

GSM 850-M-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.66993

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

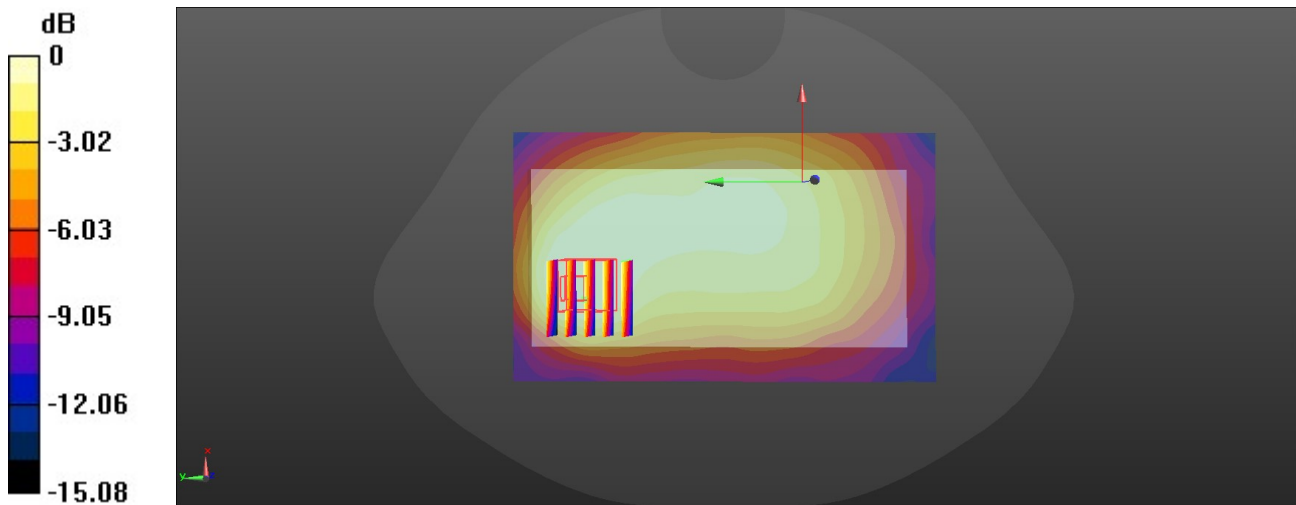
Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 190/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0671 W/kg

Rear/CH 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 7.349 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0760 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0605 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0605 W/kg = -12.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 11/3/2022

GSM 1900-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.66993

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.984$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

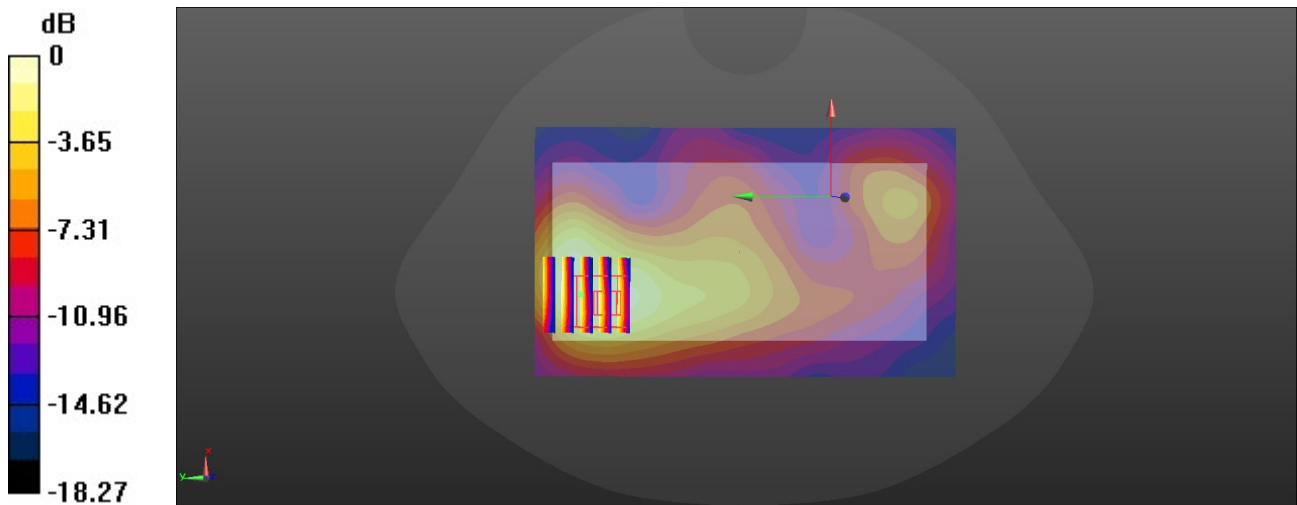
Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45) @ 1909.8 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

Rear/CH 810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.482 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.138 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 W/kg



0 dB = 0.223 W/kg = -6.52 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 11/3/2022

WCDMA Band II-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.987$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45) @ 1907.6 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.232 W/kg

