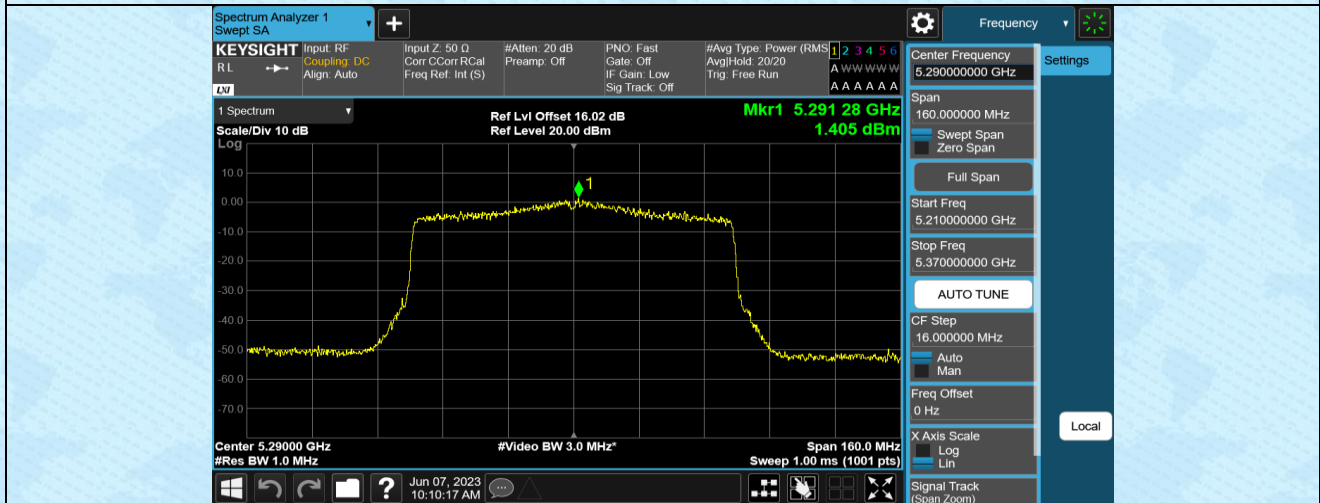
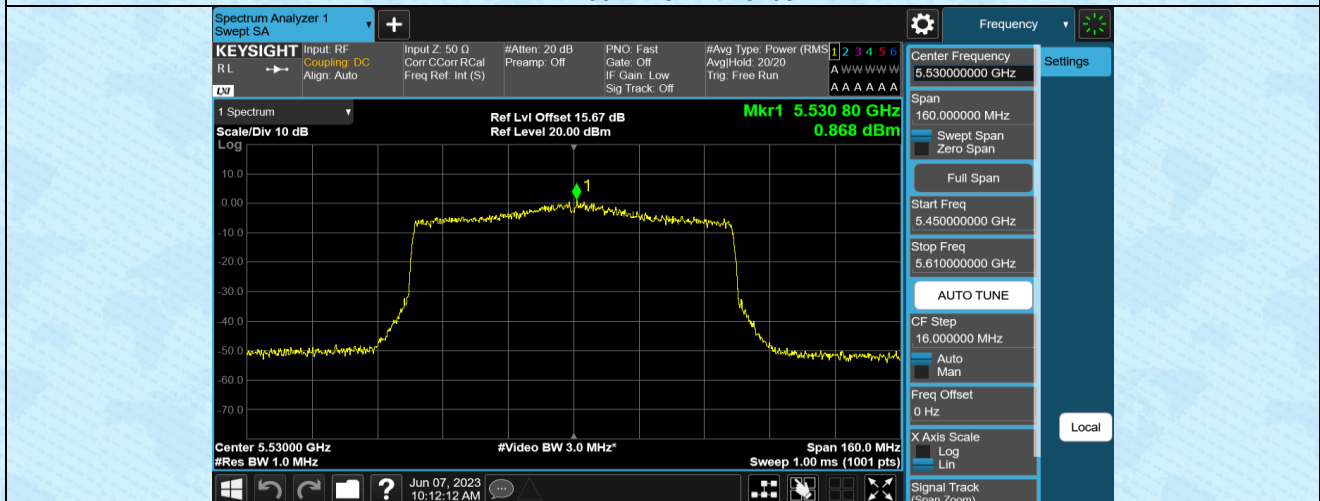


