

#### **FCC - TEST REPORT**

Report Number : **64.790.19.03270.01** Date of Issue: September 11, 2019

Model : BT328

Product Type : Wireless Earphones

Applicant : DONG GUAN GOVIN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

License holder : DONG GUAN GOVIN ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

Address : No.13, Xisha Road, Shijie Town, Dong Guan City, China

Test Result : ■ Positive □ Negative

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43

Total pages including Appendices

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# 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

#### **Details about the Test Laboratory**

Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Building 12&13, Zhiheng Wisdomland Business Park,

Nantou Checkpoint Road 2, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen City, 518052,

P. R. China

FCC Registration

Number:

514049

IC Registration

Number:

10320A

Telephone: 86 755 8828 6998 Fax: 86 755 828 5299



# 3 Description of the Equipment Under Test

Product: Wireless Earphones

Model no.: BT328

FCC ID: 2ARZWBT328

Rating: DC 3.7V

RF Transmission Frequency: 2402MHz to 2480MHz

Modulation: GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Antenna Gain: -0.68dBi

Description of the EUT: The EUT is a Wireless Earphones which can play music by

connecting Bluetooth.



# 4 Summary of Test Standards

	Test Standards
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES
10-1-2017 Edition	Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

All the test methods were according to Public Notice DA 00-705 -Frequency Hopper Spread Spectrum Test Procedure released by FCC on March 30, 2000 and C63.10 (2013).



# 5 Summary of Test Results

	Technical Requirements			
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	•			
Test Condition		Pages	Test Site	Test Result
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	10-12	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(b)(1)	Conducted peak output power	13-18	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB bandwidth			N/A
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth	19-28	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation	29-31	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequencies	32-33	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	34-36	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(e)	Power spectral density*			N/A
§15.247(d)	Spurious RF conducted emissions	37-40	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(d)	Band edge	41-47	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(d) & §15.209 &	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	48-49	Site 1	Pass
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See	note 2	Pass

Note 1: N/A=Not Applicable.

Note 2: The EUT uses a PCB antenna, which gain is 0dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.



#### 6 General Remarks

#### **Remarks**

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ART4BT119, complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

#### **SUMMARY:**

Peter Jia

ΑII	tests	according	to the	regulations	cited o	n page	5 were
$\neg$ III	เบิงเง	according	to the	regulations	Cited 0	nipage	JWCIC

The tools according to the regulations offer on page of treto
■ - Performed
□ - <b>Not</b> Performed
The Equipment Under Test

- - Fulfills the general approval requirements.
- ☐ **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Dood Hot railing and going	oral approval rogaliomonio.	
Sample Received Date:	May 16, 2019	_
Testing Start Date:	June 6, 2019	_
Testing End Date:	July 18, 2019	<del>-</del>
- TÜV SÜD Certification an	d Testing (China) Co., Ltd. G	Guangzhou Branch -
Reviewed by:	Prepared by:	Tested by:
PeterJ	Matt 2 hang	

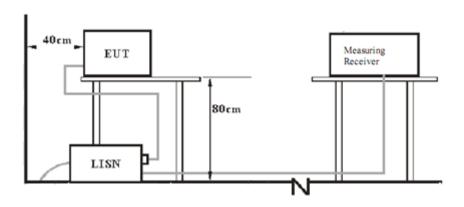
Matt Zhang

Joe Gu

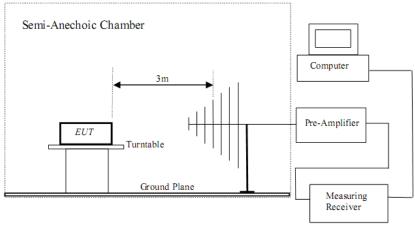


# 7 Test Setups

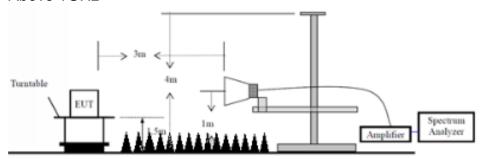
#### 7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



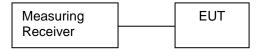
#### 7.2 Radiated test setups Below 1GHz



#### Above 1GHz



#### 7.3 Conducted RF test setups





# 8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
Mobile Phone	SAMSUNG	GALAXY S3	

Test software: FCC Assist 2.4, which used to control the EUT in continues transmitting mode

The system was configured to hopping mode and non-hopping mode.

