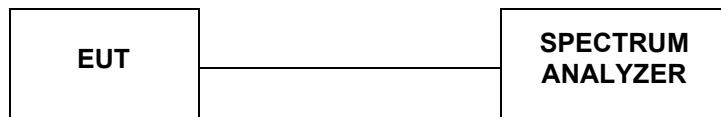


## 4.7. 26dBc Bandwidth

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 for one of the following procedures may be used for Emission Bandwidth (EBW) measurement:

- a. Set RBW = 300 kHz (approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth).
- b. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 1000 KHz (VBW > RBW)
- c. Detector = Peak.
- d. Trace mode = max hold.
- e. Sweep = auto couple.
- f. Allow the trace to stabilize
- g. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

### LIMIT

No Limits for 26dBc Bandwidth

### TEST RESULTS

Type	Channel	99%Bandwidth (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
802.11a	36	17.310	19.840	-	Pass
	40	17.263	19.800		
	48	17.408	20.000		
802.11nHT20	36	17.989	20.000	-	Pass
	40	17.981	20.080		
	48	17.988	20.040		
802.11ac20	36	17.990	20.160	-	Pass
	40	17.981	20.080		
	48	17.978	20.080		
802.11n40	38	36.572	40.240	-	Pass
	46	36.568	40.320		
802.11ac40	38	36.603	40.400	-	Pass
	46	36.590	40.320		

