



# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: STS1810236H02

Issued for

The Good Box Co Labs LTD

Ground Floor Optimum House, Clippers Quay, Salford Quays  
M50 3XP UK

<b>Product Name:</b>	GOODBOX CORE
<b>Brand Name:</b>	GOODBOX
<b>Model Name:</b>	GB CORE
<b>Series Model:</b>	Version 1
<b>FCC ID:</b>	2ASHQ-GB-CORE-V01
<b>Test Standard:</b>	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
<b>Max. Report SAR (1g):</b>	Body:0.184 W/kg



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### Test Report Certification

**Applicant's name** ..... : The Good Box Co Labs LTD  
**Address** ..... : Ground Floor Optimum House, Clippers Quay, Salford Quays  
M50 3XP UK  
**Manufacture's Name** ..... : The Good Box Co Labs LTD  
**Address** ..... : Ground Floor Optimum House, Clippers Quay, Salford Quays  
M50 3XP UK

#### Product description

**Product name** ..... : GOODBOX CORE  
**Brand name** ..... : GOODBOX  
**Model name** ..... : GB CORE  
**Series Model**..... : Version 1

**Standards** ..... : ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992  
FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)  
IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

**Date of Test** ..... :  
**Date (s) of performance of tests**..... : 06 Dec. 2018~10 Dec. 2018  
**Date of Issue**..... : 11 Dec. 2018  
**Test Result**..... : **Pass**

Testing Engineer : Aaron Bu.  
( Aaron Bu)

Technical Manager : Jason Lu  
( Jason Lu)

Authorized Signatory : Vita Li  
(Vita Li)





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### Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Report No.	Effect Page	Contents
00	11 Dec. 2018	STS1810236H02	ALL	Initial Issue

Note: **Format version** of the report -V01





### 1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

#### 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	GOODBOX CORE		
Brand Name	GOODBOX		
Model Name	GB CORE		
Series Model	Version 1		
FCC ID	2ASHQ-GB-CORE-V01		
Model Difference	Only different in model name.		
Adapter	Input: AC 100-240V,450mA, 50/60 Hz Output: DC 12V,2000mA		
Battery	Rated Voltage: 3.7V; Charge Limit: 4.2V; Capacity: 10050mAh		
Device Category	Portable		
Product stage	Production unit		
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolled		
IMEI	866758040921922		
Hardware Version	S11_RK3288-V03		
Software Version	GB-CORE-V1.0		
Frequency Range	WCDMA Band V:826.4~846.6MHz LTE Band 5:824.7~848.3MHz LTE Band 7:2502.5~2567.5MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz~2620 MHz		LTE Band 40: 2300 MHz~2400 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496~2690MHz WLAN802.11b/g/n(HT20):2412~2462MHz Bluetooth:2402~ 2480MHz
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	Band	Mode	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)
	PCB	WCDMA Band V	0.118
	PCB	LTE Band 5	0.103
	PCB	LTE Band 7	0.122
	PCB	LTE Band 38	0.026
	PCB	LTE Band 40	0.040
	DTS	WLAN	0.184
	DSS	Bluetooth <sup>Note</sup>	0.265
1-g Sum SAR			0.387
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS) Digital Transmission System (DTS) PCS Licensed Transmitter(PCB)		
Operating Mode:	WCDMA:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA Release 6; LTE:QPSK,16QAM; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20) Bluetooth: 4.0+EDR (GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK) ; BLE		



Antenna Specification:	WCDMA,LTE: PIFA Antenna BT,WLAN: PIFA Antenna
SIM Card	Support single card
Hotspot Mode:	Support
DTM Mode:	Not Support
Note: 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated 2. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power	

## 1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

## 1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add. : 1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,  
Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC Registration No.: 625569

IC Registration No.: 12108A

A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01



## 2. Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	SAR for LTE Devices
9	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
10	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
11	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

### (A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

### (B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

#### **Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

#### NOTE

#### GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

#### PARTIAL BODY LIMIT

1.6 W/kg

### 3. SAR Measurement System

#### 3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person’s awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

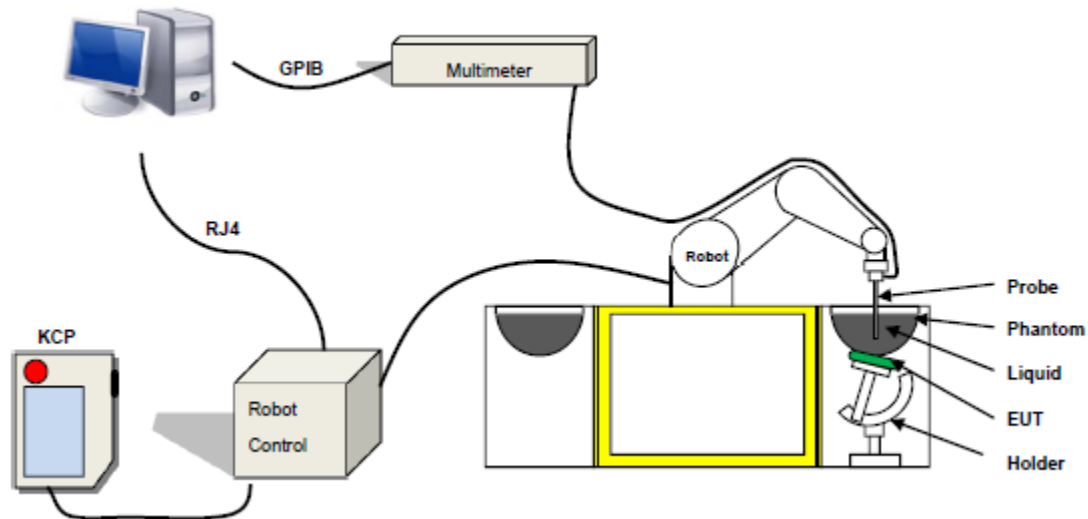
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,  
ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

#### 3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

### 3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 14/16 EP309 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 8 mm (repeatability better than +/- 2.7mm)
- Probe linearity:  $0 \pm 2.27\%$  ( $\pm 0.10\text{dB}$ )
- Axial Isotropy:  $< 0.10\text{ dB}$
- Spherical Isotropy:  $< 0.10\text{ dB}$
- Calibration range: 400 MHz to 3 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than  $30^\circ$



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

### 3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

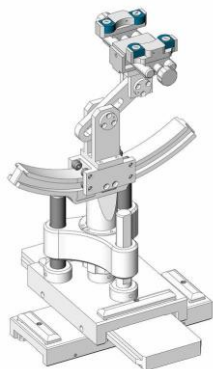
SN 32/14 SAM115



SN 32/14 SAM116



### 3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20$  %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



## 4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

### 4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

#### Head Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$
750	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.0	/	41.1	0.89	41.9
835	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.9	/	40.3	0.90	41.5
900	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.9	/	40.3	0.97	41.5
1800	/	44.5	/	0.3	/	/	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
1900	/	44.5	/	0.3	/	/	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
2000	/	44.5	/	0.3	/	/	/	55.2	1.4	40.0
2450	/	44.9	/	0.1	/	/	/	55.0	1.80	39.2
2600	/	45.0	/	0.1	/	/	/	54.9	1.96	39.0

#### Body Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$
750	0.2	/	/	0.9	0.1	47.2	/	51.7	0.96	55.5
835	0.2	/	/	0.9	0.1	48.2	/	50.8	0.97	55.2
900	0.2	/	/	0.9	0.1	48.2	/	50.8	1.05	55.0
1800	/	29.4	/	0.4	/	/	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
1900	/	29.4	/	0.4	/	/	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
2000	/	29.4	/	0.4	/	/	/	70.2	1.52	53.3
2450	/	31.3	/	0.1	/	/	/	68.6	1.95	52.7
2600	/	31.7	/	0.1	/	/	/	68.2	2.16	52.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms

Frequency	$\epsilon_r$		$\sigma$ S/m	
	Head	Body	Head	Body
	300	45.3	58.2	0.87
450	43.5	56.7	0.87	0.94
835	41.5	55.2	0.90	0.97
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95
2600	39.0	52.5	1.96	2.16
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00

**LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

Date	Ambient condition		Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limited [%]
	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]					
2018-12-06	22.9	55	835 MHz	22.6	Permittivity:	55.2	54.85	-0.63	±5
					Conductivity:	0.97	0.98	1.03	±5
2018-12-07	22.9	49	2450 MHz	22.5	Permittivity:	52.7	52.96	0.49	±5
					Conductivity:	1.95	1.93	-1.03	±5
2018-12-10	22.6	47	2600 MHz	22.6	Permittivity:	52.5	52.76	0.50	±5
					Conductivity:	2.16	2.18	0.93	±5

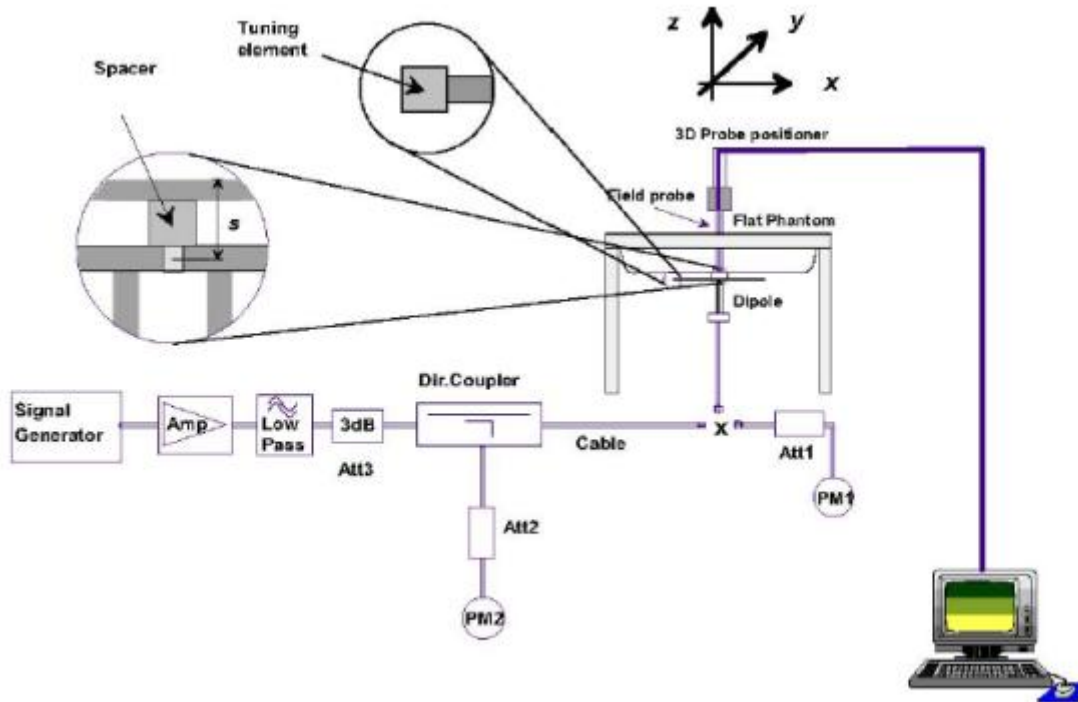


## 5. SAR System Validation

### 5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



### 5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg/W)	Target (W/Kg/W)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Body	100	0.982	9.82	9.56	2.72	2018-12-06
2450 Body	100	5.137	51.37	52.4	-1.97	2018-12-07
2600 Body	100	5.778	57.78	55.3	4.48	2018-12-10

