







FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone

Model: MGA-LX3

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001

FCC ID: 2ATEYMGA

Prepared by: 2022-06-23 Li Bin

Reviewed by:

2022-06-23 Dong Jiarui

Approved by:

2022-06-23 Sun Shaobin

Date Name Signature

Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.



Notice

- 1. The laboratory has passed the accreditation by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS). The accreditation number is L0310.
- 2. The laboratory has passed the accreditation by The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The accreditation number is 2174.01 & 2174.02 & 2174.03
- 3. The laboratory (Reliability Lab of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd) is also named "Global Compliance and Testing Center of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd", the both names have coexisted since 2009.
- 4. The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- 5. The test report is invalid if there is any evidence of erasure and/or falsification.
- 6. The test report is only valid for the test samples.
- 7. Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- 8. If any question about this report, please contact the laboratory (PublicGCTC@huawei.com).



Table of Contents

1	General I	nformation	
	1.1	Statement of Compliance	
	1.2	RF exposure limits	
	1.3	EUT Description	
	1.3.1	General Description	
	1.4	Test specification(s)	
	1.5	Testing laboratory	
	1.6	Applicant and Manufacturer	
	1.7	Application details	
	1.8	Ambient Condition	
2	SAR Mea	surement System	
	2.1	SAR Measurement Set-up	
	2.2	Test environment	
:	2.3	Data Acquisition Electronics description	
	2.4	Probe description	
	2.5	Phantom description	
	2.6	Device holder description	
	2.7	Test Equipment List	
		surement Procedure	
	3.1	Scanning procedure	
	3.2	Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
	3.3	Data Storage and Evaluation	
4		/erification Procedure	
	4.1	Tissue Verification	
	4.2	System Check	
	4.3	System check Procedure	
5		surement variability and uncertainty	
	5.1	SAR measurement variability	
	5.2	SAR measurement uncertainty	
		t Configuration	
(6.1	Test Positions Configuration	
	6.1.1	General considerations	
	6.1.2	Head Exposure Condition	
	6.1.3	Body-worn Exposure Condition	
	6.1.4	Hotspot Exposure Condition	
	6.1.5	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exposure Condition	
	6.2		
	6.3	GSM Test Configuration	
	6.4	UMTS Test Configuration	
	6.5 c.c	LTE Test Configuration	
,	6.6 6.6.1	Wi-Fi Test Configuration	
	6.6.2		
	6.6.3	Initial Test Configuration Procedure	
	6.6.4	Sub Test Configuration Procedure	
	6.6.5	OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Channel Selection Requirements	
	6.7	BT Test Configuration	
	6.8	Power Reduction Specification	
,	6.8.1	Power Reduction Specification of 2G&3G&4G Main antenna	
	6.8.2	Power Reduction Specification of Wi-Fi antenna	
7		surement Results	
-	7.1	Conducted power measurements	
	7.1 7.2	SAR measurement Results	
	7.2.1	SAR measurement Results of GSM 850.	
	7.2.1 7.2.2	SAR measurement Results of PCS 1900	
	7.2.2	SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band II	
	7.2.3 7.2.4	SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band IV	
	7.2.4 7.2.5	SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band V	
	7.2.5 7.2.6	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 2	
	1.2.0	SAR measurement results of LTE band 2	JI



7.2.7	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 5	
7.2.8	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 7	61
7.2.9	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 13	63
7.2.10	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 26	65
7.2.11	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 38	67
7.2.12	SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 66	69
7.2.13	SAR measurement Results of 2.4G Wi-Fi	72
7.2.14	SAR measurement Results of BT	74
7.3	Multiple Transmitter Evaluation	
7.3.1	Stand-alone SAR test exclusion	
7.3.2	Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities	
7.3.3	SAR Summation Scenario	78
7.3.4	Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion	
Appendix	A. System Check Plots	79
Appendix	B. SAR Measurement Plots	79
Appendix	C. Conducted Power Test Results	79
Appendix	D. Conducted power test results for certain power reduction mechanisms validation	79
Appendix	E. Calibration Certificate	79
	F. Photo Documentation	
Appendix	G. Antenna Location	79



Modified History

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2022-06-23	Li Bin



1 General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are below Table 1.

	Max Reported SAR(W/kg)			
Band	1-g Head	1-g Body-worn (15mm) *	1-g Hotspot (10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (0mm)**
GSM 850	0.78	0.17	0.36	/
PCS 1900	0.56	0.24	0.28	/
UMTS Band II	0.78	0.36	0.41	/
UMTS Band IV	0.79	0.73	0.64	2.54
UMTS Band V	0.87	0.29	0.44	/
LTE Band 2	0.55	0.35	0.30	/
LTE Band 4	1.02	0.50	0.41	/
LTE Band 5	0.86	0.21	0.37	/
LTE Band 7	0.64	0.33	0.30	/
LTE Band 13	0.79	0.17	0.29	/
LTE Band 26	0.61	0.27	0.49	/
LTE Band 38	0.68	0.35	0.59	/
LTE Band 66	1.02	0.50	0.41	/
2.4G Wi-Fi	0.10	0.25	0.38	/
BT	0.04	/	/	/

The highest reported SAR for Head, Body Worn, Hotspot, Product Specific 10-g and Simultaneous transmission exposure conditions are 1.02 W/kg, 0.73 W/kg, 0.64 W/kg, 2.54 W/kg and 1.02 W/kg per KDB690783 D01.

Table 1: Summary of test result

- 1)* For body worn operation, this device has been tested with FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.
- 2) ** For Product Specific 10-g SAR operation, this device has been tested and meets the 10-g SAR limits of 4.0 W/kg for general population/ uncontrolled exposure according to ANSI C95.1:1992/IEEE C95.1:1991.
- 3) According to TCB workshop October, 2014 RF Exposure Procedures Update(Overlapping LTE Bands):
- a) SAR for LTE Band 4 (Frequency range: 1710-1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66(Frequency range:1710-1780 MHz) due to similar frequency range, smaller maximum tune up limit and same channel bandwidth.

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:1992/IEEE C95.1:1991, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.



1.2 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation

.



1.3 EUT Description

Device type :	Portable device			
Product Name:	• •			
Models:	MGA-LX3			
SN:	1#:DEQBB22507200055 2#:DEQBB22507200040 3#:DEQBB22507200039 4#:DEQBB22507200045			
Exposure category:	Uncontrolled environ	ment / general popul	ation	
Hardware version :	HL1MGAMY			
Software version :	12.0.0.167(C900E16	67R1P1)		
Antenna type :	Internal antenna			
Test device production information	Identical Prototype			
Test modulation		64QAM), , BT(GFSK/π/4-DQP)		
	Max Number of Time	'	4	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Time	eslots in Downlink:	4	
	Max Total Timeslot:		5	
	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink:		4	
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink:		4	
	Max Total Timeslot:		5	
Device Class :	В			
HSDPA UE Category:	14			
HSUPA UE Category:	6			
DC-HSDPA UE Category	24			
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)	
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894	
	PCS 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990	
	UMTS Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990	
	UMTS Band IV	1710-1755	2110-2155	
	UMTS Band V	824-849	869-894	
Supporting mode(s) and	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990	
Supporting mode(s) and Operating frequency	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155	
range(s)	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894	
3-(-)	LTE Band 7	2500-2570	2620 -2690	
	LTE Band 13	777-787	746-756	
	LTE Band 26	814-849	859-894	
	LTE Band 38		70-2620	
	LTE Band 66	1710-1780	2110-2200	
	2.4G Wi-Fi	2400	0-2483.5	
	BT	•	0-2483.5	



