

# FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

# In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

**Product Name:** TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS

Trademark: Motorola

Model Name: MOTO BUDS 105

Family Model: N/A

Report No.: S22060101202001

FCC ID: 2ARRB-MB105

## **Prepared for**

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## **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

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Manufacturer's Name.....: Meizhou Guo Wei Electronics Co., Ltd.

AD1 Section, Economic Development Area, Dongsheng Industrial

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**Product description** 

Product name .....: TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS

Trademark .....: Motorola

Model Name .....: MOTO BUDS 105

Family Model....: N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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**Date of Test** 

Date (s) of performance of tests...... Jun. 20, 2022

Date of Issue .....: Jul. 01, 2022

Test Result ..... Pass

Prepared By

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# $\ensuremath{\, \times \,} \ensuremath{\, \times \,} \ensuremath$

| REV.    | DESCRIPTION                 | ISSUED DATE   | REMARK     |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Rev.1.0 | Initial Test Report Release | Jul. 01, 2022 | Jacob Chen |
|         |                             |               |            |
|         |                             |               |            |
|         |                             |               |            |





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## 1. General Information

## 1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4        | 8.0          | 20.0                           |

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 80.0       | 1.6          | 4.0                            |

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## **General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

> NOTE TRUNK LIMIT 1.6 W/kg APPLIED TO THIS EUT







## 1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for MOTO BUDS 105 are as follows.

|           | Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg) |  |
|-----------|------------------------------|--|
| Band      | 1-g Body                     |  |
|           | (Separation distance of 0mm) |  |
| Bluetooth | 0.030                        |  |

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

## 1.3. EUT Description

| Device Information             |   |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Product Name                   | TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS                         |  |  |  |  |
| Trade Name                     | Motorola                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Model Name                     | MOTO BUDS 105                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Family Model                   | N/A   |  |  |  |  |
| FCC ID                         | 2ARRB-MB105                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Device Phase                   | Identical Prototype                           |  |  |  |  |
| Exposure Category              | General population / Uncontrolled environment |  |  |  |  |
| Antenna                        | Chip Antena                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Battery Information            | Earphone: DC 3.7V, 50mAh                      |  |  |  |  |
| Hardware version               | V0.1  |  |  |  |  |
| Firmware version               | V1.0  |  |  |  |  |
| Software version               | V2.3  |  |  |  |  |
| Device Operating Configuration | tions   |  |  |  |  |
| Supporting Mode(s)             | Bluetooth                                     |  |  |  |  |
| Test Modulation                | Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK)                    |  |  |  |  |
| Device Class                   | В   |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Frequency            | Band Tx (MHz) Rx (MHz)                        |  |  |  |  |
| Range(s)                       | Bluetooth 2402-2480                           |  |  |  |  |





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## 1.4. Test specification(s)

| FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)                       |
|---|
| ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992                            |
| IEEE Std 1528-2013                              |
| KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
| KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting            |
| KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance     |

## 1.5. Ambient Condition

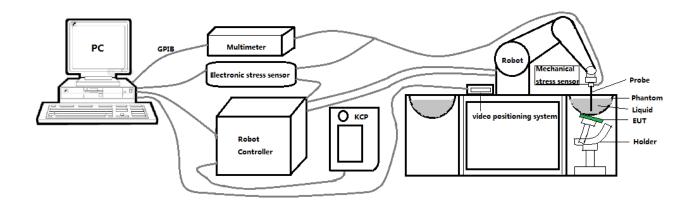
| Ambient temperature | 20°C – 24°C |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Relative Humidity   | 30% – 70%   |





## 2. SAR Measurement System

## 2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"







## 2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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## 2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

- Probe linearity: ±0.08 dB - Axial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

#### 2.3.1. **E-Field Probe Calibration**

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.







## 2.4. SAM phantoms

## Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



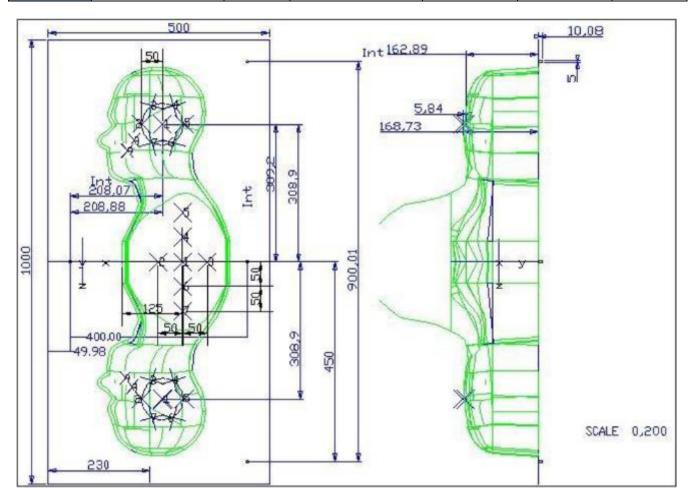
The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.







