



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

ShenzhenAdreamerEliteCo.,Ltd.

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FCC ID: 2AT2FP206A

Report Type: Product Type: Netbook Original Report **Report Number:** RSZ190603001-SA **Report Date:** 2019-07-08 Terry XiaHou Terry XiaHou Reviewed By: SAR Engineer Prepared By: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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Attestation of Test Results							
	EUT Description	Netbook					
	Tested Model	P206					
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AT2FP206A					
	Serial Number	19060300103					
	Test Date	2019/06/28					
MOI	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
WLAN 2.4G	1g Body SAR	0.64					
WLAN U-NII-1 Band	1g Body SAR	0.54					
WLAN U-NII-3 Band	1g Body SAR	0.50					

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Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
	KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
	KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in **FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093** and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
1.0	RSZ190603001-SA	Original Report	2019-07-08	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *ShenzhenAdreamerEliteCo.,Ltd.* and their product *Netbook*, Model: *P206*, FCC ID: *2AT2FP206A* or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 19060300103 (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2019-06-03.

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
DTM Type:	Class B
Proximity sensor for SAR reduction:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode :	WLAN, Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	WLAN (2.4G): 2412 -2472 MHz WLAN (U-NII-1 Band): 5150-5250MHz(TX & RX) WLAN (U-NII-3 Band): 5725-5850MHz(TX & RX) Bluetooth: 2402 MHz-2480 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	WLAN (2.4G): 11.91 dBm WLAN (U-NII-1 Band): 11.61 dBm WLAN (U-NII-3 Band): 12.01 dBm Bluetooth : 5.44 dBm
Power Source:	7.6 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Body supported

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)			
	(General Population /	(Occupational /		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure		
	Environment)	Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

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The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 342867, the FCC Designation No.: CN1221.

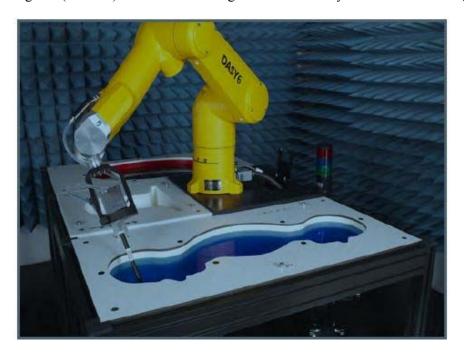
The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

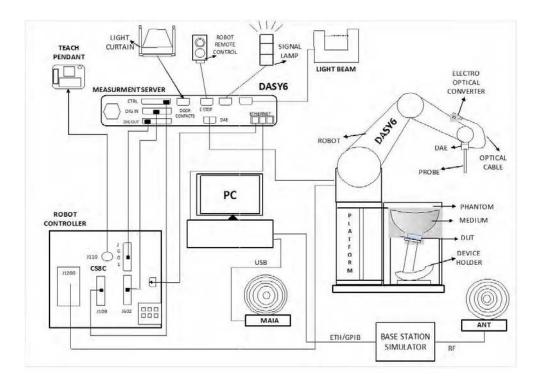
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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DASY6 System Description

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY6 Measurement Server

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

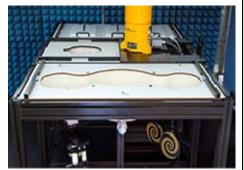
SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY6 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY6 platform is used to mount the

Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.

In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:



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Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.

DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom. Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

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ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom.
 Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a
 softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried
 when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the ELI phantom.



The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from St aubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided



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Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7522 Calibrated: 2018/11/02