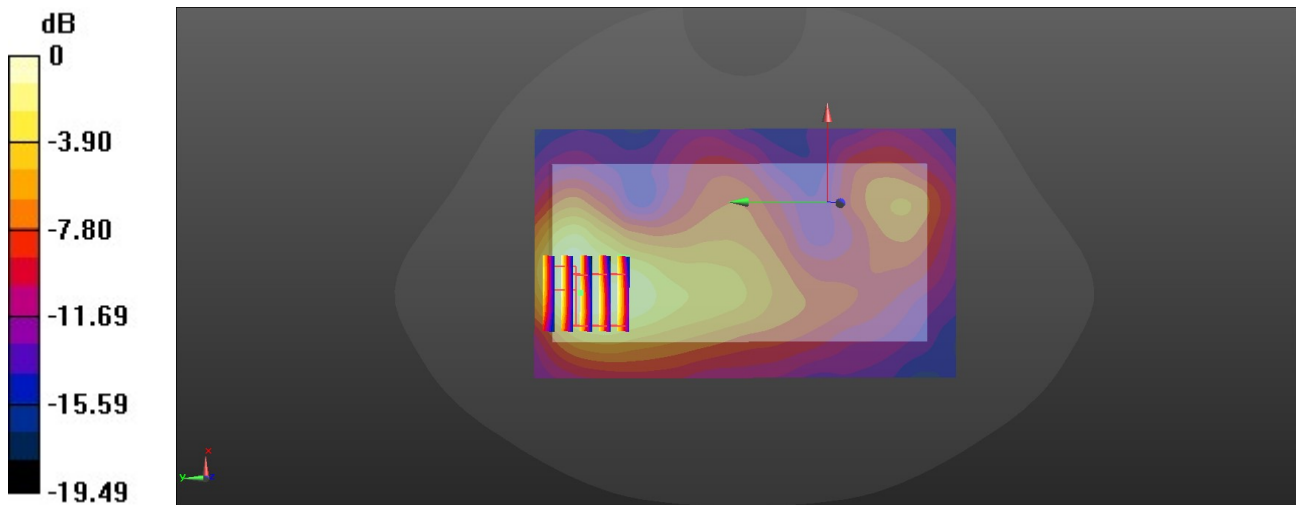
Rear/CH 9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 11/2/2022

WCDMA Band IV-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.197$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C; Liquid Temperature 22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.81, 8.81, 8.81) @ 1752.6 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.147 W/kg

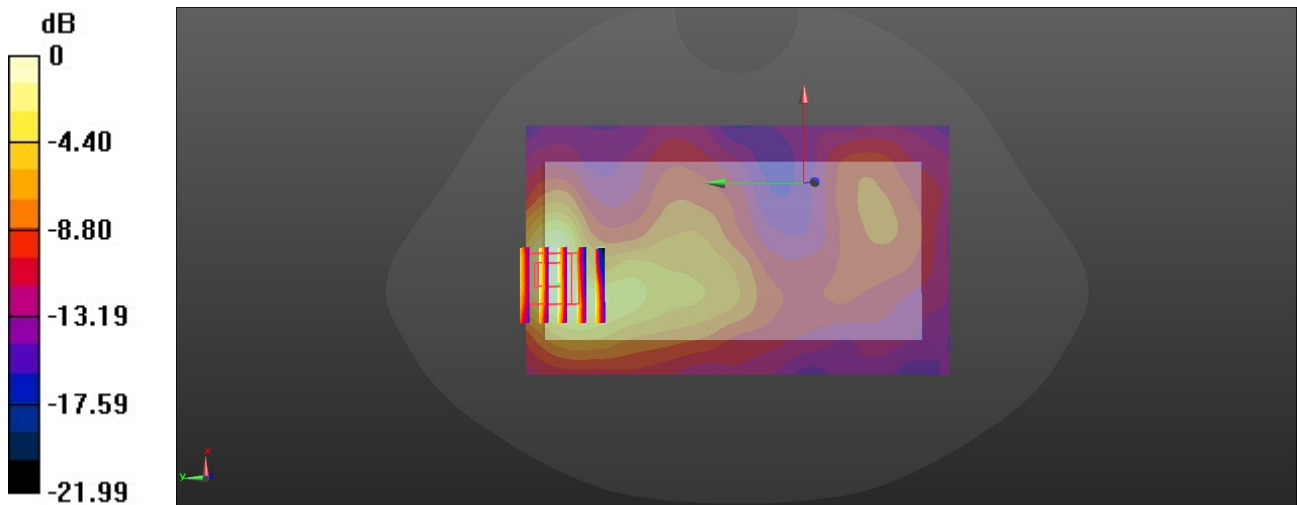
Rear/CH 1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.858 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.198 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 W/kg



0 dB = 0.149 W/kg = -8.27 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 10/31/2022

WCDMA Band V-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.906$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.181$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 826.4 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0529 W/kg