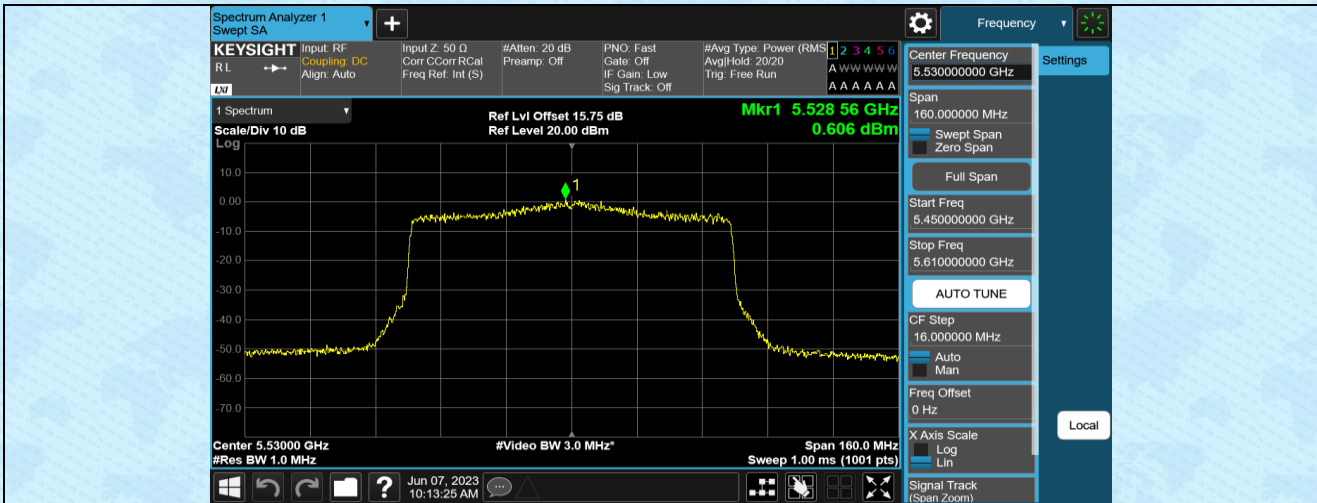
11AX80MIMO-Ant1-5290



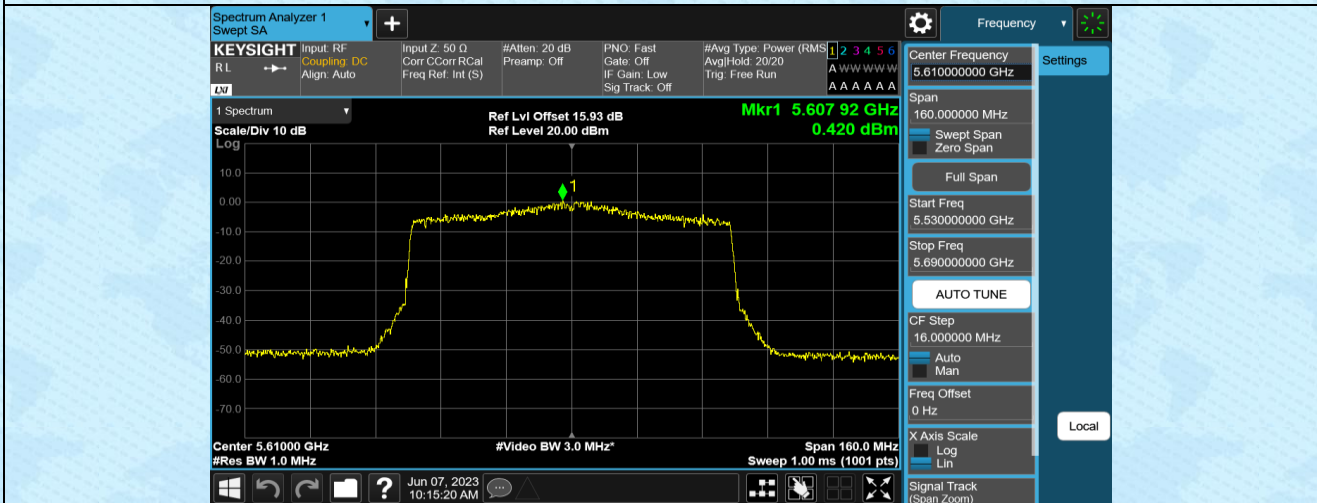
11AX80MIMO-Ant2-5290



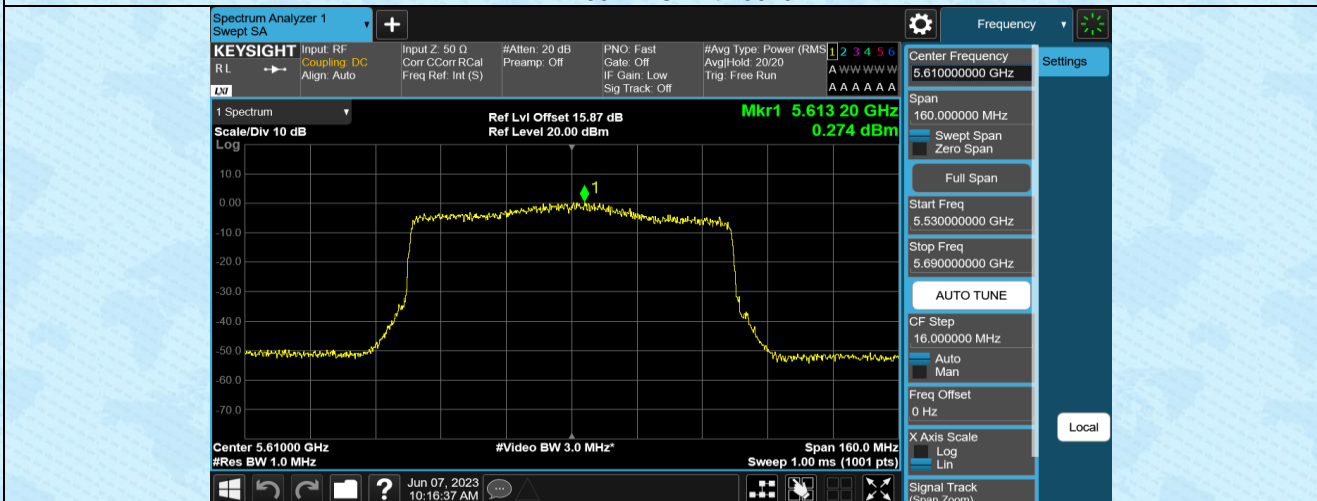
11AX80MIMO-Ant1-5530



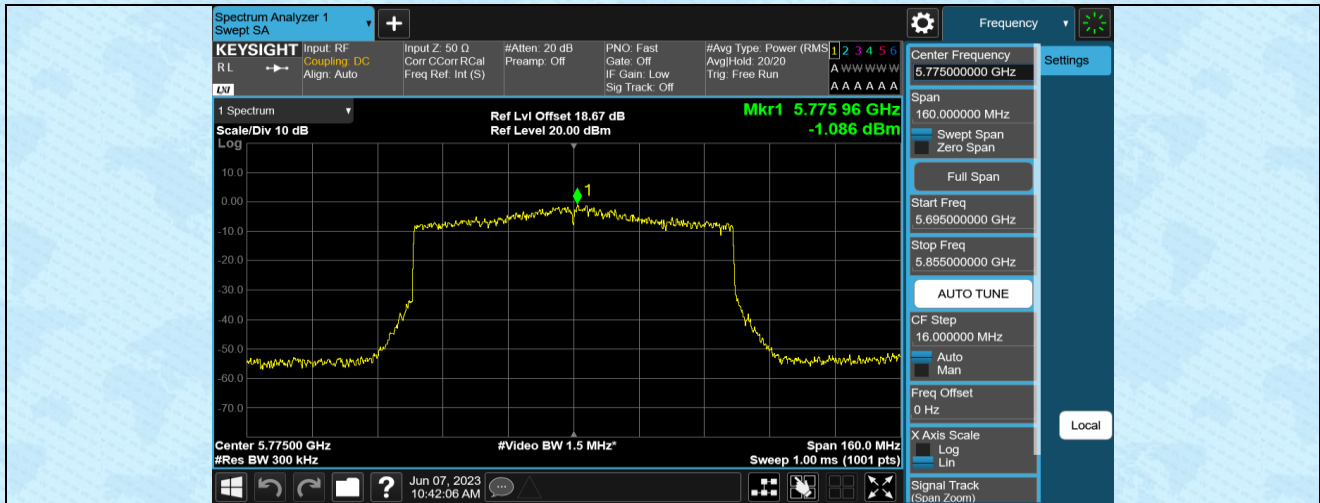
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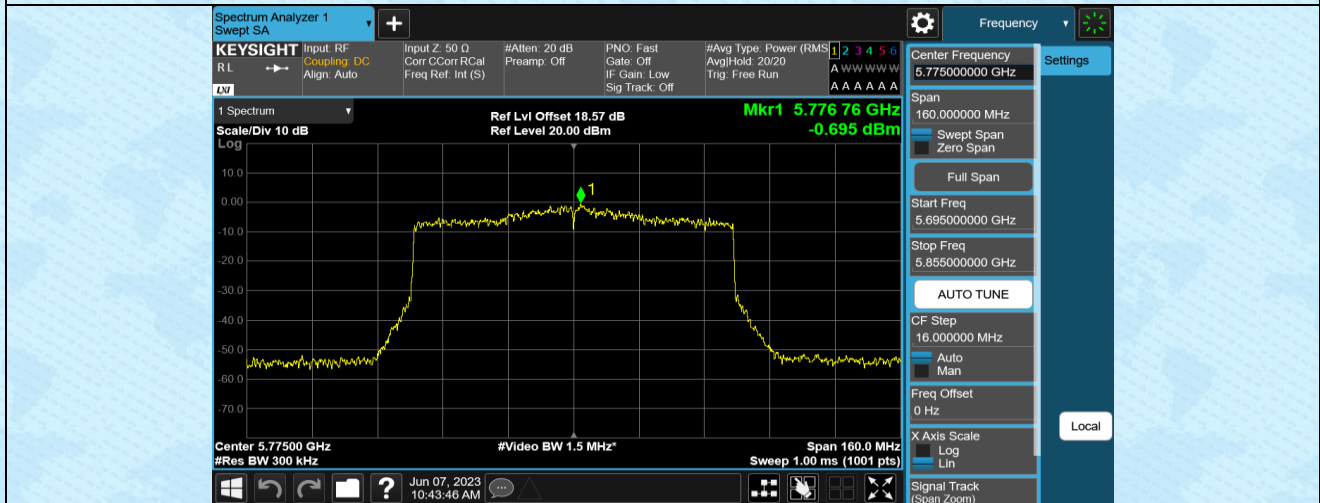
