

# **TEST REPORT**

# FCC PART 15 SUBPART C 15.247

Test report On Behalf of Miniso Corporation For Wireless Headphones Model No.: TB13

FCC ID: 2ART4-TB13

Prepared for : Miniso Corporation Room 2501, No. 486 Heye Square, Kangwang Middle Road, Liwan District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Prepared By :Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street,<br/>Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

 Date of Test:
 Jan. 05, 2021 ~ Jan. 12, 2021

 Date of Report:
 Jan. 12, 2021

 Report Number:
 HK2101050110-E



# **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant's name:	Miniso Corporation
Address:	Room 2501, No. 486 Heye Square, Kangwang Middle Road, Liwan District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Manufacture's Name	Dongguan Shengbang Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	Room 101, No. 33, Shenxi Road, Houjie Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China
Product description	
Trade Mark:	MINISO
Product name:	Wireless Headphones
Model and/or type reference :	TB13
Standards	47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

Date of Test	
Date (s) of performance of tests	Jan. 05, 2021 ~ Jan. 12, 2021
Date of Issue	Jan. 12, 2021
Test Result	Pass

Prepared by:

Gang Qiam Project Engineer

Reviewed by:

Edan Hu

**Project Supervisor** 

Approved by:

)ason Zhou

Technical Director



# Table of Contents

# Page

1. SUN	ЛМАRY	5
1.1.	TEST STANDARDS	5
1.2.	TEST DESCRIPTION	5
1.3.	Test Facility	6
1.4.	STATEMENT OF THE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
2. GEN	IERAL INFORMATION	7
2.1.	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	7
2.2.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	7
2.3.	DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND TEST FREQUENCY	8
2.4.	EQUIPMENTS USED DURING THE TEST	9
2.5.	Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)	
2.6.	Modifications	
2.7.	DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP	10
3. TEST	T CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	
3.1.	Conducted Emissions Test	11
3.2.	RADIATED EMISSIONS AND BAND EDGE	14
3.3.	MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	25
3.4.	20dB Bandwidth	26
3.5.	FREQUENCY SEPARATION	
3.6.	NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY	32
3.7.	TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)	
3.8.	Out-of-band Emissions	
3.9.	PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE	
3.10.	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	45
4. TEST	T SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT	
5. PHC	DTOS OF THE EUT	



# **Revison History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	Jan. 12, 2021	Initial Issue	Jason Zhou



# 1. SUMMARY

# **1.1. TEST STANDARDS**

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

ANSI C63.10:2013 : American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

# **1.2. Test Description**

FCC PART 15.247		
FCC Part 15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.215	20dB Bandwidth& 99% Bandwidth	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS
FCC Part 15.247 (a) (1)	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequency& Time of Occupancy	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Separation	PASS
FCC Part 15.205/15.209	Radiated Emissions	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	PASS



# 1.3. Test Facility

# 1.3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Add.:1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park,Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 32/EN 55032 requirements.

# 1.3.2 Laboratory accreditation

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

### IC Registration No.: 21210

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration No.: 21210 on May 24, 2016.

# 1.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	±0.37 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	±3.35 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	±2.20 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	±3.68%	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	±3.90dB	(1)
Radiated Emission Above 1GHz	±4.28dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance0.15~30MHz	±2.71dB	(1)

Hereafter the best measurement capability for HUAK laboratory is reported:

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.



# 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 2.1. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Normal Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
Air Pressure:	101 kPa

# 2.2. General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Wireless Headphones
Model/Type reference:	TB13
Serial Model:	N/A
Model Difference:	N/A
Power supply:	DC 3.7V from Battery or DC 5V from USB
Version:	Supported EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna gain:	0dBi
Hardware Version:	V2.3
Software Version:	V2

Note: For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

# 2.3. Description of Test Modes and Test Frequency

The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing. There are 79 channels provided to the EUT and Channel 00/39/78 was selected for testing.

#### Operation Frequency :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402
01	2403
:	:
38	2440
39	2441
40	2442
:	:
77	2479
78	2480

Note: The line display in grey were the channel selected for testing



Preliminary tests were performed in each mode and packet length of BT, and found worst case as bellow, finally test were conducted at those mode and recorded in this report.

Test Items	Worst case
Conducted Emissions	DH5 Middle channel
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge	DH5
Maximum Conducted Output Power	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
20dB Bandwidth&99% Bandwidth	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5/3DH5 Middle channel
Number of hopping frequency	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH1/DH3/DH5 Middle channel 2DH1/2DH3/2DH5 Middle channel 3DH1/3DH3/3DH5 Middle channel
Out-of-band Emissions	DH5/2DH5/3DH5

# 2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESR-7	HKE-010	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
11.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
13.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Jan. 18, 2020	N/A
14.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
15.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Jan. 18, 2020	3 Year
19	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	HKE-085	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year
20	Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	BBHA 9170	HKE-017	Jan. 18, 2020	1 Year

The calibration interval was one year



# 2.5. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

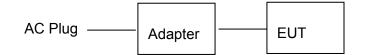
This submittal(s) (test report) is intended to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

# 2.6. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

# 2.7. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

Operation of EUT during conducted testing and below 1GHz Radiation testing:



Operation of EUT during Above1GHz Radiation testing:



Adapter information: Model: HW-059200CHQ Input: 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A Output: 5V, 2A

The sample was placed (0.8m below 1GHz, 1.5m above 1GHz) above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages. The worst case is X position



