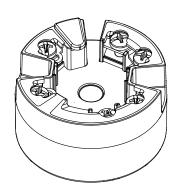
Operating Instructions **iTEMP TMT71/72**

Temperature transmitter



BA01854T/09/EN/01.18

71413522 2018-07-10 Valid as of version 01.00 (device version)



Preliminary version: 03-12-2018



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1 About this document

1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2 Safety Instructions (XA)

When using in hazardous areas, compliance with national regulations is mandatory. Separate Ex-specific documentation is provided for measuring systems that are used in hazardous areas. This documentation is an integral part of these Operating Instructions. The installation specifications, connection data and safety instructions it contains must be strictly observed! Make sure that you use the right Ex-specific documentation for the right device with approval for use in hazardous areas! The number of the specific Ex documentation (XA...) is provided on the nameplate. If the two numbers (on the Ex documentation and the nameplate) are identical, then you may use this Ex-specific documentation.

1.3 Symbols used

Symbol	Meaning
	DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE	NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.3.1 Safety symbols

1.3.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
\sim	Alternating current
\sim	Direct current and alternating current

Endress+Hauser

Symbol	Meaning
÷	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Protective Earth (PE) A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	The ground terminals are situated inside and outside the device:Inner ground terminal: Connects the protectiv earth to the mains supply.Outer ground terminal: Connects the device to the plant grounding system.

1.3.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	Tip Indicates additional information.
i	Reference to documentation
A	Reference to page
R	Reference to graphic
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps
	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

1.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Flat blade screwdriver
A0011220	
•	Phillips head screwdriver
A0011219	
$\bigcirc \not \blacksquare$	Allen key
A0011221	
Ń	Open-ended wrench
A0011222	
0	Torx screwdriver
A0013442	

1.5 **Documentation**

Document	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information TI01392T/09/en	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions KA01384T/09/en	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.

1

The document types listed are available:

In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.endress.com \rightarrow Download

1.6 Registered trademarks

HART®

Registered trademark of the HART® FieldComm Group

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2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations
- Before beginning work, the specialist staff must have read and understood the instructions in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation as well as in the certificates (depending on the application)
- ► Following instructions and basic conditions

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Being instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator
- ► Following the instructions in these Operating Instructions

2.2 Designated use

The device is a universal and user-configurable temperature transmitter with one sensor input for a resistance thermometer (RTD), thermocouples (TC), resistance and voltage transmitters. The head transmitter version of the device is intended for mounting in a terminal head (flat face) as per DIN EN 50446. It is also possible to mount the device on a DIN rail using the optional DIN rail clip.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

2.3 **Operational safety**

- ► Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

Hazardous area

To eliminate a danger for persons or for the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection or safety equipment):

- ► Based on the technical data on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area. The nameplate can be found on the side of the transmitter housing.
- Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of these Instructions.

Electromagnetic compatibility

The measuring system complies with the general safety requirements as per EN 61010-1, the EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series and the NAMUR recommendations NE 21.

NOTICE

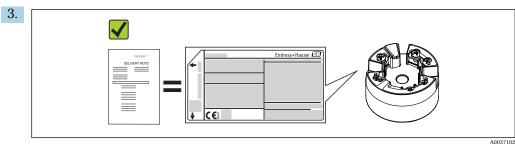
► The device must only be powered by a power unit that operates using an energy-limited electric circuit according to IEC 61010-1, "SELV or Class 2 circuit".

3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

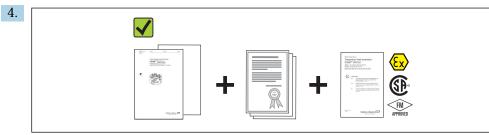
3.1 Incoming acceptance

1. Unpack the temperature transmitter carefully. Is the packaging or content damaged?

- ➡ Damaged components may not be installed as the manufacturer can otherwise not guarantee compliance with the original safety requirements or the material resistance, and can therefore not be held responsible for any resulting damage.
- **2.** Is the delivery complete or is anything missing? Check the scope of delivery against your order.



Does the nameplate match the ordering information on the delivery note?



Are the technical documentation and all other necessary documents provided? If applicable: are the Safety Instructions (e.g. XA) for hazardous areas provided?

 \mathbf{H}

If one of these conditions is not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center.

3.2 Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the device:

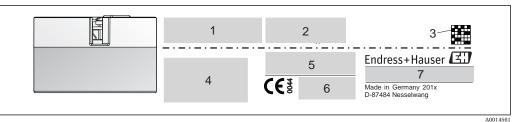
- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial number from the nameplate in the W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All data relating to the device and an overview of the Technical Documentation supplied with the device are displayed.
- Enter the serial number on the nameplate into the Endress+Hauser Operations App or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the Endress+Hauser Operations App: all the information about the device and the technical documentation pertaining to the device is displayed.

3.2.1 Nameplate

The right device?

Compare and check the data on the nameplate of the device against the requirements of the measuring point:

A0024858



■ 1 Nameplate of the head transmitter (example, Ex version)

- 1 Power supply, current consumption and radio approval (Bluetooth)
- 2 Serial number, device revision, firmware version and hardware version
- 3 Data Matrix 2D code
- 4 2 lines for the TAG name and extended order code
- 5 Approval in hazardous area with number of the relevant Ex documentation (XA...)
- 6 Approvals with symbols
- 7 Order code and manufacturer ID

3.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery of the device comprises:

- Temperature transmitter
- Mounting material (head transmitter), optional
- Hard copy of multi-language Brief Operating Instructions
- Additional documentation for devices which are suitable for use in the hazardous area
 - (0 🐵), such as Safety Instructions (XA...), Control or Installation Drawings (ZD...).

3.4 Certificates and approvals

The device left the factory in a safe operating condition. The device complies with the requirements of the standards EN 61 010-1 "Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use" and with the EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series.

3.4.1 CE/EAC mark, declaration of conformity

The device meets the legal requirements of the EU/EEU guidelines. The manufacturer confirms that the device is compliant with the relevant guidelines by applying the CE/EAC mark.

3.4.2 HART[®] protocol certification

The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART[®] FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the HART Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7 (HCF 7.6).

3.5 Transport and storage

Carefully remove all the packaging material and protective covers that are part of the transported package.

Dimensions and operating conditions: $\rightarrow \cong 56$

When storing (and transporting) the device, pack it so that it is reliably protected against impact. The original packaging offers the best protection.

Storage temperature Head transmitter: −50 to +100 °C (−58 to +212 °F)

4 Installation

4.1 Installation conditions

4.1.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the device are provided in the "Technical data" section $\rightarrow \implies 56$.

4.1.2 Mounting location

Head transmitter:

- In the terminal head, flat face, as per DIN EN 50446, direct mounting on insert with cable entry (middle hole 7 mm)
- In the field housing, separated from the process $\rightarrow \cong 41$

It is also possible to mount the head transmitter on a DIN rail as per IEC 60715 using the DIN rail clip $\rightarrow \cong$ 41 accessory.

Information about the conditions (such as the ambient temperature, degree of protection, climate class etc.) that must be present at the installation point so that the device can be mounted correctly is provided in the "Technical data" section $\rightarrow \cong 55$.

When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed (see Ex Safety Instructions).

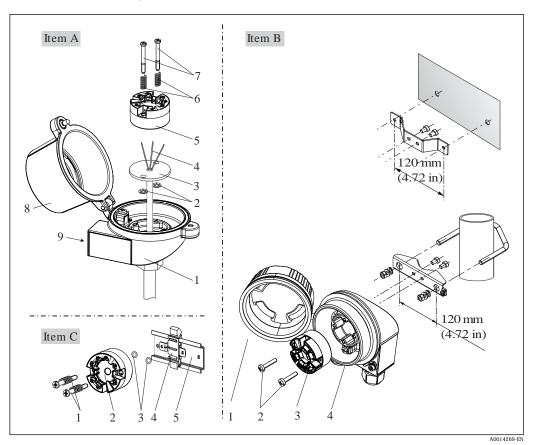
4.2 Installation

A Phillips head screwdriver is required to mount the head transmitter.

NOTICE

Do not overtighten the mounting screws as this could damage the head transmitter.

► Maximum torque = 1 Nm (¾ pound-feet).



4.2.1 Mounting the head transmitter

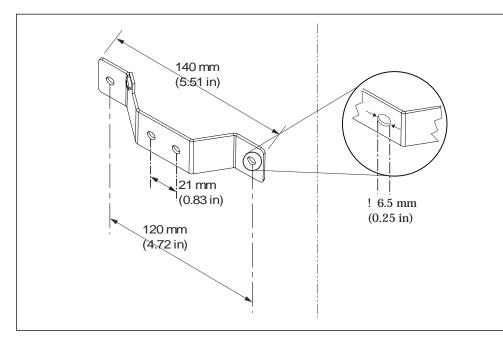
• 2 Head transmitter mounting (three versions)

Item A	Mounting in a terminal head (terminal head flat face as per DIN 43729)
1	Terminal head
2	Circlips
3	Insert
4	Connection wires
5	Head transmitter
6	Mounting springs
7	Mounting screws
8	Terminal head cover
9	Cable entry

Procedure for mounting in a terminal head, pos. A:

- 1. Open the terminal head cover (8) on the terminal head.
- **2.** Guide the connection wires (4) of the insert (3) through the center hole in the head transmitter (5).
- **3**. Fit the mounting springs (6) on the mounting screws (7).
- **4.** Guide the mounting screws (7) through the side boreholes of the head transmitter and the insert (3). Then fix both mounting screws with the snap rings (2).
- 5. Then tighten the head transmitter (5) along with the insert (3) in the terminal head.
- 6. After wiring $\rightarrow \triangleq 15$, close the terminal head cover (8) tightly again.

Item B	Mounting in a field housing
1	Field housing cover
2	Mounting screws with springs
3	Head transmitter
5	Field housing



3 Dimensions of angle bracket for wall mount (complete wall mounting set available as accessory)

Procedure for mounting in a field housing, pos. B:

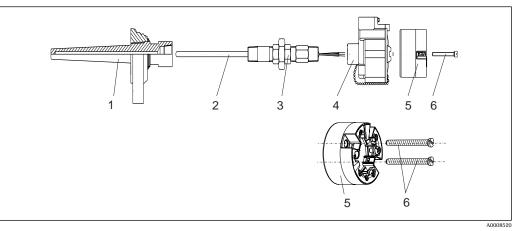
- 1. Open the cover (1) of the field housing (4).
- 2. Guide the mounting screws (2) through the lateral bores in the head transmitter (3).
- 3. Screw the head transmitter to the field housing.
- **4.** After wiring, close the field housing cover $(1) \rightarrow \square$ 15again.

Item C	Mounting on DIN rail (DIN rail as per IEC 60715)
1	Mounting screws with springs
2	Head transmitter
3	Circlips
4	DIN rail clip
5	DIN rail

Procedure for mounting on a DIN rail, pos. C:

- 1. Press the DIN rail clip (4) onto the DIN rail (5) until it engages with a click.
- 2. Fit the mounting springs on the mounting screws (1) and guide the screws through the side boreholes of the head transmitter (2). Then fix both mounting screws with the snap rings (3).
- 3. Screw the head transmitter (2) onto the DIN rail clip (4).

Mounting typical of North America



- 4 Head transmitter mounting
- 1 Thermowell
- 2 Insert
- 3 Adapter, coupling
- 4 Terminal head
- 5 Head transmitter
- 6 Mounting screws

Thermometer design with thermocouples or RTD sensors and head transmitter:

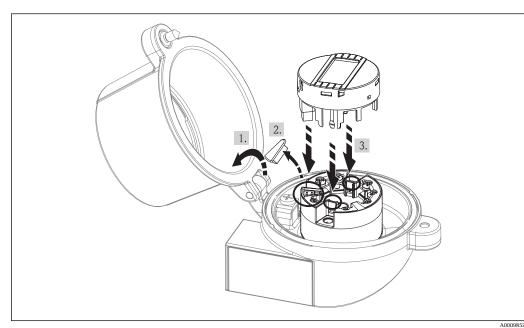
- 1. Fit the thermowell (1) on the process pipe or the container wall. Secure the thermowell according to the instructions before the process pressure is applied.
- 2. Fit the necessary neck tube nipples and adapter (3) on the thermowell.
- **3.** Make sure sealing rings are installed if such rings are needed for harsh environmental conditions or special regulations.
- 4. Guide the mounting screws (6) through the lateral bores of the head transmitter (5).
- **5.** Position the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4) in such a way that the bus cable (terminals 1 and 2) point to the cable entry.
- 6. Using a screwdriver, screw down the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4).
- 7. Guide the connection wires of the insert (3) through the lower cable entry of the terminal head (4) and through the middle hole in the head transmitter (5). Wire the connection wires up to the transmitter $\rightarrow \square 15$.
- 8. Screw the terminal head (4), with the integrated and wired head transmitter, onto the ready-mounted nipple and adapter (3).

NOTICE

The terminal head cover must be secured properly to meet the requirements for explosion protection.

• After wiring, securely screw the terminal head cover back on.

Mounting the display on the head transmitter



S Mounting the display

- 1. Loosen the screw on the terminal head cover. Flip back the terminal head cover.
- 2. Remove the cover of the display connection area.
- **3.** Fit the display module onto the mounted and wired head transmitter. The fastening pins must click securely into place on the head transmitter. After mounting, securely tighten the terminal head cover.
- The display can be used only with the appropriate terminal heads cover with viewing window (e.g. TA30 from Endress+Hauser).

4.3 **Post-installation check**

After installing the device, always run the following final checks:

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	-
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	See Technical data' section

5 Electrical connection

5.1 Connection conditions

L CAUTION

- Switch off the power supply before installing or connecting the device. Failure to
 observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.
- When connecting Ex-certified devices, please take special note of the instructions and connection schematics in the Ex-specific supplement to these Operating Instructions. Your supplier is available for assistance if required.
- ► Do not occupy the display connection. An incorrect connection can destroy the electronics.

NOTICE

Do not overtighten the screw terminals, as this could damage the transmitter. Use a suitable screwdriver.

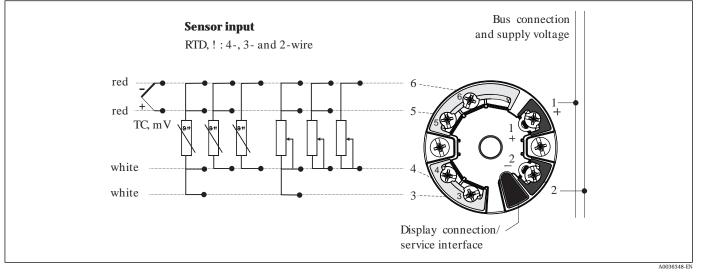
- Maximum torque for securing screws = 1 Nm (¾ foot-pound), screwdriver: Pozidriv Z2
- Maximum torque for screw terminals = 0.35 Nm (¼ foot-pound), screwdriver: Pozidriv Z1

Proceed as follows to wire a mounted head transmitter:

- 1. Open the cable gland and the housing cover on the terminal head or the field housing.
- 2. Feed the cables through the opening in the cable gland.
- 3. Connect the cables as shown in $\rightarrow \triangleq 15$.
- 4. Tighten the cable gland again and close the housing cover.

In order to avoid connection errors always follow the instructions in the post-connection check section before commissioning!

5.2 Quick wiring guide



■ 6 Terminal assignment of head transmitter

To operate the device via the HART[®] protocol (terminals 1 and 2), a minimum load of 250 Ω is required in the signal circuit.

In the event of a thermocouple (TC) measurement, a 2-wire RTD can be connected to measure the reference junction temperature. This is connected to terminals 4 and 6.

NOTICE

► ▲ESD - electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.

5.3 Connecting the sensor cables

Terminal assignment of the sensor connections $\rightarrow \blacksquare 6$, $\blacksquare 15$.