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation  $\pm 10\%$



## 6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

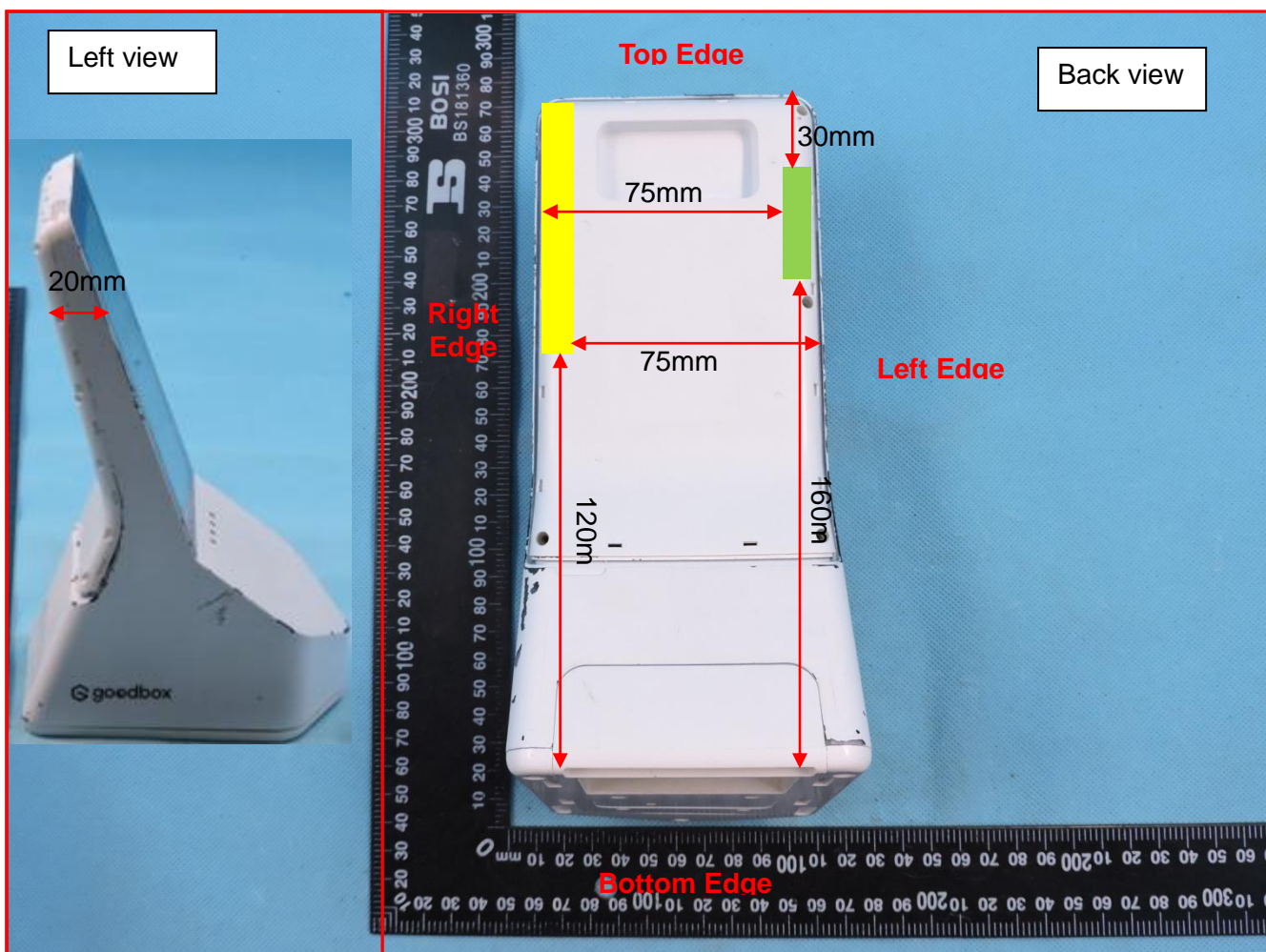
### ➤ Area Scan & Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

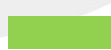
When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

## 7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a GOODBOX CORE, support GSM/WCDMA/LTE mode.



WWAN Antenna



WLAN/BT Antenna



## 7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~6GHz and  $\leq 50\text{mm}$ > table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

Band	Test position configurations					
	Front Side	Back Side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Bottom Edge	Top Edge
WLAN/BT Antenna	20mm	<5mm	<5mm	75mm	160mm	30mm
	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
WWAN Antenna	20mm	<5mm	75mm	<5mm	120mm	<5mm
	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

### Note:

1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance  $\leq 50\text{mm}$  are determined by:  

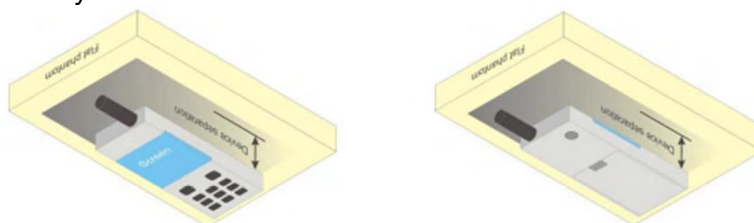
$$[(\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * \sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})} \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison. For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0) to do compare
5. per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a) [threshold at 50mm in step 1] + (test separation distance - 50mm) \* (f (MHz)/150) mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [threshold at 50mm in step 1] + (test separation distance - 50mm) \* 10 mW at >1500MHz and  $\leq 6\text{GHz}$
6. Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is <0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is  $\leq 1.2\text{W/Kg}$ , HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8. for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.



## 8. EUT Test Position

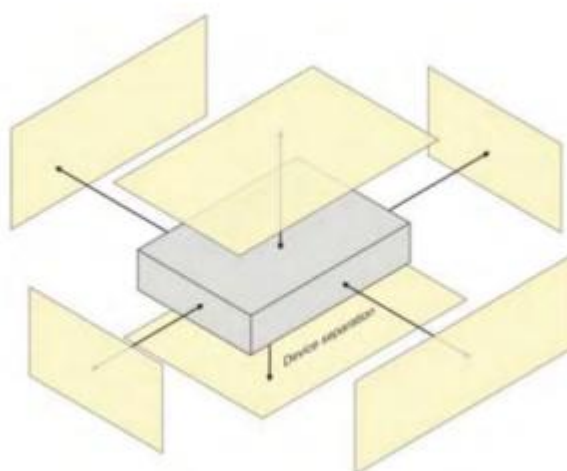
### 8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported SAR* for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest *reported SAR* configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



### 8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





## 9. Uncertainty

### 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	0.28	0.28	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.045	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	0.43	0.43	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	0.685	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Readout Electronics	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Post-processing	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>								
Test sample positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	∞
Device holder uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3	3	∞
SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
<b>Phantom and tissue parameters</b>								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.79	9.59	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		K=2				19.58	19.18	



## 9.2 System validation Uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.045	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	0.685	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Post-Processing	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
<b>System validation source</b>								
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Other source contribution Uncertainty	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.718	9.517	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		K=2				19.44	19.04	

## 10. Conducted Power Measurement

### 10.1 Test Result

#### WCDMA

Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.43	22.32	22.37
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.55	22.41	22.50
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.48	21.36	21.40
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.01	20.88	20.96
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.71	20.38	20.59
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.33	19.95	20.14
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.45	21.26	20.96
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.51	20.27	20.02
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.48	19.83	19.55
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.15	19.39	19.24
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.68	17.93	17.74

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	$0 \leq CM \leq 3.5$	$MAX(CM-1,0)$
Note: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$ , $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$ .For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.		

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX\_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

**WLAN**

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	17.20
	6	2437	17.06
	11	2462	17.22
802.11g	1	2412	19.90
	6	2437	20.41
	11	2462	20.92
802.11n(HT 20)	1	2412	17.28
	6	2437	18.72
	11	2462	19.29

**Bluetooth**

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
GFSK(1Mbps)	0	2402	7.84
	39	2441	7.91
	78	2480	7.40
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK(2Mbps)	0	2402	7.02
	39	2441	6.86
	78	2480	6.52
8DPSK(3Mbps)	0	2402	7.34
	39	2441	7.45
	78	2480	7.05

**BLE**

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
GFSK(1Mbps)	0	2402	6.22
	19	2440	6.51
	39	2480	6.42



## LTE Conducted Power

### General Note:

1. Anritsu CMW500 base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



LTE BAND 5

LTE Band 5 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
1.4	1	0	QPSK	21.34	21.13	21.06
1.4	1	2		21.12	20.92	20.78
1.4	1	5		20.84	20.66	20.51
1.4	3	0		20.55	20.42	20.23
1.4	3	1		20.35	20.13	19.98
1.4	3	2		20.09	19.83	19.74
1.4	6	0		19.85	19.54	19.5
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	21.11	20.9	20.85
1.4	1	2		20.86	20.66	20.61
1.4	1	5		20.63	20.38	20.35
1.4	3	0		20.35	20.08	20.08
1.4	3	1		20.06	19.86	19.86
1.4	3	2		19.80	19.56	19.56
1.4	6	0		19.58	19.35	19.30
3	1	0	QPSK	21.35	21.14	21.15
3	1	7		21.11	20.84	20.88
3	1	14		20.85	20.59	20.65
3	8	0		20.63	20.32	20.43
3	8	4		20.43	20.08	20.23
3	8	7		20.17	19.86	19.93
3	15	0		19.93	19.58	19.68
3	1	0	16-QAM	21.13	20.92	20.93
3	1	7		20.89	20.70	20.66
3	1	14		20.67	20.49	20.37
3	8	0		20.38	20.28	20.16
3	8	4		20.13	20.00	19.94
3	8	7		19.85	19.73	19.66
3	15	0		19.55	19.46	19.44



LTE BAND 5

LTE Band 5 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
5	1	0	QPSK	21.38	21.16	21.18
5	1	12		21.12	20.87	20.93
5	1	24		20.88	20.67	20.66
5	12	0		20.64	20.46	20.43
5	12	6		20.39	20.26	20.22
5	12	11		20.14	20.01	19.96
5	25	0		19.89	19.75	19.67
5	1	0	16-QAM	21.13	20.96	20.95
5	1	12		20.89	20.71	20.67
5	1	24		20.69	20.47	20.45
5	12	0		20.45	20.21	20.20
5	12	6		20.22	19.99	19.97
5	12	11		20.02	19.79	19.72
5	25	0		19.78	19.55	19.48
10	1	0	QPSK	21.40	21.19	21.22
10	1	24		21.10	20.93	21.00
10	1	49		20.80	20.64	20.77
10	25	0		20.55	20.37	20.54
10	25	12		20.30	20.10	20.30
10	25	24		20.00	19.81	20.05
10	50	0		19.79	19.55	19.80
10	1	0	16-QAM	21.16	20.96	20.93
10	1	24		20.88	20.75	20.63
10	1	49		20.65	20.54	20.41
10	25	0		20.38	20.30	20.14
10	25	12		20.14	20.09	19.92
10	25	24		19.89	19.85	19.64
10	50	0		19.68	19.55	19.37





LTE BAND 7

LTE Band 7 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
5	1	0	QPSK	21.92	21.98	21.48
5	1	12		21.7	21.74	21.25
5	1	24		21.46	21.48	20.98
5	12	0		21.21	21.2	20.76
5	12	6		20.92	20.95	20.55
5	12	11		20.65	20.75	20.27
5	25	0		20.44	20.50	20.01
5	1	0	16-QAM	21.71	21.74	21.23
5	1	12		21.50	21.50	21.01
5	1	24		21.30	21.21	20.72
5	12	0		21.08	21.00	20.46
5	12	6		20.83	20.70	20.24
5	12	11		20.54	20.41	19.94
5	25	0		20.27	20.16	19.66
10	1	0	QPSK	21.94	22.01	21.51
10	1	24		21.69	21.79	21.23
10	1	49		21.41	21.49	21.00
10	25	0		21.17	21.19	20.72
10	25	12		20.95	20.93	20.49
10	25	24		20.74	20.63	20.26
10	50	0		20.44	20.42	19.98
10	1	0	16-QAM	21.69	21.76	21.23
10	1	24		21.47	21.50	20.98
10	1	49		21.24	21.27	20.74
10	25	0		21.00	21.05	20.52
10	25	12		20.79	20.81	20.27
10	25	24		20.51	20.59	20.04
10	50	0		20.27	20.37	19.83