## OBW:

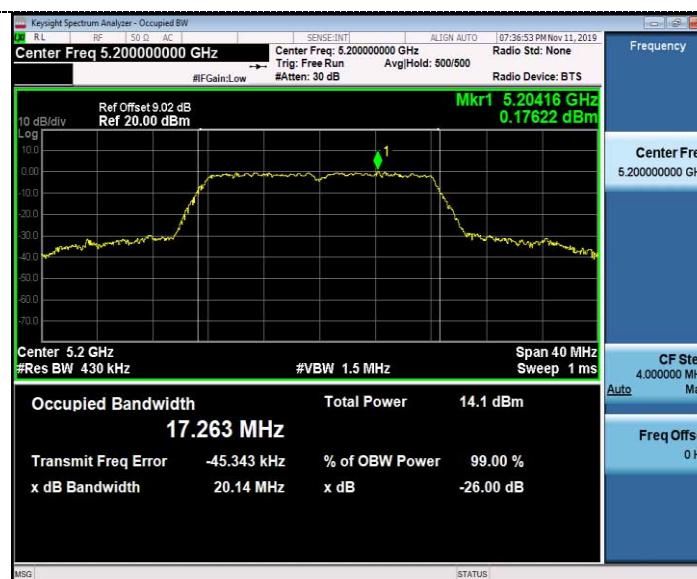
802.11a



802.11n HT20



CH36



CH36



CH40

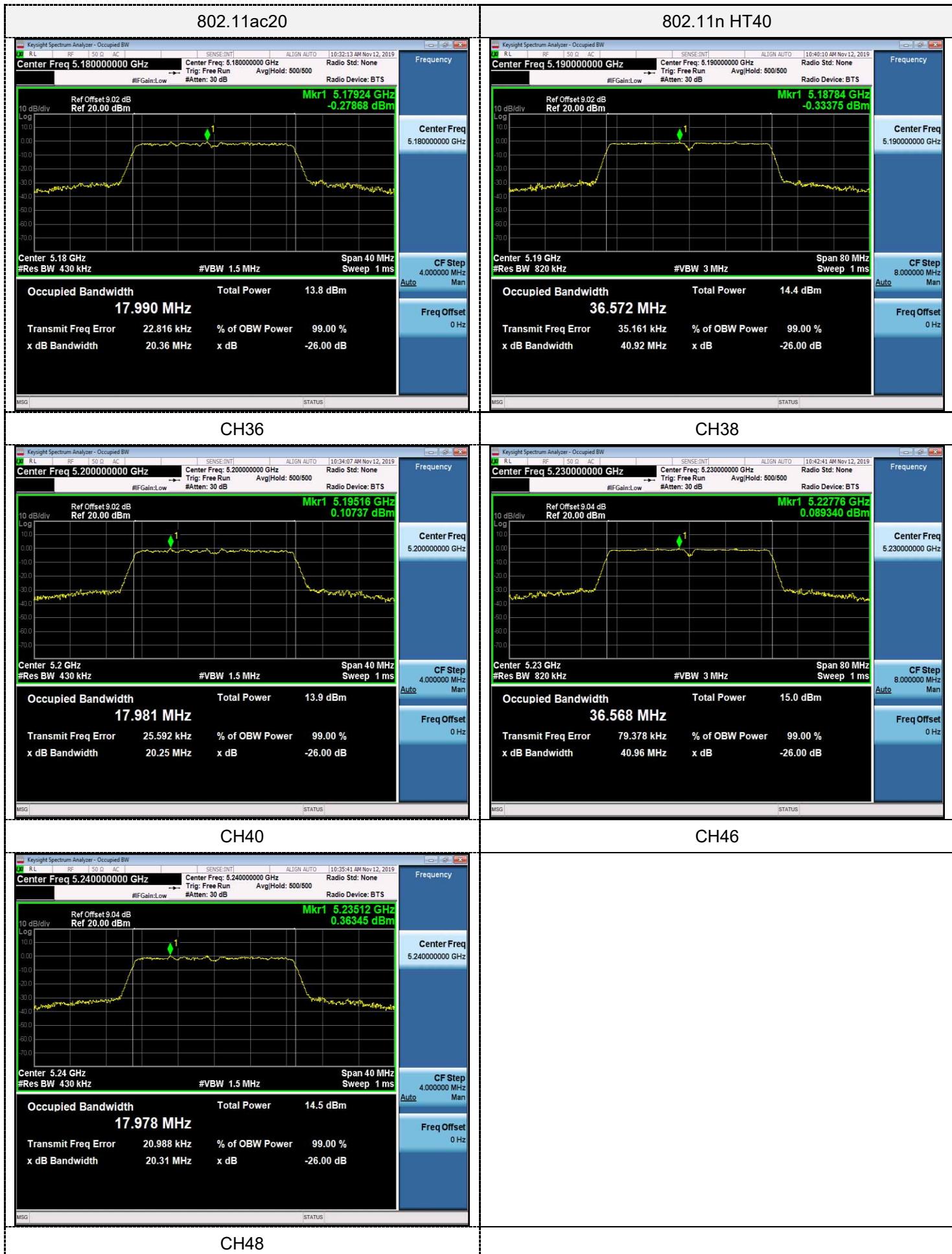


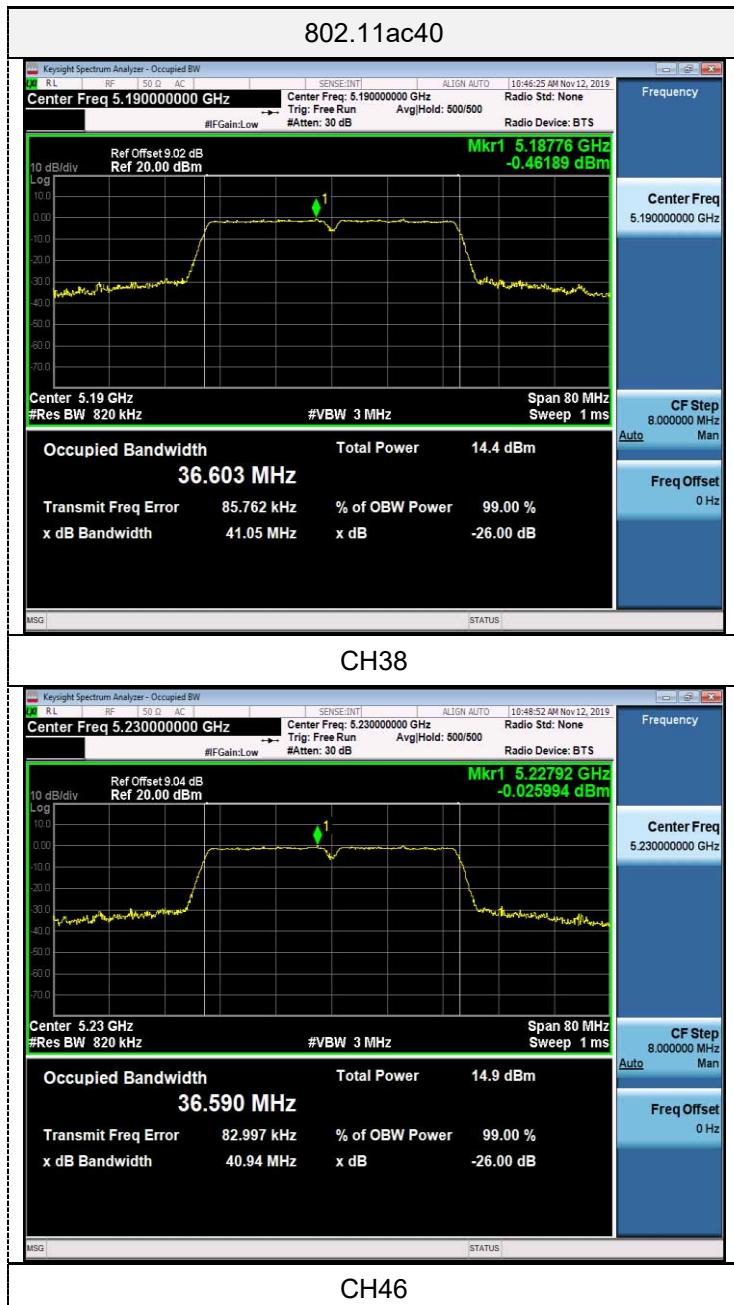
CH40



CH48

CH48





## 26dB Bandwidth:

802.11a



802.11n HT20



CH36



CH36



CH40



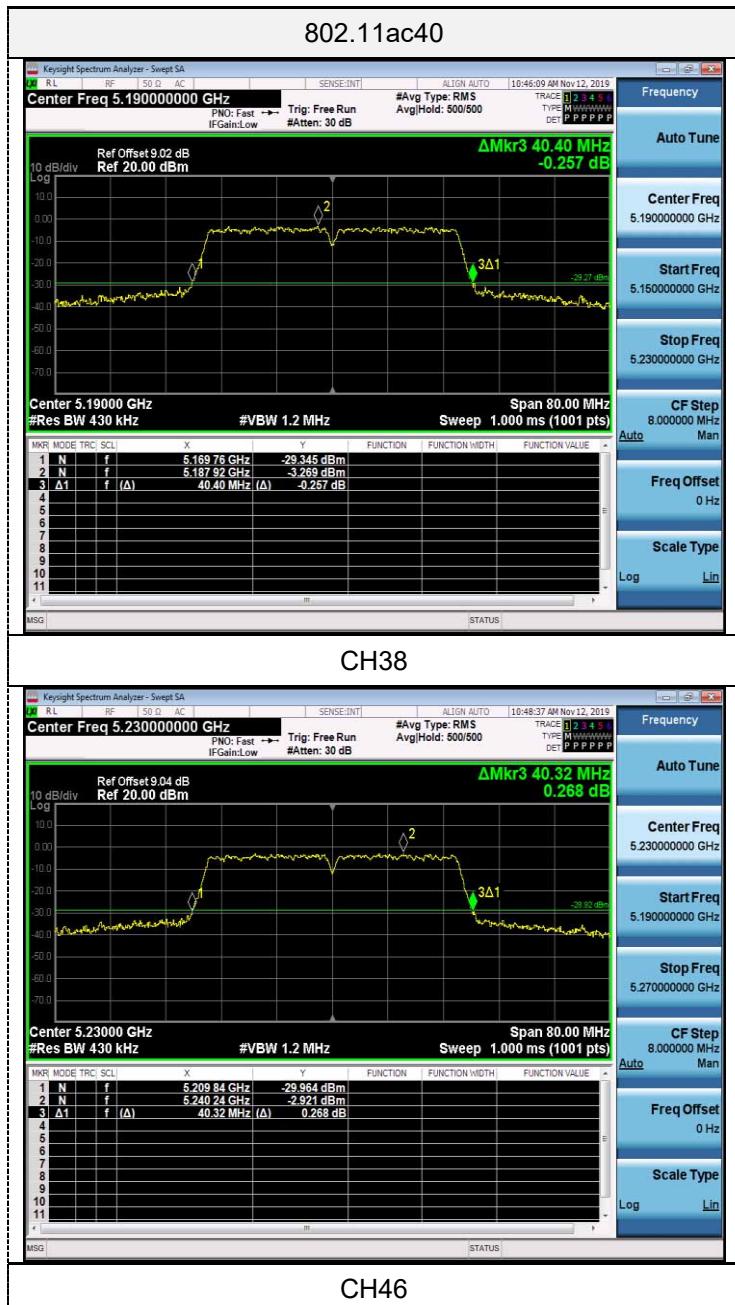
CH40



CH48

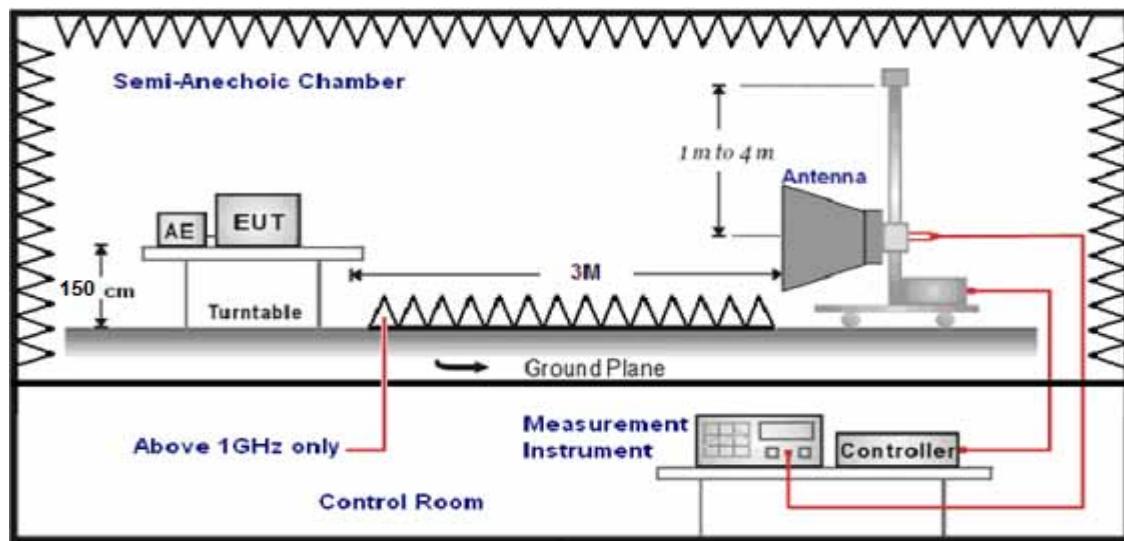
CH48





## 4.8. Band Edge Compliance

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### LIMIT

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Radiated ( $\mu$ V/m)
0.009-0.49	3	20log(2400/F(KHz))+40log(300/3)	2400/F(KHz)
0.49-1.705	3	20log(24000/F(KHz))+ 40log(30/3)	24000/F(KHz)
1.705-30	3	20log(30)+ 40log(30/3)	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

According to §15.407 (b): Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP Limit (dBm)	Equivalent Field Strength at 3m (dB $\mu$ V/m)
5150-5250	-27	68.2
5250-5350	-27	68.2
5470-5725	-27	68.2
5725-5850	-27 (beyond 10MHz of the bandedge)	68.2
	-17 (within 10 MHz of band edge)	78.2

### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
5. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3

6. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-18GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

### Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

### TEST RESULTS

Remark:For radiated bandedge We measured at both mode, recorded worst case at **ant 0** 802.11 a mode;

#### For Radiated Bandedge Measurement

802.11 a/ Channel 36 :5180 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit Line (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4500.0	35.26	35.58	29.04	8.28	50.08	68.20	-18.12	Peak	Horizontal
4500.0	30.19	35.58	29.04	8.28	45.01	54.00	-8.99	AV	Horizontal
5150.0	39.26	35.58	29.04	8.28	54.08	68.20	-14.12	Peak	Horizontal
5150.0	30.68	35.58	29.04	8.28	45.50	54.00	-8.50	AV	Horizontal