5.4 Connecting the transmitter

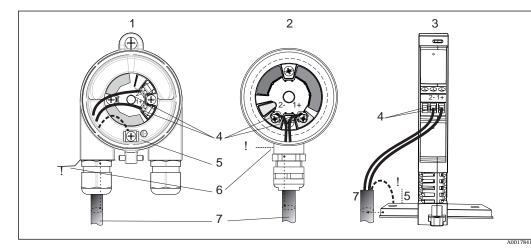
L CAUTION

Switch off power supply before installing or connecting the transmitter. Failure to
observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.

Cable specification

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended for HART[®] communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

Please also observe the general procedure on $\rightarrow \triangleq 15$.



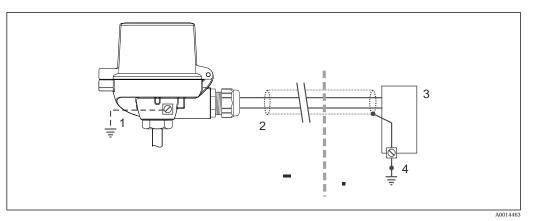
Connecting the signal cables and power supply

- 1 Head transmitter installed in field housing
- 2 Head transmitter installed in terminal head
- 3 DIN rail transmitter mounted on DIN rail
- 4 Terminals for HART[®] protocol and power supply
- 5 Internal ground connection
- 6 External ground connection
- 7 Shielded signal cable (recommended for HART® protocol)
- The terminals for connecting the signal cable (1+ and 2-) are protected against reverse polarity.
 - Conductor cross-section: Max. 2.5 mm² for screw terminals

5.5 Special connection instructions

Shielding and grounding

The specifications of the HART FieldComm Group must be observed during installation.



Shielding and grounding the signal cable at one end with HART[®] communication

1 Optional grounding of the field device, isolated from cable shielding

2 Grounding of the cable shield at one end

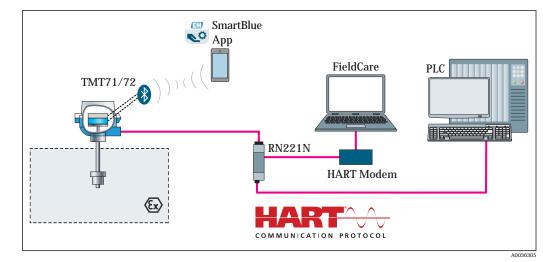
3 Supply unit

4 Grounding point for HART[®] communication cable shield

5.6 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Is the device or cable undamaged (visual check)?	
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the nameplate?	 Head transmitter: U = e.g. 10 to 36 V_{DC} Other values apply in the hazardous area, see the corresponding Ex Safety Instructions (XA).
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	
Are the power supply and signal cables correctly connected?	→ 🖹 15
Are all the screw terminals well tightened?	
Are all the cable entries installed, tightened and sealed?	
Are all housing covers installed and firmly tightened?	

6 Operation options



6.1 Overview of operation options

9 Operation options for the head transmitter

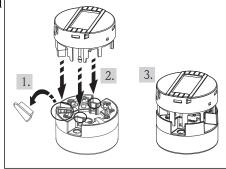
For the head transmitter, display and operating elements are available locally only if the head transmitter was ordered with an attachable display unit!

The transmitter's optional Bluetooth interface is only active if a display unit is not attached or the CDI interface is not used for device configuration.

6.1.1 Measured value display and operating elements

Option: display TID10 with transmitter

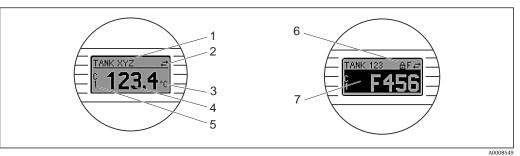
The display may also be subsequently ordered at any time after purchasing the transmitter, see the 'Accessories' section in the Operating Instructions for the device.



I 10 Attach the display to the transmitter

Display elements

Head transmitter



■ 11 Optional LC display for head transmitter

Item No.	Function	Description		
1	Displays the TAG	TAG, 32 characters long.		
2	'Communication' symbol	The communication symbol appears when read and write-accessing via the fieldbus protocol.		
3	Unit display	Unit display for the measured value displayed.		
4	Measured value display	Displays the current measured value.		
5	Value/channel display DT, PV, I, %	e.g. PV for a measured value from channel 1 or DT for the device temperature		
6	'Configuration locked' symbol	The 'configuration locked' symbol appears when configuration is locked via the hardware.		
7	Status signals			
	Symbols	Meaning		
		Error message "Failure detected" An operating error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.		
		The display alternates between the error message and "" (no valid measured value present), see "Diagnostics events" section $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 37. The display alternates between the error message and "" (no valid measured value present). Detailed information on the error messages can be found in the Operating Instructions.		
		"Service mode" The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).		
		"Out of specification" The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during warm-up or cleaning processes).		
	М	"Maintenance required" Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.		
		The display alternates between the measured value and the status message.		

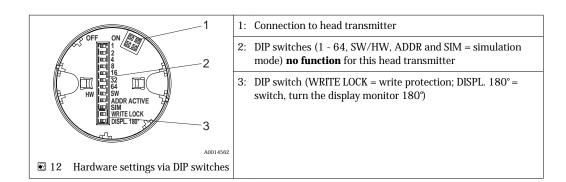
Local operation

You can make hardware settings for the fieldbus interface using miniature switches (DIP switches) on the rear of the optional display .

The user has the option of ordering the display with the head transmitter, or as an accessory for subsequent mounting. $\rightarrow \cong 41$

NOTICE

► ▲ESD - electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.



Procedure for setting the DIP switch:

- 1. Open the cover of the terminal head or field housing.
- 2. Remove the attached display from the head transmitter.
- **3.** Configure the DIP switch on the rear of the display accordingly. In general: switch to ON = function enabled, switch to OFF = function disabled.
- **4.** Fit the display onto the head transmitter in the correct position. The head transmitter accepts the settings within one second.
- 5. Secure the cover back onto the terminal head or field housing.

Switching write protection on/off

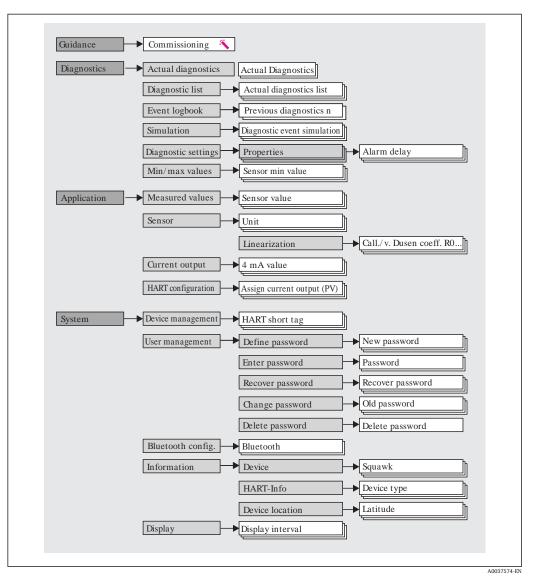
Write protection is switched on and off via a DIP switch on the rear of the optional attachable display. When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that the write protection is on. Write protection prevents any write access to the parameters. The write protection remains active even when the display is removed. To deactivate the write protection, the display must be attached to the transmitter with the DIP switch switched off (WRITE LOCK = OFF). The transmitter adopts the setting during operation and does not need to be restarted.

Turning the display

The display can be rotated 180° using the "DISPL. 180° " DIP switch. The setting is retained when the display is removed.

6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu



User roles

Endress+Hauser's role-based access concept consists of two hierarchical levels for the user and presents the various user roles with defined read/write authorizations, derived from the NAMUR shell model.

Operator

The plant operator can only change settings that do not affect the application - and particularly the measuring path - and simple, application-specific functions that are used during operation. The operator is able to read all the parameters, however.

Maintenance

The **Maintenance** user role refers to configuration situations: commissioning and process adaptations as well as troubleshooting. It allows the user to configure and modify all available parameters. In contrast to the **Operator** user role, in the Maintenance role the user has read and write access to all the parameters.

• Changing the user role

A user role - and therefore existing read and write authorization - is changed by selecting the desired user role (already pre-selected depending on the operating tool) and entering the correct password when subsequently prompted. When a user logs out, system access always returns to the lowest level in the hierarchy. A user is logged out either by actively selecting the logout function when operating the device or is logged out automatically if the device is not operated for a period of over 600 seconds. Irrespective of this, actions that are already in progress (e.g. active upload/download, data logging, etc.) continue to be executed in the background.

• As-delivered state

The **Operator** user role is not enabled when the device is delivered from the factory, i.e. the **Maintenance** role is the lowest level in the hierarchy ex-works. This state makes it possible to commission the device and make other process adaptations without having to enter a password. Afterwards, a password can be assigned for the **Maintenance** user role to protect this configuration. The **Operator** user role is not visible when the device is delivered from the factory.

Password

The **Maintenance** user role can assign a password in order to restrict access to device functions. This activates the **Operator** user role, which is now the lowest hierarchy level where the user is not asked to enter a password. The password can only be changed or disabled in the **Maintenance** user role. A password can be defined at different points in the operation of the device:

In the menu Guidance \rightarrow Commissioning wizard: as part of guided device operation

In the menu: System \rightarrow User management

Submenus

Menu Typical tasks Content/meaning		Content/meaning
"Diagnostics"	 Fault elimination: Diagnosing and eliminating process errors. Error diagnostics in difficult cases. Interpretation of device error messages and correcting associated errors. 	 Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors: Diagnostic list Contains up to 3 error messages currently pending Event logbook Contains the last 10 error messages (no longer pending) "Simulation" submenu Used to simulate measured values, output values or diagnostic messages "Diagnostic settings" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring error events "Min/max values" submenu Contains the minimum/maximum indicator and the reset option
"Application"	 Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement. Configuration of data processing (scaling, linearization, etc.). Configuration of the analog measured value output. Tasks during operation: Reading measured values. 	Contains all parameters for commissioning: • "Measured values" submenu Contains all the current measured values • "Sensor" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring the measurement • "Output" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring the analog current output • "HART configuration" submenu Contains the settings and the most important parameters for HART communication
'System'	 Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the system administration of the device: Optimum adaptation of the measurement for system integration. Detailed configuration of the communication interface. User and access administration, password control Information concerning the device identification, HART information and display configuration 	Contains all the higher-level device parameters that are assigned for system, device and user management, including Bluetooth configuration. • "Device management" submenu Contains parameters for general device management • "Bluetooth configuration" submenu (option) Contains the function for enabling/disabling the Bluetooth interface • "Device and user management" submenus Parameters for access authorization, password assignment, etc. • "Information" submenu Contains all the parameters for the unique identification of the device • "Display" submenu Configuration of the display

6.3 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

6.3.1 DeviceCare

Function scope

DeviceCare is a free configuration tool for Endress+Hauser devices. It supports devices with the following protocols, provided a suitable device driver (DTM) is installed: HART, PROFIBUS, FOUNDATION Fieldbus, Ethernet/IP, Modbus, CDI, ISS, IPC and PCP. The tool is aimed at customers without a digital network in plants and workshops and Endress +Hauser service technicians. The devices can be connected directly via a modem (point-to-point) or a bus system. DeviceCare is fast, easy and intuitive to use. It can run on a PC, laptop or tablet with a Windows operating system.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \square 28$

6.3.2 FieldCare

Function scope

FDT/DTM-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and help you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. Access takes place via the HART[®] protocol or CDI (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface).

Typical functions:

- Configuring parameters of transmitters
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

For details, see Operating Instructions BA027S/04/xx and BA059AS/04/xx

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \cong 28$

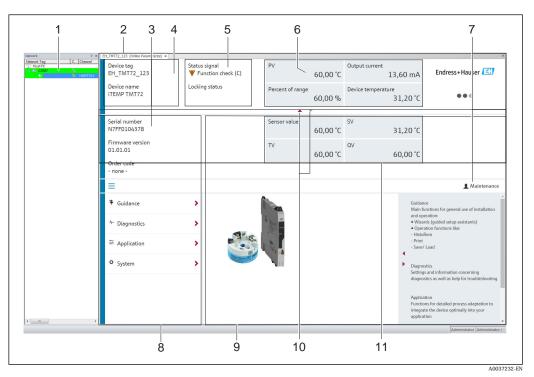
Establishing a connection

Example: via HART® modem Commubox FXA195 (USB)

- 1. Make sure that the DTM library is updated for all the connected devices (e.g. FXA19x, TMTxy).
- 2. Start FieldCare and create a project.
- 3. Go to View --> Network: right-click **Host PC** Add device...
 - ← The **Add device** window opens.
- 4. Select the **HART communication** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 5. Double-click **HART communication** DTM instance.
 - └→ Check whether the correct modem is connected to the serial interface and press
 OK to confirm.
- 6. Right-click **HART communication** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
- 7. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
 - └ The device now appears in the network list.
- 8. Right-click the device and select the **Connect** option in the context menu.

 The CommDTM is displayed in green.
- **9.** Double-click the device in the network to establish the online connection to the device.
 - ← The online configuration is available.
- If transferring the device parameters following an offline configuration, the password for **Maintenance** if assigned -must first be entered in the "User management" menu.

User interface



■ 13 User interface with device information via HART[®] communication

- 1 Network view
- 2 Header
- 3 Extended header
- 4 Tag name and device name
- 5 Status signal
- 6 Measured values with device and measured value status information, simple presentation, e.g. PV, output current, % span, device temperature
- 7 Current user role (with direct link to user management)
- 8 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 9 Working area with fade in/fade out help area
- $10 \quad \text{Navigation arrows for fade in/fade out the extended header}$
- 11 Extended display of device and measured value information, e.g. sensor value, SV (TV, QV)

6.3.3 Field Xpert

Function scope

Field Xpert for mobile plant asset management is available as both a tablet PC and an industrial PDA with an integrated touch screen for the commissioning and maintenance of field devices in hazardous and non-hazardous areas. It enables the efficient configuration of FOUNDATION fieldbus, HART and WirelessHART devices. Communication is wireless via Bluetooth or WiFi interfaces.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \square 28$.

6.3.4 AMS Device Manager

Function scope

Program from Emerson Process Management for operating and configuring measuring devices via the ${\rm HART}^{\rm \tiny I\!\!I}$ protocol.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \cong 28$.

6.3.5 SIMATIC PDM

Function scope

SIMATIC PDM is a standardized, manufacturer-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via the HART [®] protocol.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \square 28$.

6.3.6 Field Communicator 375/475

Function scope

Industrial handheld terminal from Emerson Process Management for remote configuration and measured value display via the HART [®] protocol.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \cong 28$.

6.4 Access to the operating menu via the SmartBlue App

The device can be operated and configured via the SmartBlue App. The connection is established via the Bluetooth[®] wireless technology interface.

Prerequisite:

- The device has the optional Bluetooth interface: order code "Communication; output signal; operation", option P: "HART; 4-20 mA; HART/Bluetooth (App) configuration"
- A smartphone or tablet with the SmartBlue App installed.

Supported functions

- Device selection in Live List and access to the device (login)
- Configuration of the device
- Access to measured values, device status and diagnostics information

The SmartBlue App is available for free download for Android devices (Google Playstore) and iOS devices (iTunes Apple Shop) : Endress+Hauser SmartBlue

Directly to the app with the QR code:



A0033202

System requirements

- Devices with iOS:
 - iPhone 4S or higher, from iOS9.0
 - iPad2 or higher, from iOS9.0
 - iPod Touch 5th generation or higher, from iOS9.0
- Devices with Android: Android 4.4 KitKat or higher

Download the SmartBlue App:

- 1. Install and start the SmartBlue App.
 - → A Live List shows all the devices available.
- 2. Select the device from the Live List.

Logging in:

- 3. Enter the user name: **admin**
- 4. Enter the initial password: serial number of the device.

5. Confirm your entry.

└ The device information opens.

Navigate through the various items of information about the device: swipe the screen to the side.