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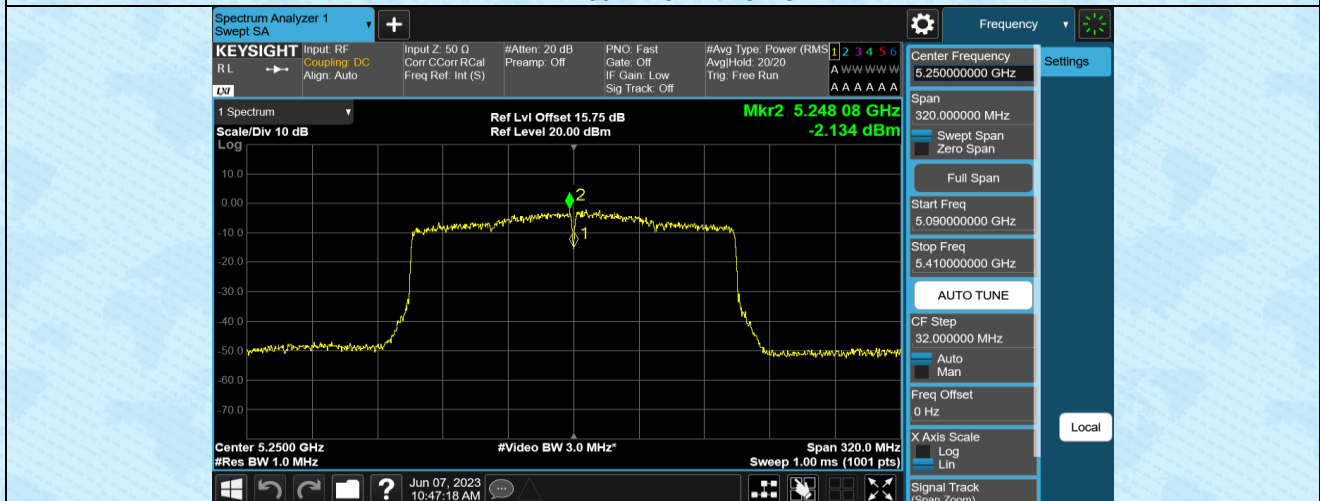
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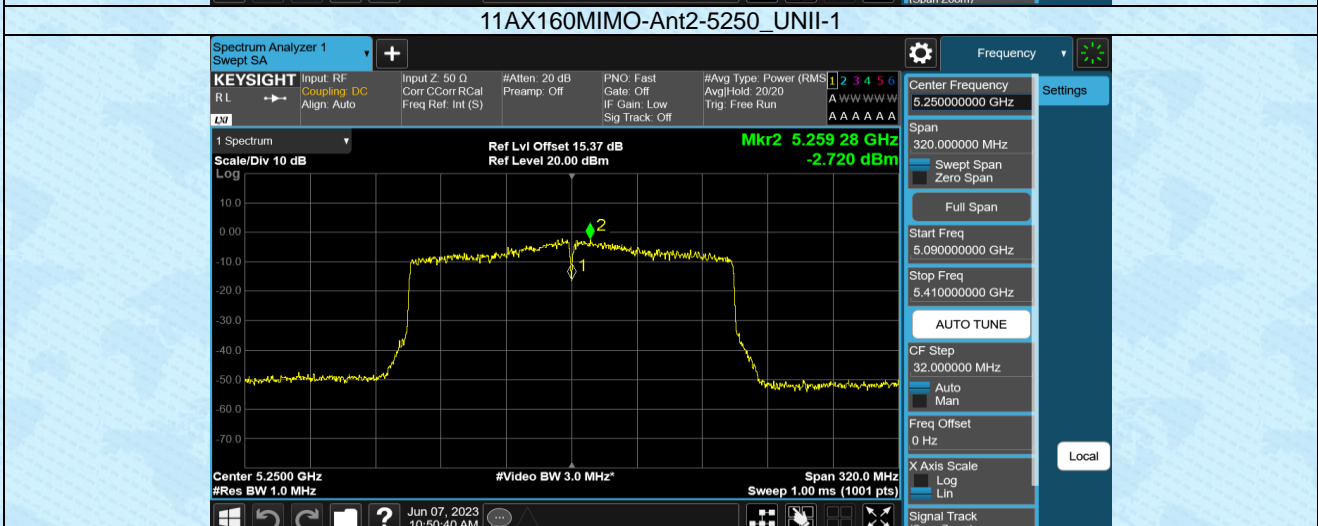
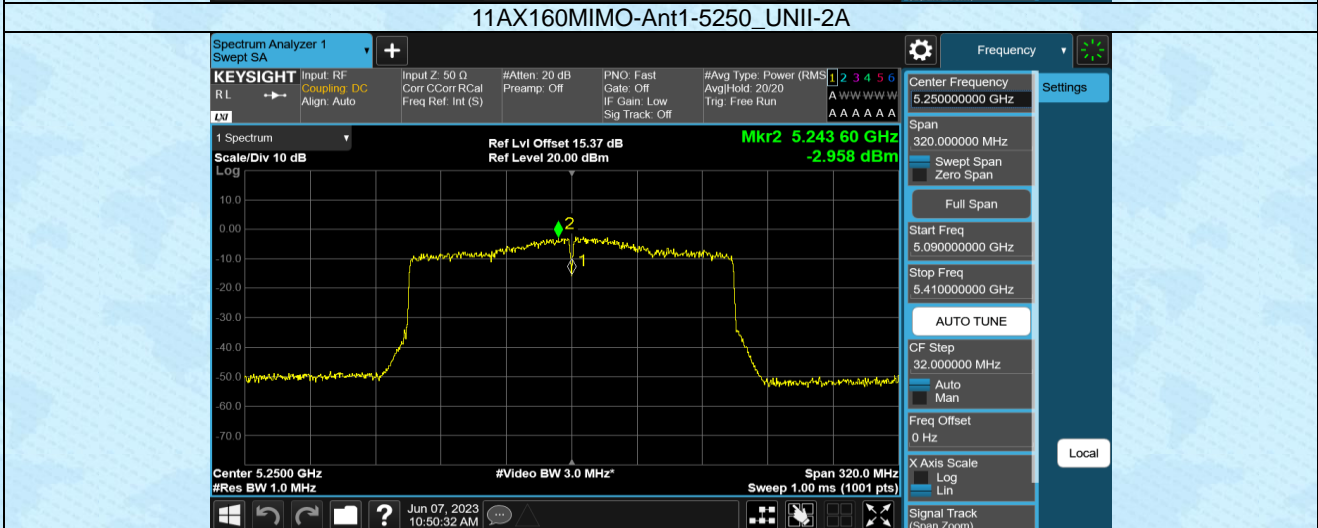
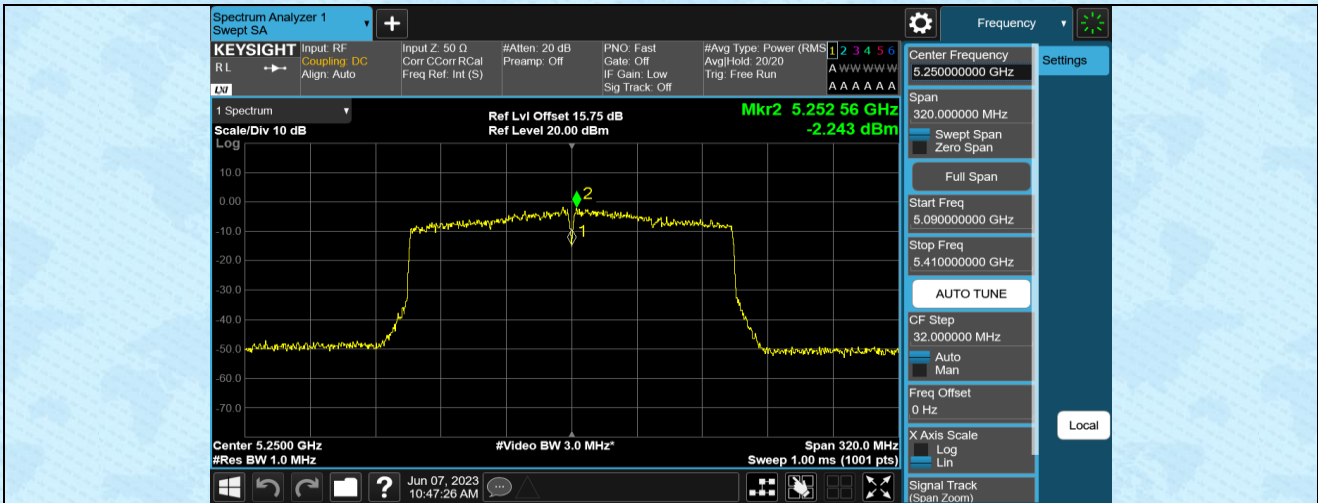
11AX80MIMO-Ant1-5775



