# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant:	STONKAM CO., LTD	
Address of Appicant:	1/F., #6Building,Huangzhou Industrial Park, Chebei Rd., Tianhe, Guangzhou, Guangdong province, China	
Manufacturer:	STONKAM CO., LTD	
Address of Manufacturer:	Building 3,No.1 Xingda Road, Yunpu Industrial Zone, Huangpu District, Guangzhou Guangdong, P. R. China	
Product name:	1080P 2.4GHz Digital Wireless Camera	
Model:	HDW135897CAI, EC2030-WC2	
Rating(s):	DC 12V	
Trademark:	STONKAM	
Standards:	47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C section 15.247	
FCC ID:	2ATW7-HDW897	
Data of Receipt:	2021-12-02	
Date of Test:	2021-12-02~2022-04-21	
Date of Issue:	2022-04-21	
Test Result	Pass*	

 $^{\ast}\,$  In the configuration tested, the test item complied with the standards specified above.

#### Authorized for issue by:

Test by:

Chivas Tsang Apr. 21, 2022 **Project Engineer** 

Date Name/Position

Signature

**Reviewed by:** do/ Victor Meng 21, 2022 Apr. Project Manager Name/Position Date Signature \*

Possible test cas	e verdicts:	
test case does no	t apply to the test object :	N/A
test object does m	neet the requirement:	P (Pass)
test object does n	ot meet the requirement:	F (Fail)
Testing Laboratory information:		
Testing Laboratory Name::		ITL Co., Ltd
Address:		No. 8 Jinqianling Street 5, Huangjiang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, 523757 P.R.C.
Testing location	:	Same as above
Tel	:	0086-769-39001678
Fax	:	0086-20-62824387
E-mail	:	itl@i-testlab.com

#### **General remarks:**

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

The results contained in this report reflect the results for this particular model and serial number. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that all production models meet the intent of the requirements detailed within this report.

This report would be invalid test report without all the signatures of testing technician and approver. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.

#### General product information:

The models HDW135897CA and EC2030-WC2 are identical to each other except for model names. All tests were performed on the model HDW135897CA Classic 2as representative.

# 1 Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Test method	Result	
	FCC PART 15 C FCC PART 15 C			
Antenna Requirement	section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS	
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
(-20dB)	section 15.247 (a)(1);			
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
	section 15.247(a)(1);			
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
	section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)		17100	
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
	section 15.247(a)(1)(iii);	71101 000.10.2010		
Maximum Back Output Dowar	FCC PART 15 C		PASS	
Maximum Peak Output Power	section 15.247(b)(1);	ANSI C63.10:2013		
Conducted Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C		PASS	
(30 MHz to 25 GHz)	section 15.247(d);	ANSI C63.10:2013	FA33	
Radiated Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C		PASS	
(9 kHz to 25 GHz)	section 15.247(d);	ANSI C63.10:2013		
	FCC PART 15 C			
Band Edges Measurement	section 15.247 (d)	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
	&15.205			
Conducted Emissions at Mains	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
Terminals	section 15.207;	ANSI C05.10.2015		
Radiated Emissions which fall	FCC PART 15 C	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	
in the restricted bands	section 15.209			
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 5.247(b)(4)	ANSI C63.10:2013	PASS	

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10:2013 the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2013 in the whole report.

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# **3** General Information

### 3.1 Client Information

Applicant: STONKAM CO., LTD

Address of Applicant: 1/F., #6Building,Huangzhou Industrial Park, Chebei Rd., Tianhe, Guangzhou, Guangdong province, China

### 3.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Name:	1080P 2.4GHz Digital Wireless Camera
Model No.:	HDW135897CA
Trade Mark:	STONKAM
Operating Frequency:	2408 MHz to 2478 MHz

19 channels

Channels	:

channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency
1	2408	6	2425	11	2448	16	2468
2	2411	7	2428	12	2452	17	2472
3	2415	8	2432	13	2455	18	2475
4	2418	9	2442	14	2458	19	2478
5	2422	10	2445	15	2465		

Modulation Technique: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

Type of Modulation	16QAM/QPSK/BPSK
Dwell time	Per channel is less than 0.4s.
Antenna Type	External antenna
Antenna gain:	3 dBi
Function:	1080P 2.4GHz Digital Wireless Camera

## 3.3 Details of E.U.T.

EUT Power Supply:	DC 12V
Test mode:	The program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and
	receiving mode is programmed. Channel lowest (2408MHz), middle
	(2445MHz) and highest (2478MHz) are chosen for full testing.

Power cord: /

## 3.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit for fixed frequency by testing lab.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Connection	Working state
/	/	/	/	/

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# 3.5 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

ITL Co., Ltd No. 8 Jinqianling Street 5, Huangjiang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, 523757 P.R.C. 0086-769-39001678 itl@i-testlab.com No tests were sub-contracted.

# 3.6 Deviation from Standards

None.

# 3.7 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

## 3.8 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

# 3.9 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- CNAS Lab code:L9342
- FCC Designation No.:CN5035
- IC Registration NO.: 12593A
- NVLAP LAB CODE: 600199-0

# 3.10 Measurement Uncertainty

The below measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (base on a coverage factor (k=2).)

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio frequency	2.25%
total RF power, conducted	±1.34 dB
RF power density, conducted	±1.49 dB
All emissions, radiated	±2.72 dB
Temperature	±5.02 dB
Humidity	±0.8°C
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.5 %

# 4 Instruments Used during Test

No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
ITL-114	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY51250936	2022/01/14	2023/01/13
ITL-154	EMI test receiver 9kHz to 26.5GHz	R&S	ESR26	101257	2022/01/14	2023/01/13
ITL-116	Pre Amplifier	HP	8447F	3113A05905	2022/01/14	2023/01/13
ITL-117	Wideband Amplifier Super Ultra	Mini-circuits	ZVA-183- S+	469101134	2022/01/14	2023/01/13
ITL-164	Trilog-Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	9168-0844	2020/06/19	2022/06/18
ITL-110	Horn Antenna	A-INFOMW	JXTXLB- 10180-N	J2031090612 133	2020/06/19	2022/06/18
ITL-103	Two-line v- network	R&S	ENV216	100120	2021/08/10	2022/08/09
ITL-115	50Ω Coaxial Cable	Mini-circuits	CBL	C001	2020/06/19	2022/06/18
ITL-100	Semi-Anechoic chamber	ETS•Lindgren	FACT3 2.0	CT09015	2019/10/16	2022/10/15
ITL-145	Loop Antenna	ZHINAN	Z30900A	00489	2020/06/19	2022/06/18
ITL-146	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	B09806543	2020/06/19	2022/06/18
ITL-101	Shielded Room	ETS•Lindgren	8*4*3	CT09010	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
ITL-166	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY5365004	2022/01/14	2023/01/13