| Serial<br>Number   | Shell thickness | Filling volume | Dimensions                                      | Positionner<br>Material | Permittivity | Loss<br>Tangent |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| SN 16/15<br>SAM119 | 2 mm ±0.2 mm    | 27 liters      | Length:1000 mm<br>Width:500 mm<br>Height:200 mm | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4          | 0.02            |



| Serial Number   | Left Head(mm) |      | Right Head(mm) |      | Flat Part(mm) |      |
|-----------------|---------------|------|----------------|------|---------------|------|
|                 | 2             | 2.02 | 2              | 2.08 | 1             | 2.09 |
|                 | 3             | 2.05 | 3              | 2.06 | 2             | 2.06 |
|                 | 4             | 2.07 | 4              | 2.07 | 3             | 2.08 |
|                 | 5             | 2.08 | 5              | 2.08 | 4             | 2.10 |
| SN 16/15 SAM119 | 6             | 2.05 | 6              | 2.07 | 5             | 2.10 |
|                 | 7             | 2.05 | 7              | 2.05 | 6             | 2.07 |
|                 | 8             | 2.07 | 8              | 2.06 | 7             | 2.07 |
|                 | 9             | 2.08 | 9              | 2.06 | -             | -    |

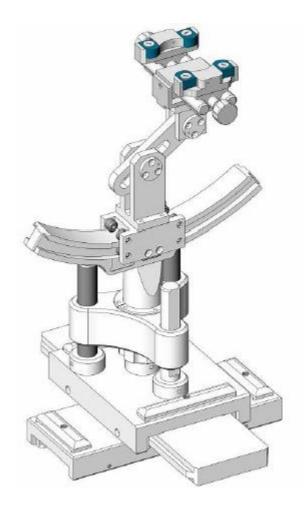
The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10  $\mu$ m.





## 2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



| Serial Number   | Holder Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 16/15 MSH100 | Delrin          | 3.7          | 0.005        |







## 2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked  $\boxtimes$ 

|             | Manufacturer  | Name of            | Type/Model    | Serial Number      | Calibration      |                  |  |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
|             | Maridiacturei | Equipment          | i ype/iviodei | Senai Number       | Last Cal.        | Due Date         |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | MVG           | E FIELD PROBE      | SSE2          | SN 08/16 EPGO287   | Feb. 01,         | Jan. 31,         |  |
|             | WVG           | E LIELD FROBE      | JULZ          | 3N 00/10 LF GO207  | 2022             | 2023             |  |
|             | MVG           | 750 MHz Dipole     | SID750        | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 700 WII IZ BIPOIC  | OID700        | 0G750-355          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
|             | MVG           | 835 MHz Dipole     | SID835        | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 10100         | 000 Wii 12 Bipolo  | CIDOOO        | 0G835-347          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
| П           | MVG           | 900 MHz Dipole     | SID900        | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 300 WI 12 DIPOIC   | OIDSOO        | 0G900-348          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
|             | MVG           | 1800 MHz Dipole    | SID1800       | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 1000 WII IZ BIPOIC | 0101000       | 1G800-349          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
|             | MVG           | 1900 MHz Dipole    | SID1900       | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 1300 WII IZ DIPOIC | OID 1300      | 1G900-350          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
| $ \Box $    | MVG           | 2000 MHz Dipole    | SID2000       | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 2000 WII IZ DIPOIC | OIDZOOO       | 2G000-351          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | MVG           | 2450 MHz Dipole    | SID2450       | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | 101 0         | 2400 WII IZ DIPOIC | 0102400       | 2G450-352          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
|             | MVG           | 2600 MHz Dipole    | SID2600       | SN 03/15 DIP       | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | IVIVO         | 2000 WII IZ DIPOIC | OIDZOOO       | 2G600-356          | 2021             | 2024             |  |
|             | MVG           | 5000 MHz Dipole    | SWG5500       | SN 13/14 WGA 33    | Mar. 01,         | Feb. 28,         |  |
|             | IVIVO         | 3000 WII IZ DIPOIE | 34403300      | 3N 13/14 WOA 33    | 2021             | 2024             |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | MVG           | Liquid             | SCLMP         | ON 04/45 OODO 70   | NCR              | NCR              |  |
|             | 10100         | measurement Kit    | COLIVII       | SN 21/15 OCPG 72   | TTOIL            | NOIX             |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | MVG           | Power Amplifier    | N.A           | AMPLISAR_28/14_003 | NCR              | NCR              |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | KEITHLEY      | Millivoltmeter     | 2000          | 4072790            | NCR              | NCR              |  |
|             |               | Universal radio    |               |                    | lul 04           | lum 20           |  |
|             | R&S           | communication      | CMU200        | 117858             | Jul. 01,         | Jun. 30,         |  |
|             |               | tester             |               |                    | 2021             | 2022             |  |
|             |               | Wideband radio     |               |                    | Iul O4           | lun 20           |  |
|             | R&S           | communication      | CMW500        | 103917             | Jul. 01,<br>2021 | Jun. 30,<br>2022 |  |
|             |               | tester             |               |                    | 2021             | 2022             |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | HP            | Notwork Apolyzon   | 07E2D         | 2440 104426        | Jul. 01,         | Jun. 30,         |  |
|             | • • •         | Network Analyzer   | 8753D         | 3410J01136         | 2021             | 2022             |  |
| $\boxtimes$ | Agilent       | PSG Analog         | E0057D        | MV54440440         | Jul. 01,         | Jun. 30,         |  |
|             | , ignorit     | Signal Generator   | E8257D        | MY51110112         | 2021             | 2022             |  |