	4,tested with power level 5(GSM 850)
Power class :	1,tested with power level 0(PCS 1900) 3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Bands)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Bands)
	128-190-251(GSM 850)
	512-661-810(PCS 1900)
	9262-9400-9538(UMTS Band II)
	1312-1413-1513(UMTS Band IV)
	4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)
	18607-18900-19193(LTE Band 2 BW=1.4MHz)
	18615-18900-19185(LTE Band 2 BW=3MHz)
	18625-18900-19175(LTE Band 2 BW=5MHz)
	18650-18900-19150(LTE Band 2 BW=10MHz)
	18675-18900-19125(LTE Band 2 BW=15MHz)
	18700-18900-19100(LTE Band 2 BW=20MHz)
	19957-20175-20393(LTE Band 4 BW=1.4MHz)
	19965-20175-20385(LTE Band 4 BW=3MHz)
	19975-20175-20375(LTE Band 4 BW=5MHz)
	20000-20175-20350(LTE Band 4 BW=10MHz)
	20025-20175-20325(LTE Band 4 BW=15MHz)
	20050-20175-20300(LTE Band 4 BW=20MHz)
	20407-20525-20643(LTE Band 5 BW=1.4MHz)
	20415-20525-20635(LTE Band 5 BW=3MHz)
	20425-20525-20625(LTE Band 5 BW=5MHz)
	20450-20525-20600(LTE Band 5 BW=10MHz)
Test channels	20775-21100-21425(LTE Band 7 BW=5MHz)
(low-mid-high):	20800-21100-21420(LTE Band 7 BW=10MHz)
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20825-21100-21375(LTE Band 7 BW=15MHz)
	20850-21100-21373(LTE Band 7 BW=13MHz)
	23205-23230-23255(LTE Band 13 BW=5MHz)
	,
	23230(LTE Band 13 BW=10MHz)
	26697-26865-27033(LTE Band 26 BW=1.4MHz)
	26705-26865-27025(LTE Band 26 BW=3MHz)
	26715-26865-27015(LTE Band 26 BW=5MHz)
	26740-26865-26990(LTE Band 26 BW=10MHz)
	26765-26865-26965(LTE Band 26 BW=15MHz)
	37775-38000-38225(LTE Band 38 BW=5MHz)
	37800-38000-38200(LTE Band 38 BW=10MHz)
	37825-38000-38175(LTE Band 38 BW=15MHz)
	37850-38000-38150(LTE Band 38 BW=20MHz)
	131979-132322-132665(LTE Band 66 BW=1.4MHz)
	131987-132322-132657(LTE Band 66 BW=3MHz)
	131997-132322-132647(LTE Band 66 BW=5MHz)
	132022-132322-132622(LTE Band 66 BW=10MHz)
	132047-132322-132597(LTE Band 66 BW=15MHz)
	132072-132322-132572(LTE Band 66 BW=20MHz)
	802.11b:1-6-11
	802.11g:1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11



802.11n(20M): 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11 802.11n(40M):3-4-5-6-7-8-9(2.4G Wi-Fi)
0-19-39-78(BT)

Table 3: Device information and operating configuration

1.3.1 General Description

MGA-LX3 is subscriber equipment in the GSM/WCDMA/LTE system. The GSM frequency bands include GSM 850, GSM 900, DCS 1800 and PCS 1900. The WCDMA frequency band includes band I, band IV, band V, band V, band VIII. The LTE frequency bands include band 1, band 2, band 3, band 4, band 5, band 7, band 8, band 13, band 28, band 38, band 26, band 66. But only GSM 850 and GSM1900, WCDMA frequency band II, band IV, band V, LTE frequency band 2, band 4, band5, band 7, band 13, band 26, band 38 and band 66 bands test data included in this report.

The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/WCDMA and GSM protocol processing, voice, video MMS service, GPS, AGPS, Wi-Fi etc. Externally it provides earphone port (to provide voice service), and dual SIM/single SIM card interface. MGA-LX3 is dual/single SIM smart phone. It also provides Bluetooth module to synchronize data between a PC and the phone, or to use the built-in modem of the phone to access the Internet with a PC, or to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

Battery information:

Name	Manufacturer/Trademark	Description
Rechargeable Li-ion	Huawei Device Co., Ltd. (Manufacturer: NVT)	Battery Model: HB536896EFW Rated capacity: 5900mAH Nominal Voltage: +3.87V Charging Voltage: +4.45V



1.4 Test specification(s)

ANSI C95.1-1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency
IEEE C95.1-1991	Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications
	Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03r01
KDB 941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
KDB 941225 D05A	LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02
KDB 941225 D06	Hotspot SAR v02r01
KDB 447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB 648474 D04	Handsets SAR v01r03
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB 865664 D01	SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

1.5 Testing laboratory

Test Site	Test Site Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Test Location	NO.2 New City Avenue Songshan Lake Sci. & Tech. Industry Park, Dongguan, Guangdong, P.R.C		
Telephone	+86 769 23830808		
Fax	+86 769 23837628		
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.		

1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

Company Name	Huawei Device Co., Ltd
Address	No.2 of Xincheng Road, Songshan Lake Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong 523808, People's Republic of China

1.7 Application details

Start Date of test	2022-06-07
End Date of test	2022-06-16

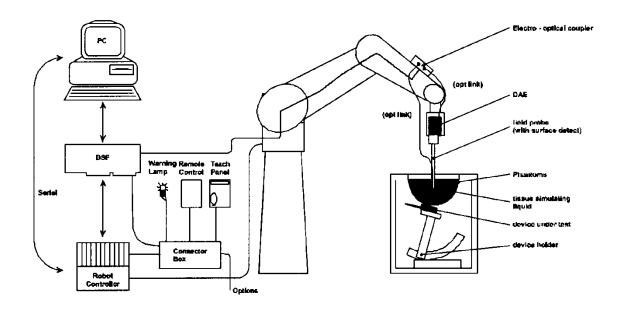
1.8 Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	18°C − 25°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2 SAR Measurement System

2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY measurement server.
- The DASY measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- DASY software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



2.2 Test environment

The DASY measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions:

 $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converted and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways Probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

DAE

DAE		
Input Impedance	200MOhm	Edward & Parker Engineering AD
The Inputs	symmetrical and floating	PART No: SD 000 DOG BJ SERIAL No: 851
Common mode rejection	above 80 dB	DATE: 03/08

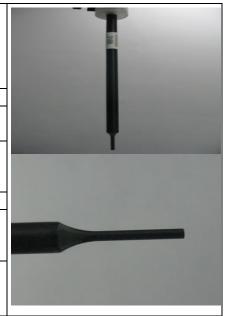


2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

isotropic E-Field Flobe ESSDVS for Dosimetric Measurements		
	Symmetrical design with triangular core	
	Interleaved sensors	
Construction	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.	
Fraguenay	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4	
Frequency	GHz)	
	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to	
	probe axis)	
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)	
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	
	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz	
Application	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields	
• •	Compliance tests of mobile phones	



Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.	
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic range 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB(noise: typically<1 μ W/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip:20 mm) Tip diameter:2.5 mm (Body:12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%	





2.5 **Phantom description**

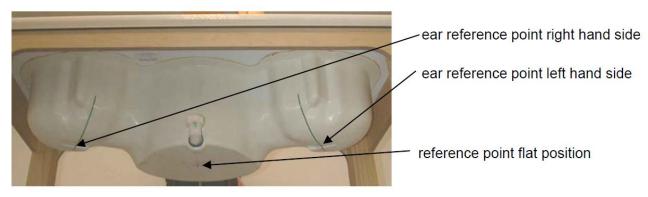
SAM Twin Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm;The ear region:6.0±0.2mm	TWA .
Filling Volume	Approximately 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left hand Right hand Flat phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

The following figure shows the definition of reference point:



ELI4 Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major axis:600mm; Minor axis:400mm;	
Measurement Areas	Flat phantom	

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest version of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The phantom shell material is resistant to all ingredients used in the tissue-equivalent liquid recipes. The shell of the phantom including ear spacers is constructed from low permittivity and low loss material, with a relative permittivity 2≤εr≤5 at ≤3 GHz,3≤ εr≤4 at >3 GHz and a loss tangent ≤0.05.



Modular Triple Flat Phantom

Shell Thickness (bottom plate)	2mm±0.2mm	
Filling Volume (Module)	approx. 8.1 liters (filling height: 155 mm)	E Same
Dimensions	Length: 292 mm Width: 178 mm Height: 178 mm Useable area: 280 × 175 mm	
Measurement Areas	Flat phantom	

The Modular Flat Phantom consists of three identical modules that can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It is used for compliance testing of small wireless devices in body-worn configurations according to IEC 62209-2, etc.

2.6 Device holder description

The DASY device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent σ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

The device holder permits the device to be positioned with a tolerance of ±1° in the tilt angle.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



2.7 Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked

		ne test described are market		0 11 1 11	Date of last	Valid
	Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	calibration	period*
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3744	2021-07-28	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7381	2021-11-24	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	750 MHz Dipole	D750V3	1044	2019-08-30	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	835 MHz Dipole	D835V2	4d126	2021-08-10	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1750 MHz Dipole	D1750V2	1123	2020-07-28	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1900 MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d143	2020-07-28	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2450 MHz Dipole	D2450V2	860	2021-11-25	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2600 MHz Dipole	D2600V2	1032	2021-07-21	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	1492	2021-07-28	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	1235	2021-11-22	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Software	DASY52	N/A	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM	1475	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM	1594	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	169819	2022-02-24	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	160797	2021-07-01	One year
\boxtimes	Anritsu	Signal Analyzer	MS2690A	6261767335	2022-02-24	One year
\boxtimes	Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyser	MT8821C	6261806786	2021-07-01	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Network Analyser	E5071C	MY46629448	2021-07-02	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK3.5	1143	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	R&S	Signal Generator	SMA100B	105396	2022-04-11	One year
\boxtimes	MINI- CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1402001	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	AR	Directional Coupler	DC7144M1	0423264	2021-07-03	One year
\boxtimes	SHHX	Dual Directional Coupler	DDTO-4-20	17121801	2021-11-11	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter	NRX	103714	2022-01-14	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter Sensor	NRP18S	102528	2022-01-17	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter	NRX	103715	2022-01-17	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter Sensor	NRP18S	102529	2022-01-17	One year

Table 4: List of Test and Measurement Equipment Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.
- 3) *All the equipment are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



3 SAR Measurement Procedure

3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- For power drift measurement, DASY software supports that the reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point. If the E-field of power reference measurement in the default grid reference point is very small, the test lab may set the reference position to the user point near the hotspot location to avoid large measurement uncertainty.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension (≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y- dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension (4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom}, Δy_{zoom}≤2GHz ≤8mm, 2-4GHz ≤5 mm and 4-6 GHz-≤4mm; Δz_{zoom} ≤3GHz ≤5 mm, 3-4 GHz- ≤4mm and 4-6GHz-≤2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.)are shown in table form in chapter 7.2.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.