11AX80MIMO-Ant2-5775

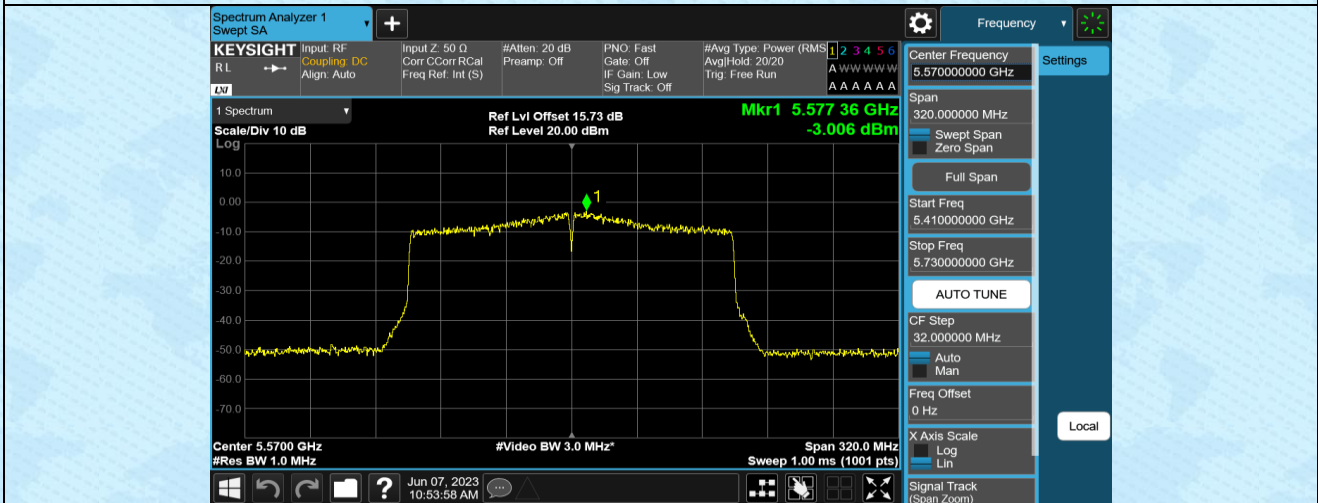


11AX160MIMO-Ant1-5250_UNII-1





11AX160MIMO-Ant1-5570

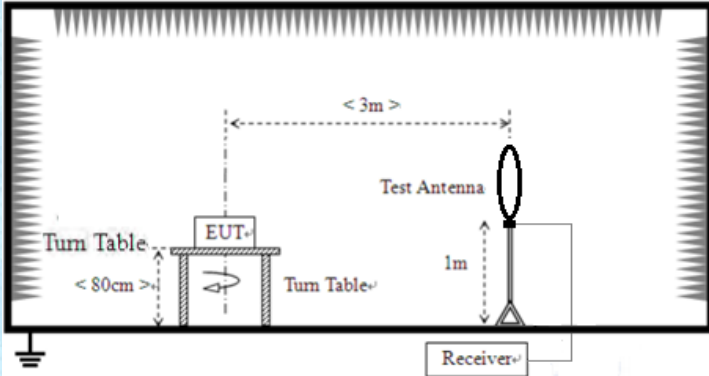
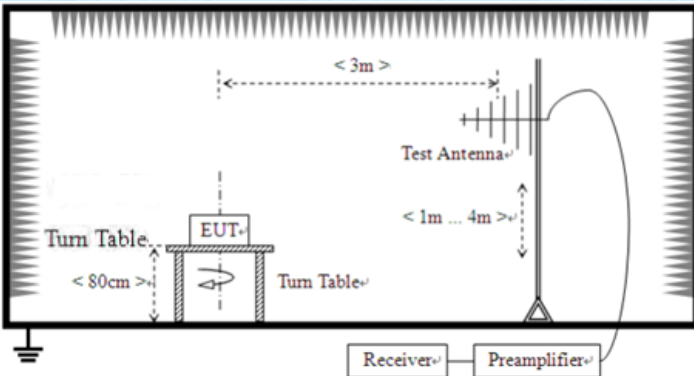
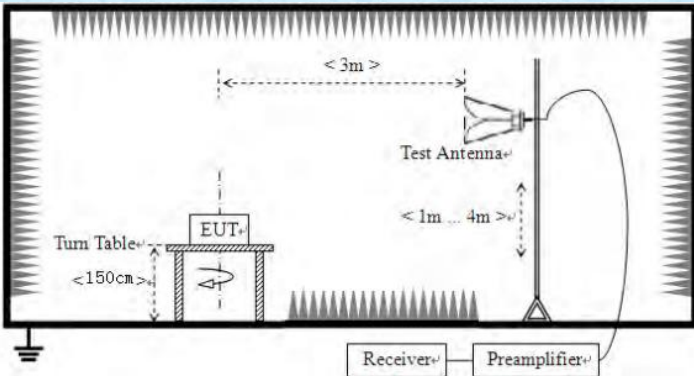


11AX160MIMO-Ant2-5570

7.6 Radiated Emission

Test Requirement :	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209 and 15.205 and 15.407b																																																
Test Method :	ANSI C63.10: 2013																																																
Test Frequency Range:	9kHz to 40GHz																																																
Test site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)																																																
Receiver setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Value																																												
	9kHz-150KHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value																																												
	150kHz-30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value																																												
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak Value																																												
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value																																												
		AV	1MHz	3MHz	Average Value																																												
Note: For Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$, average detector set as above For Duty cycle $< 98\%$, average detector set as below: $VBW \geq 1 / T$																																																	
Limit:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100**</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150**</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200**</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency</th> <th>Limit (dBuV/m @3m)</th> <th>Remark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>30MHz-88MHz</td> <td>40.0</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88MHz-216MHz</td> <td>43.5</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216MHz-960MHz</td> <td>46.0</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>960MHz-1GHz</td> <td>54.0</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Above 1GHz</td> <td>54.0</td> <td>Average Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>68.2</td> <td>Peak Value</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Undesirable emission limits:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz. (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz. Devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band that generate emissions in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band must meet all applicable technical requirements for operation in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band (including indoor use) or alternatively meet an out-of-band emission EIRP limit of -27 dBm/MHz in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band. (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz. (4) For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band 					Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100**	3	88-216	150**	3	216-960	200**	3	Above 960	500	3	Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Remark	30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak Value	88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak Value	216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak Value	960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak Value	Above 1GHz	54.0	Average Value	68.2	Peak Value
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	68.2	Peak Value																																															

	edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
Test Procedure:	<p>Substitution method was performed to determine the actual ERP emission levels of the EUT.</p> <p>The following test procedure as below:</p> <p>1>.Below 1GHz test procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table (0.8m for below 1GHz and 1.5 meters for above 1GHz) above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. 3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. <p>2>.Above 1GHz test procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. On the test site as test setup graph above,the EUT shall be placed at the 0.8m support on the turntable and in the position closest to normal use as declared by the provider. 2. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver. 3. The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without modulation and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test. 4. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered from 1m to 4m until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. Then the turntable should be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver. 5. Repeat step 4 for test frequency with the test antenna polarized horizontally. 6. Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna 7. Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a nonradiating cable. With the antennas at both ends vertically polarized, and with the signal generator tuned to a particular test frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output. 8. Repeat step 7 with both antennas horizontally polarized for each test frequency. 9. Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by