|             | Agilent  | Power meter   | E4419B  | MY45102538           | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
|-------------|----------|---------------|---------|----------------------|----------|----------|
|             |          | T GWG! MGG!   | 211102  | 10.102000            | 2021     | 2022     |
|             | Agilent  | Power sensor  | E9301A  | MY41495644           | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
|             | <b>3</b> | 1 OWEI SCHSOI | L3301A  | 1011 + 1 + 3 3 0 + 4 | 2021     | 2022     |
|             | Agilent  | Power sensor  | E9301A  | US39212148           | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
|             | , .g     | FOWER SERISOR | L9301A  | 0339212140           | 2021     | 2022     |
| $\boxtimes$ | MCLI/USA | Directional   | OD44 00 | 0001 54500           | Jul. 17, | Jul. 16, |
|             | WCLI/OSA | Coupler       | CB11-20 | 0D2L51502            | 2020     | 2023     |





## 3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

## <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.





Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \*30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

|   |   |   | ≤ 3 GHz   | > 3 GHz   |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Maximum distance fro<br>(geometric center of pr                             |   |   | 5 ± 1 mm  | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$  |  |
| Maximum probe angle<br>surface normal at the n                              |   |   | 30° ± 1°  | 20° ± 1°  |  |
|   |   |   | $\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm $3-4$ GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm $4-6$ GHz: $\leq$ 10 m   |   |  |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$ |   |   | When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding evice with at least one                                       |  |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$ |   |   | $\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>  | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$<br>$4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$  |  |
|   | uniform   | grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)  | ≤ 5 mm  | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$       |  |
| Maximum zoom scan<br>spatial resolution,<br>normal to phantom<br>surface    | graded  | Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm  | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$  |  |
|   | grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points |   | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$   |   |  |
| Minimum zoom scan<br>volume   | x, y, z   |   | ≥ 30 mm   | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$ |  |
|   |   |   |   |   |  |

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





## 3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### 3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

#### 3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





# 4. System Verification Procedure

## 4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Ingredients (% of weight) |       | Head Tissue |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency Band (MHz)      | 750   | 835         | 900   | 1800  | 1900  | 2000  | 2450  | 2600  | 5200  | 5800  |
| Water                     | 34.40 | 34.40       | 34.40 | 55.36 | 55.36 | 57.87 | 57.87 | 57.87 | 65.53 | 65.53 |
| NaCl                      | 0.79  | 0.79        | 0.79  | 0.35  | 0.35  | 0.16  | 0.16  | 0.16  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| 1,2-Propanediol           | 64.81 | 64.81       | 64.81 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| Triton X-100              | 0.00  | 0.00        | 0.00  | 30.45 | 30.45 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 24.24 | 24.24 |
| DGBE                      | 0.00  | 0.00        | 0.00  | 13.84 | 13.84 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 10.23 | 10.23 |

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.









## 4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

| <b>-</b> .     | Measured           | Target T      | Measure          | d Tissue | ,       |                 |                |  |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Tissue<br>Type | Frequency<br>(MHz) | εr (±5%)      | σ (S/m)<br>(±5%) | εr       | σ (S/m) | Liquid<br>Temp. | Test Date      |  |
| Head           | 2450               | 39.20         | 1.80             | 38.94    | 1.81    | 21.5 °C         | Jun. 20, 2022  |  |
| 2450           | 2-30               | (37.24~41.16) | (1.71~1.89)      | 00.34    | 1.01    | 21.5            | Juli. 20, 2022 |  |

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



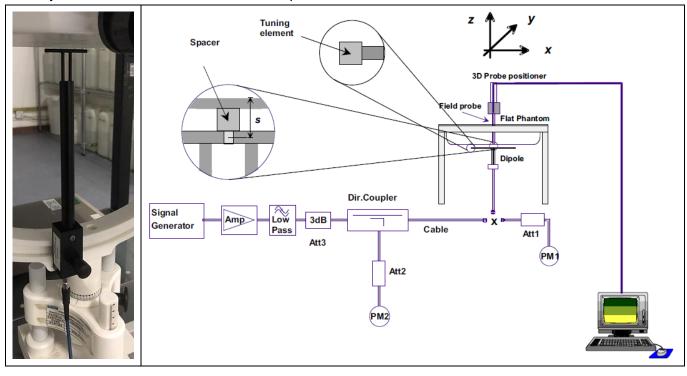




## 4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

| System       | Target SA<br>(±10      | • •                    | Measure<br>(Normalize |                | Liquid  |               |  |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|--|
| Verification | 1-g (W/Kg)             | 10-g (W/Kg)            | 1-g<br>(W/Kg)         | 10-g<br>(W/Kg) | Temp.   | Test Date     |  |
| 2450MHz      | 53.69<br>(48.33~59.05) | 23.94<br>(21.55~26.33) | 49.87                 | 23.13          | 21.5 °C | Jun. 20, 2022 |  |





## 5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

## 5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

#### 5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.





## **6. RF Exposure Positions**

## 6.1. Generic Device

The SAR evaluation shall be performed for surface of the DUT that are accessible during intended use, as indicated in Figure 6.1. Adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.

