

FCC Part 15C

Measurement and Test Report

For

InterEdge Technologies,LLC

FCC ID: 2AS6M-TT-1203

FCC Rule(s):	<u>FCC Part 15.247</u>
Product Description:	<u>Temperature-Tracker</u>
Tested Model:	<u>TT-1203</u>
Report No.:	<u>BSL190111991301RF</u>
Tested Date:	<u>March 20- 28, 2019</u>
Issued Date:	<u>March 28, 2019</u>
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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: InterEdge Technologies,LLC
 Address of applicant: 3268 San Jose St,Clearwater FL 33759-USA
 Manufacturer: ZE Mfg Services Sdn Bhd
 Address of manufacturer: Plot85C,Lintang Bayan Lepas9,Bayan Lepas Industrial Park4,Bayan Lepas 11900 Penang.Malaysia

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Temperature-Tracker
Brand Name:	Temperature-Tracker
Model No.:	TT-1203
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.0V by Battery
Adapter Information:	N/A
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.1
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	-1.59dBm (Conducted)
Modulation:	GFSK
Quantity of Channels:	40
Channel Separation:	2MHz
Type of Antenna:	Ceramic antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Lowest Internal Frequency:	32.768KHz

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the InterEdge Technologies,LLC in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices, and ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The measurement guide KDB 558074 D01 v05 for digital transmission systems shall be performed also.

1.4 Test Facility

BSL Testing Co.,LTD.

NO. 24, ZH Park, Nantou, Shenzhen, 518000 China

Designation Number : CN1217

Test Firm Registration Number: 866035

Tel: 86- 755-26508703

Fax: 86- 755-26508703

1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Battery:GFSK(BLE)	2402MHz, 2442MHz, 2480MHz

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite

Special Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
PC	Lenovo	Lenovo B490	BSTSZEMC-77

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.42\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 1.5\%$
Power Spectral Density	Conducted	$\pm 1.8\text{dB}$
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	$\pm 2.17\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	$\pm 2.88\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	$\pm 5.1\text{dB}$

1.7 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due. Date
Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	100358	2018-11-08	2019-11-07
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100550	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI7	US47140102	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Signal Generator	HP	83630B	3844A01028	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI-3	100180	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	4035A00116	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02770	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Signal Generator	IFR	2023A	202307/242	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Broadband Antenna	SCHAFFNER	2774	2774	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
Biconical and log periodic antennas	ELECTRO-METRICS	EM-6917B-1	171	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100253	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
Horn Antenna	EM	EM-6961	6462	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z5	100196	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
LISN	COM-POWER	LI-115	02027	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	Chengyu Electron	9 (L)*6 (W)* 6 (H)	BSL086	2018-10-08	2019-10-07
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	00814	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1519B	9773	2018-10-21	2019-10-20
power meter	DARE	RPR3006W	15I00041SNO03	2018-10-21	2019-10-20

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 2.1093	RF Exposure	PASS
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	PASS
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	PASS
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	N/A
§ 15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	PASS
§ 15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	PASS
§ 15.247(b)(3)	RF Output Power	PASS
§ 15.209(a)	Radiated Emission	PASS
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	PASS

Note: PASS: applicable, N/A: not applicable.

3. RF Exposure

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

3.2 Test Result

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF Exposure Report.

4. Antenna Requirement

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

4.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a Ceramic antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

5. Power Spectral Density

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

5.2 Test Procedure

According to the KDB 558074 D01 v05, the test method of power spectral density as below:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

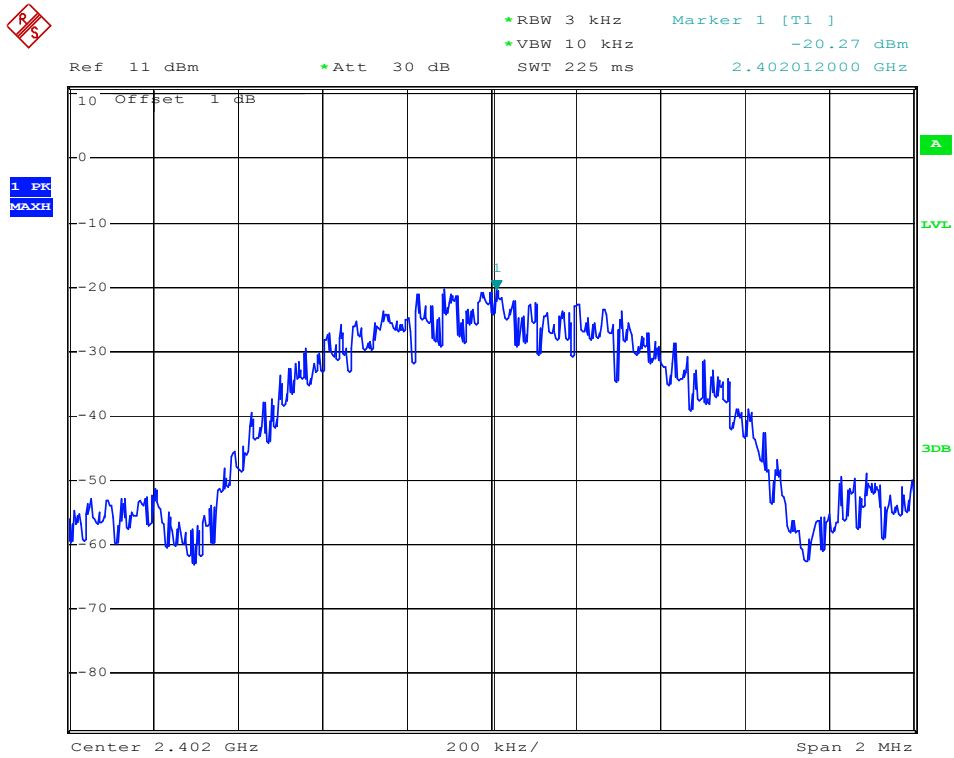
5.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Just only show the worst case

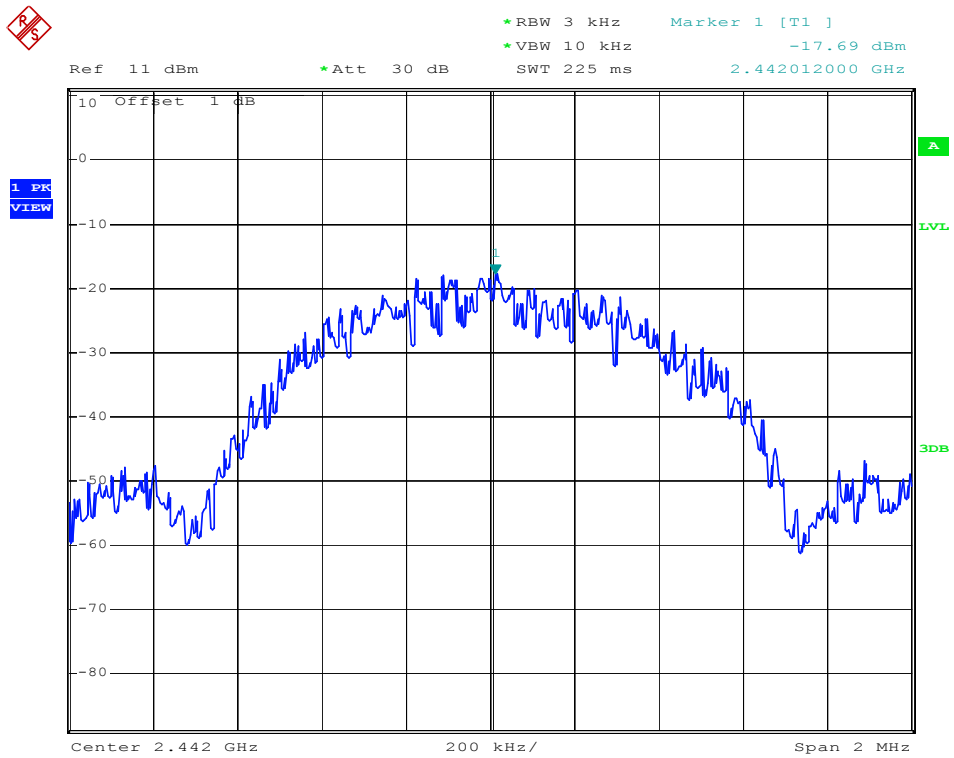
Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Power Spectral Density dBm/3kHz	Limit dBm/3kHz
GFSK(BLE)	2402	-20.27	8
	2442	-17.69	8
	2480	-17.77	8