Hopping mode: typical working mode (normal hopping status)

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power



# 9 Technical Requirement

#### 9.1 Conducted Emission

#### **Test Method**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
- 2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through a Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
- 3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
- 4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

#### Limit

Frequency	QP Limit	<b>AV Limit</b>		
MHz	dΒμV	dΒμV		
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*	_	
0.500-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		

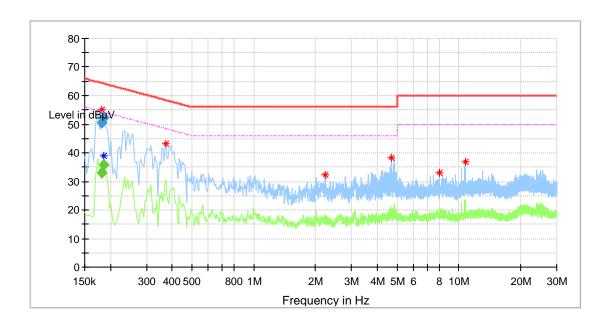
Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency

#### **Conducted Emission**



M/N : BT328 Operating Condition : Charging

Conduct Line : L



# Critical\_Freqs

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Line	Corr. (dB)
0.181500	54.96		64.21	9.25	L1	10.2
0.185500		38.88	54.21	15.33	L1	10.2
0.374000	43.03		58.41	15.39	L1	10.3
2.238000	32.20		56.00	23.80	L1	10.3
4.674000	38.20		56.00	17.80	L1	10.4
8.042000	32.88		60.00	27.12	L1	10.6
10.718000	36.78		60.00	23.22	L1	10.6

# Final\_Result\_

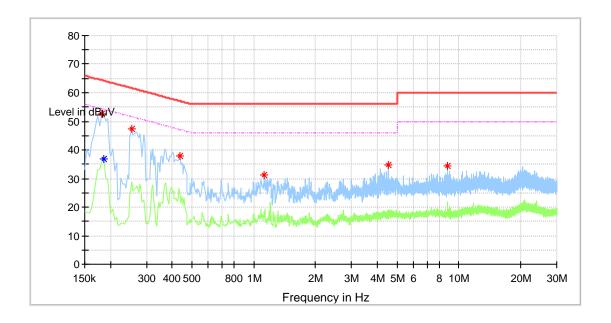
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	(dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Line	(dB)
0.181500	50.68		64.42	13.74	L1	10.2
0.181500		33.02	54.42	21.40	L1	10.2
0.185500	52.16		64.24	12.08	L1	10.2
0.185500		35.96	54.24	18.28	L1	10.2
	•					





Product Type Wireless Earphones

M/N BT328 Operating Condition Conduct Line Charging



Critical\_Freqs

Frequency	MaxPeak	Average	Limit	Margin	Line	Corr.
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)		(dB)
0.182000	52.68		64.39	11.71	N	10.2
0.186000		36.85	54.21	17.36	N	10.2
0.254000	47.26		61.63	14.37	N	10.2
0.438000	38.01		57.10	19.09	N	10.3
1.126000	31.21		56.00	24.79	N	10.3
4.518000	34.70		56.00	21.30	N	10.4
8.834000	34.31		60.00	25.69	N	10.6



## 9.2 Conducted peak output power

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW≥RBW,
   Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 2. Add a correction factor to the display.
- 3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power

#### Limits

Frequency Range	Limit	Limit
MHz	W	dBm
2400-2483.5	≤1	≤30

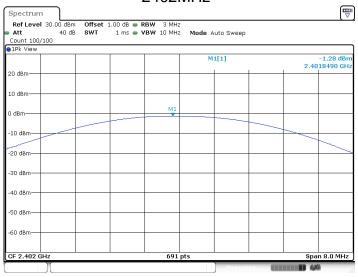


#### Conducted peak output power

#### Bluetooth Mode GFSK modulation Test Result

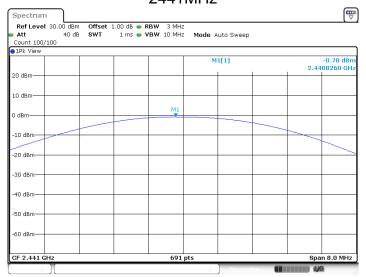
Frequency MHz	Output Power dBm	Result	
Low channel 2402MHz	-1.28	Pass	_
Middle channel 2441MHz	-0.78	Pass	
High channel 2480MHz	-0.97	Pass	