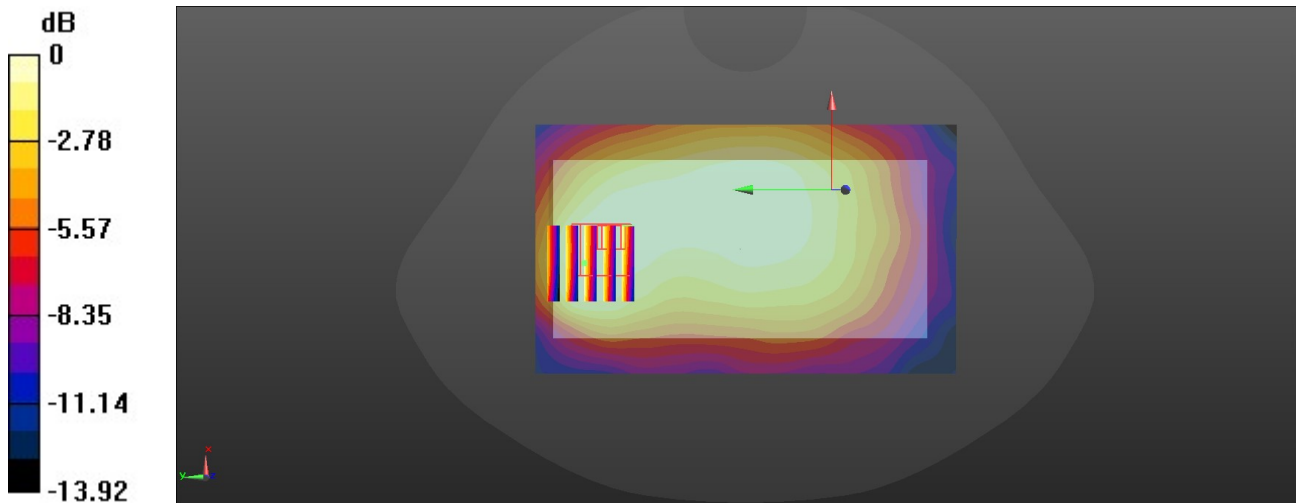
Rear/CH 4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.171 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0524 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0524 W/kg = -12.81 dBW/kg

LTE Band 2-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.415 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.988$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.271 W/kg

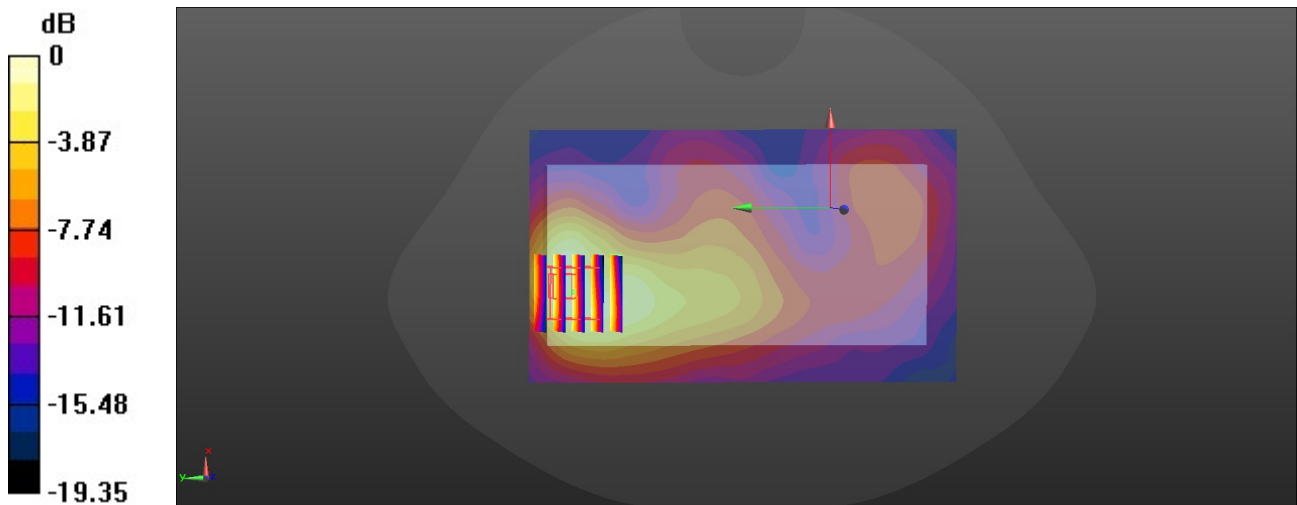
Rear/CH 19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.151 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg



0 dB = 0.220 W/kg = -6.58 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 11/2/2022

LTE Band 4-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.339$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.207$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.81, 8.81, 8.81) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 20300/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 W/kg

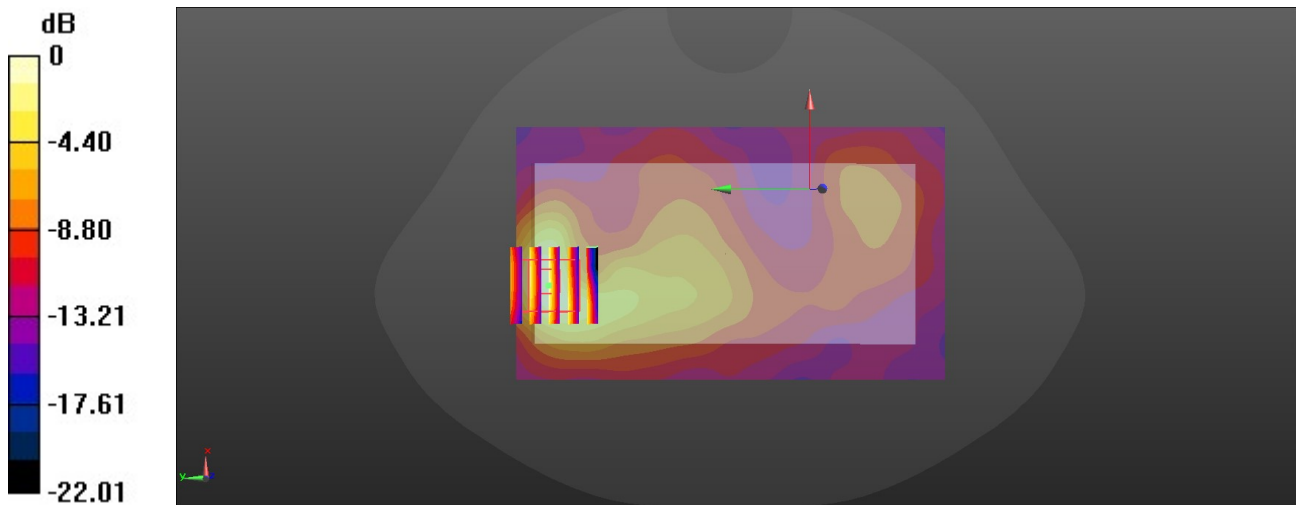
Rear/CH 20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.035 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.088 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 W/kg