The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB865664 D01:

	Maximum Area Scan	Maximum Zoom Scan	Maximum Zoo Uniform Grid	m Zoom Scan spatial resolution Grid Graded Grid		Minimum
Frequency	resolution $(\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area})$	spatial resolution (Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom})	Δz _{Zoom} (n)	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1)*	volume (x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

3.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 5 \times 5 \times 7 points (with 8mm horizontal resolution) or 7 \times 7 \times 7 points (with 5mm horizontal resolution) or 8 \times 8 \times 7 points (with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum
 the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline
 interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the
 boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane
 of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
·	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	 Conductivity 	σ
	- Density	ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

```
with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)
```

 $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$



From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ H-field probes:

with Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Norm_i

= sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/ (V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m Ei Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \circ \sigma) / (\rho \circ 1000)$$

= local specific absorption rate in mW/g with SAR

> = total field strength in V/m $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{tot}}$

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³ ρ

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

= equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm² with

 $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{tot}}$ = total electric field strength in V/m Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



4 System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

Simulating Head Liquid (HBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	50-65%
Mineral oil	10-30%
Emulsifiers	8-25%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

Table 1: Head tissue dielectric properties

Note: According to 201904 FCC TCB workshop slides for RF Exposure Procedures, FCC has permitted the use of single head tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209-1 for all SAR tests. So the single head tissue simulating liquid is used for all SAR tests in this test report. The conservative $\pm 5\%$ tolerance is used in tissue dielectric parameters measuremnts.



Tissue Type	Target	Target	Tissue	Measur	ed Tissue	Devi (Within	ation +/-5%)	Liquid	Test Date
,,,	Frequency	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_{r}$	Δσ	Temp.	
	705	42.2	0.89	41.51	0.899	-1.64%	1.03%		
750MHz Head	710	42.1	0.89	41.50	0.901	-1.43%	1.21%	22.5°C	2022-06-10
	750	41.9	0.89	41.39	0.913	-1.22%	2.58%		
	825	41.6	0.90	41.10	0.922	-1.20%	2.46%		
835MHz Head	835	41.5	0.90	41.07	0.925	-1.04%	2.81%	22.5°C	2022-06-07
	850	41.5	0.92	41.02	0.930	-1.16%	1.10%		
	1710	40.1	1.35	40.66	1.345	1.40%	-0.37%		
1750MHz Head	1730	40.1	1.36	40.65	1.357	1.37%	-0.22%	22.1°C	2022-06-07
1750IVITZ Tead	1750	40.1	1.37	40.64	1.368	1.35%	-0.15%	22.1 0	
	1800	40.0	1.40	40.54	1.398	1.35%	-0.14%		
	1850	40.0	1.40	40.45	1.426	1.13%	1.86%		2022-06-09
1900MHz Head	1880	40.0	1.40	40.40	1.445	1.00%	3.21%	21.5°C	
1900IVIDZ Dead	1900	40.0	1.40	40.38	1.455	0.95%	3.93%	21.5 C	
	1910	40.0	1.40	40.38	1.461	0.95%	4.36%		
	2410	39.3	1.76	40.14	1.807	2.14%	2.67%		
2450MHz Head	2435	39.2	1.79	40.25	1.814	2.68%	1.34%	22.3°C	2022-06-16
2450IVITZ Teau	2450	39.2	1.80	40.10	1.816	2.30%	0.89%	22.3 C	2022-06-16
	2460	39.2	1.81	39.98	1.825	1.99%	0.83%		
	2510	39.1	1.87	40.15	1.872	2.69%	0.11%		
	2535	39.1	1.89	39.92	1.878	2.10%	-0.63%		
2600MH- Hood	2560	39.1	1.92	39.82	1.912	1.84%	-0.42%	22.0°C	2022-06-13
2600MHz Head	2600	39.0	1.96	39.98	1.932	2.51%	-1.43%	22.0 0	2022-00-13
	2610	39.0	1.97	39.87	1.935	2.23%	-1.78%		
	2645	39.0	2.01	39.74	1.982	1.90%	-1.39%		

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid Note:

- 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.
- 2) KDB865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.



4.2 System Check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE 1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue limited was all designs the tests (Orangle Blat(a)) and Amendically.

and tissue liquids used during the tests (Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).

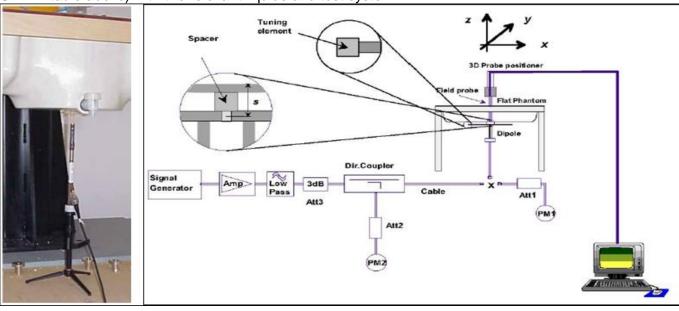
				(- /				
Remark System	Target SAR (Normalized to 1W)			ed SAR ed to 1W)	Devi (Within	Test Date		
(Dipole SN)	Check	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Δ1-g	Δ10-g	Test Date
1044	750MHz	8.64	5.66	8.84	5.72	2.31%	1.06%	2022-06-10
4d126	835MHz	9.80	6.36	10.28	6.60	4.90%	3.77%	2022-06-07
1123	1750MHz	36.20	19.00	35.60	19.08	-1.66%	0.42%	2022-06-07
5d143	1900MHz	39.40	20.60	42.40	22.20	7.61%	7.77%	2022-06-09
860	2450MHz	53.50	25.10	52.00	24.44	-2.80%	-2.63%	2022-06-16
1032	2600MHz	57.30	25.50	58.40	26.48	1.92%	3.84%	2022-06-13

Table 6: System Check Results



4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SAM. It is fed with a power of 250 mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz). To adjust this power, a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot). System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.





5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in the following section.

5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



6 SAR Test Configuration

6.1 Test Positions Configuration

6.1.1 General considerations

Per IEEE 1528-2013, two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line (See Figure 1).

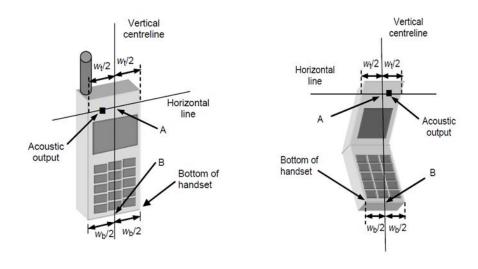


Figure 1 Hand Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6.1.2 Head Exposure Condition

Per IEEE 1528-2013, Head SAR measurements were made in the "cheek" position (See Figure 2) and the "tilt" position (See Figure 3). The device should be tested in both positions on left and right sides of the SAM phantom.



Figure 2 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position





Figure 3 Front, Side and Top View of Tilt 15° Position

Note:

M Mouth reference point

LE Left ear reference point (ERP)

RE Right ear reference point(ERP)

6.1.3 Body-worn Exposure Condition

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the holder attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom with test separation distance of 15mm in a normal use configuration (See Figure 4). Per FCC KDB648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB447498 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

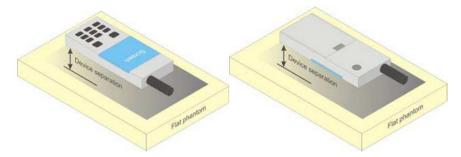


Figure 4 Test position for Body-Worn device

6.1.4 Hotspot Exposure Condition

Per FCC KDB941225 D06, the SAR test separation distance for hotspot mode is determined according to device form factor. When the overall length and width of a device is > 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 10 mm is required for hotspot mode SAR measurements. A test separation distance of 5 mm or less is required for smaller devices. Hotspot mode SAR is measured for all edges and surfaces of the device with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge; for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode. The SAR results are used to



determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for hotspot mode; otherwise, simultaneous transmission SAR measurement is required.