# 3. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

# 3.1. Conducted Emissions Test

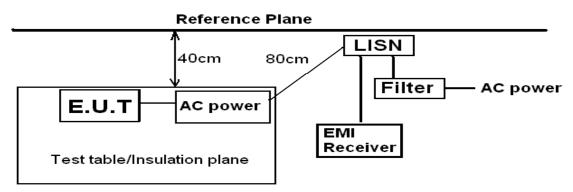
# <u>LIMIT</u>

According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 and RSS Gen 8.8, AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus as below:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



Remark

E.U.T: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedence Stabilization Network Test table height=0.8m

### TEST PROCEDURE

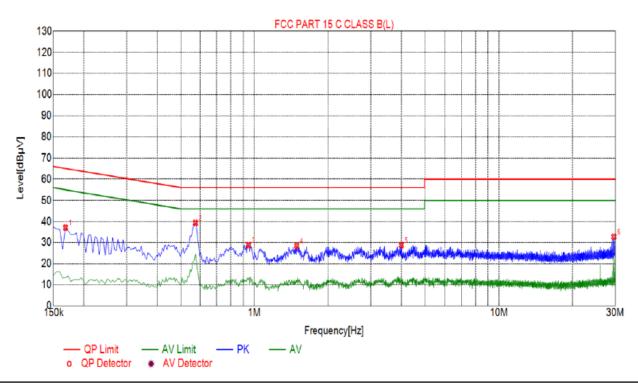
- 1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
- 2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10:2013
- 3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
- 4. The adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
- 8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.



#### **TEST RESULTS**

Remark: All modes of GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, and 8DPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of 8DPSK High Channel was reported as below:

Test Specification: Line



Sus	Suspected List										
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Reading [dBµV]	Detector	Туре			
1	0.1680	37.10	20.01	65.06	27.96	17.09	PK	L			
2	0.5730	39.35	20.05	56.00	16.65	19.30	РК	L			
3	0.9465	28.81	20.06	56.00	27.19	8.75	РК	L			
4	1.4910	28.51	20.10	56.00	27.49	8.41	PK	L			
5	4.0065	28.81	20.25	56.00	27.19	8.56	PK	L			
6	29.5665	32.81	20.26	60.00	27.19	12.55	PK	L			

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

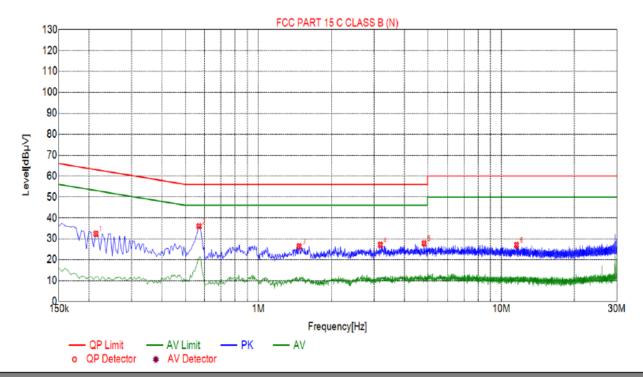
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

#### Notes:

- 1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
- 2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
- 3. Final Level =Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss
- 4. If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.



#### Test Specification: Neutral



Sus	Suspected List										
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Reading [dBµV]	Detector	Туре			
1	0.2130	32.43	20.05	63.09	30.66	12.38	PK	N			
2	0.5685	36.02	20.05	56.00	19.98	15.97	PK	N			
3	1.4730	26.42	20.10	<b>56.00</b>	29.58	6.32	PK	N			
4	3.1875	27.14	20.23	56.00	28.86	6.91	PK	N			
5	4.8345	27.84	20.26	56.00	28.16	7.58	PK	N			
6	11.5530	26.99	20.00	60.00	33.01	6.99	PK	N			

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

#### Notes:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.

2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.

3. Final Level =Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.

If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.



# 3.2. Radiated Emissions and Band Edge

### <u>Limit</u>

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and U

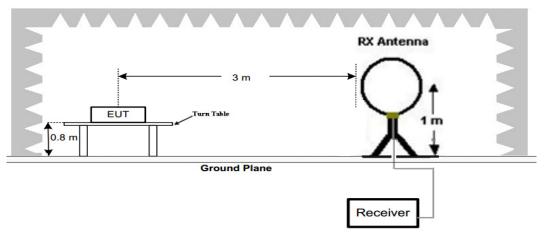
nwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

	i tau										
Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBµV/m)	Radiated (µV/m)								
0.009-0.49	3	20log(2400/F(KHz))+40log(300/3)	2400/F(KHz)								
0.49-1.705	3	20log(24000/F(KHz))+ 40log(30/3)	24000/F(KHz)								
1.705-30	3	20log(30)+ 40log(30/3)	30								
30-88	3	40.0	100								
88-216	3	43.5	150								
216-960	3	46.0	200								
Above 960	3	54.0	500								

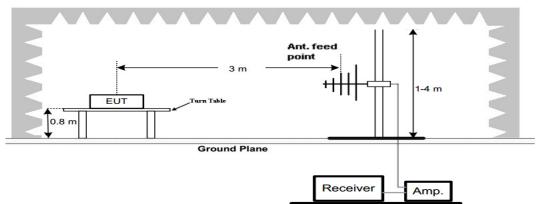
Radiated emission limits

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz

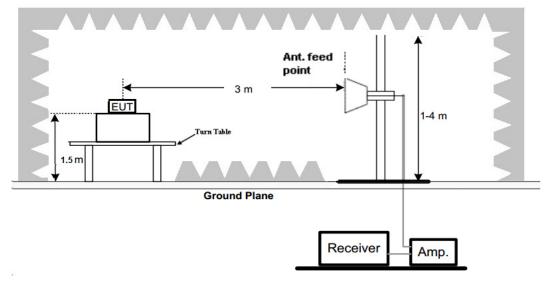






(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz

(C) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



### Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed on turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane for below 1GHz test, and on a low permittivity and low loss tangent turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz test.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0°C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT
- 3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.

