




TEST REPORT

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR22-SRF0145 Page (1) of (19)	
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1. Client

- Name : WINNERCOM CO., LTD
- Address : 158-7, Golden root-ro, Juchon-myeon, Gimhae-si, Gyeongsangnam-do, KOREA
- Date of Receipt : 2022-08-29

2. Use of Report : Certification

3. Name of Product / Model : Touch door / SX2

4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : WINNERCOM CO., LTD / Korea

5. FCC ID : 2AU37SX2

6. IC : 25761-SX2

6. Date of Test : 2022-09-15 to 2022-09-19

7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
 (Address: 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

8. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.225
 RSS-210 Issue 10
 RSS-Gen Issue 5


9. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report

Affirmation	Tested by Name : Taekyong Nam (Signature)	Technical Manager Name : Heesu Ahn (Signature)
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2022-10-07

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2022-10-07	Originally issued	-

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General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

☐ Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

☒ Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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1. General information

Client : WINNERCOM CO., LTD
 Address : 158-7, Golden root-ro, Juchon-myeon, Gimhae-si, Gyeongsangnam-do, KOREA
 Manufacturer : WINNERCOM CO., LTD
 Address : 158-7, Golden root-ro, Juchon-myeon, Gimhae-si, Gyeongsangnam-do, KOREA
 Laboratory : Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
 Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
 Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
 VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
 CAB Identifier: KR0040, ISED Number: 8035A
 KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information



Equipment under test : Touch door
 Model : SX2
 Frequency range : 13.56 MHz
 Modulation technique : ASK
 Number of channels : 1ch
 Power source : DC 12 V
 Antenna specification : Loop antenna
 Software version : Ver 1.0
 Hardware version : Ver 1.0
 Test device serial No. : N/A
 Operation temperature : -30 °C ~ 75 °C

2.1. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:
 NFC

Frequency (MHz)
13.56

Table 2.1.1. NFC mode

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3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

The transmitter has permanently attached Loop antenna (internal antenna) on board.

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule reference	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.225(a)	RSS-210 B.6 (I)	In-band Fundamental Emission	Radiated	Pass
15.225(b), (c)	RSS-210 B.6 (II), (III)	In-band Spurious Emission		Pass
15.225(d) 15.209	RSS-210 B.6 (IV) RSS-Gen Issue 9 (8.9)	Out-of-band Spurious Emission		Pass
15.225(e)	RSS-210 B.6 (b)	Frequency Stability Tolerance	Conducted	Pass
15.215(c)	-	20 dB Bandwidth		Pass
-	RSS-Gen Issue 5 (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth		Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5 (8.8)	AC Conducted emissions		N/A ^(Note2)

Notes: (N/T: Not Tested, N/A: Not Applicable)

- All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- This test is not applicable because the EUT only connects DC power line.
- These tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y, Z It was determined that **Z** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **Z** orientation
- The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
- The radiated test was performed with and without passive tag. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
 - Worst Case : Without passive tag

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

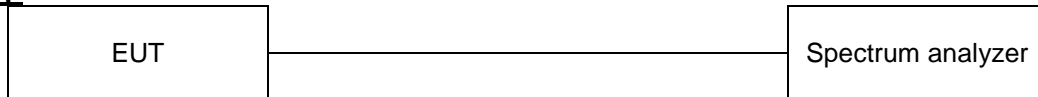
Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (\pm)	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz:	2.4 dB
	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz	2.3 dB
	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.3 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	1.6 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	1.7 dB



6. Test results

6.1. 20 dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit


According to §15.215(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

According to RSS-Gen Issue 5 (6.7) The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least 3x the resolution bandwidth.

When the occupied bandwidth limit is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference measurement method, the transmitted signal bandwidth shall be reported as the 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.9.2