802.11 a/ Channel 48 :5240 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit Line (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5350.0	35.01	35.42	29.06	8.39	49.76	68.20	-18.44	Peak	Horizontal
5350.0	30.35	35.42	29.06	8.39	45.10	54.00	-8.90	AV	Horizontal
5460.0	39.13	35.42	29.06	8.39	53.88	68.20	-14.32	Peak	Horizontal
5460.0	30.62	35.42	29.06	8.39	45.37	54.00	-8.63	AV	Horizontal

802.11 a/ Channel 149 :5745 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit Line (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5650.0	35.25	35.29	29.13	8.65	50.06	68.20	-18.14	Peak	Horizontal
5700.0	30.35	35.29	29.13	8.65	45.16	68.20	-23.04	Peak	Horizontal
5720.0	39.00	35.29	29.13	8.65	53.81	68.20	-14.39	Peak	Horizontal
5725.0	30.48	35.29	29.13	8.65	45.29	68.20	-22.91	Peak	Horizontal

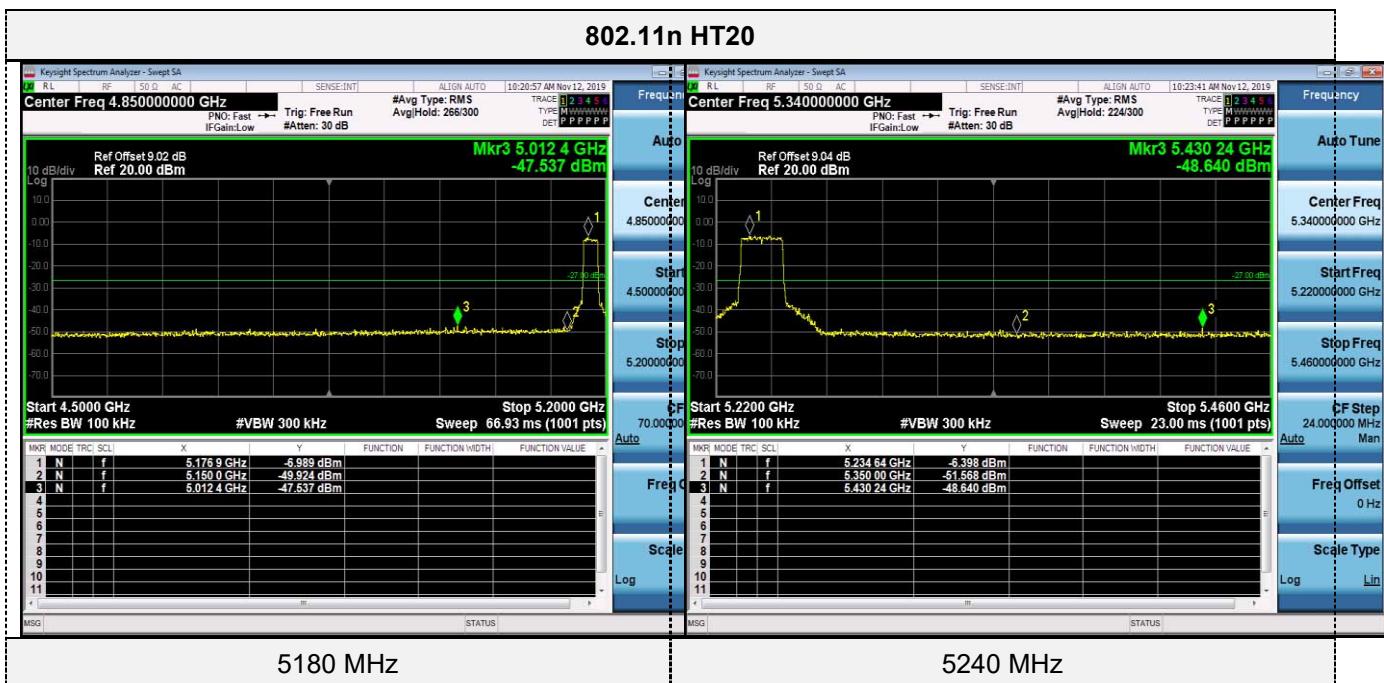
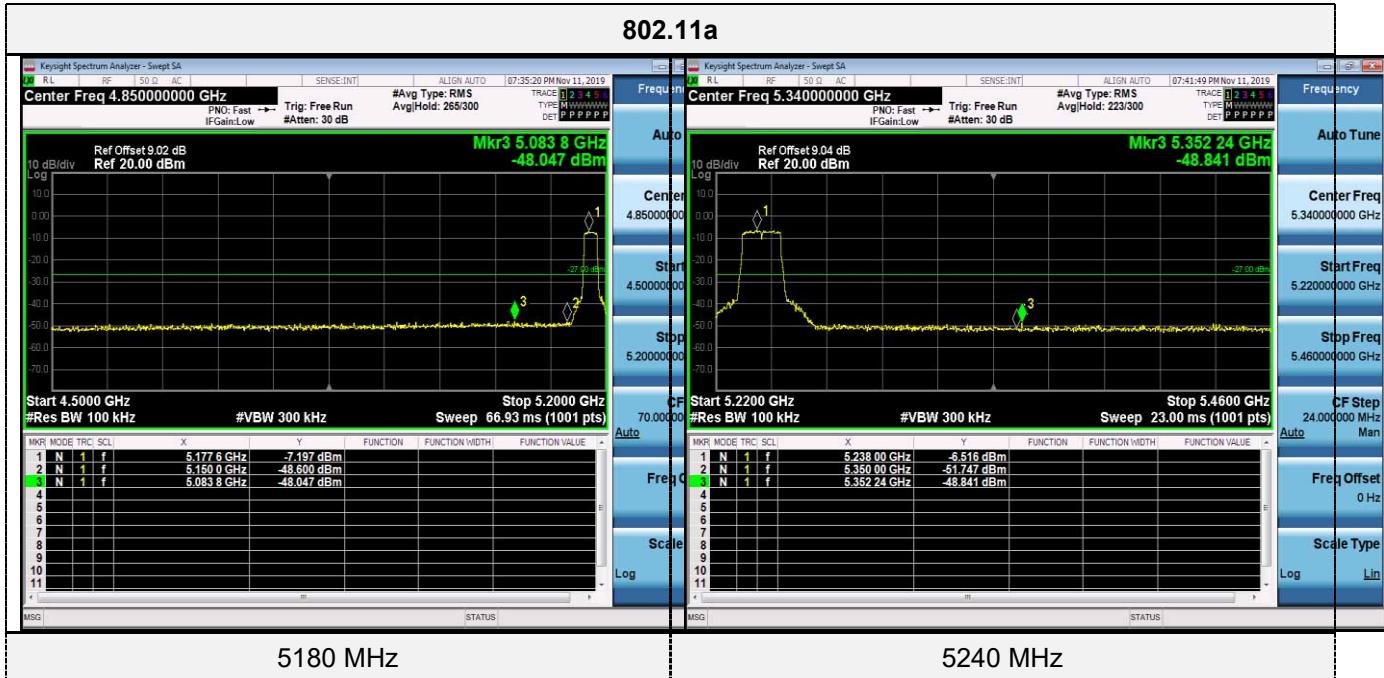
802.11 a/ Channel 165 :5825 MHz									
Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit Line (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
5850.0	35.15	35.29	29.18	8.80	50.06	68.20	-18.14	Peak	Horizontal
5855.0	30.41	35.29	29.18	8.80	45.32	68.20	-22.88	Peak	Horizontal
5875.0	39.27	35.29	29.18	8.80	54.18	68.20	-14.02	Peak	Horizontal
5925.0	30.66	35.29	29.18	8.80	45.57	68.20	-22.63	Peak	Horizontal