# 5 Test Results

# 5.1 E.U.T. test conditions

Test Voltage:	Input: DC 12V
Temperature:	20.0 -25.0 °C
Humidity:	38-50 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1000 -1010 mbar
Test frequencies and frequency range:	According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

According to the 15.33 (a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

Frequency range in	Number of	Location in frequency range
which	frequencies	of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1
	č	near bottom

#### Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

#### Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz,
At or above 10 GHz to below	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz,
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz,

channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency	channel	Frequency
1	2408	6	2425	11	2448	16	2468
2	2411	7	2428	12	2452	17	2472
3	2415	8	2432	13	2455	18	2475
4	2418	9	2442	14	2458	19	2478
5	2422	10	2445	15	2465		

#### EUT channels and frequencies list:

Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 1 channel (2408 MHz), middle channel: 10 channel (2445 MHz) and highest channel: 19 channel (2478 MHz)

#### 5.2 Antenna requirement

#### Standard requirement

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203. an intentional radiator shall be designed to Ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### EUT Antenna

The antenna is an External Antenna and the antenna connector type is RP-SMA. The best case gain of the antenna is 3 dBi.

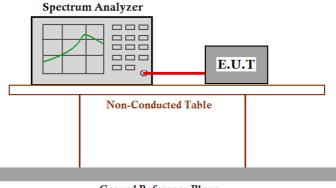
Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement:FCC Part 15 C section 15.247		
	(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.	
Test Method: Test Status:	ANSI C63.10:2013 Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the	

lowest, middle and highest channel.

#### **Test Configuration:**



#### Ground Reference Plane

#### Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
- Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW >= 1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW >= RBW.
   Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and -20dB points bandwidth.

#### Test result (-20dB bandwidth):

Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)	2/3 bandwidth(MHz)
Lowest	4.486	2.991
Middle	4.464	2.976
Highest	4.451	2.967

# Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channel:



Middle Channel:



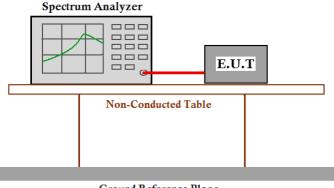
Highest Channel:



# 5.4 Carrier Frequencies Separated

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247
	(a),(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest, middle and highest channel

#### **Test Configuration:**



#### **Ground Reference Plane**

#### Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel., VBW >= RBW, Sweep = auto;

Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.

3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.



#### Test result:

Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	Pass/Fail		
Lower Channels	3.04MHz	Pass		
Middle Channels	3.02MHz	Pass		
Upper Channels	3.00MHz	Pass		
Remark: The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 2.991 MHz				

# Carrier Frequencies Separated plot:

1. Lowest Channels:

🍺 Agilent Spec	ctrum Analyzer - Swept SA					
Center F	RF 50 Ω AC req 2.40800000	0 GHz	SENSE:INT	ALIGN OFF	/r TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6	Frequency
		PNO: Fast 🕞 IFGain:Low	Trig: Free Run #Atten: 40 dB	Avg Hold:>100/100	ΔMkr1 3.04 MHz	Auto Tune
10 dB/div Log	Ref 23.00 dBm				-0.110 dB	
13.0			u <sup>pronyth</sup> holm	142 mult	Mar	Center Freq 2.408000000 GHz
3.00		, A				
-7.00						<b>Start Freq</b> 2.398000000 GHz
-17.0		upper well with the second sec				<b>Stop Freq</b> 2.418000000 GHz
-27.0 -37.0						CF Step 2.000000 MHz
-47.0						<u>Auto</u> Man
-57.0						Freq Offset 0 Hz
-67.0						
Center 2.4 #Res BW	40800 GHz 1.0 MHz	#VBW	1.0 MHz	Sweep	Span 20.00 MHz 1.000 ms (1001 pts)	
MSG				STA	TUS	

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#### 2. Middle Channels:

📁 Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
Center Freq 2.445000000	GHz SENSE:INT	ALIGN OFF Avg Type: Log-Pwr	01:12:58 AM Apr 15, 2022 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6	Frequency
10 dB/div Ref 23.00 dBm	PNO: Fast Trig: Free Run IFGain:Low #Atten: 40 dB	Avg Hold:>100/100	Ikr1 -3.02 MHz -0.161 dB	Auto Tune
13.0	1,22		Margan Million Area and Area and	Center Freq 2.445000000 GHz
-7.00				<b>Start Freq</b> 2.435000000 GHz
-17.0				<b>Stop Freq</b> 2.455000000 GHz
-37.0				<b>CF Step</b> 2.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-57.0				Freq Offset 0 Hz
-67 0 Center 2.44500 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 1.0 MHz	Sween 11	Span 20.00 MHz 000 ms (1001 pts)	
MSG	**************************************	STATUS		

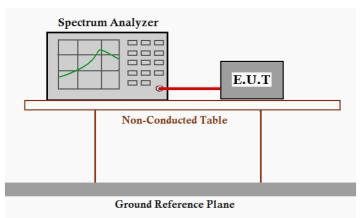
#### 3. Highest Channels



# 5.5 Hopping Channel Number

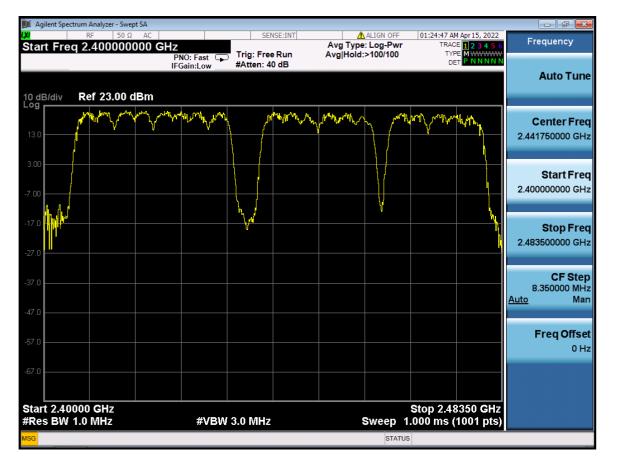
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247	
	(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz	
	band shall use at least 15 channels.	
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013	
Test Status:	Test the EUT in hopping mode.	

#### Test Configuration:



#### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller. VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400 MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5 MHz. Submit the test result graph.



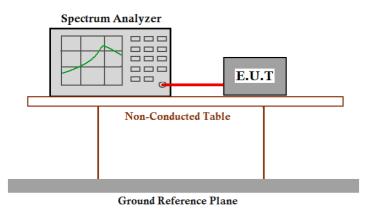
Test result: Total channels are 19 channels.

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

### 5.6 Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247
	(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest, middle and highest channel
Test Configuration.	