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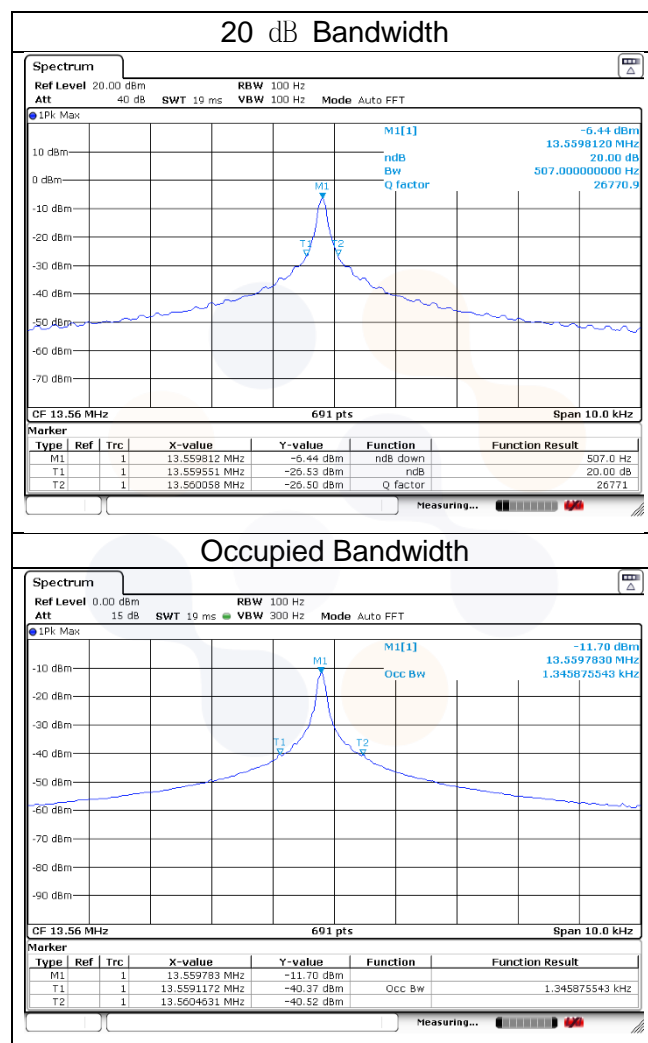
Test settings

The occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced from a reference value by a specified ratio (or in decibels, a specified number of dB down from the reference value). Typical ratios, expressed in dB, are -6 dB, -20 dB, and -26 dB, corresponding to 6 dB BW, 20 dB BW, and 26 dB BW, respectively. In this subclause, the ratio is designated by “-xx dB.” The reference value is either the level of the unmodulated carrier or the highest level of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, as stated by the applicable requirement. Some requirements might specify a specific maximum or minimum value for the “-xx dB” bandwidth; other requirements might specify that the “-xx dB” bandwidth be entirely contained within the authorized or designated frequency band.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- b) Span: Two times and five times the OBW.
- c) RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW and VBW \geq 3 x RBW
- d) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation.
- e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- f) Detector: peak
- g) Trace mode: max hold.
- h) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- i) Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using ((reference value) - xx). Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- j) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j)
- k) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

Test results

Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]		Limit [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [kHz]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) [kHz]
13.56	Lowest Frequency	13.559 55	13.110 00	0.507	1.345 90
	Highest Frequency	13.560 06	14.010 00		

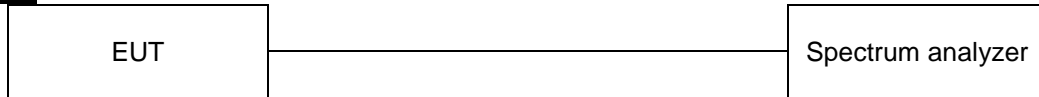


Note:

Because the measured signal is CW/CW-like, adjusting the RBW per C63.10 would not be practical since measured bandwidth will always follow the RBW and the result will be approximately twice the RBW

6.2. Frequency tolerance

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.225 (e), RSS-210 B.6.(b) The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within ± 0.01 % of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to $+50$ degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85 % to 115 % of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.8.1



