



中认信通

CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)



TEST REPORT

Applicant: Shenzhen Youmi Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd

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FCC ID: 2ATZ4-G3TAB

IC: 26074-G3TAB

HVIN: M869YCR100

Product Name: Smart Tablet Computer

Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2, 47 CFR Part 22, Subpart H

47 CFR Part 24, Subpart E

47 CFR Part 27

RSS-130 Issue 2, February 2019

RSS-132 Issue 4, January 31, 2023

RSS-133 Issue 6, January 2018, Amendment

RSS-199 Issue 3, December 2016

RSS-Gen, Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2

ANSI C63.26-2015

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: CR230205724-00F

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Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol “▲”. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	CR230205724-00F	Original Report	2023/4/5

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Smart Tablet Computer
EUT Model:	G3 Tab
Firmware Version:	UMIDIGI_G3 Tab_V1.0
Operation Bands and modes:	GSM/GPRS: 850/1900 WCDMA: Band 2/5 LTE: Band 2/5/7/12/41
Modulation Type:	GMSK, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3.8V from battery or DC 5V from adapter
Serial Number:	2295
EUT Received Date:	2023/02/22
EUT Received Status:	Good

Operation Voltage(V_{DC}) ▲:

Lowest:	3.45	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.35
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Transmission Antenna Information ▲:

Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	Operation Bands	Antenna Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain (G_T) (dBi)	L_c (dB)
WWAN Main Antenna	ANWEI communication Equipment Co.,Ltd	FPC	GSM850	824-849	-0.76	0.1
			PCS1900	1850-1910	1.14	0.1
			WCDMA B2	1850-1910	1.14	0.1
			WCDMA B5	824-849	-0.76	0.1
			LTE B2	1850-1910	1.14	0.1
			LTE B5	824-849	-0.76	0.1
			LTE B7	2500-2570	1.05	0.2
			LTE B12	699-716	-2.37	0.1
			LTE B41	2496-2690	1.81	0.2

Note:

L_c = Signal Attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

For LTE Band 41, the Operation frequency is 2496-2690MHz for FCC, and 2500-2690MHz for ISSED.

1.2 Description of Test Configuration

1.2.1 EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:	The system was configured for testing in each operation mode.
Equipment Modifications:	No
EUT Exercise Software:	No
The maximum power was configured per 3GPP Standard for each operation modes as below setting:	
<p>GSM/GPRS</p> <p>Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM Main Service > Packet Data Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma > 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900 > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850 > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900 BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCH BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off PO > 4 dB Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping > Off Main Timeslot > 3 Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)</p> <p>Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings</p>	

WCDMA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	4	5	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/ 5	0
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30 15	2/15	5/ 5
	β_c/ β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
PR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/ \beta_c$	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate k ps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO 23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO 26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	

LTE (FDD):

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in 3GPP TS36.101

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10, 15, 20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
	6.6.3.3.2				
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23 ¹	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
..					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Applies to the lower block of Band 23, i.e. a carrier placed in the 2000-2010 MHz region.

LTE(TDD):

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink				Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Calculated Duty Cycle

Uplink-Downlink Configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point Periodicity	Subframe Number										Calculated Duty Cycle (%)
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

Calculated Duty Cycle = Extended cyclic prefix in uplink x (T_s) x # of S + # of U

Example for Calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0:
 Calculated Duty Cycle = $5120 \times [1/(15000 \times 2048)] \times 2 + 6 \text{ ms} = 63.33\%$
 where
 $T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds

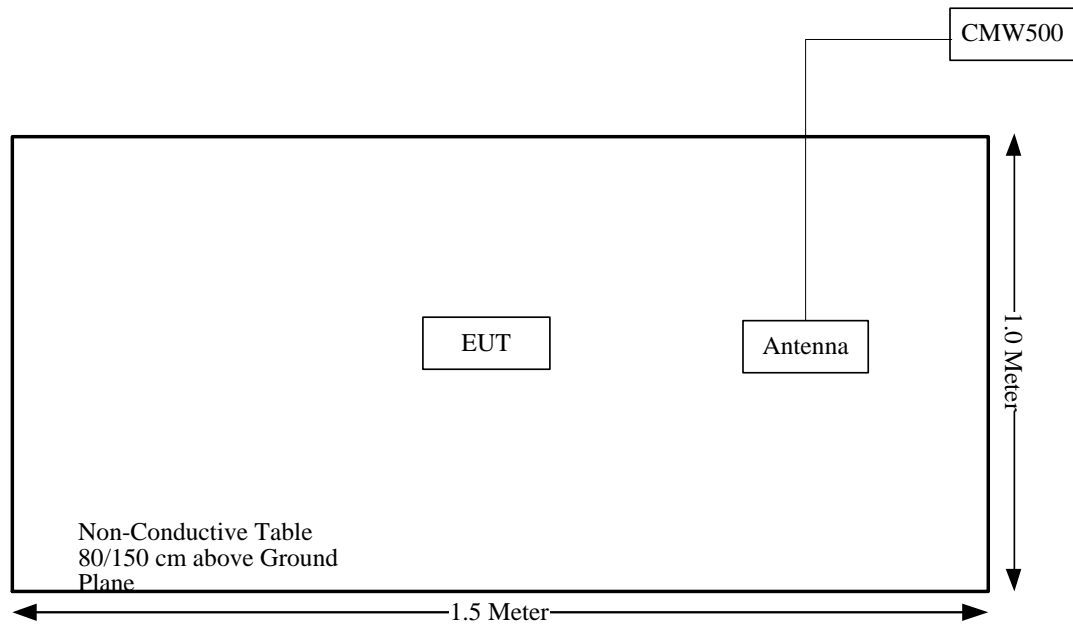
1.2.2 Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218
Unknown	ANTENNA	Unknown	Unknown

1.2.3 Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/	/	/

1.2.4 Block Diagram of Test Setup



1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.15 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.61 dB,1G~6GHz: 5.14 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.93 dB,18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
Temperature	±1 °C
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
RF Frequency	±0.082×10 ⁻⁶

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Cellular Band: GSM 850/WCDMA Band 5/LTE Band 5:

FCC Standard Rule(s)	ISED Standard Rule(s)	Description of Test	Result	Section
/	RSS-132 Clause 5.1	Frequency Sub-bands	Compliant	3.5.1.2
/	RSS-132 Clause 5.2	Types of Modulation	Compliant	3.5.2.2
§ 2.1055, § 22.355	RSS-132 Clause 5.3	Frequency stability	Compliant	4.1, 4.4, 4.6
§2.1046; § 22.913	RSS-132 Clause 5.4	Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)	Compliant	4.1, 4.4, 4.6
§ 2.1051, § 22.917 (a)	RSS-132 Clause 5.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- at Antenna Terminal	Compliant	4.1, 4.4, 4.6
§ 22.917 (a)	RSS-132 Clause 5.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Out of band emission	Compliant	4.1, 4.4, 4.6
§ 2.1053, § 22.917 (a)	RSS-132 Clause 5.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions	Compliant	4.10
§ 2.1049; § 22.905	RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	4.1, 4.4, 4.6

PCS Band: GSM 1900/WCDMA Band 2/LTE Band 2:

FCC Standard Rule(s)	ISED Standard Rule(s)	Description of Test	Result	Section
/	RSS-133 Clause 6.1	Frequency Plan	Compliant	3.6.1.2
/	RSS-133 Clause 6.2	Types of Modulation	Compliant	3.6.2.2
§ 2.1055, § 24.235	RSS-133 Clause 6.3	Frequency stability	Compliant	4.2, 4.3, 4.5
§2.1046, § 24.232	RSS-133 Clause 6.4	Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power	Compliant	4.2, 4.3, 4.5
§ 2.1051, § 24.238 (a)	RSS-133 Clause 6.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- at Antenna Terminal	Compliant	4.2, 4.3, 4.5
§ 24.238 (a)	RSS-133 Clause 6.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Out of band emission	Compliant	4.2, 4.3, 4.5
§ 2.1053, § 24.238 (a)	RSS-133 Clause 6.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions	Compliant	4.10
§ 2.1049, § 24.238	RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	4.2, 4.3, 4.5

Lower 700: LTE Band 12:

FCC Standard Rule(s)	ISED Standard Rule(s)	Description of Test	Result	Section
/	RSS-130 Clause 4.2	Types of modulation	Compliant	3.4.1.2
/	RSS-130 Clause 4.3	Frequency block	Compliant	3.4.2.2
/	RSS-130 Clause 4.4	Interoperability requirement	Compliant	3.4.3.2
§ 2.1055, §27.54	RSS-130 Clause 4.5	Transmitter frequency stability	Compliant	4.8
§2.1046, §27.50	RSS-130 Clause 4.6	Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)	Compliant	4.8
§ 2.1051, §27.53	RSS-130 Clause 4.7	Transmitter unwanted emissions- at Antenna Terminal	Compliant	4.8
§27.53	RSS-130 Clause 4.7	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Out of band emission	Compliant	4.8
§ 2.1053, §27.53	RSS-130 Clause 4.7	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions	Compliant	4.10
§ 2.1049, §27.53	RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	4.8

BRS/EBS Band: LTE Band 7/41:

FCC Standard Rule(s)	ISED Standard Rule(s)	Description of Test	Result	Section
/	RSS-199 Clause 4.1	Frequency Plan	Compliant	3.7.1.2
§ 2.1055, §27.54	RSS-199 Clause 4.3	Frequency stability	Compliant	4.7, 4.9
FCC §2.1046, §27.50	RSS-199 Clause 4.4	Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power	Compliant	4.7, 4.9
FCC § 2.1051, §27.53	RSS-199 Clause 4.4	Transmitter unwanted emissions- at Antenna Terminal	Compliant	4.7, 4.9
§27.53	RSS-199 Clause 4.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Out of band emission	Compliant	4.7, 4.9
§ 2.1053, §27.53	RSS-199 Clause 4.5	Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions	Compliant	4.10
§ 2.1049, §27.53	RSS-Gen Clause 6.7 RSS-199 Clause 4.2	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	4.7, 4.9

3. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

3.1 Applicable Standard For Part 22 Subpart H:

3.1.1 RF Output Power

FCC §22.913

(a)(5) The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7watts.