Test Configuration:



#### **Test Procedure:**

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;3. Set RBW = 1 MHz and VBW = 3 MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire

dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = View;4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.).Repeat this test for each variation.

The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

#### Test Result:

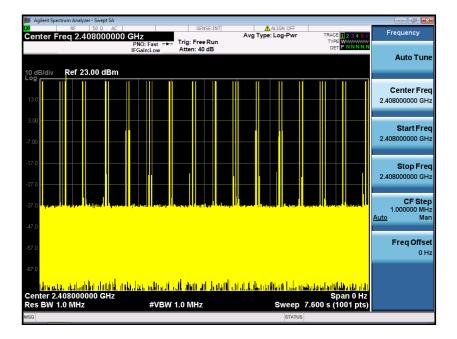
The test period: T= 0.4 Second/Channel x 19 Channel = 7.6 s

#### Dwell Time

Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Time Observed Total		Total Dwell	Limit (ms)	Verdict
	(ms)	pluses in 7.6s	Time (ms)		
2408	1.205	36	43.38	400	Pass
2445	0.319	56	17.86	400	Pass
2478	0.317	28	8.88	400	Pass

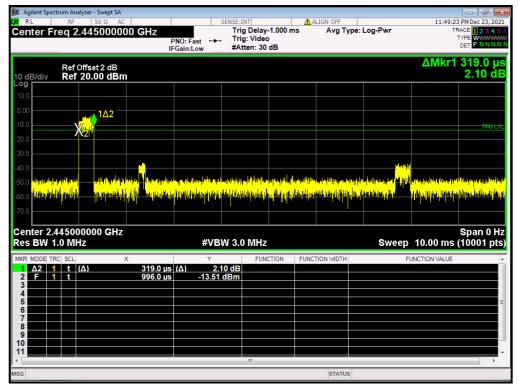
#### Lowest channel (2.408 GHz):

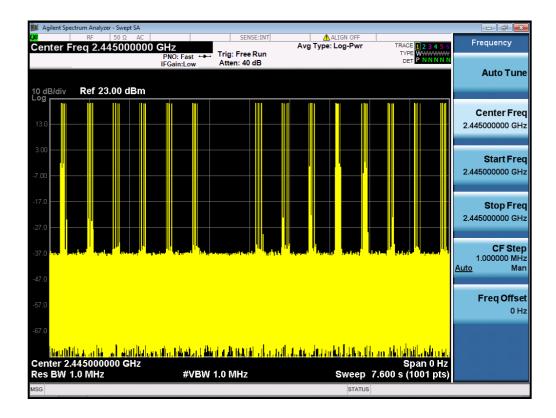
	SA						
RL RF 50Ω enter Freq 2.408000	0000 GHz		g Delay-1.000 m g: Video	ALIGN OFF	e: Log-Pwr	TF	3 PM Dec 23, 203 RACE 1 2 3 4 5
			tten: 30 dB				DET P NNNI
Ref Offset 2.01						ΔMkr1	1.205 m 0.12 d
dB/div Ref 20.00 de	Bm 1Δ2						
0.0 <b>A2</b>							TRIG LY
).0							
0.0 0.0							
	وريد مريامه	e hare takin in direct of	Instate in the later	and the second of the second	والمتعالية فتتعاده التاريط	alter and the last	مصالليمية
0.0 <mark>alahangkarakarakarakarakaran baran baran 1.0 alam baran b</mark>	at black at the large	ري رايالية مراقعية ويلقافنا وأغرب	ad the state to consider a state of the stat	The second second second	COLOR DO NO.		i dan persenan Dan dada barta
70 4. 1. 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	- With the second	al also in the second secon	l ar ha bhan bhan bar.	and a state of the second s		an thalan a	and over 1
3.0							
	lz	#\/B\//3/			Swaan	10.00 mc	
es BW 1.0 MHz		#VBW 3.(				10.00 ms	
es BW 1.0 MHz κ Mode trc scl 1 Δ2 1 t (Δ)	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH		10.00 ms	
BW         1.0         MHz           R         MODE         TRC         SCL           Δ2         1         t         (Δ)           2         F         1         t	Х	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
A         1.0 MHz           R         MODE         TRC         SCL           Δ2         1         t         (Δ)           2         F         1         t           3         4         -         -	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
es BW 1.0 MHz (R MODE TRC SCL 1 Δ2 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t 4 5 6 4 4 5 6 4 4 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
23 BW 1.0 MHz IF MODE TRC SCL Δ2 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t 3 F 1 t 5 F 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t (Δ) 3 F 1 t (Δ) 4 F 1 t (Δ) 5 F 1 t	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
23 BW 1.0 MHz IF MODE TRC SCL Δ2 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t 3 F 1 t 5 F 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t (Δ) 3 F 1 t (Δ) 4 F 1 t (Δ) 5 F 1 t	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			
BW         1.0         MHz           R         MODE         TCC         SCL           A2         1         t         (Δ)           3         -         t         -           4         -         t         -           3         -         -         -           5         -         -         -           6         -         -         -	× 1.205 ms	γ (Δ) 0.12 dB	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH			Span 0 H (10001 pt



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#### Middle channel (2.445 GHz):

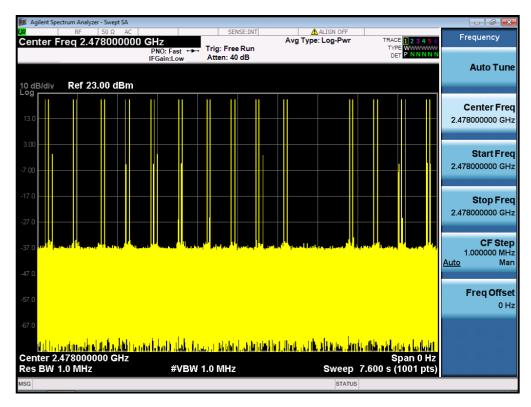




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#### Highest channel (2.478 GHz):

🎉 Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
<b>LX RL RF 50 Ω AC</b>			ALIGN OFF	11:51:18 PM Dec 23, 2021
Center Freq 2.4780000	PNO: Fast ↔ IFGain:Low	Trig Delay-1.000 ms Trig: Video #Atten: 30 dB	Avg Type: Log-P	WT TRACE 123456 TYPE WWWWWW DET PNNNN
Ref Offset 2.12 dE 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm Log				ΔMkr1 317.0 μs -5.62 dB
10.0				
0.00				
-10.0				
-30.0 XIII 1∆2				TRIG LVL
-40.0				
-50.0 <mark>belleten direntet - 1900anen 1</mark> -60.0 <mark>dateten bagelet - dageleten</mark>	in the standing of the second statement of the second statement of the second statement of the second statement In the second statement of the second statement of the second statement of the second statement of the second st	n de gelegene et en de gele de la de l La de la d		
	ed destalle and talear			
Center 2.478000000 GHz				Span 0 Hz
Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VB	W 3.0 MHz	S	weep 10.00 ms (10001 pts)
MKR MODE TRC SCL >		FUNCTION FU	INCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	997.0 µs -29.88			
4 5				Ξ
6 7				
8				
10				•
	· ·			- F



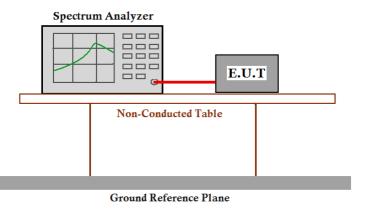
The results are not greater than 0.4 seconds

The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

### 5.7 Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247
	(b)(1)For frequency hopping systems operating in
	the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75
	non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency
	hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt.
	For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-
	2483.5 MHz band: 0.125W
	Refer to the result "Hopping channel number" of this
	document. The 1 watt (30.0 dBm) limit applies.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Limit:	
Test mode:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest,
	middle and highest channel.