0 dB = 0.140 W/kg = -8.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 11/1/2022

LTE Band 5-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.172$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 829 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 20450/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0594 W/kg

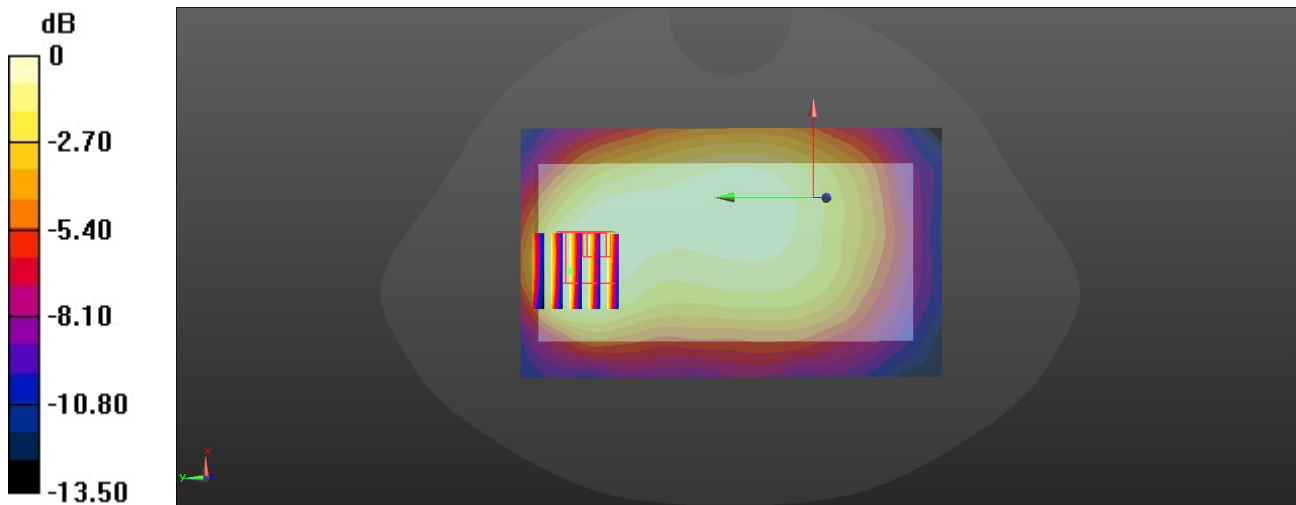
Rear/CH 20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.447 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0680 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0580 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0580 W/kg = -12.37 dBW/kg

LTE Band 7-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.816$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2510 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 20850/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.868 W/kg

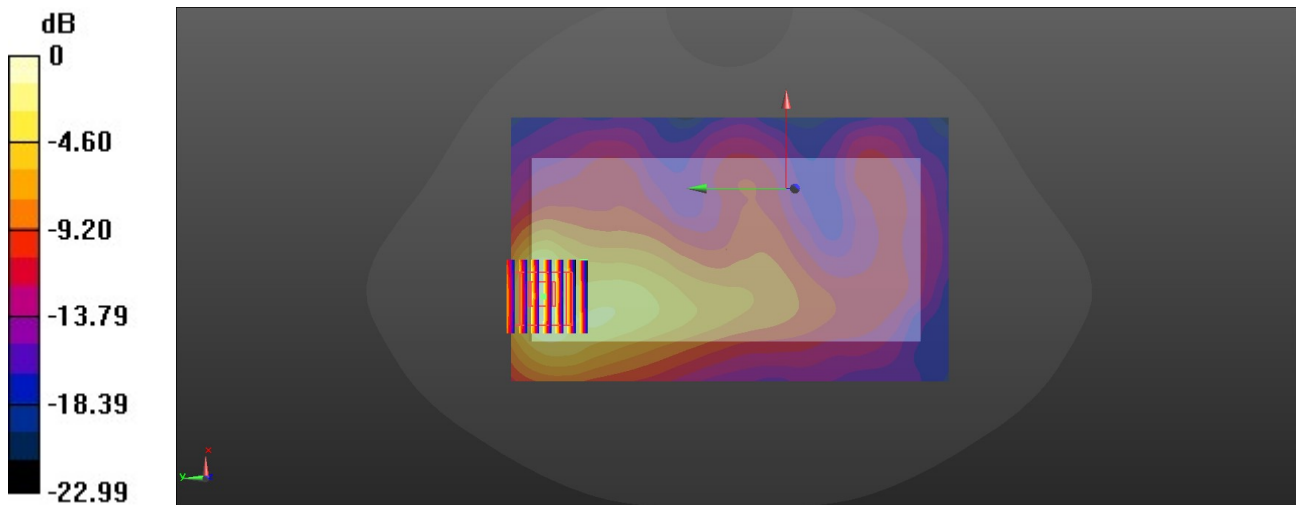
Rear/CH 20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.019 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.839 W/kg