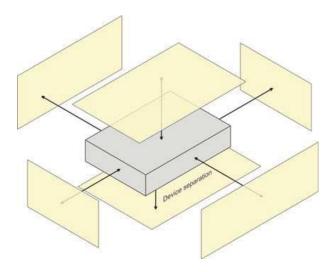


Figure 6.1 – Test positions for Generic device







## 7. RF Output Power

## 7.1. Bluetooth Output Power

|        | Output Power (dBm) |         |         |       |       |  |  |  |
|--------|--------------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
|        | Data Rates         | Tung up | Channel |       |       |  |  |  |
| BR+EDR |                    | Tune-up | 0CH     | 39CH  | 78CH  |  |  |  |
| DR+EDR | 1M                 | -2.00   | -2.96   | -2.04 | -3.84 |  |  |  |
|        | 2M                 | 0.00    | -0.93   | -0.07 | -1.78 |  |  |  |
|        | 3M                 | /       | /       | /     | /     |  |  |  |

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.

## 8. SAR Results

## 8.1. SAR measurement results

## 8.1.1. SAR measurement Result of Bluetooth

|                                   | Test              |              | SAR   | Value       | Power          | Conducted      | Tune-up        | Scaled              |           |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Test Position of<br>Body with 0mm | channel<br>/Freq. | Test<br>Mode | 1g    | /kg)<br>10g | Drift<br>(±5%) | power<br>(dBm) | power<br>(dBm) | SAR<br>1g<br>(W/Kg) | Date      |
| Front Side                        | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.012 | 0.010       | 0.89           | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.012               | 2022/6/20 |
| Back Side                         | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.030 | 0.022       | -0.61          | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.030               | 2022/6/20 |
| Left Side                         | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.015 | 0.013       | -2.82          | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.015               | 2022/6/20 |
| Right Side                        | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.014 | 0.012       | 3.31           | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.014               | 2022/6/20 |
| Top Side                          | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.009 | 0.007       | 0.73           | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.009               | 2022/6/20 |
| Bottom Side                       | 39/2441           | 2DH5         | 0.020 | 0.018       | 2.54           | -0.07          | 0.00           | 0.020               | 2022/6/20 |

NOTE: Body SAR test results of Bluetooth

## 8.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO simultaneous transmissions are possible for this device.

## 9. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

## 10. Appendix B. System Check Plots

| Table of contents                                |  |
|--|--|
| MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz |  |







# **MEASUREMENT 1**

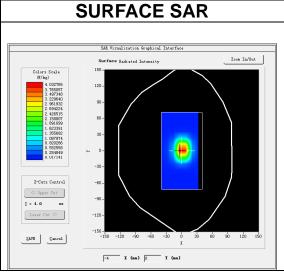
Date of measurement: 20/6/2022

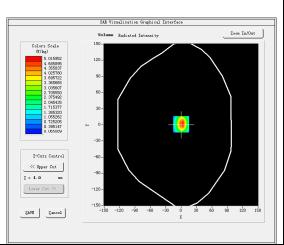
A. Experimental conditions.

| 7 Li Experimental conditione |                             |  |  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Area Scan                    | dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm |  |  |
| ZoomScan                     | 7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm  |  |  |
| <u>Phantom</u>               | Validation plane            |  |  |
| Device Position              | Dipole                      |  |  |
| Band                         | CW2450                      |  |  |
| <u>Channels</u>              | <u>Middle</u>               |  |  |
| Signal                       | CW (Crest factor: 1.0)      |  |  |

## **B. SAR Measurement Results**

| 2450.000000 |
|-------------|
| 38.935840   |
| 13.282516   |
| 1.807898    |
| 1.640000    |
|             |





