

SAR Compliance Test Report

Date of Report	23/04/2021	Client's Contact person:	Stijn Antonisse
Number of pages:	31	Responsible Test engineer:	Kirsi Kyllönen
Testing laboratory:	Verkotan Oy Elektroniikkatie 17 90590 Oulu Finland	Client:	Somnox B.V Stationsplein 45 A4.004 3012AK, Rotterdam The Netherlands
Tested device	Somnox Sleep Robot 2		
Related reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE 1528 - 2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique RSS-102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)		
Documentation:	The test report must always be reproduced in full; reproduction of an excerpt only is subject to written approval of the testing laboratory		
Test Results:	The EUT complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results relate only to devices specified in this document		
Date and signatures:	23.04.2021		

Laboratory Manager

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Equipment under Test (DUT):

Product:	Somnox Sleep Robot 2
Manufacturer:	Somnox B.V
Model:	Somnox Sleep Robot 2
Serial Number:	SX02630330005
FCC ID Number:	2ASNCLF048418
ISED ID Number:	24848-LF048418
DUT Number:	22241
Battery Type used in testing:	Li-ion
State of the Sample	Production sample

Testing information:

Testing performed:	23.-24.3.2021
Notes:	-
Document ID:	FCC SAR report Somnox ID 4540b 22042021.docx
Temperature °C	22±2 / Controlled
Humidity RH%	30±20 / Controlled
Measurement performed by:	Kirsi Kyllönen

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum reported* SAR values for Body-worn configuration for transmitting systems are shown in a table below. The device conforms to the requirements of the standards when the maximum reported SAR value is less than or equal to the limit. The SAR limit specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and Health Canada's RF exposure guideline, Safety Code 6 for Body-worn SAR_{1g} is 1.6 W/kg.

1.2.1 Standalone SAR

System	Highest Reported* SAR ₁₉ (W/kg) in Body- Worn Condition, 0mm	Result
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.30	PASS

* Reported SAR Values are scaled to upper limit of power tuning tolerance.

Maximum Drift

Maximum Drift During Measurements	-0.39 dB
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*Larger than 5% drifts included to scaling factors

1.2.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95 %	±24.5 %
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)

Tested device is a Sleep Robot. The Sleep Robot simulates breathing rhythms and can play soothing sounds, nature sounds, or white/pink noise sounds. The function of the Sleep Robot is to calm and help sleep better.

The Sleep Robot can be used during night and it can be placed either to the position that it breaths towards user's body or user can place hand on it. It can also be used during daytime for breathing exercises.

The device consists of the robot unit placed inside the foam casing thickness of 32mm, covered by fabric sleeve. The Sleep Robot is connected to the app via Bluetooth or Wi-Fi which is located in the robot unit.



Sleep Robot 2



User using previous Sleep Robot model, the Sleep Robot 2 is used similar way.

Device Category	Portable
Exposure Environment	General population

2.1 Supported Frequency Bands and Operational Modes

TX Frequency bands	Modes of Operation	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 – 2462
	Bluetooth	2402 – 2480

2.2 Test Exclusions

2.2.1 FCC Bluetooth exclusion

According appendix A in 447498D01 the SAR test exclusion power threshold for 2450MHz is 57mW at <30mm separation distance.

The maximum output power of the Bluetooth is 1mW thus it is below the test exclusion threshold.

2.2.2 ISED Bluetooth exclusion

According to RSS-102, issue 5, 2015, the SAR test exclusion power threshold for 2450MHz is 83mW at ≤ 30 mm separation distance. The maximum output power of the Bluetooth transmitter is 2.2mW thus it is below the test exclusion threshold.

Transmission mode	Antenna to user separation [mm]	Output power [dBm]	Output power [mW]	Power Gain of Antenna, G [dBi]	E.I.R.P. Output power [dBm]	E.I.R.P. Output power [mW]
BLE	32	0	1	3.4	3.4	2.2

WLAN and BT use same frequency and antenna, thus they cannot transmit simultaneously.

3. OUTPUT POWER

3.1 Maximum specified conducted output power

From the customer;

WLAN 2.4 GHz	Max Output Power [dBm]
802.11b	20
802.11n	18.5

Bluetooth	Max Output Power [dBm]
Bluetooth	0

3.2 Tested conducted power

2.4GHz WLAN:

Standard	Transmission mode	Data rate [Mbps]	Output power [dBm]		
			CH 1 2412 MHz	CH 6 2437 MHz	CH 11 2462 MHz
802.11b	DSSS	1	17.38	18.90	19.34

4. TEST EQUIPMENT

Dasy52 near field scanning system, manufactured by SPEAG was used for SAR testing. The test system consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and a phantom containing the tissue equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location of maximum electromagnetic field.