(d) *Power measurement.* Measurement of the ERP of Cellular base transmitters and repeaters must be made using an average power measurement technique. The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB. Power measurements for base transmitters and repeaters must be made in accordance with either of the following:

- (1) A Commission-approved average power technique (*see* FCC Laboratory's Knowledge Database); or
- (2) For purposes of this section, peak transmit power must be measured over an interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, *etc.*, so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

3.1.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §22.917

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a reference bandwidth as follows:

- (1) In the spectrum below 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (2) In the spectrum above 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz

3.1.3 Frequency stability

FCC §22.355

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table C-1 of this section.

Table C-1 - Frequency Tolerance for Transmitters in the Public Mobile Services

Frequency range (MHz)	Base, fixed (ppm)	Mobile >3 watts (ppm)	Mobile ≤3 watts (ppm)
25 to 50	20	20	50
50 to 450	5	5	50
450 to 512	2.5	5	5
821 to 896	1.5	2.5	2.5
928 to 929	5	n/a	n/a
929 to 960	1.5	n/a	n/a
2110 to 2220	10	n/a	n/a

3.2 Applicable Standard For Part 24 Subpart E:

3.2.1 RF Output Power

FCC §24.232

(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(d) Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of § 24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

3.2.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §24.238

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.

(d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

3.2.3 Frequency stability

FCC §24.235

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

3.3 Applicable Standard For Part 27:

3.3.1 RF Output Power

FCC §27.50

(a)(3) *Mobile and portable stations.*

(i) For mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, *except that* for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards or another advanced mobile broadband protocol that avoids concentrating energy at the edge of the operating band the average EIRP must not exceed 250 milliwatts within any 5 megahertz of authorized bandwidth but may exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth. For mobile and portable stations using time division duplexing (TDD) technology, the duty cycle must not exceed 38 percent in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands. Mobile and portable stations using FDD technology are restricted to transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band. Power averaging shall not include intervals in which the transmitter is off.

(ii) Mobile and portable stations are not permitted to transmit in the 2315-2320 MHz and 2345-2350 MHz bands.

(iii) *Automatic transmit power control.* Mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or in the 2350-2360 MHz band must employ automatic transmit power control when operating so the stations operate with the minimum power necessary for successful communications.

(iv) *Prohibition on external vehicle-mounted antennas.* The use of external vehicle-mounted antennas for mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band is prohibited.

(b)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 746-757 MHz, 776-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(c)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) in the 600 MHz uplink band and the 698-746 MHz band, and fixed and mobile stations in the 600 MHz uplink band are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(d)(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:

(2) Mobile and other user stations. Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.

3.3.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §27.53

(a) For operations in the 2305-2320 MHz band and the 2345-2360 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power P (with averaging performed only during periods of transmission) within the licensed band(s) of operation, in watts, by the following amounts:

(4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB above 2365 MHz.

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;

(3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

(6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

(f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

(h) AWS emission limits

(1) **General protection levels.** Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

3.3.3 Frequency stability

FCC §27.54

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

3.4 Applicable Standard For RSS-130 Issue 2, February 2019:

3.4.1 Types of modulation

3.4.1.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.2

Equipment certified under this standard shall employ digital modulation

3.4.1.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device employs digital modulation.

3.4.2 Frequency block

3.4.2.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.3

The frequency bands 617-652 MHz, 663-698 MHz, 698-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz are divided into small frequency blocks as per SRSP-518. Equipment shall operate according to the frequency plan given in the SRSP.

3.4.2.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates in the frequency bands 663-698 MHz, 698-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz are divided into small frequency blocks as per SRSP-518. Equipment shall operate according to the frequency plan given in the SRSP.

3.4.3 Interoperability requirement

3.4.3.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.4

Mobile and portable stations in the bands 617-652 MHz and 663-698 MHz must be capable of operating on all frequencies in these bands.

3.4.3.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device employs all the range of 663-698MHz for this band.

3.4.4 Transmitter frequency stability

3.4.4.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.5

For equipment that is capable of transmitting numerous channels simultaneously for different applications (e.g. LTE and narrowband – internet of things (IoT)), the occupied bandwidth shall be the bandwidth representing the sum of the occupied bandwidths of these channels.

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the occupied bandwidth remains within each frequency block range when tested at the temperature and supply voltage variations specified in RSS-Gen.

3.4.5 Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)

3.4.5.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.6.1 General

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power. In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

RSS-130 clause 4.6.2 Frequency bands 617-652 MHz and 663-698 MHz

The e.r.p. shall not exceed 3 watts for mobile equipment, fixed subscriber equipment and portable equipment.

For base and fixed equipment other than fixed subscriber equipment, refer to SRSP-518 for the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) limits.

RSS-130 clause 4.6.3 Frequency bands 698-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz

The e.r.p. shall not exceed 30 watts for mobile equipment and outdoor fixed subscriber equipment. The e.r.p. shall not exceed 3 watts for portable equipment and indoor fixed subscriber equipment.

For base and fixed equipment other than fixed subscriber equipment, refer to SRSP-518 for the e.i.r.p. limits.

3.4.6 Transmitter unwanted emissions

3.4.5.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-130 clause 4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

RSS-130 clause 4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a) The power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - (i) $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment, and
 - (ii) $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment.
- b) The e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

3.5 Applicable Standard For RSS-132 Issue 4, January 31, 2023:

3.5.1 Frequency Sub-bands

3.5.1.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 5.1

The frequency bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz are divided into sub-bands as described in SRSP-503. These sub-bands are:

824-835 MHz, 835-845 MHz, 845-846.5 MHz, and 846.5-849 MHz for mobile transmit; and

869-880 MHz, 880-890 MHz, 890-891.5 MHz, and 891.5-894 MHz for base transmit.

3.5.1.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates in this band is divided into sub-bands as described in SRSP-503.

3.5.2 Types of Modulation

3.5.2.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 5.2

Digital modulation shall be used.

3.5.2.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates under this standard use digital modulation.

3.5.3 Frequency stability

3.5.3.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 5.3

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the occupied bandwidth stays within each of the sub-bands when tested at the temperature and supply voltage variations specified in [RSS-Gen](#).

3.5.4 Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)

3.5.4.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 5.4

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power. The equivalent radiated power (e.r.p.) shall not exceed 7 watts for mobile equipment and 3 watts for portable equipment. The effective isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.) shall not exceed the limits specified in [SRSP-503](#) for base station equipment.

In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

3.5.5 Transmitter unwanted emissions

3.5.5.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 5.5

Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- (i) In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1% of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts).
- (ii) After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

3.6 Applicable Standard For RSS-133 Issue 6, January 2018 Amendment:

3.6.1 Frequency Plan

3.6.1.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-133 clause 6.1

The frequency plan is described in SRSP-510.

3.6.1.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates in this band is Compliant with SRSP-510.

3.6.2 Types of Modulation

3.6.2.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-133 clause 6.2

The devices shall employ digital modulation techniques.

3.6.2.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates under this standard use digital modulation.

3.6.3 Frequency stability

3.6.3.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-133 clause 6.3

The carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency, in excess of ± 2.5 ppm for mobile stations and ± 1.0 ppm for base stations.

In lieu of meeting the above stability values, the test report may show that the frequency stability is sufficient to ensure that the emission bandwidth stays within the operating frequency block when tested to the temperature and supply voltage variations specified in RSS-Gen.

3.6.4 Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

3.6.4.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-133 clause 6.4

The equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) for transmitters shall not exceed the limits given in SRSP-510.

In addition, the transmitter's peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

3.6.5 Transmitter unwanted emissions

3.6.5.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-132 clause 6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p(\text{watts})$.

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p(\text{watts})$. If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.

3.7 Applicable Standard For RSS-199 Issue 3 December 2016:

3.7.1 Types of Modulation

3.7.1.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-199 clause 4.1

Equipment certified under this standard shall employ digital modulation.

3.7.1.2 Judgment

Compliant, the device operates under this standard use digital modulation.

3.7.2 Channel bandwidth

3.7.2.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-199 clause 4.2

The channel bandwidth shall be equal to or greater than 1 MHz and shall be reported by the certification applicant

3.7.3 Frequency stability

3.7.3.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-199 clause 4.3

The transmitter frequency stability limit shall be determined as follows:

(a) the frequency offset shall be measured according to the procedure described in RSS-Gen and recorded.

(b) using a resolution bandwidth equal to that permitted within the 1 MHz band immediately outside the channel edge, as found in section 4.5, reference points will be selected at the unwanted emission limits, which comply with the attenuation specified in section 4.5 for the type of device under test, on the emission mask of the lowest and highest channels. The frequency at these points shall be recorded as f_L and f_H respectively.

The applicant shall ensure compliance with frequency stability requirements by showing that f_L minus the frequency offset and f_H plus the frequency offset is within the frequency range in which the equipment is designed to operate.

3.7.4 Transmitter output power and equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)

3.7.4.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-199 clause 4.4

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average value.

For base station equipment, refer to SRSP-517 for the maximum permissible e.i.r.p.

For mobile subscriber equipment, the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 2 W. For fixed subscriber equipment, the transmitter output power shall not exceed 2 W and the e.i.r.p. shall be limited to 40 W.

In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

For equipment with multiple antennas, the transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. shall be measured according to ANSI C63.26-2015.

3.7.5 Transmitter unwanted emissions

3.7.5.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-199 clause 4.5

In the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the channel edge, the unwanted emission power shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, and 2% for mobile subscriber equipment. Beyond the 1 MHz band, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz shall be used. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz, or 1% or 2% of the occupied bandwidth, as applicable.