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Calibration Frequency	Frequency	Range(MHz)	C	onversion Fact	or
Point(MHz)	From	То	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	800	9.78	9.78	9.78
750 Body	650	800	9.8	9.8	9.8
850 Head	800	950	9.46	9.46	9.46
850 Body	800	950	9.54	9.54	9.54
1750 Head	1650	1810	8.2	8.2	8.2
1750 Body	1650	1810	7.88	7.88	7.88
1900 Head	1810	1920	7.91	7.91	7.91
1900 Body	1810	1920	7.48	7.48	7.48
2000 Head	1920	2100	7.78	7.78	7.78
2000 Body	1920	2100	7.36	7.36	7.36
2300 Head	2200	2399	7.35	7.35	7.35
2300 Body	2200	2399	7.27	7.27	7.27
2450 Head	2399	2500	6.97	6.97	6.97
2450 Body	2399	2500	7.05	7.05	7.05
2600 Head	2500	2700	6.79	6.79	6.79
2600 Body	2500	2700	6.95	6.95	6.95
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.05	5.05	5.05
5250 Body	5140	5360	4.77	4.77	4.77
5600 Head	5490	5700	4.48	4.48	4.48
5600 Body	5490	5700	4.27	4.27	4.27
5800 Head	5700	5910	4.76	4.76	4.76
5800 Body	5700	5910	4.31	4.31	4.31

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

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Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

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When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head and Body Tissue			
(MHz)	εr	O'(S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76		
300	45.3	0.87		
450	43.5	0.87		
835	41.5	0.90		
900	41.5	0.97		
915	41.5	0.98		
1450	40.5	1.20		
1610	40.3	1.29		
1800-2000	40.0	1.40		
2450	39.2	1.80		
3000	38.5	2.40		
5800	35.3	5.27		

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

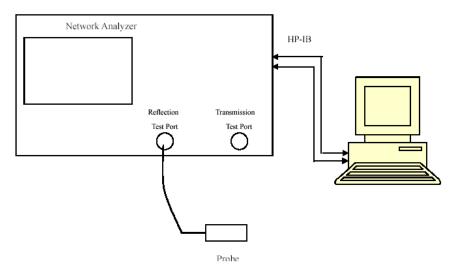
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.2	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY6 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1562	2018/11/6	2019/11/6
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7522	2018/11/2	2019/11/2
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
SAM Twin Phantom	SAM-Twin V8.0	1962	NCR	NCR
ELI Phantom	ELI V8.0	2092	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450MHz	D2450V2	751	2017/10/12	2020/10/12
Dipole, 5200MHz	ALS-D-5200-S-2	230-00805	2016/10/05	2019/10/05
Dipole, 5800MHz	ALS-D-5800-S-2	240-00855	2016/10/05	2019/10/05
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	HBBL600-10000V6	180622-2	Each	Time
Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A08288	2019/04/25	2020/04/25
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1248	NCR	NCR
Anritsu Signal Generator	68369B	4114	2018/12/24	2019/12/24
Power Meter	E4419B	GB39511341	2019/06/22	2020/06/22
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	71377	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	4242-10	3307	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	3dB	5402	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	10dB	AU 3842	NCR	NCR

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε _r	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO	(%)
2442	Simulated Tissue Liquid	40.186	1.817	39.21	1.79	2.49	1.51	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid	40.358	1.821	39.20	1.80	2.95	1.17	±5
5200	Simulated Tissue Liquid	36.536	4.675	35.99	4.66	1.52	0.32	±5
5785	Simulated Tissue Liquid	35.534	5.388	35.32	5.25	0.61	2.63	±5
5800	Simulated Tissue Liquid	35.533	5.395	35.30	5.27	0.66	2.37	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2019/06/28.

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System Accuracy Verification

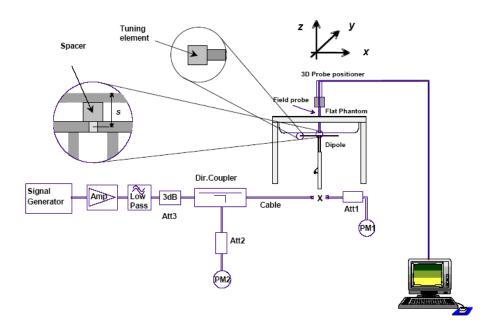
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm for } 300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz};$
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm for } 1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz};$
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 3 000 MHz $< f \le 6$ 000 MHz.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band (MHz)	Liquid Type	Input Measured Power SAR (mW) (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)	
2019/06/28	2450	Head and Body	100	1g	5.11	51.1	52.5	-2.667	±10
2019/06/28	5200	Head and Body	100	1g	7.67	76.7	73.68	4.099	±10
2019/06/28	5800	Head and Body	100	1g	8.07	80.7	78.05	3.395	±10