- The range under reference conditions is:
 - 10 m (33 ft) when installed in the terminal head or field housing with a display window
 - 5 m (16.4 ft) when installed in the terminal head or field housing
- Incorrect operation by unauthorized persons is prevented by means of encrypted communication and password encryption.
- The Bluetooth® wireless technology interface can be deactivated
- The transmitter's optional Bluetooth interface is only active if a display unit is not attached or the CDI interface is not used for device configuration.

7 System integration

7.1 **Overview of device description files**

Version data for the device

Firmware version	01.01.zz	 On the title page of the Operating instructions On the nameplate → I 1 ⇒ 9 Parameter firmware version Diagnostics → Device info → Firmware Version
Manufacturer ID	0x11	Manufacturer ID parameter Diagnostics → Device info→ Manufacturer ID
Device type ID	0x11D0	Device type parameter Diagnostics \rightarrow Device info \rightarrow Device type
HART protocol revision	7	
Device revision	1	 On the transmitter nameplate → ■ 1, ■ 9 Device revision parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision

The suitable device driver software (DD/DTM) for the individual operating tools can be acquired from a variety of sources:

- www.endress.com --> Downloads --> Search field: Software --> Software type: Device driver
- www.endress.com --> Products: individual product page, e.g. TMTx2 --> Documents / Manuals / Software: Electronic Data Description (EDD) or Device Type Manager (DTM).
- Via DVD (please contact your local Endress+Hauser Sales Center)

Endress+Hauser supports all common operating tools from a variety of manufacturers (e.g. Emerson Process Management, ABB, Siemens, Yokogawa, Honeywell and many others). Endress+Hauser's FieldCare and DeviceCare operating tools are available for download (www. endress.com --> Downloads --> Search field: Software --> Application software) or on the optical data storage medium (DVD) which you can obtain from your local Endress +Hauser Sales Center.

7.2 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variable	Measured value
Primary device variable (PV)	Sensor
Secondary device variable (SV)	Device temperature
Tertiary device variable (TV)	Sensor
Quaternary device variable (QV)	Sensor

7.3 Supported HART[®] commands

The HART[®] protocol enables the transfer of measuring data and device data between the HART[®] master and the field device for configuration and diagnostics purposes. HART[®] masters such as the handheld terminal or PC-based operating programs (e.g. FieldCare) need device description files (DD, DTM) which are used to access all the information in a HART[®] device. This information is transmitted exclusively via "commands". There are three different types of command

- Universal commands:
- All HART[®] devices support and use universal commands. These are associated with the following functionalities for example:
- Recognition of HART[®] devices
- Reading digital measured values
- Common practice commands:
- Common practice commands offer functions which are supported and can be executed by many but not all field devices.
- Device-specific commands:
- These commands allow access to device-specific functions which are not HART[®] standard. Such commands access individual field device information, among other things.

Command No.	Designation				
Universal commands					
0, Cmd0	Read unique identifier				
1, Cmd001	Read primary variable				
2, Cmd002	Read loop current and percent of range				
3, Cmd003	Read dynamic variables and loop current				
6, Cmd006	Write polling address				
7, Cmd007	Read loop configuration				
8, Cmd008	Read dynamic variable classifications				
9, Cmd009	Read device variables with status				
11, Cmd011	Read unique identifier associated with TAG				
12, Cmd012	Read message				
13, Cmd013	Read TAG, descriptor, date				
14, Cmd014	Read primary variable transducer information				
15, Cmd015	Read device information				
16, Cmd016	Read final assembly number				
17, Cmd017	Write message				
18, Cmd018	Write TAG, descriptor, date				
19, Cmd019	Write final assembly number				
20, Cmd020	Read long TAG (32-byte TAG)				
21, Cmd021	Read unique identifier associated with long TAG				
22, Cmd022	Write long TAG (32-byte TAG)				
38, Cmd038	Reset configuration changed flag				
48, Cmd048	Read additional device status				
Common practice co	mmands				
33, Cmd033	Read device variables				
34, Cmd034	Write primary variable damping value				
35, Cmd035	Write primary variable range values				
40, Cmd040	Enter/Exit fixed current mode				
42, Cmd042	Perform device reset				
44, Cmd044	Write primary variable units				
45, Cmd045	Trim loop current zero				
46, Cmd046	Trim loop current gain				

Command No.	Designation		
50, Cmd050	Read dynamic variable assignments		
54, Cmd054	Read device variable information		
59, Cmd059	Write number of response preambles		
72, Cmd072	Squawk		
95, Cmd095	Read device communications statistics		
100, Cmd100	Write primary variable alarm code		
516, Cmd516	Read device location		
517, Cmd517	Write device location		
518, Cmd518	Read location description		
519, Cmd519	Write location description		
520, Cmd520	Read process unit tag		
521, Cmd521	Write process unit tag		
523, Cmd523	Read condensed status mapping array		
524, Cmd524	Write condensed status mapping array		
525, Cmd525	Reset condensed status mapping array		
526, Cmd526	Write simulation mode		
527, Cmd527	Simulate status bit		

8 Commissioning

8.1 **Post-installation check**

Before commissioning the measuring point make sure that all final checks have been carried out:

- "Post-installation check" checklist $\rightarrow \square 14$
- "Post-connection check" checklist $\rightarrow \square 17$

8.2 Switching on the transmitter

Once you have completed the post-connection checks, switch on the supply voltage. The transmitter performs a number of internal test functions after power-up. As this procedure progresses, the following sequence of messages appears on the display:

Step	Display					
1	"Display" text and firmware version of the display					
2	Firm logo					
3	Device name with firmware version, hardware version and device revision					
4	Displays the sensor configuration (sensor type and type of connection) along with the configured measuring range					
5a	Current measured value or					
5b	Current status message					
	If the switch-on procedure is not successful, the relevant diagnostic event, depending on the cause, is displayed. A detailed list of diagnostic events and the corresponding troubleshooting instructions can be found in the "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" section $\rightarrow \square 35$.					

The device operates in normal mode after approx. 7 seconds, including the attached display. Normal measuring mode commences as soon as the switch-on procedure is completed. Measured values and status values appear on the display.

If the display is attached when the Bluetooth interface is activated, display initialization is performed twice and Bluetooth communication is disabled simultaneously.

8.3 Configuring the measuring device

Wizards

The **Guidance** menu contains various wizards. Wizards not only query individual parameters but also guide the user through the configuration and/or verification of entire sets of parameters with step-by-step instructions, including questions, that are comprehensible for the user. The "Start" button can be disabled for wizards that require specific access authorization (keyhole symbol appears on the screen).

The following five operating elements are supported for navigation in the wizards:

- Start
 - Only on the initial page: start the wizard and go to the first section
- Next

Go to the next page of the wizard. Is not enabled until parameters are entered or confirmed.

- Back
 - Return to the previous page
- Cancel
 - If Cancel is selected, the status before the wizard was started is restored
- Finish

Closes the wizard and possibility of making additional parameter settings on the device. Only enabled on the final page.

8.3.1 Commissioning wizard

Commissioning is the first step towards using the device for the designated application. The Commissioning wizard contains an introductory page (with the "Start" operating element) and a short description of the content. The wizard consists of several sections in which the user is guided step-by-step through the commissioning of the device.

"Device management" is the first section that appears when the user runs the wizard, and contains the following parameters. Its main purpose is to provide information about the device:

Navigation \Box Guidance \rightarrow Commissioning \rightarrow Start \propto

Device management	Sensor	Current output	User management	A0037378-EN
Device TAG				A0037378-EN
Device name				
Serial number				
Extended order code (n) 1)				
HART short tag				
HART date code				
HART descriptor				
HART message				
1) n = placeholder for 1	, 2, 3			

The second section, "Sensor", takes the user through all the relevant settings for the sensor. The number of parameters displayed depends on the corresponding settings. The following parameters can be configured:

Navigation \Box Guidance \rightarrow Commissioning \rightarrow Sensor \ll

Device management	Sensor	Current output	User management
			A0037
Unit			
Sensor type			
Connection type			
2-wire compensation			
Reference junction			
RJ preset value			

Endress+Hauser

iTEMP TMT71/72

In the third section, the settings are made for the analog output and the output's alarm response. The following parameters can be configured:

Navigation Guidance → Commissioning → Current output Device management Sensor Current output User management 4 mA value 20 mA value Failure mode Sensor Sensor

Failure current

In the final section, a password can be defined for the "Maintenance" user role. This is strongly recommended to protect the device against unauthorized access. The following steps describe how to configure a password for the "Maintenance" role for the first time.

Na	vigation		Guidance \rightarrow Con	nmissioning → User	r mai	nagement 🌂	
	Device management	\rangle	Sensor	Current output		User management	
							A0037391-EN

Access status New password

Confirm new password

- **1.** The **Maintenance** role appears in the "Access status" picklist. The **Maintenance** user role must first be selected when operating with the SmartBlue App.
 - ← Afterwards, the **New password** and **Confirm new password** input boxes appear.
- 2. Enter a user-defined password that meets the password rules indicated in the online help.
- 3. Enter the password again in the **Confirm new password** input box.

Once the password has been entered successfully, parameter changes, particularly those that are needed for commissioning, process adaptation/optimization and troubleshooting, can only be implemented in the **Maintenance** user role and if the password is entered successfully.

8.4 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

8.4.1 Hardware locking

The device can be protected against unauthorized access by hardware locking. In the locking and access concept, hardware locking always has top priority. The device is write-protected if the keyhole symbol appears in the header of the measured value display. To disable write protection, switch the write protection switch on the back of the display to the "OFF" position (hardware write protection). $\rightarrow \cong 19$

8.4.2 Software locking

By assigning a password for the **Maintenance** user role, it is possible to restrict access authorization and protect the device against unauthorized access. See the Commissioning wizard $\rightarrow \cong 32$

The parameters are also protected against modification if the user logs out of the **Maintenance** user role and the system switches to the **Operator** role. No keyhole symbol is displayed, however.

To disable the write protection, the user must log on with the **Maintenance** user role via the relevant operating tool.

1 User role concept $\rightarrow \cong 21$

Diagnostics and troubleshooting

9.1 General troubleshooting

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after start up or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired. However, it is possible to send the device in for examination. See the information in the "Return" section. $\rightarrow \triangleq 41$

General errors

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Problem	Possible cause	Remedy		
Device is not responding.	Supply voltage does not match that specified on the nameplate.	Check the voltage at the transmitter directly using a voltmeter and correct.		
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Check the contacting of the cables and correct if necessary.		
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.		
Output current < 3.6 mA	Signal line is not wired correctly.	Check wiring.		
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.		
HART communication is not working.	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (250 Ω) correctly.		
	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.		
	Commubox is not set to "HART".	Set Commubox selector switch to "HART".		

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Check display (optional in conjunction with head transmitter)

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy
No display visible	No supply voltage	 Check the supply voltage at the head transmitter, terminals + and Ensure that the display module holders are correctly seated and that the display module is properly connected to the head transmitter → 10. If possible, test the display module with other suitable head transmitters, e.g. an Endress+Hauser head transmitter.
	The display module is defective.	Replace the module.
	The electronics of the head transmitter are defective.	Replace the head transmitter.

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Local error	nessages on the display
→ 🗎 37	

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			-
Faulty	connection to	the fieldbus	host system

Faulty connection to the neubus nost system		
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy
Device is not responding.	Supply voltage does not match that specified on the nameplate.	Check the voltage at the transmitter directly using a voltmeter and correct.
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Check the contacting of the cables and correct if necessary.
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.
Output current < 3.6	Signal line is not wired correctly.	Check wiring.
mA	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.
HART communication is	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (250 Ω) correctly.
not working.	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.

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Error messages in the configuration software	
→ 🗎 38	

Application errors without status messages for RTD sensor connection

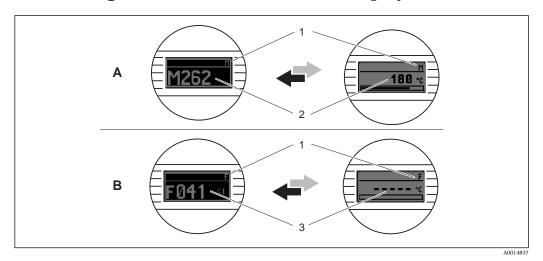
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the face-to-face length of the sensor.
	Device programming is incorrect (number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.
Measured value is incorrect/ inaccurate	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.
maccurate	Incorrect RTD configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.
	Sensor connection.	Check that the sensor is connected correctly.
	The cable resistance of the sensor (2-wire) was not compensated.	Compensate the cable resistance.
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.
	RTD connected incorrectly.	Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).
Failure current (\leq 3.6 mA or \geq 21 mA)	Device programming is incorrect (e.g. number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.
	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.

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Application errors without status messages for TC sensor connection

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.	
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the face-to-face length of the sensor.	
	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.	
Measured value is incorrect/ inaccurate	Incorrect thermocouple type (TC) configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.	
	Incorrect reference measuring point set.	Set the correct reference measuring point .	
	Interference via the thermocouple wire welded in the thermowell (interference voltage coupling).	Use a sensor where the thermocouple wire is not welded.	
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.	
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.	
Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or	Sensor is connected incorrectly.	Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).	
≥ 21 mA)	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.	

9.2 Diagnostic information on local display



- A Display in the event of a warning
- B Display in the event of an alarm
- 1 Status signal in the header
- 2 The display alternates between the primary measured value and the status indicated by the appropriate letter (M, C or S) plus the defined error number.
- 3 The display alternates between "- - " (no valid measured value) and the status indicated by the appropriate letter (F) plus the defined error number.

9.3 Diagnostic information via communication interface

NOTICE

Status signals and diagnostic behavior can be configured manually for certain diagnostic events. If a diagnostic event occurs, however, it is not guaranteed that the measured values are valid for the event and comply with the process for the status signals S and M and the diagnostic behavior: 'Warning' and Disabled'.

Reset the status signal assignment to the factory setting.

Status signals

Symbol	Event category	Meaning
F	Operating error	An operating error has occurred.
С	Service mode	The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification	The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during warm- up or cleaning processes).
М	Maintenance required	Maintenance is required.
N	Not categorized	

Diagnostic behavior

Alarm	Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.
Disabled	The diagnosis is completely disabled even if the device is not recording a measured value.

9.4 Diagnostic list

If two or more diagnostics events are pending simultaneously, only the message with the highest priority is shown. Additional pending diagnostic messages are shown in the **Diagnostic list** submenu . The status signal dictates the priority in which the diagnostic messages are displayed. The following order of priority applies: F, C, S, M. If two or more diagnostic events with the same status signal are active simultaneously, the numerical order of the event number dictates the order of priority in which the events are displayed, e.g.: F042 appears before F044 and before S044.

9.5 Event logbook

Past diagnostic messages that are no longer pending are shown in the **Event logbook** submenu. $\rightarrow \cong 66$

9.6 Overview of diagnostic events

Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain event behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events.

Example:

	Settings	Settings I		Device behavior			
Configuration examples	Diagnostic number	Status signal	Diagnostic behavior from the factory	Status signal (output via HART® communication)	Current output	PV, status	Display
1. Default setting	047	S	Warning	S	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	S047
2. Manual setting: status signal S changed to F	047	F	Warning	F	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	F047
3. Manual setting: Warning diagnostic behavior changed to Alarm	047	S	Alarm	S	Configured failure current	Measured value, BAD	S047
4. Manual setting: Warning changed to Disabled	047	S ¹⁾	Disabled	_ 2)	Last valid measured value ³⁾	Last valid measured value, GOOD	S047

1) Setting is not relevant.

Status signal is not displayed.
 The failure current is output if

The failure current is output if no valid measured value is available.

