go to Tools > Watchdog > Schedule Reboot
- 2. Select **Periodic Reboot** checkbox to enable reboot scheduler
- 3. Select **Radom Delay** checkbox to enable a random delay on scheduled rebooting time. It prevents all APs reboot at the same time; this entry is optional
- Select exact time and day(s) in Schedule Mode for rebooting device; Or select a countdown timer (minute) in Periodic Mode for rebooting device
- 5. Click **Submit**
- 6. Click Save & Apply

Periodic log upload

- 1. Go to Tools > Watchdog > Schedule Reboot
- 2. Select **Periodic Upload Log** checkbox to enable upload log scheduler
- 3. Select **Radom Delay** checkbox to enable a random delay on scheduled rebooting time. It prevents all APs reboot at the same time

- 4. Enter username on **FTP Server User Name** for logging in remote FTP server
- 5. Enter password on **FTP Server Password** for logging in remote FTP server
- 6. Enter IP address of remote FTP server on FTP Server IP Address
- 7. Specify service port of remote FTP server on **FTP Server Port**; 21 is default setting
- Select exact time and day(s) in Schedule Mode for uploading log to FTP server;

Or select a countdown timer (minute) in **Periodic Mode** for uploading log to FTP server

- 9. Click Submit
- 10.Click **Save & Apply**

Ping Watchdog

Ping watchdog is mechanism that AP reboots itself if it fails to communicate (ping) to target host for serval time.

hedule Relacot - Ping Watchdog		
	Ping Watchdog	
Enable Ping Watchdog:		
IP Address To Ping:	0 .0 .0 .0	
Ping Interval:	300	
Startup Delay:	300	
	(2) -800 Seconds)	
Failure Count to Reboot:	3	

- 1. Go to Tools > Watchdog > Ping watchdog
- 2. Click **Enable Ping Watchdog** to enable this function
- 3. Type in IP address of target host in IP Address To Ping
- 4. Enter interval between each ICMP request in **Ping Interval**; 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 5. Specify delay time of each ICMP request in **Startup Delay**; 300 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 6. Specify fail tolerant in **Failure Count to Reboot**; 3 is default setting. This entry is optional.
- 7. Click **Submit**
- 8. Click Save & Apply

19. Product Information

AP product shows the information about product information, hardware, software and company information in **About** tab.

	Figure	166 - Abo	ut
n I	Tools	About	

Status	Configuration	Administration	Tools	About					
Product Version									
		WiFi Brid	lge Dual-b	and 3x3 80	02.11ac WiFi AP				
Product Serial	WiFi Bridge WiFi Bridge SD.A3-EH00-00 Number: A3EH8								
Hardware Ve Version: 1.5	rsion								
Software Ver Version: 2.1.0 MIB: 2.0									

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

FCC ID: 2AU5Y-WIFIAP

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning: Changes or modifications made to this device not expressly approved by Beijing Nodes Network Technology Co., Ltd. may void the FCC authorization to operate this device. Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 45cm between the radiator & your body.