6.1.5 Product Specific 10-g SAR Exposure Condition

Per FCC KDB648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the device is marketed as "Phablet".

The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for Product Specific 10-g SAR SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, Product Specific 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.

6.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

Per KDB941225 D01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

6.3 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and PCS 1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. The power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM 850 and PCS 1900 using a Radio Communication Tester. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and PCS 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8 PSK.



6.4 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI = 8. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.



Sub-test₽	βe₽	β _d ₽	β _d (SF)₽	β _c /β _d ↔	β _{hs} (1)	CM(dB)(2)₽	MPR (dB)√
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c + \beta_c +$

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$ 12/15, β_{hs}/β_c = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Table 7: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 8: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 9: HSDPA UE category



4) HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSDPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSDPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

Sub -test₽	βe+³	βd€	β _d (SF)	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	βhs(1)	βec↔	β _{ed} φ	βe c← (SF)←	β _{ed} ↔ (code)↔	CM ⁽ 2)+ (dB)+	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4)+ Inde X+	E- TFC I
1₽	11/15(3)+3	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64₽	11/15(3)+3	22/15₽	209/22 5₽	1039/225₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	20₽	75₽
2↔	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15₽	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/15₽	9/154	64₽	15/94	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/1 5 ₄ β _{ed2:47/1} 5 ₄	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	154	924
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15₽	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)+2	15/15(4)	64₽	15/15(4)+3	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	21₽	810

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{c} = 30/15$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table $5.1g_{\circ}$

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 10: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA



UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 11: HSUPA UE category

5) DC-HSDPA

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a Second serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.



The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK

·	· · · ·
Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 12: settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121 Note:

- 1. The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

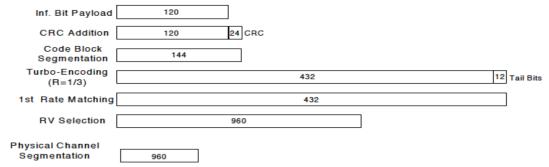


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test₽	βe⊷	$eta_{\mathbf{d}^{arphi}}$	β _d ·(SF)₽	$\beta_c \cdot / \beta_{d^{e}}$	β _{hs} (1)	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)₽	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)	24/15₽	1.0₽	0.
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI=8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Phote 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note:

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band.
- 5. The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.



6.5 LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices. The Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

	Cha	nnel bandw	idth / Tra	ansmission	bandwidth (N _{RB})	
Modulation	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	MPR (dB)
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3

3) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signaling Value of "NS 01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

- A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements
- i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.



iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5) TDD LTE test configuration

According to KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

TDD LTE Band 41 supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

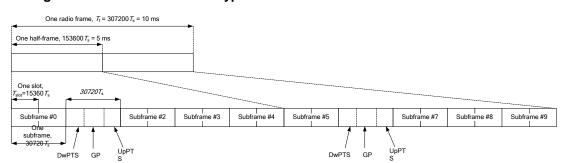


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)



	Normal cycli	ic prefix in downlir	nk	Extended cy	clic prefix in downlink	
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
Special subframe configuration		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
1	19760 · T _s			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	2560 T
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	2192 · I _s	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			25600 · T _s		
4	$26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	5120 · T _s
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4364 · 1 _s	3120 · 1 _s
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
8	24144 · T _s			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_{s}$			-	-	-

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to Figure 4.2-1, one radio frame is configured by 10 subframes, which consist of Uplink-subframe, Downlink-subframe and Special subframe. For TDD-LTE, the Duty Cycle should be calculated on Uplink-subframes and Special subframes, due to Special subframe containing both Uplink transmissions. So for one radio frame, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below. The count of Uplink subframes are according to Table 4.2-2:

Duty cycle = (30720Ts*Ups+Uplink Component*Specials)/ (307200Ts)

About the uplink component of Special subframes, we can figure out by Table 4.2-1:

Uplink Component=UpPTS

In conclusion, for the TDD LTE Band, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below .all these sets are ok when we test, or we can set as below.

Duty cycle = [(30720Ts*Ups) + UpPTS *Specials]/ (307200Ts)



And we can get different Duty cycles under different configurations:

	J					Con	figuration of	special subfr	ame		
Uplink-	_	ubfran		Nor	mal cyclice p	refix in down	llink	Exte	nded cyclice	prefix in dow	nlink
Downlink configura	r	numbe	er		clice prefix olink	Extende prefix ir			clice prefix olink	Extended prefix in	
tion	D S U 2 2 6 4 2 4		U	configura tion 0~4	configura tion 5~9	configura tion 0~4	configura tion 5~9	configura tion 0~3	configura tion 4~7	configura tion 0~3	configura tion 4~7
0	2	2	6	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%
1	4	2	4	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%
2	6	2	2	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%
3	6	1	3	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%
4	7	1	2	20.71% 21.43%		20.83%	21.67%	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%
5	8	1	1	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%
6	3	2	5	51.43%			53.33%	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%

For TDD LTE, SAR should be tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 7 for Frame structure type 2.



6.6 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For Wi-Fi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for Wi-Fi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Per KDB248227 D01, a minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

6.6.1 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet , procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.6.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB248227 D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the <u>initial test configuration</u> until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.6.3 Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units.

When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, according to the initial test position or



fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that <u>subsequent test configuration</u>.

6.6.4 2.4G Wi-Fi SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

A) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the *reported* SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KDB248227 D01) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any *reported* SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

B) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KDB248227 D01). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



6.6.5 OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Channel Selection Requirements

For 2.4 GHz bands, When the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations (for example 802.11g and 802.11n, with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channel, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirement, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.7 BT Test Configuration

Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units. When SAR measurement is required, power measurement is also required to confirm output power settings and to determine reported SAR. Additional power measurements may be necessary to determine SAR test reduction for test channels in a transmission mode. If the required power measurement is not included in the default configurations, it is typically measured immediately before and/or after the SAR measurement. Otherwise, when power measurement is not required for a transmission mode, the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units can generally be used to determine SAR test exclusion and reduction.

For BT SAR testing, there is set to the DUT continuous transmitting with maximum output power using the WideBand Radio Communication Tester CMW500. Per TCB Worksop Notes, the BT SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission DutyCycle to determine compliance. Refer to the following section for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty cylce of the device.

6.8 Power Reduction Specification

This device uses the following power reduction features to reduce the transmit power and ensure SAR compliance. These power reduction features are implemented using a single fixed level of reduction through static table look-up for some wireless operating modes or frequency bands and triggered by a single event or operation. The published RF exposure KDB procedures are applicable to the specific implementation and applied for testing. So PAG is not required for these features.

- 1) A fixed level power reduction is applied for some antennas and frequency bands when hotspot mode becomes active. When the hotspot is disabled, the power value will be recovered.
- 2) A fixed level power reduction is applied for some antennas and frequency bands when two or more wireless modes transmit simultaneously.
- 3) This device uses the receiver to indicate whether the user is making a voice call in head scenario or not. The selection between head and body power levels is based on the receiver detection mechanism. A fixed level power reduction is applied for some antennas and frequency bands when the audio receiver is on.



6.8.1 Power Reduction Specification of 2G&3G&4G Main antenna

The following tables summarize the key power reduction information of 2G/3G/4G Main antenna triggered by specific use conditions. The detailed full power and reduced conducted power measurement results are provided in the report appendixs:

·		2G/30	6/4G Main Anten	na Max Power ((dBm)	
Band	Main Ante	enna only	WiFi sta	tion on	Hotstp	oot on
	Receiver OFF	Receiver ON	Receiver OFF	Receiver ON	Receiver OFF	Receiver ON
PCS 1900	30.50	28.00	30.50	28.00	28.00	25.50
UMTS Band II	23.50	20.50	21.00	18.00	20.50	17.50
UMTS Band IV	23.50	18.50	21.00	16.00	20.50	15.50
UMTS Band V	25.50	24.50	25.50	24.50	24.50	23.50
LTE Band 2	23.50	19.00	21.00	16.50	19.00	14.50
LTE Band 4	23.00	18.00	20.50	15.50	19.00	14.00
LTE Band 5	25.00	24.00	25.00	24.00	24.00	23.00
LTE Band 7	22.20	17.70	19.70	15.20	17.20	12.70
LTE Band 26	25.00	23.00	25.00	23.00	25.00	23.00
LTE Band 38	24.50	20.00	21.50	17.00	23.00	18.50
LTE Band 66	23.00	19.50	20.50	17.00	19.00	15.50

Note: For Head SAR test of 2G/3G/4G Antenna, standalone Head SAR should be evaluated with audio receiver on. The audio receiver only works in voice mode when the user is making a call in head scenario, lacking of the third-party VoIP server and the unstandardized VOIP operating characteristic, therefore, a test script tool is used to trigger the receiver on during the test. The test script is only used to trigger audio receiver on and simulate voice and VOIP usage scene. It can be ensured that the unmodified settings in production units, including maximum output power, amplifier gain and other RF performance or tuning parameters, are used for SAR measurement.