LTE Band 12-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 704 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.868 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.597$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.6, 10.6, 10.6) @ 704 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 23060/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$.
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0621 W/kg

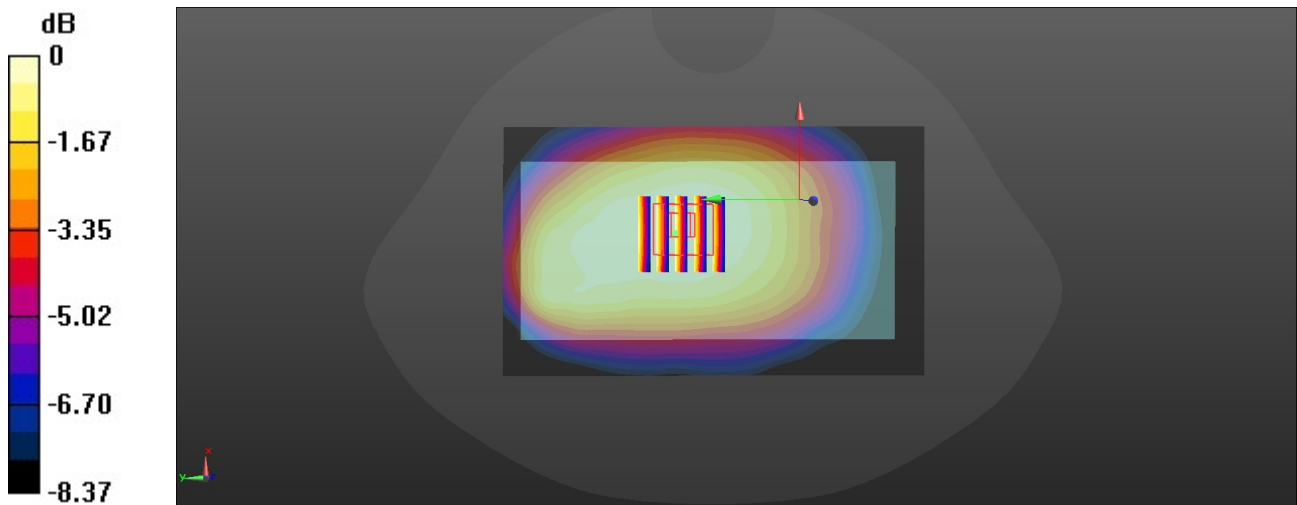
Rear/CH 23060/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$,
 $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.447 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0610 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0610 W/kg = -12.15 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 10/31/2022

LTE Band 17-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 709$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.582$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.6, 10.6, 10.6) @ 709 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 23780/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0673 W/kg

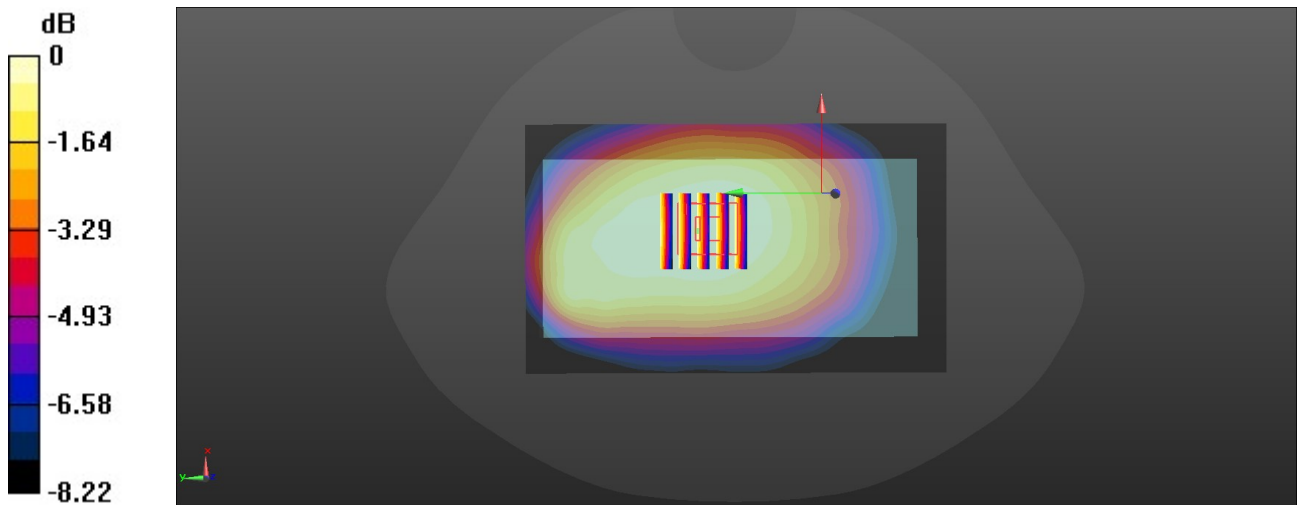
Rear/CH 23780/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.656 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0740 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0655 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0655 W/kg = -11.84 dBW/kg