#### **Test Configuration:**



#### **Test Procedure:**

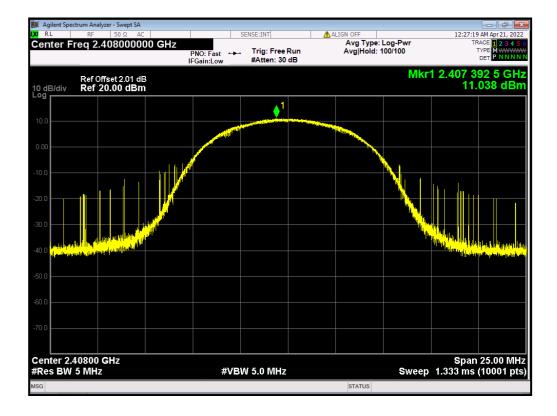
- 1 . Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2 . Set the spectrum analyzer:

Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel. RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured. VBW ≥ RBW.Sweep = auto; Detector Function =Peak.

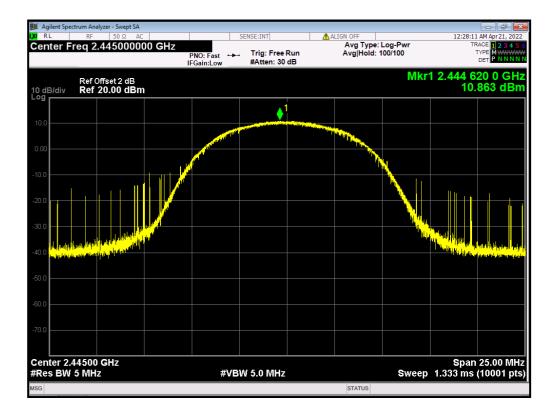
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

Test Result:							
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result			
Lowest	2408	11.038	21	Pass			
Middle	2445	10.863	21	Pass			
Highest	2478	10.681	21	Pass			
Remark: cable lo	ose=2.01dB						
Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.							
Test result plot as follows:							

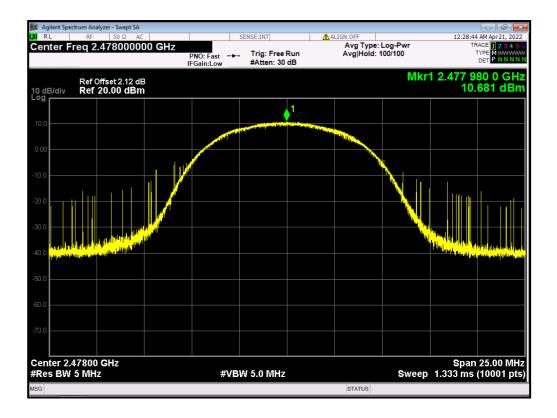
#### Lowest Channel:



#### Middle Channel:



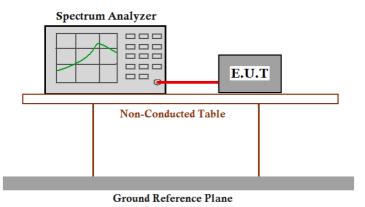
**Highest Channel:** 



# 5.8 Conducted Spurious Emissions

(d) In any 100 kHz handwidth autaida tha fraguanay hand in
<ul> <li>(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.</li> <li>Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.</li> </ul>
ANSI C63.10:2013 Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

#### **Test Configuration:**

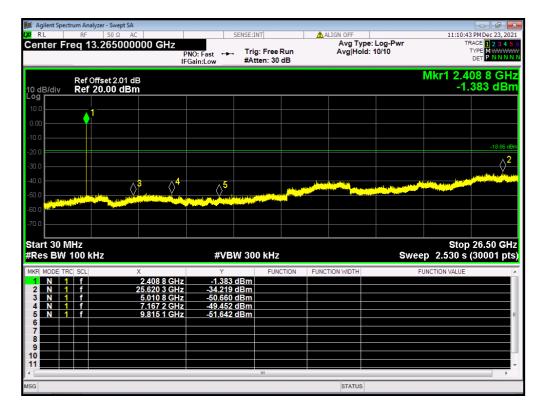


#### **Test Procedure:**

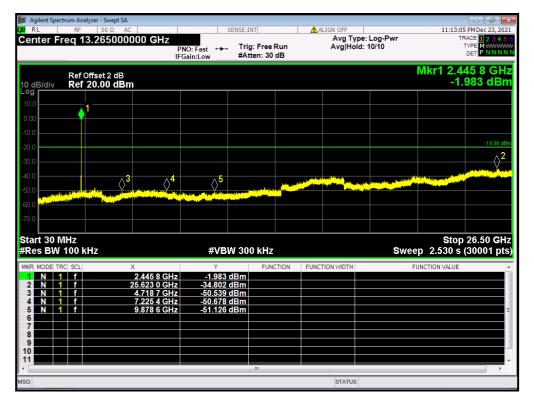
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

Test result plot as follows Lowest Channel:

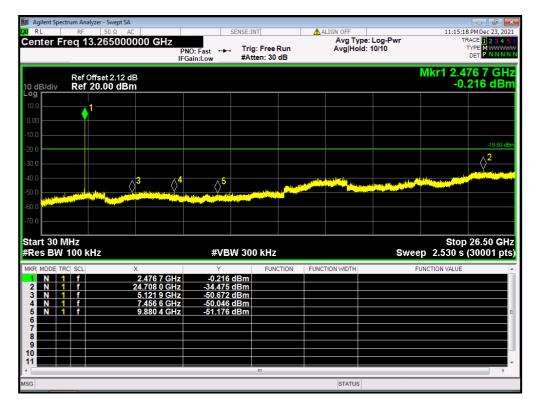


Middle Channel



Note: This line in the plots is a reference line for the 20dB down limit, not the limit.