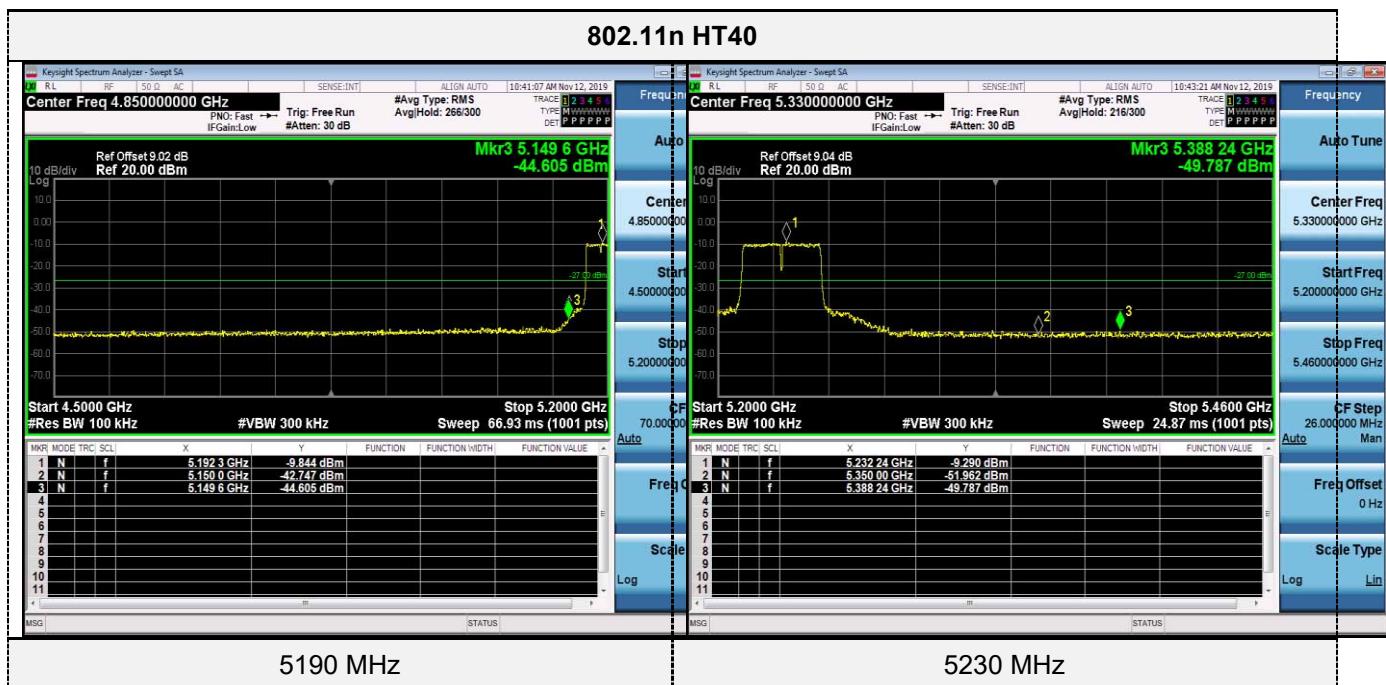
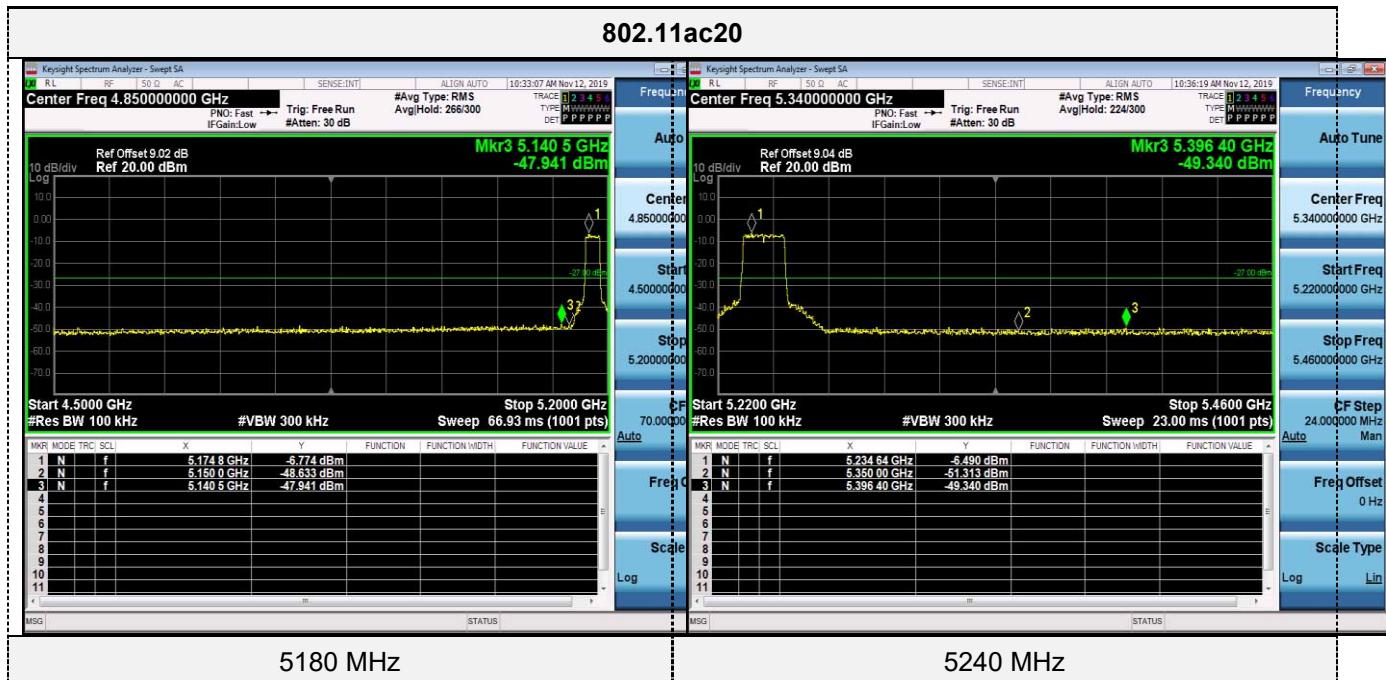
#### REMARKS:

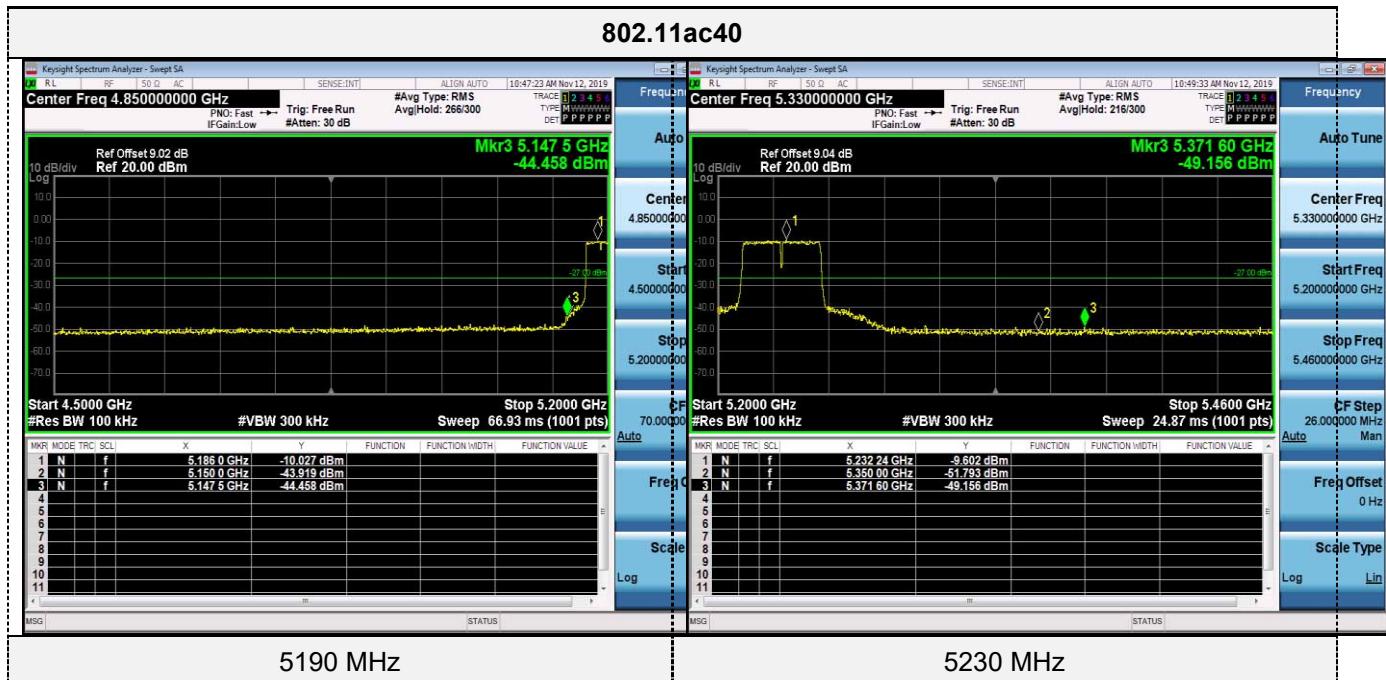
1. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - PRM Factor.
2. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
3. The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.
4. Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;