	<p>reducing the readings obtained in steps 7 and 8 by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna, and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna by the following formula: $\text{EIRP(dBm)} = \text{Pg(dBm)} - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBi)}$ where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.</p>					
<p>Test setup:</p>	<p>For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz</p>  <p>For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz</p>  <p>For radiated emissions above 1GHz</p> 					
<p>Test Instruments:</p>	<p>Refer to section 6.0 for details</p>					
<p>Test mode:</p>	<p>Refer to section 5.2 for details</p>					
<p>Test environment:</p>	<p>Temp.:</p>	<p>24.5 °C</p>	<p>Humid.:</p>	<p>50%</p>	<p>Press.:</p>	<p>1012mbar</p>
<p>Test voltage:</p>	<p>AC 120V, 60Hz</p>					
<p>Test results:</p>	<p>Pass</p>					

Remarks:

1. *Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis which it is worse case.*
2. *Pre-scan beamform mode and non-beamform mode, worst case for non-beamform mode is recorded.*

Measurement Data:

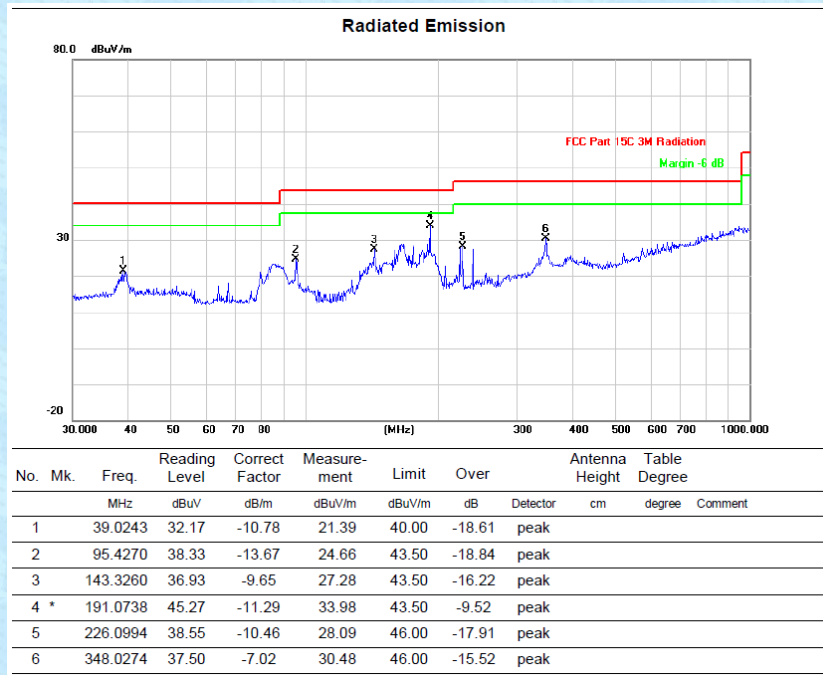
9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line was not recorded in this report.

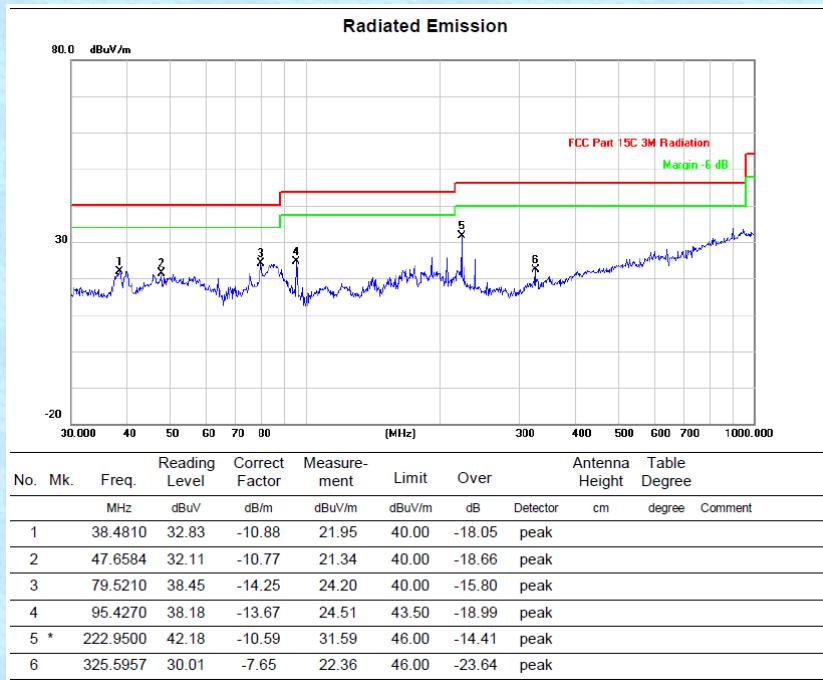
30MHz~ 1GHz

We only recorded the data of the worst mode. Please see the following:

Horizontal:



Vertical:



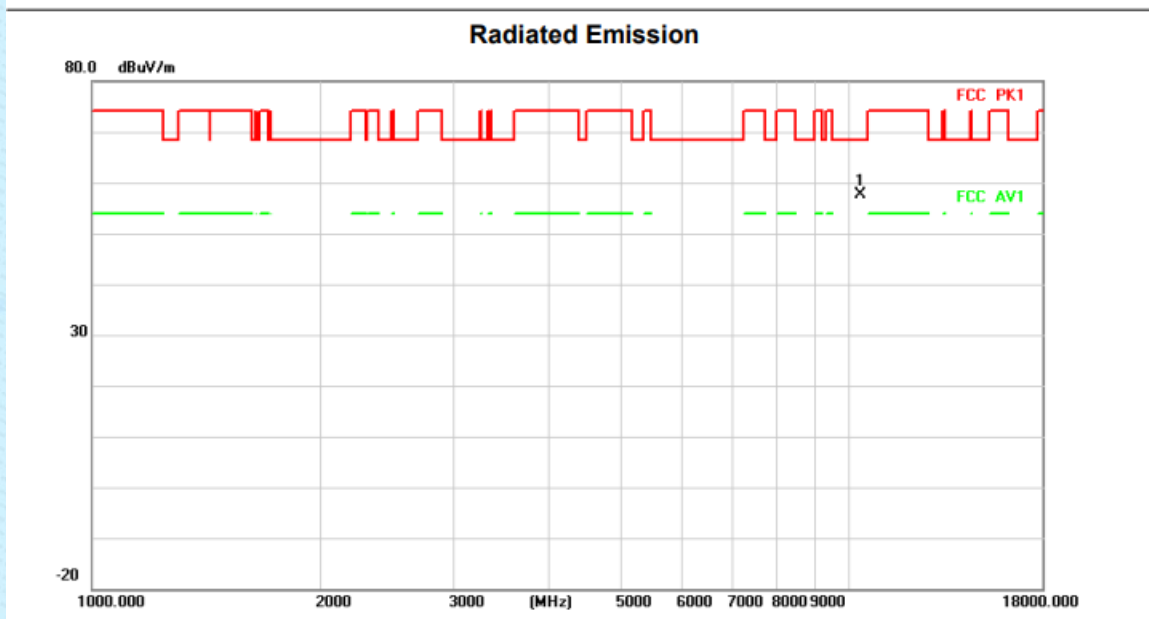
Note:

1. Measurement = Reading + Correct Factor.
2. Over = Measurement – Limit
3. Simultaneous transmitting: 2.4G Wifi transmitting + 5G Wifi transmitting
4. Worst Case Operating Mode: Simultaneous transmitting