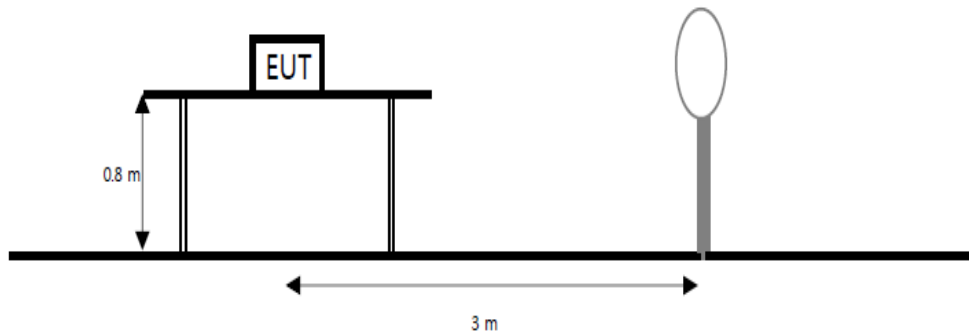
Test results

Voltage	Voltage	TEMP	Maintaining time	Measure frequency	Frequency deviation	Deviation
[%]	[V]	[°C]		[Hz]	[Hz]	[%]
100	12.00	20(Ref.)	Startup	13 559 775	225.0	-0.001 66
			2 minutes	13 559 784	216.0	-0.001 59
			5 minutes	13 559 792	208.0	-0.001 53
			10 minutes	13 559 795	205.0	-0.001 51
		-20.00	Startup	13 559 891	109.0	-0.000 80
			2 minutes	13 559 895	105.0	-0.000 77
			5 minutes	13 559 897	103.0	-0.000 76
			10 minutes	13 559 902	98.0	-0.000 72
		-10.00	Startup	13 559 912	88.0	-0.000 65
			2 minutes	13 559 913	87.0	-0.000 64
			5 minutes	13 559 915	85.0	-0.000 63
			10 minutes	13 559 918	82.0	-0.000 61
		0.00	Startup	13 559 924	76.0	-0.000 56
			2 minutes	13 559 929	71.0	-0.000 52
			5 minutes	13 559 931	69.0	-0.000 51
			10 minutes	13 559 934	66.0	-0.000 49
		10.00	Startup	13 559 813	187.0	-0.001 38
			2 minutes	13 559 811	189.0	-0.001 39
			5 minutes	13 559 809	191.0	-0.001 41
			10 minutes	13 559 805	195.0	-0.001 44
		25.00	Startup	13 559 785	215.0	-0.001 59
			2 minutes	13 559 782	218.0	-0.001 61
			5 minutes	13 559 779	221.0	-0.001 63
			10 minutes	13 559 777	223.0	-0.001 65
		30.00	Startup	13 559 765	235.0	-0.001 73
			2 minutes	13 559 762	238.0	-0.001 76
			5 minutes	13 559 761	239.0	-0.001 76
			10 minutes	13 559 760	240.0	-0.001 77
		40.00	Startup	13 559 844	156.0	-0.001 15
			2 minutes	13 559 841	159.0	-0.001 17
			5 minutes	13 559 838	162.0	-0.001 20
			10 minutes	13 559 835	165.0	-0.001 22
		50.00	Startup	13 559 879	121.0	-0.000 89
			2 minutes	13 559 875	125.0	-0.000 92
			5 minutes	13 559 874	126.0	-0.000 93
			10 minutes	13 559 874	126.0	-0.000 93
85	10.20	20.00	Startup	13 559 884	116.0	-0.000 86
			2 minutes	13 559 875	125.0	-0.000 92
			5 minutes	13 559 876	124.0	-0.000 91
			10 minutes	13 559 879	121.0	-0.000 89
115	13.80	20.00	Startup	13 559 877	123.0	-0.000 91
			2 minutes	13 559 875	125.0	-0.000 92
			5 minutes	13 559 874	126.0	-0.000 93
			10 minutes	13 559 872	128.0	-0.000 94