LTE BAND 7

LTE Band 7 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
15	1	0	QPSK	21.96	22.04	21.55
15	1	37		21.75	21.79	21.33
15	1	74		21.54	21.49	21.13
15	36	0		21.32	21.22	20.84
15	36	18		21.06	20.97	20.64
15	36	39		20.81	20.67	20.37
15	75	0		20.54	20.45	20.14
15	1	0	16-QAM	21.66	21.84	21.32
15	1	38		21.39	21.55	21.05
15	1	75		21.16	21.35	20.85
15	36	0		20.91	21.13	20.62
15	36	18		20.61	20.85	20.41
15	36	39		20.31	20.55	20.16
15	75	0		20.07	20.33	19.95
20	1	0	QPSK	21.99	22.06	21.57
20	1	49		21.77	21.82	21.29
20	1	99		21.51	21.60	21.04
20	50	0		21.3	21.36	20.83
20	50	24		21.06	21.15	20.54
20	50	49		20.76	20.86	20.33
20	100	0		20.47	20.61	20.06
20	1	0	16-QAM	21.77	21.85	21.30
20	1	49		21.52	21.56	21.06
20	1	99		21.29	21.36	20.81
20	50	0		21.01	21.15	20.60
20	50	24		20.72	20.95	20.36
20	50	49		20.50	20.72	20.13
20	100	0		20.25	20.43	19.87



LTE BAND 38

LTE Band 38 Maximum Average Power [dBm]							
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest	
5	1	0	QPSK	21.11	21.21	20.97	
5	1	12		20.87	20.92	20.69	
5	1	24		20.64	20.66	20.46	
5	12	0		20.36	20.46	20.18	
5	12	6		20.06	20.24	19.92	
5	12	11		19.79	19.95	19.68	
5	25	0		19.56	19.71	19.44	
5	1	0		20.88	20.93	20.68	
5	1	12	16-QAM	20.58	20.67	20.47	
5	1	24		20.28	20.42	20.18	
5	12	0		20.01	20.18	19.97	
5	12	6		19.72	19.96	19.73	
5	12	11		19.45	19.67	19.50	
5	25	0		19.20	19.41	19.30	
10	1	0		QPSK	21.13	21.22	20.99
10	1	24			20.91	20.98	20.74
10	1	49	20.64		20.74	20.48	
10	25	0	20.41		20.45	20.26	
10	25	12	20.20		20.19	20.00	
10	25	24	19.91		19.93	19.76	
10	50	0	19.61		19.73	19.53	
10	1	0	16-QAM		20.91	21.02	20.72
10	1	24		20.61	20.80	20.45	
10	1	49		20.36	20.58	20.18	
10	25	0		20.12	20.34	19.90	
10	25	12		19.90	20.13	19.60	
10	25	24		19.61	19.85	19.38	
10	50	0		19.40	19.60	19.14	



LTE BAND 38

LTE Band 38 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
15	1	0	QPSK	21.15	21.24	21.01
15	1	37		20.89	20.98	20.74
15	1	74		20.67	20.71	20.48
15	36	0		20.38	20.44	20.25
15	36	18		20.15	20.18	20.03
15	36	39		19.90	19.94	19.75
15	75	0		19.64	19.69	19.52
15	1	0	16-QAM	20.90	20.96	20.78
15	1	38		20.60	20.71	20.53
15	1	75		20.37	20.48	20.32
15	36	0		20.12	20.19	20.05
15	36	18		19.82	19.95	19.79
15	36	39		19.59	19.72	19.58
15	75	0		19.33	19.46	19.37
20	1	0	QPSK	21.16	21.26	21.04
20	1	49		20.87	20.99	20.78
20	1	99		20.66	20.70	20.49
20	50	0		20.36	20.50	20.23
20	50	24		20.16	20.28	19.98
20	50	49		19.87	20.00	19.78
20	100	0		19.58	19.74	19.57
20	1	0	16-QAM	20.87	20.98	20.79
20	1	49		20.64	20.75	20.57
20	1	99		20.37	20.51	20.28
20	50	0		20.16	20.24	20.03
20	50	24		19.88	20.01	19.80
20	50	49		19.68	19.77	19.53
20	100	0		19.40	19.68	19.24



LTE BAND 40

LTE Band 40 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
5	1	0	QPSK	20.31	20.41	20.77
5	1	12		20.08	20.13	20.53
5	1	24		19.84	19.92	20.23
5	12	0		19.56	19.68	19.95
5	12	6		19.31	19.43	19.72
5	12	11		19.09	19.13	19.46
5	25	0		18.85	18.84	19.20
5	1	0	16-QAM	20.09	20.19	20.52
5	1	12		19.83	19.96	20.30
5	1	24		19.60	19.75	20.03
5	12	0		19.37	19.45	19.77
5	12	6		19.12	19.21	19.52
5	12	11		18.85	18.97	19.24
5	25	0		18.65	18.68	18.96
10	1	0	QPSK	20.32	20.44	20.78
10	1	24		20.04	20.21	20.49
10	1	49		19.78	19.98	20.26
10	25	0		19.53	19.70	20.03
10	25	12		19.28	19.49	19.81
10	25	24		18.99	19.29	19.52
10	50	0		18.72	19.09	19.28
10	1	0	16-QAM	20.11	20.22	20.55
10	1	24		19.87	19.94	20.30
10	1	49		19.59	19.66	20.02
10	25	0		19.30	19.43	19.79
10	25	12		19.06	19.17	19.57
10	25	24		18.83	18.91	19.28
10	50	0		18.59	18.71	18.99



LTE BAND 40

LTE Band 40 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
15	1	0	QPSK	20.35	20.46	20.81
15	1	37		20.09	20.23	20.55
15	1	74		19.87	20.02	20.32
15	36	0		19.63	19.82	20.04
15	36	18		19.36	19.55	19.81
15	36	39		19.06	19.31	19.54
15	75	0		18.83	19.05	19.30
15	1	0	16-QAM	20.11	20.25	20.52
15	1	38		19.89	19.95	20.26
15	1	75		19.66	19.65	20.00
15	36	0		19.36	19.37	19.74
15	36	18		19.11	19.14	19.49
15	36	39		18.85	18.92	19.22
15	75	0		18.63	18.63	18.96
20	1	0	QPSK	20.36	20.49	20.83
20	1	49		20.12	20.21	20.53
20	1	99		19.85	19.96	20.30
20	50	0		19.59	19.76	20.06
20	50	24		19.30	19.49	19.81
20	50	49		19.04	19.24	19.60
20	100	0		18.79	18.97	19.39
20	1	0	16-QAM	20.13	20.29	20.62
20	1	49		19.86	20.00	20.40
20	1	99		19.64	19.75	20.14
20	50	0		19.37	19.47	19.88
20	50	24		19.13	19.24	19.65
20	50	49		18.84	18.99	19.39
20	100	0		18.61	18.75	19.20



LTE BAND 41

LTE Band 41 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
5	1	0	QPSK	17.85	18.14	18.16
5	1	12		17.56	17.84	17.91
5	1	24		17.29	17.56	17.69
5	12	0		17.05	17.3	17.43
5	12	6		16.79	17.04	17.16
5	12	11		16.54	16.76	16.90
5	25	0		16.25	16.48	16.68
5	1	0	16-QAM	17.59	17.93	17.93
5	1	12		17.36	17.69	17.66
5	1	24		17.14	17.47	17.44
5	12	0		16.91	17.22	17.19
5	12	6		16.64	16.98	16.98
5	12	11		16.34	16.70	16.76
5	25	0		16.13	16.45	16.48
10	1	0	QPSK	18.67	18.36	18.26
10	1	24		18.42	18.10	18.01
10	1	49		18.22	17.85	17.77
10	25	0		17.96	17.57	17.56
10	25	12		17.74	17.34	17.30
10	25	24		17.5	17.06	17.09
10	50	0		17.21	16.77	16.84
10	1	0	16-QAM	18.45	18.06	18.05
10	1	24		18.17	17.83	17.82
10	1	49		17.93	17.54	17.56
10	25	0		17.69	17.32	17.26
10	25	12		17.47	17.11	16.99
10	25	24		17.19	16.82	16.73
10	50	0		16.89	16.54	16.44



LTE BAND 41

LTE Band 41 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
15	1	0	QPSK	18.78	18.46	18.39
15	1	37		18.51	18.21	18.12
15	1	74		18.31	17.99	17.84
15	36	0		18.05	17.73	17.61
15	36	18		17.76	17.51	17.31
15	36	39		17.48	17.21	17.04
15	75	0		17.24	16.92	16.81
15	1	0	16-QAM	18.55	18.18	18.19
15	1	38		18.34	17.95	17.90
15	1	75		18.09	17.69	17.63
15	36	0		17.83	17.48	17.42
15	36	18		17.61	17.22	17.19
15	36	39		17.34	16.98	16.89
15	75	0		17.10	16.69	16.62
20	1	0	QPSK	18.85	18.59	18.52
20	1	49		18.55	18.36	18.30
20	1	99		18.30	18.15	18.05
20	50	0		18.06	17.90	17.81
20	50	24		17.79	17.66	17.54
20	50	49		17.55	17.39	17.27
20	100	0		17.28	17.11	17.04
20	1	0	16-QAM	18.56	18.32	18.24
20	1	49		18.33	18.12	18.03
20	1	99		18.05	17.90	17.75
20	50	0		17.81	17.64	17.51
20	50	24		17.56	17.36	17.30
20	50	49		17.34	17.2	17.08
20	100	0		17.23	17.11	16.88





## 10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)
AMR	22±1dBm
RMC	22±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-2	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-5	18±1dBm

Mode	WLAN(AVG)	
IEEE 802.11b	17±1dBm	
IEEE 802.11g	20±1dBm	
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	Low	17±1dBm
	Middle	18±1dBm
	High	19±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	7±1dBm
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	7±1dBm
8DPSK	7±1dBm

Mode	BLE(AVG)
GFSK	6±1dBm



LTE

BW[MHz]	RB Size	Mode	Band 5	Band 7	Band 38	Band 40	Band 41
1.4	1	QPSK	21±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	3		20±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	6		19±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	1	16- QAM	21±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	3		20±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	6		19±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	1	QPSK	21±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	8		20±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	15		19±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	1	16- QAM	21±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	8		20±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	15		19±1dBm	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	1	QPSK	21±1dBm	21±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
5	12		20±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
5	25		19±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	19±1dBm	16±1dBm
5	1	16- QAM	21±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	17±1dBm
5	12		20±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
5	25		19±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	18±1dBm	16±1dBm
10	1	QPSK	21±1dBm	21.5±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
10	25		20±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19.1±1dBm	17±1dBm
10	50		19±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
10	1	16- QAM	21±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
10	25		20±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
10	50		19±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	18±1dBm	16±1dBm
15	1	QPSK	N/A	22±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
15	36		N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
15	75		N/A	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
15	1	16- QAM	N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
15	36		N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
15	75		N/A	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	18±1dBm	17±1dBm
20	1	QPSK	N/A	22±1dBm	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
20	50		N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
20	100		N/A	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
20	1	16- QAM	N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	20±1dBm	18±1dBm
20	50		N/A	21±1dBm	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm
20	100		N/A	20±1dBm	19±1dBm	19±1dBm	17±1dBm



### 10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})} \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHZ})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

**Bluetooth Head SAR was not required;**  $[(6.310/5) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 1.99 < 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

**Bluetooth Body SAR was not required;**  $[(6.310/10) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.99 < 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

**2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was required;**  $[(125.893/5) * \sqrt{2.462}] = 39.51 > 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WLAN Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

**2.4 GHz WLAN SAR was not required;**  $[(125.893/10) * \sqrt{2.462}] = 19.75 > 3.0$ .

## 11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

### 11.1 EUT Photo

Front side



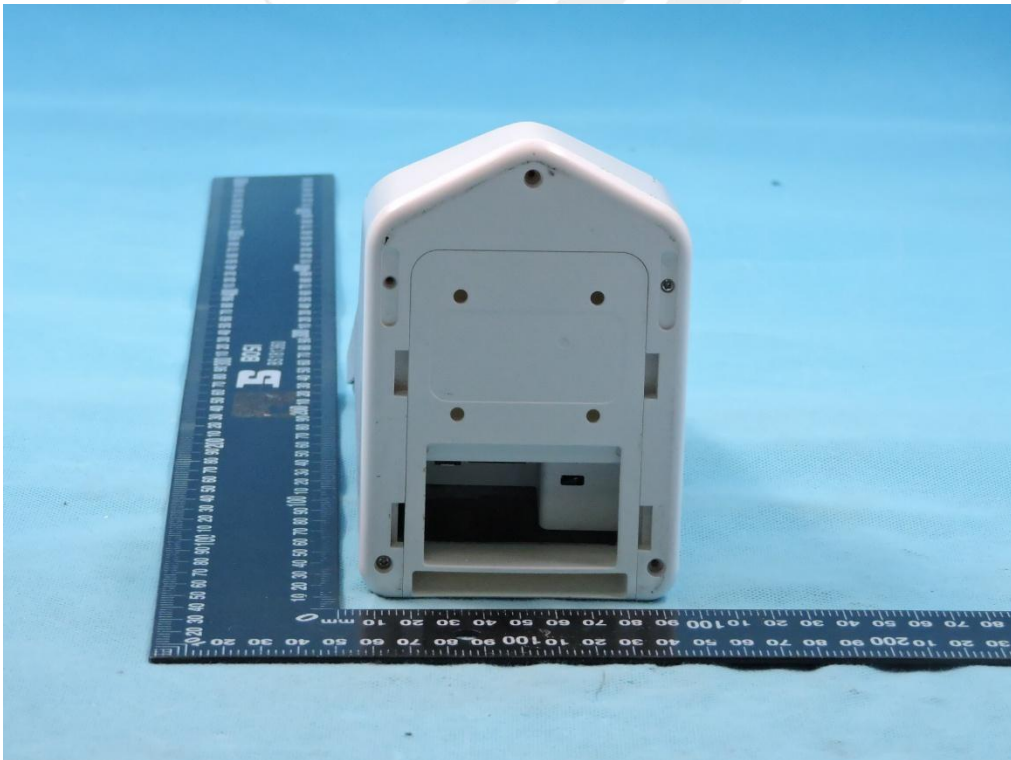
Back side



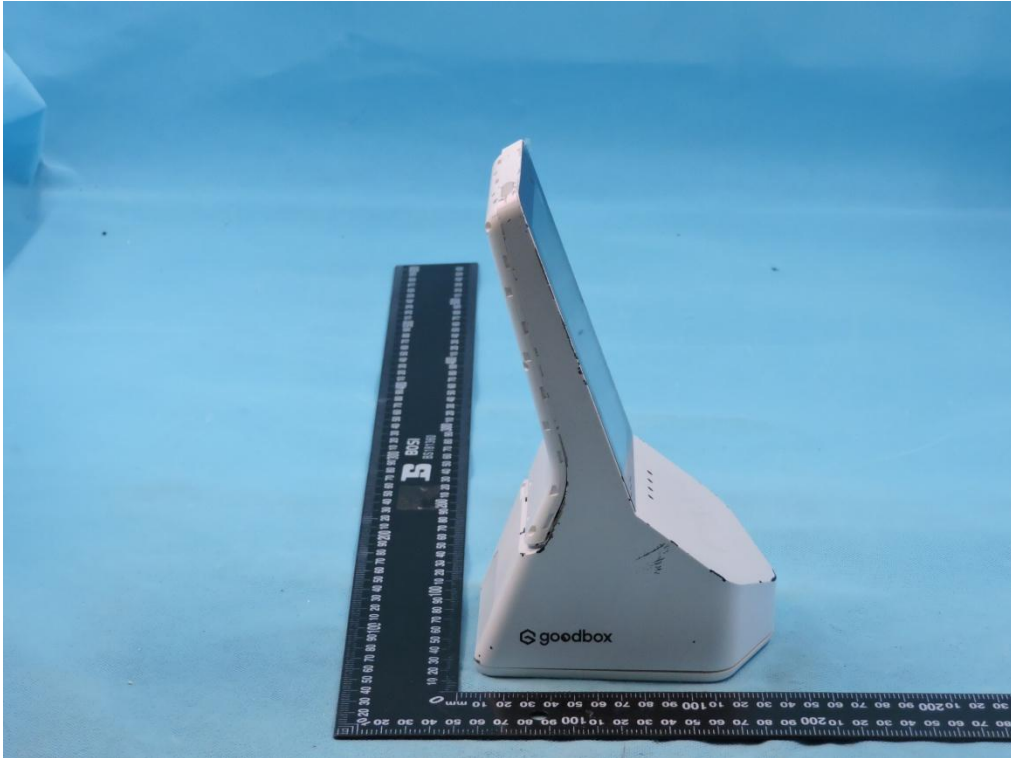
Top side



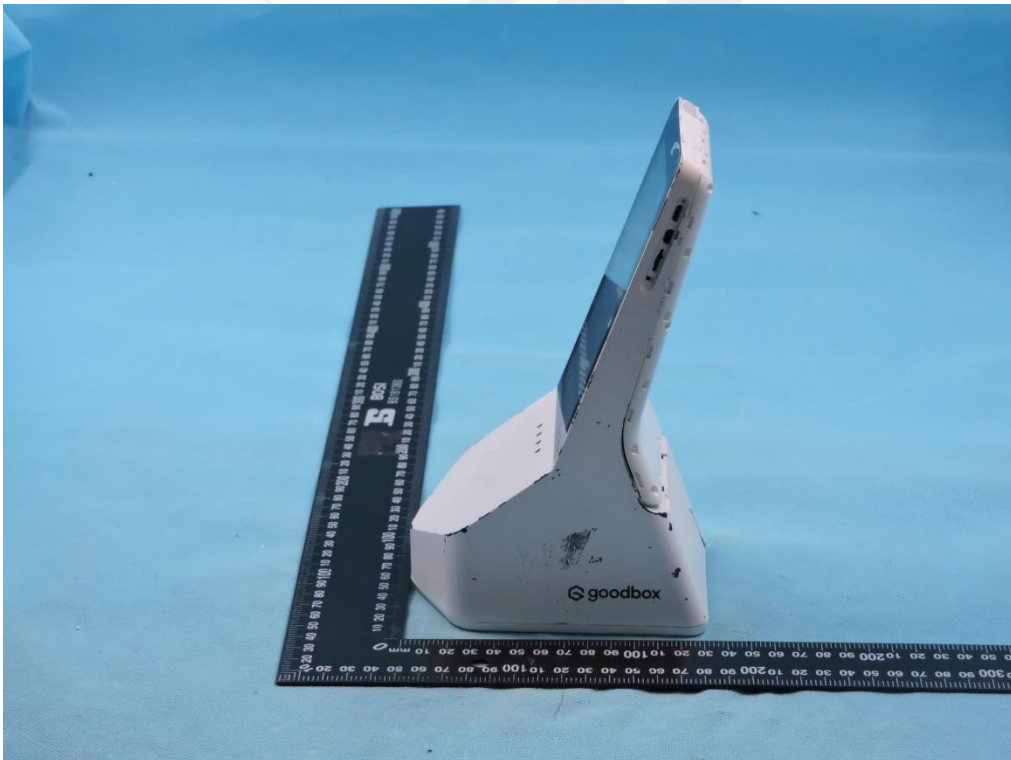
Bottom side



Left side



Right side



## 11.2 Setup Photo

Body Front side(separation distance is 5mm)



Body Back side(separation distance is 5mm)



Body left side(separation distance is 5mm)



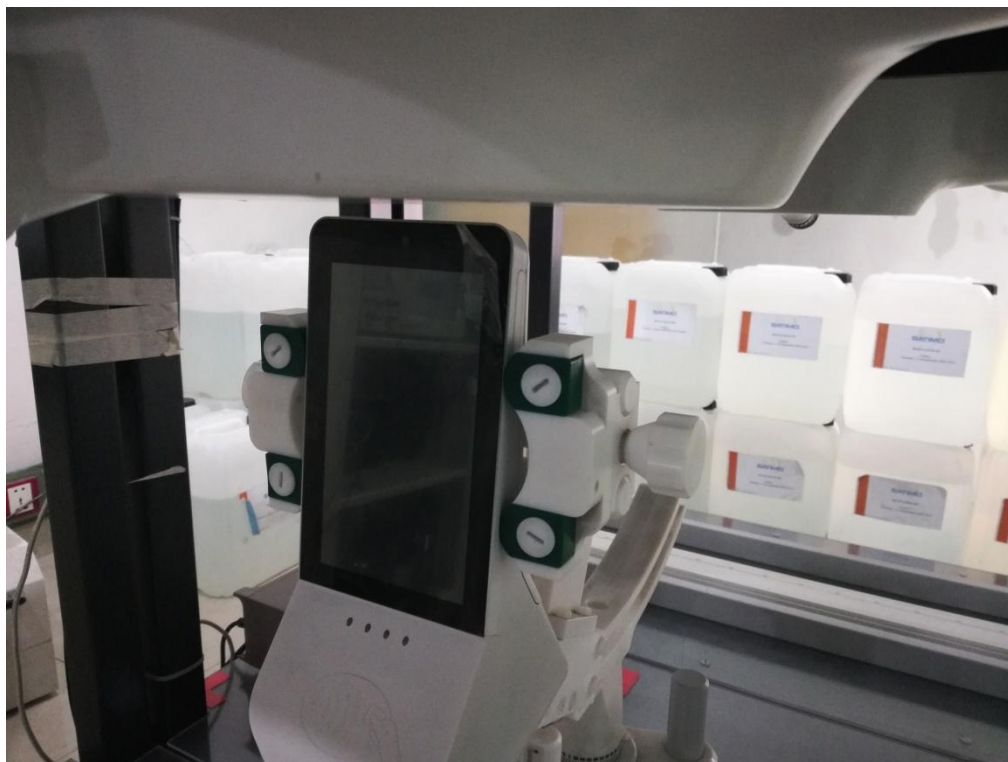
Body right side(separation distance is 5mm)







Body top side(separation distance is 5mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)





## 12. SAR Result Summary

### 12.1 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WCDMA V	RMC	Front side	4132	0.089	0.46	23	22.55	0.099	/
		Back side	4132	0.106	3.10	23	22.55	<b>0.118</b>	1
		Right side	4132	0.035	-0.86	23	22.55	0.039	/
		Bottom side	4132	0.029	-2.84	23	22.55	0.032	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WLAN	802.11g	Front side	11	0.085	-2.72	21	20.92	100	0.087	/
		Back side	11	0.181	2.97	21	20.92	100	<b>0.184</b>	2
		Left side	11	0.037	-1.80	21	20.92	100	0.038	/

#### Note:

- The test separation of all above table is 5mm.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.



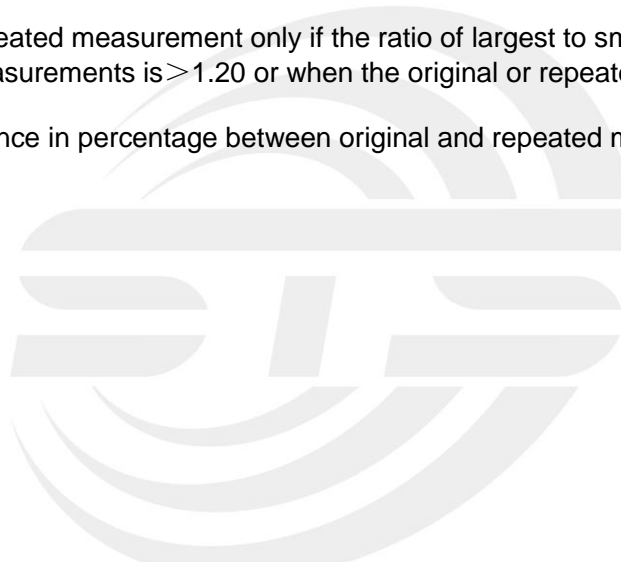
Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max. Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas. Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front side	20450	0.054	-3.33	22	21.40	0.062	/
			25	0	Front side	20450	0.038	-3.06	21	20.55	0.042	/
			1	0	Back Side	20450	0.090	-1.14	22	21.40	<b>0.103</b>	3
			25	0	Back Side	20450	0.075	3.94	21	20.55	0.083	/
			1	0	Right Side	20450	0.042	1.90	22	21.40	0.048	/
			25	0	Right Side	20450	0.036	-0.27	21	20.55	0.040	/
			1	0	Top Side	20450	0.021	-1.36	22	21.40	0.024	/
			25	0	Top Side	20450	0.013	3.92	21	20.55	0.014	/
LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front side	21100	0.072	-3.55	23	22.06	0.089	/
			50	0	Front side	21100	0.064	-1.71	22	21.36	0.074	/
			1	0	Back Side	21100	0.098	-0.75	23	22.06	<b>0.122</b>	4
			50	0	Back Side	21100	0.081	-0.25	22	21.36	0.094	/
			1	0	Right Side	21100	0.033	-3.10	23	22.06	0.041	/
			50	0	Right Side	21100	0.025	-1.88	22	21.36	0.029	/
			1	0	Top Side	21100	0.017	-2.49	23	22.06	0.021	/
			50	0	Top Side	21100	0.011	2.04	22	21.36	0.013	/
LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front side	38000	0.018	2.88	22	21.26	0.021	/
			50	0	Front side	38000	0.013	-0.74	21	20.50	0.015	/
			1	0	Back Side	38000	0.022	0.62	22	21.26	<b>0.026</b>	5
			50	0	Back Side	38000	0.015	-1.59	21	20.50	0.017	/
			1	0	Right Side	38000	0.011	-0.92	22	21.26	0.013	/
			50	0	Right Side	38000	0.009	1.26	21	20.50	0.010	/
			1	0	Top Side	38000	0.007	1.05	22	21.26	0.008	/
			50	0	Top Side	38000	0.004	-1.46	21	20.50	0.004	/
LTE Band 40	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front side	39550	0.030	3.31	21	20.83	0.031	/
			50	0	Front side	39550	0.022	-0.05	21	20.06	0.027	/
			1	0	Back Side	39550	0.038	0.67	21	20.83	<b>0.040</b>	6
			50	0	Back Side	39550	0.029	-0.68	21	20.06	0.036	/
			1	0	Right Side	39550	0.014	2.69	21	20.83	0.015	/
			50	0	Right Side	39550	0.008	-2.82	21	20.06	0.010	/
			1	0	Top Side	39550	0.011	1.91	21	20.83	0.011	/
			50	0	Top Side	39550	0.006	2.57	21	20.06	0.007	/



LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front side	39750	0.032	-0.72	19	18.85	0.033	/
			50	0	Front side	39750	0.025	-3.16	19	18.06	0.031	/
			1	0	Back Side	39750	0.064	-1.32	19	18.85	<b>0.066</b>	7
			50	0	Back Side	39750	0.051	-2.83	19	18.06	0.063	/
			1	0	Right Side	39750	0.018	-0.38	19	18.85	0.019	/
			50	0	Right Side	39750	0.013	-2.84	19	18.06	0.016	/
			1	0	Top Side	39750	0.009	-3.22	19	18.85	0.009	/
			50	0	Top Side	39750	0.006	3.81	19	18.06	0.007	/

## Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ .
2. Per KDB 865664 D01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45\text{W/Kg}$ , only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45\text{W/Kg}$ .
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.





**Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:**

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
Head	1. WCDMA + WLAN
	2. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	3. LTE + WLAN
	4. LTE + Bluetooth
Body	1. WCDMA + WLAN
	2. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	3. LTE + WLAN
	4. LTE + Bluetooth

**NOTE:**

- Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- For minimum test separation distance  $\leq 50\text{mm}$ , Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f} (\text{GHz}) / x] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR
- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
  - $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f} (\text{GHz}) / x] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ ;  
Where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
  - 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is  $>50\text{mm}$ .

Estimated SAR		Maximum Power		Antenna to user(mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]
		dBm	mW			
BT	Body	8	6.310	5	2.480	0.265



Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA + WLAN	Body	WCDMA RMC	0.118	0.302
		WLAN	0.184	
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Body	WCDMA RMC	0.118	0.383
		Bluetooth	0.265	
LTE + WLAN	Body	LTE	0.122	0.306
		WLAN	0.184	
LTE + Bluetooth	Body	LTE	0.122	<b>0.387</b>
		Bluetooth	0.265	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



### 13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
2450MHzDipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
2600MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2600	SN 30/14 DIP2G600-336	2017.08.15	2020.08.14
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 14/16 EP309	2017.12.15	2018.12.14
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	N/A	N/A
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2018.03.08	2019.03.07
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2018.10.13	2019.10.12
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2018.10.16	2019.10.15
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2018.10.16	2019.10.15
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2018.10.13	2019.10.12
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2018.10.13	2019.10.12
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2018.10.26	2019.10.25
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	2018.10.26	2019.10.25
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2018.10.13	2019.10.12
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	2018.10.13	2019.10.12
hygrothermograph	MiEO	HH660	N/A	2018.10.11	2019.10.10
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2018.10.15	2019.10.14

**Note:**

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value

Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement



## Appendix A. System Validation Plots

### System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

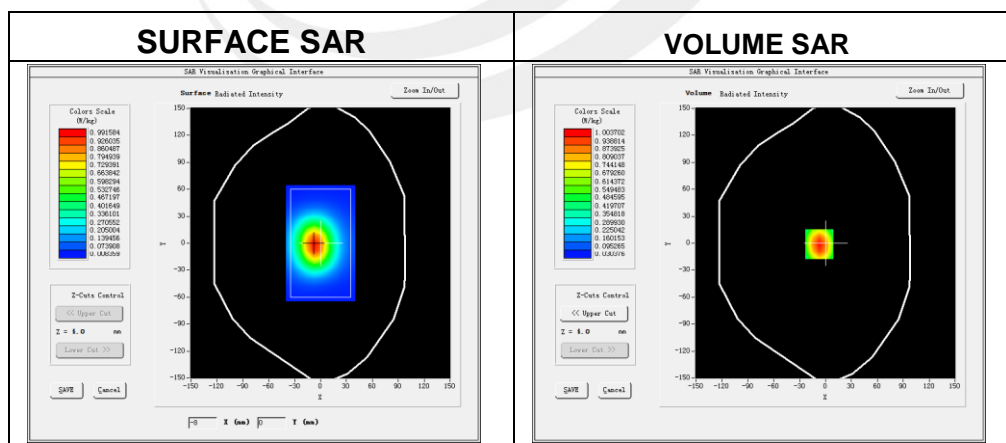
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-12-06

### Experimental conditions.

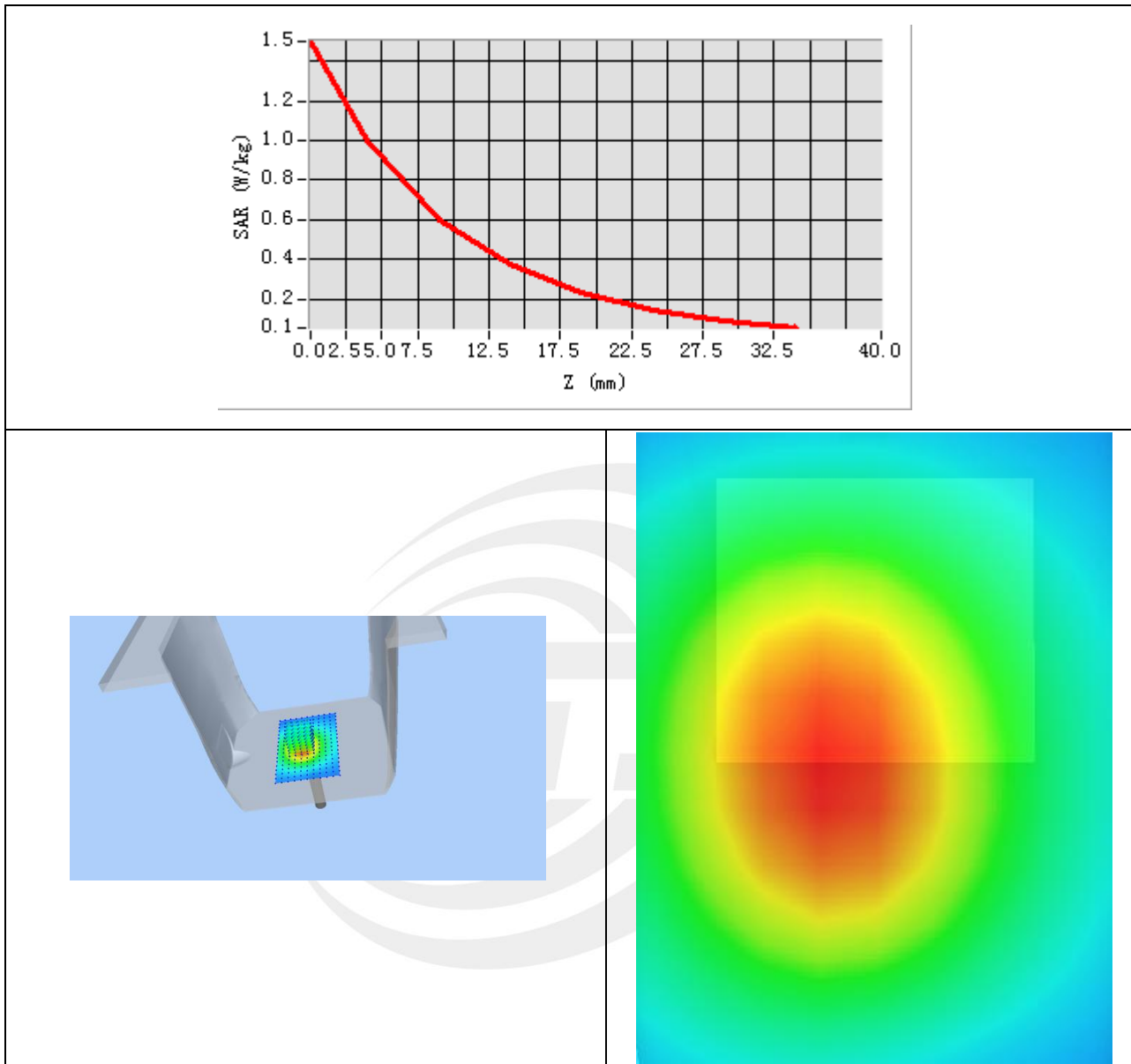
Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity	54.85
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Power drift (%)	-0.37
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.90
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.627083
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.982106

### Z Axis Scan



### System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

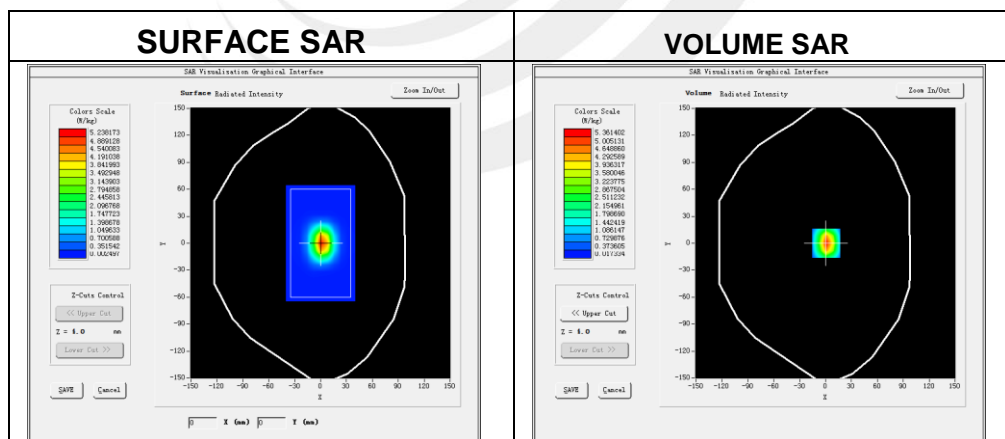
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-12-07

#### Experimental conditions.

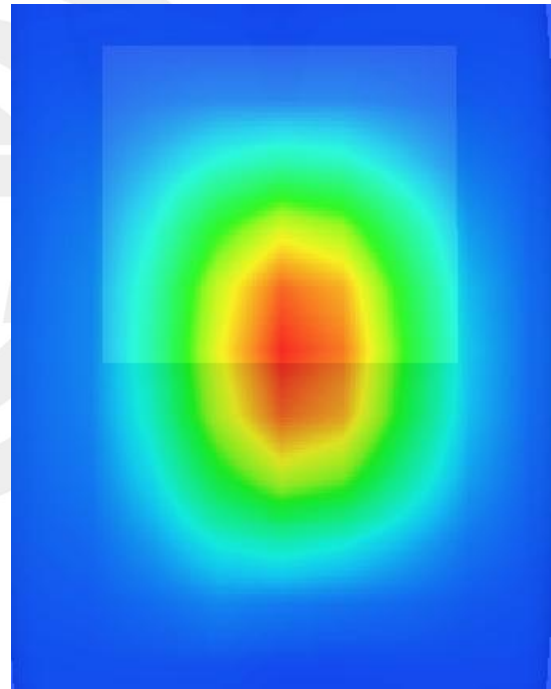
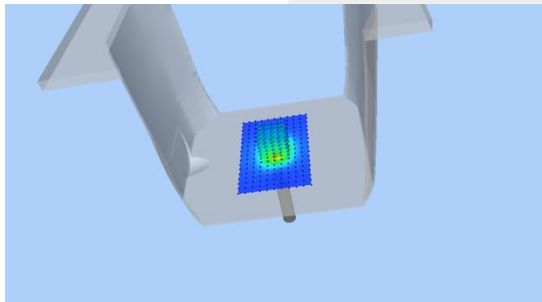
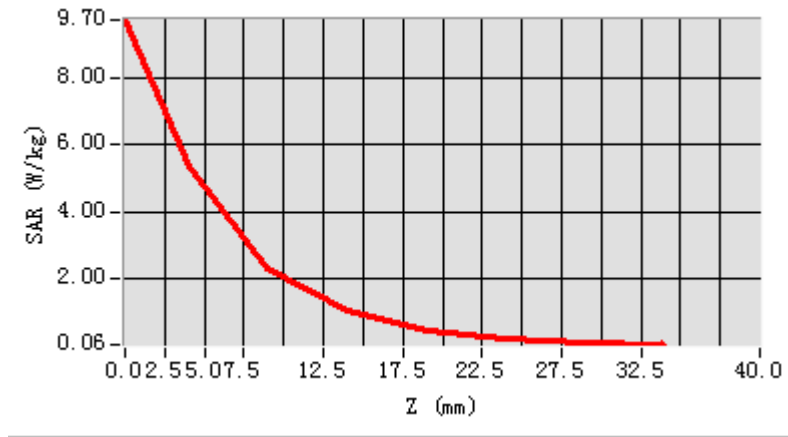
Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	52.96
Conductivity (S/m)	1.93
Power drift (%)	-0.30
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Crest factor:	1:1



**Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00**

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.513781
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.137014

### Z Axis Scan



### System Performance Check Data(2600MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

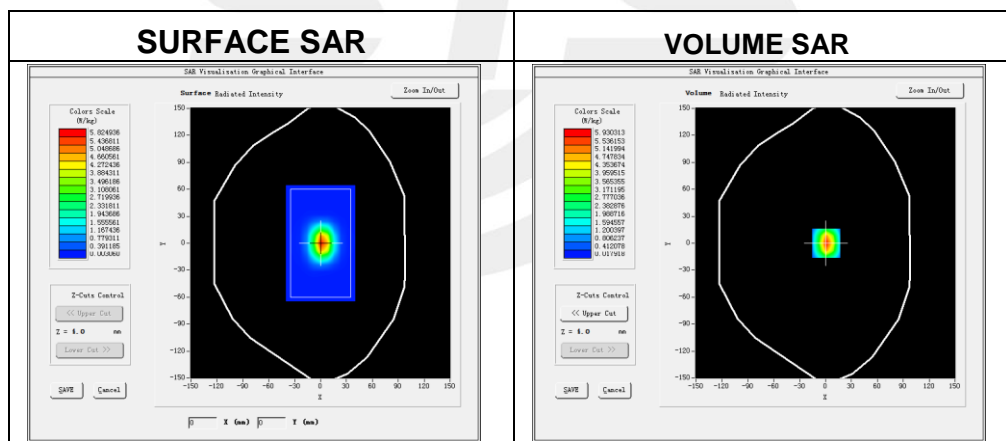
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2018-12-10

#### Experimental conditions.

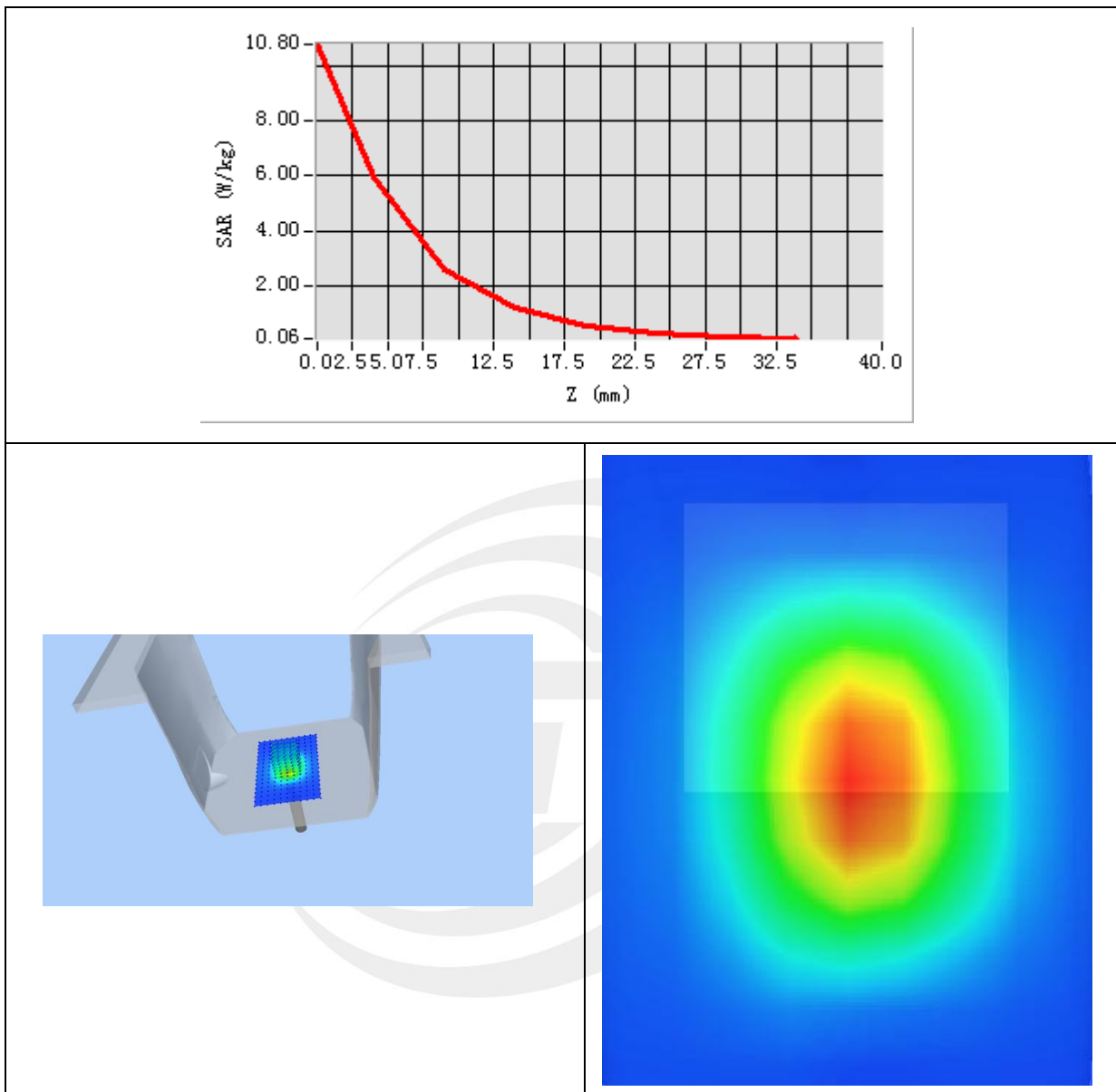
Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2600 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2600
Relative permittivity	52.76
Conductivity (S/m)	2.18
Power drift (%)	-0.30
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.07
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.568149
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.778246

### Z Axis Scan



## Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

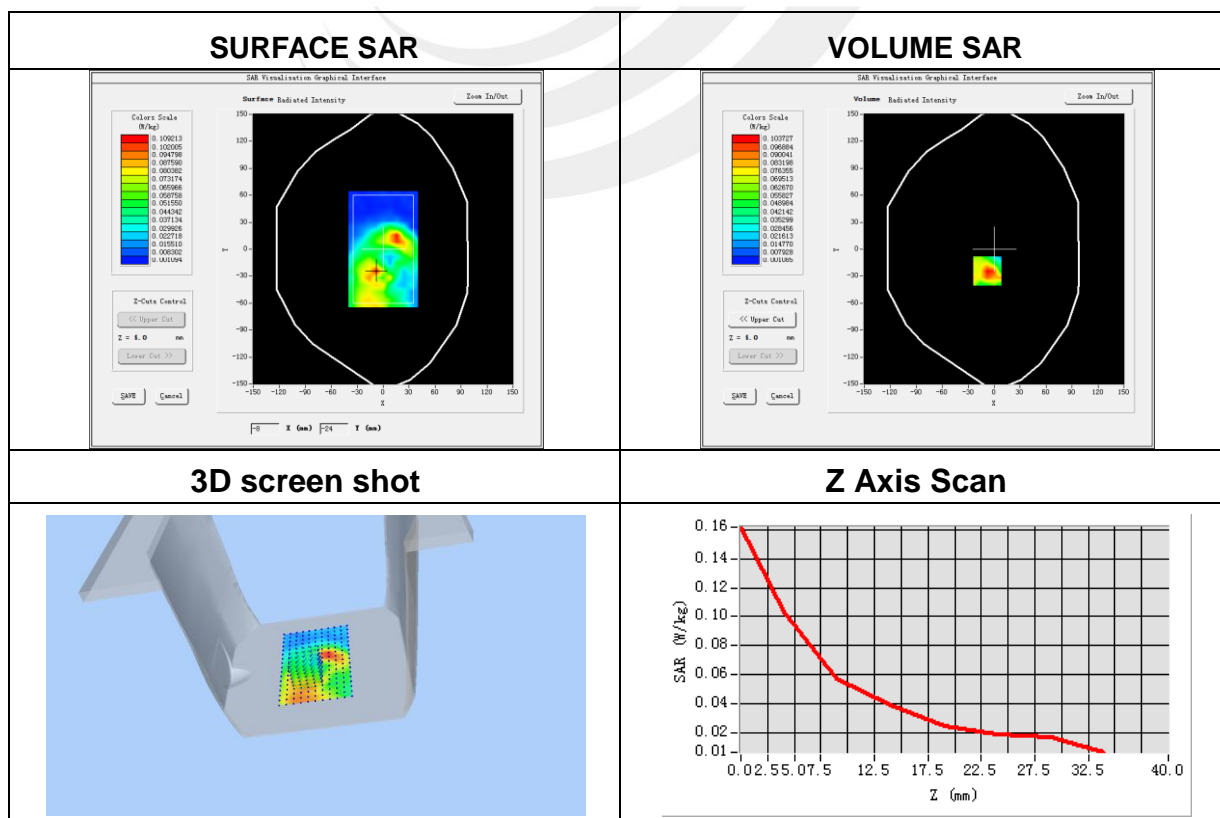
### Plot 1: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE

Test Date	2018-12-06
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	3.10

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-24.00

SAR Peak: 0.20 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.061195
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.106077

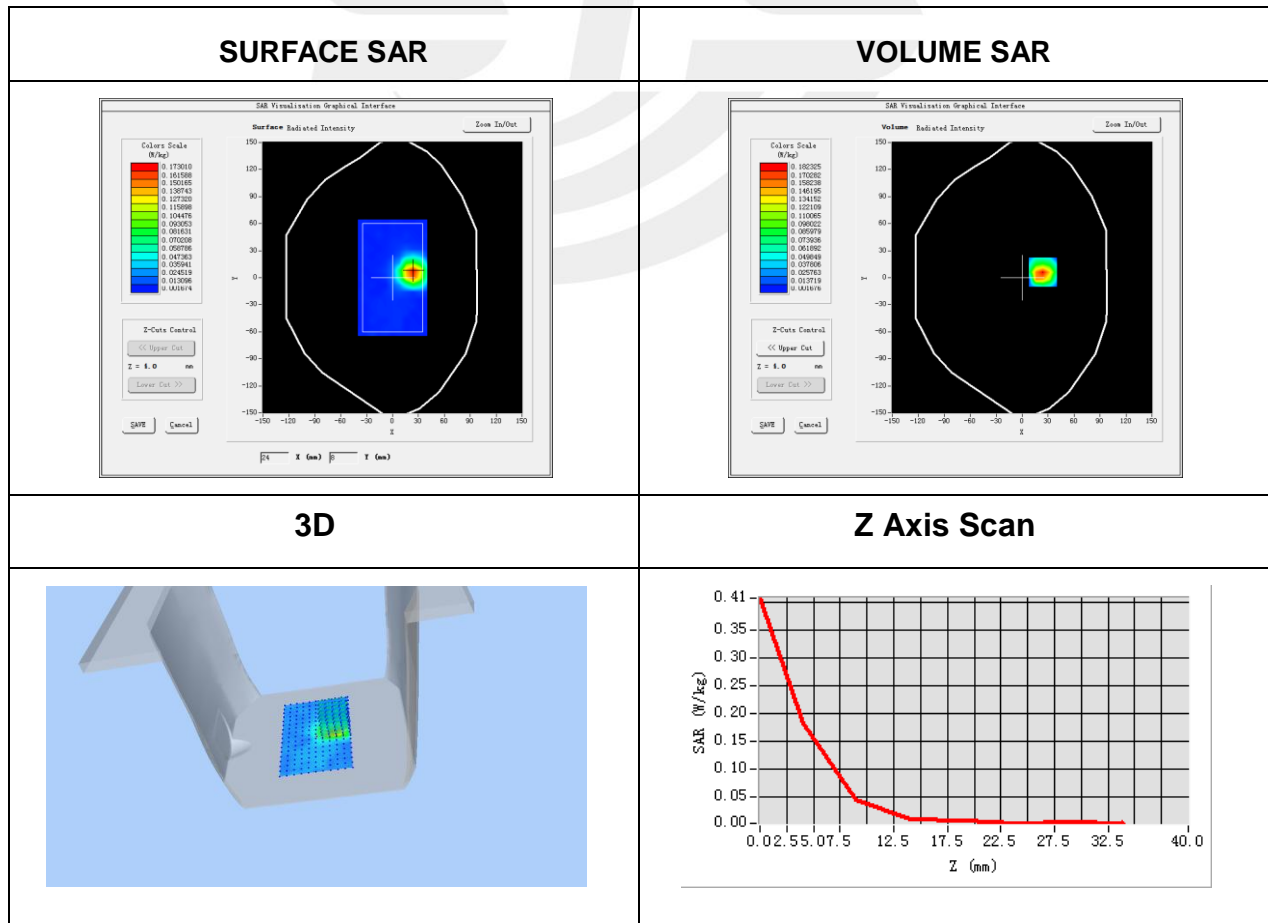


**Plot 2: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	IEEE 802.11g ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.g (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.70
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	2.97

Maximum location: X=24.00, Y=6.00  
SAR Peak: 0.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.059792
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.180737





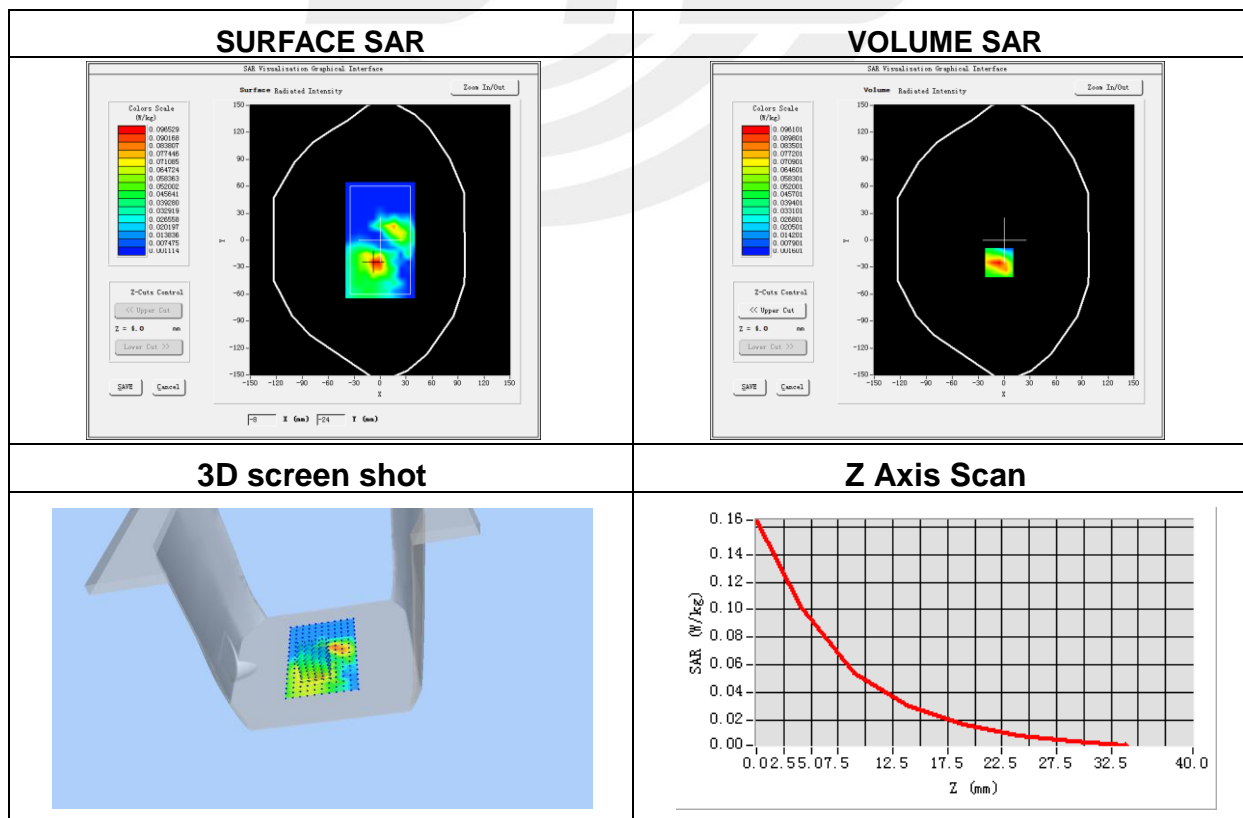
**Plot 3: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-06
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	LTE Band 5 (RB 1)
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	829.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.2
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	-1.14

Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-25.00

SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050494
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.089569



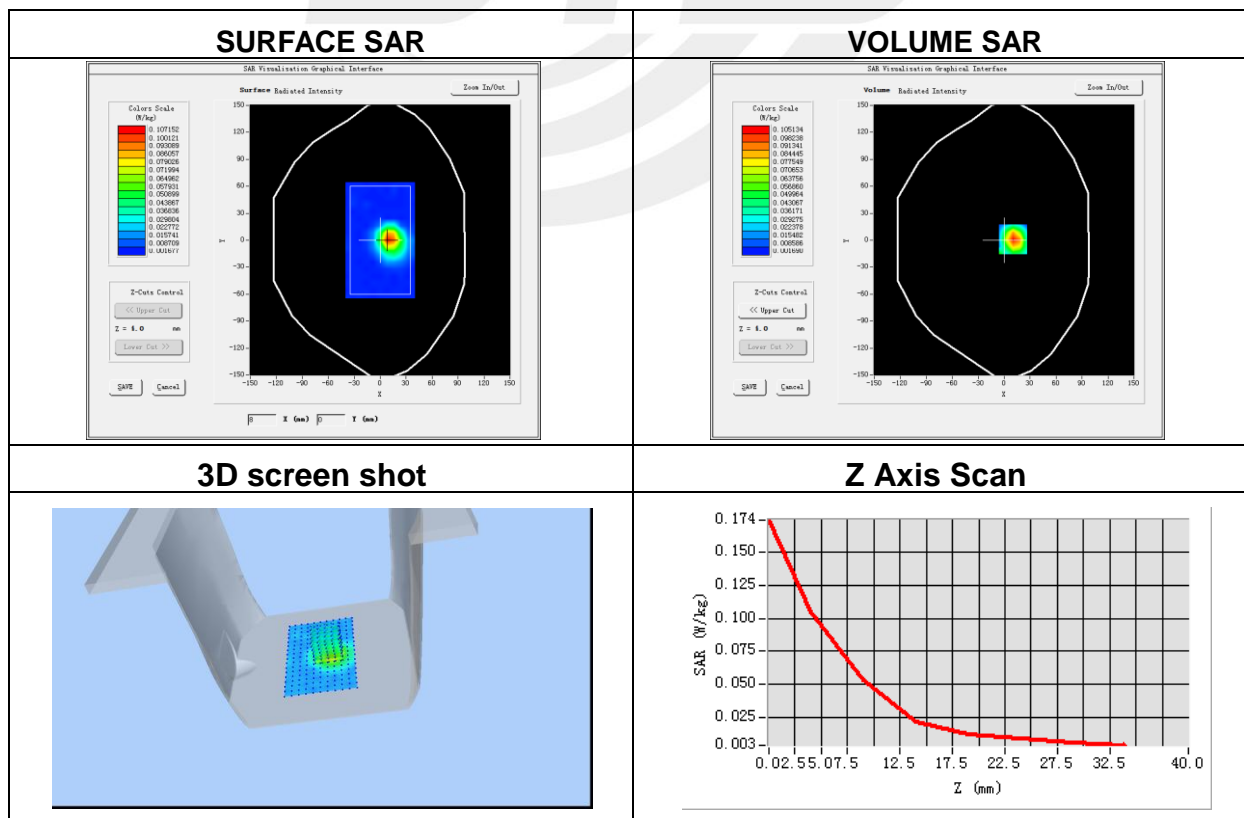
**Plot 4: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-10
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.07
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	LTE Band 7 (RB 1)
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2535
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	2.16
Variation (%)	-0.75

Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.044328
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.097983



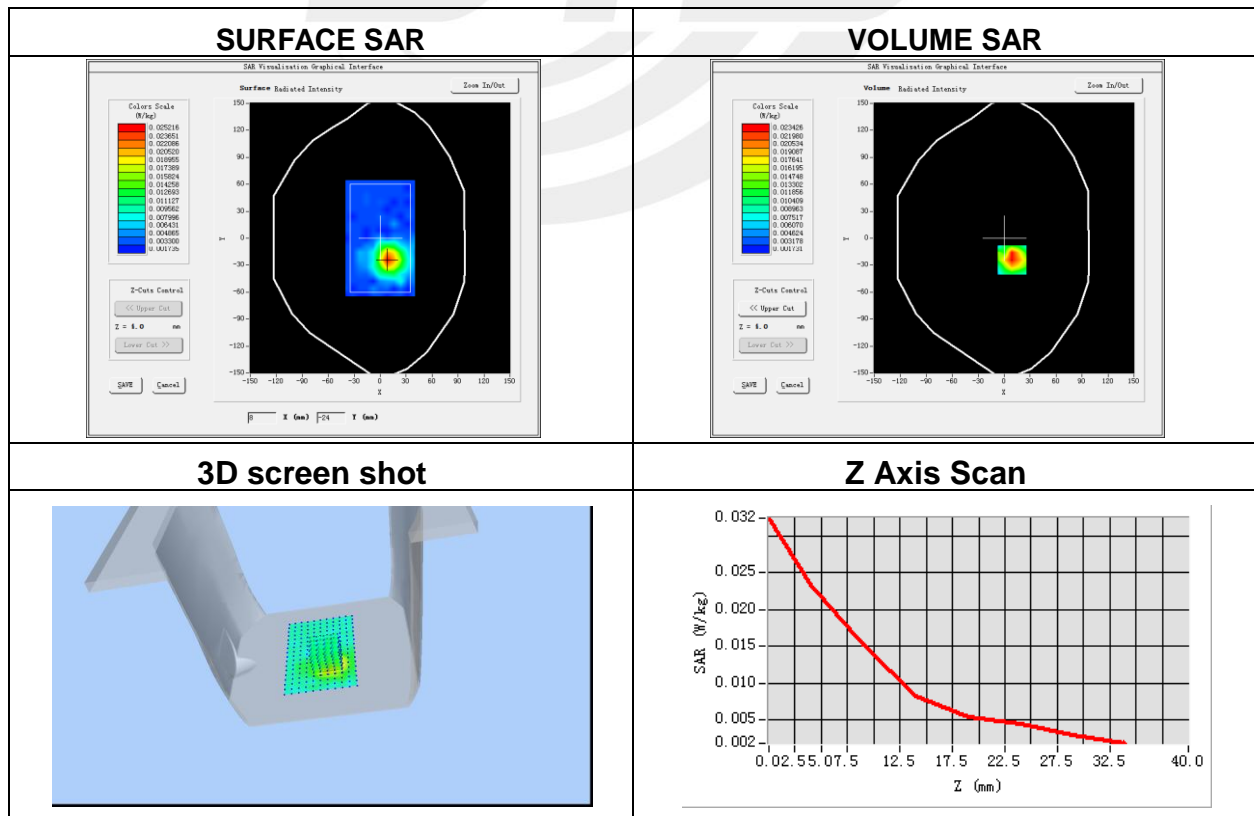
**Plot 5: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-10
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.28
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	LTE Band 38 (RB 1)
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2595
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	2.16
Variation (%)	0.62

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-24.00

SAR Peak: 0.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.011879
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.022422



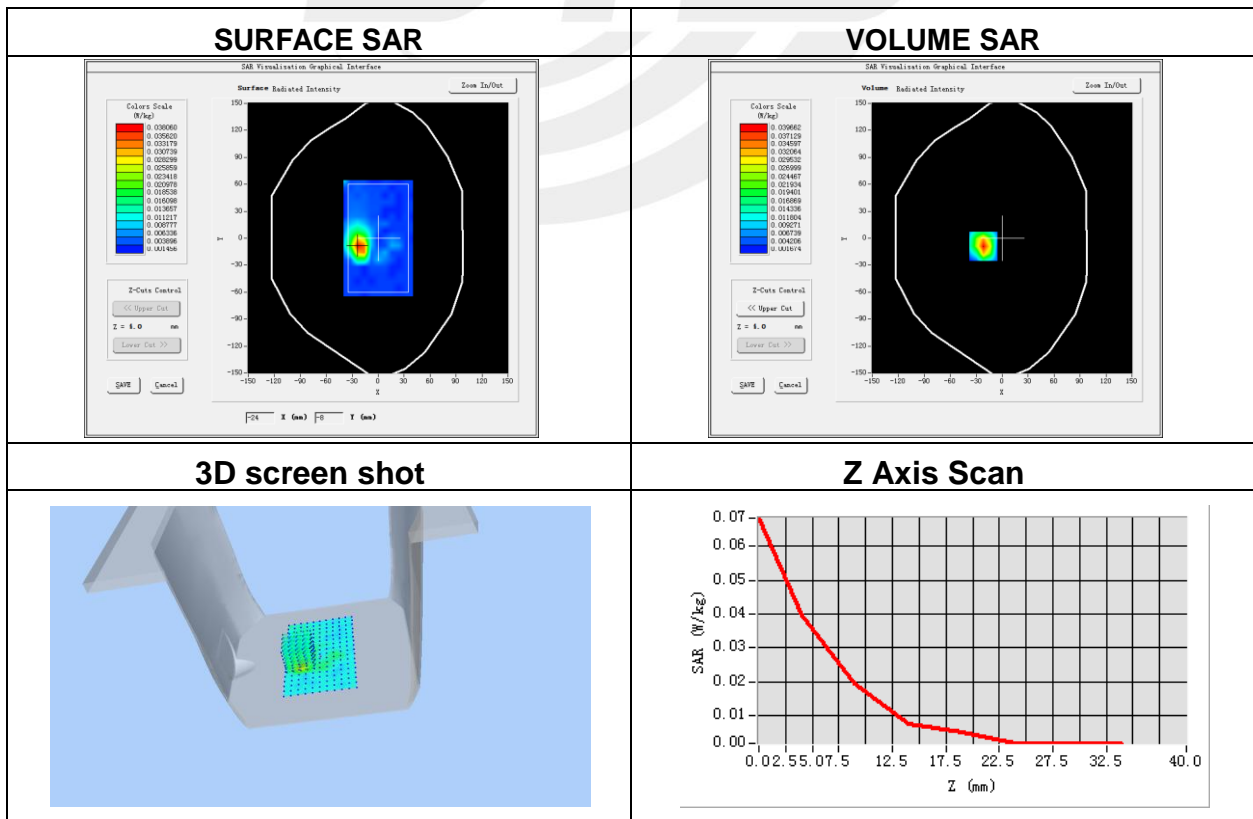
**Plot 6: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.28
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	LTE Band 40 (RB 1)
Channels	High
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2390
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.7
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	0.67

Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016274
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.037619



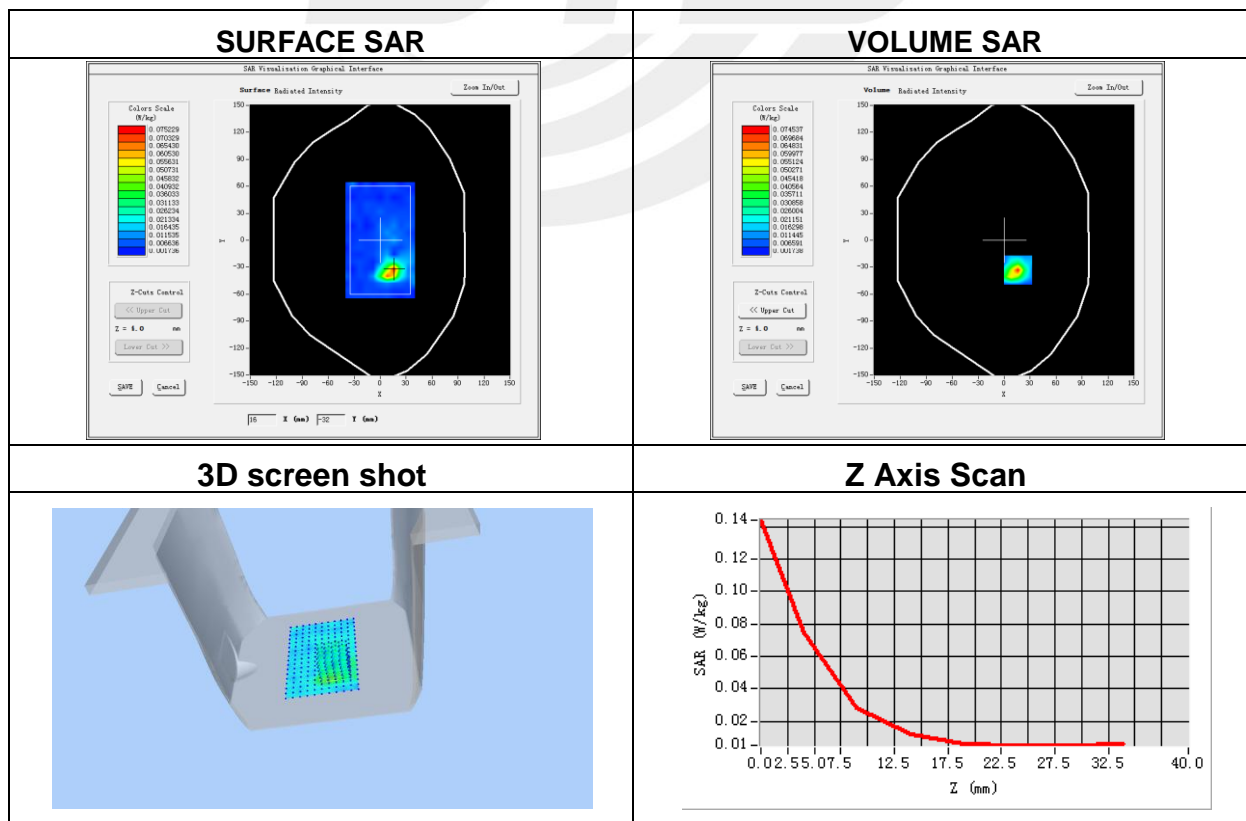
**Plot 7: DUT: GOODBOX CORE; EUT Model: GB CORE**

Test Date	2018-12-10
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.28
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	LTE Band 41 (RB 1)
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2506
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	2.16
Variation (%)	-1.32

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=-33.00

SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.023960
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.064360





## Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

※※※※END OF THE REPORT※※※※