6.8.2 Power Reduction Specification of Wi-Fi antenna

The following tables summarize the key power reduction information of Wi-Fi antenna.

	Wi-Fi Antenna Po	ower Validation (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Wi-Fi An	tenna only
Band	Wode	Receiver ON	Receiver OFF
	802.11b	11.50	19.00
2.4G Wi-Fi	802.11g	11.50	19.00
2.4G WI-FI	802.11n 20M	11.50	18.50
	802.11n 40M	11.50	17.50



7 SAR Measurement Results

7.1 Conducted power measurements

The conducted power measurement results are provided in the report Appendix C.



7.2 SAR measurement Results

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB 447498 D01, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.
- 2) Per KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
- ≤ 0.8W/kg for 1-g or 2.0W/kg for 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz.
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB 865664 D01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB 941225 D06, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB 648474 D04, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 6) Per KDB 865664 D02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing (Refer to appendix B for details).
- 7) Per KDB 648474 D04, Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components is tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.
- 8) The 2G/3G/4G bands support two SIM card slots. Full SAR test is performed with SIM card slot 1. The highest reported SAR configuration for each Tx antenna and applicable exposure condition should be repeated with SIM card slot 2.
- 9) For plastic cover accessory, SAR performed on the worst case of each exposure condition.



GSM Notes:

- 1) Per KDB941225 D01, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 2) Per KDB 648474 D04, the device does not support DTM function. Body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.

UMTS Notes:

1) Per KDB 941225 D01, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a Second mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of Second to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the Second mode.

LTE Notes:

- 1) The LTE test configurations are determined according to KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices. The general test procedures used for SAR testing can be found in Section 6.5.
- 2) A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test by setting NS_01 on the base station simulator.SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(maximum TTI)
- 3) According to KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR is tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

Wi-Fi Notes:

Per KDB 248227D01:

- 1) When reported SAR for the initial test position is \leq 0.4W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is \leq 0.8W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested..
- 2) When the DSSS reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 3) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations
- 4) The highest SAR measured for the initial test position or initial test configuration should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the initial test position or initial test configuration procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous



transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.

BT Notes:

BT was configured to transimit manximum averaged power level and max duty cycle for each operation mode to be tested. If the actual duty cycle is <100%, the SAR test results should be scaled to 100% duty cycle to ensure SAR compliance.



7.2.1 SAR measurement Results of GSM 850

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	190/836.6	GSM	0.373	0.236	32.44	33.50	0.476	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	190/836.6	GSM	0.296	0.188	32.44	33.50	0.378	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	190/836.6	GSM	0.612	0.350	32.44	33.50	0.781	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	190/836.6	GSM	0.406	0.234	32.44	33.50	0.518	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	190/836.6	GSM	0.480	0.308	32.44	33.50	0.613	With SIM2	/

Table 13: Head SAR test results of GSM 850

	Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
	Main	Front side	15mm	190/836.6	GSM	0.102	0.073	32.44	33.50	0.130	Battery 1#	/
ſ	Main	Back side	15mm	190/836.6	GSM	0.132	0.085	32.44	33.50	0.168	Battery 1#	Plot
Ī	Main	Back side	15mm	190/836.6	GSM	0.123	0.081	32.44	33.50	0.157	With SIM2	/

Table 14: Body Worn SAR test results of GSM 850

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.146	0.088	29.37	30.50	0.189	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.276	0.167	29.37	30.50	0.358	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.115	0.076	29.37	30.50	0.149	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.142	0.081	29.37	30.50	0.184	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.272	0.167	29.37	30.50	0.353	With SIM2	/

Table 15: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM 850



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.146	0.088	29.37	30.50	0.189	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.276	0.167	29.37	30.50	0.358	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.115	0.076	29.37	30.50	0.149	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.142	0.081	29.37	30.50	0.184	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.272	0.167	29.37	30.50	0.353	Yes

Table 16: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of GSM 850



7.2.2 SAR measurement Results of PCS 1900

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	661/1880	GSM	0.285	0.180	27.48	28.00	0.321	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	661/1880	GSM	0.361	0.208	27.48	28.00	0.407	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	661/1880	GSM	0.359	0.199	27.48	28.00	0.405	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	661/1880	GSM	0.497	0.249	27.48	28.00	0.560	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	661/1880	GSM	0.391	0.216	27.48	28.00	0.441	With SIM2	/

Table 17: Head SAR test results of PCS 1900

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	661/1880	GSM	0.132	0.080	29.98	30.50	0.149	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	661/1880	GSM	0.216	0.128	29.98	30.50	0.243	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Back side	15mm	661/1880	GSM	0.189	0.110	29.98	30.50	0.213	With SIM2	/

Table 18: Body Worn SAR test results of PCS 1900

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.127	0.072	24.49	25.00	0.143	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.200	0.109	24.49	25.00	0.225	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.043	0.025	24.49	25.00	0.048	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.246	0.133	24.49	25.00	0.277	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Top side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.224	0.121	24.49	25.00	0.252	With SIM2	/

Table 19: Hotspot SAR test results of PCS 1900



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.127	0.072	24.49	27.50	0.254	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.200	0.109	24.49	27.50	0.400	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.043	0.025	24.49	27.50	0.086	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.246	0.133	24.49	27.50	0.492	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.224	0.121	24.49	27.50	0.448	Yes

Table 20: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of PCS 1900



7.2.3 SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band II

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	9400/1880	RMC	0.323	0.200	19.32	20.50	0.424	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	9400/1880	RMC	0.431	0.245	19.32	20.50	0.566	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	9400/1880	RMC	0.433	0.246	19.32	20.50	0.568	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	9400/1880	RMC	0.597	0.299	19.32	20.50	0.783	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	9400/1880	RMC	0.479	0.265	19.32	20.50	0.629	With SIM2	/

Table 21: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band II

An	ntenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
N	Main	Front side	15mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.158	0.095	22.33	23.50	0.207	Battery 1#	/
N	Main	Back side	15mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.274	0.160	22.33	23.50	0.359	Battery 1#	Plot
N	Main	Back side	15mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.238	0.140	22.33	23.50	0.312	With SIM2	/

Table 22: Body Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band II

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.137	0.079	19.32	20.50	0.180	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.227	0.125	19.32	20.50	0.298	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.054	0.031	19.32	20.50	0.071	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.315	0.171	19.32	20.50	0.413	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Top side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.291	0.159	19.32	20.50	0.382	With SIM2	/

Table 23: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band II



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.137	0.079	19.32	23.50	0.359	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.227	0.125	19.32	23.50	0.594	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.054	0.031	19.32	23.50	0.141	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.315	0.171	19.32	23.50	0.825	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	9400/1880	RMC	0.291	0.159	19.32	23.50	0.762	Yes

Table 24: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of UMTS Band II



7.2.4 SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band IV

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.297	0.192	17.26	18.50	0.395	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.382	0.225	17.26	18.50	0.508	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.476	0.258	17.26	18.50	0.633	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.591	0.298	17.26	18.50	0.786	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.536	0.282	17.26	18.50	0.713	With SIM2	/

Table 25: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band IV

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	ACCESSORV	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.220	0.132	22.09	23.50	0.304	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.529	0.305	22.09	23.50	0.732	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Back side	15mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.434	0.250	22.09	23.50	0.600	With SIM2	/
Main	Back side	15mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.358	0.207	22.09	23.50	0.495	With Plastic Cover	/

Table 26: Body Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band IV

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.208	0.117	19.00	20.50	0.294	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.455	0.249	19.00	20.50	0.643	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.116	0.066	19.00	20.50	0.164	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.392	0.211	19.00	20.50	0.554	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.437	0.236	19.00	20.50	0.617	With SIM2	/
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.362	0.196	19.00	20.50	0.511	With Plastic Cover	/

Table 27: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band IV



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.208	0.117	19.00	23.50	0.586	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.455	0.249	19.00	23.50	1.282	No
Main	Left side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.116	0.066	19.00	23.50	0.327	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.392	0.211	19.00	23.50	1.105	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.437	0.236	19.00	23.50	1.232	No
Main	Back side	10mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	0.362	0.196	19.00	23.50	1.020	Yes

Table 28: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of UMTS Band IV

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Back side	0mm	1413/1732.6	RMC	4.020	1.790	22.09	23.50	2.477	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	0mm	1312/1712.4	RMC	3.690	1.740	22.19	23.50	2.353	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	0mm	1513/1752.6	RMC	4.080	1.820	22.06	23.50	2.536	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Back side	0mm	1513/1752.6	RMC	3.600	1.700	22.06	23.50	2.368	With SIM2	/
Main	Back side	0mm	1513/1752.6	RMC	3.900	1.680	22.06	23.50	2.341	With Plastic Cover	/