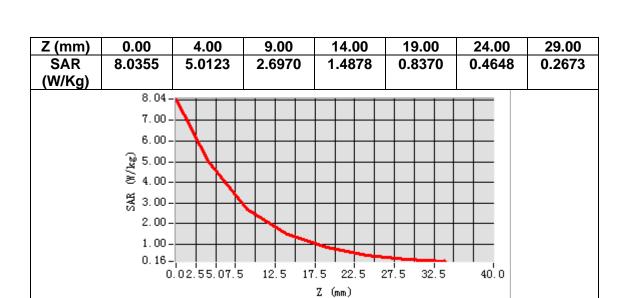
**VOLUME SAR** 

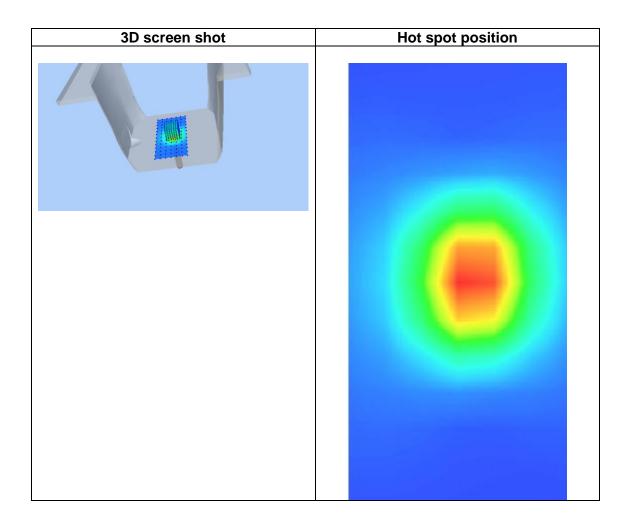
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.313380 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 4.987335 |













# 11. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

|                              |  | Table of conte | ents |  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------|------|--|
| MEASUREMENT 1 Bluetooth Body |  |                |      |  |
|                              |  |                |      |  |
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|                              |  |                |      |  |







# **MEASUREMENT 1**

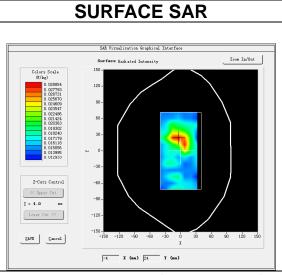
Date of measurement: 20/6/2022

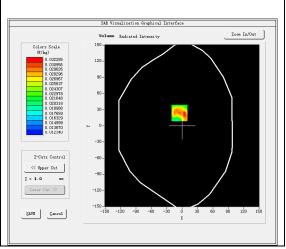
A. Experimental conditions.

| A DA DO I MIDIO COLLANDO COLLA |                                |  |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Area Scan  | dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm    |  |
| <u>ZoomScan</u>  | 7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm     |  |
| <u>Phantom</u>   | Validation plane               |  |
| <b>Device Position</b>   | <u>Body</u>                    |  |
| <u>Band</u>  | <u>Bluetooth</u>               |  |
| <u>Channels</u>  | <u>Middle</u>                  |  |
| Signal   | Bluetooth (Crest factor: 0.77) |  |

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

| Air Meagarement Regard                 |             |
|--|-------------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 2441.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.963840   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.212116   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.791710    |
| Variation (%)                          | -0.610000   |





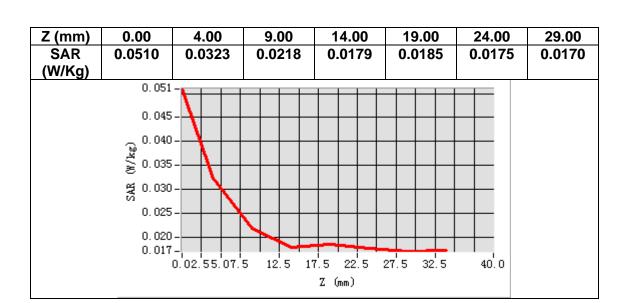
**VOLUME SAR** 

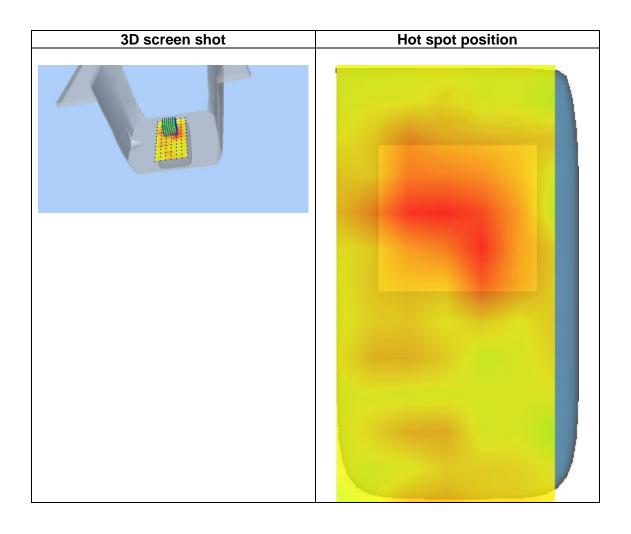
Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=24.00 SAR Peak: 0.05 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.022165 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 0.029535 |













# 12. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

| Table of contents                        |
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| E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287         |
| 2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352 |
| Extended Calibration Certificate         |









## **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

## SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

**SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287** 

#### Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/01/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

## Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

|               | Name         | Function            | Date     | Signature    |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|--------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme Luc   | Technical Manager   | 2/1/2022 | JES          |
| Checked by :  | Jérôme Luc   | Technical Manager   | 2/1/2022 | J=3          |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 2/1/2022 | Gann Toutain |