Equipment shall comply with the following unwanted emission limits:

- (a) for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$.
- (b) for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - (i) $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$ from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
 - (ii) $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
 - (iii) $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz, and $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at or below 2490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

3.8 Test Method:

3.8.1 Transmitter output power, e.r.p. and e.i.r.p

According to CFR Part 2.1046, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.5.5:

The relevant equation for determining the ERP or EIRP from the conducted RF output power measured using the guidance provided above is:

$$\text{ERP or EIRP} = P_{\text{Meas}} + G_T - L_C$$

where:

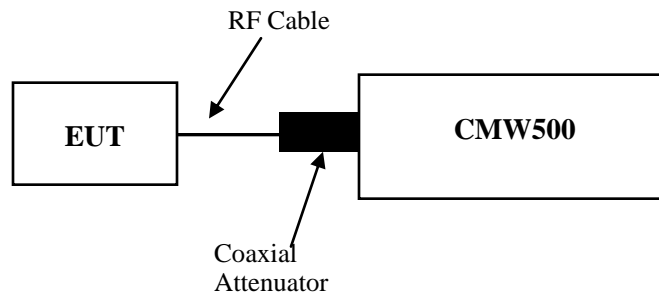
ERP or EIRP = effective radiated power or equivalent isotropically radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as P_{Meas} , typically dBW or dBm);

P_{Meas} = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;

G_T = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);

L_C = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

Test Setup Block:



Note: The Insertion loss of the RF cable and coaxial Attenuator was offset into the Reading of CMW500.

3.8.2 Occupied Bandwidth

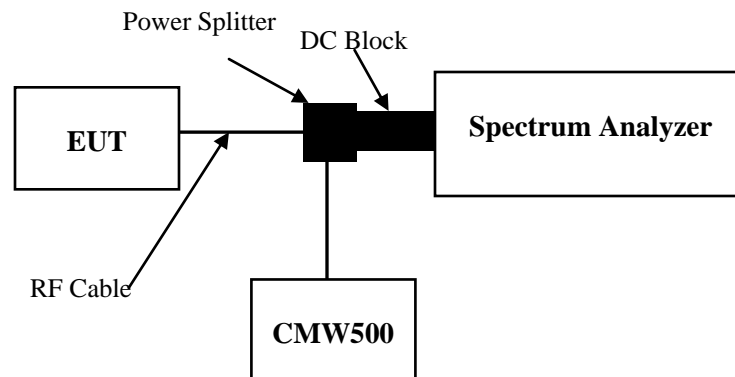
According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

The OBW is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of $1.5 \times \text{OBW}$ is sufficient).
- b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3. NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.
- e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.
- f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Test Setup Block:

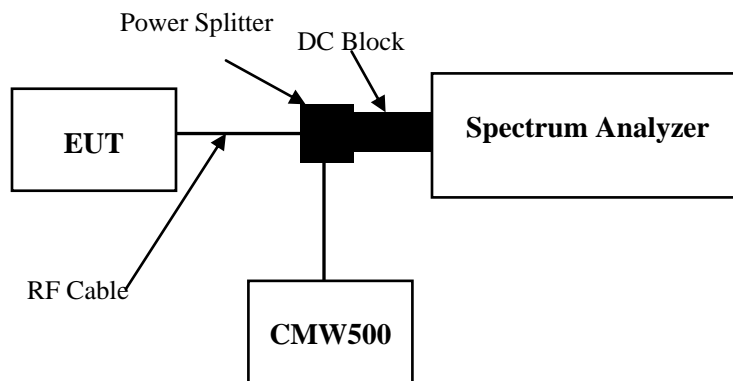


3.8.3 Transmitter unwanted emissions-at antenna terminals

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.4:

the applicable rule part specifies the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission levels (typically, 100 kHz if the authorized frequency band/block is at or below 1 GHz and 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band/block is above 1 GHz),8 effectively depicting the unwanted emission limit in terms of a power spectral density. In those cases where no reference bandwidth is explicitly specified, the values in the preceding sentence should be used.

Test Setup Block:

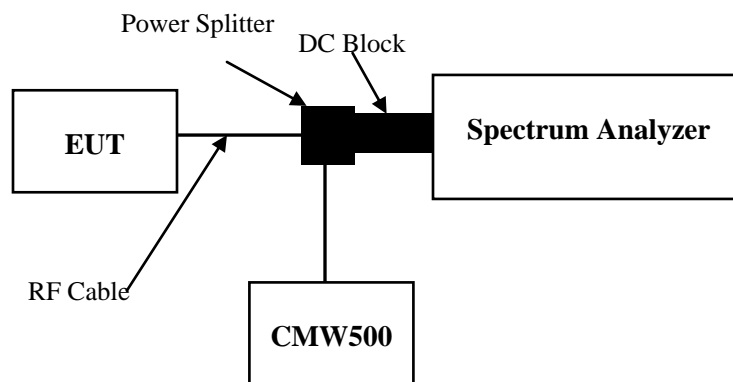


3.8.4 Transmitter unwanted emissions-Out of band emission

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.3:

Typically, a measurement (resolution) bandwidth smaller than the reference bandwidth is allowed for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band (e.g., within the first Y MHz outside of the authorized frequency band/block, where the value of Y is specified in the relevant rule part). Some FCC out-of-band emission rules permit the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1 % of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth. Beyond the specified frequency range in which this relaxation of the uniform reference bandwidth is permitted, it typically is also acceptable to use a narrower RBW (again limited to a minimum of 1 % of OBW) to increase accuracy, but the measurement result must subsequently be integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

Test Setup Block:



3.8.5 Frequency stability

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.6:

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage.

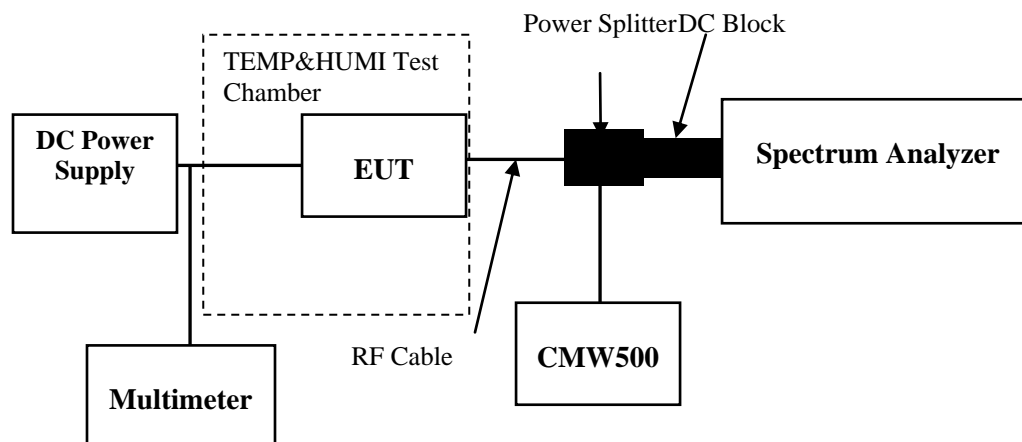
The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

- a) At 10 °C intervals of temperatures between –30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage, and
- b) At +20 °C temperature and $\pm 15\%$ supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the –15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage.

During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

Test Setup Block:



3.8.6 Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5.3:

Test setup:

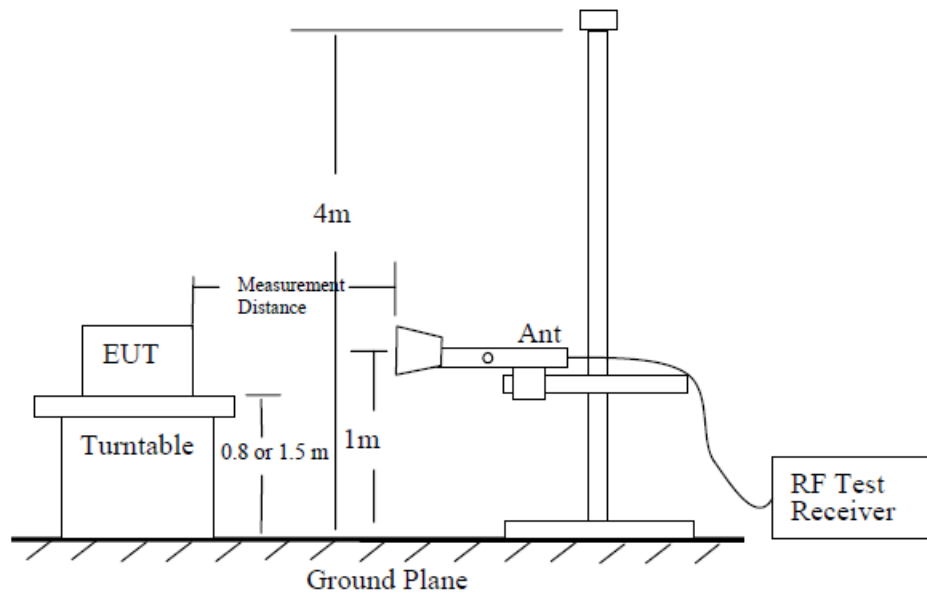


Figure 6—Test site-up for radiated ERP and/or EIRP measurements

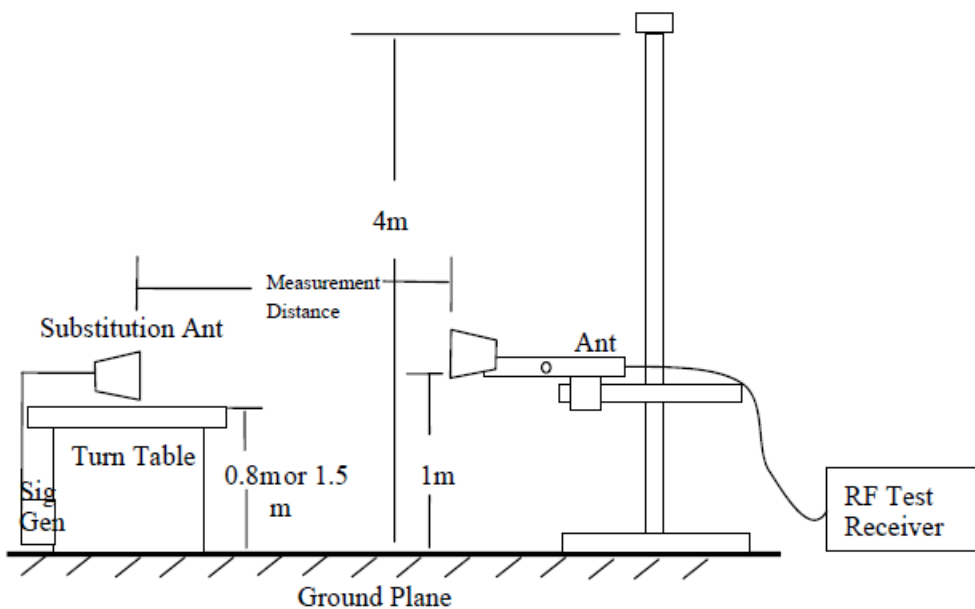


Figure 7—Substitution method set-up for radiated emission

Test Procedure:

- a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency.
- b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:
 - 1) Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.
 - 2) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.
 - 3) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed.
 - 4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.
 - 5) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.
- c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.
- d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement.
- e) Maintain the previous measurement instrument settings and test set-up, with the exception that the EUT is removed and replaced by the substitution antenna.
- f) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna; locate the signal generator so as to minimize any potential influences on the measurement results. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor.
- g) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [i.e., in step b) and step c)]:
 - 1) Vary the measurement antenna height between 1 m to 4 m to maximize the received (measured) signal amplitude.
 - 2) Adjust the signal generator output power level until the amplitude detected by the measurement instrument equals the amplitude level of the emission previously measured directly in step b) and step c).
 - 3) Record the output power level of the signal generator when equivalence is achieved in step 2).
- h) Repeat step e) through step g) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization.
- i) Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation:
$$P_e = P_s(\text{dBm}) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBd)}$$
where
 - P_e = equivalent emission power in dBm
 - P_s = source (signal generator) power in dBmNOTE—dBd refers to the measured antenna gain in decibels relative to a half-wave dipole.
- j) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from: $\text{gain (dBd)} = \text{gain (dBi)} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$. If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information
- k) Provide the complete measurement results as a part of the test report.

4. Test DATA AND RESULTS

4.1 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 850 band:

Serial Number:	2295	Test Date:	2023/03/13~2023/03/16
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	George Chen	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	23.4~24.6	Relative Humidity: (%)	35~38	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.2~101.6
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	6155/10/22	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	2308/7/17	2022/04/06	2023/04/05
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	1982/8/11	2022/09/29	2023/09/28
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	N/A	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	2022/07/15	2023/07/14

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
GSM	824.2	836.6	848.8
GPRS	824.2	836.6	848.8

Test Data:**RF Output Power**

Test Mode	Conducted Peak Output Power(dBm)			Maximum ERP (dBm)	ERP FCC/ISED Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
GSM	26.79	26.67	26.85	23.84	38.45/34.77
GPRS 1 Slot	26.72	26.85	26.76	23.84	38.45/34.77
GPRS 2 Slots	24.79	24.78	24.69	21.78	38.45/34.77
GPRS 3 Slots	22.7	22.75	22.74	19.74	38.45/34.77
GPRS 4 Slots	20.62	20.76	20.67	17.75	38.45/34.77

Note:

ERP= Conducted Power(dBm) - Lc(dB) + Gr(dBd)

Gr(dBd)=Gr(dBi)-2.15

Result:**Pass****Occupied Bandwidth**

Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
GSM	0.248	0.246	0.245	0.319	0.314	0.32

Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth

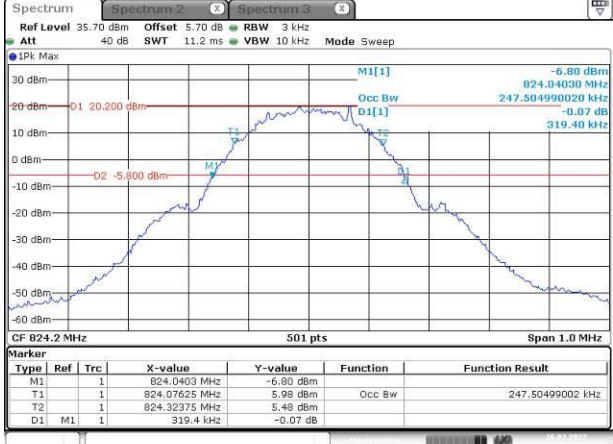
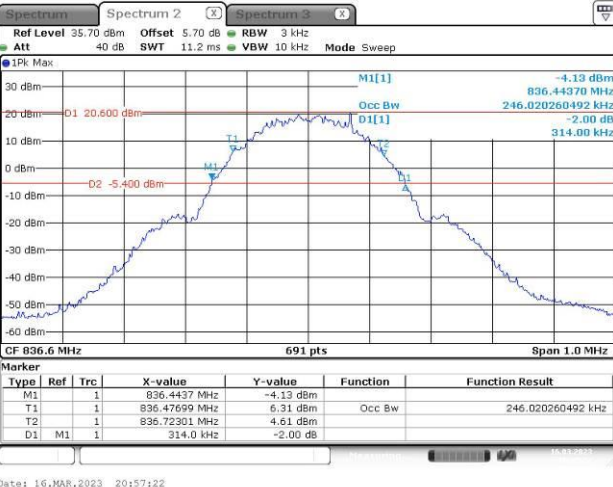
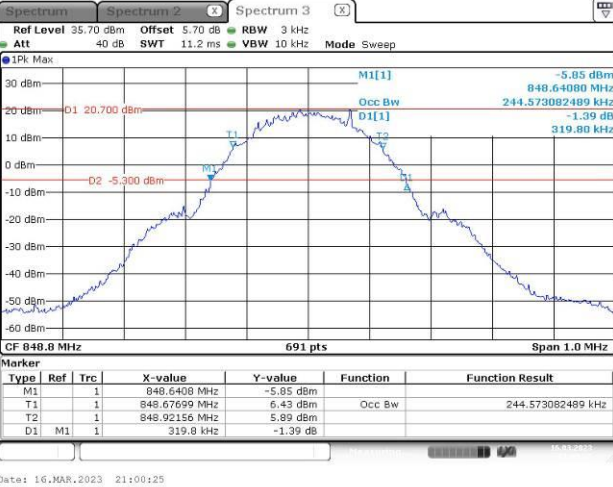
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal**Result:****Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.****Out of band emission, Band Edge****Result:****Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.**

Frequency Stability For FCC					
Test Modulation:	GMSK		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Frequency Error		Limit
			(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	15.26	0.018	2.5
	-20	3.8	-9.97	-0.012	2.5
	-10	3.8	-6.13	-0.007	2.5
	0	3.8	6.17	0.007	2.5
	10	3.8	7.92	0.009	2.5
	20	3.8	6.46	0.008	2.5
	30	3.8	-6.52	-0.008	2.5
	40	3.8	7.18	0.009	2.5
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	-8.17	-0.010	2.5
	20	4.35	-7.05	-0.008	2.5
				Result:	Pass

Frequency Stability For RSS-132:						
Test Mode:	GMSK	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge, Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.85	824.098	824.000	848.918	849.000
	-20	3.85	824.078	824.000	848.924	849.000
	-10	3.85	824.035	824.000	848.929	849.000
	0	3.85	824.007	824.000	848.978	849.000
	10	3.85	824.081	824.000	848.927	849.000
	20	3.85	824.016	824.000	848.913	849.000
	30	3.85	824.094	824.000	848.948	849.000
	40	3.85	824.097	824.000	848.921	849.000
	50	3.85	824.001	824.000	848.947	849.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	824.097	824.000	848.927	849.000
	20	4.4	824.051	824.000	848.968	849.000
				Result:	Pass	

Test Plots(Note: The 5.7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, Coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer):