Table 29: Product Specific 10-g SAR test results of UMTS Band IV



7.2.5 SAR measurement Results of UMTS Band V

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	4182/836.4	RMC	0.369	0.245	23.12	24.50	0.507	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	4182/836.4	RMC	0.288	0.183	23.12	24.50	0.396	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	4182/836.4	RMC	0.630	0.360	23.12	24.50	0.866	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right cheek	/	4132/826.4	RMC	0.591	0.390	22.93	24.50	0.848	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	4233/846.6	RMC	0.604	0.396	23.05	24.50	0.843	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	4182/836.4	RMC	0.409	0.232	23.12	24.50	0.562	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	4182/836.4	RMC	0.580	0.381	23.12	24.50	0.797	With SIM2	/

Table 30: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.118	0.085	24.01	25.50	0.166	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.206	0.130	24.01	25.50	0.290	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Back side	15mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.169	0.108	24.01	25.50	0.238	With SIM2	/

Table 31: Body Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.149	0.092	23.12	24.50	0.205	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.318	0.194	23.12	24.50	0.437	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.112	0.074	23.12	24.50	0.154	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.142	0.086	23.12	24.50	0.195	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.275	0.167	23.12	24.50	0.378	With SIM2	/

Table 32: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band V



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.149	0.092	23.12	25.50	0.258	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.318	0.194	23.12	25.50	0.550	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.112	0.074	23.12	25.50	0.194	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.142	0.086	23.12	25.50	0.246	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	4182/836.4	RMC	0.275	0.167	23.12	25.50	0.476	Yes

Table 33: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of UMTS Band V



7.2.6 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 2

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.254	0.152	18.18	19.00	0.307	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.341	0.196	18.18	19.00	0.412	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.349	0.197	18.18	19.00	0.422	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.458	0.229	18.18	19.00	0.553	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left cheek	/	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.265	0.157	18.34	19.00	0.308	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.354	0.202	18.34	19.00	0.412	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.364	0.203	18.34	19.00	0.424	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.414	0.223	18.34	19.00	0.482	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.406	0.219	18.18	19.00	0.490	With SIM2	/

Table 34: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 2

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessorv	INote
Main	Front side	15mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.167	0.102	22.71	23.50	0.200	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.289	0.170	22.71	23.50	0.347	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.171	0.104	22.81	23.50	0.200	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.279	0.161	22.81	23.50	0.327	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.268	0.155	22.71	23.50	0.321	With SIM2	/

Table 35: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 2

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	ACCESSORV	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.108	0.062	18.18	19.00	0.130	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.185	0.101	18.18	19.00	0.223	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.042	0.024	18.18	19.00	0.051	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.246	0.132	18.18	19.00	0.297	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.112	0.063	18.34	19.00	0.130	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.194	0.105	18.34	19.00	0.226	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.025	0.006	18.34	19.00	0.029	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.231	0.124	18.34	19.00	0.269	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.234	0.126	18.18	19.00	0.283	With SIM2	/

Table 36: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 2



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.108	0.062	18.18	23.50	0.368	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.185	0.101	18.18	23.50	0.630	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.042	0.024	18.18	23.50	0.143	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.246	0.132	18.18	23.50	0.837	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.112	0.063	18.34	23.50	0.367	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.194	0.105	18.34	23.50	0.637	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.025	0.006	18.34	23.50	0.082	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	19100/1900.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.231	0.124	18.34	23.50	0.758	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	18900/1880.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.234	0.126	18.18	23.50	0.797	Yes

Table 37: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 2



7.2.7 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 5

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accescory	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.383	0.256	23.01	24.00	0.481	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.322	0.202	23.01	24.00	0.404	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.576	0.344	23.01	24.00	0.723	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.505	0.268	23.01	24.00	0.634	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left cheek	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.378	0.253	23.10	24.00	0.465	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.313	0.197	23.10	24.00	0.385	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.699	0.397	23.10	24.00	0.860	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right cheek	/	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.599	0.377	22.91	24.00	0.770	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.613	0.387	23.03	24.00	0.766	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.515	0.271	23.10	24.00	0.634	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.591	0.352	23.10	24.00	0.727	With SIM2	/

Table 38: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 5

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.093	0.060	24.07	25.00	0.115	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.173	0.109	24.07	25.00	0.214	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.076	0.049	23.07	24.00	0.094	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.143	0.090	23.07	24.00	0.177	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.165	0.106	24.07	25.00	0.204	With SIM2	/

Table 39: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 5

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	ACCESSORV	INOTE
Main	Front side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.148	0.092	23.01	24.00	0.186	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.297	0.180	23.01	24.00	0.373	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.083	0.056	23.01	24.00	0.104	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.132	0.081	23.01	24.00	0.166	Battery 1#	/
Main	Front side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.143	0.088	23.10	24.00	0.176	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.304	0.186	23.10	24.00	0.374	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.102	0.068	23.10	24.00	0.125	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.140	0.086	23.10	24.00	0.172	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.299	0.180	23.10	24.00	0.368	With SIM2	/

Table 40: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 5



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.148	0.092	23.01	25.00	0.234	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.297	0.180	23.01	25.00	0.470	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.083	0.056	23.01	25.00	0.131	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 1RB@49	0.132	0.081	23.01	25.00	0.209	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.143	0.088	23.10	24.00	0.176	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.304	0.186	23.10	24.00	0.374	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.102	0.068	23.10	24.00	0.125	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.140	0.086	23.10	24.00	0.172	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	20600/844.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.299	0.180	23.10	24.00	0.368	Yes

Table 41: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 5



7.2.8 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 7

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.401	0.193	16.90	17.70	0.482	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.474	0.226	16.90	17.70	0.570	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.436	0.207	16.90	17.70	0.524	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.531	0.234	16.90	17.70	0.638	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left cheek	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.396	0.194	16.99	17.70	0.466	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.478	0.230	16.99	17.70	0.563	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.461	0.219	16.99	17.70	0.543	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.510	0.243	16.99	17.70	0.601	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.492	0.232	16.90	17.70	0.592	With SIM2	/

Table 42: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 7

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessorv	INote
Main	Front side	15mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.155	0.081	21.36	22.20	0.188	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.275	0.152	21.36	22.20	0.334	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.158	0.084	21.45	22.20	0.188	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@25	0.241	0.128	21.45	22.20	0.286	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.270	0.147	21.36	22.20	0.328	With SIM2	/

Table 43: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 7

	Test		Test Channel		Measured	Measured	Conducted	Tune-up	Reported	Accessory	
Antenna	Position	Dist.	/Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g SAR	10-g SAR	Power	Power	1-g SAR	Accessory Information	Note
	1 03111011		71 16q.(IVII 12)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	mormation	
Main	Front side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.103	0.050	16.31	17.20	0.126	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.179	0.089	16.31	17.20	0.220	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.041	0.021	16.31	17.20	0.050	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.245	0.121	16.31	17.20	0.301	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.099	0.049	16.40	17.20	0.119	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.176	0.089	16.40	17.20	0.212	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.070	0.020	16.40	17.20	0.084	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.213	0.102	16.40	17.20	0.256	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.217	0.105	16.31	17.20	0.266	With SIM2	/

Table 44: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 7



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.103	0.050	16.31	22.20	0.400	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.179	0.089	16.31	22.20	0.695	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.041	0.021	16.31	22.20	0.159	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.245	0.121	16.31	22.20	0.951	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.099	0.049	16.40	22.20	0.376	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.176	0.089	16.40	22.20	0.669	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.070	0.020	16.40	22.20	0.266	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.213	0.102	16.40	22.20	0.810	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	20850/2510.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.217	0.105	16.31	22.20	0.842	Yes

Table 45: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 7



7.2.9 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 13

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	I Accessory	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.344	0.225	24.27	25.00	0.407	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.290	0.177	24.27	25.00	0.343	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.669	0.386	24.27	25.00	0.791	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.466	0.239	24.27	25.00	0.551	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left cheek	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.277	0.183	23.18	24.00	0.335	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.235	0.143	23.18	24.00	0.284	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.447	0.263	23.18	24.00	0.540	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.379	0.194	23.18	24.00	0.458	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.542	0.317	24.27	25.00	0.641	With SIM2	/

Table 46: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 13

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.112	0.082	24.27	25.00	0.133	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.142	0.104	24.27	25.00	0.168	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.091	0.066	23.18	24.00	0.110	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.118	0.085	23.18	24.00	0.143	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.141	0.103	24.27	25.00	0.167	With SIM2	/