Mode d'emploi 2022.02.0 1 10:07:13 +01'00'

|               | Customer Name |
|---------------|---------------|
|               | SHENZHEN NTEK |
| Distribution: | TESTING       |
| Distribution: | TECHNOLOGY    |
|               | CO., LTD.     |

| Issue | Name       | Date     | Modifications   |
|-------|------------|----------|-----------------|
| A     | Jérôme Luc | 2/1/2022 | Initial release |
|       |            |          |                 |
|       |            |          |                 |
|       |            |          |                 |







#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test                        |                                  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Device Type                              | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE |  |
| Manufacturer                             | MVG                              |  |
| Model                                    | SSE2                             |  |
| Serial Number                            | SN 08/16 EPGO287                 |  |
| Product Condition (new / used)           | Used                             |  |
| Frequency Range of Probe                 | 0.15 GHz-6GHz                    |  |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ            |  |
|  | Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ            |  |
|  | Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ            |  |

## 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

| Probe Length                               | 330 mm |
|--|--------|
| Length of Individual Dipoles               | 2 mm   |
| Maximum external diameter                  | 8 mm   |
| Probe Tip External Diameter                | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm   |

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

## 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

## 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{\rm be}$  +  $d_{\rm step}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} \left[\%\right] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta/2)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \mathrm{for} \, \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR<sub>uncertainty</sub> is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{step}}$  is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 $\delta$  is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e.,  $\delta \approx 14$  mm at 3 GHz;

\( \Delta SAR\_{be} \) in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance  $d_{be}$  from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.





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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide |                          |                             |         |    |                             |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES  | Uncertainty<br>value (%) | Probability<br>Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard<br>Uncertainty (%) |
| Expanded uncertainty<br>95 % confidence level k = 2        |                          |                             |         |    | 14 %                        |

#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters |             |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Liquid Temperature     | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature        | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity           | 30-70 %     |

### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

|      | Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ |      |
|------|----------------------------------|------|
| 0.72 | 0.66                             | 0.77 |

| DCP dipole 1 | DCP dipole 2 | DCP dipole 3 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (mV)         | (mV)         | (mV)         |
| 107          | 110          | 110          |

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

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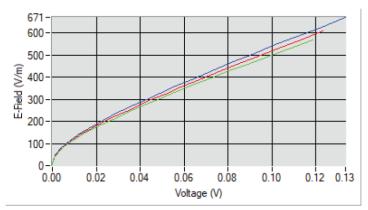
Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Dipole 1 Dipole 2

Dipole 3

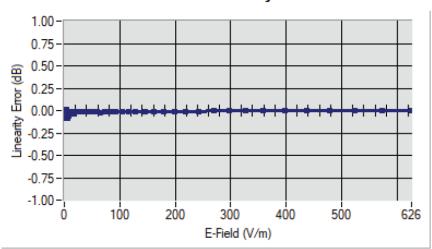
Report No.: S22060101202001





**LINEARITY** 5.2

# Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)









## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

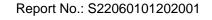
Report No.: S22060101202001

## SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

| <u>Liquid</u> | Frequency | <u>ConvF</u> |
|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| _             | (MHz +/-  |              |
|               | 100MHz)   |              |
| HL750         | 750       | 1.49         |
| HL850         | 835       | 1.50         |
| HL900         | 900       | 1.61         |
| HL1800        | 1800      | 1.73         |
| HL1900        | 1900      | 1.91         |
| HL2000        | 2000      | 1.97         |
| HL2300        | 2300      | 1.92         |
| HL2450        | 2450      | 1.98         |
| HL2600        | 2600      | 1.87         |
| HL3300        | 3300      | 1.79         |
| HL3500        | 3500      | 1.85         |
| HL3700        | 3700      | 1.79         |
| HL3900        | 3900      | 2.07         |
| HL4200        | 4200      | 2.21         |
| HL4600        | 4600      | 2.25         |
| HL4900        | 4900      | 2.05         |
| HL5200        | 5200      | 1.80         |
| HL5400        | 5400      | 2.05         |
| HL5600        | 5600      | 2.16         |
| HL5800        | 5800      | 2.07         |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg





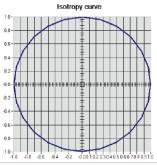


## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

## 5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

## **HL1800 MHz**



Isotropy:+/-0.24% (+/-0.01dB)







Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

## LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet               |                            |                    |   |   |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment<br>Description              | Manufacturer /<br>Model    | Identification No. | Current<br>Calibration Date                   | Next Calibration<br>Date                      |
| Flat Phantom                          | MVG                        | SN-20/09-SAM71     | Validated. No cal<br>required.                | Validated. No cal<br>required.                |
| COMOSAR Test Bench                    | Version 3                  | NA                 | Validated. No cal<br>required.                | Validated. No cal<br>required.                |
| Network Analyzer                      | Rohde & Schwarz<br>ZVM     | 100203             | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Network Analyzer –<br>Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz<br>ZV-Z235 | 101223             | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Multimeter                            | Keithley 2000              | 1160271            | 02/2020                                       | 02/2023                                       |
| Signal Generator                      | Rohde & Schwarz<br>SMB     | 106589             | 04/2019                                       | 04/2022                                       |
| Amplifier                             | Aethercomm                 | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                           | NI-USB 5680                | 170100013          | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Directional Coupler                   | Narda 4216-20              | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Waveguide                             | Mega Industries            | 069Y7-158-13-712   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Transition                  | Mega Industries            | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Termination                 | Mega Industries            | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Temperature / Humidity<br>Sensor      | Testo 184 H1               | 44220687           | 05/2020                                       | 05/2023                                       |