Diagnostic number	Short text	Corrective measure	Status signal from the factory	Customizable 1) Not customizable	Diagnosti c - behavior from the factory	Customizable 2) Not customizable
		Diagnostics for the sensor				
41	Sensor interrupted	 Check electrical wiring. Replace sensor. Check connection type. 	F	\checkmark	Alarm	
42	Sensor corroded	1. Check sensor. 2. Replace sensor.	М	\checkmark	Warning	
43	Short-circuit	 Check electrical connection. Check sensor. Replace sensor or cable. 	F		Alarm	
047	Sensor limit reached sensor n	 Check sensor. Check process conditions. 	S	\checkmark	Warning	\checkmark
145	Compensation reference point	 Check terminal temperature. Check external reference point. 	F	\checkmark	Alarm	
		Diagnostics for the electronics				
201	Electronics faulty	 Restart device. Replace electronics. 	F	X	Alarm	X
221	Reference sensor defective Replace device. I		М	\checkmark	Alarm	
		Diagnostics for the configuration	l			
401	Factory reset active	Factory reset active, please wait.	С	\mathbf{X}	Warning	\mathbf{X}

Diagnostic number	Short text	Corrective measure	Status signal from the factory	Customizable 1) Not customizable	Diagnosti c behavior from the factory	Customizable 2) Not customizable
402	Initialization active	Initialization active, please wait.	С	\mathbf{X}	Warning	\mathbf{X}
410	Data transfer failed	1. Check connection. 2. Retry data transfer.	F	X	Alarm	X
411	Up-/download active	Up-/download active, please wait.	С	×	Warning	×
435	Linearization faulty	Check linearization.	F	X	Alarm	X
485	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation.	С	X	Warning	X
491	Current output simulation	Deactivate simulation.	С	\checkmark	Warning	\checkmark
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation.	С	\checkmark	Warning	\checkmark
531	Factory adjustment missing	 Contact service. Replace device. 	F	X	Alarm	X
537	Configuration	 Check device configuration Upload and download new configuration. (In case of current output: check configuration of analog output.) 	F	×	Alarm	X
582	Sensor diagnostics TC deactivated	Switch on diagnostics for thermocouple measurement	С	X	Warning	X
		Diagnostics for the process				
801	Supply voltage too low ³⁾	Increase supply voltage.	S	\checkmark	Alarm	X
825	Operating temperature	 Check ambient temperature. Check process temperature. 	S	\checkmark	Warning	\checkmark
844	Process value outside specification	 Check process value. Check application. Check sensor. 	S		Warning	

1) Can be set to F, C, S, M, N

2) Can be set to 'Alarm', 'Warning' and 'Disabled'

3) In the case of this diagnostic event, the device always outputs a "low" alarm status (output current \leq 3.6 mA).

9.7 Firmware history

Revision history

The firmware version (FW) on the nameplate and in the Operating Instructions indicates the device release: XX.YY.ZZ (example 01.02.01).

- XX Change to main version. No longer compatible. The device and Operating Instructions change.
- YY Change to functions and operation. Compatible. The Operating Instructions change.
- ZZ Fixes and internal changes. No changes to the Operating Instructions.

Date	Firmware version	Changes	Documentation
11/2018	01.01.zz	Original firmware	BA01854T/09/en/01.18

10 Maintenance

In general, no specific maintenance is required for this device.

11 Repair

11.1 General information

Repairs that are not described in these Operating Instructions must only be carried out directly by the manufacturer or by the service department.

11.2 Spare parts

Spare parts currently available for the device can be found online at: http://www.products.endress.com/spareparts_consumables. Always quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts!

Туре	Order number
Standard - DIN securing set (2 screws and springs, 4 shaft lock-down rings, 1 plug for the display interface)	71044061
US - M4 securing set (2 screws and 1 plug for the display interface)	71044062
Commubox FXA195 HART*, For intrinsically safe HART* communication with FieldCare via the USB interface.	FXA195

11.3 Return

The measuring device must be returned if it is need of repair or a factory calibration, or if the wrong measuring device has been delivered or ordered. Legal specifications require Endress+Hauser, as an ISO-certified company, to follow certain procedures when handling products that are in contact with the medium.

To ensure safe, swift and professional device returns, please refer to the procedure and conditions for returning devices provided on the Endress+Hauser website at http://www.endress.com/support/return-material

11.4 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must, therefore, be disposed of as electronic waste in the event of disposal. Pay particular attention to the local regulations governing waste disposal in your country.

12 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is

available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Accessories included in the scope of delivery:

- Multilingual Brief Operating Instructions as hard copy
- ATEX supplementary documentation: ATEX Safety instructions (XA), **C**ontrol **D**rawings (CD)
- Mounting material for head transmitter

12.1 Device-specific accessories

Accessories
TID10 display unit for Endress+Hauser head transmitter iTEMP TMT8x ¹⁾ or TMT7x, attachable
TID10 service cable; connecting cable for service interface, 40 cm
Field housing TA30x for Endress+Hauser head transmitter
Adapter for DIN rail mounting, clip as per IEC 60715 (TH35) without securing screws
Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws + springs, 4 securing disks and 1 display connector cover)
US - M4 Mounting screws (2 M4 screws and 1 display connector cover)
Stainless steel wall mounting bracket Stainless steel pipe mounting bracket

1) without TMT80

12.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART [®] communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details, see Technical Information TI404F/00
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. For details, see Technical Information TI405C/07
WirelessHART adapter	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART® adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks. For details, see Operating Instructions BA061S/04
Field Xpert SMT70	Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration The tablet PC enables mobile plant asset management in hazardous and non- hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress. This tablet PC is designed as a comprehensive, all-in-one solution. With a pre- installed driver library, it is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage field instruments throughout their entire life cycle. For details, see Technical Information TI01342S/04

12.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	 Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project. Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator
Configurator	 Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration Up-to-the-minute configuration data Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language Automatic verification of exclusion criteria Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop The Configurator is available on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com -> Click "Corporate" -> Select your country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and the search field -> Open the product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.
DeviceCare SFE100	Configuration tool for devices via fieldbus protocols and Endress+Hauser service protocols. DeviceCare is the tool developed by Endress+Hauser for the configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. All smart devices in a plant can be configured via a point-to-point or point-to-bus connection. The user-friendly menus enable transparent and intuitive access to the field devices. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S
FieldCare SFE500	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00065S
W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records. W@M is available: Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement

12.4 System components Accessories Description RN221N Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits. Has bidirectional HART® transmission and optional HART® diagnosis if transmitters are connected with monitoring of 4 to 20 mA signal or HART® status byte analysis and an E+H-specific diagnostic command. For details, see Technical Information TI073R/09 I RIA15 Process display, digital loop-powered display for 4 to 20 mA circuit, panel mounting, with optional HART® communication. Displays 4 to 20 mA or up to 4 HART[®] process variables For details, see Technical Information TI01043K/09 **i** Graphic Data Manager The Advanced Data Manager Memograph M is a flexible and powerful system for Memograph M organizing process values. The measured process values are clearly presented on the display and logged safely, monitored for limit values and analyzed. Via common communication protocols, the measured and calculated values can be easily communicated to higher-level systems or individual plant modules can be interconnected. For details, see Technical Information TI01180R/09 I

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13 Technical data

13.1 Input

Measured variable Tem

Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior), resistance and voltage.

Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard	Designation	α	Measuring range limits	Min. span
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1) Pt200 (2) Pt500 (3) Pt1000 (4)	0.003851	-200 to +850 ℃ (-328 to +1 562 F) -200 to +850 ℃ (-328 to +1 562 F) -200 to +500 ℃ (-328 to +932 F) -200 to +250 ℃ (-328 to +482 F)	10 K (18 °F)
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	0.003916	−200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6) Ni120 (7)	0.006180	-60 to +250 ℃ (-76 to +482 ℉) -60 to +250 ℃ (-76 to +482 ℉)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8) Pt100 (9)	0.003910	-185 to +1 100 ℃ (-301 to +2012 ℉) -200 to +850 ℃ (-328 to +1 562 ℉)	10 K (18 °F)
OIML R84: 2003,	Cu50 (10) Cu100 (11)	0.004280	-180 to +200 ℃ (-292 to +392 ℉) -180 to +200 ℃ (-292 to +392 ℉)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12) Ni120 (13)	0.006170	-60 to +180 ℃ (-76 to +356 °F) -60 to +180 ℃ (-76 to +356 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	0.004260	−50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
-	Pt100 (Callendar van Dusen) Nickel polynomial Copper polynomial	-	The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO.	10 K (18 °F)
 Type of connection: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤0.3 mA With 2-wire circuit, compensation of wire resistance possible (0 to 30 Ω) With 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire 				
Resistance transmitter	Resistance Ω		10 to 400 Ω 10 to 2 000 Ω	10 Ω 10 Ω

Thermocouples as per standard	Designation	Measuring range limits		Min. span
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type A (W5Re-W20Re) (30) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) (31) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) (34) Type J (Fe-CuNi) (35) Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) (37) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) (38) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) Type T (Cu-CuNi) (40)	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ to +2500\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (+32\ to +4532\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ +40\ to +1820\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (+104\ to +3308\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -270\ to +1000\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-454\ to +1832\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -270\ to +1372\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-454\ to +2192\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -270\ to +1372\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-454\ to +2372\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -270\ to +1300\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-454\ to +2372\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -50\ to +1768\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-58\ to +3214\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -50\ to +1768\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-436\ to +752\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \\ -260\ to +400\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}} (-436\ to +752\ \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}}) \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Recommended temperature range:} \\ 0 \ to +2 \ 500 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	50 K (90 °F) 50 K (90 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1; ASTM E988-96	Type C (W5Re-W26Re) (32)	0 to +2 315 ℃ (+32 to +4 199 ℉)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
ASTM E988-96	Type D (W3Re-W25Re) (33)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 ℃ (+32 to +3 632 ℉)	50 K (90 °F)
DIN 43710	Type L (Fe-CuNi) (41) Type U (Cu-CuNi) (42)	-200 to +900 ℃ (-328 to +1 652 ℉) -200 to +600 ℃ (-328 to +1 112 ℉)	-150 to +900 ℃ (-238 to +1652 ℉) -150 to +600 ℃ (-238 to +1112 ℉)	50 K (90 °F)
GOST R8.8585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)	−200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1 472 °F)	−200 to +800 °C (+328 to +1472 °F)	50 K (90 °F)

Thermocouples as per standard	Designation Measuring range limits		
	 Internal cold junction (Pt100) External cold junction: configurable value -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) Maximum sensor wire resistance 10 kΩ (If the sensor wire resistance is greater than 10 kΩ, an error message is output in accordance with NAMUR NE89.) 		
Voltage transmitter (mV)	Millivolt transmitter (mV)	-20 to 100 mV	5 mV

13.2 Output

Output signal	Analog output	4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA (can be inverted)
	Signal encoding	FSK ±0.5 mA via current signal
	Data transmission rate	1200 baud
Galvanic isolation		U = 2 kV AC (input/output)

Failure information

Failure information as per NAMUR NE43:

Failure information is created if the measuring information is missing or not valid. A complete list of all the errors occurring in the measuring system is created.

Underranging	Linear drop from 4.0 to 3.8 mA
Overranging	Linear increase from 20.0 to 20.5 mA
Failure e.g. sensor failure; sensor short-circuit	\leq 3.6 mA ("low") or \geq 21 mA ("high"), can be selected The "high" alarm setting can be set between 21.5 mA and 23 mA, thus providing the flexibility needed to meet the requirements of various control systems. Only the "low" alarm setting is possible in the SIL mode.

Load	$R_{b max}$ = (U _{b max} - 10 V) / 0.023 A (current output). Valid for head transmitter	Load (!) 1130 880 250 0 10 V 15.75 V 30.25 V 36 V Ub Supply voltage (V DC)
L		1000001 Lay

Linearization/transmission Temperature-linear, resistance-linear, voltage-linear behavior

Network frequency filter 50/60 Hz

Filter

		ī

1st order digital filter: 0 to 120 s

Protocol-specific data	Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)
	Device type ID	0x11D0

HART [®] specification	7
Device address in multi-drop mode	Software setting addresses0 to 63
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under: www.endress.com www.fieldcommgroup.org
HART load	min. 250 Ω
HART device variables	Measured value for primary process value (PV) Sensor (measured value)
	 Measured values for SV, TV, QV (second, third and fourth device variable) SV: Device temperature TV: Sensor (measured value) QV: Sensor (measured value)
Supported functions	SquawkCondensed status

Wireless HART data

Minimum starting voltage	10 V _{DC}
Start-up current	3.58 mA
Starting time	7 s
Minimum operating voltage	10 V _{AC}
Multidrop current	4.0 mA
Time for connection setup	9 s

Write protection for device parameters	 Hardware: Write protection for head transmitter on optional display using DIP switch Software: User role concept (password definition)
Switch-on delay	\leq 7 s until the first valid measured value signal is present at the current output and until start of HART® communication. While switch-on delay = I _a \leq 3.8 mA

13.3 Power supply

Screw terminals

Supply voltage	Values for non-hazardous areas, protected against polarity reversal: Head transmitter: 10 V \leq Vcc \leq 36 V			
	Values for hazardous areas, see Ex documentation .			
Current consumption	 3.6 to 23 mA Minimum current consumpt Current limit ≤ 23 mA 	ion 3.5 mA		
Terminals	Terminal version	Cable version	Cable cross-section	

Rigid or flexible

 $\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}^2 (14 \text{ AWG})$

13.4 Performance characteristics

Response time The measured value update depends on the type of sensor and connection method and moves within the following ranges: Resistance thermometer (RTD) 1 s Thermocouples (TC) 1 s 0.9 s Reference temperature When recording step responses, it must be taken into account that the times the internal reference measuring point are added to the specified times where applicable. • Calibration temperature: +25 ℃ ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F) Reference operating conditions • Supply voltage: 24 V DC 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment Maximum measured error In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference conditions specified above. The measured error data correspond to $\pm 2 \sigma$ (Gaussian distribution). The data include nonlinearities and repeatability.

Typical

Standard Designation Measuring range		Measuring range	Typical measured error (±)	
Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard			Digital value ¹⁾	Value at current output
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1)		0.07 ℃ (0.13 °F)	0.10 °C (0.18 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt1000 (4)	0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)		0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	0.09 ℃ (0.16 ℉)
Thermocouples (TC) as per s	tandard		Digital value	Value at current output
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36)		0.60 ℃ (1.08 °F)	0.64 ℃ (1.15 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39)	0 to +800 ℃ (32 to +1 472 ℉)	1.83 ℃ (3.29 °F)	1.84 ℃ (3.31 °F)
GOST R8.8585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)		2.45 ℃ (4.41 °F)	2.46 °C (4.43 °F)

1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].

Measured error for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	М	easured error (±)	
			Dig	gital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
			Maximum ³⁾	In relation to measured value 4)	
	Pt100 (1)	−200 to +850 °C	≤ 0.1 ℃ (0.19 ℉)	ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	
IEC 60751:2008	Pt200 (2)	(–328 to +1 562 °F)	≤ 0.20 °C (0.36 °F)	ME = ± (0.08 °C (0.14 °F) + 0.011% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘
IEC 00751.2008	Pt500 (3)	−200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F)	≤ 0.1 ℃ (0.19 ℉)	ME = ± (0.035 ℃ (0.063 °F) + 0.008% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μA)
	Pt1000 (4)	−200 to +250 °C (−328 to +482 °F)	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	ME = ± (0.02 °C (0.04 °F) + 0.007% * (MV - LRV))	

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Standard	Designation	Measuring range	М	leasured error (±)	
			Dig	gital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	−200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F)	≤ 0.09 ℃ (0.16 °F)	ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8)	-185 to +1 100 ℃ (-301 to +2 012 ℉)	≤ 0.18 °C (0.32 °F)	ME = ± (0.07 °C (0.13 °F) + 0.008% * (MV - LRV))	
GUS1 6651-94	Pt100 (9)	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1 562 °F)	≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F)	ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6)	-60 to +250 ℃ (-76 to +482 ℉)	≤ 0.04 ℃ (0.07 °F)	ME = ± (0.04 °C (0.07 °F) -	
DIN 43760 IP13-68	Ni120 (7)	-0010+230C(-7010+482F)	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 F)	0.004% * (MV - LRV))	
	Cu50 (10)	−180 to +200 °C (−292 to +392 °F)	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	ME = ± (0.08 °C (0.14 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘ 4.8 μA)
OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-2009	Cu100 (11)	−180 to +200 °C (−292 to +392 °F)	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	ME = ± (0.04 °C (0.07 °F) + 0.003% * (MV - LRV))	
	Ni100 (12)	-60 to +180 ℃ (-76 to +356 ℉)	≤ 0.10 °C (0.18 °F)	ME = ± (0.04 °C (0.07 °F) -	
	Ni120 (13)	$-00\ 10\ +180\ C\ (-70\ 10\ +350\ F)$	≤0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	$0.004\% * (MV - LRV))$ $ME = \pm (0.08 \ C \ (0.14 \ F) - 0.006\% * (MV - LRV))$ $ME = \pm (0.04 \ C \ (0.07 \ F) - 0.003\% * (MV - LRV))$ $ME = \pm (0.04 \ C \ (0.07 \ F) - 0.004\% * (MV - LRV))$	
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	−50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)	≤0.11 °C (0.2 °F)	ME = ± (0.09 °C (0.16 °F) + 0.004% * (MV - LRV))	
Resistance transmitter	Resistance Ω	10 to 400 Ω	29.5mΩ	$ME = \pm (17 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.0034 \% \text{ (MV - LRV)})$	0.03 % (≘
		10 to 2000 Ω	179.4mΩ	$ME = \pm (60 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.006 \% * (MV - LRV))$	4.8 μA)

1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].