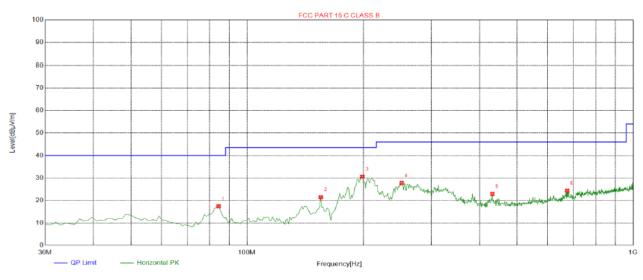
### TEST RESULTS

Remark:

- 1. Radiated Emission measured at GFSK,  $\pi/4$  DQPSK and 8DPSK mode from 9 KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental and recorded worst case at GFSK DH5 mode.
- 2. There is no emission found except system noise floor in 9 KHz to 30MHz and not recorded in this report.
- 3. For below 1GHz testing recorded worst at GFSK DH5 low channel.



#### Below 1GHz Test Results: Antenna polarity: H



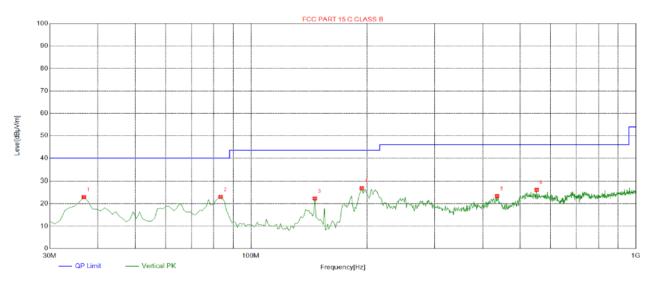
0	QP	Det	ector

Suspe	Suspected List										
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Reading [dBµV/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity		
1	84.3744	-18.42	35.83	17.41	40.00	22.59	100	25	Horizontal		
2	155.2553	-18.56	40.10	21.54	43.50	21.96	100	330	Horizontal		
3	198.9489	-15.16	45.83	30.67	43.50	12.83	100	228	Horizontal		
4	251.3814	-13.41	41.25	27.84	46.00	18.16	100	248	Horizontal		
5	431.9820	-9.76	32.74	22.98	46.00	23.02	100	241	Horizontal		
6	674.7247	-4.71	29.12	24.41	46.00	21.59	100	306	Horizontal		

Remark: Factor = Cable loss + Antenna factor – Preamplifier; Level = Reading + Factor; Margin = Limit – Level



#### Antenna polarity: V



0	QP	De	tector

Suspe	Suspected List										
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Reading [dBµV/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity		
1	36.7968	-15.57	38.52	22.95	40.00	17.05	100	33	Vertical		
2	83.4034	-18.65	41.70	23.05	40.00	16.95	100	49	Vertical		
3	146.5165	-19.02	41.33	22.31	43.50	21.19	100	348	Vertical		
4	194.0941	-15.62	42.52	26.90	43.50	16.60	100	161	Vertical		
5	435.8659	-9.60	32.97	23.37	46.00	22.63	100	348	Vertical		
6	552.3824	-6.89	33.05	26.16	46.00	19.84	100	296	Vertical		

Remark: Transd = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

#### Remark:

(1) Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz to the 1 GHz, Radiated emission test from 9KHz to 30MHz was verified, and no any emission was found except system noise floor.

(2) \* denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in

provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.

(3) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz.



### For 1GHz to 25GHz

CH Low (2402MHz) Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4804.00	58.32	-3.65	54.67	74.00	-19.33	peak
4804.00	47.16	-3.65	43.51	54.00	-10.49	AVG
7206.00	56.67	-0.95	55.72	74.00	-18.28	peak
7206.00	43.58	-0.95	42.63	54.00	-11.37	AVG
Remark: Facto	or = Antenna Fac	ctor + Cable Lo	oss – Pre-amplifier.			

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4804.00	58.49	-3.65	54.84	74.00	-19.16	peak
4804.00	46.81	-3.65	43.16	54.00	-10.84	AVG
7206.00	56.32	-0.95	55.37	74.00	-18.63	peak
7206.00	42.18	-0.95	41.23	54.00	-12.77	AVG
Remark: Facto	or = Antenna Fac	ctor + Cable Lo	oss – Pre-amplifier			



CH Middle (2441MHz) Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4882.00	58.61	-3.54	55.07	74.00	-18.93	peak
4882.00	46.38	-3.54	42.84	54.00	-11.16	AVG
7323.00	56.72	-0.81	55.91	74.00	-18.09	peak
7323.00	43.11	-0.81	42.30	54.00	-11.70	AVG
Remark: Facto	r = Antenna Fa	ctor + Cable Lo	oss – Pre-amplifier			

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4882.00	57.96	-3.54	54.42	74.00	-19.58	peak
4882.00	46.38	-3.54	42.84	54.00	-11.16	AVG
7323.00	55.18	-0.81	54.37	74.00	-19.63	peak
7323.00	42.16	-0.81	41.35	54.00	-12.65	AVG
Remark: Facto	or = Antenna Fac	ctor + Cable Lo	oss – Pre-amplifier.			