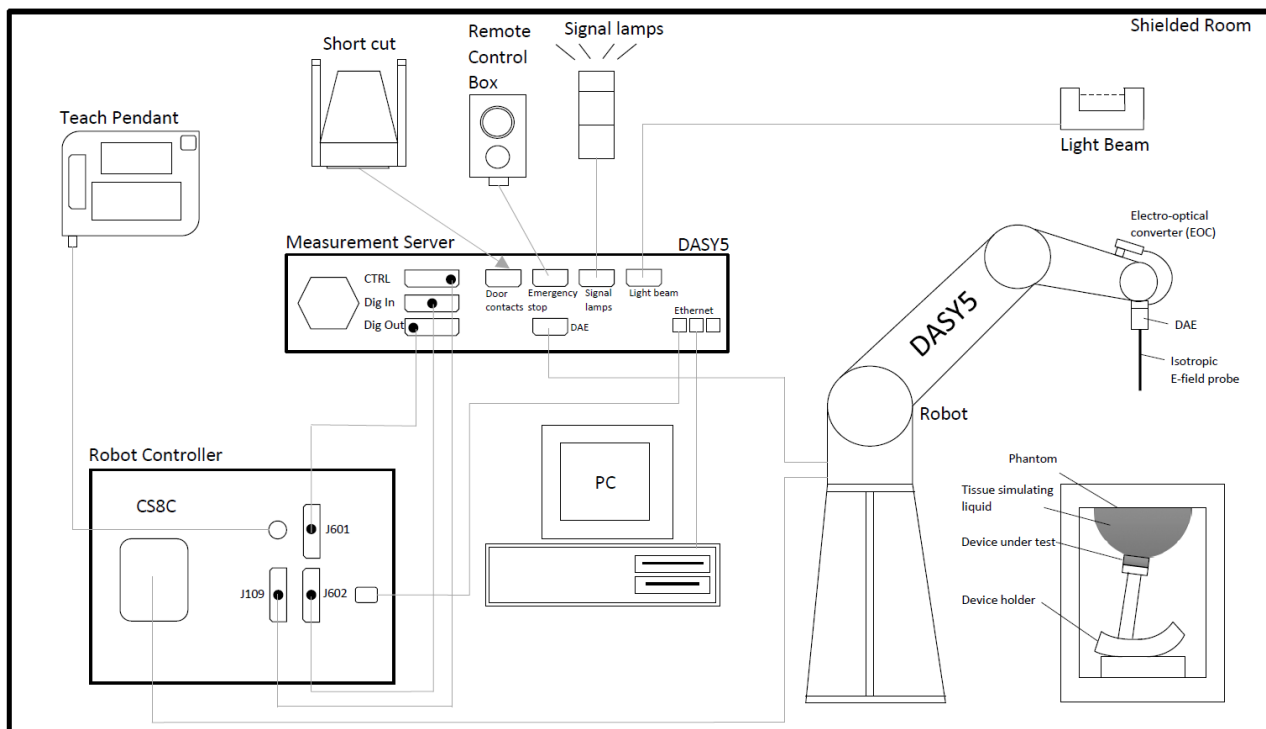


Figure 1 Schematic Laboratory Picture

4.1 Test Equipment List

Main used test system components are listed below. For full equipment list and calibration intervals, please contact the testing laboratory.

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date
DAE	DAE4	705	04.2020
Probe	EX3DV4	3892	04.2020
Dipole	D2450V2	758	03.2020
DASY5 Software	52.8.8.1258	-	NA
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY42082527	NA
Amplifier	Ophir 5163F	1022	NA
Power meter	R&S NRT	835065/049	02.2021
Directional Power Sensor	NRT-Z44	107780	02.2021
Power Sensor	NRP-Z11	100265	12.2020

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type EX3DV4

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix D
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g, Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 10 mm Body diameter: 12 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

ELI Phantom:

The phantom used in SAR tests was an ELI phantom, manufactured by SPEAG. ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the requirements of IEEE 1528 and FCC published RF Exposure KDB Procedures.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 and FCC published RF Exposure KDB Procedures. The dielectric parameters of the used tissue simulants were within $\pm 10\%$ of the recommended values at 2.4GHz frequency area. A liquid compensation algorithm was used in DASY5 with which measured peak average SAR values were corrected for the deviation of used liquid. Depth of the tissue simulant was at least 15.0 cm from the inner surface of the flat phantom.