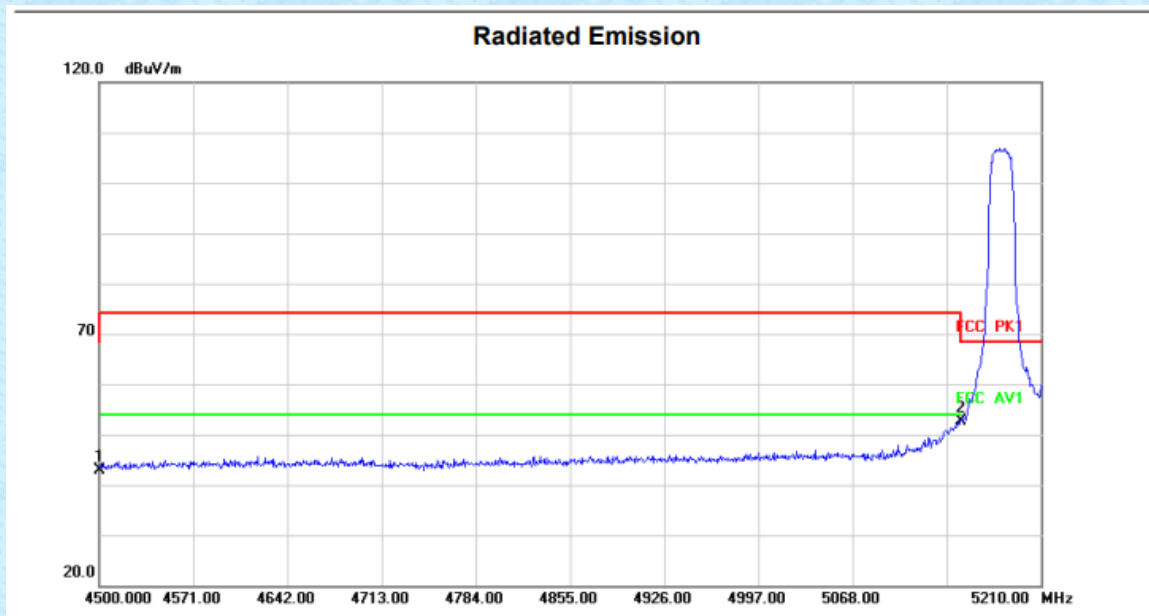
Above 1GHz:

Above 1G (1GHz~18GHz)	Test mode:11A-CDD	Test Channel:36
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VERTICAL

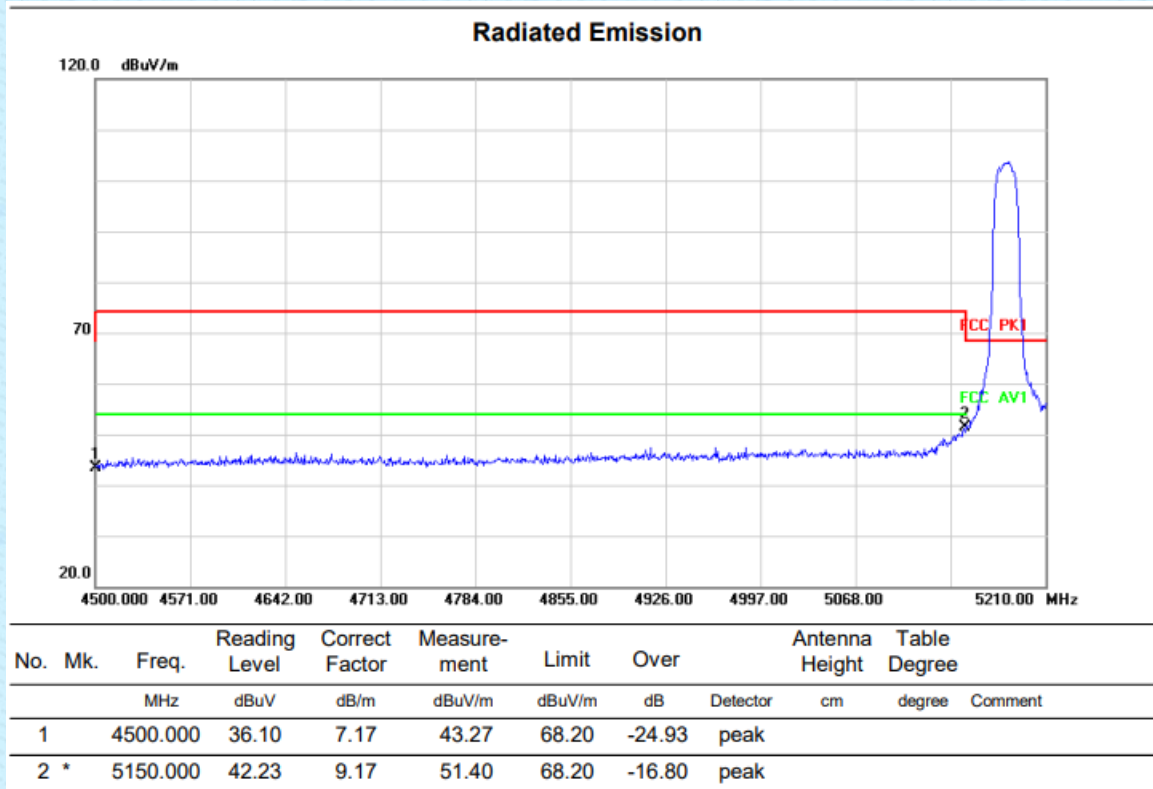
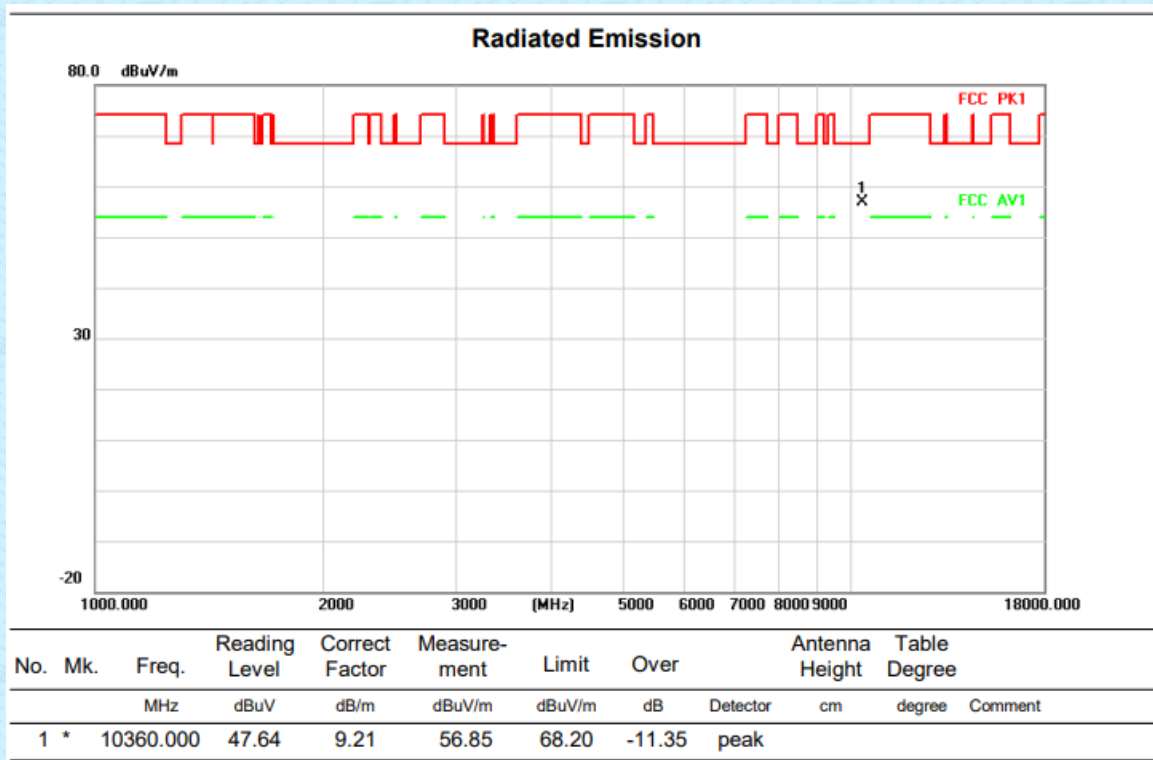