#### CH High (2480MHz) Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	58.64	-3.43	55.21	74.00	-18.79	peak
4960.00	46.35	-3.44	42.91	54.00	-11.09	AVG
7440.00	56.98	-0.77	56.21	74.00	-17.79	peak
7440.00	42.11	-0.77	41.34	54.00	-12.66	AVG
Remark: Facto	r = Antenna Fa	ctor + Cable Lo	oss – Pre-amplifier			

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	58.96	-3.43	55.53	74.00	-18.47	peak
4960.00	46.37	-3.44	42.93	54.00	-11.07	AVG
7440.00	56.47	-0.77	55.70	74.00	-18.30	peak
7440.00	42.38	-0.77	41.61	54.00	-12.39	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark :

(1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz。

(2) "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes spurious frequency. "E" denotes band edge frequency.

(3) \* denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.

(4) The emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits are not recorded in the report.

(5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum

analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.

(6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.

(7)All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.



# Radiated Band Edge Test:

Hopping

# Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2310.00	57.14	-5.81	51.33	74	-22.67	peak	
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54	1	AVG	
2390.00	55.82	-5.84	49.98	74	-24.02	peak	
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2310.00	57.63	-5.81	51.82	74	-22.18	peak	
2310.00	1	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2390.00	56.37	-5.84	50.53	74	-23.47	peak	
2390.00	1	-5.84	/	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						



# Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2483.50	57.46	-5.81	51.65	74	-22.35	peak	
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2500.00	56.34	-6.06	50.28	74	-23.72	peak	
2500.00	/	-6.06	1	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2483.50	57.48	-5.81	51.67	74	-22.33	peak	
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2500.00	55.62	-6.06	49.56	74	-24.44	peak	
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.							
Remark: All the	Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.						



# NO hopping

# Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz) Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2310.00	56.82	-5.81	51.01	74	-22.99	peak	
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2390.00	55.16	-5.84	49.32	74	-24.68	peak	
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2310.00	56.72	-5.81	50.91	74	-23.09	peak	
2310.00	1	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2390.00	56.19	-5.84	50.35	74	-23.65	peak	
2390.00	1	-5.84	1	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						



# Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz) Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре	
2483.50	58.72	-5.81	52.91	74	-21.09	peak	
2483.50	1	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG	
2500.00	54.09	-6.06	48.03	74	-25.97	peak	
2500.00	1	-6.06	/	54	/	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector		
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре		
2483.50	57.62	-5.81	51.81	74	-22.19	peak		
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54	1	AVG		
2500.00	56.39	-6.06	50.33	74	-23.67	peak		
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54	/	AVG		
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.								
Remark: All the	e other emissior	Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.						



# 3.3. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

### <u>Limit</u>

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power sensor.

#### **Test Configuration**



#### Test Results

Туре	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
	00	-9.601		
GFSK	39	-8.963	21.00	Pass
	78	-8.793		
	00	-7.672		
π/4DQPSK	39	-6.910	21.00	Pass
	78	-6.352		
	00	-7.213		
8DPSK	39	-6.515	21.00	Pass
	78	-6.124		

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.





# 3.4. 20dB Bandwidth

### <u>Limit</u>

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

### Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 30 KHz RBW and 100 KHz VBW.

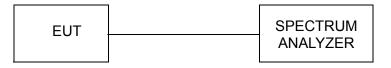
The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

RBW=1% to 5% of the OBW VBW=approximately 3 X RBW Detector=Peak Trace Mode: Max Hold

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Occupied Bandwidth and recoded.

### **Test Configuration**



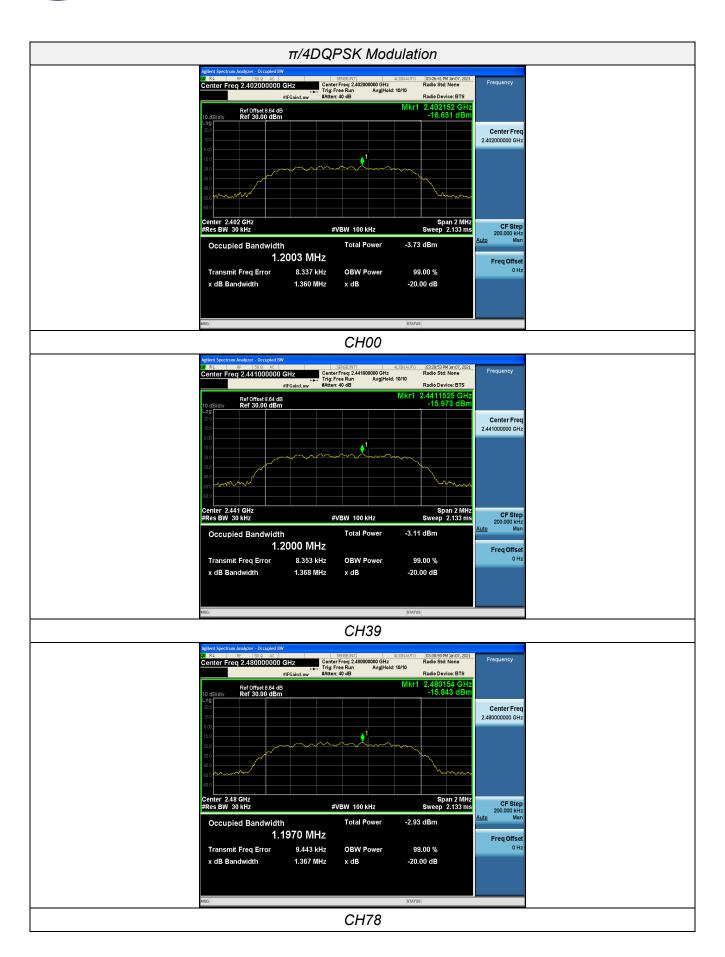
### Test Results

Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
	CH00	1.029	
GFSK	CH39	1.027	
	CH78	1.028	
	CH00	1.360	
π/4DQPSK	CH39	1.368	Pass
	CH78	1.367	
	CH00	1.348	
8DPSK	CH39	1.347	
	CH78	1.348	



#### 20dB bandwidth









# 3.5. Frequency Separation

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the 2/3\*20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 300 KHz RBW and 1000 KHz VBW.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH39	CH39 1.006		Pass
GFSK	CH40	1.000	bandwidth	F 855
π/4DQPSK	CH39	1.000	2/3*20dB	Pass
II/4DQF SK	CH40	1.000	bandwidth	F 855
8DPSK	CH39	1.004	2/3*20dB	Pass
ODESK	CH40	1.004	bandwidth	F d 55

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle







# **3.6.** Number of hopping frequency

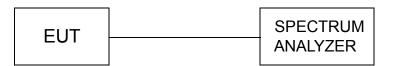
# <u>Limit</u>

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

### Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.

### **Test Configuration**



### Test Results

Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79		
π/4DQPSK	79	≥15	Pass
8DPSK	79		



GFSK M	odulation		
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA D0 RL RF ISO AC SENSEINT	ALIGNAUTO 04:30:32 PM Jan 07, 2021	Frequency	
Start Freq 2.40000000 GHz PNO: Fast C IFGaint.ow Trig: Free Run Atten: 22 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold>100/100         TRACE 123456 TYPE TO Det PNNNNN           ΔΜkr1 78.072 5 MHz	Auto Tune	
Ref Offset 8.5 & dB 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1.246 dB	ContorEcor	
	142 100000000000000000000000000000000000	Center Freq 2.441750000 GHz	
-200 - <u>1 446666666666666666666666666666666666</u>	MARARAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	Start Freq 2.400000000 GHz	
	і — І і — ій,	Stop Freq	
70.0 Start 2.40000 GHz	Stop 2.48350 GHz	2.483500000 GHz	
#Res BW 100 kHz         #VBW 300 kHz           MXR MIDE TRC SQL         X         Y         PL           1         Δ2         1         f         (Δ)         78.072.5 MHz         (Δ)         1.246 dB           2         F         1         f         (Δ)         78.072.5 MHz         (Δ)         1.246 dB	Sweep 8.000 ms (1001 pts)	8.350000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man	
2 F 1 f 2.401 920 5 GHz11.177 dBm 4 5 5		Freq Offset 0 Hz	
10	STATUS		
π/4DQPSK			
Agliers Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA 27 R to 590 and 500 and 5	ALIGNAUTO 04:31:08 PM Jan 07, 2021 Avg Type: Log-Pwr TRACE 02:34 5 C Avg Hold>100/100 TYPE	Frequency	
Start Freq 2.400000000 GHz Trig: Free Run IFGain:Low Trig: Free Run Ref Offset 8.84 dB 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm	ΔMkr1 78.072 5 MHz 0.604 dB	Auto Tune	
		<b>Center Freq</b> 2.441750000 GHz	
-000 -000 200 <b>200 200</b>	142 เมาะนายนของกลายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนายนา	Start Freq	
40.0		2.400000000 GHz	
40.0 mm		<b>Stop Freq</b> 2.483500000 GHz	
Start 2.40000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz     #VBW 300 kHz	Stop 2.48350 GHz Sweep 8.000 ms (1001 pts)	CF Step 8.350000 MHz	
MRR         MODE         TRC         SCL         X         Y         PL           1         A2         1         1         (Δ)         76.072.5 MHz/L(Δ)         (Δ)         60.04 dBJ           2         F         1         Γ         (Δ)         76.072.5 MHz/L(Δ)         -12.669 dBm	INCTION FUNCTION WIDTH FUNCTION VALUE	Auto Man Freq Offset	
		0 Hz	
,≮ NGG	STATUS		
8DPSK M Agtent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA			
DIRL RF 100 AC SEARCHYT Start Freq 2.40000000 GHz Trig: Free Run IF Gaint-tow Atten: 22 dB	ALIGNAUTO 04:18:58 PM Jan 07, 2021 Avg Type: Log-Pwr TRACE 112:0415 5 Avg Hold>100/100 TVPE	Frequency	
10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm	ΔMkr1 78.239 5 MHz 0.163 dB	Auto Tune	
	142	Center Freq 2.441750000 GHz	
	www.anananananananananananananananananan	Start Freq 2.40000000 GHz	
40.0		Stop Freg	
700		2.483500000 GHz	
Start 2.40000 GHz #VBW 300 kHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz MR Nobe Frid: Stall X Y R.	Stop 2.48350 GHz           Sweep         8.000 ms (1001 pts)           INCTION         FUNCTION WIDTH	CF Step 8.350000 MHz Auto Man	
1 Δ2 1 / Γ (Δ) 78.239 5 MHz (Δ) 0.163 dB 2 F 1 Γ 2.401 920 5 GHz 3 4 1		Freq Offset	
		0.12	
9 10 11	×		
MSG	STATUS		



# 3.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### <u>Limit</u>

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW, Span 0Hz.

### **Test Configuration**

FUT	SPECTRUM
	ANALYZER

### Test Results

Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
	DH1	0.38	0.122		
GFSK	DH3	1.67	0.267	0.40	Pass
	DH5	2.92	0.312		
π/4DQPSK	2-DH1	0.38	0.122		
	2-DH3	1.66	0.266	0.40	Pass
	2-DH5	2.93	0.313		
8DPSK	3-DH1	0.38	0.122		
	3-DH3	1.67	0.267	0.40	Pass
	3-DH5	2.92	0.312		

Note:

1. We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recoreded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1
 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3
 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5















# 3.8. Out-of-band Emissions

## <u>Limit</u>

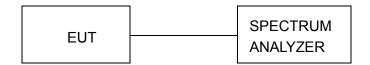
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF con-ducted or a radiated measurement, pro-vided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter com-plies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### Test Procedure

Connect the transmitter output to spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable, and set the spectrum analyzer to RBW=100 kHz, VBW= 300 kHz, peak detector, and max hold. Measurements utilizing these setting are made of the in-band reference level, bandedge and out-of-band emissions.

#### Test Configuration



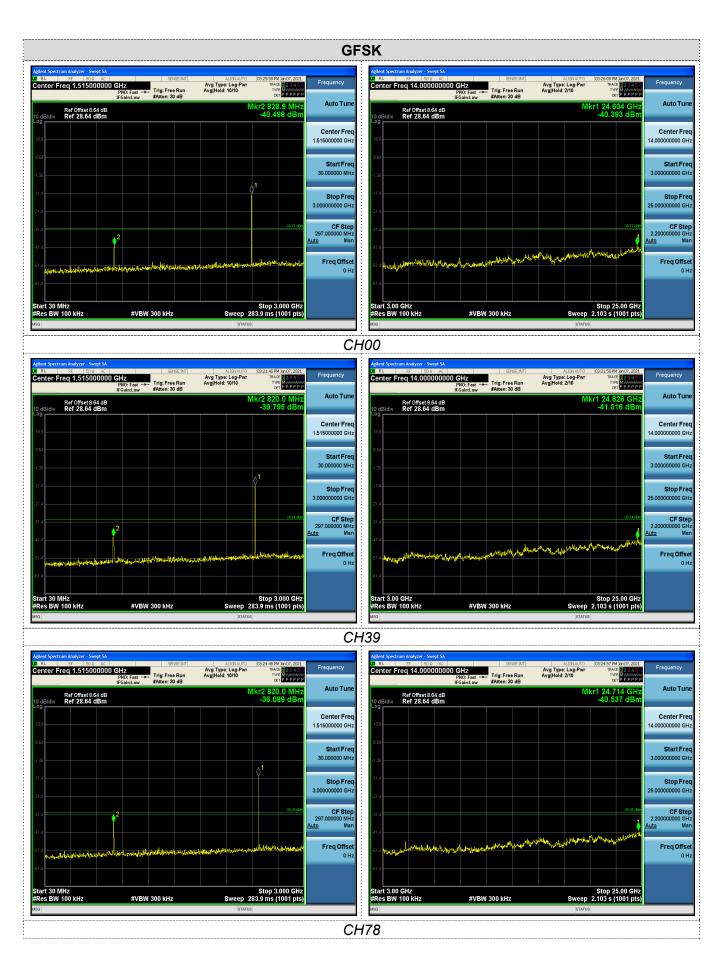
#### Test Results

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandage measurement data.

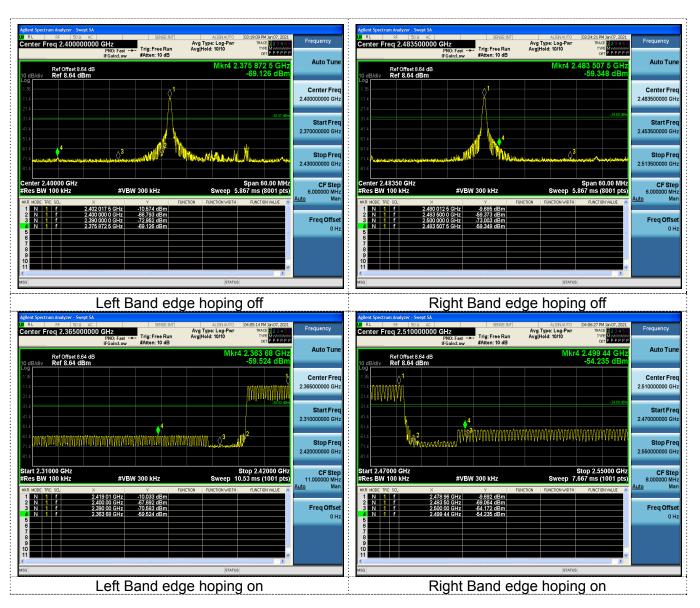
We measured all conditions (DH1, DH3, DH5) and recorded worst case at DH5 and 3DH5

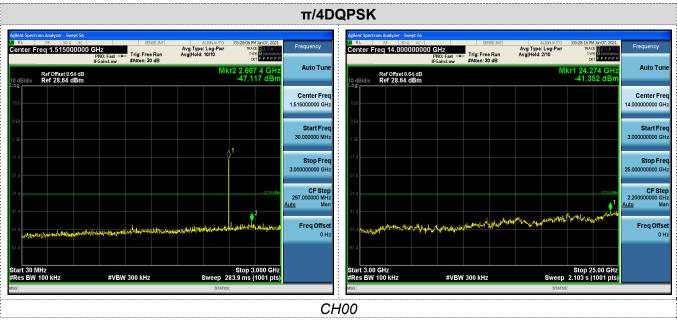
Test plot as follows:



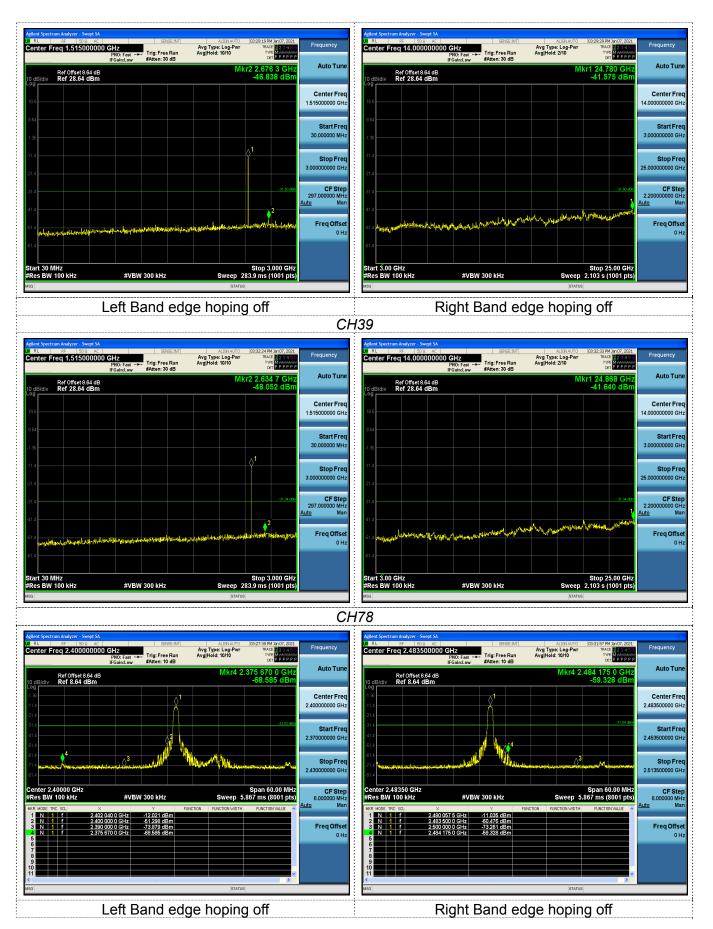








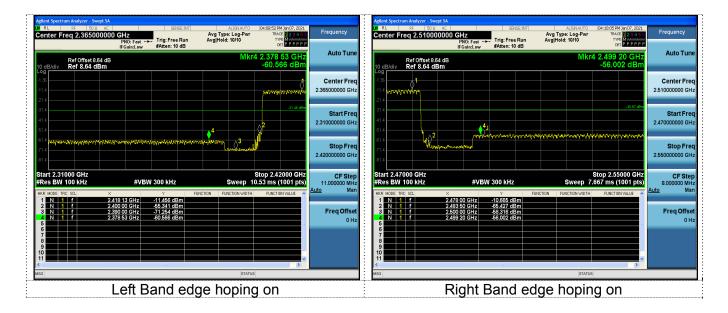


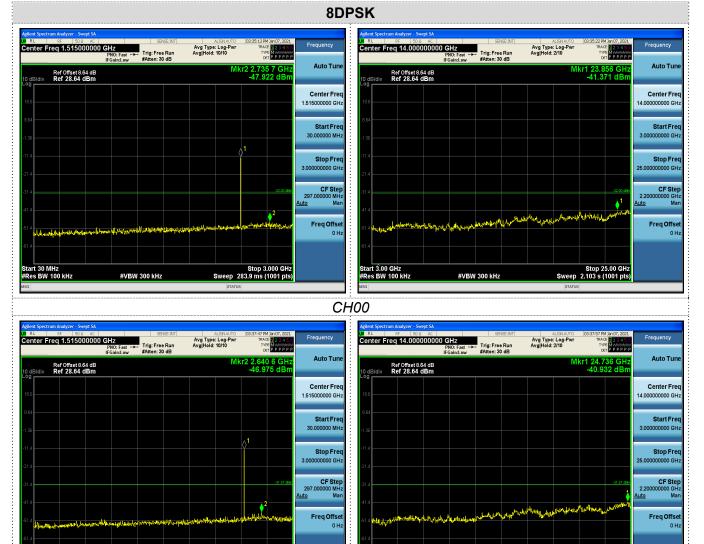


art 30 MHz es BW 100 kHz

#VBW 300 kHz

Stop 25.00 GHz Sweep 2.103 s (1001 pts)