Head 600 – 6000 MHz tissue simulant liquid Ingredients
Deionized Water, oil, salt, emulsifiers

4.4 System Validation Status

Frequency [MHz]	Dipole Type / SN	Probe Type / SN	Calibrated Signal Type	DAE Unit / SN	Dielectric Constant ϵ	Conductivity, σ [S/m]	Validation Done
							Head tissue simulant
2450	D2450V2 / 729	EX3DV4 / 3892	CW	DAE 4 / 705	39.3	1.84	05/2020

4.5 System Check

Date	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp. [°C]	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [mW]	Measured SAR _{1g} [W/kg]	1 W Target SAR _{1g} [W/kg]	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} [W/kg]	Deviation (%)	Plot #
23.3.2021	WB Head	22	2450	250	12.9	55.34	51.6	-6.8	1

4.5.1 Tissue Simulant Verification

				Target		Measured		Deviation	
Date	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp [°C]	Frequency [MHz]	Dielectric Constant [ε] Target	Conductivity σ [S/m] Target	Dielectric Constant [ε]	Conductivity σ [S/m]	ε (%)	σ (%)
23.3.2021	WB Head	22	2412	39.3	1.77	37.2	1.79	-5.4	1.5
23.3.2021	WB Head	22	2437	39.2	1.79	37.1	1.81	-5.4	1.3
23.3.2021	WB Head	22	2450	39.2	1.80	37.1	1.82	-5.4	1.2
23.3.2021	WB Head	22	2462	39.2	1.81	37.1	1.83	-5.4	0.9

5. TEST PROCEDURE

Testing was carried out in accordance with FCC KDB Publications and RSS-102.

A control software was used to set the DUT to transmit at maximum power.

The WLAN transmission modes for testing were selected according to power, largest channel bandwidth configuration, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. 2.4GHz WLAN was tested with 802.11b standard with data rate of 1Mbit/s.

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Body-Worn Configuration, 0mm separation distance

The device was placed on the top of a Rohacell and lifted towards the phantom until the distance between the phantom and the device was 0mm. The device was position tightly against the phantom.

Photos of the test positions are presented in appendix A.

5.2 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.3 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy52 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation of Large Sets of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighboring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/201x (0.3 - 3 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c _i) 1g	(c _i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v _i) v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0 %	N	1	1	1	±6.0 %	±6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√ ₂	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√ ₂	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response ^m	±2.4 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±0.2 %	±0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling ^p	±0 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1 %	R	√ ₂	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√ ₂	1	0.84	±1.1 %	±0.9 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) ^{DAK}	±2.5 %	R	√ ₂	0.78	0.71	±1.1 %	±1.0 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) ^{DAK}	±2.5 %	R	√ ₂	0.26	0.26	±0.3 %	±0.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity ^{BB}	±3.4 %	R	√ ₂	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity ^{BB}	±0.4 %	R	√ ₂	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2 %	±11.1 %	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3 %	±22.2 %	

7. TEST RESULTS

7.1 SAR Results for Body-Worn Exposure Condition with 0mm separation

2.4 GHz WLAN:

Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Test position	Maximum Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Measured SAR1g [W/kg]	Power Drift [dB]	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle	Reported SAR1g [W/kg]	Plot #
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Front	20	19.43	0.042	-0.3*	1.22	1:1	0.051	
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Back	20	19.43	0.011	-0.07	1.14	1:1	0.013	
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Right	20	19.43	0.074	-0.24*	1.21	1:1	0.089	
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Left	20	19.43	0.009	-0.08	1.14	1:1	0.010	
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Top	20	19.43	0.008	0.29*	1.22	1:1	0.010	
802.11 b	1	2462	11	Bottom	20	19.43	0.018	0.28*	1.22	1:1	0.022	
802.11 b	1	2412	1	Right	20	17.38	0.155	-0.35*	1.98	1:1	0.307	2
802.11 b	1	2437	6	Right	20	18.9	0.088	-0.39*	1.41	1:1	0.124	