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	10360.000	48.35	9.21	57.56	68.20	-10.64	peak		



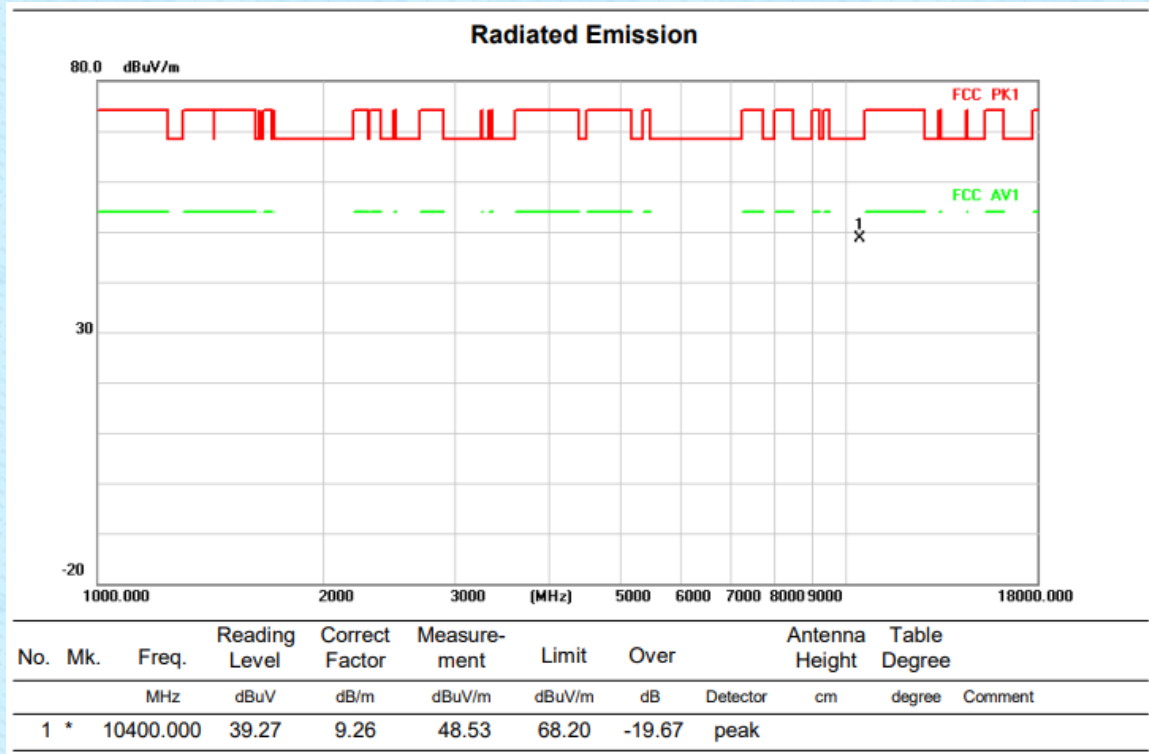
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	Comment
1		4500.000	35.78	7.17	42.95	68.20	-25.25	peak		
2	*	5150.000	43.56	9.17	52.73	68.20	-15.47	peak		

HORIZONTALA

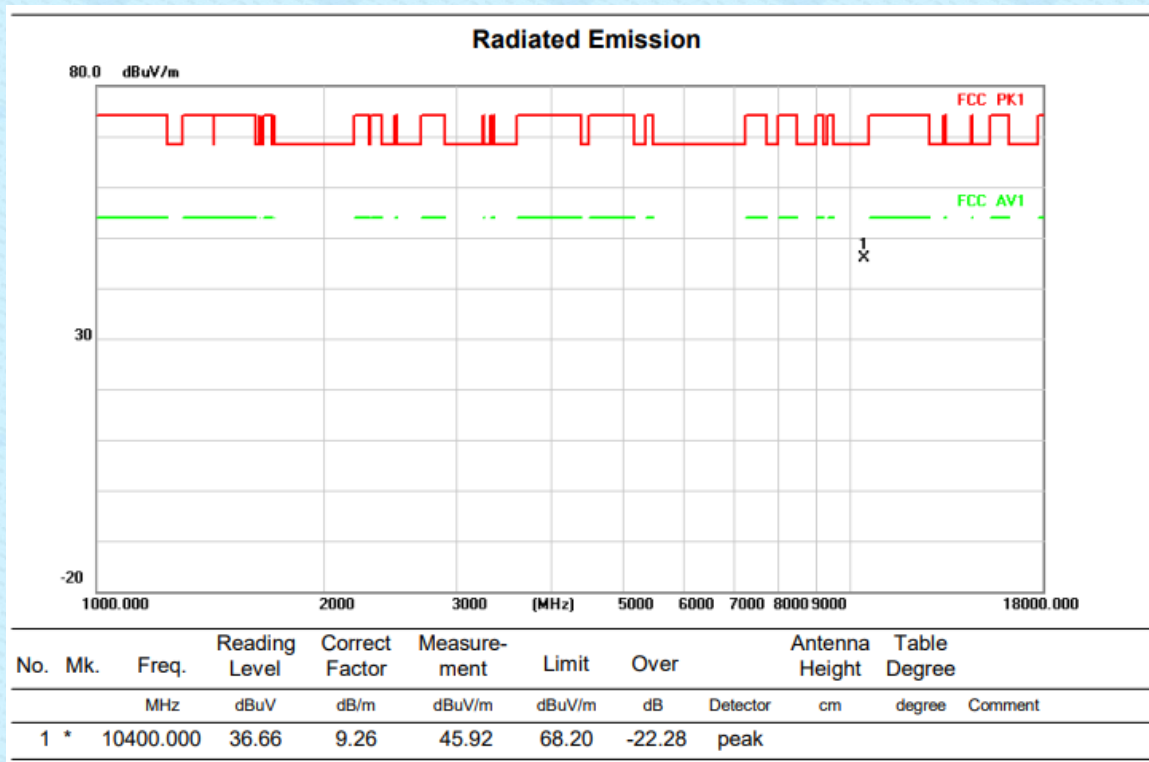


Above 1G (1GHz~18GHz)	Test mode: 11A-CDD	Test Channel:40
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VERTICAL