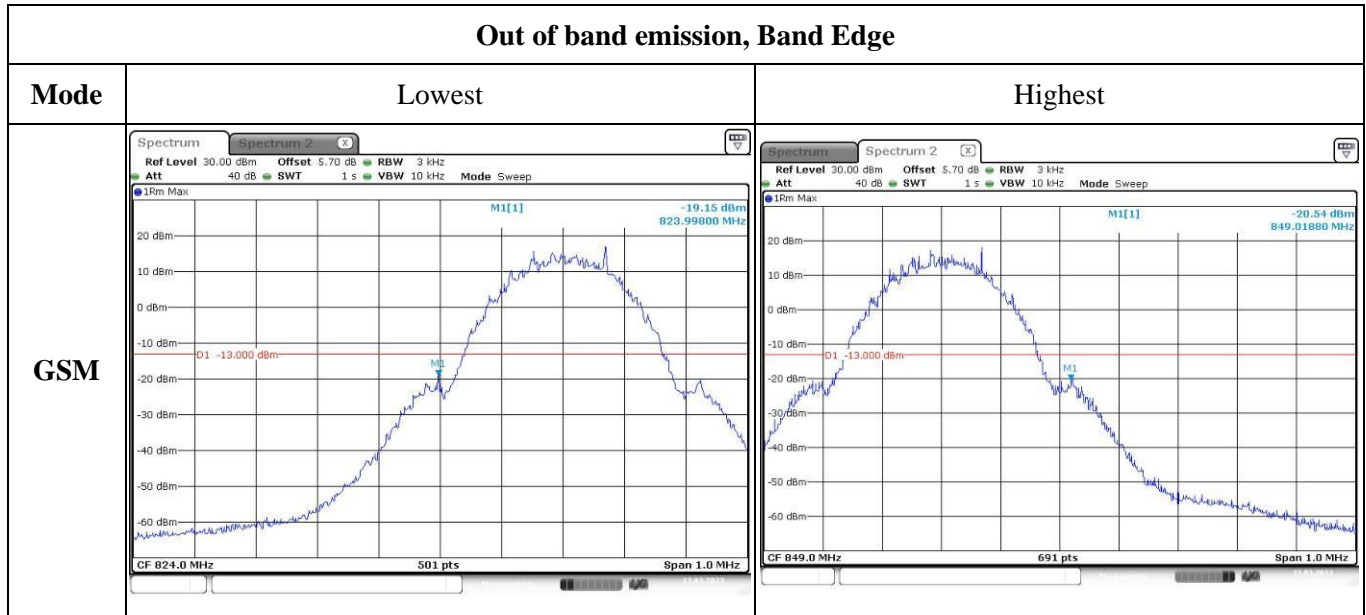
Occupied Bandwidth

Channel	GSM	/																																								
Lowest	 <p>CF 824.2 MHz 501 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marker</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>824.0403 MHz</td> <td>-6.80 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>824.07625 MHz</td> <td>5.98 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>247.504990020 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>824.32375 MHz</td> <td>5.48 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>319.4 kHz</td> <td>-0.07 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 20:54:07</p>	Marker	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1			824.0403 MHz	-6.80 dBm			T1	1			824.07625 MHz	5.98 dBm	Occ Bw	247.504990020 kHz	T2	1			824.32375 MHz	5.48 dBm			D1	M1	1		319.4 kHz	-0.07 dB			/
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T2	1			824.32375 MHz	5.48 dBm																																					
D1	M1	1		319.4 kHz	-0.07 dB																																					
Middle	 <p>CF 836.6 MHz 691 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marker</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>836.4437 MHz</td> <td>-4.13 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>836.47699 MHz</td> <td>6.31 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>246.020260492 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>836.72301 MHz</td> <td>4.61 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>314.0 kHz</td> <td>-2.00 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 20:57:22</p>	Marker	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1			836.4437 MHz	-4.13 dBm			T1	1			836.47699 MHz	6.31 dBm	Occ Bw	246.020260492 kHz	T2	1			836.72301 MHz	4.61 dBm			D1	M1	1		314.0 kHz	-2.00 dB			/
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D1	M1	1		314.0 kHz	-2.00 dB																																					
Highest	 <p>CF 848.8 MHz 691 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marker</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>848.6408 MHz</td> <td>-5.85 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>848.67699 MHz</td> <td>6.43 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>244.573082489 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>848.92156 MHz</td> <td>5.89 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>319.8 kHz</td> <td>-1.39 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:00:25</p>	Marker	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1			848.6408 MHz	-5.85 dBm			T1	1			848.67699 MHz	6.43 dBm	Occ Bw	244.573082489 kHz	T2	1			848.92156 MHz	5.89 dBm			D1	M1	1		319.8 kHz	-1.39 dB			/
Marker	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result																																			
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D1	M1	1		319.8 kHz	-1.39 dB																																					

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Channel	GSM	
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Out of band emission, Band Edge



4.2 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 1900 band:

Serial Number:	2295	Test Date:	2023/03/13~2023/03/16
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	George Chen	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	23.4~24.6	Relative Humidity: (%)	35~38	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.2~101.6
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2022/04/06	2023/04/05
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022/09/29	2023/09/28
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	N/A	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	2022/07/15	2023/07/14

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
GSM	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GPRS	1850.2	1880	1909.8

Test Data:**RF Output Power**

Test Mode	Conducted Peak Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
GSM	26.95	26.9	26.82	27.99	33
GPRS 1 Slot	26.78	26.83	26.85	27.89	33
GPRS 2 Slots	24.77	24.75	24.85	25.89	33
GPRS 3 Slots	22.7	22.74	22.91	23.95	33
GPRS 4 Slots	20.61	20.73	20.84	21.88	33

Note: EIRP=Conducted Power(dBm) - Lc(dB) + Gr(dBi)

Result:	Pass
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Occupied Bandwidth

Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
GSM	0.246	0.243	0.247	0.311	0.313	0.318

Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.
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Out of band emission, Band Edge

Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.
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Frequency Stability						
Test Mode:	GMSK	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge,Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	1850.097	1850.000	1909.927	1910.000
	-20	3.8	1850.001	1850.000	1909.968	1910.000
	-10	3.8	1850.035	1850.000	1909.948	1910.000
	0	3.8	1850.007	1850.000	1909.978	1910.000
	10	3.8	1850.098	1850.000	1909.927	1910.000
	20	3.8	1850.078	1850.000	1909.924	1910.000
	30	3.8	1850.094	1850.000	1909.929	1910.000
	40	3.8	1850.081	1850.000	1909.921	1910.000
	50	3.8	1850.016	1850.000	1909.947	1910.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	1850.097	1850.000	1909.918	1910.000
	20	4.35	1850.051	1850.000	1909.913	1910.000
					Result:	Pass

Test Plots(Note: The 5.7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, Coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer):

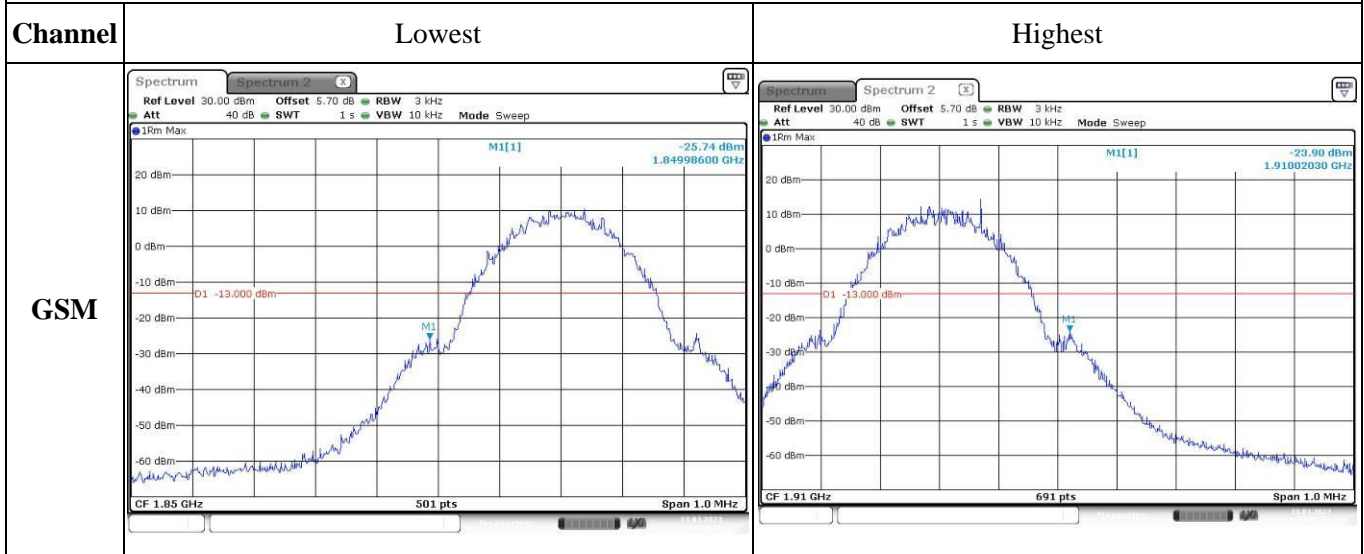
Occupied Bandwidth

Channel	GSM																																				
Lowest	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 3 kHz Att 40 dB SWT 11.2 ms VBW 10 kHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>1Pk Max</p> <p>M1[1] -8.37 dBm 1.85004630 GHz Occ Bw 245.508982036 kHz D1[1] -1.54 dB 311.40 kHz</p> <p>CF 1.8502 GHz 501 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.8500463 GHz</td> <td>-8.37 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.85007824 GHz</td> <td>1.94 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>245.508982036 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.85032375 GHz</td> <td>2.42 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td>311.4 kHz</td> <td>-1.54 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:17:39</p>	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1		1.8500463 GHz	-8.37 dBm			T1	1		1.85007824 GHz	1.94 dBm	Occ Bw	245.508982036 kHz	T2	1		1.85032375 GHz	2.42 dBm			D1	M1	1	311.4 kHz	-1.54 dB			/
Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result																															
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T2	1		1.85032375 GHz	2.42 dBm																																	
D1	M1	1	311.4 kHz	-1.54 dB																																	
Middle	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 3 kHz Att 40 dB SWT 11.2 ms VBW 10 kHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>1Pk Max</p> <p>M1[1] -8.55 dBm 1.87984520 GHz Occ Bw 243.125904486 kHz D1[1] -1.41 dB 312.60 kHz</p> <p>CF 1.88 GHz 691 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.8798452 GHz</td> <td>-8.55 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.87987844 GHz</td> <td>1.55 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>243.125904486 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.88012156 GHz</td> <td>1.38 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td>312.6 kHz</td> <td>-1.41 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:24:05</p>	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1		1.8798452 GHz	-8.55 dBm			T1	1		1.87987844 GHz	1.55 dBm	Occ Bw	243.125904486 kHz	T2	1		1.88012156 GHz	1.38 dBm			D1	M1	1	312.6 kHz	-1.41 dB			/
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T2	1		1.88012156 GHz	1.38 dBm																																	
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Highest	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 3 kHz Att 40 dB SWT 11.2 ms VBW 10 kHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>1Pk Max</p> <p>M1[1] -10.44 dBm 1.90964230 GHz Occ Bw 247.467438495 kHz D1[1] -0.28 dB 318.40 kHz</p> <p>CF 1.9098 GHz 691 pts Span 1.0 MHz</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Ref</th> <th>Trc</th> <th>X-value</th> <th>Y-value</th> <th>Function</th> <th>Function Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.9096423 GHz</td> <td>-10.44 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.90967699 GHz</td> <td>0.60 dBm</td> <td>Occ Bw</td> <td>247.467438495 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T2</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1.90992446 GHz</td> <td>1.80 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>M1</td> <td>1</td> <td>318.4 kHz</td> <td>-0.28 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:32:04</p>	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result	M1	1		1.9096423 GHz	-10.44 dBm			T1	1		1.90967699 GHz	0.60 dBm	Occ Bw	247.467438495 kHz	T2	1		1.90992446 GHz	1.80 dBm			D1	M1	1	318.4 kHz	-0.28 dB			/
Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result																															
M1	1		1.9096423 GHz	-10.44 dBm																																	
T1	1		1.90967699 GHz	0.60 dBm	Occ Bw	247.467438495 kHz																															
T2	1		1.90992446 GHz	1.80 dBm																																	
D1	M1	1	318.4 kHz	-0.28 dB																																	