Table 47: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 13

	Test		Test Channel						Reported	ACCESSORV	
Antenna	Position	Dist.	/Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g SAR	10-g SAR	Power	Power	1-g SAR	Information	Note
	1 03111011		// req.(ivii iz)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	IIIIOIIIIalioii	
Main	Front side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.117	0.076	24.27	25.00	0.138	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.244	0.155	24.27	25.00	0.289	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.153	0.103	24.27	25.00	0.181	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.108	0.065	24.27	25.00	0.128	Battery 1#	/
Main	Front side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.097	0.063	23.18	24.00	0.117	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.200	0.126	23.18	24.00	0.242	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.120	0.081	23.18	24.00	0.145	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.089	0.055	23.18	24.00	0.107	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.240	0.152	24.27	25.00	0.284	With SIM2	/

Table 48: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 13



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.117	0.076	24.27	25.00	0.138	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.244	0.155	24.27	25.00	0.289	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.153	0.103	24.27	25.00	0.181	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.108	0.065	24.27	25.00	0.128	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.097	0.063	23.18	24.00	0.117	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.200	0.126	23.18	24.00	0.242	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.120	0.081	23.18	24.00	0.145	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 50%RB@0	0.089	0.055	23.18	24.00	0.107	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	23230/782.0	10M QPSK 1RB@0	0.240	0.152	24.27	25.00	0.284	Yes

Table 49: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 13



7.2.10 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 26

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accescory	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	26775/822.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.285	0.191	22.01	23.00	0.358	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	26775/822.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.232	0.146	22.01	23.00	0.291	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	26775/822.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.443	0.262	22.01	23.00	0.556	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	26775/822.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.384	0.201	22.01	23.00	0.482	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left cheek	/	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.300	0.200	22.05	23.00	0.373	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.246	0.155	22.05	23.00	0.306	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.491	0.283	22.05	23.00	0.611	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.403	0.212	22.05	23.00	0.502	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.462	0.274	22.05	23.00	0.575	With SIM2	/

Table 50: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 26

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	ACCESSORV	INote
Main	Front side	15mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.102	0.074	24.13	25.00	0.125	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.219	0.138	24.13	25.00	0.268	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.082	0.059	23.10	24.00	0.101	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.143	0.090	23.10	24.00	0.176	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.180	0.113	24.13	25.00	0.220	With SIM2	/

Table 51: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 26

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	ACCESSORV	Note
Main	Front side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.177	0.109	24.13	25.00	0.216	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.399	0.244	24.13	25.00	0.487	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.128	0.085	24.13	25.00	0.156	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.169	0.104	24.13	25.00	0.206	Battery 1#	/
Main	Front side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.141	0.087	23.10	24.00	0.173	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.294	0.178	23.10	24.00	0.362	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.102	0.068	23.10	24.00	0.125	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.137	0.084	23.10	24.00	0.169	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.364	0.219	24.13	25.00	0.445	With SIM2	/

Table 52: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 26



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.177	0.109	24.13	25.00	0.216	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.399	0.244	24.13	25.00	0.487	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.128	0.085	24.13	25.00	0.156	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.169	0.104	24.13	25.00	0.206	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.141	0.087	23.10	24.00	0.173	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.294	0.178	23.10	24.00	0.362	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.102	0.068	23.10	24.00	0.125	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 50%RB@18	0.137	0.084	23.10	24.00	0.169	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	26965/841.5	15M QPSK 1RB@38	0.364	0.219	24.13	25.00	0.445	Yes

Table 53: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 26



7.2.11 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 38

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	ACCESSORV	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.442	0.203	19.06	20.00	0.549	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.481	0.227	19.06	20.00	0.597	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.393	0.187	19.06	20.00	0.488	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.548	0.234	19.06	20.00	0.680	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Left cheek	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.423	0.195	19.10	20.00	0.520	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.475	0.224	19.10	20.00	0.584	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.386	0.184	19.10	20.00	0.475	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.438	0.213	19.10	20.00	0.539	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.446	0.218	19.06	20.00	0.554	With SIM2	/

Table 54: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 38

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.166	0.088	23.70	24.50	0.200	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.294	0.157	23.70	24.50	0.353	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.144	0.077	23.11	24.00	0.177	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.192	0.101	23.11	24.00	0.236	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.216	0.113	23.70	24.50	0.260	With SIM2	/

Table 55: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 38

	Test		Test Channel		Measured	Measured	Conducted	Tune-up	Reported	Accessory	
Antenna	Position	Dist.	/Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g SAR	10-g SAR	Power	Power	1-g SAR	Information	Note
	1 03111011		/1 16q.(IVII 12)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	IIIOIIIalioii	
Main	Front side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.233	0.115	22.27	23.00	0.276	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.298	0.148	22.27	23.00	0.353	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.059	0.030	22.27	23.00	0.070	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.497	0.243	22.27	23.00	0.588	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.235	0.117	22.22	23.00	0.281	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.300	0.149	22.22	23.00	0.359	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.054	0.028	22.22	23.00	0.065	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.487	0.233	22.22	23.00	0.583	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.474	0.227	22.27	23.00	0.561	With SIM2	/

Table 56: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 38



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.233	0.115	22.27	24.50	0.389	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.298	0.148	22.27	24.50	0.498	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.059	0.030	22.27	24.50	0.099	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.497	0.243	22.27	24.50	0.831	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.235	0.117	22.22	24.00	0.354	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.300	0.149	22.22	24.00	0.452	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.054	0.028	22.22	24.00	0.081	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.487	0.233	22.22	24.00	0.734	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	38000/2595.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.474	0.227	22.27	24.50	0.792	Yes

Table 57: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 38



7.2.12 SAR measurement Results of LTE Band 66

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)		Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory	Note
Main	Left cheek	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.393	0.253	18.83	19.50	0.459	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.510	0.298	18.83	19.50	0.595	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.606	0.334	18.83	19.50	0.707	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.694	0.370	18.83	19.50	0.810	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132072/1720.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.811	0.412	18.50	19.50	1.021	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Right tilt	/	132322/1745.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.729	0.383	18.69	19.50	0.878	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left cheek	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.392	0.253	18.82	19.50	0.458	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left tilt	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.518	0.303	18.82	19.50	0.606	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right cheek	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.602	0.332	18.82	19.50	0.704	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.704	0.376	18.82	19.50	0.823	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132072/1720.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.762	0.396	18.76	19.50	0.904	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132322/1745.0	20M QPSK 50RB@25	0.737	0.389	18.81	19.50	0.864	Battery 1#	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132072/1720.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.748	0.388	18.50	19.50	0.942	With SIM2	/
Main	Right tilt	/	132072/1720.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.584	0.312	18.50	19.50	0.735	With Plastic Cover	/

Table 58: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 66

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessory Information	Note
Main	Front side	15mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.194	0.118	22.29	23.00	0.228	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.425	0.247	22.29	23.00	0.500	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	15mm	132322/1745.0	20M QPSK 50RB@50	0.207	0.125	22.36	23.00	0.240	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	132322/1745.0	20M QPSK 50RB@50	0.396	0.228	22.36	23.00	0.459	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	15mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.364	0.210	22.29	23.00	0.429	With SIM2	/

Table 59: Body Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 66



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	1-a SAR	Accessory	IIVote
Main	Front side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.145	0.083	18.30	19.00	0.170	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.296	0.160	18.30	19.00	0.348	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.076	0.043	18.30	19.00	0.089	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.350	0.197	18.30	19.00	0.411	Battery 1#	Plot
Main	Front side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.145	0.083	18.32	19.00	0.170	Battery 1#	/
Main	Back side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.300	0.163	18.32	19.00	0.351	Battery 1#	/
Main	Left side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.075	0.043	18.32	19.00	0.088	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.316	0.170	18.32	19.00	0.370	Battery 1#	/
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.300	0.161	18.30	19.00	0.352	With SIM2	/

Table 60: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 66



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Main	Front side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.145	0.083	18.30	23.00	0.428	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.296	0.160	18.30	23.00	0.874	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.076	0.043	18.30	23.00	0.224	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.350	0.197	18.30	23.00	1.033	Yes
Main	Front side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.145	0.083	18.32	23.00	0.426	Yes
Main	Back side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.300	0.163	18.32	23.00	0.881	Yes
Main	Left side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.075	0.043	18.32	23.00	0.220	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 50RB@0	0.316	0.170	18.32	23.00	0.928	Yes
Main	Top side	10mm	132572/1770.0	20M QPSK 1RB@0	0.300	0.161	18.30	23.00	0.885	Yes