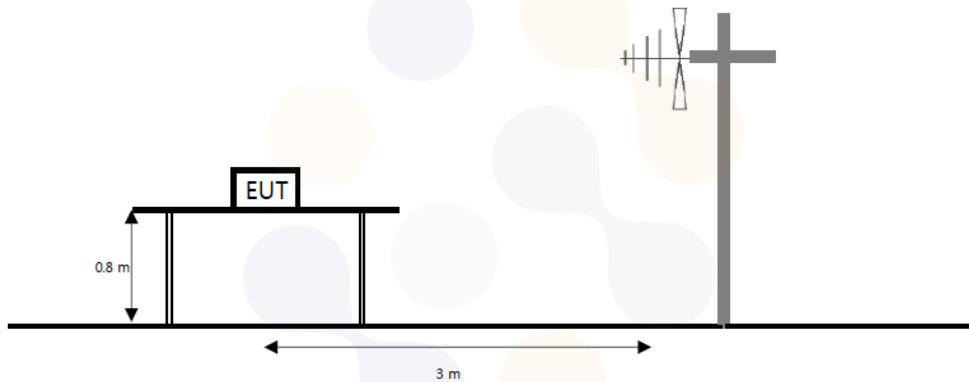
6.3. Radiated spurious emissions

Test setup

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



Limit

15.225 (a), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(i) The field strength of any emission within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15, 848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (b), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(ii) With in the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (c), RSS-210 B.6 (a).(iii) With in the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (d), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(iv) RSS-Gen Issue 9 (8.9) The Field Strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in 15.209.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30(29.54 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	30
30.0-88.0	100(40 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	3
88-216	150(43.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	3
216-960	200 (46 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	3
Above 960	500 (53.98 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	3

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.4, 6.5

Test settings

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

Notes:

1. $f < 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40 \log(D_m/D_s)$
 $f \geq 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20 \log(D_m/D_s)$
 Where:
 F_d = Distance factor in dB
 D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 D_s = Specification distance in meters
2. Measurements were performed at 3m and the data was extrapolated to the specified measurement distance of 30m using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) as specified in § 15.31(f)(2). Extrapolation Factor = $40 \log_{10}(30/3) = 40$ dB.
3. (dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or F_d (dB)
4. Result = Reading + Cable loss + Amp gain + Ant. factor - Distance factor
5. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
6. All measurements were recorded using a spectrum analyzer employing a quasi-peak detector.
7. Below 30 MHz frequency range, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported and the worse orientations of Face-on and Face-off were set for final test.
8. Face-on = Parallel, Face-off = Perpendicular
9. ¹⁾ means restricted band.

Test results for fundamental

15.225 (a) 13.553-13.567 MHz

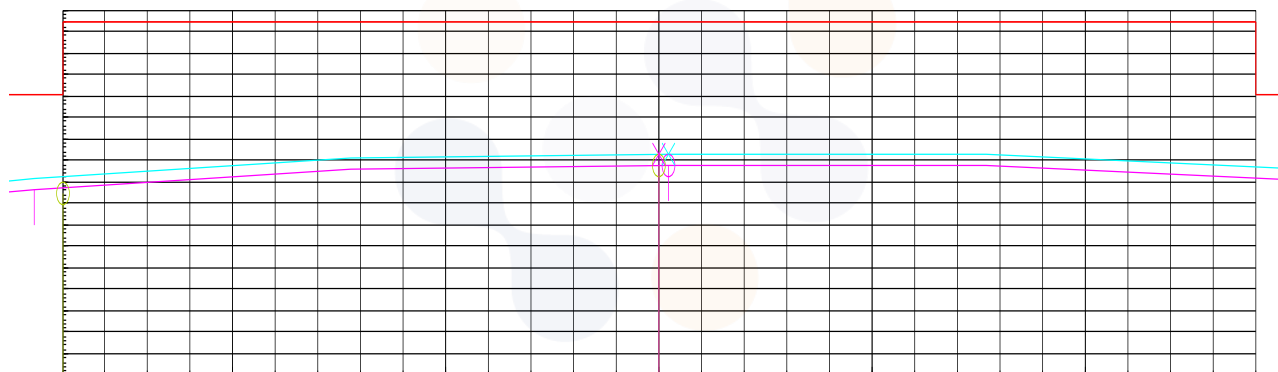
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	68.40	20.31	-31.13	40.00	17.58	84.00	66.42

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	73.30	20.31	-31.13	40.00	22.48	84.00	61.52

Face-on/Face-off



Test results for in-band & out-band (9 kHz to 30 MHz)