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Channel	GSM	
Lowest	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 1 MHz Att 40 dB SWT 36 ms VBW 3 MHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -26.23 dBm 6.9590 GHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 1.0 GHz 691 pts Stop 10.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 20:26:42</p>	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 1 MHz Att 40 dB SWT 76 ms VBW 3 MHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -20.10 dBm 5.8530 GHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 1.0 GHz 691 pts Stop 20.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:40:12</p>
Middle	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 100 kHz Att 40 dB SWT 9.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -41.69 dBm 975.80 MHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 30.0 MHz 501 pts Stop 1.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:41:27</p>	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 1 MHz Att 40 dB SWT 76 ms VBW 3 MHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -27.08 dBm 6.7880 GHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 1.0 GHz 691 pts Stop 20.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:41:27</p>
Highest	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 100 kHz Att 40 dB SWT 9.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -41.96 dBm 973.90 MHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 30.0 MHz 501 pts Stop 1.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:43:51</p>	<p>Ref Level 35.70 dBm Offset 5.70 dB RBW 1 MHz Att 40 dB SWT 76 ms VBW 3 MHz Mode Sweep</p> <p>IPK Max M1[1] -25.22 dBm 19.8760 GHz</p> <p>D1 -13.000 dBm</p> <p>Start 1.0 GHz 691 pts Stop 20.0 GHz</p> <p>Date: 16.MAR.2023 21:43:51</p>

Out of band emission, Band Edge



4.3 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 2:

Serial Number:	2295	Test Date:	2023/03/10~2023/03/13
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	George Chen	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	23.6~24.6	Relative Humidity: (%)	35~39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.6~101.8
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2022/04/06	2023/04/05
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022/09/29	2023/09/28
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	N/A	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	2022/07/15	2023/07/14

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
WCDMA	1852.4	1880	1907.6

Test Data:**RF Output Power:**

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
WCDMA R99	17.25	17.25	17.88	18.92	33
HSDPA Subtest 1	17.19	17.29	17.54	18.58	33
HSDPA Subtest 2	16.91	17.47	17.65	18.69	33
HSDPA Subtest 3	16.77	16.58	17.4	18.44	33
HSDPA Subtest 4	16.54	17.12	16.74	18.16	33
HSUPA Subtest 1	17.36	17.49	17.92	18.96	33
HSUPA Subtest 2	17.02	16.82	17.7	18.74	33
HSUPA Subtest 3	16.92	16.77	17.03	18.07	33
HSUPA Subtest 4	16.79	16.99	17.46	18.5	33
HSUPA Subtest 5	16.66	17.24	17.18	18.28	33
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	17.02	17.26	17.85	18.89	33
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	17.23	17.44	17.37	18.48	33
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	17.16	17.72	17.86	18.9	33
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	17.11	16.91	17.39	18.43	33
HSPA+ Subtest 1	16.82	16.64	17.12	18.16	33

Note: EIRP=Conducted Power(dBm) - Lc(dB) + Gr(dBi)

Result:**Pass****Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)**

Test Mode	Peak-to-average Ratio(dB)			Limit (dB)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	2.9	2.87	2.96	13
HSDPA	4.72	6.38	5.1	13
HSUPA	5.91	5.16	5.07	13

Result:**Pass**

Occupied Bandwidth						
Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
WCDMA R99	4.1823	4.1968	4.1679	4.761	4.776	4.747
HSDPA	4.2116	4.1968	4.2692	4.81	4.747	6.179
HSUPA	4.2116	4.2547	4.2113	5.05	6.151	5.152

Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth

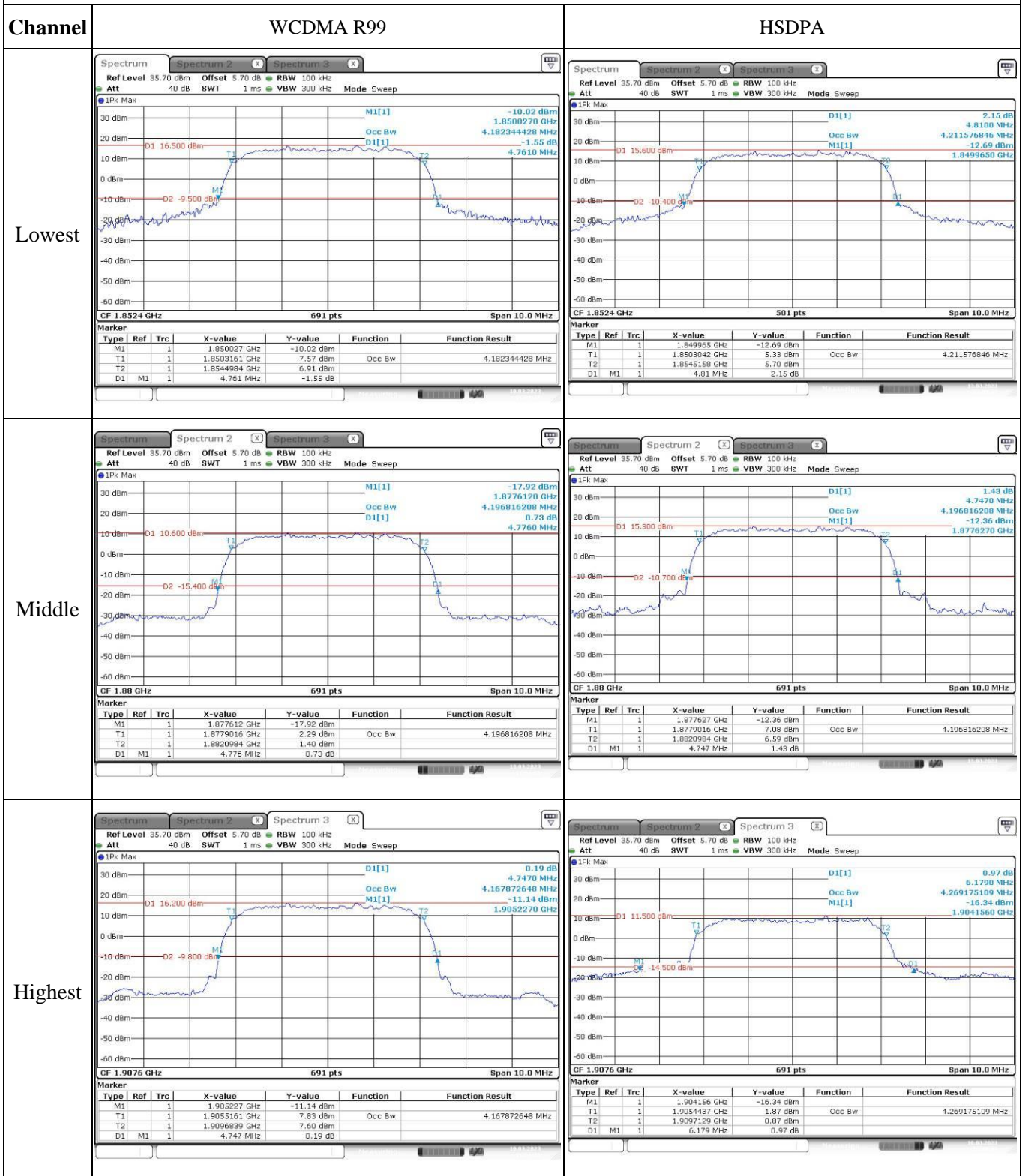
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.

Frequency Stability						
Test Mode:	WCDMA R99	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge, Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	1850.429	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	-20	3.8	1850.389	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	-10	3.8	1850.357	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	0	3.8	1850.351	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	10	3.8	1850.329	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	20	3.8	1850.316	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	30	3.8	1850.310	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	40	3.8	1850.307	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	1850.357	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
	20	4.35	1850.314	1850.000	1909.684	1910.000
					Result:	Pass

Test Plots(Note: The 5.7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, Coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer):

Occupied Bandwidth

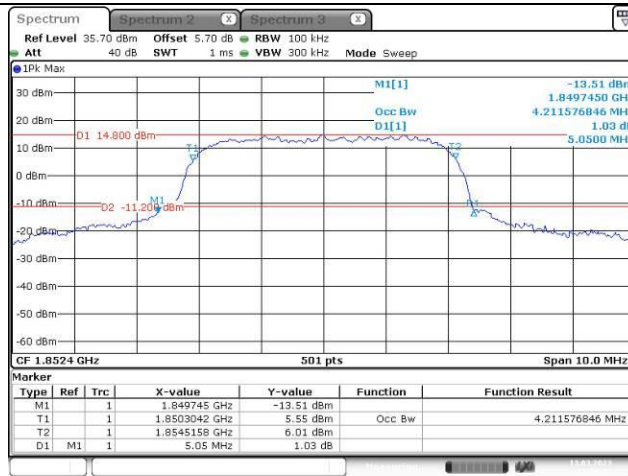


Occupied Bandwidth

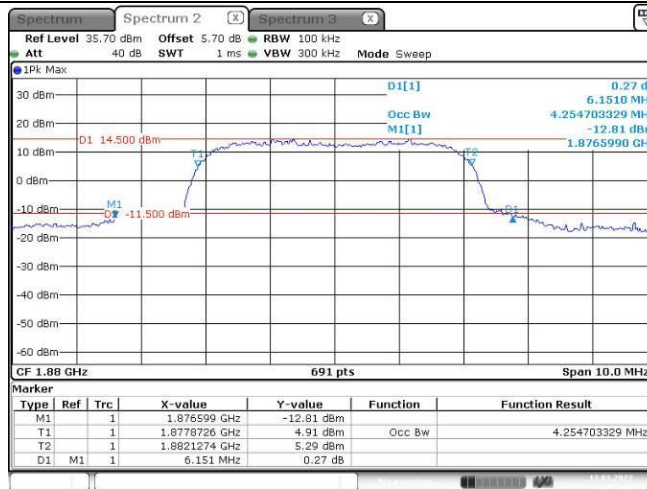
Channel

HSUPA

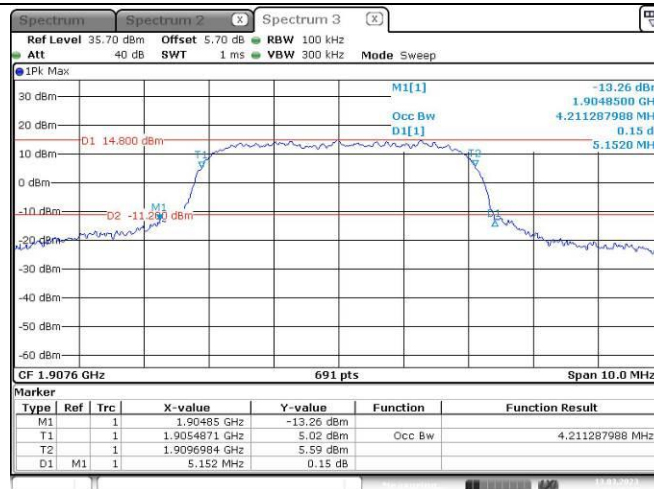
Lowest



Middle



Highest



Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Channel	WCDMA R99	
Lowest	<p>Spectrum 1: 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. Peak at 988.10 MHz, -41.96 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 100 kHz.</p>	<p>Spectrum 2: 1.0 GHz to 20.0 GHz. Peak at 5.8530 GHz, -28.02 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 1 MHz.</p>
Middle	<p>Spectrum 1: 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. Peak at 997.90 MHz, -41.44 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 100 kHz.</p>	<p>Spectrum 2: 1.0 GHz to 20.0 GHz. Peak at 15.6690 GHz, -25.98 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 1 MHz.</p>
Highest	<p>Spectrum 1: 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. Peak at 924.90 MHz, -41.30 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 100 kHz.</p>	<p>Spectrum 2: 1.0 GHz to 20.0 GHz. Peak at 15.6140 GHz, -25.92 dBm. Reference level: 35.70 dBm, Att: 40 dB, RBW: 1 MHz.</p>