#### 2402MHz



Date:15.JUL.2019 20:01:02

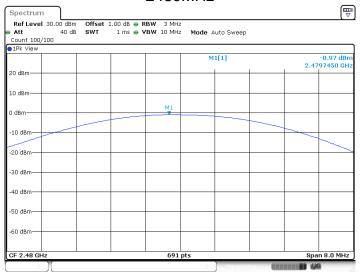
#### 2441MHz



Date: 15 JUL 2019 20:01:23





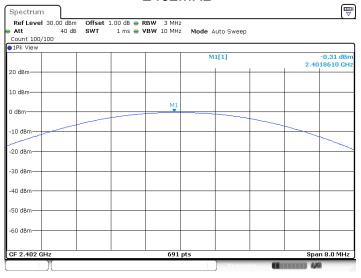


Date: 15 JUL 2019 20:01:37

#### Bluetooth Mode $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation Test Result

# Frequency Output Power Result MHz dBm Low channel 2402MHz -0.31 Pass Middle channel 2441MHz 0.17 Pass High channel 2480MHz -0.03 Pass

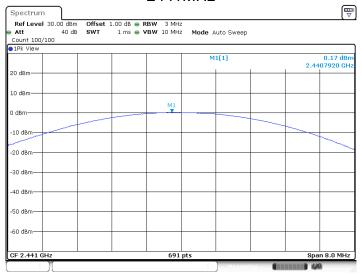
#### 2402MHz



Date:15\_JUL\_2019 20:01:55

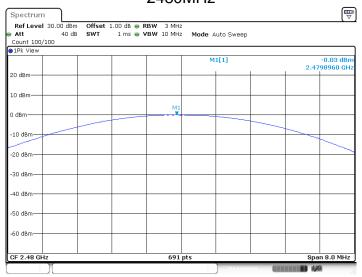


#### 2441MHz



Date: 15 JUL 2019 20:02:10

#### 2480MHz



Date: 15 JUL 2019 20:02:28



#### 9.3 20 dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

#### **Test Method**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

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Limit [kHz]	
 N/A	



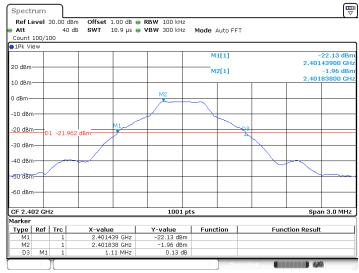
#### 20 dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

#### Bluetooth Mode GFSK Modulation test result

	Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Limit	Result	
_	MHz	kHz	kHz	kHz		
	2402	1110	845		Pass	
	2441	1113	848		Pass	
	2480	1110	848		Pass	

#### 20db Bandwidth

#### 2402MHz



Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:39:00

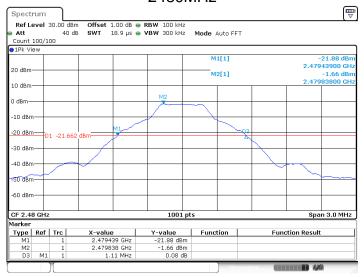






Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:41:27

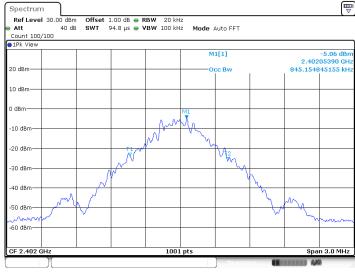
#### 2480MHz



Date:15.JUL.2019 19:42:50

#### 99% Bandwidth

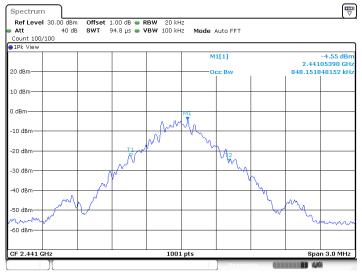
#### 2402MHz



Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:39:11

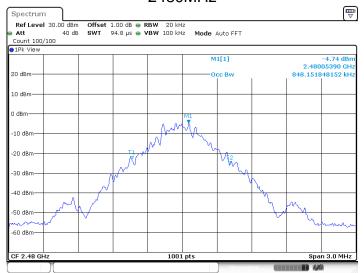






Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:41:39

#### 2480MHz



Date:15.JUL.2019 19:43:02

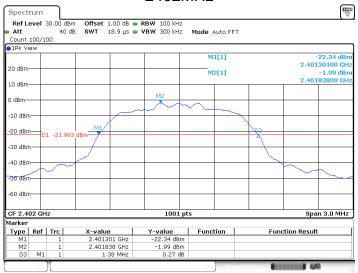


#### Bluetooth Mode π/4-DQPSK Modulation test result

Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Limit	Result	
MHz	kHz	kHz	kHz		
2402	1110	1172		Pass	
2441	1113	1172		Pass	
2480	1110	1175		Pass	

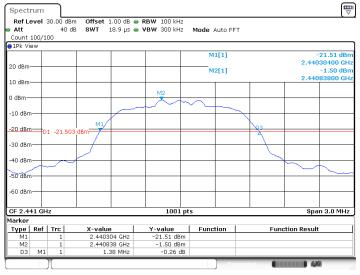
#### 20db Bandwidth

#### 2402MHz



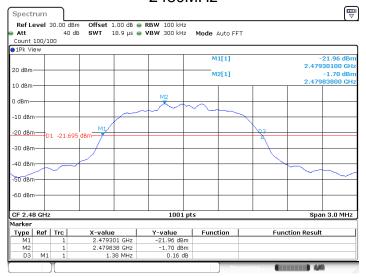






Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:48:11

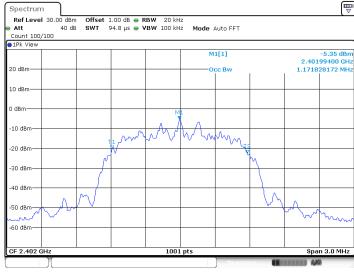
#### 2480MHz



Date:15.JUL.2019 19:49:33

#### 99% Bandwidth

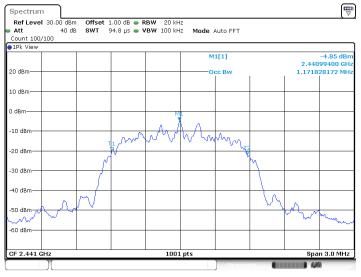
#### 2402MHz



Date:15.JUL.2019 19:45:35

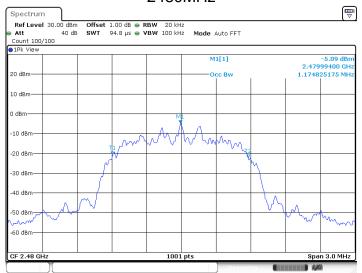






Date:15.JUL.2019 19:48:22

#### 2480MHz



Date:15JUL.2019 19:49:44



## 9.4 Carrier Frequency Separation

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels, RBW ≥ 1% of the span, VBW) ≥RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak
- 2. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer marker function.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### Limit

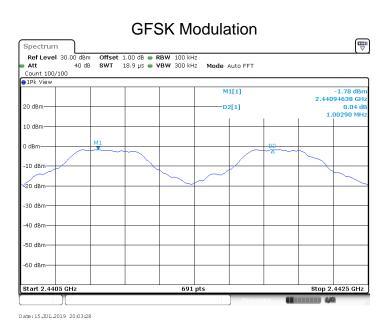
Limit
kHz
≥25KHz or 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth which is greater

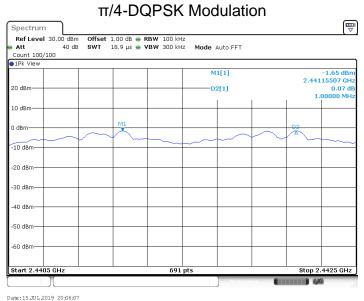


#### **Carrier Frequency Separation**

Test result: The measurement was performed with the typical configuration (normal hopping status).

Modulation	Modulation Carrier Frequency Separation	
	kHz	
GFSK	1003	Pass
π/4-DQPSK	1	Pass







## 9.5 Number of hopping frequencies

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels, RBW ≥ 1% of the span, VBW) ≥RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode.
- 3. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

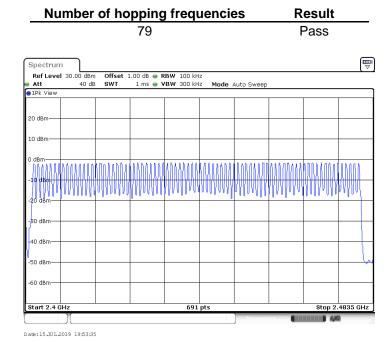
	m	18

Limit				
number				
 ≥ 15				



#### **Number of hopping frequencies**

Test result: The measurement was performed with the typical configuration (normal hopping status), and the total hopping channels is constant for the all modulation mode according with the Bluetooth Core Specification. Here GFSK modulation mode was used to show compliance.





#### 9.6 Dwell Time

#### **Test Method**

- Connect EUT antenna terminal to the spectrum analyzer with a low loss cable.
   Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer
- 2. RBW: 1MHz; VBW: 1MHz; SPAN: Zero Span
- 3. Adjust the center frequency of spectrum analyzer on any frequency be measured.
- 4. Measure the Dwell Time by spectrum analyzer Marker function.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### Limit

The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.



#### **Dwell Time**

#### **Dwell time**

The maximum dwell time shall be 0,4 s.

According to the Bluetooth Core Specification, the worse result (DH5 mode) was reported to show compliance.

The Dwell Time = Burst Width \* Total Hops. The detailed calculations are showed as follows: The duration for dwell time calculation: 0.4 [s] \* hopping number = 0.4 [s] \* 79 [ch] = 31.6 [s\*ch];

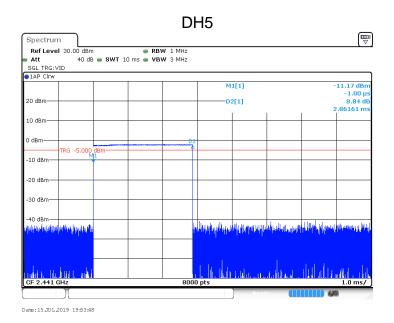
The burst width, which is directly measured, refers to the duration on one channel hop.

The maximum number of hopping channels in 31.6s for DH5=1600 / 6 / 79 \*31.6=106.67

#### Test Result

Modulation	Mode	Reading (ms)	Total Hops	Test Result (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH5	2.86	70	200	< 400	Pass
π/4-DQPSK	2DH5	2.87	70	201	< 400	Pass

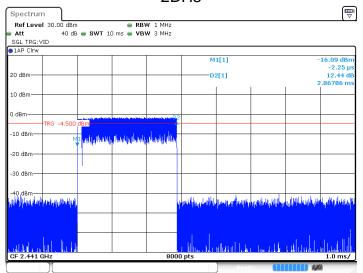
#### **GFSK Modulation**





#### π/4-DQPSK Modulation

#### 2DH5



Date: 15 JUL 2019 20:04:0



#### 9.7 Spurious RF conducted emissions

#### **Test Method**

- Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span. RBW = 100 kHz, VBW≥RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
- 3. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit these plots.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### Limit

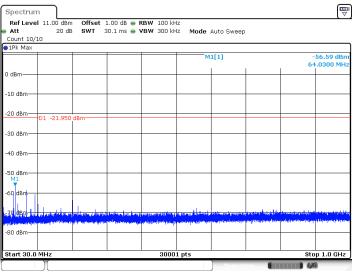
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).



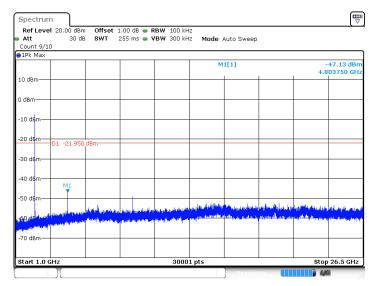
#### **Spurious RF conducted emissions**

Only the worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK mode) test result is listed in the report.

#### 2402MHz



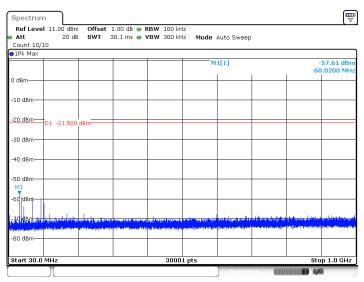
Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:47:02



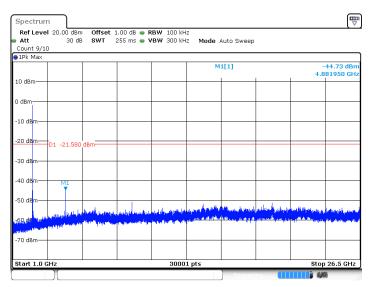
Date:15.JUL.2019 19:47:14



#### 2441MHz



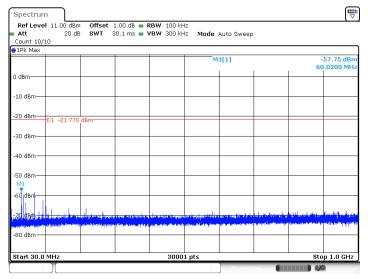
Date:15\_JUL\_2019 19:48:38



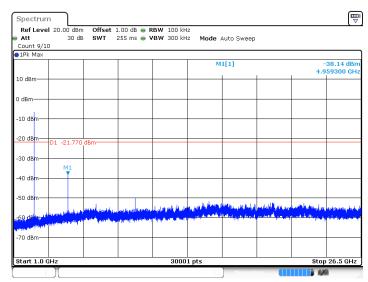
Date:15JUL2019 19:48:50

# TÜV

#### 2480MHz



Date:15\_JUL\_2019 19:51:08



Date:15JUL2019 19:51:19



#### 9.8 Band edge testing

#### **Test Method**

- 1 Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious RBW = 100 kHz, VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 2 Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
- 3 The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. .
- 4 Repeat the test at the hopping off and hopping on mode, submit all the plots.

#### Limit:

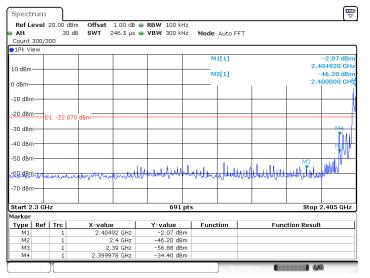
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).



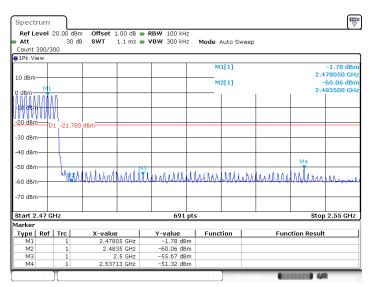
#### **Band edge testing**

GFSK Modulation Test Result:

Hopping on mode:



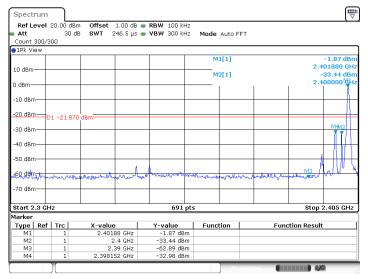
Date:15.JUL.2019 19:51:40



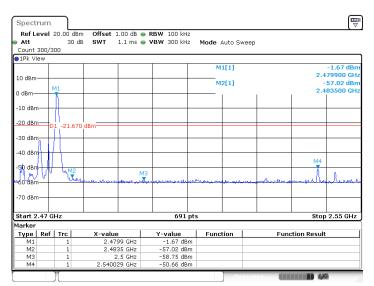
Date:15JUL2019 19:55:43

# TÜV

# Hopping off mode:



Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:39:21

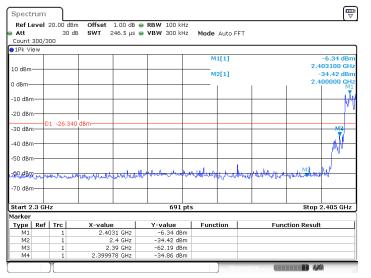


Date:15.JUL.2019 19:43:11

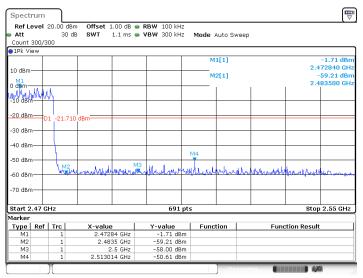


# $\pi/4\text{-}DQPSK$ Modulation Test Result:

Hopping on mode:



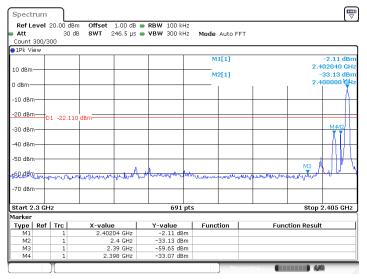
Date:15\_JUL\_2019 19:56:48



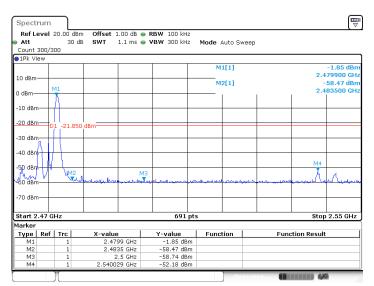
Date:15\_JUL\_2019 19:59:39

# TUV SUD

# Hopping off mode:



Date: 15 JUL 2019 19:45:44



Date:15.JUL.2019 19:49:54



#### 9.9 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

#### **Test Method**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

  Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured, RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥

  1GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak,

  Trace = max hold
- 4. Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-2014 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, submit this data. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 5. Set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the duty cycle per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(duty cycle/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

#### Limit

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency	Field Strength	Field Strength	Detector
MHz	uV/m	dBμV/m	
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK



#### Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, GFSK mode) test result is listed in the report.

#### Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

Bluetooth Mode GFSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBµV/m		dBuV/m	
943.25	36.89	Н	46.00	PK	9.11	Pass
943.25	34.78	V	46.00	PK	11.22	Pass
4803.75*	39.01	Н	74.00	PK	34.99	Pass
7490.281*	38.23	Н	74.00	PK	35.77	Pass
1793.156	29.45	V	74.00	PK	44.55	Pass
6000.125	42.78	V	74.00	PK	31.22	Pass

#### Bluetooth Mode GFSK Modulation 2441MHz Test Result

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBμV/m		dBuV/m	
4883.968*	40.20	Н	74.00	PK	33.80	Pass
7427.062*	38.61	Н	74.00	PK	35.39	Pass
4883.437*	38.45	V	74.00	PK	35.55	Pass
7405.281*	38.74	V	74.00	PK	35.26	Pass

#### Bluetooth Mode GFSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result

Frequency	Emission Level	Polarization	Limit	Detector	Margin	Result
MHz	dBuV/m		dBμV/m		dBuV/m	
1259.781	30.98	Н	74.00	PK	43.02	Pass
3536.718	33.73	Н	74.00	PK	40.27	Pass
4959.937*	39.34	V	74.00	PK	34.66	Pass
7483.375*	38.01	V	74.00	PK	35.99	Pass

#### Remark:

- (1) "\*" means the emission(s) appear within the restrict bands shall follow the requirement of section 15.205.
- (2) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "--" in the table above means the reading of emissions are the noise floor or attenuated more than 10dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (3) Above 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Amplifier Gain Below 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss



# 10 Test Equipment List

#### **List of Test Instruments**

	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR 3	101782	2020-6-28
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV4200	100249	2020-6-28
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100326	2020-6-28
	ISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENY81	100177	2020-6-28
CE	ISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENY81- CAT6	101664	2020-6-28
	High Voltage Proble	Rohde & Schwarz	TK9420(VT9 420)	9420-584	2020-6-24
	RF Current probe	Rohde & Schwarz	EZ-17	100816	2020-7-2
С	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	108272	2020-6-28
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101030	2020-6-28
	Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMU 200A	105324	2020-6-28
	RF Switch Module	Rohde & Schwarz	OSP120/OS P-B157	101226/10085 1	2020-6-28
	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR 26	101269	2020-6-28
RE ·	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	707	2020-6-28
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102294	2020-6-22
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU 18	102230	2020-6-28
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6		2020-7-7

#### C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth
- 20dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Carrier frequency separation
- Number of hopping frequencies
- Dwell Time
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge

#### RE - Radiated RF tests

• Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter



# 11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

System Measurement Uncertainty				
Test Items	Extended Uncertainty			
Uncertainty for Radiated Emission in 3m chamber 30MHz-	Horizontal: 4.91dB;			
1000MHz	Vertical: 4.89dB;			
Uncertainty for Radiated Emission in 3m chamber 1000MHz-	Horizontal: 4.80dB;			
18000MHz	Vertical: 4.79dB;			
Uncertainty for Conducted Emission 150KHz-30MHz	U=3.21dB			
RF Power Conducted:	1.16dB			
Frequency test involved:	0.6×10 <sup>-7</sup> or 1%			
Spurious emissions Conducted measurement	1.43dB			