

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

TMT71/72 TMT72-1035/0

FCC ID: 2ARRT-TMT7X0301 IC: 24525-TMT7X0301

Test Report Reference: MDE_ENDRE_1701_FCCa_rev1

Test Laboratory: 7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany



Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-17 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

- Part 2, Subpart J Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification
- Part 15, Subpart C Intentional Radiators
- § 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement
- § 15.207 Conducted limits
- § 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements
- § 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

Note 1: (DTS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04, 2017-04-05". ANSI C63.10–2013 is applied.

Note 2: (FHSS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice DA 00-705, released March 30, 2000. Instead of applying ANSI C63.4-1992 which is referenced in the FCC Public Note, the newer ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.



Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment from FCC and IC

DTS equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.247 (a) (2)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (a)
Peak conducted output power	§ 15.247 (b) (3), (4)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.4 (d)
Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Transmitter spurious radiated emissions	§ 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Band edge compliance	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Power density	§ 15.247 (e)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (b)
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	-	-



1.3	MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES	
-----	----------------------------------	--

AC power-line conducted emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	8.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, mid, worst case	S02_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (a)) (2)	
Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)			
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	8.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency			
Bluetooth LE, high	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	IC RSS-Gen 6.7 & Ch. 8	& IC TRC-43; Ch.	
Occupied Bandwidth (99%)			
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	53.10Final Result		esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	001 4001		
Bluetooth LE, high	S01_AB01	N/A	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	S01_AB01	N/A	Passed
		N/A	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S01_AB01		
	so1_AB01 § 15.247 (b)		
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C	§ 15.247 (b)		esult
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup) (3)	esult IC
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup) (3) Final Re	
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method Bluetooth LE, high, conducted	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup) (3) Final Re FCC	IC
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup S01_AB01) (3) Final Re FCC Passed	IC Passed Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method Bluetooth LE, high, conducted Bluetooth LE, low, conducted	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup S01_AB01 S01_AB01) (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Passed	IC Passed
 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method Bluetooth LE, high, conducted Bluetooth LE, low, conducted Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C 	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup S01_AB01 S01_AB01 S01_AB01 § 15.247 (d)) (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Passed	IC Passed Passed Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method Bluetooth LE, high, conducted Bluetooth LE, low, conducted Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup S01_AB01 S01_AB01 S01_AB01 § 15.247 (d)) (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed	IC Passed Passed Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method Bluetooth LE, high, conducted Bluetooth LE, high, conducted Bluetooth LE, low, conducted Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	§ 15.247 (b) 3.10 Setup S01_AB01 S01_AB01 S01_AB01 § 15.247 (d) 3.10) (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Final Re	IC Passed Passed Passed



47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (d)		
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions			
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	3.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, mid	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (d)		
Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	3.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range	CO1 4401	Deservel	Deser
Bluetooth LE, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, Iow, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AA01 S01_AA01	Passed Passed	Passed Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	—		Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (d)		
Band Edge Compliance Conducted			_
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	3.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, low	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C	§ 15.247 (d)		
§15.247 Band Edge Compliance Radiated			
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	3.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C	§ 15.247 (e)		
§15.247	§ 15.247 (e)		
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63		Final Re	esult
§15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode		Final Re	esult IC
§15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	3.10		
§15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	3.10		
§15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	3.10 Setup	FCC	IC



N/A: Not applicable N/P: Not performed

According to the applicant:

A further variant (TMT71-10A1/0) exists; the tests in this report have been performed with a sample of the type TMT72-1035/0. The applicant declares that the devices TMT71-10A1/0 and TMT72-1035/0 are built on identical hardware and software, except that in TMT71-10A1/0 the HART communication is disabled.

Revision History

Report version control				
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity	
initial	2018-11-27		invalid	
rev1	2018-12-03	Change of designations for product name and type on applicant's demand	valid	

(responsible for accreditation scope) Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall

(responsible for testing and report) Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Petz





2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

7layers GmbH

Address:

Borsigstr. 11 40880 Ratingen Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the ISED and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no:	DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-00
FCC Designation Number:	DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration:	929146
Responsible for accreditation scope:	DiplIng. Daniel Gall
Report Template Version:	2018-01-10
2.2 PROJECT DATA	
Responsible for testing and report:	DiplIng. Andreas Petz
Employees who performed the tests:	documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report:	2018-12-03
Testing Period:	2018-05-07 to 2018-10-05
2.3 APPLICANT DATA	

Company Name:	Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH+Co.KG
Address:	Obere Wank 1 87484 Nesselwang Germany
Contact Person:	Michael Warnking

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name:	identical with applicant
	identied min appliedite



3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Temperature Transmitter
Product name	TMT71/72
Туре	TMT72-1035/0
Declared EUT data by	the supplier
Voltage Type	DC; external supply: AC
Voltage Level	24 V DC, external supply: 120 V AC / 60 Hz
Tested Modulation Type	GFSK
General product description	BLE Temperature Transmitter: An external sensor, usually for temperature but not exclusively, can be connected to the EUT using a 4-wire measuring interface. The value can be transferred to other devices by BLE wireless technology or by HART protocol over the 4-20 mA loop technology.
Specific product description for the EUT	BLE 4.2 transceiver in the 2.4 GHz Band
The EUT provides the following ports:	Display connection/ service interface, DC power supply lines (2 wires), measuring lines (4 wires)
Antenna Gain / Type:	1.7 dBi / Integral
Tested data rates	1 Mbit/s
Special software used for testing	DTM controlled by 7layers Automation Explorer



3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
Conducted Sample	DE1295000ab01	Sample with temporary SMA connector
Sample Parameter		Value
Serial No.	N9FFFF04378	
HW Version	01.01	
SW Version	01.01.03	
Comment	-	
Integral Antenna	disabled	

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
Radiated Sample	DE1295000aa01	Sample with integral antenna
Sample Parameter		Value
Serial No.	N903F304378	
HW Version	01.01	
SW Version	01.01.03	
Comment	-	
Integral Antenna	yes	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-



3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
AC Adapter 65W RE04	Fujitsu Ltd., -, -, 184903C604	A13-065N3A
Laptop RE04	Fujitsu Ltd., -, -, DSAL006396	Lifebook U758
Mouse 1 (Logitech)	Logitech, -, -, HC60915A2XC	M-BT58
RIA15	Endress+Hauser, W13315, 1.03.12, KA04B0043BB	HART Communication Protocol device
TFT Display EMC TFT 5 (LG)	LG, -, -, 412WAPLOU560	L17MB-P
TXU10	Endress+Hauser, W13249, 1.01.00, M9044B04299	Communication/ Setup Device

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01_AA01	Radiated Sample, TXU10, 120 ohm resistor to simulate a sensor / force current	setup for radiated tests
S01_AB01	Conducted Sample, TXU10, 120 ohm resistor to simulate a sensor / force current	setup for conducted tests
S02_AA01	Radiated Sample, TXU10, RIA15, TFT Display EMC TFT 5 (LG), Laptop RE04, AC Adapter 65W RE04, Mouse 1 (Logitech), 120 ohm resistor to simulate a sensor / force current	computer peripheral setup for testing FCC §15.107/109 and §15.207

3.6 TEST CHANNELS

	2.4 GHz ISM		
	2400 - 2483.5 MHz		
BT LE Test Channels:	low	mid	high
Channel:	0	19	39
Frequency [MHz]	2402	2440	2480

3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 AC POWER-LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C 63.10. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the conducted emissions measurements in a typical installation configuration. The EUT was powered from 50μ H || 50 Ohm Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The LISN's unused connections were terminated with 50 Ohm loads.

The measurement procedure consists of two steps. It is implemented into the EMI test software EMC-32 from R&S.

Step 1: Preliminary scan

Intention of this step is, to determine the conducted EMI-profile of the EUT. EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Peak Maxhold & Average
- Frequency range: 150 kHz 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 2.5 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)
- Measurement on phase + neutral lines of the power cords

On basis of this preliminary scan the highest amplitudes and the corresponding frequencies relative to the limit are identified. Emissions above the limit and emissions which are in the 10 dB range below the limit are considered.

Step 2: Final measurement

Intention of this step is, to determine the highest emissions with the settings defined in the test specification for the frequencies identified in step 1.

- EMI receiver settings:
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- IF Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s / frequency

At each frequency determined in step 1, four measurements are performed in the following combinations:

- 1) Neutral lead reference ground (PE grounded)
- 2) Phase lead reference ground (PE grounded)
- 3) Neutral lead reference ground (PE floating)
- 4) Phase lead reference ground (PE floating)

The highest value is reported.



4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.207

Class B:

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBµV)	AV Limits (dBµV)
0.15 – 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

Class A:

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBµV)	AV Limits (dBµV)
0.15 - 0.5	79	66
0.5 - 30	73	60

4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

connected via RIA15 to AC Mains

Temperature:26 °CAir Pressure:1005 hPaHumidity:33 %

Power line	PE	Frequency [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Detector	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]
L1	GND	0.22	47.0	QP	62.7	15.8
L1	GND	0.28	49.0	QP	60.9	11.9
L1	GND	0.32	48.2	QP	59.8	11.6
L1	GND	0.35	46.7	QP	58.9	12.1
L1	GND	0.40	44.1	QP	57.9	13.7
L1	GND	0.50	36.9	QP	56.0	19.1

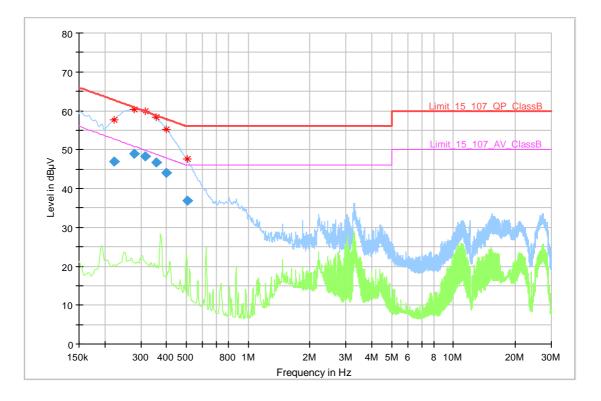


4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

AC mains connection = via auxiliary equipment RIA15, Test setup = computer peripheral

Common Information

Test Description:	Conducted Emissions
Test Standard:	FCC15 C Class B; ANSI C63.10
EUT / Setup Code:	DE1295000aa01
Operating Conditions:	BT LE local RX on CH19 + USB data traffic to laptop
Operator Name:	URO/MER
Comment:	24 V DC Power Supply side of EUT: 120 V / 60 Hz; computer
	peripheral setup
Legend:	Trace: blue = PK, green = CISPR AV; Star: red or blue =
	critical frequency; Rhombus: blue = final QP, green = final
Tested Port / used LISN:	AC mains => ESH3-Z5
Termination of other ports:	AC of AUX => 2nd LISN ESH3-Z5 +50 Ohm



Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	CAverage (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)
		• •	•••		(ms)				
0.222000	46.95		62.74	15.79	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1
0.278250	48.96		60.87	11.91	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1
0.316500	48.21		59.80	11.59	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1
0.354750	46.71		58.85	12.14	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1
0.399750	44.12		57.86	13.74	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1
0.503250	36.94		56.00	19.06	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.1

4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted Emissions FCC



4.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (6 DB)

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 2 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: until trace is stable
- Sweeptime: 20 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient	25 °C
temperature:	
Air Pressure:	1010 hPa
Humidity:	40 %
BT LE GFSK	

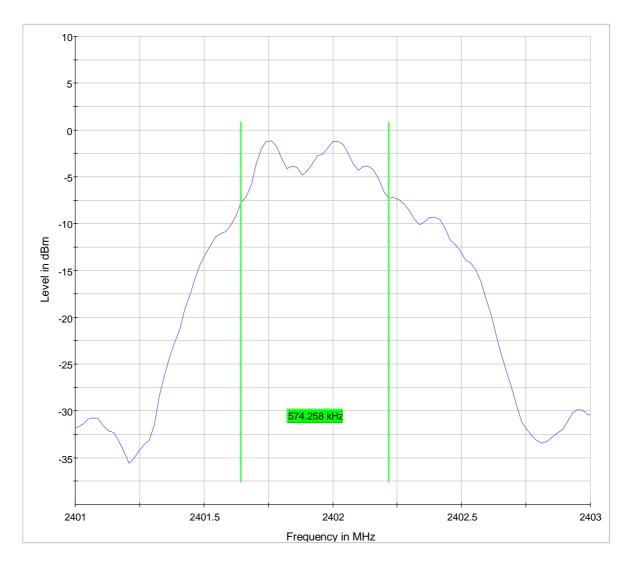
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	0.574	0.5	0.074
	19	2440	0.594	0.5	0.094
	39	2480	0.594	0.5	0.094

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")







- 4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED
 - R&S TS8997



4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 30 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 100 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 691
- Sweeptime: auto
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: Air Pressure: Humidity: BT LE	25 °C 1010 hPa 40 %		
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
Band 2.4 GHz ISM	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz] 1.046
	Channel No. 0 19		

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Spectrum									
Ref Level 1	0.00 dBm	Offset 10.8	0 dB 😑	RBW 30 kH	łz				
Att	15 dB	SWT 2	0 ms 😑	VBW 100 kH	lz Mode	Auto FF1	-		
SGL Count 2	000/2000								
⊖1Sa Max									
					M	1[1]		-	10.12 dBm
								2.402	01300 GH:
				M		cc Bw		1.0463	09696 MHz
-10 dBm				12	Ĺ				
				m	In				
-20 dBm			4	0	a V	m	2		
-30 dBm			Y			15	3		
-30 dbm		N	13				the		
-40 dBm							<u></u>		
-50 dBm	N	\sim							
-50 dBm	~~							7	>
LOD dBm /								0	- hay
-70 dBm									
-80 dBm									
CF 2.402 GH	łz	11		691	pts			Spa	n 3.0 MHz
Marker									
Type Ref	Trc	X-value		Y-value	Func	tion	Func	tion Result	
M1	1	2.402013 (GHz	-10.12 dB					
T1	1	2.40150507 (GHz	-26.62 dBi		cc Bw		1.04630	09696 MHz
T2	1	2,40255137 (GHz	-25.86 dBi	m				
					R	eady		1X0 0	2.10.2018
									10:53:33 //

Date: 2.OCT.2018 10:53:34

4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



4.4 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Span: 6 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 2 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 10 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: until trace is stable
- Sweeptime: auto
- Detector: Peak

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

= = > Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Frequency Hopping Systems:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = $10 \log (\text{Limit (W)}/1\text{mW})$



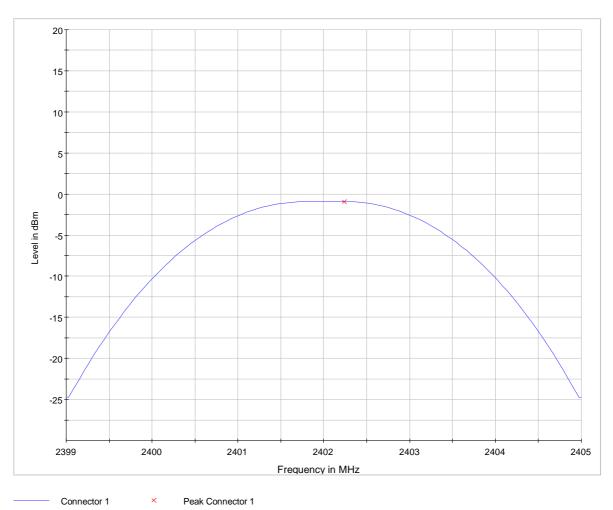
4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient	25 °C
temperature:	
Air Pressure:	1010 hPa
Humidity:	40 %
BT LE	

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	-0.9	30.0	30.9
	19	2440	-1.4	30.0	31.4
	39	2480	-1.8	30.0	31.8

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Peak Power

- 4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED
 - R&S TS8997



4.5 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

- Frequency range: 30 25000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: until trace is stable
- Sweep Time: auto
- Detector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b) (3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

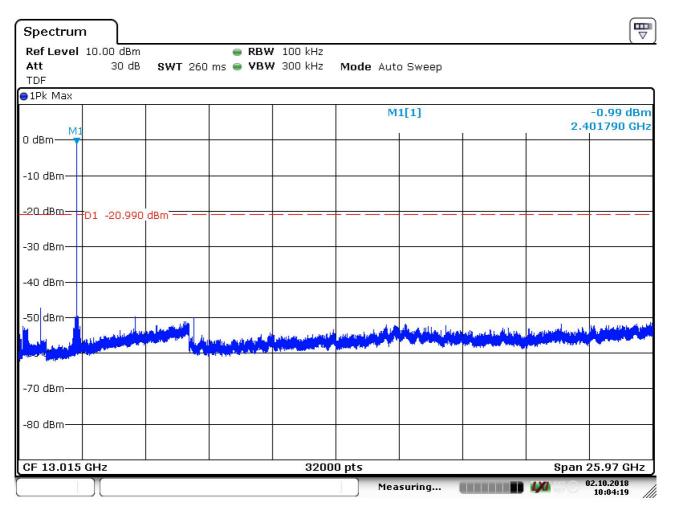
Ambient temperature:	25 °C
Air Pressure:	1010 hPa
Humidity:	40 %
BT LE GESK	

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	-	-	PEAK	100	-1.0	-21.0	-
19	2440	-	-	PEAK	100	-1.4	-21.4	-
39	2480	-	-	PEAK	100	-2.0	-22.0	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 2.OCT.2018 10:04:19

(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2402 MHz)

4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



4.6 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$ in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 0.15 MHz and 0.15 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit. Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°



- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by \pm 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: \pm 45 ° around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 $^{\circ}$.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size $\pm 45^{\circ}$ for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by \pm 45°

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz



Step 3:

- Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:
- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dB μ V/m) = 20 log (Limit (μ V/m)/1 μ V/m)

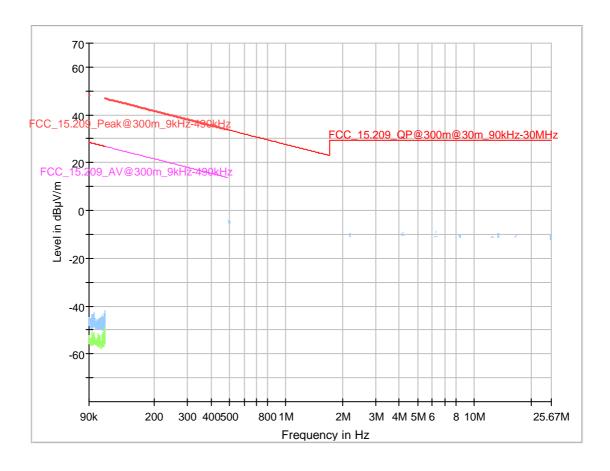


4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Air Pre Humid BT Iow	/ Énergy	: rrection (AV): 7.9	9 dB	25 - 26 ° 1003 - 1(38 - 42 %	010 hPa			
Ch.	Ch. Center	Spurious	Spurious Level	Detec-	RBW	Limit	Margin to	Limit
No.	Freq.	Freq. [MHz]	[dBµV/m]	tor	[kHz]	[dBµV/m]	Limit [dB]	Туре
	[MHz]							
39	2480	2488.0	55.7	PEAK	1000	74.0	18.3	RB
39	2480	2488.0	51.4	AV	1000	54.0	2.6	RB
0	2402	-		PEAK	-	-		RB
19	2440	-		PEAK	-	-		RB
39	2480	-		PEAK	-	-		RB
0	2402	-		PEAK	-	-		RB
19	2440	-		PEAK	-	-		RB
19	2440	-		PEAK	-	-		RB

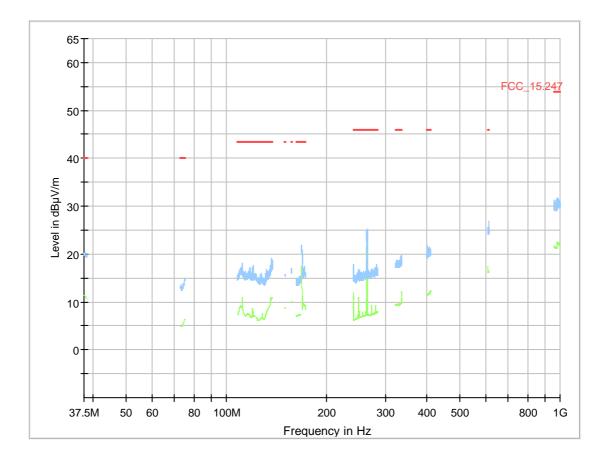
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



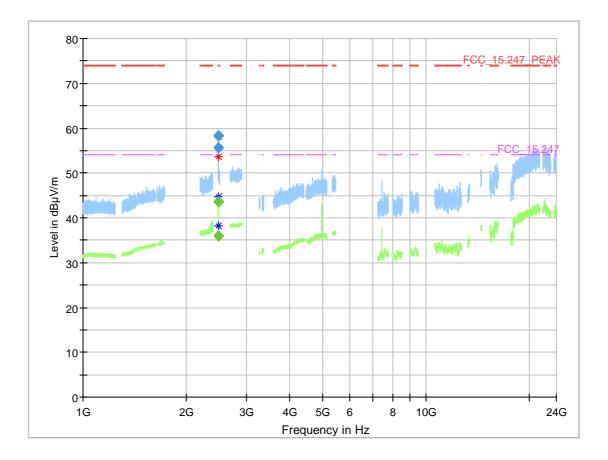
(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2440 MHz)





(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2480 MHz)





(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2480 MHz)

- 4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED
 - Radiated Emissions



4.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions". The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Lower Band Edge: Minimum frequency: 2397.0 MHz
- Upper Band Edge: Maximum frequency: 2485.0 MHz
- Span: 90.0 / 83.5 MHz
- Detector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Sweeptime: auto
- Sweeps: until trace is stable
- Trace: Maxhold

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."

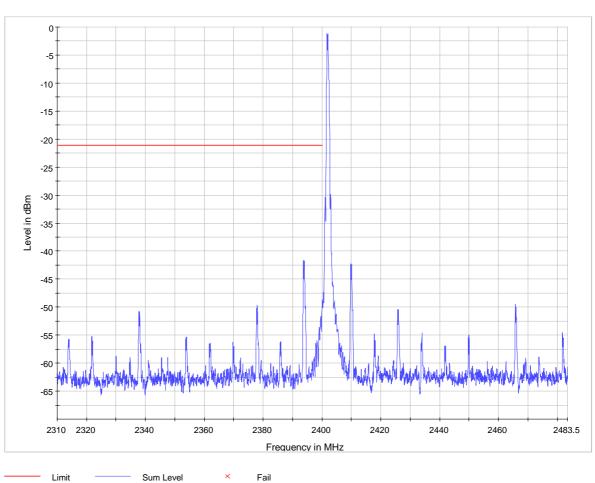


4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temper Air Pressure: Humidity: BT LE GFSK	rature: 25 °C 1010 h 40 %	Pa						
Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-45.0	PEAK	100	-1.2	-21.2	23.8
39	2480	2483.5	-50.0	PEAK	100	-2.0	-22.0	28.0

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

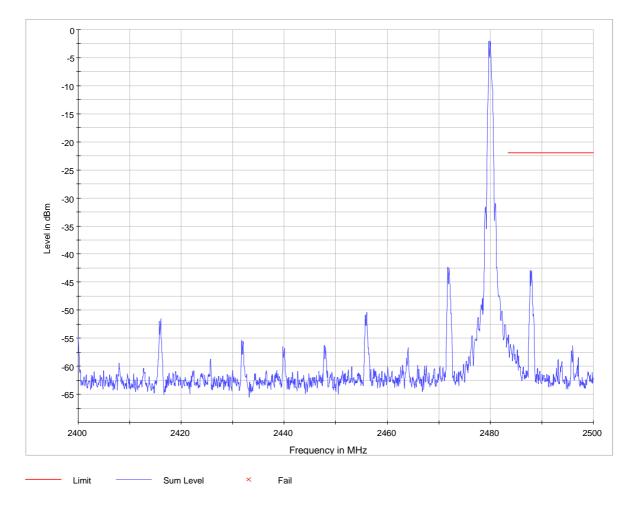


Band Edge

(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2402 MHz)



Band Edge



(the plot shows the results at the frequency 2480 MHz)

- 4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED
 - R&S TS8997



4.8 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

4.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log (Limit (\mu V/m)/1\mu V/m)$

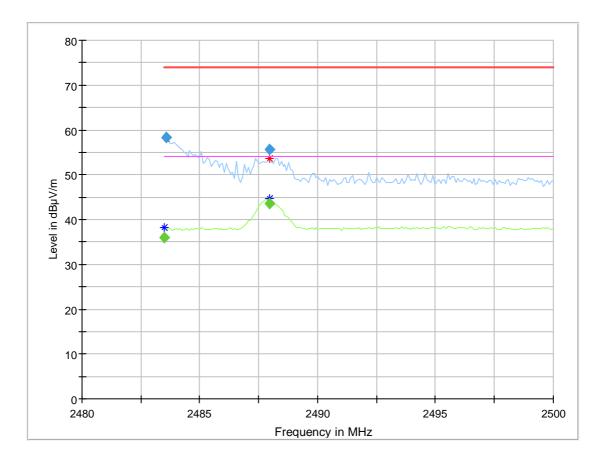


4.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: Air Pressure: Humidity: BT LE GFSK Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 7.9 dB				25 °C 1010 hPa 38 %				
Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
39	2480	2483.5	58.4	PEAK	1000	74.0	15.6	BE
39	2480	2483.5	43.9	AV	1000	54.0	10.1	BE

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



4.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



4.9 POWER DENSITY

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

4.9.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Span: 1.5 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 10 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 30 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: until trace is stable
- Sweeptime: auto
- Detector: Peak

4.9.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

•••

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (f)

(f) For the purposes of this section, hybrid systems are those that employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital modulation techniques.

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna due to the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping operation turned off, shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission



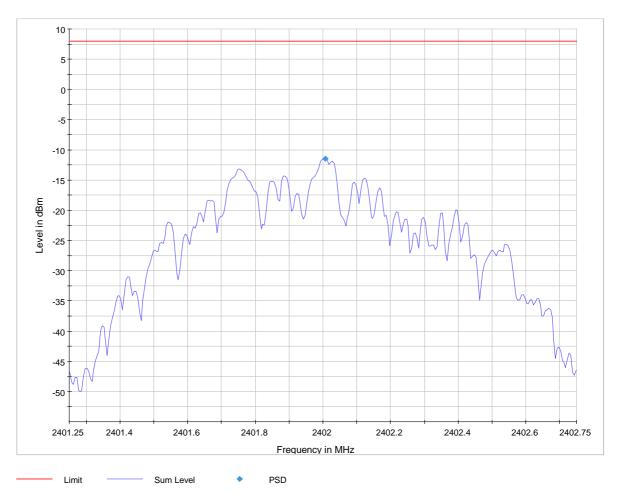
4.9.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature:	25 °C
Air Pressure:	1010 hPa
Humidity:	40 %
BT LE	

DILL					
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Power Density [dBm/10 kHz]	Limit [dBm/3 kHz]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz	0	2402	-11.5	8.0	19.5
ISM	19	2440	-11.8	8.0	19.8
	39	2480	-12.2	8.0	20.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.9.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Power Spectral Density

- 4.9.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED
 - R&S TS8997



5 TEST EQUIPMENT

1

R&S TS8997 Lab to perform conducted radio tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	SMB100A	Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	107695	2017-07	2020-07
1.2	MFS	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Datum-Beverly	5489/001	2018-07	2019-07
1.3	1515 / 93459	Broadband Power Divider SMA (Aux)	Weinschel Associates	LN673		
1.4	FSV30	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	103005	2018-04	2020-04
1.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
1.6	VT 4002	Temperature Chamber	Vötsch	58566002150010	2018-04	2020-04
1.7	A8455-4	4 Way Power Divider (SMA)		-		
1.8	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	55	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7482	2017-03	2019-03
1.9	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	259291	2016-10	2019-10
1.10	OSP120	Switching Unit with integrated power meter	Rohde & Schwarz	101158	2018-05	2021-05

2 Conducted Emissions FCC Conducted Emissions power line for FCC standards

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
2.2		Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
2.3	ESH3-Z5	Two-Line V- Network	Rohde & Schwarz	828304/029	2017-05	2019-05
2.4	NA/B1		Spitzenberger & Spieß	B6278		
2.5	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.6	02	Shielded Room for conducted testing, 12qm	Frankonia	-		
2.7		Two-Line V- Network	Rohde & Schwarz	829996/002	2017-05	2019-05
2.8		EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11	2018-11
2.9		50	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7489	2017-04	2019-04
2.10		Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2018-01	2020-01

3 Radiated Emissions Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.1	NRV-Z1		Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	827753/005	2018-07	2019-07
3.2		Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2017-10	2018-10
3.3	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
3.4			Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2018-05	2019-05
3.5	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m³	Frankonia	none	2018-06	2020-06
3.6		Mixer 40 - 60	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	100178	2016-12	2019-12
3.7			Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101005	2017-03	2020-03
3.8	SGH-05	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (140 - 220 GHz)		075		
3.9	HL 562	Ultralog new biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz	830547/003	2018-07	2021-07
3.10	5HC2700/12750 -1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012		
3.11	kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.12	Fully Anechoic Room	8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001- PRB	2018-06	2020-06
3.13	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.14	NRVD	Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	828110/016	2018-07	2019-07
3.15	HF 906	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	357357/002	2018-09	2021-09
3.16	JS4-18002600- 32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
3.17	FSW 43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2016-12	2018-12
3.18	3160-09		EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069		
3.19	SGH-19	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (40 - 60 GHz)		093		
3.20	WHKX 7.0/18G- 8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09		
3.21	4HC1600/12750 -1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011		
3.22	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
3.23		Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
3.24	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.25	HL 562 Ultralog	Logper. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	100609	2016-04	2019-04
3.26	HF 906	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	357357/001	2018-03	2021-03
3.27		Harmonic Mixer 220 - 325 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101006	2017-03	2020-03
3.28		Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00086675		
3.29	SGH-08	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (90 - 140 GHz)		064		
3.30	SGH-12	Standard Gain / Pyramidal HornAntenna (60 - 90 GHz)		326		
3.31	5HC3500/18000 -1.2-KK		Trilithic	200035008		
3.32	FS-Z140	Harmonic	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101007	2017-02	2020-02
3.33	HFH2-Z2		Rohde & Schwarz	829324/006	2018-01	2021-01
3.34	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger 12 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12482	2017-03	2019-03
3.35		EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11	2018-11



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.36	JS4-00101800- 35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
3.37	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37		
3.38	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5- 10kg	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5- 10kg/024/37907 09		
3.39	SGH-03	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (220 - 325 GHz)		060		
3.40	FS-Z90	Harmonic Mixer 60 - 90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101686	2017-03	2020-03
3.41	ESIB 26	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2018-01	2020-01
3.42	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.43	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42		Miteq	2035324		
3.44	AM 4.0	Antenna mast	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		
3.45	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2018-07	2021-07

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"



6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

		1		
				cable
			LISN	loss
			insertion	(incl. 10
			loss	dB
			ESH3-	atten-
Frequency	Corr.		Z5	uator)
MHz	dB		dB	dB
0.15	10.1		0.1	10.0
5	10.3		0.1	10.2
7	10.5		0.2	10.3
10	10.5		0.2	10.3
12	10.7		0.3	10.4
14	10.7		0.3	10.4
16	10.8		0.4	10.4
18	10.9		0.4	10.5
20	10.9		0.4	10.5
22	11.1		0.5	10.6
24	11.1		0.5	10.6
26	11.2		0.5	10.7
28	11.2		0.5	10.7
30	11.3		0.5	10.8

6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

Sample calculation

 U_{LISN} (dB μ V) = U (dB μ V) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_ENDRE_1701_FCCa_rev1



				1	1				
			cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d _{Limit}	d _{used}
			loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
_	AF		(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-40 dB/	distance	distance
Frequency	HFH-Z2)	Corr.	chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1		0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1		0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1		0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3		0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = -40 * LOG (d_{Limit} / d_{used})

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values



6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

(d_{Limit} = 3 m)

_	AF R&S	
Frequency MHz	HL562	Corr. dB
30	dB (1/m) 18.6	<u>ив</u> 0.6
50	6.0	0.0
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d _{Limit}	d _{used}
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

(d_{Limit} = 10 m)

30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = -20 * LOG (d_{Limit} / d_{used})

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

	AF	
	R&S	
Frequency	HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

		cable		
cable		loss 3		
loss 1		(switch		
(relay +	cable	unit,		
cable	loss 2	atten-	cable	
inside	(outside	uator &	loss 4 (to	
chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	
dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79	
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38	
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33	
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31	
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40	
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47	
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

	AF R&S	
Frequency	HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

			cable		
			loss 4		
cable			(switch		
loss 1	cable	cable	unit,		used
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	atten-	cable	for
inside	(inside	(outside	uator &	loss 5 (to	FCC
chamber)	chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

		-			
cable					
loss 1	cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5	loss 6
inside	(High	(pre-	(inside	(outside	(to
chamber)	Pass)	amp)	chamber)	chamber)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table. Tables show an extract of values.



			cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
	AF		loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5
	EMCO		(inside	(pre-	(inside	(switch	(to
Frequency	3160-09	Corr.	chamber)	amp)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ - 26.5 GHZ)

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d _{used} (meas. distance (used)
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-15.6	3	0.5
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-15.6	3	0.5
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-15.6	3	0.5
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-15.6	3	0.5
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-15.6	3	0.5
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-15.6	3	0.5
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-15.6	3	0.5
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-15.6	3	0.5
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-15.6	3	0.5

6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ - 40 GHZ)

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

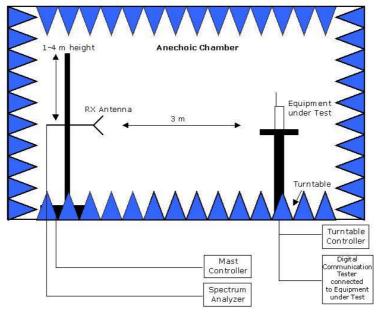
distance correction = $-20 \times LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

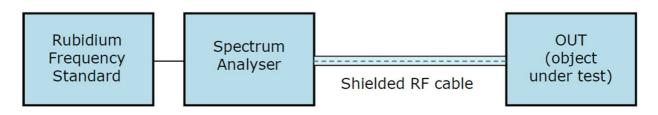


7 SETUP DRAWINGS



<u>Remark:</u> Depending on the frequency range suitable antenna types, attenuators or preamplifiers are used.

Drawing 1: Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.



Drawing 2: Setup for conducted radio tests.



8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.