Out of band emission, Band Edge

Mode	Lowest	Highest
R99		
HSUPA		
HSDPA		

4.4 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 5:

Serial Number:	2295	Test Date:	2023/03/10~2023/03/13
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	George Chen	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	23.6~24.6	Relative Humidity: (%)	35~39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.6~101.8
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2022/04/06	2023/04/05
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022/09/29	2023/09/28
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	N/A	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	2022/07/15	2023/07/14

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Frequency:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
WCDMA	826.4	836.6	846.6

Test Data:**RF Output Power:**

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum ERP (dBm)	ERP FCC/ISED Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
WCDMA R99	18.89	19.29	18.98	16.28	38.45/34.77
HSDPA Subtest 1	18.87	19.41	19.5	16.49	38.45/34.77
HSDPA Subtest 2	18.81	19.3	19.19	16.29	38.45/34.77
HSDPA Subtest 3	18.54	18.75	18.93	15.92	38.45/34.77
HSDPA Subtest 4	18.24	18.17	18.38	15.37	38.45/34.77
HSUPA Subtest 1	19.02	19.17	19.36	16.35	38.45/34.77
HSUPA Subtest 2	18.63	19.16	18.64	16.15	38.45/34.77
HSUPA Subtest 3	18.63	18.63	18.69	15.68	38.45/34.77
HSUPA Subtest 4	18.47	18.85	18.71	15.84	38.45/34.77
HSUPA Subtest 5	18.28	18.4	18.5	15.49	38.45/34.77
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	18.75	18.95	19.53	16.52	38.45/34.77
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	18.64	19.06	19.27	16.26	38.45/34.77
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	18.5	18.38	19.1	16.09	38.45/34.77
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	18.24	18.2	18.8	15.79	38.45/34.77
HSPA+ Subtest 1	18.09	18.45	18.32	15.44	38.45/34.77

Note:

ERP= Conducted Power(dBm) - Lc(dB) + G_T(dBd)G_T(dBd)=G_T(dBi)-2.15**Result:****Pass****Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)**

Test Mode	Peak-to-average Ratio(dB)			Limit (dB)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	3.01	3.04	3.74	13
HSDPA	6.58	4.52	4.52	13
HSUPA	5.48	5.48	4.9	13

Result:**Pass**

Occupied Bandwidth						
Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
WCDMA R99	4.1823	4.1823	4.1679	4.747	4.906	4.732
HSDPA	4.1968	4.2113	4.1823	4.935	5.094	5.109
HSUPA	4.1916	4.2113	4.1968	5.489	5.297	5.109

Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

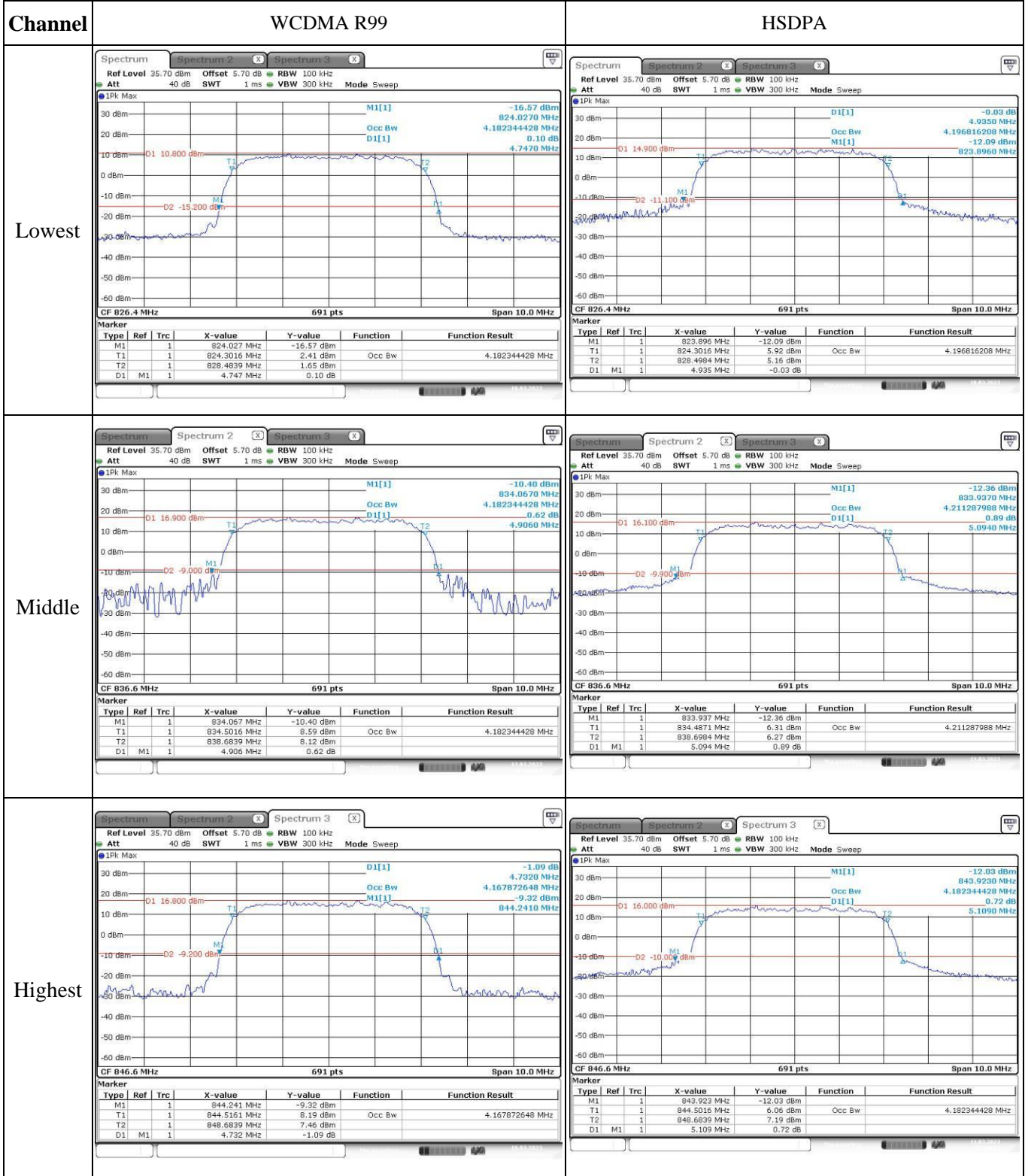
Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.

Frequency Stability For FCC:					
Test Modulation:	WCDMA R99		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Frequency Error		Limit
			(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	16.79	0.020	2.5
	-20	3.8	-9.97	-0.012	2.5
	-10	3.8	-6.13	-0.007	2.5
	0	3.8	6.17	0.007	2.5
	10	3.8	7.92	0.009	2.5
	20	3.8	6.46	0.008	2.5
	30	3.8	-6.52	-0.008	2.5
	40	3.8	7.18	0.009	2.5
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	50	3.8	-9.7	-0.012	2.5
	20	3.45	-8.17	-0.010	2.5
	20	4.35	-7.05	-0.008	2.5
				Result:	Pass

Frequency Stability For RSS-132:						
Test Mode:	WCDMA R99	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge, Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	824.3429	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	-20	3.8	824.3389	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	-10	3.8	824.3357	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	0	3.8	824.3351	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	10	3.8	824.3329	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	20	3.8	824.3316	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	30	3.8	824.3310	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	40	3.8	824.3307	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	50	3.8	824.3306	824.000	848.6684	849.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	824.3357	824.000	848.6684	849.000
	20	4.35	824.3314	824.000	848.6684	849.000
					Result:	Pass

Test Plots(Note: The 5.7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, Coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer):