Wifi 2.4G-M-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.763$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.269$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2437 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 6/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.160 W/kg

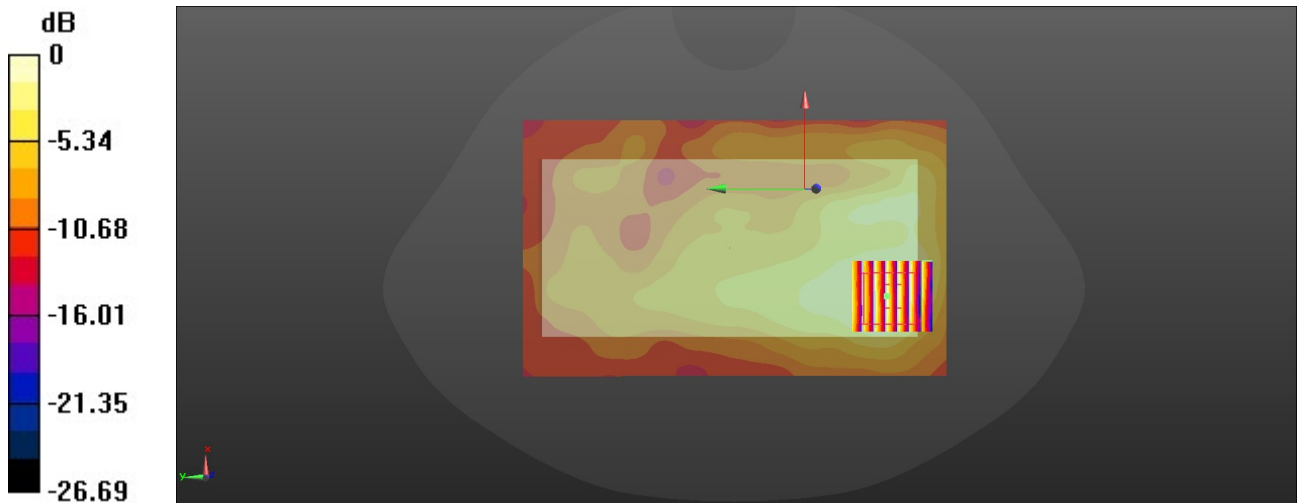
Rear/CH 6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.364 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg



0 dB = 0.153 W/kg = -8.15 dBW/kg

Bluetooth-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.741$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.384$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 0/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0386 W/kg

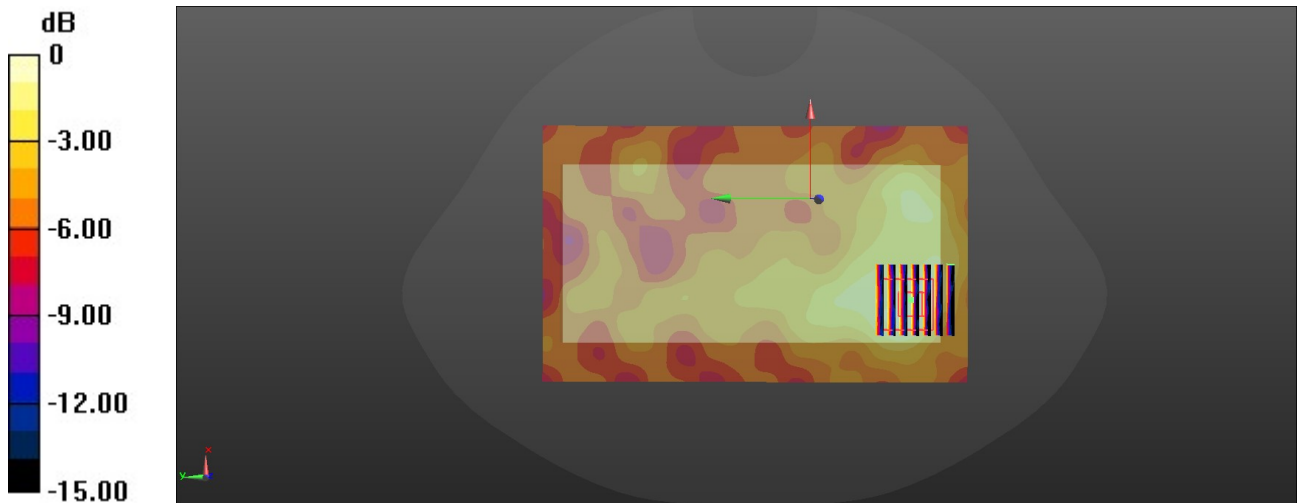
Rear/CH 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.538 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0353 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0353 W/kg = -14.52 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate



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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn




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国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client : **HTW**

Certificate No: **Z22-60121**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **DAE4 - SN: 1549**

Calibration Procedure(s): **FF-Z11-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)**

Calibration date: **April 12, 2022**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465)	Jun-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: April 16, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
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DC Voltage Measurement




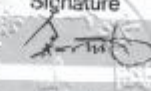
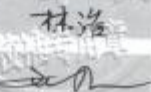
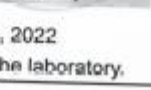
A/D - Converter Resolution nominal
 High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV, full range = -100...+300 mV
 Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	406.337 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406.020 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406.173 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98608 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99378 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99433 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	18.5° ± 1°
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1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate

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Client		HTW																																	
		Certificate No: Z22-60102																																	
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																																			
Object	EX3DV4 - SN : 7494																																		
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-004-02 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes																																		
Calibration date:	May 16, 2022																																		
<p>This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.</p>																																			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)																																			
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Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature																																
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer																																	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer																																	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader																																	
Issued: May 23, 2022																																			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.																																			