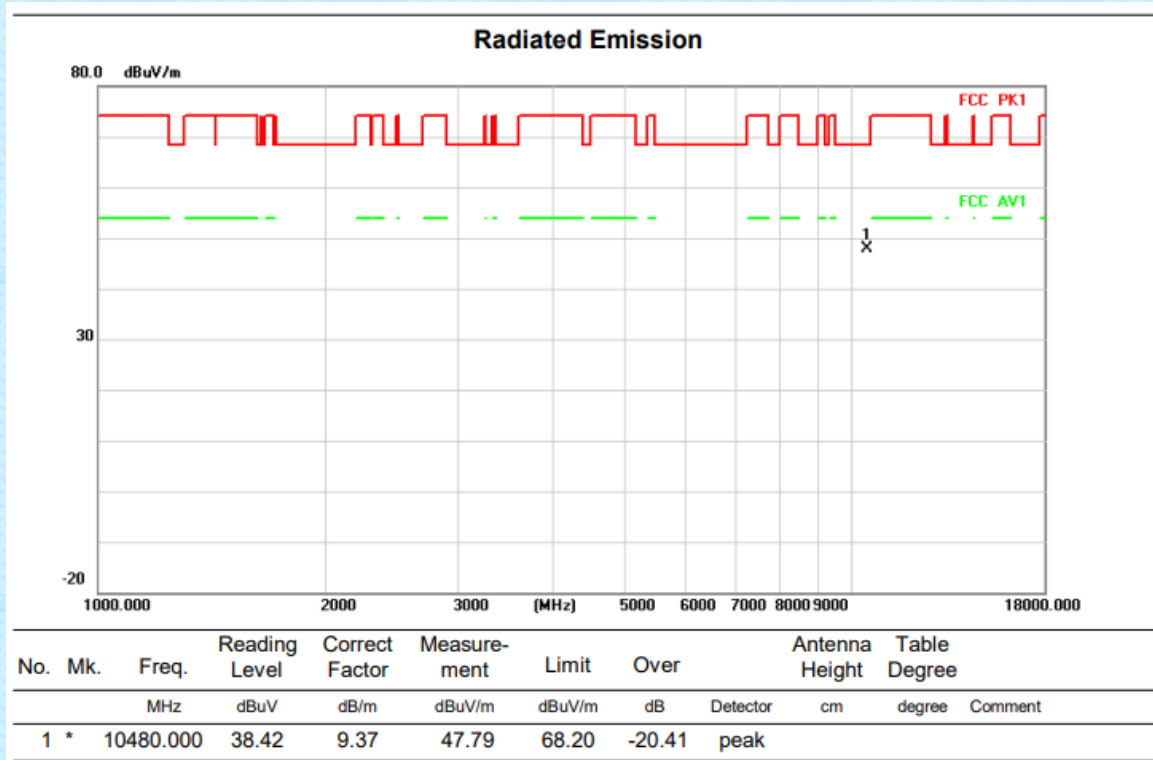


HORIZONTAL

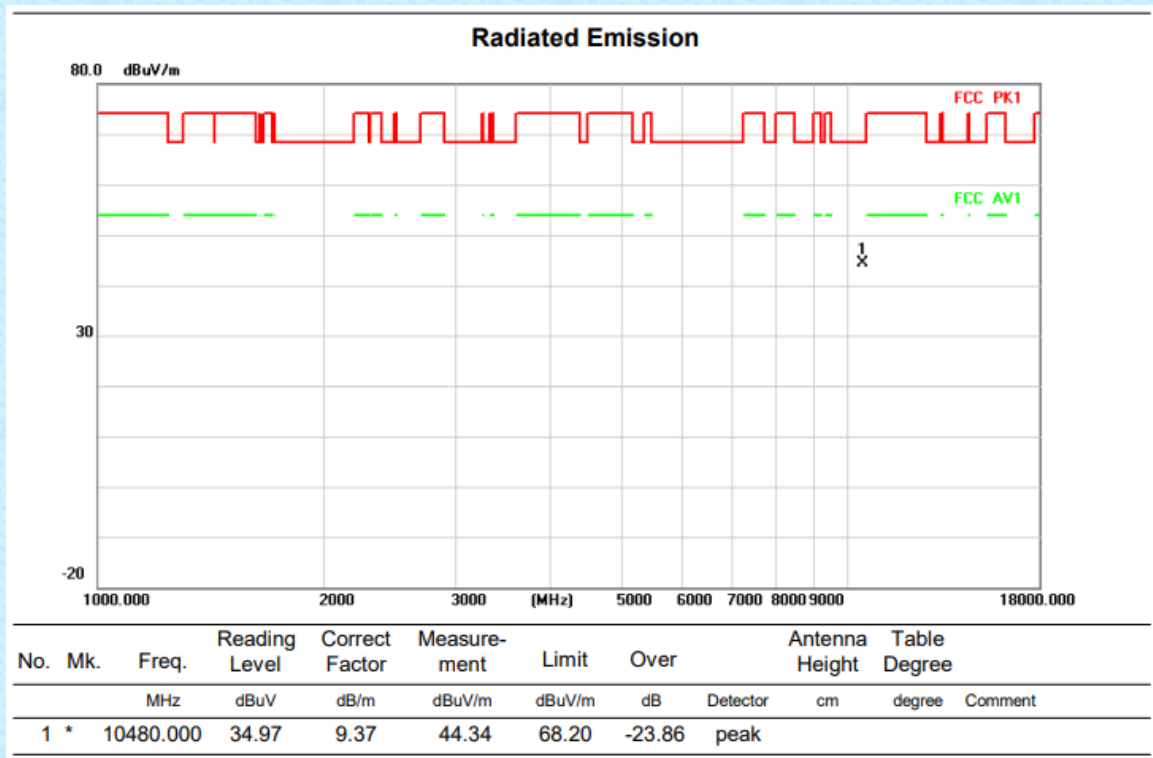


Above 1G (1GHz~18GHz)	Test mode: 11A-CDD	Test Channel:48
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VERTICAL

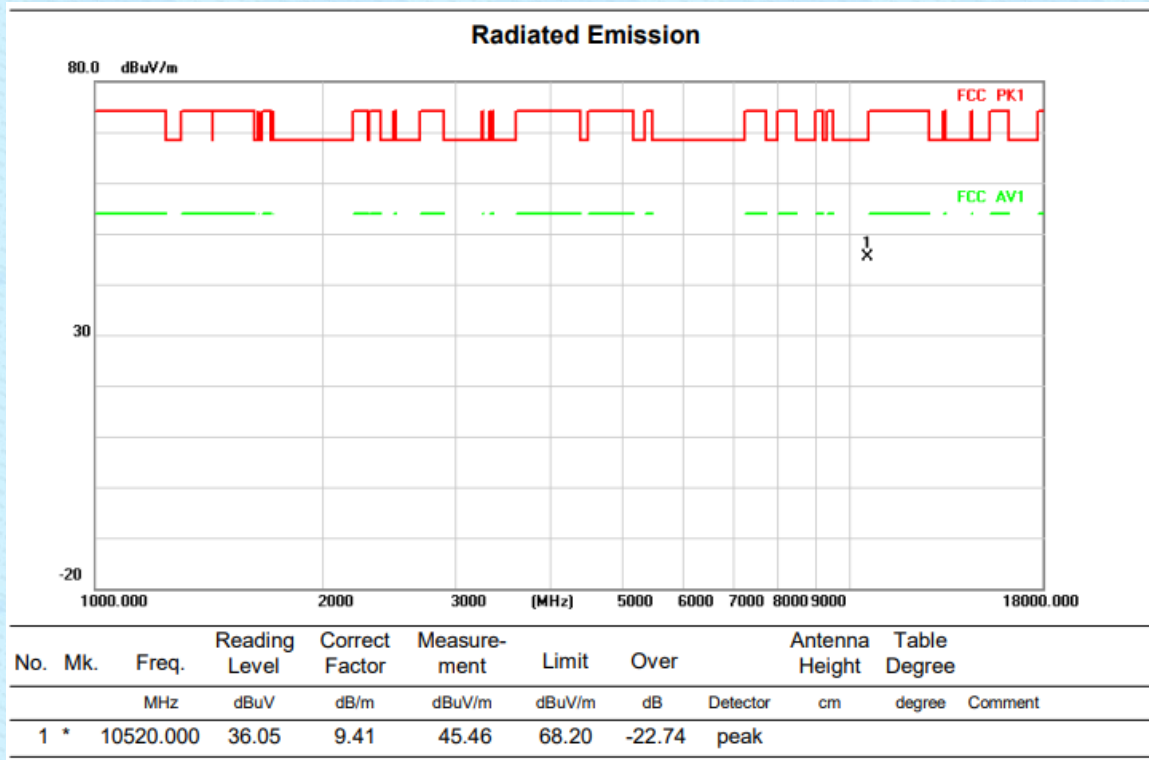


HORIZONTAL



Above 1G (1GHz~18GHz)	Test mode: 11A-CDD	Test Channel:52
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VERTICAL



HORIZONTAL