Occupied Bandwidth

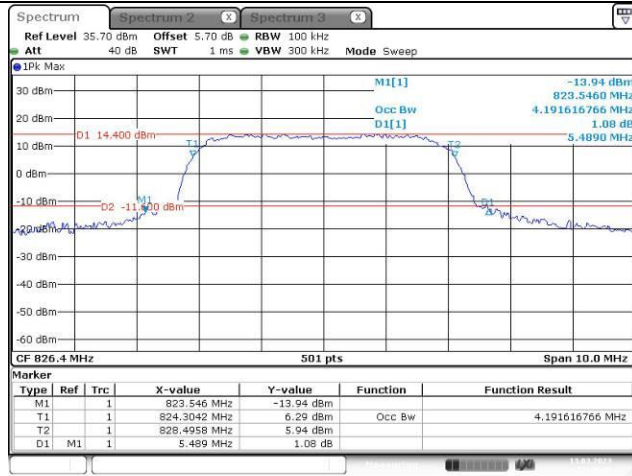


Occupied Bandwidth

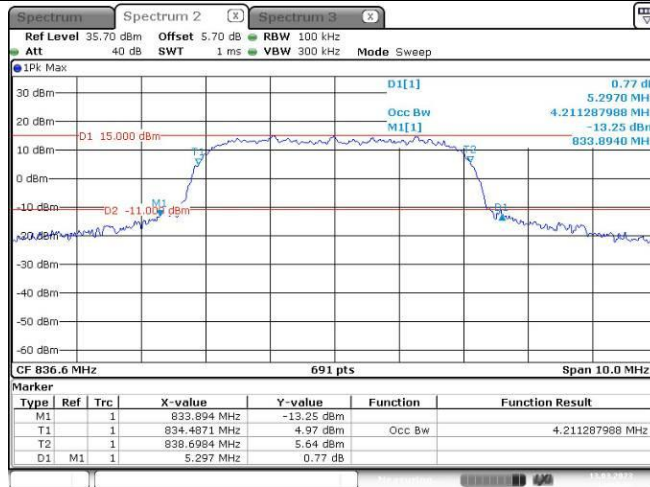
Channel

HSUPA

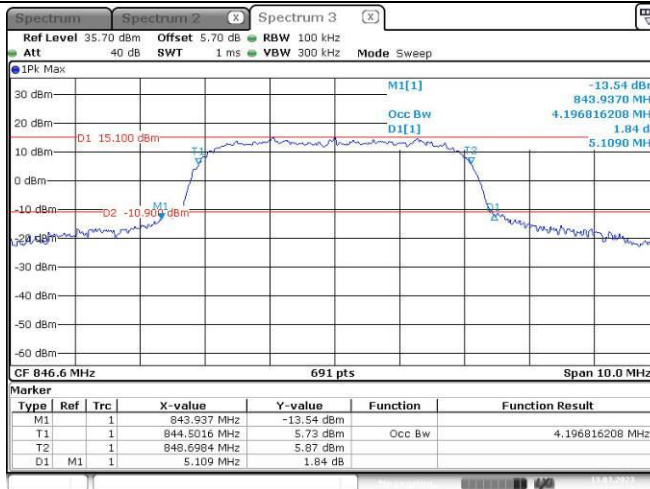
Lowest



Middle



Highest



Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Channel	WCDMA R99	
Lowest	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 938.90 MHz with a level of -41.19 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 100 kHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 9.7 ms, VBW 300 kHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 6.8420 GHz with a level of -26.73 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 1.0 GHz to 10.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 1 MHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 36 ms, VBW 3 MHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>
	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 985.30 MHz with a level of -40.98 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 100 kHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 9.7 ms, VBW 300 kHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 5.8390 GHz with a level of -27.06 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 1.0 GHz to 10.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 1 MHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 36 ms, VBW 3 MHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>
Highest	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 988.10 MHz with a level of -40.84 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 30.0 MHz to 1.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 100 kHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 9.7 ms, VBW 300 kHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>	<p>Spectrum plot showing a sharp peak at 6.9720 GHz with a level of -26.32 dBm. The plot covers the frequency range from 1.0 GHz to 10.0 GHz. The y-axis represents power in dBm, ranging from -60 to 30. The plot includes parameters: Ref Level 35.70 dBm, Offset 5.70 dB, RBW 1 MHz, Att 40 dB, SWT 36 ms, VBW 3 MHz, Mode Sweep. A noise floor is marked at -13.000 dBm.</p>

Out of band emission, Band Edge

Mode	Lowest	Highest
R99		
HSUPA		
HSDPA		

4.5 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for LTE Band 2

Serial Number:	2295	Test Date:	2023/02/27~2023/03/15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	George Chen	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	23.2~24.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	33~36	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.1~102.3
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2022/04/06	2023/04/05
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022/09/29	2023/09/28
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	N/A	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	2022/07/15	2023/07/14

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Bandwidth	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
1.4MHz	1850.7	1880	1909.3
3MHz	1851.5	1880	1908.5
5MHz	1852.5	1880	1907.5
10MHz	1855	1880	1905
15MHz	1857.5	1880	1902.5
20MHz	1860	1880	1900

Test Data:**RF Output Power:**

Test Bandwidth & Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
		Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
1.4MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.25	17.06	17.9	18.99	33
	RB1#3	17.69	17.05	17.63		
	RB1#5	17.89	17.85	17.93		
	RB3#0	17.84	17.24	17.5		
	RB3#3	17.85	17.23	17.95		
	RB6#0	17.13	17.94	17.37		
1.4MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.85	17.5	17.2	19.04	33
	RB1#3	17.1	17.03	17.4		
	RB1#5	17.27	17.86	17.03		
	RB3#0	17.11	18	17.34		
	RB3#3	17.76	17.67	17.73		
3MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.92	17.54	17.78	19.02	33
	RB1#8	17.03	17.49	17.72		
	RB1#14	17.32	17.68	17.05		
	RB6#0	17.83	17.98	17.77		
	RB6#9	17.88	17.34	17.28		
3MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.89	17.75	17.94	19	33
	RB1#8	17.48	17.42	17.19		
	RB1#14	17.33	17.36	17.34		
	RB6#0	17.43	17.78	17.26		
	RB6#9	17.85	17.54	17.96		
5MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.5	17.24	17.54	18.88	33
	RB1#13	17.33	17.34	17.57		
	RB1#24	17.01	17.2	17.2		
	RB15#0	17.4	17.17	17.46		
	RB15#10	17.08	17.12	17.84		
5MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.61	17.3	17.71	19.03	33
	RB1#13	17.62	17.14	17.99		
	RB1#24	17.47	17.95	17.35		
	RB15#0	17.95	17.74	17.36		
	RB15#10	17.16	17.53	17.38		
	RB25#0	17.05	17.42	17.34		

10MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.56	17.23	17.24	18.99	33
	RB1#25	17.09	17.14	17.26		
	RB1#49	17.56	17.87	17.81		
	RB25#0	17.04	17.21	17.95		
	RB25#25	17.05	17.63	17.57		
	RB50#0	17.17	17.43	17.29		
10MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.55	17.14	17	18.94	33
	RB1#25	17.9	17.84	17.53		
	RB1#49	17.01	17.5	17.74		
	RB25#0	17.55	17.33	17.11		
	RB25#25	17.2	17.11	17.35		
	RB50#0	17.43	17.18	17.13		
15MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.76	17.95	17.34	19.01	33
	RB1#38	17.84	17.61	17.79		
	RB1#74	17.48	17.2	17.28		
	RB36#0	17.66	17.16	17.4		
	RB36#39	17.35	17.56	17.87		
	RB75#0	17.97	17.21	17.82		
15MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.5	17.53	17.49	19	33
	RB1#38	17.44	17.95	17.96		
	RB1#74	17.66	17.18	17.85		
	RB36#0	17.77	17.55	17.45		
	RB36#39	17.61	17.9	17.95		
	RB75#0	17.1	17.64	17.5		
20MHz QPSK	RB1#0	17.74	17.61	17.59	18.91	33
	RB1#50	17.15	17.58	17.45		
	RB1#99	17.87	17.53	17.4		
	RB50#0	17.2	17.14	17.25		
	RB50#50	17.81	17.05	17.15		
	RB100#0	17.81	17.85	17.55		
20MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	17.87	17.29	17.65	18.99	33
	RB1#50	17.55	17.44	17.07		
	RB1#99	17.9	17.37	17.04		
	RB50#0	17.76	17.19	17.88		
	RB50#50	17.36	17.89	17.06		
	RB100#0	17.93	17.68	17.95		

Note: EIRP=Conducted Power(dBm) - Lc(dB) + G_T(dBi)

Result:

Pass

Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)					
Test Bandwidth & Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Peak-to-average Ratio(dB)			Limit (dB)
		Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
20MHz QPSK	RB1#0	4.84	5.33	5.42	13
	RB100#0	4.2	4.03	4.23	13
20MHz 16QAM	RB1#0	5.42	5.88	6.38	13
	RB100#0	5.71	5.59	5.71	13
Result:					Pass

Occupied Bandwidth						
Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
1.4MHz QPSK	1.102	1.108	1.108	1.326	1.338	1.35
1.4MHz 16QAM	1.102	1.096	1.102	1.338	1.302	1.314
3MHz QPSK	2.695	2.695	2.683	2.88	2.88	2.904
3MHz 16QAM	2.683	2.683	2.683	2.892	2.88	2.88
5MHz QPSK	4.491	4.531	4.511	4.94	4.94	5.14
5MHz 16QAM	4.531	4.491	4.551	4.96	4.94	5.52
10MHz QPSK	8.942	8.942	8.942	9.56	9.6	9.84
10MHz 16QAM	8.942	8.942	8.942	9.56	9.6	9.64
15MHz QPSK	13.533	13.473	13.533	14.88	14.76	16.38
15MHz 16QAM	13.533	13.473	13.533	14.82	14.76	14.82
20MHz QPSK	18.044	17.964	17.964	20.8	19.2	19.28
20MHz 16QAM	17.964	17.964	17.964	19.68	19.36	19.36
Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth						

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.

Frequency Stability

Test Mode:	20M QPSK	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge,Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{dc})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	1850.4974	1850.000	1909.6077	1910.000
	-20	3.8	1850.4951	1850.000	1909.6013	1910.000
	-10	3.8	1850.4954	1850.000	1909.6002	1910.000
	0	3.8	1850.4012	1850.000	1909.6049	1910.000
	10	3.8	1850.4002	1850.000	1909.6058	1910.000
	20	3.8	1850.4978	1850.000	1909.6085	1910.000
	30	3.8	1850.4933	1850.000	1909.6080	1910.000
	40	3.8	1850.4973	1850.000	1909.6078	1910.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	1850.4981	1850.000	1909.6078	1910.000
	20	4.35	1850.4010	1850.000	1909.6038	1910.000
					Result:	Pass

Test Mode:	20M 16QAM	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge,Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{dc})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	1850.4065	1850.000	1909.6020	1910.000
	-20	3.8	1850.4082	1850.000	1909.6036	1910.000
	-10	3.8	1850.4091	1850.000	1909.6082	1910.000
	0	3.8	1850.4020	1850.000	1909.6003	1910.000
	10	3.8	1850.4024	1850.000	1909.6067	1910.000
	20	3.8	1850.4058	1850.000	1909.6083	1910.000
	30	3.8	1850.4063	1850.000	1909.6081	1910.000
	40	3.8	1850.4097	1850.000	1909.6027	1910.000
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.45	1850.4048	1850.000	1909.6013	1910.000
	20	4.35	1850.4022	1850.000	1909.6086	1910.000
					Result:	Pass