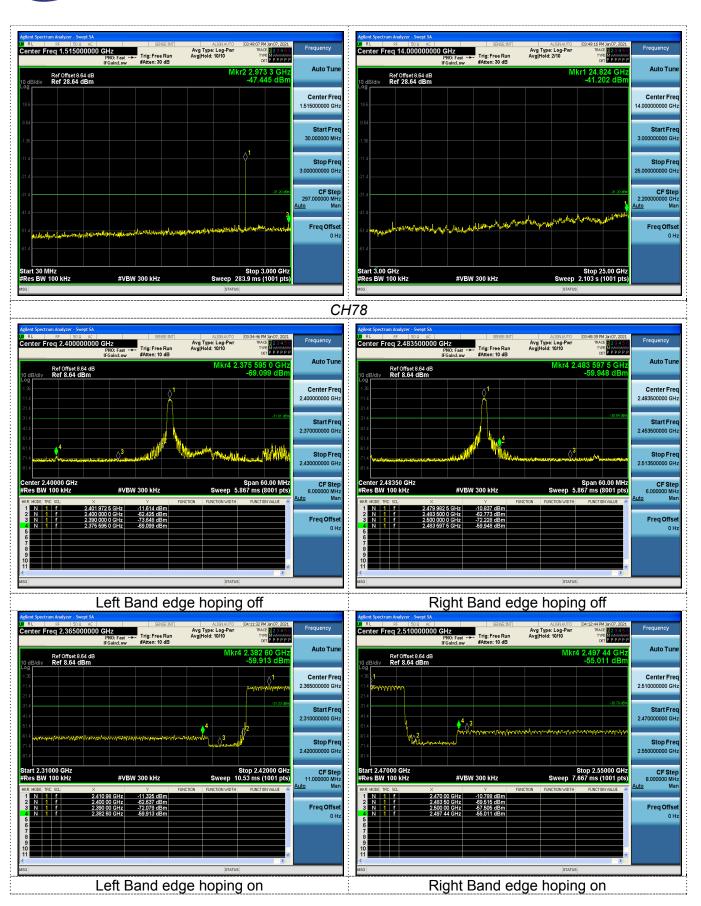


art 3.00 GHz Res BW 100 kHz

CH39

#VBW 300 kHz

Stop 3.000 GHz Sweep 283.9 ms (1001 pts)





# **3.9. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

## TEST APPLICABLE

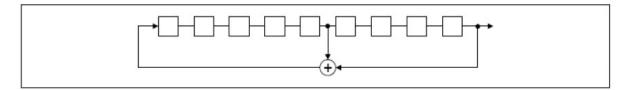
## For 47 CFR Part 15C section 15.247 (a) (1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nice-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:

0	2	4	6	62	64	78	1	73	75 77
								 T	
								1	
				L				\$ <u></u>	

Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



# **3.10. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

#### Standard Applicable

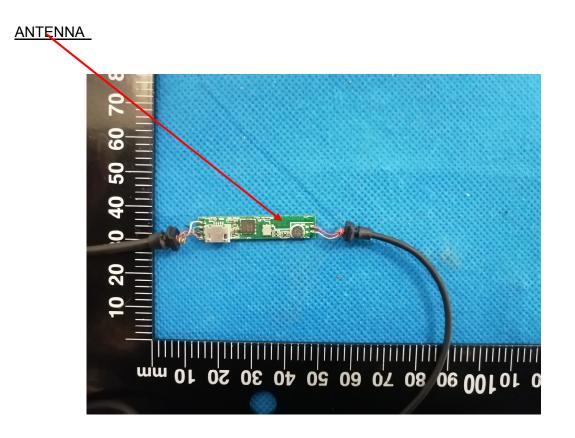
For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

#### Refer to statement below for compliance.

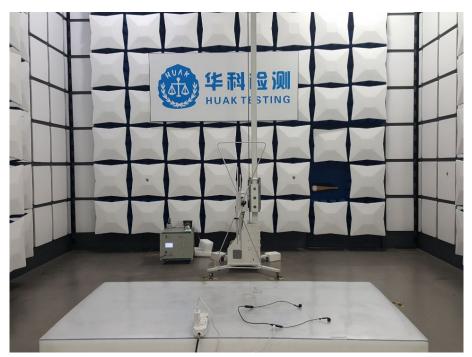
The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

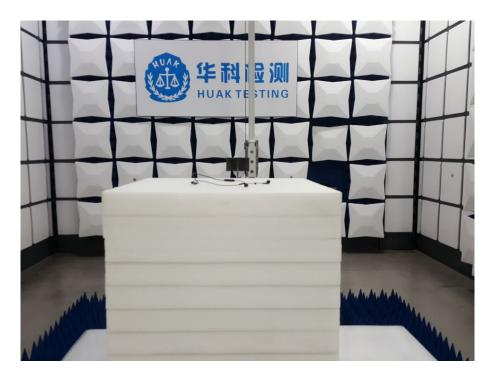
#### **Antenna Connected Construction**

The antenna used in this product is a PCB antenna which use a special interface and cannot easily replace,. The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 0dBi.

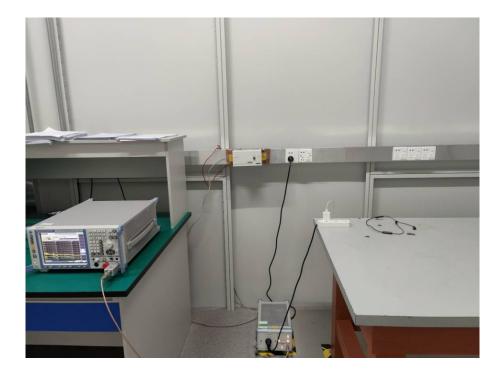


# 4. Test Setup Photos of the EUT











# 5. PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Reference to the report: ANNEX A of external photos and ANNEX B of internal photos

-----End of test report------