FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) &§2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Report No.: SZ1231208-73855E-RFA

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Measurement Result

For worst case:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max tune-up conducted power" (dBm)	Max tune-up conducted power" (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
BT	2402-2480	1	1.26	5	0.4	3	Yes

Result: So the stand-alone SAR test is not required.

TR-EM-RF009 Page 12 of 82 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)