*Larger than 5% drifts included to scaling factors

7.2 IEC 62209-2 AMD1:2019

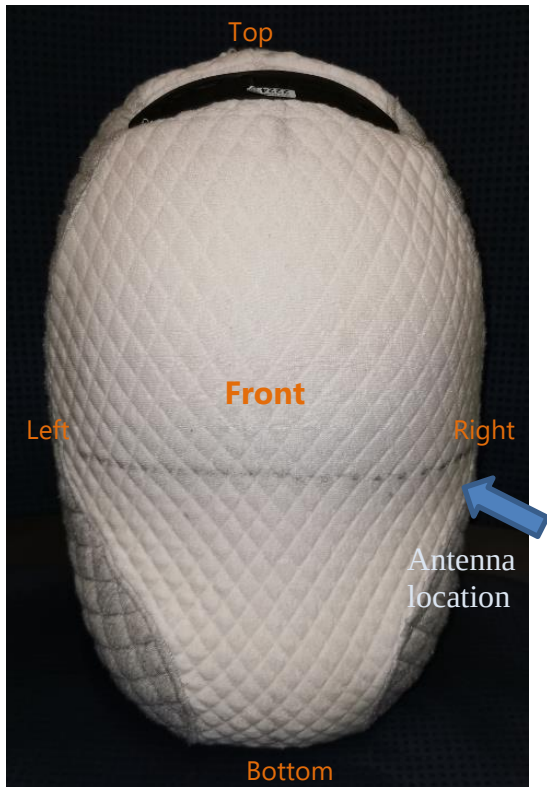
According to IEC 62209-2 AMD1:2019, the zoom scan complies if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, or if the following criteria is met:

1. The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak is larger than the horizontal grid step.
2. Ratio of SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x-y location of the measured maximum is at least 30%.

Zoom scan compliance according to IEC 62209-2 AMD1:2019 is automatically verified by DASY5 software and all zoom scans in this test report do pass the criteria. The smallest horizontal distance and Ratio between measurement points M2 and M1 of the highest SAR results is available in Appendix C.

APPENDIX A: PHOTOS OF THE DUT

Size of the DUT is 320 x 210 x 190mm (H x W x D)





Front side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Front side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Right side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Right side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Left side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Left side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Back side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Back side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Top side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Top side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Bottom side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation



Bottom side of the DUT against the phantom with 0mm separation

APPENDIX B: SYSTEM CHECK SCAN

Plot 1

Date/Time: 23.3.2021 15:06:19

Test Laboratory: Verkotan Oy

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:758

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.089$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3892; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.4.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -4.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn705; Calibrated: 24.4.2020
- Phantom: SAR1_Phantom1_ELI; Type: QD OVA 002 AA;
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.0 W/kg

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 110.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

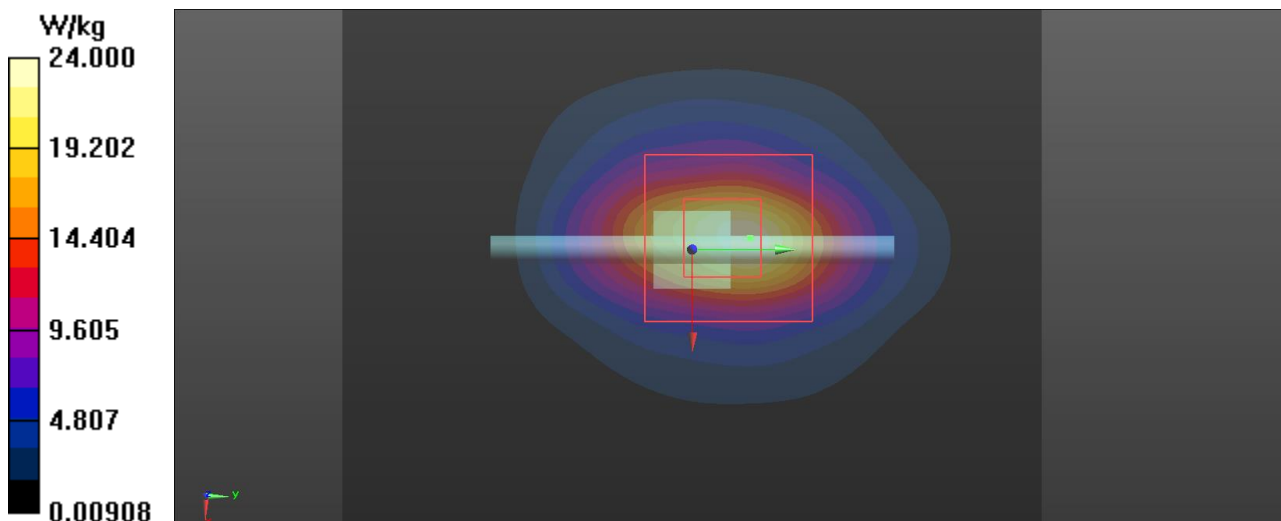
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