Please refer to the following test plots:

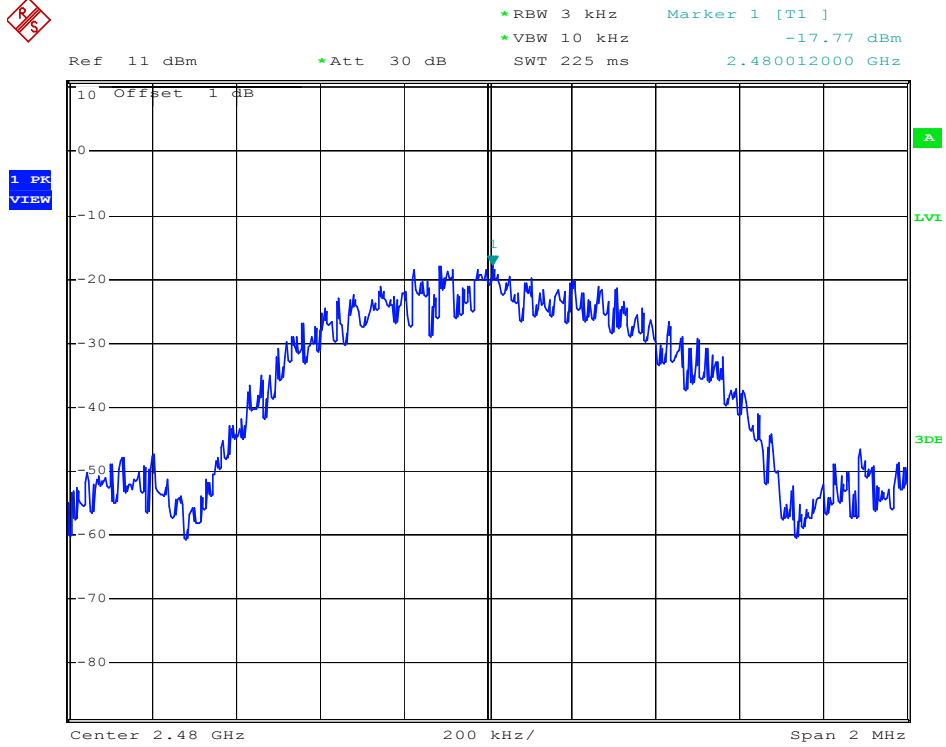
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



6. 6dB Bandwidth

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2). Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

6.2 Test Procedure

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

6.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

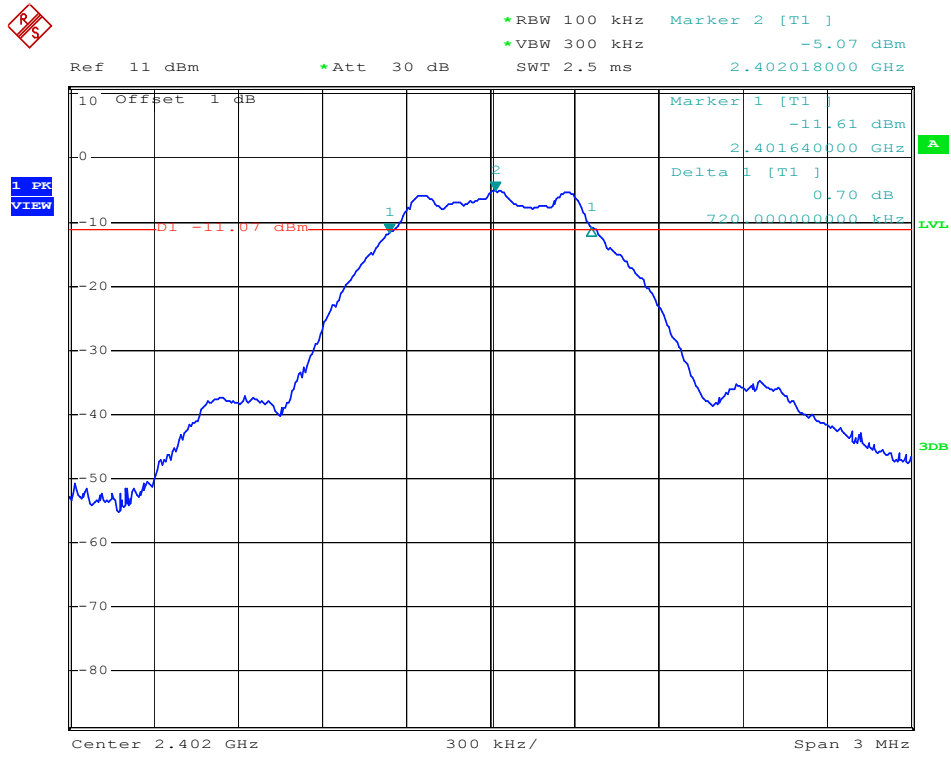
Just only show the worst case

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	6 dB Bandwidth kHz	Limit kHz
GFSK(BLE)	2402	720	≥ 500
	2442	708	≥ 500
	2480	714	≥ 500

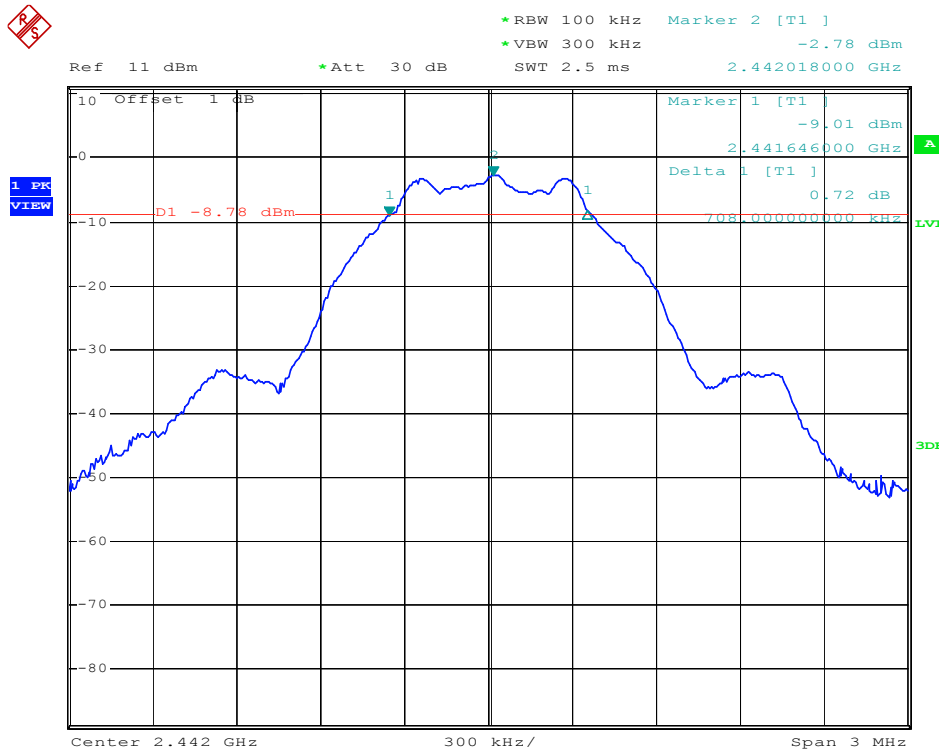
Please refer to the following test plots:

For BLE

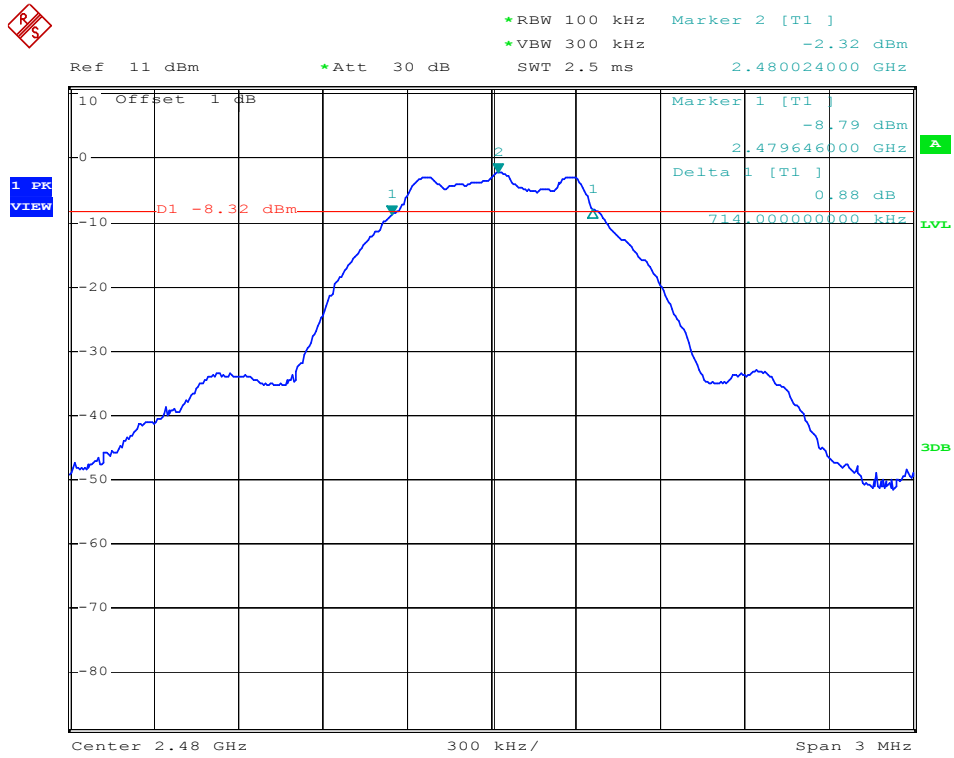
Low Channel:



Middle Channel:



High Channel:



7. RF Output Power

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(3). For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

7.2 Test Procedure

According to section KDB-558074 D01 v05 section 9.1.1, this procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

- a) Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Set span $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

7.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	57%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

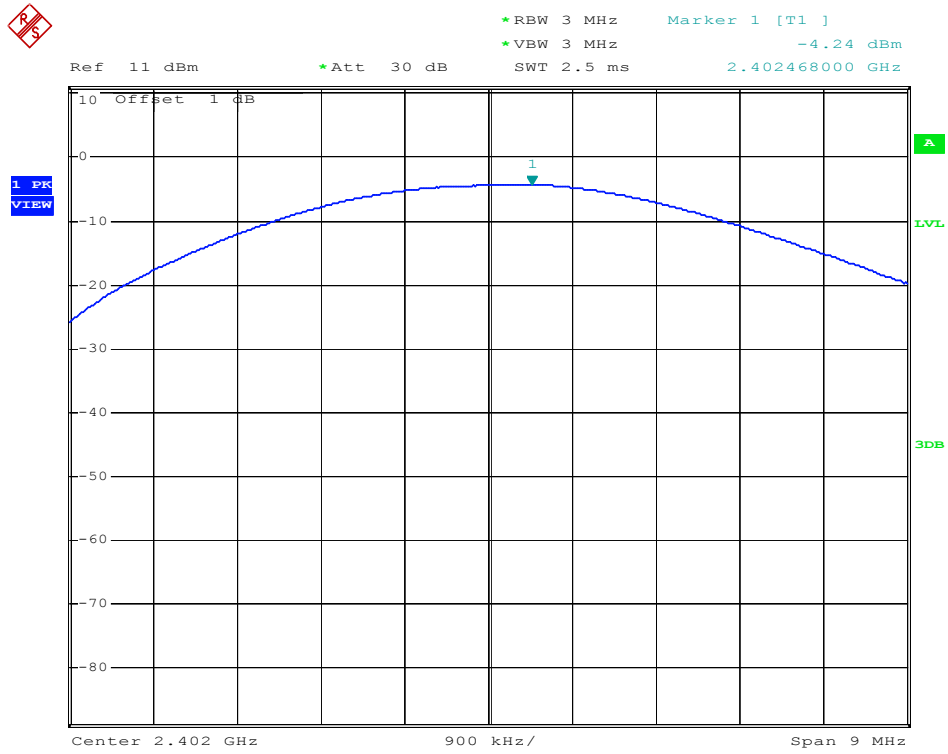
Just only show the worst case

Test Mode	Frequency MHz	Reading dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
GFSK(BLE)	2402	-4.24	0.3767	1000
	2442	-2.13	0.6124	1000
	2480	-1.59	0.6934	1000

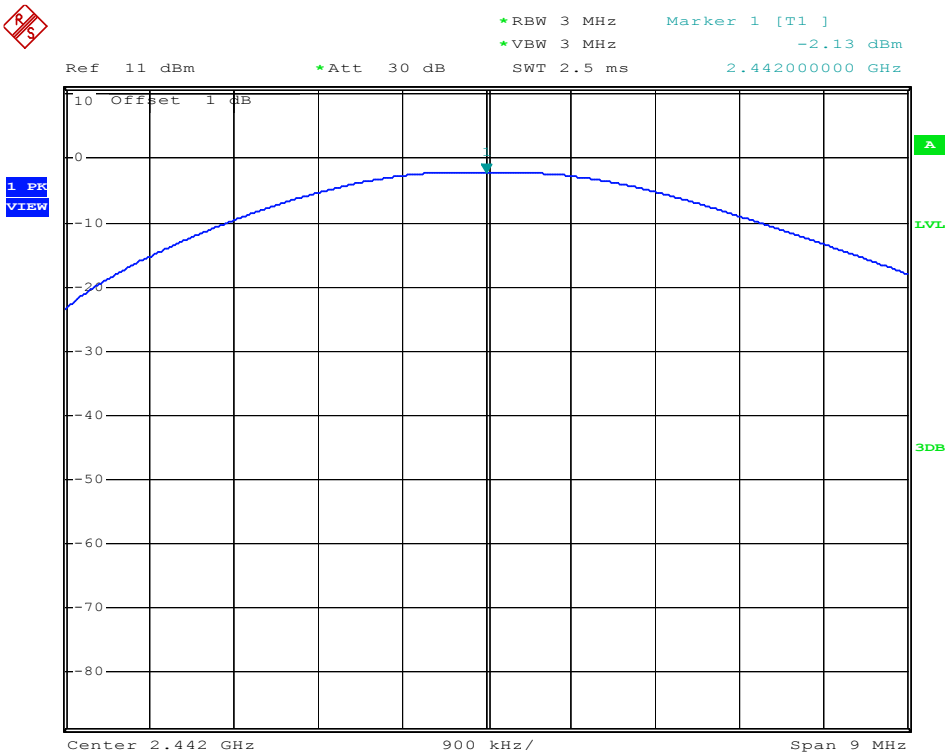
Note: the antenna gain of 0.5dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

For BLE:

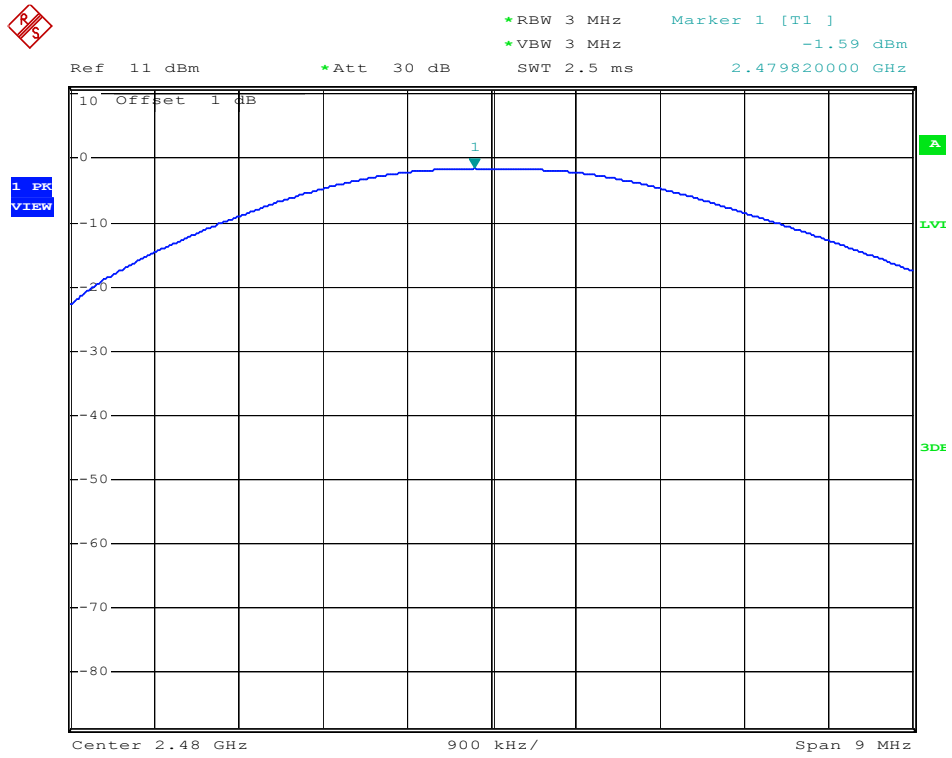
Low Channel:



Middle Channel:



High Channel:



8. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

8.1 Standard Applicable

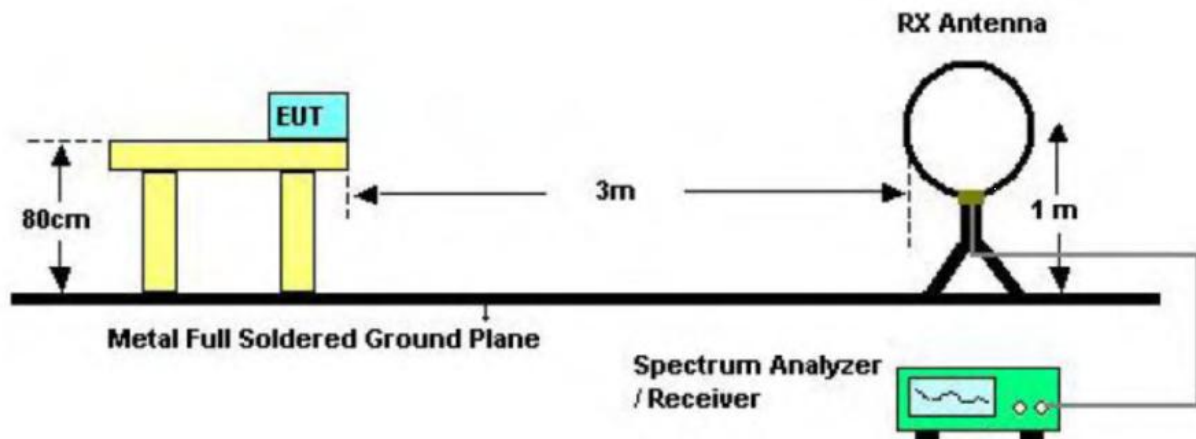
According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

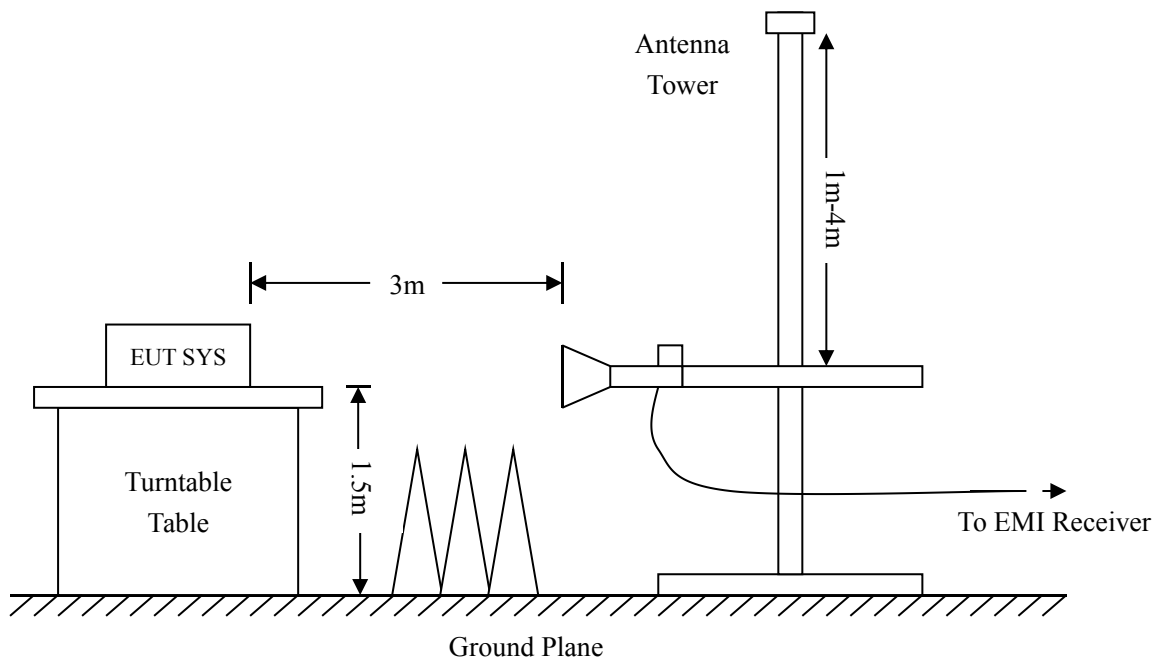
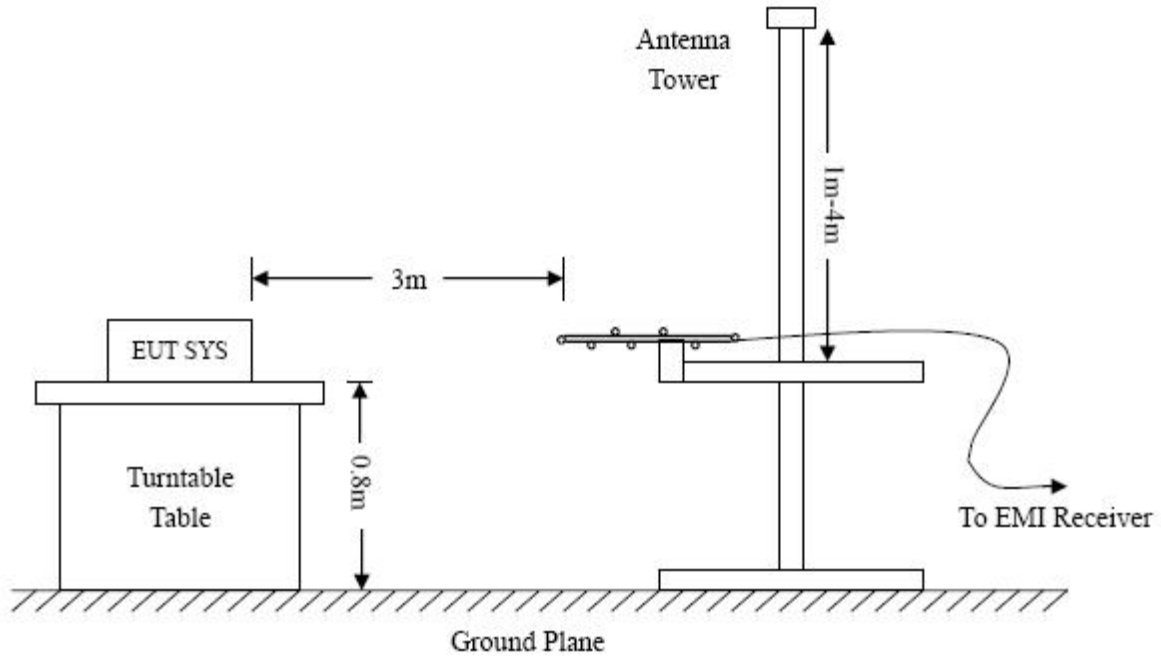
The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

8.2 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.





Frequency :9kHz-30MHz
 RBW=10KHz,
 VBW =30KHz
 Sweep time= Auto
 Trace = max hold
 Detector function = peak

Frequency :30MHz-1GHz
 RBW=120KHz,
 VBW=300KHz
 Sweep time= Auto
 Trace = max hold
 Detector function = peak, QP

Frequency :Above 1GHz
 RBW=1MHz,
 VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV)
 Sweep time= Auto
 Trace = max hold
 Detector function = peak, AV

8.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Ant. Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Ampl. Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of $-6\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ means the emission is $6\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{FCC Part 15 Limit}$$

8.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst cases:

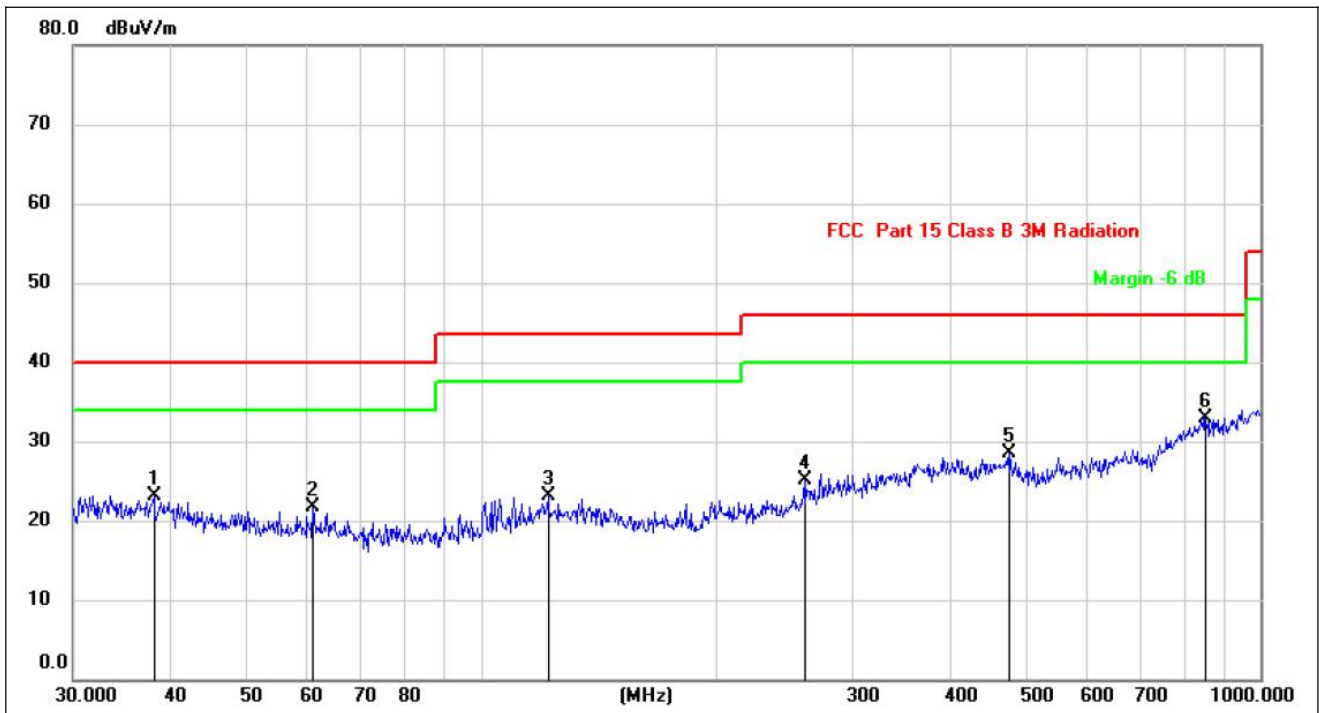
Note:

1. *Worst-case radiated emission below 1GHz is GFSK (CH High) mode.*
2. *Worst-case radiated emission above 1GHz is GFSK (CH Low, Middle, High) mode.*

The Worst Test Data Below 1GHz GFSK (CH High) mode:

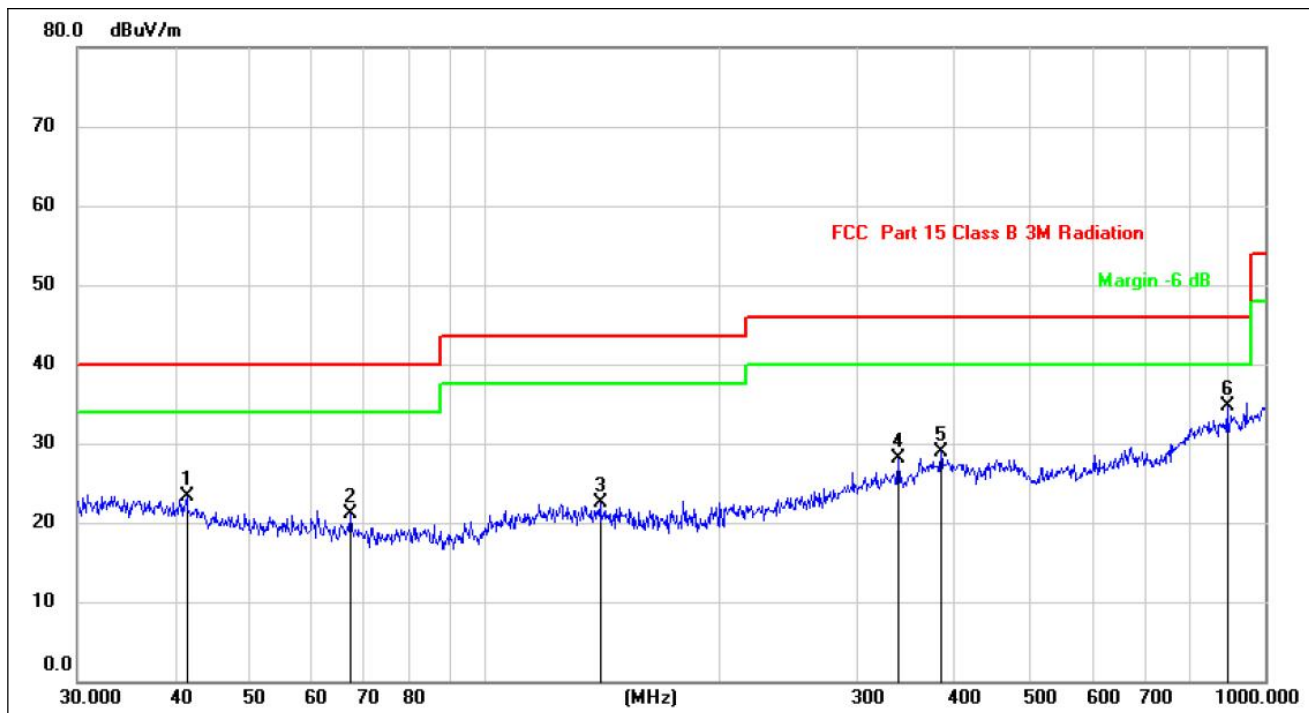
Plot of Radiated Emissions

Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dBuV/m	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Detector	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree	Comment
1		38.0782	13.61	9.48	23.09	40.00	-16.91	QP	100	121	
2		60.9176	15.34	6.41	21.75	40.00	-18.25	QP	100	83	
3		121.9754	13.97	9.11	23.08	43.50	-20.42	QP	100	268	
4		260.1444	14.85	10.33	25.18	46.00	-20.82	QP	100	37	
5		477.1693	14.15	14.35	28.50	46.00	-17.50	QP	100	114	
6	*	851.0353	14.97	18.00	32.97	46.00	-13.03	QP	100	334	

Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	degree	Comment
1		41.4215	14.14	9.13	23.27	40.00	-16.73	QP 100	153	
2		67.2022	14.89	6.19	21.08	40.00	-18.92	QP 200	66	
3		140.3420	14.20	8.28	22.48	43.50	-21.02	QP 100	58	
4		338.4001	15.03	13.12	28.15	46.00	-17.85	QP 100	247	
5		383.9318	14.26	14.64	28.90	46.00	-17.10	QP 100	155	
6	*	893.8567	15.99	18.69	34.68	46.00	-11.32	QP 100	98	

Note:

1.Measurement = Reading + Correct Factor.

2.Correct Factor =Ant. Factor + Cable Loss – Ampl. Gain.

*The Worst Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz**Transmitting: BLE mode:*

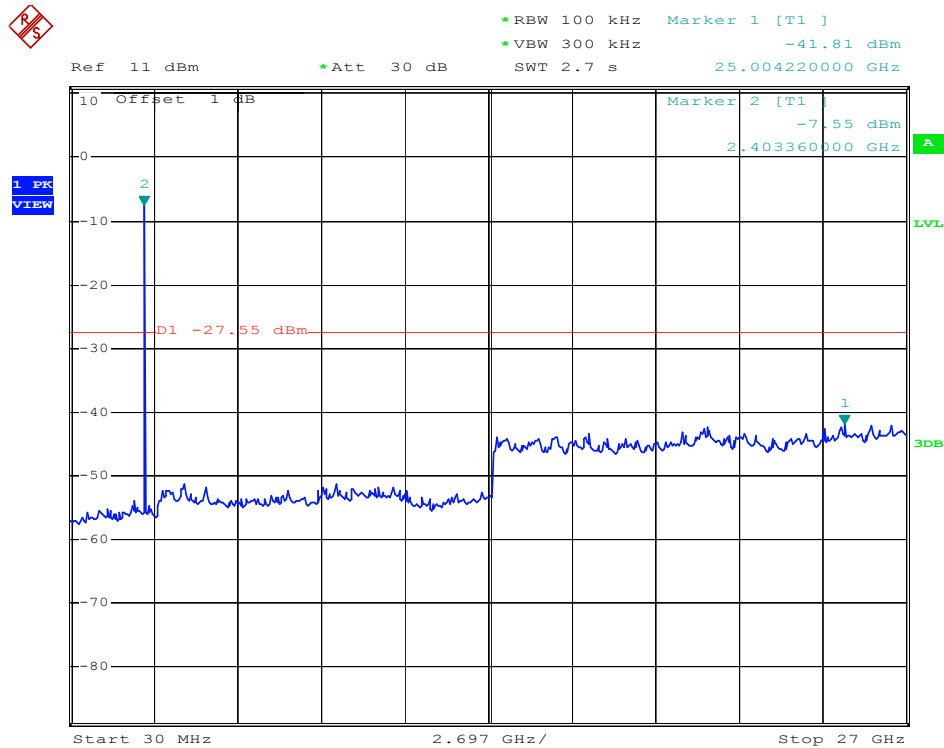
Frequency	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
Low Channel-2402MHz					
4804	53.25	74	-20.75	H	PK
4804	42.34	54	-11.66	H	AV
7206	52.27	74	-21.73	H	PK
7206	44.63	54	-9.37	H	AV
4804	51.71	74	-22.29	V	PK
4804	44.73	54	-9.27	V	AV
7206	52.35	74	-21.65	V	PK
7206	44.42	54	-9.58	V	AV
Middle Channel-2442MHz					
4884	52.59	74	-21.41	H	PK
4884	43.63	54	-10.37	H	AV
7326	53.24	74	-20.76	H	PK
7326	45.33	54	-8.67	H	AV
4884	52.27	74	-21.73	V	PK
4884	43.68	54	-10.32	V	AV
7326	52.43	74	-21.57	V	PK
7326	45.88	54	-8.12	V	AV
High Channel-2480MHz					
4960	53.45	74	-20.55	H	PK
4960	42.56	54	-11.44	H	AV
7440	52.34	74	-21.66	H	PK
7440	43.47	54	-10.53	H	AV
4960	52.58	74	-21.42	V	PK
4960	43.82	54	-10.18	V	AV
7440	52.37	74	-21.63	V	PK
7440	44.55	54	-9.45	V	AV

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

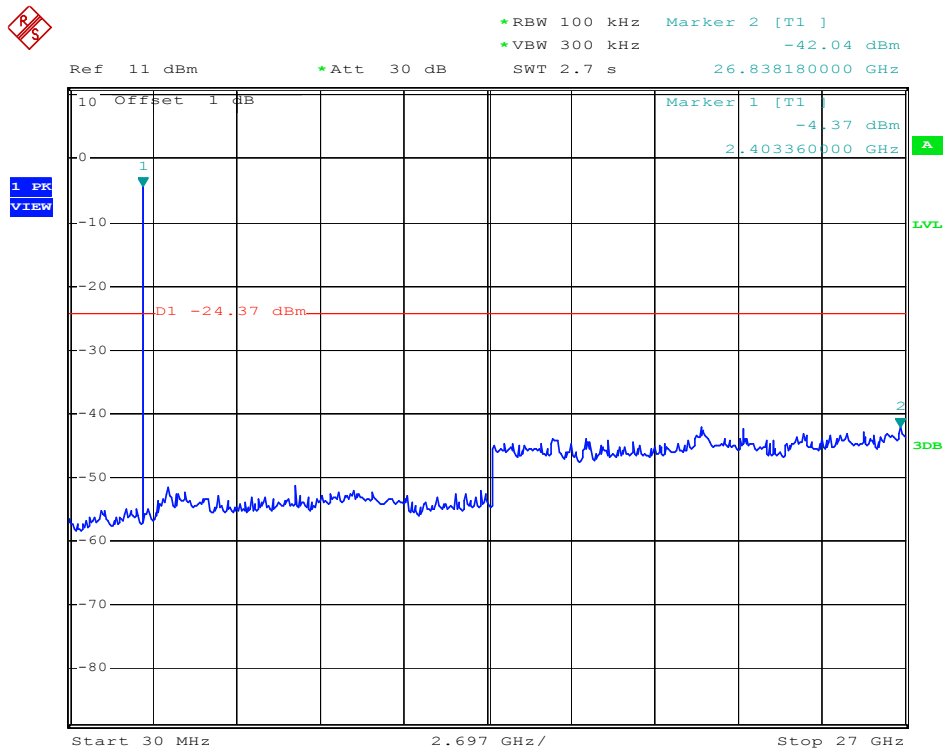
Spurious Emission(Conducted)

For BLE

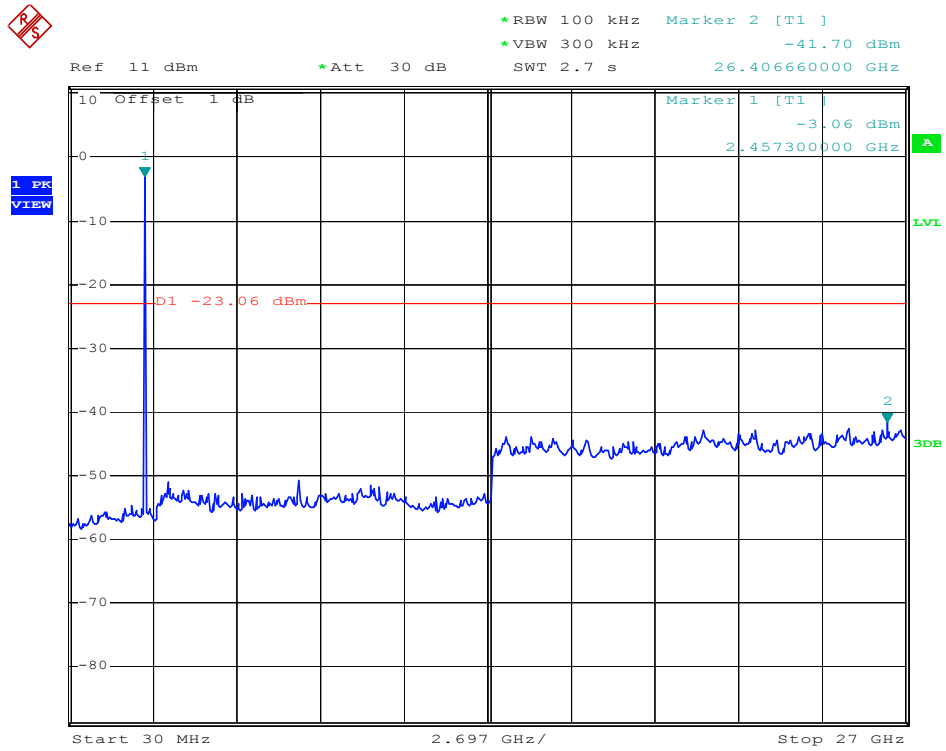
Low channel:



Middle channel:



High channel:



9. Out of Band Emissions

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

9.2 Test Procedure

According to the KDB 558074 D01 v05, the band-edge radiated test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2420MHz for low bandedge, 2460MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak/average; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated bandedge measurements.

According to the KDB 558074 D01 v05, the conducted spurious emissions test method as follows:

1. Set start frequency to DTS channel edge frequency.
2. Set stop frequency so as to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
3. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
4. Set VBW \geq 300 kHz.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Trace Mode = max hold.
7. Sweep = auto couple.
8. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
9. Use peak marker function to determine maximum amplitude of all unwanted emissions within any 100 kHz bandwidth.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in section 8.1. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

9.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

9.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots
Just only show the worst case

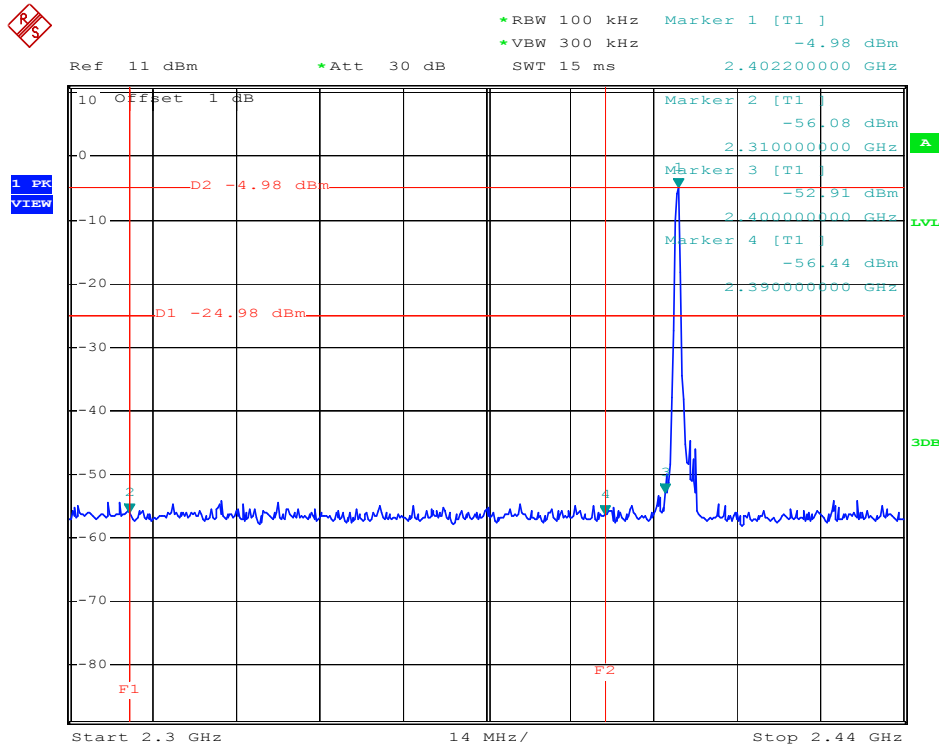
Bandedge (Radiated)

Lowest Bandedge-BLE

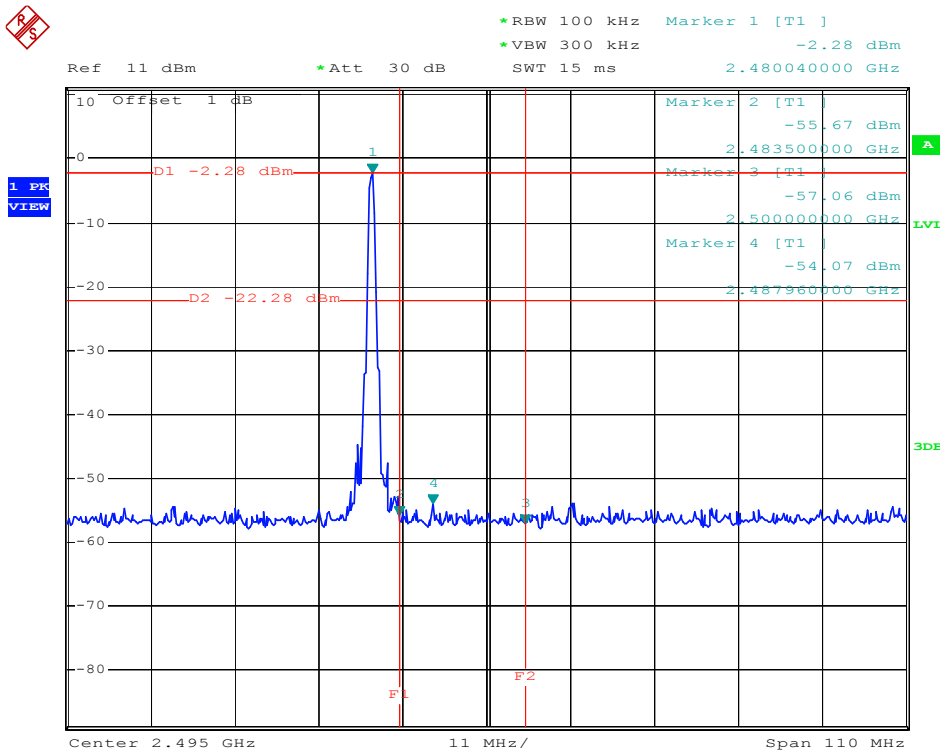
Channel	Freq.(MHz)	Reading(dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level(dBuV)	Limit(dBuV)	Margin(dB)	Detector
LOW (2402MHz)	2390	44.68	2.36	47.04	74	-26.96	Peak
	2390	37.59	2.36	39.95	54	-14.05	Average
	2400	50.56	3.45	54.01	74	-19.99	Peak
	2400	38.35	3.45	41.80	54	-12.20	Average
HIGH (2480MHz)	2483.5	51.33	2.51	53.84	74	-20.16	Peak
	2483.5	39.12	2.51	41.63	54	-12.37	Average
	2500	39.87	3.01	42.88	74	-31.12	Peak
	2500	36.26	3.01	39.27	54	-14.73	Average

Bandedge (Conducted)

Lowest



High Channel:



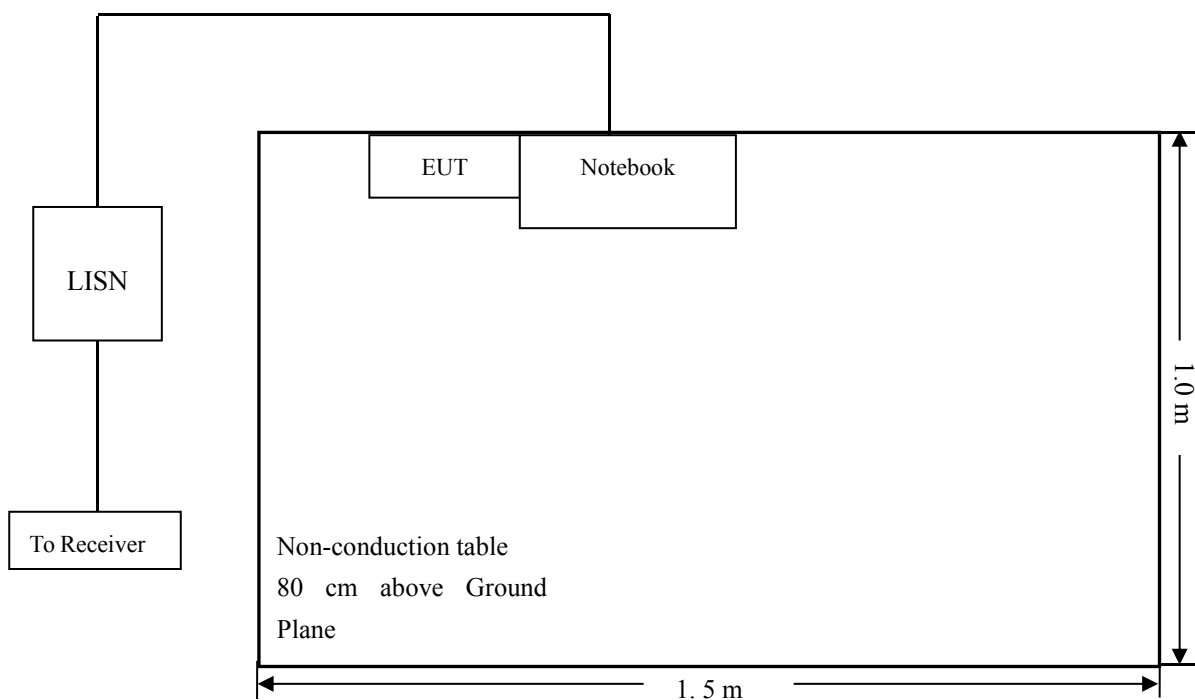
10. Conducted Emissions

10.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

10.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



10.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

10.4 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency..... 150 kHz
Stop Frequency..... 30 MHz
Sweep Speed..... Auto
IF Bandwidth..... 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth..... 9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode..... Normal

10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 10.6, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207 Conducted margin for this device

10.6 Conducted Emissions Test Data

Note: This test is not applicable to battery powered equipment

***** END OF REPORT *****