Table 61: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of LTE Band 66



7.2.13 SAR measurement Results of 2.4G Wi-Fi

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	1 1 11 11 11 11	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory	Note
Core0	Left cheek	/	6/2437	802.11b	0.071	0.037	99%	10.31	11.50	0.094	Battery 1#	Plot
Core0	Left tilt	/	6/2437	802.11b	0.052	0.027	99%	10.31	11.50	0.069	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Right cheek	/	6/2437	802.11b	0.037	0.021	99%	10.31	11.50	0.049	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Right tilt	/	6/2437	802.11b	0.001	0.001	99%	10.31	11.50	0.001	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Left cheek	/	6/2437	802.11n(40M)	0.061	0.032	95%	9.77	11.50	0.096	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Left tilt	/	6/2437	802.11n(40M)	0.031	0.019	95%	9.77	11.50	0.049	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Right cheek	/	6/2437	802.11n(40M)	0.001	0.001	95%	9.77	11.50	0.002	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Right tilt	/	6/2437	802.11n(40M)	0.001	0.001	95%	9.77	11.50	0.002	Battery 1#	/

Table 62: Head SAR test results of 2.4G Wi-Fi

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	INote
Core0	Front side	15mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.070	0.038	99%	17.82	19.00	0.093	Battery 1#	/
Core0	Back side	15mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.185	0.098	99%	17.82	19.00	0.245	Battery 1#	Plot

Table 63: Body Worn SAR test results of 2.4G Wi-Fi

	Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode		Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessorv	INote
	Core0	Front side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.128	0.068	99%	17.82	19.00	0.170	Battery 1#	/
ſ	Core0	Back side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.286	0.144	99%	17.82	19.00	0.379	Battery 1#	Plot
ſ	Core0	Right side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.168	0.078	99%	17.82	19.00	0.223	Battery 1#	/

Table 64: Hotspot SAR test results of 2.4G Wi-Fi



Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)	1 1)1 11//	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Power Without Reduction	Scaled-up 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Product Specific 10-g SAR Exclusion
Core0	Front side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.128	0.068	99%	17.76	19.00	0.170	Yes
Core0	Back side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.286	0.144	99%	17.76	19.00	0.381	Yes
Core0	Right side	10mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.168	0.078	99%	17.76	19.00	0.224	Yes

Table 65: Product Specific 10-g SAR test reduction evaluation of 2.4G Wi-Fi



7.2.14 SAR measurement Results of BT

Antenna	Test Position	Dist.	Test Channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	Measured 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10-g SAR (W/kg)) t\/	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Accessory Information	Note
Ant1	Left cheek	/	39/2441	DH5	0.021	0.011	77%	9.20	11.00	0.041	Battery 1#	Plot
Ant1	Left tilt	/	39/2441	DH5	0.001	0.001	77%	9.20	11.00	0.001	Battery 1#	/
Ant1	Right cheek	/	39/2441	DH5	0.001	0.001	77%	9.20	11.00	0.001	Battery 1#	/
Ant1	Right tilt	/	39/2441	DH5	0.001	0.001	77%	9.20	11.00	0.001	Battery 1#	/

Table 66: Head SAR test results of BT



7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The detailed location of the Tx antennas inside the device refers to Appendix.

The list information of following tables which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance.

Antenna	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
Ant0: Second ant-LB	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES
Ant1: Second ant-MHB	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES
Ant2: Main ant-LMHB	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO
Ant4: 2.4G Wi-Fi Core0, BT Ant1	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO	NO

Table 67: Sides for Hotspot/ Product specific 10g SAR testing Note:

- 1) Per KDB 648474 D04, because the diagonal distance of this device is ≥160mm,so it is a phablet.
- 2) Per KDB 941225 D06 and KDB 648474 D04, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.
- 3) Ant0 and Ant1 only support receiving signal.



7.3.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Dista nce (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ВТ	Body-worn	11.00	12.59	15	2.480	1.32	3.00	Yes
ВТ	Hotspot	11.00	12.59	10	2.480	1.98	3.00	Yes
ВТ	Product Specific 10-g SAR	11.00	12.59	5	2.480	3.97	7.50	Yes

Table 68: Standalone SAR test exclusion for BT

Note:

1)* - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Per KDB 447498 D01, the approximate SAR values were estimated at selected frequencies, test separation distances and power levels for determining simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion when standalone SAR is not required.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Х	Estimated SAR (W/kg)*
ВТ	Body-worn	11.00	12.59	15	2.480	7.50	0.176
ВТ	Hotspot	11.00	12.59	10	2.480	7.50	0.264
ВТ	Product Specific 10-g SAR	11.00	12.59	5	2.480	18.75	0.211

Table 69: Estimated SAR calculation for BT

Note:

1) * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer



7.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

	NO.	Simultaneous TX Combination	Head	Body	Product Specific 10-g(0mm)
	1	GSM/UMTS/LTE + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ī	2	GSM/UMTS/LTE + 2.4G Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 70: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Note:

- 1) 2.4G Wi-Fi can't transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth.
- 2) The device does not support DTM function.
- 3) VoLTE or pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
- 4) The device supports Vo-Wi-Fi function.



7.3.3 SAR Summation Scenario

The Max ΣSAR is calculated as below table. The color grounding SAR test data in the following summed SAR tables represent that the additional SAR test results in simultaneous transmission fixed power reduction scenario are used to ensure simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion. For the other SAR test data in the summed SAR tables, the more conservative stand-alone SAR test results are used.

	Head			Body-worn		Hotspot							Product Specific 10-g						
Band	Left cheek	Left tilt	Right cheek	Right tilt	Front side	Back side	Front side	Back side	Left side	Right side	Top side	Bottom side	Front side	Back side	Left side	Right side	Top side	Botto m side	
GSM 850	0.476	0.378	0.781	0.518	0.130	0.168	0.189	0.358	0.149	/	0.184	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
PCS 1900	0.321	0.407	0.405	0.560	0.149	0.243	0.143	0.225	0.048	/	0.277	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
UMTS Band II	0.424	0.566	0.568	0.783	0.207	0.359	0.180	0.298	0.071	/	0.413	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
UMTS Band IV	0.395	0.508	0.633	0.786	0.304	0.732	0.294	0.643	0.164	/	0.554	/	/	2.536	/	/	/	/	
UMTS Band V	0.507	0.396	0.866	0.561	0.166	0.290	0.205	0.437	0.154	/	0.195	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 2	0.308	0.412	0.424	0.553	0.200	0.347	0.130	0.226	0.051	/	0.297	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 4	0.459	0.606	0.707	1.021	0.240	0.500	0.170	0.351	0.089	/	0.411	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 5	0.481	0.404	0.860	0.634	0.115	0.214	0.186	0.374	0.125	/	0.172	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 7	0.482	0.570	0.543	0.638	0.188	0.334	0.126	0.220	0.084	/	0.301	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 13	0.407	0.343	0.791	0.551	0.133	0.168	0.138	0.289	0.181	/	0.128	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 26	0.373	0.306	0.611	0.502	0.125	0.268	0.216	0.487	0.156	/	0.206	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 38	0.549	0.597	0.488	0.680	0.200	0.353	0.281	0.359	0.070	/	0.588	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
LTE Band 66	0.459	0.606	0.707	1.021	0.240	0.500	0.170	0.351	0.089	/	0.411	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Max SAR	0.549	0.606	0.866	1.021	0.304	0.732	0.294	0.643	0.181	/	0.588	/	/	2.536	/	/	/	1	

Table 71: Maximum SAR of 2/3/4G Main antenna

Band/Ant	Case	Head				Body-worn Hotspot							Product Specific 10-g						
		Left cheek	Left tilt	Right cheek	Right tilt	Front side	Back side	Front side	Back side	Left side	Right side	Top side	Bottom side	Front side	Back side	Left side	Right side	Top side	Bottom side
2.4 G Wi-Fi	1	0.096	0.069	0.049	0.002	0.093	0.245	0.170	0.379	/	0.223	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
ВТ	2	0.041	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.176	0.176	0.264	0.264	/	0.264	/	/	0.211	0.211	/	0.211	/	/
2/3/4G	3	0.549	0.606	0.866	1.021	0.304	0.732	0.294	0.643	0.181	/	0.588	/	/	2.536	/	/	/	/
Simultaneous Transmission SAR		0.645	0.675	0.915	1.023	0.480	0.977	0.558	1.022	0.181	0.264	0.588	/	0.211	2.747	/	0.211	/	/

Table 72: Maximum SAR of 2/3/4G Simultaneous Transmission with Wi-Fi/BT.

Note:

 The SAR test data of some frequency bands in the summed SAR tables, the more conservative SAR test results at the maximum output power level without any simultaneous transmission power reduction are used.

7.3.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numeral summed SAR results is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required per KDB 447498 D01.



Appendix A. System Check Plots

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-A, total: 11 pages)

Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-B, total: 42 pages)

Appendix C. Conducted Power Test Results

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-C, total: 87 pages)

Appendix D. Conducted power test results for certain power reduction mechanisms validation

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-D, total: 1 page)

Appendix E. Calibration Certificate

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-E, total: 97 pages)

Appendix F. Photo Documentation

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-F, total: 8 pages)

Appendix G. Antenna Location

(Please See Appendix No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)20220606001001-G, total: 1 page)

End