2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

3) Maximum measured error for the specified measuring range.

4) Deviations from maximum measured error possible due to rounding.

Measured error for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	M	leasured error (±)	
			Di	gital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
			Maximum ³⁾	In relation to measured value 4)	
IEC 60584-1	Type A (30)	0 to +2 500 ℃ (+32 to +4 532 ℉)	≤ 1.65 ℃ (2.97 ℉)	$ME = \pm (1.0 \ \Column{^{\circ}C}\ (1.8 \ \Column{^{\circ}F}\) + 0.018\% \ \ \ \ (MV - LRV))$	
IEC 00584-1	Туре В (31)	+500 to +1 820 ℃ (+932 to +3 308 ℉)	≤ 2.1 °C (3.8 °F)	ME = ± (2.1 °C (3.8 °F) - 0.055% * (MV - LRV))	
IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	Туре С (32)	0 to . 2000 °C (. 22 to . 2 C22 °C)	≤ 0.86 °C (1.55 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.75 \text{ °C} (1.35 \text{ °F}) + 0.00555\% * (MV - LRV))$	
ASTM E988-96	Type D (33)	0 to +2 000 ℃ (+32 to +3 632 ℉)	≤ 0.78 °C (1.4 °F)	$ME = \pm (1.1 \ ^{\circ}C \ (1.98 \ ^{\circ}F) - 0.008\% \ ^{\ast} \ (MV - LRV))$	0.03 % (≘
	Type E (34)	-150 to +1 000 ℃ (-238 to +1 832 ℉)	≤ 0.16 °C (0.29 °F)	ME = ± (0.3 °C (0.54 °F) - 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μΑ)
	Туре Ј (35)	−150 to +1 200 °C	≤ 0.23 °C (0.41 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.36 \ ^{\circ}C \ (0.65 \ ^{\circ}F) - 0.005\% \ ^{\circ} \ (MV - LRV))$	
IEC 60584-1	Туре К (36)	(–238 to +2192 °F)	≤ 0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 \text{ °C} (0.9 \text{ °F}) - 0.005\% * (MV - LRV))$	
	Type N (37)	-150 to +1 300 ℃ (-238 to +2 372 ℉)	≤ 0.34 °C (0.61 °F)	ME = ± (0.7 ℃ (1.26 °F) - 0.014% * (MV - LRV))	
	Type R (38)	+50 to +1 768 °C (+122 to +3 214 °F)	≤ 0.9 ℃ (1.62 F)	ME = ± (1.6 °C (2.88 °F) - 0.026% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘ 4.8 µA)

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	М	leasured error (±)	
			Dig	gital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
	Type S (39)		≤ 1.08 ℃ (1.94 ℉)	ME = ± (1.60 °C (2.88 °F) - 0.022% * (MV - LRV))	
	Туре Т (40)	−150 to +400 °C (−238 to +752 °F)	≤ 0.23 °C (0.41 °F)	ME = ± (0.5 °C (0.9 °F) - 0.04% * (MV - LRV))	
DIN 43710	Type L (41)	-150 to +900 ℃ (-238 to +1652 ℉)	≤ 0.22 °C (0.4 °F)	ME = ± (0.39 °C (0.7 °F) - 0.008% * (MV - LRV))	
DIN 43710	Type U (42)	-150 to +600 ℃ (-238 to +1112 ℉)	≤ 0.15 °C (0.27 °F)	ME = ± (0.45 °C (0.81 °F) - 0.025% * (MV - LRV))	
GOST R8.8585-2001	Type L (43)	-200 to +800 ℃ (-328 to +1 472 ℉)	≤ 2.15 °C (3.87 °F)	ME = ± (2.3 °C (4.14 °F) - 0.015% * (MV - LRV))	
Voltage transmitter (mV)		-20 to +100 mV	10.0 µV	$ME = \pm (10.0 \ \mu V + 0.0018\%)$ * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μΑ

1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].

2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

3) Maximum measured error for the specified measuring range.

4) Deviations from maximum measured error possible due to rounding.

MV = Measured value

LRV = Lower range value of relevant sensor

Total measured error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{(Measured error digital^2 + Measured error D/A^2)}$

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 $^{\circ}$ (+32 to +392 $^{\circ}$ F), ambient temperature +25 $^{\circ}$ (+77 $^{\circ}$ F), supply voltage 24 V:

Measured error digital = 0.05 °C + 0.006% x (200 °C - (-200 °C)):	0.07 ℃ (0.126 °F)
Measured error D/A = 0.003 % x 200 °C (360 °F)	0.06 ℃ (0.108 ℉)
Measured error digital value (HART):	0.07 ℃ (0.126 °F)
Measured error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{(Measured error digital^2 + Measured error D/A^2)}$	0.10 °C (0.18 °F)

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +392 $^{\circ}$ F), ambient temperature +35 $^{\circ}$ C (+95 $^{\circ}$ F), supply voltage 30 V:

Measured error digital = 0.04 $^\circ C$ + 0.006% x (200 $^\circ C$ - (-200 $^\circ C)):$	0.07 ℃ (0.126 °F)
Measured error D/A = 0.03 % x 200 °C (360 °F)	0.06 ℃ (0.108 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (digital) = (35 - 25) x (0.013% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.003 °C	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (D/A) = (35 - 25) x (0.003% x 200 °C)	0.06 ℃ (0.108 °F)
Influence of supply voltage (digital) = (30 - 24) x (0.007% x 200 ℃ - (-200 ℃)), min. 0.005 ℃	0.02 °C (0.036 °F)
Influence of supply voltage (D/A) = (30 - 24) x (0.003% x 200 °C)	0.04 °C (0.72 °F)

Measured error digital value (HART): $\sqrt{(Measured error digital^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)^2 + Influence of supply voltage (digital)^2}$	0.10 °C (0.18 F)
Measured error analog value (current output): $(Measured error digital^2 + Measured error D/A^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (D/A)^2 + Influence of supply voltage (digital)^2 + Influence of supply voltage (D/A)^2$	0.13 °C (0.23 °F)

The measured error data correspond to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution).

MV = Measured value

LRV = Lower range value of relevant sensor

Physical input measuring range of sensors				
10 to 400 Ω	Cu50, Cu100, polynomial RTD, Pt50, Pt100, Ni100, Ni120			
10 to 2 000 Ω	Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000			
-20 to 100 mV	Thermocouples type: A, B, C, D, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U			

Sensor adjustment

Sensor transmitter matching

RTD sensors are one of the most linear temperature measuring elements. Nevertheless, the output must be linearized. To significantly improve temperature measurement accuracy, the device allows the use of two methods:

• Callendar-Van-Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer) The Callendar-Van-Dusen equation is described as: $R_T = R_0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.

• Linearization for copper/nickel resistance thermometers (RTD) The polynomial equation for copper/nickel is as follows: $R_T = R_0(1 + AT + BT^2)$

The coefficients A and B are used for the linearization of nickel or copper resistance thermometers (RTD). The exact values of the coefficients derive from the calibration data and are specific to each sensor. The sensor-specific coefficients are then sent to the transmitter.

Sensor transmitter matching using one of the methods explained above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

1-point adjustment (offset)

Shifts the sensor value

Current output adjustment Correction of 4 or 20 mA current output value.

Operating influences The measured error data correspond to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution).

Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change			Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change		
			Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾		Digital	D/A	
		Maximum	Based on measured value		Maximum	Based on measured value		
Pt100 (1)		≤ 0.013 ℃ (0.023 ℉)	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 °F)		≤ 0.007 ℃ (0.013 ℉)	0.007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 ℉)		
Pt200 (2)	IEC	≤ 0.017 ℃ (0.031 ℉)	-		≤ 0.009 ℃ (0.016 ℉)	-		
Pt500 (3)	60751:2008	≤ 0.008 ℃ (0.014 ℉)	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.006 ℃ (0.011 ℉)		≤ 0.004 ℃ (0.007 ℉)	0.007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.006 ℃ (0.011 ℉)	_	
Pt1000 (4)		≤ 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)	-	0.003 %	≤ 0.003 ℃ (0.005 ℉)	-	0.003	
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	≤ 0.009 ℃ (0.016 ℉)	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 ℉)		≤ 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	0.007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 ℉)	_	
Pt50 (8)	- GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.017 ℃ (0.031 ℉)	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 ℃ (0.018 ℉)		≤ 0.009 ℃ (0.016 ℉)	0.007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 ℃ (0.018 ℉)		
Pt100 (9)	- GUSI 6651-94	≤ 0.013 ℃ (0.023 ℉)	0.0013% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 °F)		≤ 0.007 ℃ (0.013 ℉)	0.007% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.003 ℃ (0.005 ℉)		
Ni100 (6)	DIN 43760	≤ 0.003 °C	-		≤ 0.001 °C	-		
Ni120 (7)	IPTS-68	(0.005 °F)	-	1	(0.002 °F)	-		
Cu50 (10)		≤ 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)	-		≤ 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)	-		
Cu100 (11)	- OIML R84: 2003 / GOST	≤ 0.004 ℃ (0.007 ℉)	-	0.003 %	≤ 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	-	0.003	
Ni100 (12)	6651-2009	≤ 0.003 ℃	-		≤ 0.003 °C	-		
Ni120 (13)		(0.005 °F)	-		(0.005 °F)	-		
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)	-		≤ 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)	-		
Resistance tran	smitter (Ω)							
10 to 400 Ω		≤ 4 mΩ	0.001% * MV, at least 1 mΩ	0.000.0/	≤ 2 mΩ	0.0005% * MV, at least 1 mΩ	0.000	
10 to 2 000 Ω		$\leq 20 m\Omega$	0.001% * MV, at least 15 mΩ	- 0.003 %	$\leq 10 m\Omega$	0.0005% * MV, at least 5 mΩ	- 0.003	

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].

2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

Influence of ambient temperature and	d supply voltage on operation for	or thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters
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Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: ence (±) per 1 ℃ (1.8 F) change	e		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change	
		Digital ¹⁾	gital ¹⁾ D/A ²⁾ Digital			D/A	
		Maximum	Based on measured value		Maximum	Based on measured value	
Type A (30)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.07 °C (0.126 °F)	0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 ℃ (0.023 F)	0.000.0/	≤ 0.03 ℃ (0.054 ℉)	0.0012% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 ℃ (0.023 ℉)	0.000.0/
Туре В (31)	не 00584-1	≤ 0.04 °C (0.072 °F)	-	0.003 %	≤ 0.02 ℃ (0.036 ℉)	-	0.003 %

Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: ence (±) per 1 ℃ (1.8 ℉) chang	e	Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change		(e	
		Digital ¹⁾		D/A ²⁾		Digital	D/A	
Туре С (32)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.04 ℃ (0.072 ℉)	0.0021% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.012 ℃ (0.022 ℉)		≤ 0.02 ℃ (0.036 ℉)	0.0012% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 ℃ (0.023 ℉)		
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.04 ℃ (0.072 ℉)	0.0019% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.016 ℃ (0.029 ℉)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.0011% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)		
Туре Е (34)		≤ 0.02 °C	0.0014% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 ℃ (0.009 ℉)		≤ 0.01 °C	0.0008% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)		
Туре Ј (35)		(0.036 °F)	0.0014% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 ℃ (0.018 ℉)		(0.018 °F)	0.0008% * MV, at least 0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)		
Туре К (36)		EC 60584-1 $\leq 0.02 \ C$ $(0.036 \ F)$ 0.0014	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.007 ℃ (0.013 ℉)		≤ 0.01 °C	0.0009% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)		
Type N (37)	IEC 60584-1		0.0014% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.010 ℃ (0.018 ℉)		(0.018 °F)	0.0008% * MV, at least 0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)		
Type R (38)			-		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	-	_	
Type S (39)		(0.054 °F)	-			-		
Туре Т (40)		- 0.003 %	0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)	-	0.003			
Type L (41)	DIN 43710	≤ 0.01 °C	-		≤ 0.01 ℃ (0.018 ℉)	-		
Type U (42)	DIN 43710	(0.018 °F)	-		0.0 ℃ (0.0 ℉)	-		
Type L (43)	orGOST R8.8585-2001		-		≤ 0.01 ℃ (0.018 ℉)	-		
Voltage transmi	itter (mV)							
–20 to 100 mV	-	≤ 1,5 μV	0.0015% * MV	- 0.003 %	≤ 0,8 μV	0.0008% * MV	- 0.003 9	

1) Measured value transmitted via HART[®].