^{*}The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 751

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.358$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97) @ 2450 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 11/6/2018

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Head 2450MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.73 W/kg

Head 2450MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

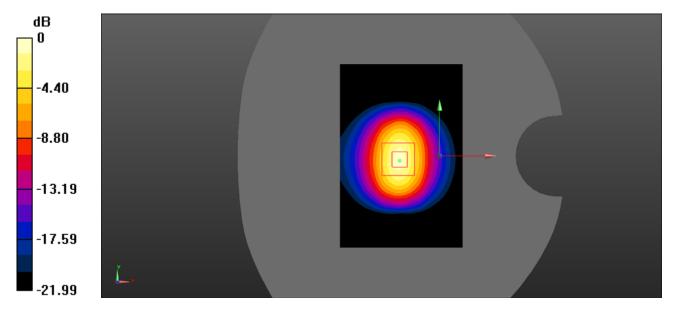
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Reference Value = 54.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.61 W/kg



0 dB = 5.61 W/kg = 7.49 dBW/kg

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System Performance 5200 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 5200MHz; Type: ALS-D-5200-S-2; Serial: 230-00805

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.675 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.536; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05) @ 5200 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 11/6/2018

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Head 5200MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.1 W/kg

Head 5200MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

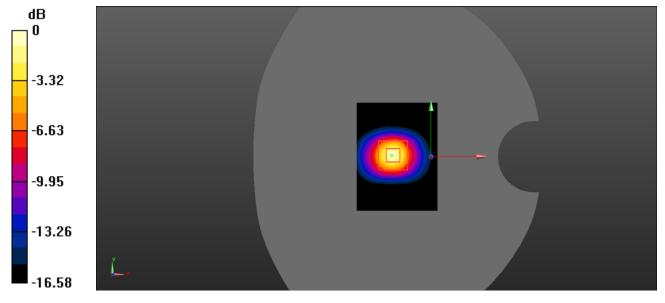
Report No.: RSZ190603001-SA

Reference Value = 36.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.62 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

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System Performance 5800 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 5800MHz; Type: ALS-D-5800-S-2; Serial: 240-00855

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.395$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.533$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76) @ 5800 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 11/6/2018

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Head 5800MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

Head 5800MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

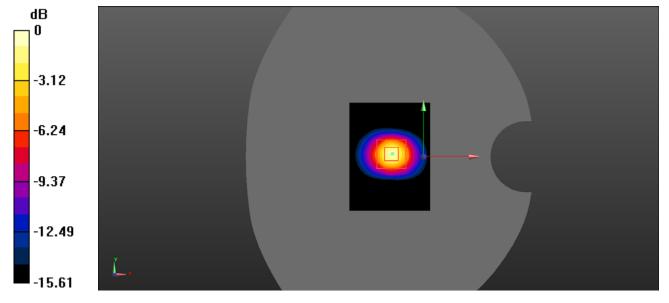
Report No.: RSZ190603001-SA

Reference Value = 36.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.5 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg



0 dB = 17.7 W/kg = 12.48 dBW/kg

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EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

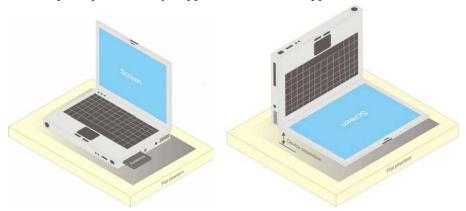
Test positions for Body-supported device

A typical example of a body supported device is a wireless enabled laptop device that among other orientations may be supported on the thighs of a sitting user. To represent this orientation, the device shall be positioned with its base against the flat phantom. Other orientations may be specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.

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The screen portion of the device shall be in an open position at a 90° angle as seen in Figure below (left side), or at an operating angle specified for intended use by the manufacturer in the operating instructions. Where a body supported device has an integral screen required for normal operation, then the screen-side will not need to be tested if it ordinarily remains 200 mm from the body. Where a screen mounted antenna is present, this position shall be repeated with the screen against the flat phantom as shown in Figure below (right side), if this is consistent with the intended use.