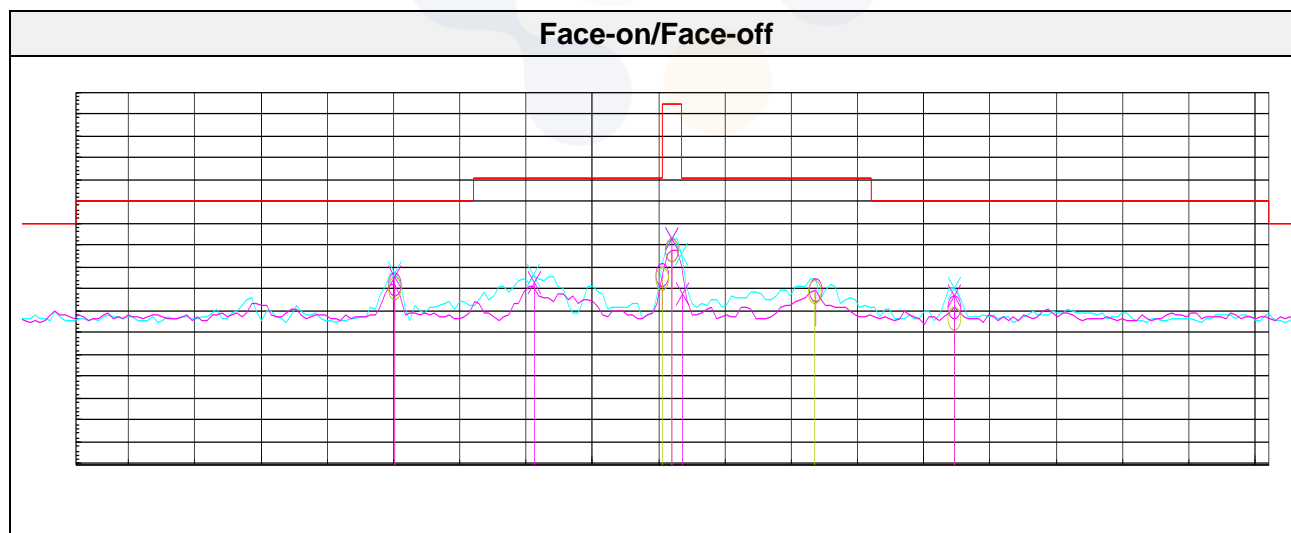
15.225 (b,c) 13.110-14.010 MHz

[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.35	50.70	20.30	-31.14	40.00	-0.14	40.50	40.64
13.55	54.90	20.31	-31.13	40.00	4.08	50.50	46.42
13.67	49.30	20.32	-31.13	40.00	-1.51	50.50	52.01
13.77	36.80	20.33	-31.14	40.00	-14.01	40.50	54.51

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.35	56.20	20.30	-31.14	40.00	5.36	40.50	35.14
13.46	53.60	20.31	-31.13	40.00	2.78	50.50	47.72
13.57	47.90	20.31	-31.13	40.00	-2.92	50.50	53.42
13.77	47.20	20.33	-31.14	40.00	-3.61	40.50	44.11



Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (9 kHz to 30 MHz)

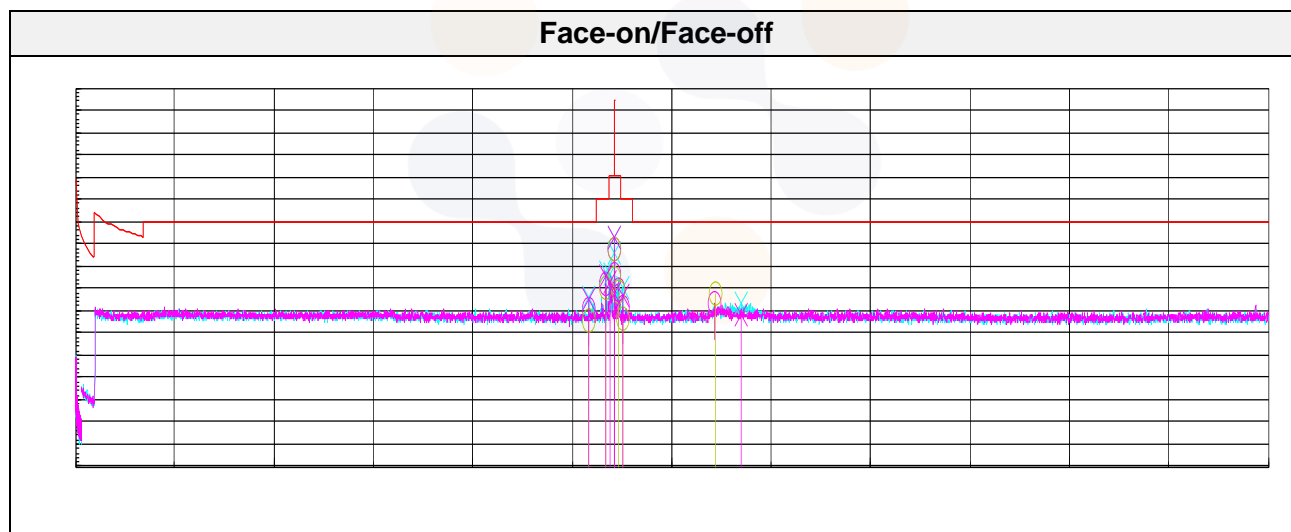
15.225 (d) 0.009-30 MHz

[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
12.93	36.40	20.28	-31.17	40.00	-14.49	29.50	43.99
16.09	47.90	20.47	-30.99	40.00	-2.62	29.54	32.16