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center) $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z22-60102

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.41	0.48	0.42	$\pm 10.0\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	99.2	100.0	100.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\cdot\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.6	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		160.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.60	10.60	10.60	0.12	1.43	± 12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.30	10.30	10.30	0.12	1.48	± 12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.25	0.92	± 12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.25	1.04	± 12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.26	1.04	± 12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.62	0.63	± 12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.41	0.84	± 12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.49	0.74	± 12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.50	1.20	± 13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.38	± 13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.50	1.30	± 13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

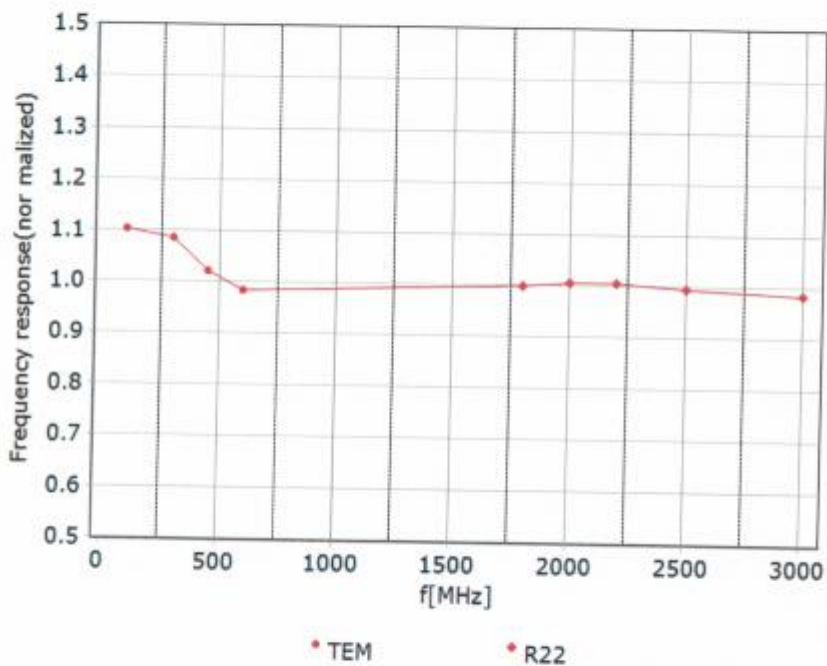
^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)



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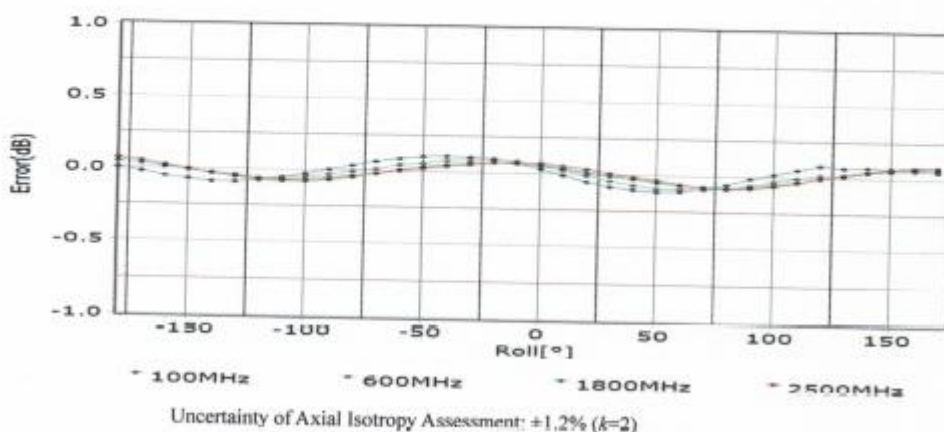
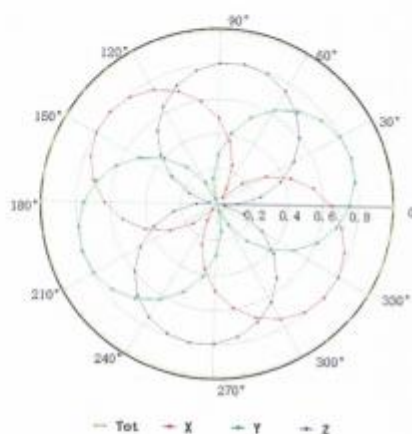
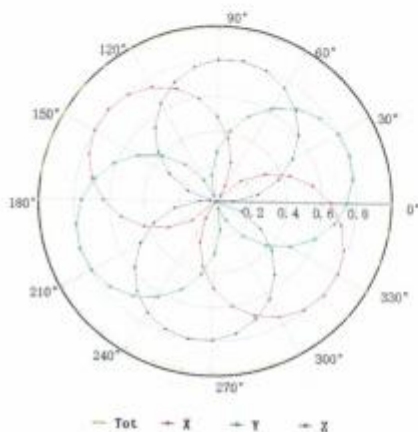