#### **Highest channel**



Note: This line in the plots is a reference line for the 20dB down limit, not the limit.

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

# 5.9 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247
	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that Contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, and provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest, middle and highest channel.
Detector:	For PK value:
	RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz, 9kHz for <30MHz VBW $\ge$ RBW Sweep = auto
	Detector function = peak
	Trace = max hold
	For AV value:
	RBW = 1 MHz for f $\ge$ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, 9kHz for <30MHz
	VBW =10 Hz
	Sweep = auto
	Detector function = peak
	Trace = max hold

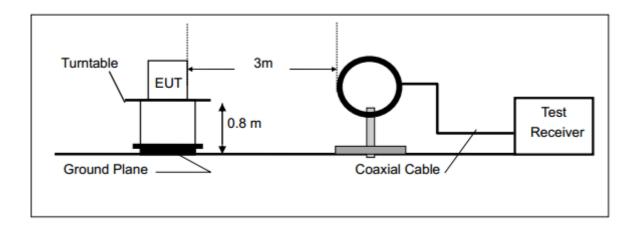
# 15.209 Limit:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3

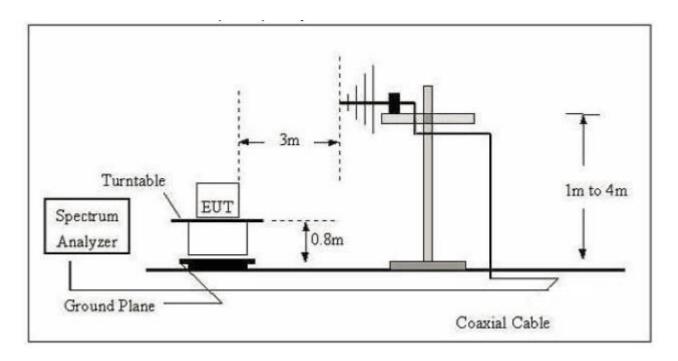
ITL			Page	29 of 49	Report No.: D211203006	
	Above 960	500		3		

# **Test Configuration:**

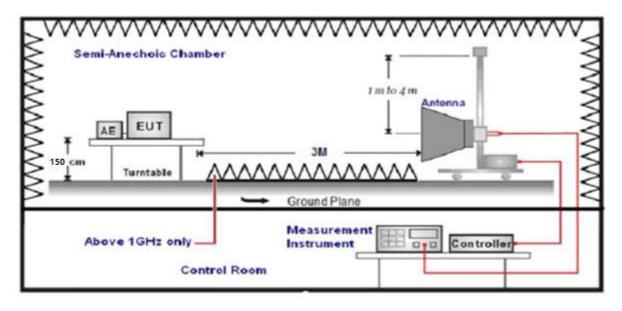
1) 9kHz to 30MHz emissions:



2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:



**Test Procedure:** The receiver was scanned from 9kHz to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. After pre-test, it was found that the worse radiation emission was get at the X position. So the data shown was the X position only. The worst case emissions were reported.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log (dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

#### For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:

Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions.

The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.

#### 5.9.1 Harmonic and other spurious emissions

#### Worst case data

9kHz~30MHz Test result

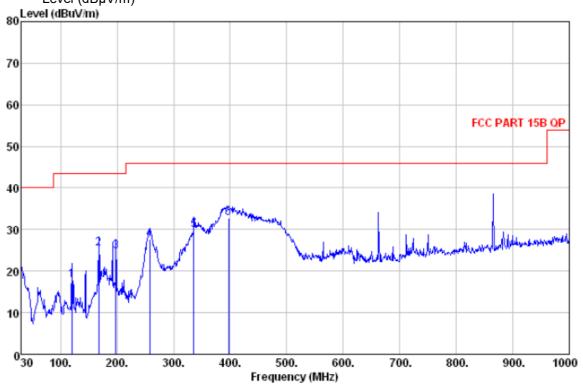
# The Low frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not report

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

#### Horizontal:

Peak scan

Level (dBµV/m)



#### Quasi-peak measurement

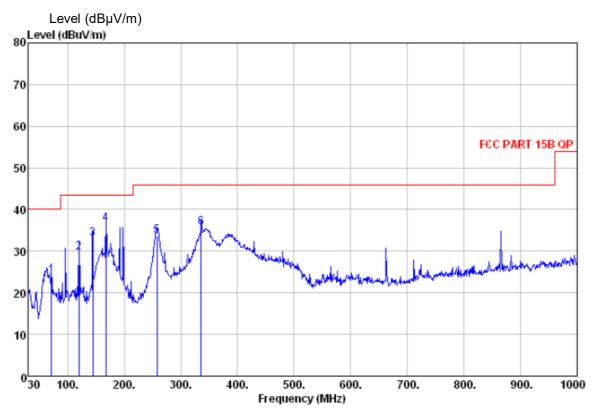
No.	. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
-										
3	120.210 167.740 197.810 257.950	35.65 43.65 41.17 40.19	9.29 8.62 9.69 13.13	1.30 1.55 1.70 1.96	28.50 28.41 27.84 27.54	17.74 25.41 24.72 27.74	43.50 43.50	-25.76 -18.09 -18.78 -18.26	HORIZONTAI HORIZONTAI HORIZONTAI HORIZONTAI	QP QP
5	335.550 397.630	40.95 42.93	14.12 15.55	2.24 2.44	27.41 28.22	29.90 32.70	46.00	-16.10	HORIZONTAL	QP



30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

#### Vertical:

Peak scan



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB		Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
2 1 3 1 4 1 5 2	71.710 20.210 44.460 67.740 257.950 335.550	43.92 47.47 52.12 54.71 46.07 46.64	7.37 9.29 7.92 8.62 13.13 14.12	0.99 1.30 1.43 1.55 1.96 2.24	28.26 28.50 28.38 28.41 27.54 27.41	24.02 29.56 33.09 36.47 33.62 35.59	43.50	-15.98 -13.94 -10.41 -7.03 -12.38 -10.41	VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL	QP QP QP QP QP

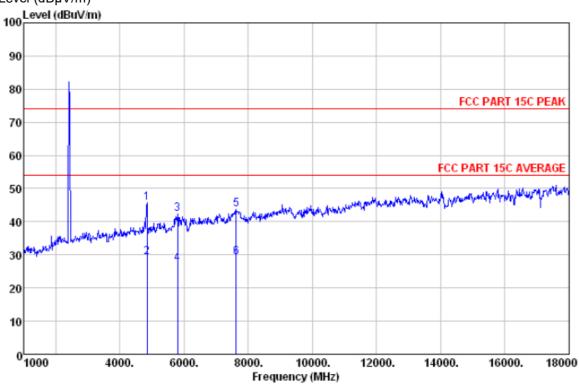
Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor

#### Spurious emissions above 1GHz

#### Horizontal:

Peak scan

Level (dBµV/m)

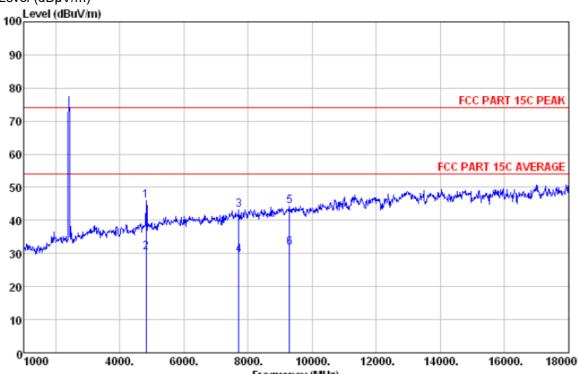


No. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Factor	Level dBuV/m	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
1 4842.000 2 4842.000 3 5794.000 4 5794.000 5 7630.000 6 7630.000	30.26 14.01 24.06 9.00 21.26 6.99	33.37 33.37 35.13 35.13 37.15 37.15	9.62 9.62 10.68 10.68 12.55 12.55	27.62 27.62 27.45 27.45 27.31 27.31	45.63 29.38 42.42 27.36 43.65 29.38	74.00 54.00 74.00 54.00 74.00 54.00	-28.37 -24.62 -31.58 -26.64 -30.35 -24.62	HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL	Averaş Peak Averaş Peak
Level=Read I	.evel +	Antenna	Factor	+ Cable	e Loss -	Preamp	Factor		

#### Vertical:

Peak scan

Level (dBµV/m)

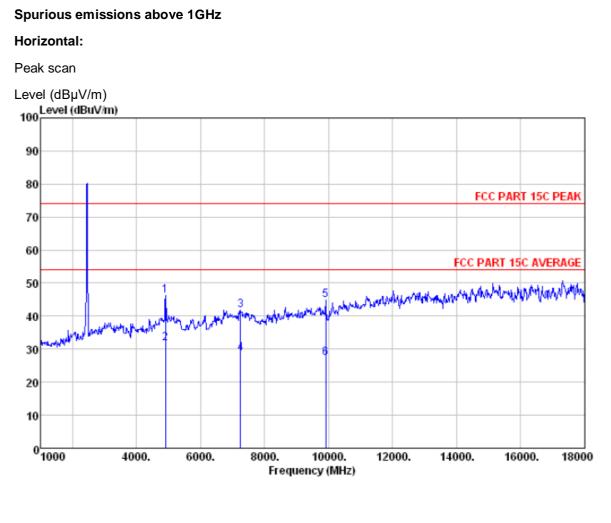


Frequency (MHz)

N	o. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
_										
2 3 4 5	4825.000 4825.000 7715.000 7715.000 9296.000 9296.000	30.62 15.00 20.78 7.00 18.40 5.99	33.36 33.36 37.11 37.11 38.80 38.80	9.60 9.60 12.63 12.63 14.16 14.16	27.62 27.62 27.31 27.31 27.17 27.17	45.96 30.34 43.21 29.43 44.19 31.78	74.00 54.00 74.00	-28.04 -23.66 -30.79 -24.57 -29.81 -22.22	VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL	Peak Averaş Peak Averaş Peak Averaş

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor

# Test at Middle Channel in transmitting status

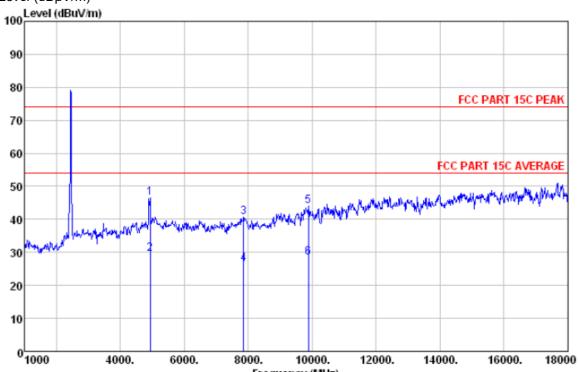


No. Freq MHz	Read Level dBu∛	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Factor	Level 1BuV/m	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
1 4910.000 2 4910.000 3 7256.000 4 7256.000 5 9908.000 6 9908.000	30.73 16.28 20.17 7.00 18.32 1.00	33.43 33.43 36.81 36.81 38.96 38.96	9.70 9.70 12.18 12.18 14.57 14.57	27.61 27.61 27.33 27.33 27.11 27.11	46.25 31.80 41.83 28.66 44.74 27.42	74.00 54.00 74.00 54.00 74.00 74.00 54.00	-27.75 -22.20 -32.17 -25.34 -29.26 -26.58	HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL	Averaş Peak Averaş Peak
Level=Read	Level +	Antenna	Factor	+ Cable	e Loss -	Preamp	Factor		

#### Vertical:

Peak scan

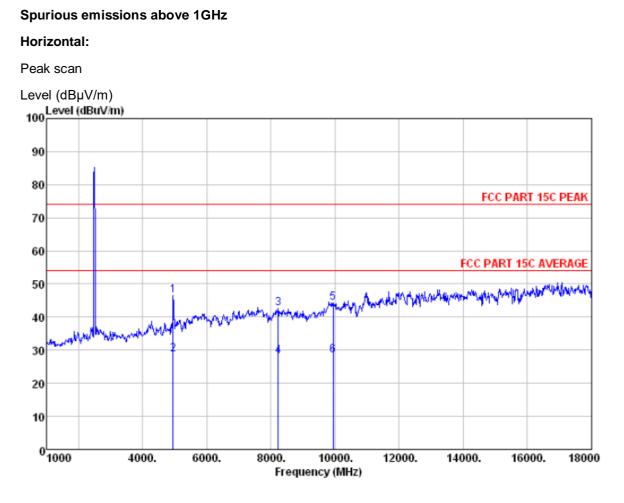
Level (dBµV/m)



Frequency	(MHz)
-----------	-------

No	. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB	Level dBuV/m	Limit Line dBuV∕m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
-										
2	4927.000 4927.000 7851.000 7851.000	31.00 14.00 18.28 4.01	33.44 33.44 37.06 37.06	9.72 9.72 12.76 12.76	27.60 27.60 27.31 27.31	46.56 29.56 40.79 26.52		-27.44 -24.44 -33.21 -27.48	VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL	Peak Averaş Peak Averaş
5	9874.000	17.73	38.95	14.55	27.11	44.12	74.00	-29.88	VERTICAL	Peak
-	9874.000	2.00	38.95	14.55	27.11	28.39	54.00	-25.61	VERTICAL	Averag
Leve	el=Read	Level +	Antenna	Factor	+ Cabl	e Loss -	Preamp	Factor		