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
12.93	45.90	20.28	-31.17	40.00	-4.99	29.50	34.49
16.75	38.50	20.50	-30.98	40.00	-11.98	29.54	41.52

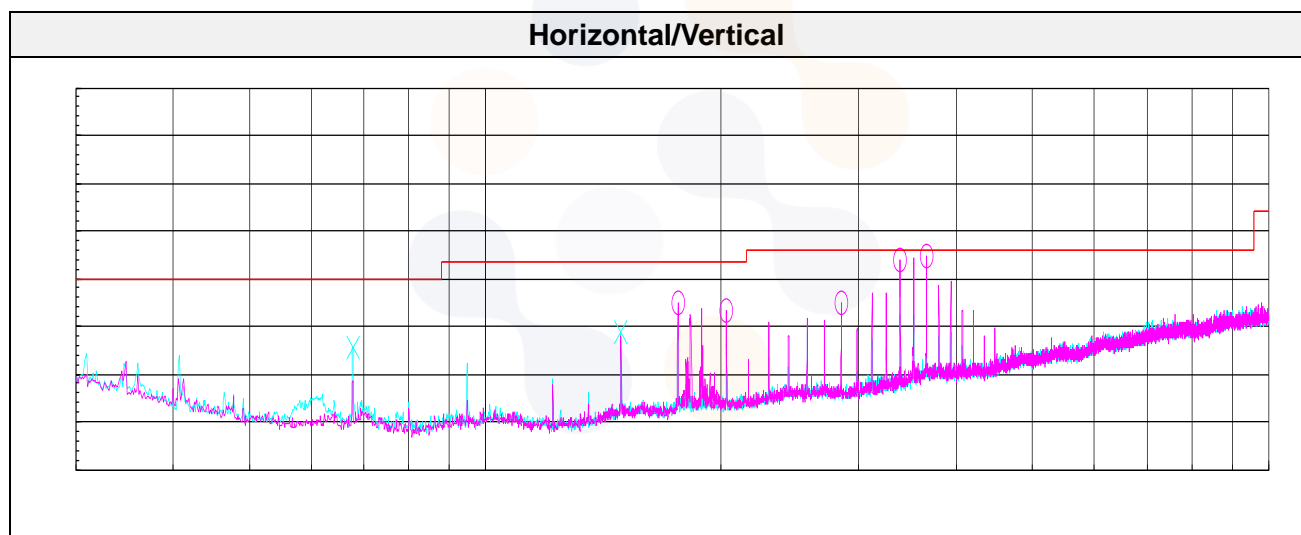


Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (Below 1 000 MHz)

15.225 (d) 30-1 000 MHz

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
67.83	V	37.30	12.53	-28.72	-	21.11	40.00	18.89
149.19	V	38.50	15.22	-27.06	-	26.66	43.50	16.84
176.23	H	43.90	16.15	-26.63	-	33.42	43.50	10.08
203.39	H	41.40	16.60	-26.26	-	31.74	43.50	11.76
284.75 ¹⁾	H	40.60	18.61	-25.29	-	33.92	46.00	12.08
338.95	H	47.70	20.76	-24.60	-	43.86	46.00	2.14
366.11	H	46.20	22.62	-24.26	-	44.56	46.00	1.44



7. Measurement equipment

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	23.01.19
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV3030	1330.5000K30-101711-nf	22.12.02
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	MY40007371	23.05.02
Temp & Humid Chamber	Myeongseong R&P	CTHC-50P-DT	20150824-1	22.12.21
LOOP Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	24.08.10
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	23.08.18
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	101408	23.03.04
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4640-XP-ET	-	N/A
Turn Table	Innco Systems	CO3000	1175/45850319/P	N/A

End of test report