Report No.: S22060101202001







# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

# SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352

## Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

## Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S22060101202001

|               | Name         | Function            | Date     | Signature    |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|--------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC   | Technical Manager   | 3/1/2021 | JES          |
| Checked by :  | Jérôme LUC   | Technical Manager   | 3/1/2021 | JES          |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 3/1/2021 | Gann Toutain |
|               | •            |                     |          | 2021 03 0    |

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

| Issue | Name           | Date     | Modifications   |
|-------|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| A     | Jérôme LE GALL | 3/1/2021 | Initial release |
|       |                |          |                 |
|       |                |          |                 |
|       |                |          |                 |







Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

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## INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

| Device Under Test                   |                                   |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Device Type                         | COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |  |
| Manufacturer                        | MVG                               |  |
| Model                               | SID2450                           |  |
| Serial Number SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352 |                                   |  |
| Product Condition (new / used)      | Used                              |  |

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### GENERAL INFORMATION 3.1

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz    | 0.08 LIN                            |

## 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 - 300     | 0.20 mm                        |
| 300 - 450   | 0.44 mm                        |

## 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
|-------------|----------------------|

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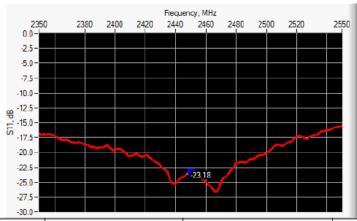


Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

| 1 g  | 19 % (SAR) |
|------|------------|
| 10 g | 19 % (SAR) |

## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance       |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2450            | -23.18           | -20              | 56.3 Ω - 2.9 jΩ |

## 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm        |          | h m         | h mm     |            | d mm     |  |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|--|
|               | required    | measured | required    | measured | required   | measured |  |
| 300           | 420.0 ±1 %. |          | 250.0 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |  |
| 450           | 290.0 ±1 %. |          | 166.7 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |  |
| 750           | 176.0 ±1 %. |          | 100.0 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |  |
| 835           | 161.0 ±1 %. |          | 89.8 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 900           | 149.0 ±1 %. |          | 83.3 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1450          | 89.1 ±1 %.  |          | 51.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1500          | 80.5 ±1 %.  |          | 50.0 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1640          | 79.0 ±1 %.  |          | 45.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1750          | 75.2 ±1 %.  |          | 42.9 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1800          | 72.0 ±1 %.  |          | 41.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1900          | 68.0 ±1 %.  |          | 39.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 1950          | 66.3 ±1 %.  |          | 38.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 2000          | 64.5 ±1 %.  |          | 37.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 2100          | 61.0 ±1 %.  |          | 35.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 2300          | 55.5 ±1 %.  |          | 32.6 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |  |
| 2450          | 51.5 ±1 %.  | -        | 30.4 ±1 %.  | -        | 3.6 ±1 %.  | -        |  |

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| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | 28.8 ±1 %. | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
|------|------------|------------|-----------|--|
| 3000 | 41.5 ±1 %. | 25.0 ±1 %. | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
| 3500 | 37.0±1 %.  | 26.4 ±1 %. | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
| 3700 | 34.7±1 %.  | 26.4 ±1 %. | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |

#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

## 7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

| Software                                  | OPENSAR V5                                 |
|---|--|
| Phantom                                   | SN 13/09 SAM68                             |
| Probe                                     | SN 41/18 EPGO333                           |
| Liquid                                    | Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.9 sigma: 1.88 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                    |
| Area scan resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm                              |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm                       |
| Frequency                                 | 24502450 MHz                               |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                     |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 20 +/- 1 °C                                |
| Lab Temperature                           | 20 +/- 1 °C                                |
| Lab Humidity                              | 30-70 %                                    |

## 7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity (ε,') |          | Conductiv  | ity (σ) S/m |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------|-------------|
|                  | required                    | measured | required   | measured    |
| 300              | 45.3 ±10 %                  |          | 0.87 ±10 % |             |
| 450              | 43.5 ±10 %                  |          | 0.87 ±10 % |             |
| 750              | 41.9 ±10 %                  |          | 0.89 ±10 % |             |
| 835              | 41.5 ±10 %                  |          | 0.90 ±10 % |             |
| 900              | 41.5 ±10 %                  |          | 0.97 ±10 % |             |
| 1450             | 40.5 ±10 %                  |          | 1.20 ±10 % |             |
| 1500             | 40.4 ±10 %                  |          | 1.23 ±10 % |             |
| 1640             | 40.2 ±10 %                  |          | 1.31 ±10 % |             |
| 1750             | 40.1 ±10 %                  |          | 1.37 ±10 % |             |
| 1800             | 40.0 ±10 %                  |          | 1.40 ±10 % |             |
| 1900             | 40.0 ±10 %                  |          | 1.40 ±10 % |             |
| 1950             | 40.0 ±10 %                  |          | 1.40 ±10 % |             |
| 2000             | 40.0 ±10 %                  |          | 1.40 ±10 % |             |

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| 2100 | 39.8 ±10 % |      | 1.49 ±10 % |      |
|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| 2300 | 39.5 ±10 % |      | 1.67 ±10 % |      |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±10 % | 41.9 | 1.80 ±10 % | 1.88 |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±10 % |      | 1.96 ±10 % |      |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±10 % |      | 2.40 ±10 % |      |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±10 % |      | 2.91 ±10 % |      |

## 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

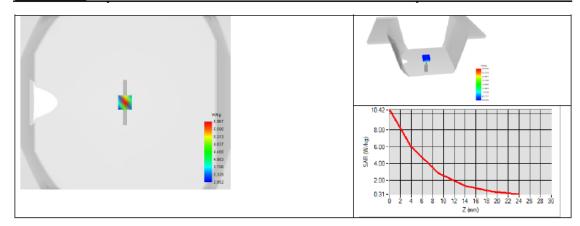
| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR ( | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W)  |      | (W/kg/W)     |
|------------------|-----------|-------------------|------|--------------|
|                  | required  | required measured |      | measured     |
| 300              | 2.85      |                   | 1.94 |              |
| 450              | 4.58      |                   | 3.06 |              |
| 750              | 8.49      |                   | 5.55 |              |
| 835              | 9.56      |                   | 6.22 |              |
| 900              | 10.9      |                   | 6.99 |              |
| 1450             | 29        |                   | 16   |              |
| 1500             | 30.5      |                   | 16.8 |              |
| 1640             | 34.2      |                   | 18.4 |              |
| 1750             | 36.4      |                   | 19.3 |              |
| 1800             | 38.4      |                   | 20.1 |              |
| 1900             | 39.7      |                   | 20.5 |              |
| 1950             | 40.5      |                   | 20.9 |              |
| 2000             | 41.1      |                   | 21.1 |              |
| 2100             | 43.6      |                   | 21.9 |              |
| 2300             | 48.7      |                   | 23.3 |              |
| 2450             | 52.4      | 53.69 (5.37)      | 24   | 23.94 (2.39) |
| 2600             | 55.3      |                   | 24.6 |              |
| 3000             | 63.8      |                   | 25.7 |              |
| 3500             | 67.1      |                   | 25   |              |





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## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet               |  |                  |  |   |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|--|---|--|
| Equipment<br>Description              | Manufacturer / Model Identification No. Current Calibration Date |                  | Next Calibration<br>Date   |   |  |
| SAM Phantom                           | MVG  | SN-13/09-SAM68   | Validated. No cal required.  | Validated. No cal<br>required.                |  |
| COMOSAR Test Bench                    | Version 3  | NA               | randatoa. Tro oai  | Validated. No cal<br>required.                |  |
| Network Analyzer                      | Rohde & Schwarz<br>ZVM   | 100203           | 05/2019  | 05/2022                                       |  |
| Network Analyzer –<br>Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz<br>ZV-Z235                                       | 101223           | 05/2019  | 05/2022                                       |  |
| Calipers                              | Mitutoyo   | SN 0009732       | 10/2019  | 10/2022                                       |  |
| Reference Probe                       | MVG  | EPGO333 SN 41/18 | 05/2020  | 05/2021                                       |  |
| Multimeter                            | Keithley 2000  | 1160271          | 02/2020  | 02/2023                                       |  |
| Signal Generator                      | Rohde & Schwarz<br>SMB   | 106589           | 04/2019  | 04/2022                                       |  |
| Amplifier                             | Aethercomm   | SN 046           | Characterized prior to Characterized p test. No cal required. test. No cal req |   |  |
| Power Meter                           | NI-USB 5680  | 170100013        | 05/2019 05/2022  |   |  |
| Directional Coupler                   | Narda 4216-20  | 01386            | Characterized prior to test. No cal required.                                  | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |  |
| Temperature / Humidity<br>Sensor      | Testo 184 H1   | 44220687         | 05/2020  | 05/2023                                       |  |







## <Justification of the extended calibration>

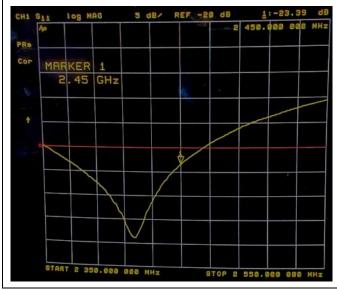
If dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration for below 3GHz, and <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration for 5GHz to 6GHz), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

## <Head 2450MHz>

| Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Impedance | Delta(ohm) | Date of Measurement |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------------|
| -23.18           | -         | 56.30     | -          | Mar. 01, 2021       |
| -23.39           | 0.91      | 56.342    | 0.042      | Feb. 28, 2022       |

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.







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END