## Test at high Channel in transmitting status



No. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Factor	Level dBuV/m	Limit Line dBuV/m	Limit	Pol/Phase	Remark
1 4944.000 2 4944.000 3 8225.000 4 8225.000 5 9942.000 6 9942.000	31.03 12.99 19.27 5.00 17.92 2.00	33.46 33.46 37.36 37.36 38.98 38.98	9.74 9.74 13.13 13.13 14.59 14.59	27.60 27.60 27.28 27.28 27.11 27.11	46.63 28.59 42.48 28.21 44.38 28.46	54.00 74.00 54.00 74.00	-27.37 -25.41 -31.52 -25.79 -29.62 -25.54	HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL HORIZONTAL	Averaş Peak Averaş Peak
I 1 R J			Feeter	+ C-11		<b>B</b>	Feeter		

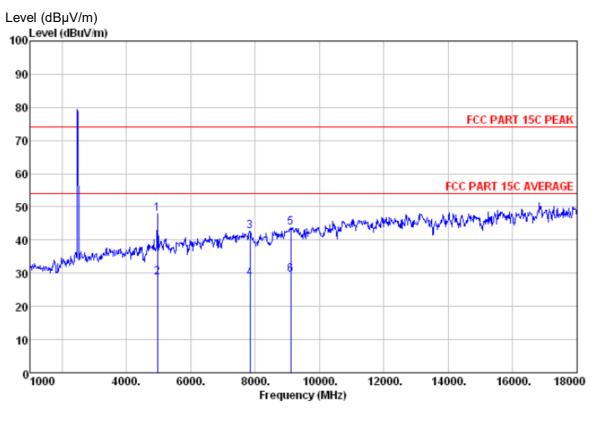
Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor

Note: The emission above limit is fundamental emission, which is not subject to the limit.

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#### Vertical:

Peak scan



No. Freq MHz	Read Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB		Limit Line dBuV/m	Over Limit dB	Pol/Phase	Remark
1 4961.000 2 4961.000 3 7834.000 4 7834.000 5 9109.000 6 9109.000	32.17 13.00 20.14 6.00 18.23 4.00	33.47 33.47 37.07 37.07 38.80 38.80 38.80	9.76 9.76 12.75 12.75 13.99 13.99	27.60 27.60 27.31 27.31 27.20 27.20	47.80 28.63 42.65 28.51 43.82 29.59	74.00 54.00 74.00 54.00 74.00 54.00	-26.20 -25.37 -31.35 -25.49 -30.18 -24.41	VERTICAL VERTICAL VERTICAL	Peak Averaş Peak Averaş Peak Averaş

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor

#### Note: The emission above limit is fundamental emission, which is not subject to the limit.

Remark:

- The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor. Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:
   Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss –Preamplifier Factor.
- 2). As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000 MHz. the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.
- 3). The test only perform the EUT in transmitting status since the test frequencies were over 1GHz only required transmitting status.

#### Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.10 Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247					
	(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands. as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).					
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6					
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2408MHz) and highest (2478 MHz) channel.					
Measurement Distance:	3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)					

Limit:

Section 15.209(a)

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### **Detector:**

#### For PK value:

RBW = 1 MHz for f  $\ge$  1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold For AV value: RBW = 1 MHz for f  $\ge$  1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW =10 Hz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

#### Test Result:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna polarizatio n	Detector			
	Low Channel									
2310.000	32.51	6.54	39.05	74.00	-34.95	н	PK			
2310.000	18.75	6.54	25.29	54.00	-28.71	Н	AV			
2390.000	30.43	6.61	37.04	74.00	-36.96	V	PK			
2390.000	19.47	6.61	26.08	54.00	-27.92	V	AV			
	High Channel									
2483.500	33.84	6.70	40.54	74.00	-33.46	Н	PK			
2483.500	19.53	6.70	26.23	54.00	-27.77	Н	AV			
2500.000	30.48	6.72	37.20	74.00	-36.80	V	PK			
2500.000	18.66	6.72	25.38	54.00	-28.62	V	AV			

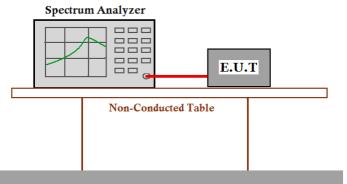
Remark: No any other emission which falls in restricted bands can be detected and be reported.

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.11 Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C section 15.247
	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).
Frequency Band:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 Clause 6.9
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2408 MHz), and highest (2478 MHz) channel and hopping mode

#### **Test Configuration:**



**Ground Reference Plane** 

**Test Procedure:** 

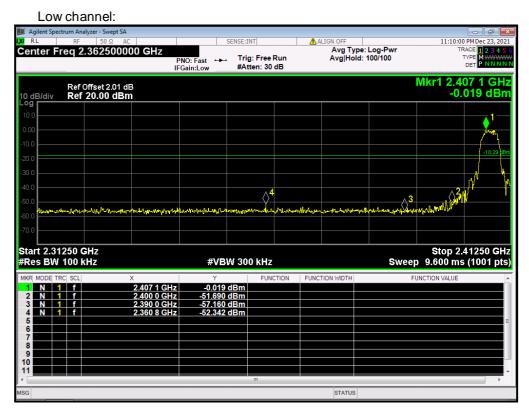
Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with suitable frequency span including 10MHz bandwidth from band edge.

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

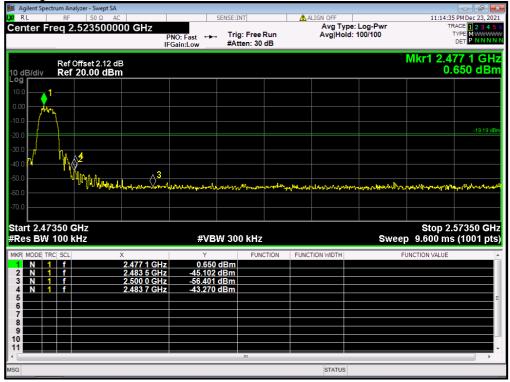
The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The graph as below. Represents the emissions take for this device.