Other devices that fall into this category include tablet type portable computers and credit card transaction authorisation terminals, point-of-sale and/or inventory terminals. Where these devices may be torso or limb-supported, the same principles for body-supported devices are applied.



a) Portable computer with external antenna plug-in-radio-card (left side) or with internal antenna located in screen section (right side)

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

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Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)								
M 1 /D		Channel						
Mode/Band		Low	Middle	High				
	802.11b	12.0	12.0	12.0				
2.4G WLAN	802.11g	8.0	8.0	8.0				
2.40 WLAN	802.11n20	7.0	7.0	7.0				
	802.11n40	4.5	4.5	4.5				
	802.11a	11.0	11.0	11.0				
	802.11n20	12.0	12.0	12.0				
WI AN (II NII 1 Dan d)	802.11n40	10.0	10.0	10.0				
WLAN (U-NII-1 Band)	802.11ac20	10.0	10.0	10.0				
	802.11ac40	10.0	10.0	10.0				
	802.11ac80	10.0	10.0	10.0				
	802.11a	11.0	11.0	11.0				
	802.11n20	12.5	12.5	12.5				
WI AN (II NII 2 Dand)	802.11n40	10.0	10.0	10.0				
WLAN (U-NII-3 Band)	802.11ac20	10.5	10.5	10.5				
	802.11ac40	10.5	10.5	10.5				
	802.11ac80	10.0	10.0	10.0				
Bluetooth BDR/	EDR	5.5	5.5	5.5				
Bluetooth BI	Æ	5.0	5.0	5.0				

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Test Results:

WLAN 2.4G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	RF Output Power(dBm)
	2412		11.89
802.11b	2442	1Mbps	11.78
	2472		11.91
	2412		7.42
802.11g	2442	6Mbps	7.55
	2472		7.67
	2412		6.36
802.11n HT20	2442	MCS0	6.54
	2472		6.55
	2422		4.04
802.11n HT40	2442	MCS0	4.12
	2462		4.32

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WLAN (U-NII-1 Band):

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	RF Output Power(dBm)
	5180		10.66
802.11a	5200	6Mbps	10.78
	5240		10.80
	5180		11.46
802.11n HT20	5200	MCS0	11.56
	5240		11.61
902 11 _m HT40	5190	MCCO	9.61
802.11n HT40	5230	MCS0	9.88
	5180		9.83
802.11 ac20	5200	MCS0	9.76
	5240		9.81
902 11 2240	5190	MCCO	9.92
802.11 ac40	5230	MCS0	9.90
802.11 ac80	5210	MCS0	9.71

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WLAN (U-NII-3 Band):

Mode	Channel	Data Rate	RF Output
Mode	frequency (MHz)	Data Kate	Power(dBm)
	5745		10.93
802.11a	5785	6Mbps	10.98
	5825		10.71
	5745		11.85
802.11n HT20	5785	MCS0	12.01
	5825		11.90
002 11 HT40	5755	MCCO	9.90
802.11n HT40	5795	MCS0	9.92
	5745		10.10
802.11 ac20	5785	MCS0	10.12
	5825		9.89
002 11 - 40	5755	MCCO	10.11
802.11 ac40	5795	MCS0	10.04
802.11 ac80	5775	MCS0	9.53

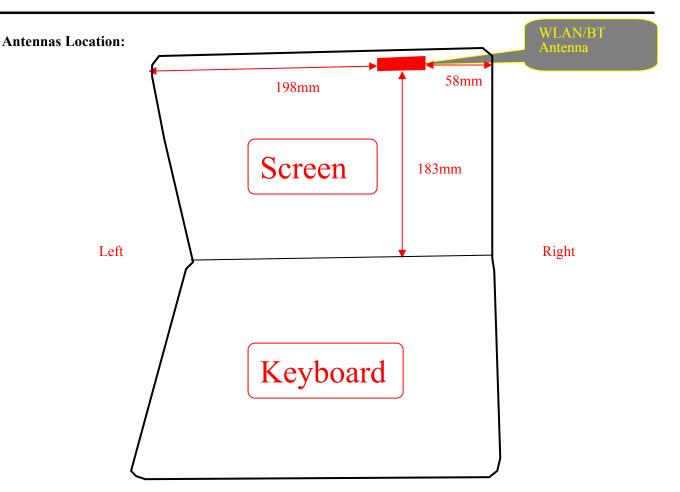
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Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel frequency	RF Output Power
111040	(MHz)	(dBm)
	2402	2.78
DDD(CECV)	2441	3.14
BDR(GFSK)	2480	4.49
	2411	5.05
	2402	4.23
EDD(-/4 DODGK)	2441	4.48
$EDR(\pi/4-DQPSK)$	2480	5.32
	2409	5.39
	2402	4.43
EDD(0 DDGIZ)	2441	4.42
EDR(8-DPSK)	2480	5.37
	2410	5.44
	2402	3.20
Bluetooth LE (1M)	2440	3.38
	2480	4.64
	2402	3.21
Bluetooth LE (2M)	2440	3.36
. ,	2480	4.62

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Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations



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Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Pavg (dBm)	Maximum Pavg (mW)	SAR Test Exclusion Minimum Distance (mm)
Bluetooth	2480	5.5	3.548	2
WLAN 2.4G	2472	12.0	15.849	9
WLAN U-NII-1 Band	5240	12.0	15.849	13
WLAN U-NII-3 Band	5825	12.5	17.783	15

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) \cdot 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and \leq 6 GHz

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.5-23.8 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51%
ATM Pressure:	101.6 kPa
Test Date:	2019/06/28

Testing was performed by Seven Liang, Ricardo Lan.

WLAN 2.4G:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Body Screen Back (0mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	2442	802.11b	11.78	12.0	1.052	0.605	0.64	1#	
(******)	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Screen Top (0mm)	2442	802.11b	11.78	12.0	1.052	0.155	0.16	2#	
	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is≤0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, OFDM SAR is not required.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Consideration:

Modulation Mode	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/kg)	Limit(W/kg)	SAR Test Exclusion
802.11b(DSSS)	12.0	15.85	0.64	/	/	/
802.11g(OFDM)	8.0	6.31	/	0.25	1.2	Yes
802.11n HT20(OFDM)	7.0	5.01	/	0.20	1.2	Yes
802.11n HT40(OFDM)	4.5	2.82	/	0.11	1.2	Yes

Note:

KDB 248227 D01-When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

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- a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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WLAN U-NII-1 Band:

EUT Position	Frequency		Max.	Max. Max. Meas. Rated		1g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot		
	5180	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body Screen Back (0mm)	5200	802.11n20	11.56	12.0	1.107	0.484	0.54	3#		
(viiiii)	5240	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	5180	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body Screen Top (0mm)	5200	802.11n20	11.56	12.0	1.107	0.190	0.21	4#		
	5240	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/		

WLAN U-NII-3 Band:

EUT Position	Frequency	Max. Meas.		Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Body Screen Back (0mm)	5745	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5785	802.11n20	12.01	12.5	1.119	0.448	0.50	5#	
(0)	5825	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5745	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Screen Top (0mm)	5785	802.11n20	12.01	12.5	1.119	0.281	0.31	6#	
	5825	802.11n20	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. KDB 248227 D01- For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s):
 - a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is \$\leq\$ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
 - b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 4. KDB 248227 D01-The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel
- 5. KDB 248227 D01- When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined by applying the following steps sequentially.

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a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.

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- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
- 6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Dogition	Meas. SA	Largest to	
	Band		EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Body

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to Smallest	
calibration point	Band		EU1 FOSITION	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements..

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities						
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?				
WLAN + Bluetooth	×	×				

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Conclusion:

Sum of SAR: Σ SAR \leq 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)	Report No.: RSZ190603001-SA
SAR Plots	
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

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Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions—reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	related	_					
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom and	l set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2		
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4		
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9		

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Report No.: RSZ190603001-SA

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
	•	Test sample	related	ı	1	•			
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom and	l set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9		
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2		

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APPENDIX D DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

***** END OF REPORT *****

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