2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

MV = Measured value

LRV = Lower range value of relevant sensor

Total measured error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{(Measured\ error\ digital^2 + Measured\ error\ D/A^2)}$

Long-term drift, resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) ¹⁾				
		after 1 month	after 6 months	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
		based on measured value	es			
Pt100 (1)	IEC 60751:2008	≤ 0.039% * (MV - LRV) or 0.01 ℃ (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 ℉)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)
Pt200 (2)		0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)	0.09 °C (0.17 °F)	0.12 °C (0.27 °F)	0.13 ℃ (0.24 °F)
Pt500 (3)		≤ 0.048% * (MV - LRV)	≤ 0.0075% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.068% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.06 ℉)	≤ 0.011% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)	≤ 0.0124% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 ℃ (0.07 ℉)
Pt1000 (4)		or 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.0077% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0088% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 ℉)	≤ 0.0114% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)	≤ 0.013% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) ¹⁾				
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	≤ 0.039% * (MV - LRV) or 0.01 ℃ (0.02 °F)	≤ 0.0061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 ℉)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)
Pt50 (8)	GOST	≤ 0.042% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.0068% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 ℃ (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.0076% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 ℃ (0.08 ℉)	≤ 0.01% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 ℃ (0.11 ℉)	≤ 0.011% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 ℃ (0.12 ℉)
Pt100 (9)	6651-94	≤ 0.016% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 ℃ (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.0061% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	≤ 0.007% * (MV - LRV) or 0.02 ℃ (0.04 ℉)	≤ 0.0093% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)	≤ 0.0102% * (MV - LRV) or 0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)
Ni100 (6)	UDIN 43700			0.02 °C (0.04 °E)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	
Ni120 (7)		0.01 ℃ (0.02 ℉)	0.01 ℃ (0.02 °F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)
Cu50 (10)	0.0. (T. D.) (0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.03 ℃ (0.05 °F)	0.04 ℃ (0.07 °F)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84: 2003 /		0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.03 ℃ (0.05 °F)	0.04 ℃ (0.07 °F)
Ni100 (12)	GOST 6651-2009	0.01 ℃ (0.02 °F)				
Ni120 (13)	0051-2009		0.01 ℃ (0.02 °F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.02 ℃ (0.04 ℉)
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	0.02 ℃ (0.04 °F)	0.03 ℃ (0.05 ℉)	0.04 ℃ (0.07 ℉)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 ℉)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)

Resistance transmitters

10 to 400 Ω	$\leq 0.003\% * MV \text{ or}$ 4 m Ω	≤ 0.0048% * MV or 6 mΩ	≤ 0.0055% * MV or 7 mΩ	≤ 0.0073% * MV or 10 mΩ	$\leq 0.008\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 11 mΩ
10 to 2000 Ω	≤ 0.0038% * MV or 25 mΩ	≤ 0.006% * MV or 40 mΩ			$\leq 0.0067\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 67 m Ω

1) Whichever is greater

Long-term drift, thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) ¹⁾				
		after 1 month	after 6 months	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
		based on measured value	S			
Type A (30)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.021% * (MV - LRV) or 0.34 ℃ (0.61 F)	≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.59 ℃ (1.06 °F)	≤ 0.044% * (MV - LRV) or 0.70 ℃ (1.26 ℉)	≤ 0.058% * (MV - LRV) or 0.93 ℃ (1.67 °F)	≤ 0.063% * (MV - LRV) or 1.01 ℃ (1.82 ℉)
Туре В (31)		0.80 °C (1.44 °F)	1.40 ℃ (2.52 °F)	1.66 ℃ (2.99 °F)	2.19 ℃ (3.94 °F)	2.39 ℃ (4.30 °F)
Туре С (32)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	0.34 ℃ (0.61 F)	0.58 ℃ (1.04 ℉)	0.70 ℃ (1.26 ℉)	0.92 ℃ (1.66 °F)	1.00 ℃ (1.80 F)
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	0.42 °C (0.76 °F)	0.73 ℃ (1.31 ℉)	0.87 ℃ (1.57 °F)	1.15 ℃ (2.07 °F)	1.26 ℃ (2.27 ℉)
Туре Е (34)		0.13 ℃ (0.23 ℉)	0.22 ℃ (0.40 °F)	0.26 ℃ (0.47 ℉)	0.34 ℃ (0.61 °F)	0.37 ℃ (0.67 °F)
Туре Ј (35)		0.15 ℃ (0.27 ℉)	0.26 ℃ (0.47 °F)	0.31 ℃ (0.56 °F)	0.41 ℃ (0.74 °F)	0.44 ℃ (0.79 °F)
Туре К (36)		0.17 ℃ (0.31 ℉)	0.30 ℃ (0.54 °F)	0.36 ℃ (0.65 °F)	0.47 °C (0.85 °F)	0.51 ℃ (0.92 °F)
Type N (37)	IEC 60584-1	0.25 ℃ (0.45 °F)	0.44 ℃ (0.79 °F)	0.52 ℃ (0.94 °F)	0.69 ℃ (1.24 °F)	0.75 ℃ (1.35 °F)
Type R (38)	-	0.09 °C (1.19 °E)	1.09 °C (1.0.4 °E)	1.28 ℃ (2.30 °F)	1.69 ℃ (3.04 ℉)	1.95 °C (2.22 °E)
Type S (39)		0.62 ℃ (1.12 °F)	1.08 ℃ (1.94 ℉)	1.29 ℃ (2.32 °F)	1.70 °C (3.06 °F)	- 1.85 °C (3.33 °F)
Туре Т (40)		0.18 °C (0.32 °F)	0.32 ℃ (0.58 °F)	0.38 ℃ (0.68 °F)	0.50 ℃ (0.90 °F)	0.54 ℃ (0.97 °F)
Type L (41)	DIN 43710	0.12 °C (0.22 °F)	0.21 ℃ (0.38 °F)	0.25 ℃ (0.45 °F)	0.33 ℃ (0.59 °F)	0.36 ℃ (0.65 ℉)

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Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) ¹⁾				
Type U (42)		0.18 ℃ (0.32 ℉)	0.31 ℃ (0.56 °F)	0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	0.49 ℃ (0.88 °F)	0.53 ℃ (0.95 °F)
Type L (43)	GOST R8.8585-200	0.15 ℃ (0.27 ℉)	0.26 °C (0.47 °F)	0.31 ℃ (0.56 ℉)	0.41 ℃ (0.74 °F)	0.44 ℃ (0.79 °F)
Voltage transmitters (mV)						
_ 20 to 100 mV		$\leq 0.012\%$ * MV or 4 μV	$\leq 0.021\% * MV \text{ or}$ 7 μV	$\leq 0.025\% * MV \text{ or}$ 8 μV	≤ 0.033% * MV or 11 µV	$\leq 0.036\%$ * MV or 12 μV

1) Whichever is greater

Analog output long-term drift

D/A long-term drift ¹⁾ (±)							
after 1 month	after 6 months	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years			
0.018%	0.026%	0.030%	0.036%	0.038%			

1) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

Influence of the cold
junctionPt100 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal cold junction with thermocouples TC)If an external 2-wire RTD is used for the cold junction measurement, the measured error
caused by the transmitter is < 0.5 °C (0.9 °F). The measured error of the sensor element
also needs to be added.

13.5 Environment

Ambient temperature range	–40 to +85 $^\circ\!\! C$ (–40 to +185 $^\circ\!\! F$), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation
Storage temperature	Head transmitter: -50 to $+100$ °C (-58 to $+212$ °F)
Altitude	Up to 4000 m (4374.5 yards) above mean sea level as per IEC 61010-1, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1
Humidity	 Condensation as per IEC 60 068-2-33: Head transmitter permitted Max. rel. humidity: 95% as per IEC 60068-2-30
Climate class	Head transmitter: climate class C1 as per EN 60654-1
Degree of protection	 Head transmitter with screw terminals: IP 00. In installed state, depends on the terminal head or field housing used. When installing in field housing TA30A, TA30D or TA30H: IP 66/67 (NEMA Type 4x encl.)
Shock and vibration resistance	Vibration resistance as per DNVGL-CG-0339 : 2015 and DIN EN 60068-2-27 Head transmitter: 2 to 100 Hz at 4g (increased vibration stress)
	Shock resistance as per KTA 3505 (section 5.8.4 Shock test)

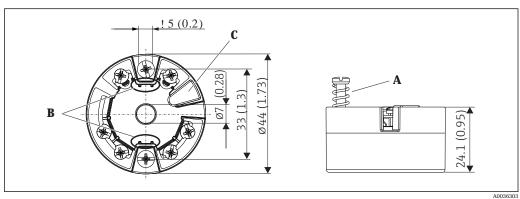
Electromagnetic	CE compliance
compatibility (EMC)	Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity. All tests were passed both with and without ongoing digital HART [®] communication.
	Maximum measured error <1% of measuring range.
	Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements
	Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series, Class B equipment
Measuring category	Measuring category II as per IEC 61010-1. The measuring category is provided for measuring on power circuits that are directly connected electrically with the low-voltage network.
Degree of contamination	Pollution degree 2 as per IEC 61010-1.

13.6 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)

Head transmitter



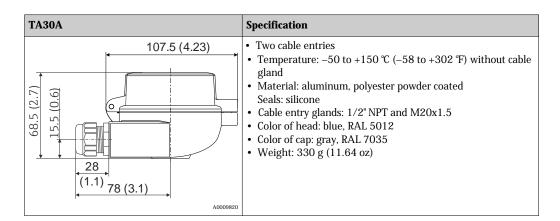
I4 Version with screw terminals

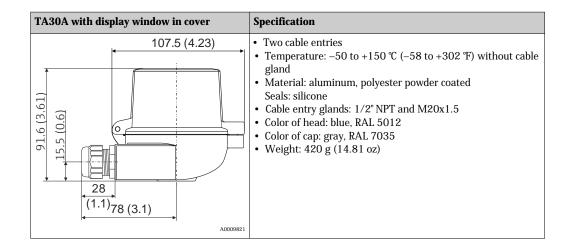
- A Spring travel $L \ge 5$ mm (not for US M4 securing screws)
- B Mounting elements for attachable measured value display TID10
- C Service interface for connecting measured value display or configuration tool

Field housing

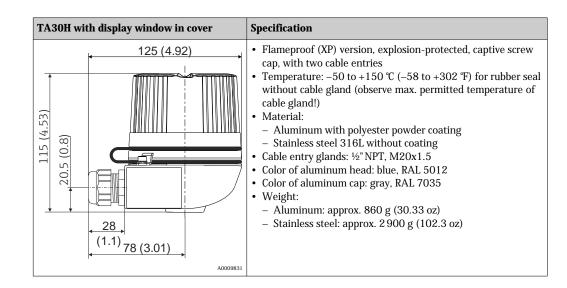
All field housings have an internal geometry in accordance with DIN EN 50446, form B (flat face). Cable glands in the diagrams: M20x1.5

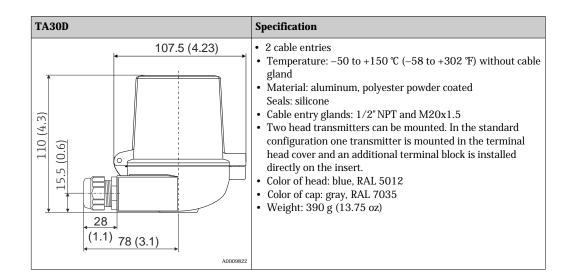
Maximum ambient temperatures for cable glands				
Туре	Temperature range			
Polyamide cable gland ½"NPT, M20x1.5 (non-Ex)	−40 to +100 °C (−40 to 212 °F)			
Polyamide cable gland M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area)	−20 to +95 °C (−4 to 203 °F)			
Brass cable gland ½" NPT, M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area)	−20 to +130 °C (−4 to +266 °F)			





ТАЗОН	Specification
125 (4.92) (25 (2) (0.8) (25 (2) (Flameproof (XP) version, explosion-protected, captive screw cap, with two cable entries Temperature: -50 to +150 °C (-58 to +302 °F) for rubber seal without cable gland (observe max. permitted temperature of cable gland!) Material: Aluminum with polyester powder coating Stainless steel 316L without coating Cable entry glands: ½"NPT, M20x1.5 Color of aluminum head: blue, RAL 5012 Color of aluminum cap: gray, RAL 7035 Weight: Aluminum: approx. 640 g (22.6 oz) Stainless steel: approx. 2 400 g (84.7 oz)





Weight	 Head transmitter: approx. 40 to 50 g (1.4 to 1.8 oz) Field housing: see specifications 		
Materials	All the materials used are RoHS-compliant.		
	 Housing: polycarbonate (PC), corresponds to UL94, V-2 UL recognized Terminals: Screw terminals: nickel-plated brass and gold-plated contacts Potting (head transmitter): QSIL 553 		
	Field housing: see specifications		
	13.7 Certificates and approvals		
CE mark	The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, i complies with the legal specifications of the EC directives. The manufacturer confirms		

successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CE-mark.

Ex approval	Information about currently available Ex versions (ATEX, FM, CSA, etc.) can be supplied by your E+H Sales Center on request. All explosion protection data are given in separate documentation which is available upon request.				
UL approval	UL recognized component (see <u>www.ul.com</u>	<mark>/database,</mark> search for Keyword "E225237")			
CSA GP	CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1, 2nd edition				
HART [®] certification	The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART [®] Communication Foundation. The device meets the requirements of the HART [®] Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7.0.				
Marine approvals	For the type approval certificates (GL, BV etc.) currently available, please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center for information. All data relating to shipbuilding can be found in separate type approval certificates which can be requested as needed.				
Radio approval	The device has Bluetooth® radio approval in Directive (RED) and the Federal Communica	accordance with the Radio Equipment tions Commission (FCC) 15.247 for the USA.			
	Europe				
	This device meets the requirements of the Radio Equipment Directive RED 2014/53/EU: • EN 300 • EN 301 • EN 301 • EN 301 • EN 301				
	Kanada and USA				
	English: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada licenceexempt RSS standard(s).	Français: Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.			
	 Operation is subject to the following two conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference, and This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. 	L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : • L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et • L'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.			
	Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Endress+Hauser may void the user's authorization to operate this equipment.	Les changements ou modifications apportées à cet appareil non expressément approuvée par Endress +Hauser peut annuler l'autorisation de l'utilisateur d'opérer cet appareil.			
	This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:				

	 Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. This equipment complies with FCC and IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body. 		
MTTF	 Without Bluetooth[®] wireless technology: 168 years With Bluetooth[®] wireless technology: 123 years 		
	according to EN ISO 13849-1		
Other standards and guidelines	 IEC 60529: Degree of protection provided by housing (IP code) IEC/EN 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use IEC/EN 61326 Series: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements) This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003 Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada. 		
	Compliance Label: CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)		

13.8 Supplementary documentation

Supplementary ATEX documentation: ATEX: II1G Ex ia IIC T6...T4 Ga: XA01736T/09/a3 ATEX II2G Ex d IIC: XA0xxxxT/09/a3 (transmitter in field housing) ATEX II2(1)G Ex ia IIC: XA0xxxxT/09/a3 (transmitter in field housing)

14 Operating menu and parameter description

The following tables list all the parameters in the "Guidance, Diagnostics, Application and System" operating menus. The page number refers to where a description of the parameter can be found.

Depending on the parameter configuration, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. Information on this can be found in the parameter description under "Prerequisite".

This symbol \square indicates how to navigate to the parameter using operating tools (e.g. FieldCare).

Guidance →	Commissioning \rightarrow	Commissioning wizard	→ 🗎 32
		Start	
Cuidance >	Create documentation ¹⁾		

Guidance →	Create documentation ¹⁾
	Save / Restore ¹⁾
	Compare ¹⁾

1) These parameters only appear in FDT/DTM-based operating tools, such as Endress+Hauser's FieldCare and DeviceCare

Diagnostics →	Actual diagnostics \rightarrow	Actual diagnostics 1		$\rightarrow \square 65$
		Operating time		→ 🖺 65
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic list \rightarrow	Actual diagnostics 1,		→ 🖺 65
		Actual diag channel	1, 2, 3	→ 🖺 65
		Time stamp 1, 2, 3		→ 🖺 66
Diagnostics →	Event logbook →	Previous diagnostics	n	→ 🗎 66
	0	Previous diag n chan		→ 🗎 66
		Time stamp n		→ 🗎 67
Diagnostics → Simula	Simulation \rightarrow	Diagnostic event simulation		→ 🗎 67
		Current output simulation		→ 🗎 67
		Value current output		→ 🖹 67
		Sensor simulation		→ 🖺 68
		Sensor simulation va	lue	→ 🖺 68
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic settings →	Properties →	Alarm delay	→ 🗎 68
8	88-		Sensor line resistance	→ 🖺 69
			Limit corrosion detection	→ 🖺 69
			Thermocouple diagnostic	→ 🗎 69
		Diagnostic behavior Sensor, electronics, p		→ 🗎 69
		Status signal →	rocess, configuration	→ 🗎 70

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Diagnostics →	Min/max values →	Sensor min value	→ 🗎 70
		Sensor max. value	→ 🗎 70
		Reset sensor min/max values	→ 🗎 71
		Device temperature min.	→ 🖺 71
		Device temperature max.	→ 🗎 71
		Reset device temp. min/max values	→ 🗎 71

Application →	Measured values \rightarrow	Sensor value	→ 🗎 71
		Sensor raw value	→ 🗎 71
		Output current	→ 🗎 71
		Percent of range	→ 🗎 71
		Device temperature	→ 🗎 71
		PV	→ 🗎 72
		SV	→ 🗎 72
		TV	→ 🗎 73
		QV	→ ⇒ 73

Application \rightarrow	Sensor →	Unit	→ ⇒ 73
		Sensor type	→ 🗎 73
		Connection type	→ 🖺 74
		2-wire compensation	→ 🖺 74
		Reference junction	→ 🗎 74
		RJ preset value	→ 🗎 75
		Sensor offset	→ 🗎 75

Application \rightarrow	Sensor →	Linearization \rightarrow	Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO, A, B, C	→ 🖺 75
			Polynomial coeff. R0, A, B	→ 🖺 76
			Sensor lower limit	→ 🖺 76
			Sensor upper limit	→ 🖺 77

Application →	Current output →	4mA value	→ 🗎 77
		20mA value	→ 🖺 77
		Failure mode	→ 🖺 77
		Failure current	→ 🖺 78
		Current trimming 4 mA	→ 🗎 79
		Current trimming 20 mA	→ 🗎 79
		Damping	→ 🗎 79

Application \rightarrow	HART configuration \rightarrow	Assign current output (PV)	→ ● 80
		Assign SV	→ 🖺 80
		Assign TV	→ 🖺 80
		Assign QV	→ 🖺 80

→ 🗎 81 → 🖺 81

→ 🖹 81 → 🗎 81 → 🗎 82 → 🗎 82 → 🗎 82 → 🗎 83 → 🗎 83

→ 🗎 84

→ 🖹 84 → 🗎 85 → 🗎 85 → 🗎 85 → 🖹 85 → 🗎 86 → 🗎 86 → 🗎 86

→ 🗎 86

→ 🗎 86

→ 🗎 87

iTEMP TMT71/72			Operating menu ar
		HART address	
		No. of preambles	
System→	Device management→	HART short tag	
		Device tag	
		Mains filter	
		Locking status	
		Device reset	
		Configuration counter	
		Configuration changed	
System→	User management \rightarrow	Define password \rightarrow	New password
			Confirm new password
			Status password entry
		Change user role \rightarrow	Password 1)
			Status password entry
		Recover password \rightarrow	Recover password
			Status password entry
		Change password \rightarrow	Old password
			New Password
1			

1) The preferred user role must be chosen here in the operating menu via the SmartBlue App.