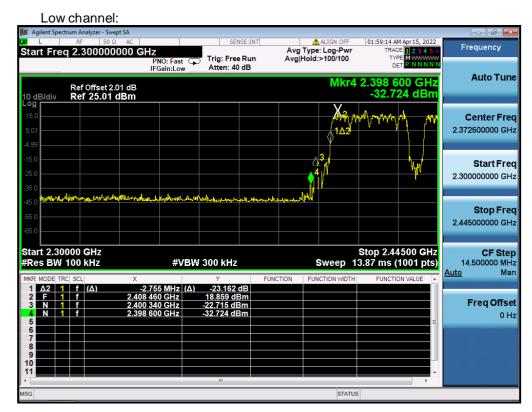
High channel:

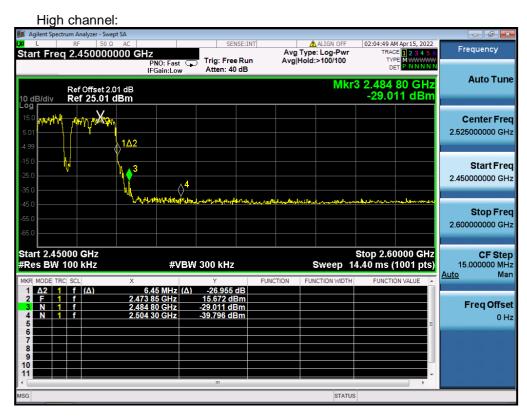


Note: This line in the plots is a reference line for the 20dB down limit, not the limit.

# ITL

#### **Hopping channel**





Note: This line in the plots is a reference line for the 20dB down limit, not the limit.

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.12 Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.207
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 Clause 6.2
Test Voltage:	120Vac, 60Hz
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz

Detector: Peak for pre-scan (9 kHz Resolution Bandwidth)

#### **Test Limit**

	Class B Li	mit dB(μV)
Frequency Range	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50
NOTE 1 The limit decreases linearly wi to 0,50 MHz.	th the logarithm of the frequer	ncy in the range 0,15 MHz

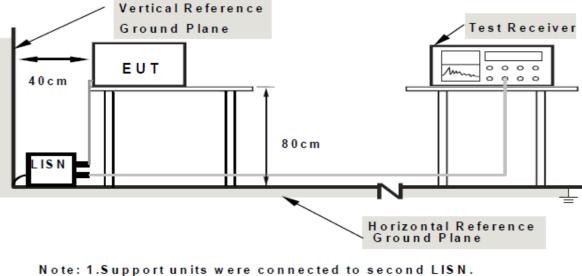
#### Limits for conducted disturbance at the mains ports of class B

EUT Operation:

Test in normal operating mode. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worstcase mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

#### **Test Configuration:**



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN. 2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80 cm from EUT and at least 80 from other units and other metal planes

#### Test procedure:

#### 1. The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a

shielded room.

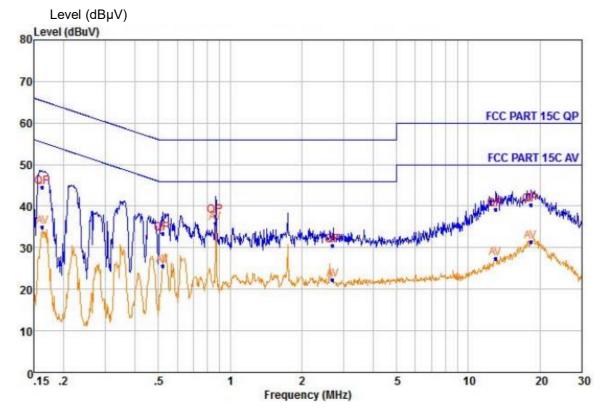
2. The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, but separated from metallic contact with the ground reference plane by 0.1m of insulation.

#### 5.12.1 Measurement Data

An initial pre-scan was performed on the live and neutral lines with peak detector. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission were detected. For EUT the communicating was worst case mode.

## The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT Live line

Peak Scan:



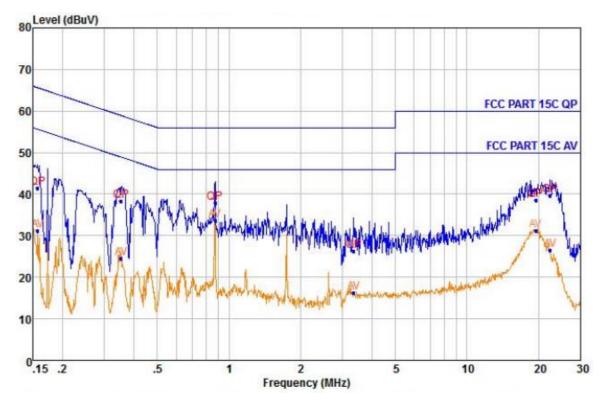
Quasi-peak and Average measurement

N0.	Freq MHz	Level dBuV	Remark	LISN Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dBuV	Over Limit dB
1	0.163	44.59	QP	9.69	0.20	65, 31	-20.72
2	0.163	34.96	Average	9.69	0.20	55, 30	-20.34
23	0.520	33.46	QP	9.66	0.27	56.00	-22.54
4	0.520	25.57	Average	9.66	0.27	46.00	-20.43
456	0.869	37.67	QP	9.69	0.30	56.00	-18.33
6	0.869	35.96	Average	9.69	0.30	46.00	-10.04
7	2.701	30.61	QP	9.63	0.36	56.00	-25.39
8	2.701	22.24	Average	9.63	0.36	46.00	-23.76
9	13.032	39.18	QP	9.69	0.45	60.00	-20.82
10	13.032	27.37	Average	9.69	0.45	50.00	-22.63
11	18.289	40.42	QP	9.69	0.47	60.00	-19.58
12	18.289	31.44	Average	9.69	0.47	50.00	-18.56

#### **Neutral Line**

Peak Scan:

Level (dB $\mu$ V)



Quasi-peak and Average measurement

N0.	Freq MHz	Level dBuV	Remark	LISN Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dBuV	Over Limit dB
1	0.157	41.43	QP	9.70	0.20	65.63	-24.20
2	0.157	31.30	Average	9.70	0.20	55.60	-24.30
3	0.353	38.30	QP	9.65	0.25	58, 89	-20.59
4	0.353	24.61	Average	9.65	0.25	48.89	-24.28
56	0.874	37.99	QP	9.63	0.30	56.00	-18.01
6	0.874	33.60	Average	9.63	0.30	46.00	-12.40
7	3.338	26.19	QP	9.62	0.38	56.00	-29.81
8 9	3.338	16.25	Average	9.62	0.38	46.00	-29.75
9	19.428	38.55	QP	9.62	0.48	60.00	-21.45
10	19.428	31.26	Average	9.62	0.48	50.00	-18.74
11	22.361	39.66	QP	9.62	0.48	60.00	-20.34
12	22.361	26.59	Average	9.62	0.48	50.00	-23.41

## 5.13 Other requirements Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System

#### Test Requirement: 47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1), (h) requirement

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally

on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the

hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the

receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system

and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

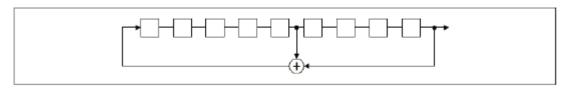
The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted.

The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### Compliance for section 15.247(g)

The system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

#### Compliance for section 15.247(h)

The system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels. The system is designed not have the ability to coordinated with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

--End of Report--