APPENDIX C: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Plot 2

Date/Time: 24.3.2021 10:47:15

Test Laboratory: Verkotan Oy

DUT: Somnox

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4 (0); Communication System Band: WLAN2.4GHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.793$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.156$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3892; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 28.4.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -4.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn705; Calibrated: 24.4.2020
- Phantom: SAR1_Phantom1_ELI; Type: QD OVA 002 AA;
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Right low 2.4GHz 2/Area Scan (181x251x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 W/kg

Right low 2.4GHz 2/Zoom Scan 2 (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.35 dB

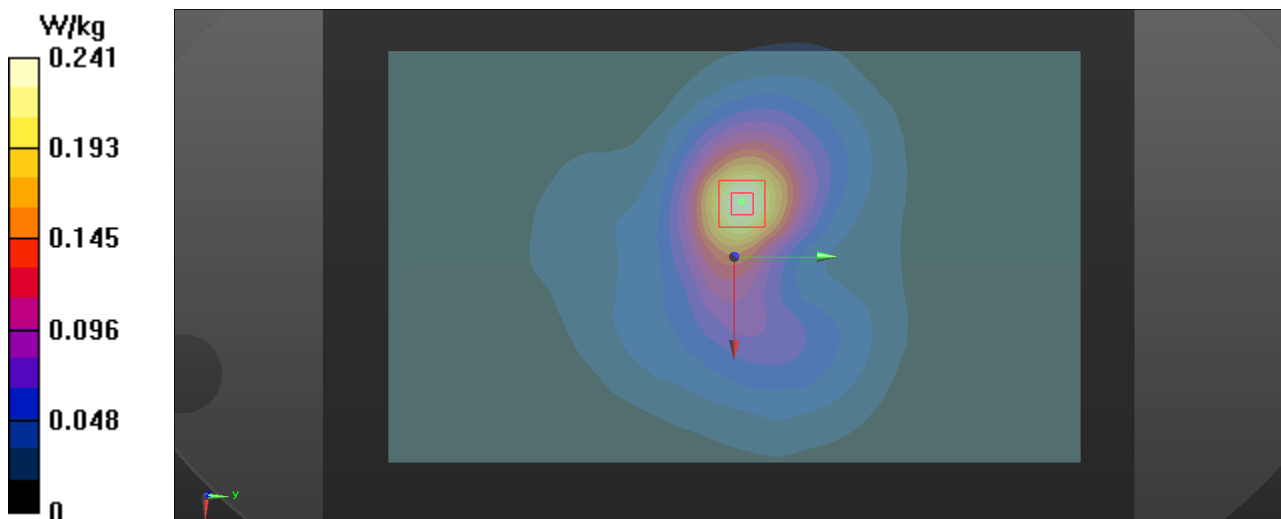
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.283 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 22.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORTS

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Verkotan**

Certificate No: **EX3-3892_Apr20**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3892**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **April 28, 2020**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20

Calibrated by: **Name** Claudio Leubler **Function** Laboratory Technician **Signature**

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager **Signature**

Issued: April 28, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3892_Apr20

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EX3DV4– SN:3892

April 28, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3892

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
600	42.7	0.88	10.46	10.46	10.46	0.10	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.21	10.21	10.21	0.39	0.96	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.95	9.95	9.95	0.38	0.92	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.52	8.52	8.52	0.28	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
4400	36.9	3.84	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	5.77	5.77	5.77	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	5.51	5.51	5.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

APPENDIX E: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORTS



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.84.6.20.MVGB.A

VERKOTAN LTD.
ELEKTRONIKKATIE 17
90590, OULU, FINLAND
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 758

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/23/2020



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.84.6.20.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/24/2020	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/24/2020	
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/24/2020	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Verkotan Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	3/24/2020	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.84.6.20.MVGB.A

3000	41.5 ±1 %		25.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3500	37.0 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3700	34.7 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPG0333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_p : 37.5 σ : 1.80
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-80 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2100	39.8 ±10 %		1.49 ±10 %	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.84.6.20.MVGB.A

2300	39.5 ±10 %		1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	37.5	1.80 ±10 %	1.80
2600	39.0 ±10 %		1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %		2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %		2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	55.34 (5.53)	24	24.43 (2.44)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	

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