System→	Bluetooth configuration \rightarrow	Bluetooth	→ 🖺 87
		Change Bluetooth password ¹⁾	→ 🖺 87

Delete password \rightarrow

1) Function is only visible in the SmartBlue App

System →	Information \rightarrow	Device \rightarrow	Squawk	→ ▲ 88
			Serial number	→ ● 88
			Order code	→ 🖺 88
			Firmware version	→ 🖺 88
			Hardware revision	→ 🗎 93
			Extended order code (n) ¹⁾	→ 🖺 89
			Device name	→ 🖺 89
			Manufacturer	→ 🖺 89

1) n = 1, 2, 3

System →	Information \rightarrow	Device location \rightarrow	Latitude	→ ● 90
			Longitude	→ ● 90
			Altitude	→ ● 90

Confirm new password

Status password entry

Delete password

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			Location method	→ ● 90
			Location description	→ 🖺 91
			Process unit TAG	→ 🖺 91
System →	Information \rightarrow	HART info \rightarrow	Device type	→ ● 91
			Device revision	→ 🗎 92
			HART revision	→ 🗎 92
			HART descriptor	→ 🖺 92
			HART message	→ 🖺 92
			Hardware revision	→ 🗎 93
			Software revision	→ 🗎 93
			HART date code	→ 🗎 93
			Manufacturer ID	→ 🗎 93
			Device ID	→ 🗎 93
System →	Display →	Display interval		→ 🗎 94
		Format display		→ 🗎 94
		Value 1 display		→ 🗎 95
		Decimal places 1		→ 🗎 95
		Value 2 display		→ 🗎 95

Decimal places 2

Value 3 display

Decimal places 3

→ 🗎 95

→ 🗎 95

→ 🗎 95

14.1 Menu: Diagnostics

14.1.1 Submenu: Actual diagnostics

Actual diagnostics 1		
Navigation	$\Box \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Actual diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Actual diagnostics} 1$	
Description	Displays the current diagnostic message. If two or more messages occur simultaneously the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Additional information	Example for display format: F041-Sensor interrupted	
Operating time		
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Actual diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Operating time}$	
Description	Displays the length of time the device has been in operation.	
User interface	Hours (h)	
Actual diagnostics n	n = Number of diagnostic messages (n = 1 to 3)	
Navigation	$\Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics n$	
Description	Displays the current diagnostic message. If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Additional information	Example for display format: F041-Sensor interrupted	
Actual diag channel n		
Navigation	$ \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diag channel n $	
Description	Displays the function module to which the diagnostic message refers.	

User interface

- Device Sensor
- Device temperature
- Current output
- Sensor RJ

Time stamp n	
Navigation	$\Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Actual diagnostics \rightarrow Time stamp n$
Description	Displays the time stamp of the current diagnostic message in relation to the operating time.
User interface	Hours (h)

14.1.3 "Event logbook" submenu

n = Number of diagnostic messages (n = 1 to 10). The last 10 messages are listed in chronological order.

Previous diagnostics n

Navigation	$\Box \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Event logbook} \rightarrow \text{Previous diagnostics n}$
Description	Displays the diagnostic messages that occurred in the past. The last 10 messages are listed in chronological order.
User interface	Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.
Additional information	Example for display format: F201-Electronics faulty

Previous diag n channel

Navigation	$\Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Event \ logbook \rightarrow Previous \ diag \ n \ channel$
Description	Displays the function module to which the diagnostic message refers.
User interface	 Device Sensor Device temperature Current output Sensor RJ

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Time stamp n	
Navigation	$\Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Event \ logbook \rightarrow Time \ stamp \ n$
Description	Displays the time stamp of the current diagnostic message in relation to the operating time.
User interface	Hours (h)

14.1.4 "Simulation" submenu

Diagnostic simulation	
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Simulation} \rightarrow \text{Diagnostic simulation}$
Description	Switches diagnostic simulation on and off.
Selection	Enter one of the diagnostic events using the dropdown menu $\rightarrow \square$ 39. The assigned status signals and diagnostic behaviors are used in the simulation mode. Select 'Off to quit the simulation. Example: x043 Short circuit
Factory setting	Off
Current output simula	tion
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Simulation} \rightarrow \text{Current output simulation}$
Description	Use this function to switch simulation of the current output on and off. The status signal indicates a category "C" diagnostic message ("function check") while the simulation is running.
Selection	• Off • On

Navigation

DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT

Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Description	Use this function to set a current value for the simulation. In this way, users can verify the correct adjustment of the current output and the correct function of downstream switching units.
User entry	3.58 to 23 mA
Factory setting	3.58 mA
Sensor simulation	
Navigation	$\Box \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Simulation} \rightarrow \text{Sensor simulation}$
Description	Use this function to enable the simulation of the process variable. The simulation value of the selected process variable is defined in the Sensor simulation value parameter.
Selection	• Off • On
Factory setting	Off
Sensor simulation value	
Navigation	$\Box \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Simulation} \rightarrow \text{Sensor simulation value}$
Description	Use this function to enter a simulation value for the process variable. Subsequent measured value processing and the signal output use this simulation value. In this way, users can verify whether the measuring device has been configured correctly.
User entry	$-1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ °C
Factory setting	0.00 ℃
	14.1.5 "Diagnostic settings" submenu
	Submenu: Properties
Alarm delay	
Navigation	$\Box \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Diagnostic settings} \rightarrow \text{Properties} \rightarrow \text{Alarm delay}$
Description	Use this function to set the delay time during which a diagnostics signal is suppressed before it is output.
User entry	0 to 5 s

DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT

Factory setting 2 s

Sensor line resistance	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Properties \rightarrow Sensor line resistance
Prerequisite	A 4-wire RTD or TC must be selected as the sensor type or connection type. \rightarrow 🗎 73
Description	Displays the highest measured resistance value of a sensor line.
User interface	$-1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{20}$ Ω

Limit corrosion detection

Navigation	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Prerequisite	A 4-wire RTD or TC must be selected as the sensor type or connection type. $\rightarrow~\textcircled{B}$ 73
Description	Use this function to enter the limit value for corrosion detection. If this value is exceeded, the device behaves as defined in the diagnostic settings.
User entry	5 to 10 000 Ω
Factory setting	50.0 Ω for connection type 4-wire RTD 5000 Ω for connection type TC

Thermocouple diagnostic

 Navigation
 □ Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings → Properties → Thermocouple diagnostic

 Description
 Use this function to switch off the "Sensor corrosion" and "Sensor break" diagnostic functions during thermocouple measurement.

 Image: This may be necessary in order to connect electronic simulators (e.g. calibrators) during a thermocouple measurement. The accuracy of the transmitter is not influenced by either the activation or deactivation of the thermocouple diagnostics function.

 Selection
 • On

• Off

SCICCUOII

Diagnostic behavior

Navigation

Description

Selection

Factory setting

Status signal

Navigation

Description

Selection

Factory setting

Sensor min value

1)

rating menu and param	leter description	iTEMP TMT71/72
igation	$\Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Diagnostic behavior$	
cription	Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain diagnostic behavior. The assignment for certain diagnostic events. $\rightarrow \cong 39$	e user can change this
ection	 Alarm Warning Disabled	
tory setting	See the list of diagnostic events $\rightarrow \cong 39$	
tus signal		
rigation		
cription	Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain status signal at the factor change this assignment for certain diagnostic events. $\rightarrow \square 39$	ory ¹⁾ . The user can
Digital information availabl	le via HART® communication	
ection	 Failure (F) Function check (C) Out of specification (S) Maintenance required (M) No effect (N) 	
tory setting	See the list of diagnostic events $\rightarrow \cong 39$	
	14.1.6 "Min/max values" submenu	
nsor min value		

Navigation	□ Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Sensor min value
Description	Displays the minimum temperature measured in the past at the sensor input (minimum indicator).

Sensor max. value		
Navigation	□ Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Sensor max value	
Description	Displays the maximum temperature measured in the past at the sensor input (maximum indicator).	

Reset sensor min/max values			
Navigation	Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Reset sensor min/max values		
Description	Resets the min/max values of the sensor to their default values.		
User entry	Clicking the Reset sensor min/max values activates the reset function. As a result of this action, the min/max values of the sensor only display the reset, temporary values.		

Device temperature min.			
Navigation		Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature min.	
Description	Displa	ays the minimum electronics temperature measured in the past (minimum indicator).	

Device temperature max.		
Navigation	Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature max.	
Description	Displays the maximum electronics temperature measured in the past (maximum indicator).	

Reset device temp. min/max values		
Navigation	□ Diagnostics \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Reset device temp. min/max values	
Description	Resets the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum electronic temperatures measured.	
User entry	Clicking the Reset device temperature min/max values activates the reset function. As a result of this action, the min/max values for the device temperature only display the reset, temporary values.	

14.2 Menu: Application

14.2.1 Submenu: Measured values

iTEMP TMT71/72	DRAFT
· value or input.	DRAFT
w value he specific sensor input.	DRAFT
ırrent	DRAFT
	DRAFT
of range ne span	DRAFT
temperature	DRAFT
	DRAFT
	DRAFT
	ΓT

Navigation Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Sensor Description Displays the current measured value at the sense Sensor raw value Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Sensor ray Description Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at th **Output current** Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Output cu Description Displays the calculated output current in mA. **Percent of range** Navigation \square Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Percent of Description Displays the measured value in percentage of the **Device temperature** Navigation Application \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Device Description Displays the current electronics temperature. PV Navigation $\square \quad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Measured values} \rightarrow \text{PV}$ Description Displays the primary HART value SV

Navigation	$\square \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Measured values} \rightarrow \text{SV}$
Description	Displays the secondary HART value
TV	
Navigation	$\square \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Measured values} \rightarrow \text{TV}$
Description	Displays the tertiary HART value
QV	
Navigation	$\square \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Measured values} \rightarrow \text{QV}$
Description	Displays the quaternary HART value
	14.2.2 Submenu: Sensor

Unit	
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow \text{Unit}$
Description	Use this function to select the engineering unit for all the measured values.
Selection	 °C °F K Ω mV
Factory setting	\Im°
Additional information	Please note: if another unit has been selected instead of the factory setting (°C), all the set temperature values are converted to correspond to the configured temperature unit. Example: 150 °C is set as the upper range value. Following the selection of °F as the engineering unit, the new (converted) upper range value = 302 °F.
Sensor type	
Navigation	Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor type

Description	Use this function to select the sensor type for the sensor input. Please observe the terminal assignment when connecting the sensors. $\rightarrow \square 15$
Selection	A list of all the possible sensor types is provided in the "Technical data" section. \rightarrow \cong 45
Factory setting	Sensor type 1: Pt100 IEC751

Connection type

Navigation	
Prerequisite	An RTD sensor must be specified as the sensor type.
Description	Use this function to select the connection type for the sensor.
Selection	2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire
Factory setting	4-wire

2-wire compensation

Navigation	$\square \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow 2 \text{-wire compensation}$
Prerequisite	An RTD sensor with a 2-wire connection type must be specified as the sensor type.
Description	Use this function to specify the resistance value for two-wire compensation in RTDs.
User entry	0 to 30 Ω
Factory setting	0 Ω

Reference junction

Navigation	
Prerequisite	A thermocouple (TC) sensor must be selected as the sensor type.
Description	Use this function to select reference junction measurement for temperature compensation of thermocouples (TC).

If **Preset value** is selected, the compensation value is specified via the **RJ preset value** parameter.

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Selection	 Internal measurement: the internal reference junction temperature is used. Fixed value: a fixed value is used. Measured value of the external sensor: the measured value of the connected sensor is used.
Factory setting	Internal measurement
RJ preset value	
Navigation	$\square \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow \text{RJ preset value}$
Prerequisite	The Preset value parameter must be set if the Fixed value option is selected.
Description	Use this function to define the fixed preset value for temperature compensation.
User entry	-58 to +360
Factory setting	0.00

Sensor offset

Navigation	$\square \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow \text{Sensor offset}$
Description	Use this function to set the zero point correction (offset) of the sensor measured value. The value indicated is added to the measured value.
User entry	-18.0 to +18.0
Factory setting	0.0

Submenu: Linearization 14.2.3

Call./v. Dusen coeff. R0	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow \text{Linearization} \rightarrow \text{Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO} $
Prerequisite	The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Duse) option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization with the Callendar/Van Dusen polynomial.
User entry	1 to 2 000
Factory setting	100,000 Ω

10

Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C

Navigation	Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C
Prerequisite	The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen) option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization based on the Callendar/Van Dusen method.
Factory setting	 A: 3,90830e-003 B: -5.77500e-007 C: -4,18300e-012

Polynomial coeff. RO

Navigation	
Prerequisite	The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the R0 Value only for linearization of nickel/copper sensors.
User entry	1 to 20 000 Ω
Factory setting	100.00 Ω

Polynomial coeff. A, B

Navigation	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Prerequisite	The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization of copper/nickel resistance thermometers.
Factory setting	Polynomial coeff. $A = 5.49630e-003$ Polynomial coeff. $B = 6.75560e-006$

Sensor lower limit

Navigation

Application \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Sensor lower limit

Prerequisite	The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the lower calculation limit for special sensor linearization.
User entry	Depends on the sensor type selected.
Factory setting	Depends on the sensor type selected.

Sensor upper limit	
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Sensor} \rightarrow \text{Linearization} \rightarrow \text{Sensor upper limit}$
Prerequisite	The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the Sensor type parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the upper calculation limit for special sensor linearization.
User entry	Depends on the sensor type selected.
Factory setting	Depends on the sensor type selected.

14.2.4 Submenu: Current output

4mA value	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 4 mA.
Factory setting	0 ℃
20mA value	
Navigation	Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow 20mA value
Description	Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 20 mA.
Factory setting	100 ℃

Failure mode

Operating menu and parameter description iTEM	
Navigation	
Description	Use this function to select the signal on alarm level of the current output in the event of a error.
Selection	High alarmLow alarm
Factory setting	Low alarm
Failure current	
Navigation	
Prerequisite	The High alarm option is enabled in the "Failure mode" parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the value the current output adopts in an alarm condition.
User entry	21.5 to 23 mA
Factory setting	22.5
	Adjustment of the analog output (4 and 20 mA current trimming)
	Current trimming is used to compensate the analog output (D/A conversion). Here, the output current of the transmitter must be adapted so that it suits the value expected at th higher-level system.

Current trimming does not affect the digital HART® value. This can cause the H measured value shown on the locally installed display to differ marginally from the value displayed in the higher-level system.