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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

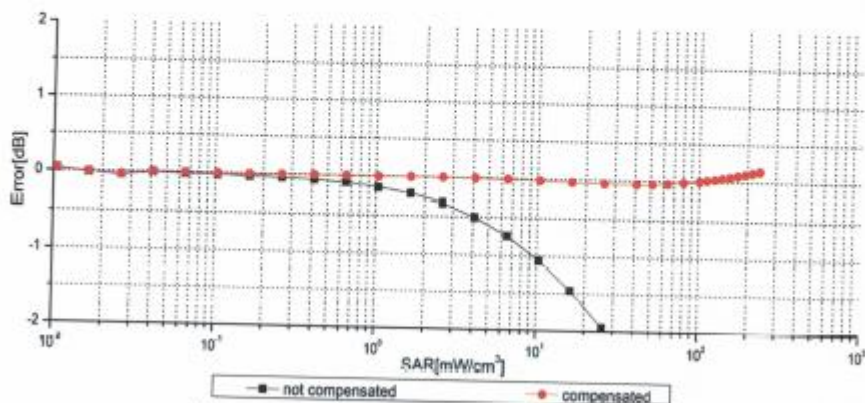
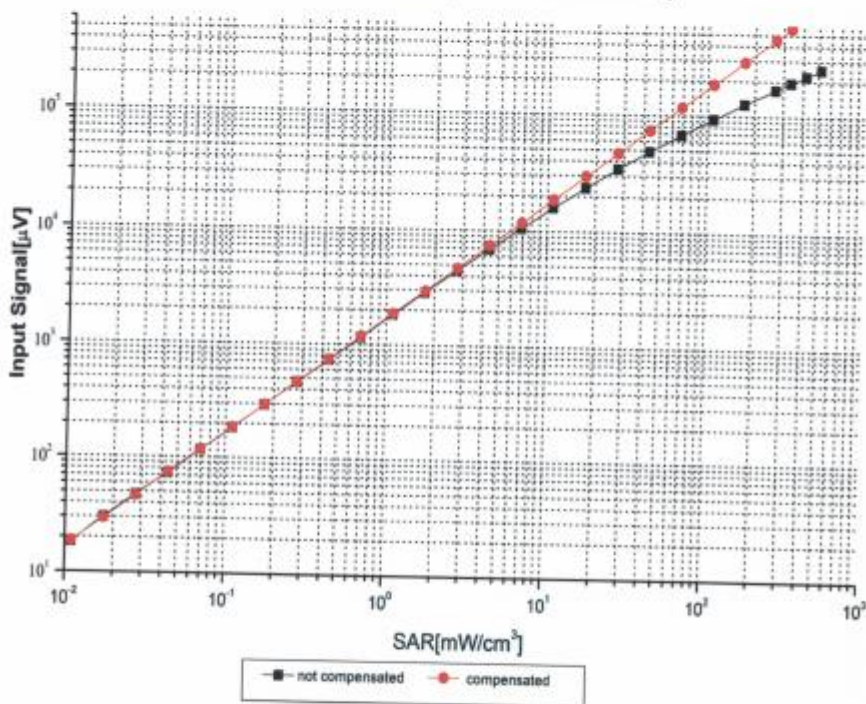
f=1800 MHz, R22





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Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell, $f = 900$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)

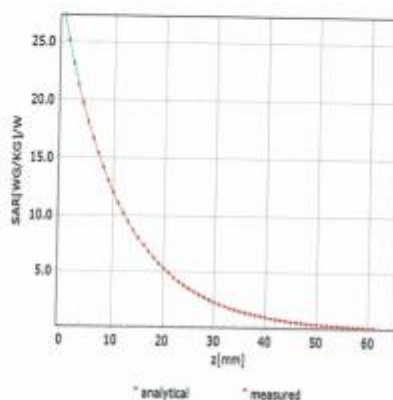
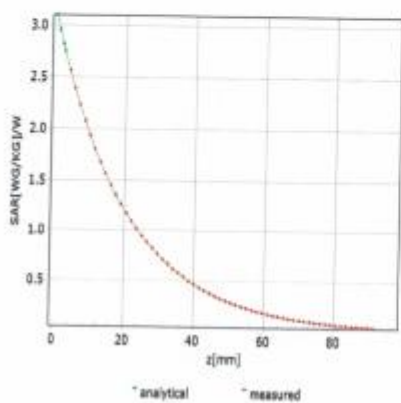


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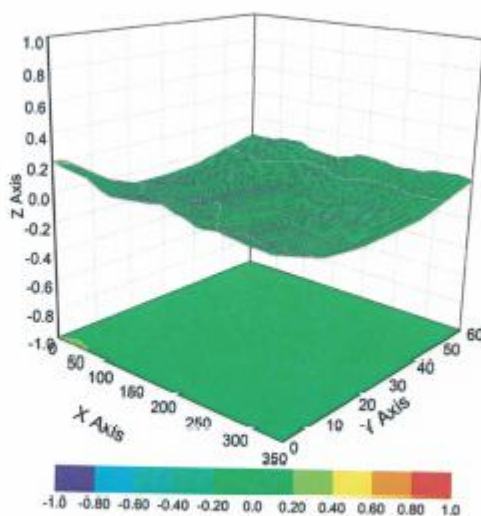
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm