

SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO., LTD

TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK FCC TESTING- MODEL: 1014116

REPORT NUMBER GZHH00396284-002

ISSUE DATE July 23, 2021

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SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD

Application for Certification

FCC ID: 2ASGEZGTS2001C

Toy RC Jump Rover

Model: 1014116

Brand Name: Sharper Image

2.4GHz Transceiver

Report No.: GZHH00396284-002

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [10-1-19]

Prepared and Checked by:

Approved by:

Sign on file

Maura Wang Engineer Peter Kang Technical Supervisor Date: July 23, 2021

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Version: 01-November-2017



MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

This report concerns (che	eck one:)	Original Grant	<u>x</u>	Class II Ch	nange _	
Equipment Type: DXX - F	Part 15 Low P	ower Communicat	tion Device	e Transmitte	<u>er</u>	
Deferred grant requested	per 47 CFR		-		_	
Company Name agrees t of the intended date of an date.	-	·		date	issued	on that
Transition Rules Request If no, assumed Part 15, Edition] provision.	•	for intentional rad	_	e new 47		
Report prepared by:	101, 201, Community People's Re	g sting Services She Building B, No. 3 GuanHu Subdis epublic of China 6-755-8601 6288/8	308 Wuhe trict, Long	Avenue, 2 Hua Distri	Zhangk	0, 0



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1.0 <u>Summary of Test Result</u>

Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Applicant Address: Fengxin Industrial Zone, Fengxiang Street, Chenghai District, Shantou, Guangdong

Manufacturer: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Manufacturer Address: Fengxin Industrial Zone, Fengxiang Street, Chenghai District, Shantou, Guangdong

MODEL: 1014116

FCC ID: 2ASGEZGTS2001C

Test Specification	Reference	Results
Transmitter Radiated Emission	15.249 &15.209 &15.205	Pass
Bandedge		
20dB Bandwidth	15.215(c)	Pass

Notes: The EUT uses an Integral Antenna which in accordance to Section 15.203 is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.





2.0 General Description

2.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is an Toy RC Jump Rover operating at 2.4G Band. The EUT can be powered by DC 3.7V (1 x 3.7V rechargeable battery). For more detail information pls. refer to the user manual.

Antenna Type: Integral antenna Modulation Type: GFSK Antenna Gain: 0dBi

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.

2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for certification of controller unit for the Toy RC Jump Rover, and the corresponding receiver unit which associated with this EUT is subjected to FCC certification with FCC ID: 2ASGEZGTS2001Y.

2.3 Test Methodology

Radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Radiated emission measurement was performed in Semi-anechoic chamber. For radiated emission measurement, preliminary scans were performed in the semi-anechoic chamber only to determine the worst case modes. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application. All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in part 2 of CFR 47.

2.4 Test Facility

The Semi-anechoic chamber used to collect the radiated data is **Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Longhua Branch** and located at 101, 201, Building B, No. 308 Wuhe Avenue, Zhangkengjing Community GuanHu Subdistrict, LongHua District, Shenzhen, People's Republic of China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC (Registration Number: CN1188).



3.0 System Test Configuration

3.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.10 (2013).

The EUT was powered by DC 3.7V (1 x 3.7V rechargeable battery) during the test, only the worst data was reported in this report.

For maximizing emissions below 30 MHz, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the centre of the loop antenna was placed 1 meter above the ground, and the antenna polarization was changed. For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Section 4.

The EUT was operated standalone and placed in the central of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device.

3.3 Special Accessories

No special accessories used.

3.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD will be incorporated in each production model sold / leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd Longhua Branch.

- 3.5 Measurement Uncertainty When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.
- 3.6 Support Equipment List and Description

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.
N/A	N/A	N/A



4.0 Emission Results

Data is included worst-case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels).

4.1 Radiated Test Results

A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

4.1.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ $RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dB\mu V$ CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB PD = Pulse Desensitization in dBAV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dBµV is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dBµV/m. This value in dBµV/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

RA = $62.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ AF = 7.4 dB CF = 1.6 dB AG = 29.0 dB PD = 0 dB AV = -10 dB FS = $62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 = 42 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(42 dB μ V/m)/20] = 125.9 μ V/m



4.1.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos. pdf.

4.1.3 Radiated Emissions

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 761.388000 MHz

Judgement: Passed by 15.2 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Sign on file

Maura Wang, Engineer Typed/Printed Name

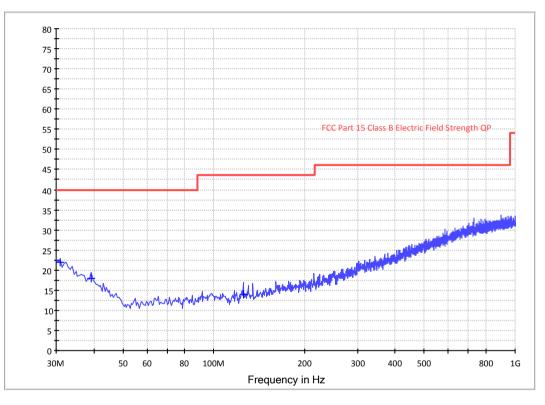
June 18, 2021 Date



Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Date of Test: June 18, 2021 Model: 1014116 Worst Case Operating Mode: Transmitting(2405.000MHz)

ANT Polarity: Horizontal

Level in duV/m



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Polarization	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBµV/m)
30.660000	22.2	1000.0	120.000	Н	17.7	17.8	40.0
39.235000	17.6	1000.0	120.000	Н	13.7	22.4	40.0
125.565000	14.3	1000.0	120.000	Н	10.3	29.7	43.5

Remark:

- 1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
- 2. QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = Limit Line(dBµV/m) Level (dBµV/m)



Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Date of Test: June 18, 2021 Model: 1014116 Worst Case Operating Mode: Transmitting(2405.000MHz)

ANT Polarity: Vertical

Level in dBuV/m 80 75 70 65 60 FCC Part 15 Class B Electric Field Strength QP 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 60 100M 300 500 800 1G 30M 50 80 200 400 Frequency in Hz

QuasiPeak Bandwidth Frequency Meas. **Polarization** Corr. Margin Limit -(MHz) (dBuV/m) Time (kHz) (dB) - QPK **QPK** (dBuV/m) (dB) (ms) 120.000 30.954000 22.0 1000.0 17.7 18.0 40.0 ν 38.743000 18.3 1000.0 120.000 v 13.9 21.6 40.0 761.388000 30.8 1000.0 120.000 ٧ 26.6 15.2 46.0

Remark:

- 1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
- 2. QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = Limit Line(dBµV/m) Level (dBµV/m)



4.1.4 Transmitter Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 2400.000 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos. pdf.

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 7.9 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Sign on file

Maura Wang, Engineer Typed/Printed Name

June 18, 2021 Date



Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Date of Test: June 18, 2021 Model: 1014116 Worst Case Operating Mode: Transmitting

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

(2405 MHz)												
Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)					
Horizontal	2405.000	79.4	36.7	28.1	70.8	114.0	-43.2					
Horizontal	4810.000	49.4	36.7	35.5	48.2	74.0	-25.8					

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (-dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2405.000	79.4	36.7	28.1	27.6	43.2	94.0	-50.8
Horizontal	4810.000	49.4	36.7	35.5	27.6	20.6	54.0	-33.4

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.



Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Date of Test: June 18, 2021 Model: 1014116 Worst Case Operating Mode: Transmitting

Table 2

	(2440 MHz)													
Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	tor at 3m at 3i		Margin (dB)							
Horizontal	2440.000	79.1	36.7	28.3	70.7	114.0	-43.3							
Horizontal	4880.000	48.6	36.7	35.7	47.6	74.0	-26.4							

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (-dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2440.000	79.1	36.7	28.3	27.6	43.1	94.0	-50.9
Horizontal	4880.000	48.6	36.7	35.7	27.6	20.0	54.0	-34.0

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.



Applicant: SHANTOU ZINGO HOBBY CO.,LTD Date of Test: June 18, 2021 Model: 1014116 Worst Case Operating Mode: Transmitting

Table 3

Radiated Emissions (2475 MHz) Pre-Polarization Frequency Reading Antenna Net Peak Limit Margin (MHz) (dBµV) Factor (dB) Amp at 3m at 3m Gain (dB) (dBµV/m) (dBµV/m) (dB) Horizontal 2475.000 78.6 36.7 28.5 70.4 114.0 -43.6 4950.000 47.0 36.7 35.9 46.2 74.0 -27.8 Horizontal

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (-dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2475.000	78.6	36.7	28.5	27.6	42.8	94.0	-51.2
Horizontal	4950.000	47.0	36.7	35.9	27.6	18.6	54.0	-35.4

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.



5.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, the photographs of the tested EUT are saved with filename: external photos.pdf & internal photos.pdf.

6.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf.

7.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

8.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.



9.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandedge, 20dB Bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factor such as pulse desensitization.

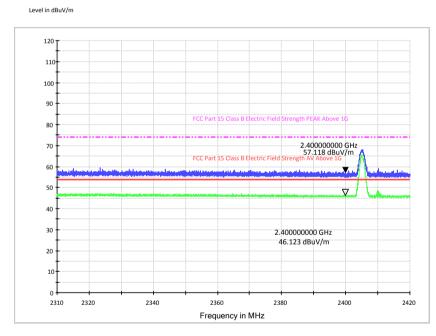
9.1 Bandedge Plot

The test plots are attached as below. From the plot, the field strength of any emissions outside of the specified frequency band are attenuated to the general radiated emission limits in section 15.209. It fulfils the requirement of 15.249(d).

Peak Measurement

Restricted-band band-edge tests shall be performed as radiated measurements, i.e (Band-edge Plot).

(i) Lower channel 2405.000 MHz:



(ii)

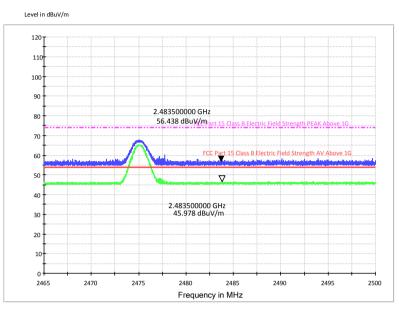
Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2400.000	65.7	36.7	28.1	57.1	74.0	-16.9

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2400.000	54.7	36.7	28.1	46.1	54.0	-7.9

The resultant field strength meets the general radiated emission limit in section 15.209, which does not exceed 74dBµv/m (Peak Limit) and 54dBµv/m (Average Limit).



(ii) Upper channel 2475.000 MHz:



Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2483.500	64.1	36.8	29.1	56.4	74.0	-17.6

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre- Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m	Margin (dB)
Horizontal	2483.500	53.7	36.8	29.1	46.0	54.0	-8.0

The resultant field strength meets the general radiated emission limit in section 15.209, which does not exceed 74dBµv/m (Peak Limit) and 54dBµv/m (Average Limit).



9.2 20dB Bandwidth

Pursuant to FCC part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over excepted variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered. The test plots are reported as below.

		_					
Spect	rum						
	vel 9	5.00 dBj		RBW 20 kHz			
Att		5 (dB SW/T 63.2 µs 👄	VBW 60 kHz N	lode Auto FFT		
1Pk Vi	ew						
90 dBµ\					M2[1]		53.23 dBµ\
o upp	ΥT						2.40503470 GH
30 dBµ\					M1[1]		32.38 dBµ\
to dopt	<u> </u>				1	1	2.40477420 GH
70 dBµ\							
o app.	í						
50 dBµ\							
o upp	<u> </u>			M2			
50 dBµ\				X	0		
	<u> </u>				$\langle \Lambda \rangle$		
40 dBµ\					VV		
				MA	81		
30 dBµ\	/ D	1 33.23	0 dBµV	7	4		
so app	ΎΤ						
20 dBµ\					~~		
.0 000	mh	m	mon			remo	mon
10 dBµ\							
	ΥT						
) dBµV-							
CF 2.4	05 GH	z		691 pt	5		Span 3.0 MHz
larker							
Туре	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Fund	ction Result
M1		1	2.4047742 GHz	32.38 dBµV			
D1 M2	M1	1	555.7 kHz 2.4050347 GHz	1.71 dB 53.23 dBuV			
M2		1	2.4050347 GHZ	55.23 dBµV			

		_						<u>v</u>
Spectru		L						[₩
Ref Leve	66			RBW 20 kH:				
Att		0	dB SWT 63.2 µs	VBW 60 kH:	2 Mode Au	to FFT		
⊖1Pk View	·							
60 dBuV—					M	1[1]		23.70 dBµ\
00 usµv—						0143		2.47476560 GH
50 dBuV-					M	2[1]		43.80 dBµ 2.47503470 GH
50 dBµv—					M2	I	1	2.47303470 GH
40 dBuV—					A A			
40 ashA—				M	1575			
					$\Psi \cup \Lambda$			
30 dBµV—				MŹ		A.		
	-D1	23.80	0 dBµV			4		
20.d8µ∀-\		\sim	mon	. /		1		
			1 60 110	VM -				
10 dBµV—	+						m	permitted
0 dBµV—	+							
-10 dBµV–	+						+	
-20 dBµV–	+				-			
-30 dBµV–	+						+	
CF 2.475	GHz			. 69	1 pts			Span 3.0 MHz
Marker								
Type R	ef	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Func	tion	Fun	ction Result
M1		1	2.4747656 GH					
	M1	1	573.1 kH:					
M2		1	2.4750347 GH	z 43.80 d	ВµV			



9.3 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

Pulse desensitivity is not applicable for this device. The effective period (T_{eff}) is approximately 760.9µs for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Section 9.4 With a resolution bandwidth (3 dB) of 100 kHz, the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB

9.4 Calculation of Average Factor

Averaging factor in $dB = 20 \log (duty cycle)$

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:

The duration of one cycle = 18.2609msEffective period of the cycle = $760.9\mu s \times 1 = 0.7609ms$ DC = 0.7609ms / 18.2609ms = 0.0417 or 4.17%

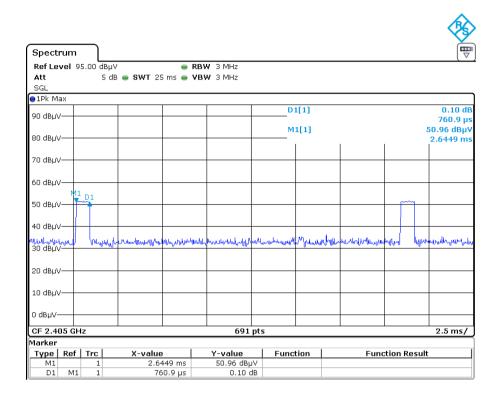
Therefore, the averaging factor is found by $20 \log_{10} (0.0417) = -27.6$ dB



The test plots are attached as below.

		_													V
Spectr		L													(5
Ref Le Att	vel 9			WT 10			W/3 MHz W/3 MHz								
GL			ub - a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10 ms -		W J MHZ								
1Pk Ma	x														
0 dBµV∙															
0 dBµV∙						+									
0 dBµV∙						_									
0 dBµV∙	_					_									
			n		ſ	n		п			n			l n	
0 dBµV∙															
0 dBµV·			<u>n</u>												
								manual harve			. النار				
uwuhuyw D dBµV∙		uww	u garana	www.wn.m	WILLING OF	When	acy ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	rand when	hulmann	wanu	an windh	www.	wr.wn	MW W	undorp
) dBµV∙	_					_						_			
) dBµV∙	+					+									
dBµV—	_					+								-	
F 2.40	5 GHz	2					691	pts						10.0) ms/
arker															Ì
Spectr Ref Lev			μV dB e S	WT 25			3 MHz 3 MHz								
Specti Ref Le ¹ Att	vel 95			WT 25											
Specti Ref Lev Att SGL) 1Pk Ma	vel 95			WT 25				D	1[1]					0	.14 dl
Specti Ref Le Att SGL	vel 95			WT 25										18.26	09 m
Spectr Ref Lev Att SGL) 1Pk Ma) 0 dBµV	vel 95 ax			WT 25					1[1]					18.26 50.96	09 m dBµ\
Spectr Ref Lev Att SGL 91 Pk Ma 90 dBµV 30 dBµV	yel 95			WT 25										18.26 50.96	09 m dBµ\
Spectr Ref Lev Att SGL) 1Pk Ma) 1Pk Ma) 0 dBµV	yel 95			WT 25										18.26 50.96	09 m: dBµ\
Specti Ref Lev Att SGL) 1Pk Ma 90 dBµV 30 dBµV 70 dBµV	yel 95			WT 25										18.26 50.96	09 m dBµ\
Specti Ref Lev Att SGL)1Pk Ma 20 dBµV 30 dBµV 70 dBµV	yel 95			WT 25										18.26 50.96	09 m dBµ\
Spectr Ref Lev SGL 1Pk Ma 90 dBµV 30 dBµV 70 dBµV	vel 95			wT 25										18.26 50.96	09 m dBµ\
Spectr Ref Lev Att SGL 11Pk Ma 20 dBµV 30 dBµV 70 dBµV 50 dBµV	vel 95	5	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz	M	1[1]			Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	09 m: ∈dBµ\ 49 m:
Specti Ref Lev SGL 11Pk M3 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV	vel 95	5	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz		1[1]	hylit.neu	AnjiAmar	Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	09 m: ∈dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectr Ref Le Att 5GL 1Pk Ma 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV 40 dBµV	vel 95	5	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz	M	1[1]	hillinger	Mahan	Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	114 dE 09 m: dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectri Ref Let SGL 9 1Pk Ma 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 20 dBµV 20 dBµV	vel 95	5	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz	M	1[1]	hijihasa	Anthese	Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	09 m: ∙ dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectr Ref Lec Att SGL 1PK M3 300 dBµV 300 dBµV 500 dBµV 500 dBµV 500 dBµV 200 dBµV 200 dBµV 200 dBµV 200 dBµV 100 dBµV 100 dBµV	vel 95	5	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz	M	1[1]			Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	09 m: ∈dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectri Ref Lev SGL 1PK MA 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV 40 dBµV 20 dBµV 10 dBµV	xel 95	5 	dB • S'		ms • '	увw 	3 MHz	M	1[1]		- Andre bisso	Ĩ		L8.26 50.96 2.64	09 m: ∈dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectr Ref Le Att SGL 1PK M3 30 dBµV 30 dBµV 50 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV 40 dBµV 10 dBµV 10 dBµV 10 dBµV - CF 2.40	vel 95	5 	dB • S'		ms • '		3 MHz	M	1[1]					18.26 50.96 2.64	09 m։ dBµ\ 49 m:
Spectri Ref Lee SGL JPK Ma SG dBµV SG dBµV	xel 95	5 	dB • S'	value	ms • '		3 MHz	M 	1[1]			Ĩ		18.26 50.96 2.64	09 m։ dBµ\ 49 m:









9.5 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.10 - 2013.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a styrene turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately 0.8 meter up to 1GHz and 1.5 meter above 1GHz in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Section 9.4.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.





9.5 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Section 9.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used, RBW 5MHz used for fundamental emission.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.



10.0 Test Equipment List

Equipment No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
SZ061-13	BiConiLog Antenna	ETS	3142E	00217919	10-Jun-2019	10-Jun-2022
SZ185-01	EMI Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100547	22-Dec-2020	22-Dec-2021
SZ061-09	Horn Antenna	ETS	3115	00092346	17-Oct-2020	17-Oct-2022
SZ061-06	Active Loop Antenna	Electro- Metrics	EM-6876	217	18-May-2021	18-May-2023
SZ061-15	Double- Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna	ETS	3116C-PA	00224718	1-Nov-2020	1-Nov-2022
SZ056-06	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101101	22-Dec-2020	22-Dec-2021
SZ181-04	Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A024 74	10-May-2021	10-May-2022
SZ188-01	Anechoic Chamber	ETS	RFD-F/A- 100	4102	25-Dec-2018	25-Dec-2021
SZ062-02	RF Cable	RADIALL	RG 213U		1-Jun-2021	1-Dec-2021
SZ062-05	RF Cable	RADIALL	0.04- 26.5GHz		1-Jun-2021	1-Dec-2021
SZ062-12	RF Cable	RADIALL	0.04- 26.5GHz		1-Jun-2021	1-Dec-2021
SZ067-04	Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM5070 2-02		11-May-2021	11-May-2022