Procedure

1. Start	
↓	
2. Install an accurate ammeter (more accurate than the transmitter) in the current loop.	
↓	
3. Switch on current output simulation and set the simulation value to 4 mA.	
\downarrow	
4. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.	
\downarrow	
5. Set the simulation value to 20 mA.	
Ų	
6. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.	
Ų	
7. Enter the current values determined as adjustment values in the Current trimming 4 mA / 20 mA parameters	
Ų	
8. End	

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Current trimming 4 mA	
Navigation	□ Application \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Current trimming 4 mA
Description	Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the start of the measuring range at 4 mA.
User entry	3.5 to 4.25 mA
Factory setting	4 mA
Additional information	The trimming only affects the current loop values from 3.8 to 20.5 mA. The failure mode with low alarm and high alarm current values is not subject to trimming.

Current trimming 20 mA	
Navigation	$\Box \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Current output} \rightarrow \text{Current trimming 20 mA}$
Description	Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the end of the measuring range at 20 mA.
User entry	19.50 to 20.5 mA
Factory setting	20.000 mA
Additional information	The trimming only affects the current loop values from 3.8 to 20.5 mA. The failure mode with low alarm and high alarm current values is not subject to trimming.

Damping	
Navigation	$\Box \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{Current output} \rightarrow \text{Damping}$
Description	Use this function to set the time constant for current output damping.
User entry	0 to 120 s
Factory setting	0 s
Additional information	The current output responds to fluctuations in the measured value with an exponential delay. The time constant of this delay is defined by this parameter. If a low time constant is entered, the current output responds quickly to the measured value. On the other hand, the response of the current output is delayed if a high time constant is entered.

14.2.5 Submenu: HART configuration

Assign current output (PV	0
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{HART configuration} \rightarrow \text{Assign current output (PV)} $
Description	Use this function to assign the measured variables to the primary HART^{*} value (PV).
User interface	Sensor
Factory setting	Sensor (fixed assignment)
Assign SV	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to assign the measured variable to the secondary HART value (SV).
User interface	Device temperature (fixed assignment)
Factory setting	Device temperature (fixed assignment)
Assign TV	
Navigation	$\square \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{HART configuration} \rightarrow \text{Assign TV}$
Description	Use this function to assign the measured variable to the tertiary HART value (TV).
User interface	Sensor (fixed assignment)
Factory setting	Sensor (fixed assignment)
Assign QV	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to assign the measured variable to the quaternary (fourth) HART value (QV).
User interface	Sensor (fixed assignment)
Factory setting	Sensor (fixed assignment)
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HART address	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \text{Application} \rightarrow \text{HART configuration} \rightarrow \text{HART address} $
Description	Use this function to define the HART address of the device.
User entry	0 to 63
Factory setting	0
Additional information	The measured value can only be transmitted via the current value is the address is set to "0". The current is fixed at 4.0 mA for all other addresses (Multidrop mode). $^{1)}$
1) Can only be entered with FI	DT/DTM-based operating tools, e. g. FieldCare, DeviceCare from Endress+Hauser, but not via SmartBlue App.
No. of preambles	
Navigation	□ Application \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow No. of preambles
Description	Use this function to define the number of preambles in the HART telegram.
User entry	5 to 20
Factory setting	5
	14.3 Menu: System
	14.3.1 Submenu: Device management
HART short tag	
Navigation	System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow HART short tag
Description	Use this function to define a short tag for the measuring point.
User entry	Up to 8 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters).
Factory setting	8 x ?'
Device tag	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$

Description	Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified quickly within the plant.
User entry	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)
Factory setting	Depends on the product root and serial number

Mains filter

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to select the mains filter for A/D conversion.
Selection	• 50 Hz • 60 Hz
Factory setting	50 Hz

Locking status

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the device locking status. When write protection is activated, write access to the parameters is disabled.
User interface	Enabled or disabled check box: Locked by hardware

Device reset

Device reset	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.
Selection	 Not active No action is executed and the user exits the parameter. To factory defaults All the parameters are reset to the factory setting. To delivery settings All parameters are reset to the order configuration. The order configuration can differ from the factory setting if customer-specific parameter values were defined when the device was ordered. Restart device The device is restarted but the device configuration remains unchanged.
Factory setting	Not active
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Navigation \Box System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Configuration counterDescriptionDisplays the counter reading for changes to device parameters.	
Static parameters, whose values change during optimization or configuration this parameter to increment by 1. This support parameter version managers several parameters change, e.g. as a result of loading parameters from Field to the device, the counter can show a higher value. The counter cannot be realso not reset to the default value when the device is reset. If the counter ov (16 bit), it starts again at 1.	nent. If lCare etc. set and is

Configuration changed Navigation □ System → Device management → Configuration changed

Description Displays whether the configuration of the device has been changed by a master (primary or secondary).

14.3.2 User management submenu

Define password → Maintenance	New password
	Confirm new password
	Status password entry
Change user role → Operator	Password ¹⁾
	Status password entry
Recover password → Operator	Recover password
	Status password entry
Change password → Maintenance	Old password
	New Password
	Confirm new password
	Status password entry
Delete password → Maintenance	Delete password

1) The preferred user role must be chosen here in the operating menu via the SmartBlue App.

Navigation in the submenu is supported by the following operating elements:

- Back
- Return to the previous page
- Cancel

If Cancel is selected, the status before the submenu was started is restored

Define password	
Navigation	System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password
Description	Starts the definition of the password
User entry	Activate the button

New password	
Navigation	System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password \rightarrow New password
Description	Use this function to enter a password for the Maintenance user role to gain access to the relevant functions.
Additional information	If the factory setting is not changed, the device is set to the Maintenance user role. This means that the device's configuration data are not write-protected and can be edited at all times. Once a password has been defined, devices can be switched to the Maintenance user role if the correct password is entered in the Password parameter. A new password becomes valid once it has been verified after being entered in the Confirm new password parameter. The password must contain a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 16 characters and can consist of both letters and numbers. If you lose your password, please contact your Endress +Hauser Sales Center.
User entry	(enter the password)

Confirm new password		
Navigation	System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Define password \rightarrow C	Confirm new password
Description	Confirms the new password that has been defined.	
Additional information	A new password becomes valid once it has been verified af Confirm new password parameter. The password must contain a minimum of 4 and a maximu consist of both letters and numbers. If you lose your passwor +Hauser Sales Center.	um of 16 characters and can
User entry	(enter the password)	
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Status password entr	y
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the status of the password verification. • Password accepted • Wrong password • Password rule violated • Permission denied • Wrong order of entry • User role invalid • Confirm PW mismatch • Reset password accepted

Enter password	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	The Operator user role is active and a password has been defined.
Description	Use this function to enter a password for the selected user role to gain access to the functions of this role.
User entry	Enter the defined password.

Status password entry		
Navigation		System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Enter password \rightarrow Status password entry
Navigation		System / Oser management / Enter password / Status password entry
Description	\rightarrow	85

Recover password	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	The Operator user role is active and a password has already been defined.
Description	Use this function to enter the reset code to reset the current password.
	L CAUTION Current password is lost ► Only use the reset code if you have lost the current password. Contact the Endress

 Only use the reset code if you have lost the current password. Contact the Endres +Hauser Sales Center.

User entry Activate the text h

Activate the text box and enter the reset code.

Status password entry	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	$\rightarrow extstyle{2} extstyle{85}$
Logout	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	The Maintenance user role must be active.
Description	The Maintenance user role is exited and the system switches to the Operator user role.
User entry	Activate the button.

Change password	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	The Maintenance user role must be active.
Description	 Old password: Use this function to enter the current password to then be able to make changes to the existing password. New password: →
User entry	 (enter the old password) (enter the new password) (confirm the new password)

Status password entry

Navigation		System \rightarrow User management \rightarrow Change password \rightarrow Status password entry
Description	→ 🗎	85

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DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT DRAFT

Delete password	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	The Maintenance user role must be active.
Description	The password currently valid is deleted. The Define password button appears.
User entry	Activate the Delete password button.

14.3.3 Bluetooth configuration submenu

Bluetooth	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to enable or disable the Bluetooth function.
	Off: The Bluetooth interface is disabled immediately.On: The Bluetooth interface is enabled and a connection to the device can be established.
	Bluetooth communication is only possible if the CDI and display interface is not used.
Selection	• Off • On
Factory setting	On

Change Bluetooth password $^{1)}$

1) Function is only visible in the SmartBlue App

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Option of changing the Bluetooth password. This function is visible in the SmartBlue App only.
Prerequisite	The Bluetooth interface is enabled (ON) and a connection to the device is established.
User entry	Enter: • User name • Current password • New password • Confirm new password
	Press OK to confirm your entries.

14.3.4 Information submenu

Device submenu

Squawk	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	This function can be used locally to facilitate the identification of the device in the field. Once the Squawk function has been activated, all the segments flash on the display.
Selection	 Squawk once: Display of device flashes for 60 seconds and then returns to normal operation. Squawk on: Display of device flashes continuously. Squawk off: Squawk is switched off and the display returns to normal operation.
User entry	Activate the relevant button
Serial number	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the serial number of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.
	 Uses of the serial number To identify the measuring device quickly, e.g. when contacting Endress+Hauser. To obtain specific information on the measuring device using the Device Viewer: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
User interface	Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.
Order code	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the order code of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. The order code is generated from the extended order code, which defines all the device features of the product structure. In contrast, the device features cannot be read directly from the order code.
	 Uses of the order code To order an identical spare device. To identify the device quickly and easily, e.g. when contacting Endress+Hauser.

Firmware version

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the device firmware version installed.
User interface	Max. 6-digit character string in the format xx.yy.zz
Hardware revision	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the hardware revision of the device.
Extended order code (n)	
	n = Number of parts of the extended order code (n = 1 to 3)
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. On account of length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structure for the device and thus uniquely identifies the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.
	 Uses of the extended order code To order an identical spare device. To check the ordered device features using the delivery note.
Device name	

Navigation	System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device \rightarrow Device name	
Description	plays the device name. It can also be found on the nam	eplate.
Manufacturer		

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Displays the name of the manufacturer.

Device location submenu

Latitude	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device \ location \rightarrow Latitude $
Description	Use this function to enter the latitude coordinates that describe the device location.
User entry	-90.000 to +90.000 °
Factory setting	0
Longitude	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Longitude $
Description	Use this function to enter the longitude coordinates that describe the device location.
User entry	-180.000 to +180.000 °
Factory setting	0
Altitude	
Navigation	System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device location \rightarrow Altitude
Description	Use this function to enter the altitude data that describe the device location.
User entry	$-1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ m
Factory setting	0 m
Location method	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device \ location \rightarrow Location \ method $
Description	Use this function to select the data format for specifying the geographic location. The codes for specifying the location are based on the US National Marine Electronics Association (NMEA) Standard NMEA 0183.

Selection	 No fix GPS or Standard Positioning Service (SPS) fix Differential PGS fix Precise positioning service (PPS) Real Time Kinetic (RTK) fixed solution Real Time Kinetic (RTK) float solution Estimated dead reckoning Manual input mode Simulation mode
Factory setting	Manual input mode

Location description	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Device \ location \rightarrow Location \ description $
Description	Use this function to enter a description of the location so that the device can be located in the plant.
User entry	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)
Factory setting	32 x ?'

Process unit tag	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Use this function to enter the process unit in which the device is installed.
User entry	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)
Factory setting	32 x ?'

HART info submenu

Device type				
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$			
Description	Displays the device type with which the device is registered with the HART FieldComm Group. The device type is specified by the manufacturer. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.			
User interface	4-digit hexadecimal number			
Factory setting	0x11D0			
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Device revision

Navigation

Description

User interface

Factory setting

HART revision

Navigation

Description

Navigation

Description

User entry

Factory setting

HART message

Navigation

Description

HART descriptor

System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Device revision Displays the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART® FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device. Revision in hexadecimal format 0x01 System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART revision Displays the HART revision of the device. System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART descriptor Use this function to define a description for the measuring point. Up to 16 alphanumeric characters (upper case letters, numbers and diverse special characters) 16 x ? System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART message Use this function to define a HART message which is sent via the HART protocol when requested by the master.

Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (upper case letters, numbers and diverse special **User entry** characters) **Factory setting** 32 x '?'

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Hardware revision $\rightarrow \cong 89$					
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$				
Software revision					
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Software revision $				
Description	Displays the software revision of the device.				
HART date code					
Navigation	$ \blacksquare System \rightarrow Information \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART date $				
Description	Use this function to define date information for individual use.				
User entry	Date in the format year-month-day (YYYY-MM-DD)				
Factory setting	2010-01-01 1)				
1) Also 01.01.2010 depe	ending on the operating tool				
Manufacturer ID					

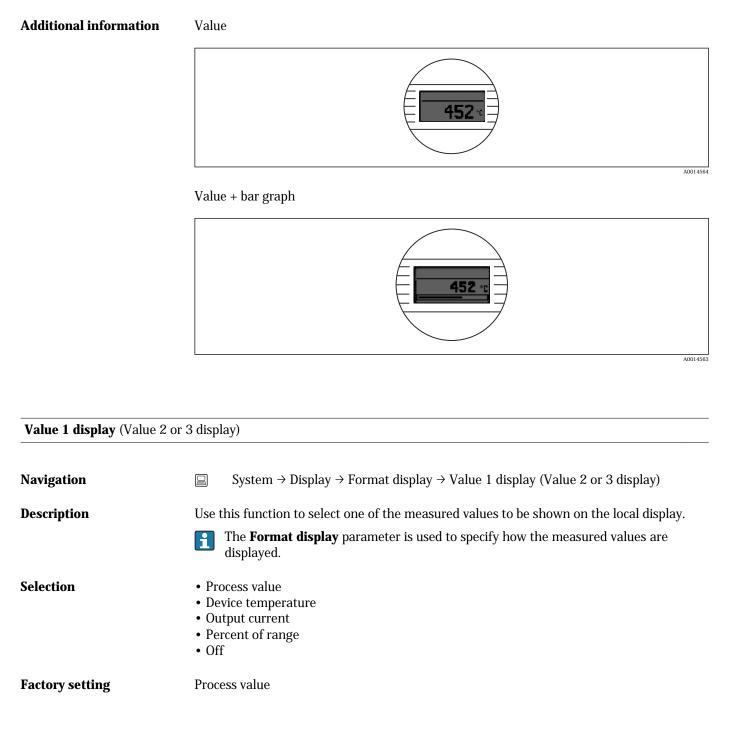
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$			
Description	Displays the manufacturer ID under which the device is registered with the HART FieldComm Group.			
User interface	4-digit hexadecimal number			
Factory setting	0x0011			

Device ID Navigation □ System → Information → HART info → Device ID Description A unique HART identifier is saved in the device ID and used by the control systems to identify the device. The device ID is also transmitted in command 0. The device ID is determined unambiguously from the serial number of the device.

User interface

ID generated for specific serial number

Display interval					
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$				
Description	Use this function to set the length of time the measured values are displayed if the values alternate on the local display. This type of change is only generated automatically if several measured values are specified.				
	 The Value 1 display - Value 3 display parameters are used to specify which measured values are shown on the local display. The display format of the displayed measured values is specified using the Format display parameter. 				
User entry	4 to 20 s				
Factory setting	4 s				
Format display					
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$				
Description	Use this function to select how the measured value is shown on the local display. The display format Measured value or Measured value with bar graph can be configured.				
Selection	ValueValue + bar graph				
Factory setting	Value				



Decimal	nlaces 1	1	(decimal	places	2	or	3)
Decimai	places 1		(uccilliai	places	~	or	Ο,

Navigation	System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Format display \rightarrow Decimal places 1 (Decimal places 2 or 3)		
Prerequisite	A measured value is defined in the parameter Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display).		
Description	Use this function to select the number of decimal places for the display value. This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.		

If **Automatic** is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Selection

- x • x.x
 - X.XX
 - X.XXX
 - x.xxxx Automatic
- **Factory setting**

Automatic

www.addresses.endress.com