**For Conducted Band edge Measurement**  
**The test results have included the antenna gain**

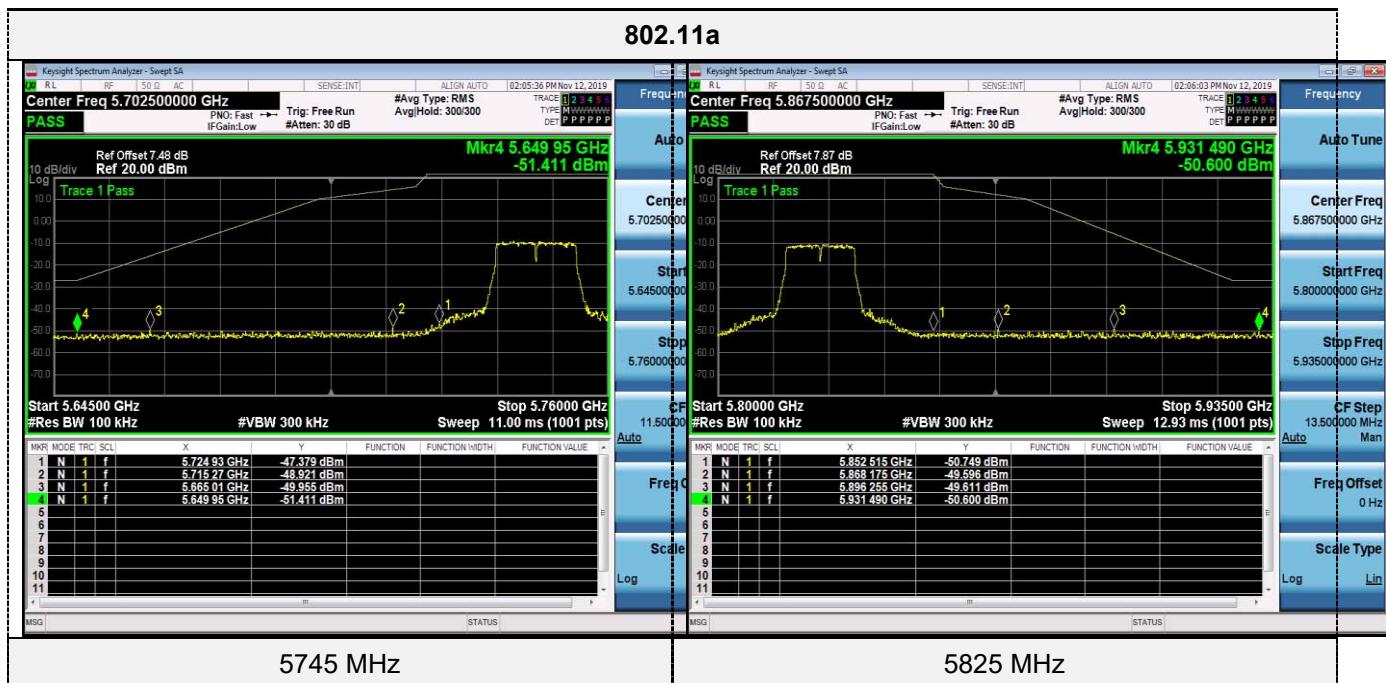
**5150-5250MHz:**







### 5725-5850MHz:

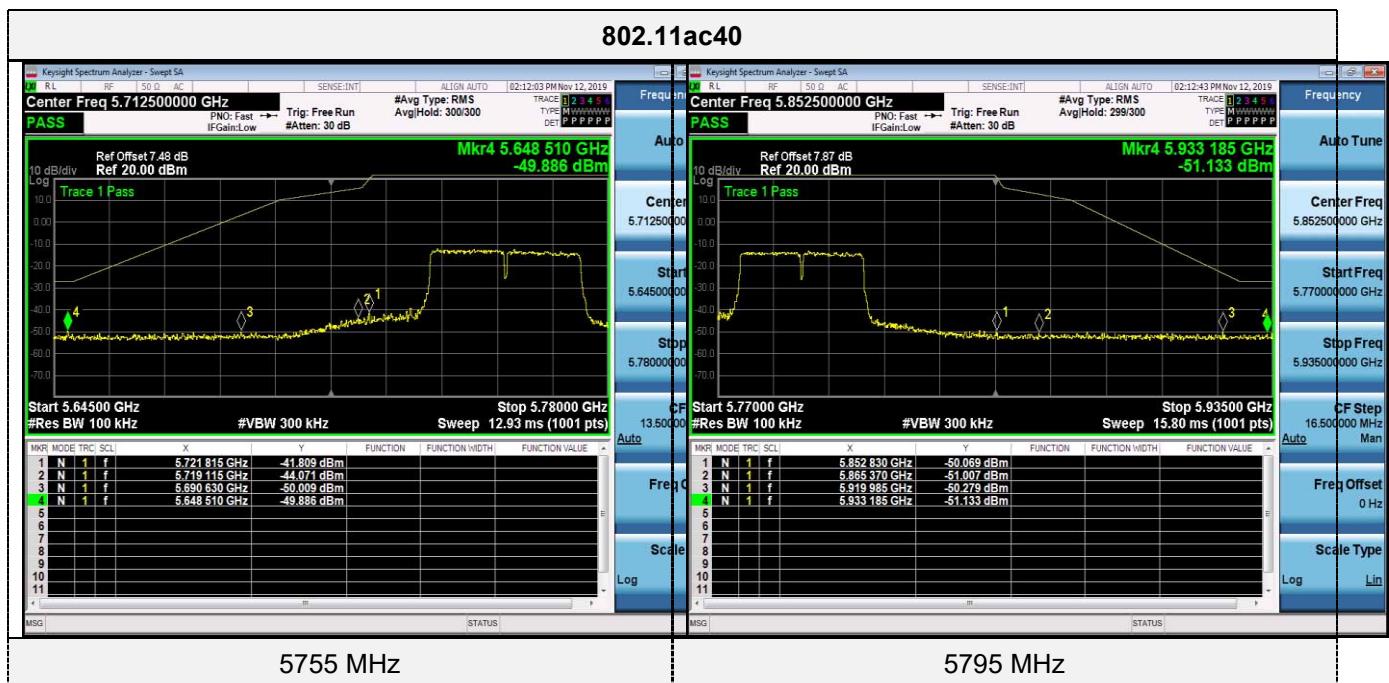
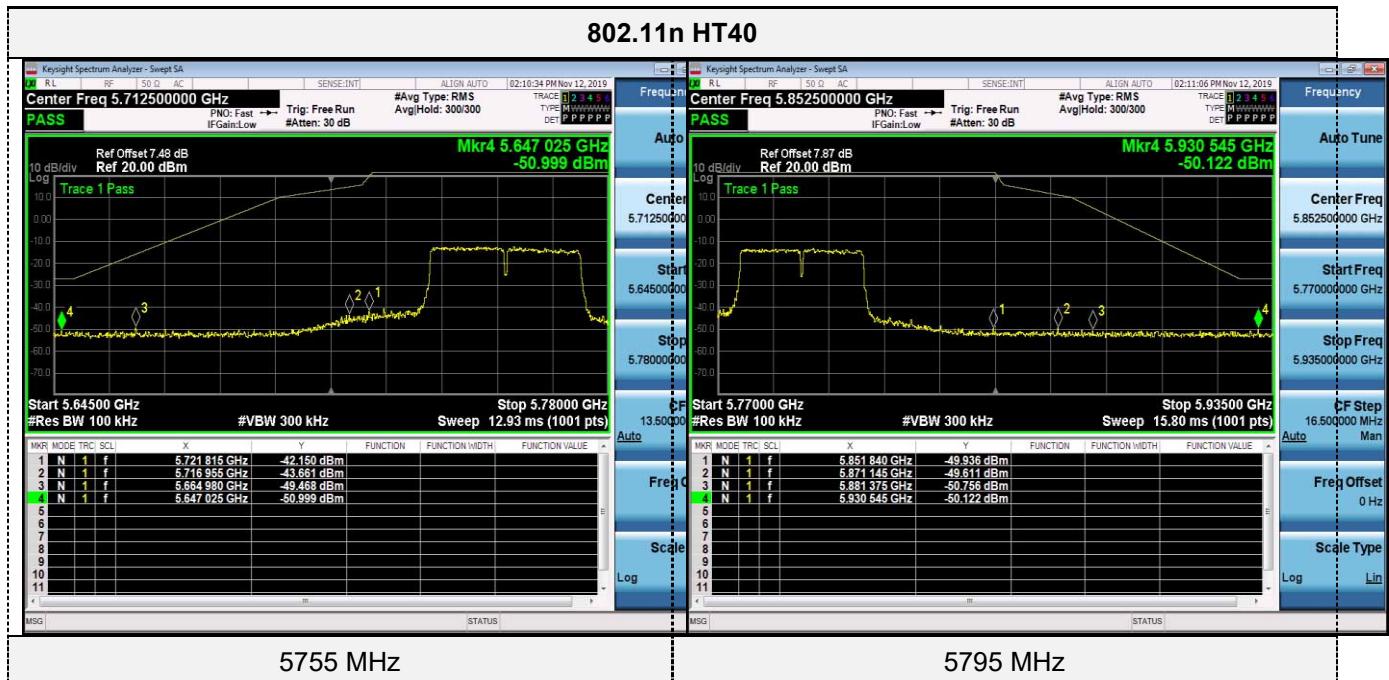


## 802.11n HT20



## 802.11ac20





## 4.9. Antenna Requirement

### Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### **Antenna Information**

The antenna is PIFA antenna, through the buckle stretched out, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is -1.4dBi.

Reference to the test report No. **GTS2081224005-1-15**

## **5. TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT**

Reference to the **TEST SETUP PHOTOS**

## **6. EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT**

Reference to the **EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS**

.....**End of Report**.....