

# **TEST REPORT**

## KCTL Inc.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (1) of (51)



1. Client

Name

: HOIMYUNG ICT Corporation

Address

: 1203, 8th Daeryungtechnotown, 96, Gamasan-ro, Geumcheon-gu,

Seoul, Republic of Korea

Date of Receipt

: 2019-06-06

2. Use of Report

: -

3. Name of Product and Model

: Telemetics mangement Terminal / DTM-02L

4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin: HOIMYUNG ICT Corporation / Korea

5. FCC ID

: 2ARPKDTM-02L

6. IC Certification

: 24504-DTM02L

7. Date of Test

: 2019-06-25 to 2019-06-28

8. Test Standards

: FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247 RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017

RSS-Gen Issue 5 March 2019

9. Test Results

: Refer to the test result in the test report

Tested by

Technical Manager

Affirmation

Name: Heesu Ahn

Signature)

Name: Jaehyong Lee

(Signature)

2019-09-25

# KCTL Inc.

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0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 Page (2) of (51)

Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A



Report revision history

Date	Revision	Page No		
2019-09-05	Initial report	-		
2019-09-25				

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Page (3) of (51)

Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A



# **CONTENTS**

1.	Ge	eneral information	4
2.	De	evice information	4
2.	1.	Frequency/channel operations	5
2.	2.	Duty Cycle Correction Factor	6
3.	An	ntenna requirement	8
4.	Su	ummary of tests	9
5.	Me	easurement uncertainty	10
6.	Me	easurement results explanation example	11
7.	Те	st results	12
7.	1.	Maximum peak output power	12
7.	2.	Peak Power Spectral Density	15
7.3	3.	6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)	18
7.	4.	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	24
7.	5.	Conducted Spurious Emission	46
8.	Мє	easurement equipment	51

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### Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (4) of (51)



## 1. General information

Client : HOIMYUNG ICT Corporation

Address : 1203, 8th Daeryungtechnotown, 96, Gamasan-ro, Geumcheon-qu, Seoul,

Republic of Korea

Manufacturer : HOIMYUNG ICT Corporation

Address : 1203, 8th Daeryungtechnotown, 96, Gamasan-ro, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul,

Republic of Korea

Laboratory : KCTL Inc.

Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

Industry Canada Registration No.: 8035A

KOLAS No.: KT231

## 2. Device information

Equipment under test : Telemetics mangement Terminal

Model : DTM-02L

Frequency range : 2 402 Mz ~ 2 480 Mz (Bluetooth Low Energy)

699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz (LTE Band 12)
824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz (LTE Band 5)
1 710.7 MHz ~ 1 754.3 MHz (LTE Band 4)
1 850.7 MHz ~ 1 909.3 MHz (LTE Band 2)
2 502.5 MHz ~ 2 567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7)
826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz (WCDMA Band V)
1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz (WCDMA Band II)

Modulation technique : GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy)

QPSK, 16-QAM (LTE, WCDMA)

Number of channels : Bluetooth(BLE)\_40 ch Power source : DC 12 V, DC 24 V

Antenna specification : Chip Antenna (Bluetooth Low Energy, LTE, WCDMA)

Antenna gain : 3.50 dBi (Bluetooth Low Energy)

1.97 dBi (LTE Band 12)

1.94 dBi (LTE Band 5, WCDMA Band V)

3.03 dBi (LTE Band 4)

2.98 dBi (LTE Band 2, WCDMA Band II)

1.46 dBi (LTE Band 7)

Software version : Ver1.0.1

Hardware version : LTGHTTMS\_LTE\_R1.0

Operation temperature : -30 °C ~ 70 °C

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (5) of (51)



## 2.1. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:
Bluetooth Low Energy, LTE Band 12, LTE Band 5, LTE Band 4, LTE Band 2, LTE Band 7
WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)
00	2 402
19	2 440
· ·	
39	2 480

Table 2.1.1. Bluetooth Low Energy



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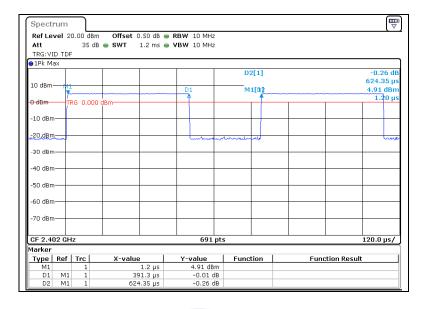
KR19-SRF0136-A Page (6) of (51)

Report No.:



# 2.2. Duty Cycle Correction Factor

### - BLE (1MBits/s, Packet length 37)

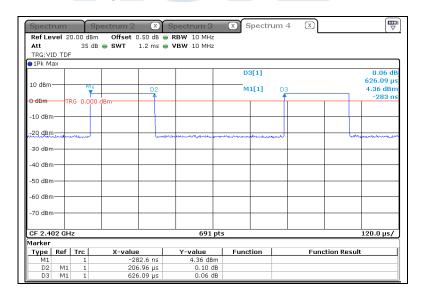


Note<sub>1)</sub>: Period: 0.62 ms, On time: 0.39 ms

Note<sub>2)</sub>: DCCF =  $10 \log(1/0.627) = 2.03 \text{ dB}$ , x = 0.39/0.62 = 0.627

Note<sub>3)</sub>: BLE (1MBits/s, Packet length 37) is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98 %)

### - BLE (2MBits/s, Packet length 37)



Note<sub>1)</sub>: Period: 0.63 ms, On time: 0.21 ms

Note<sub>2)</sub>: DCCF =  $10 \log(1/0.331) = 4.81 \text{ dB}$ , x = 0.21/0.63 = 0.331

Note<sub>3)</sub>: BLE (2MBits/s, Packet length 37) is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98 %)

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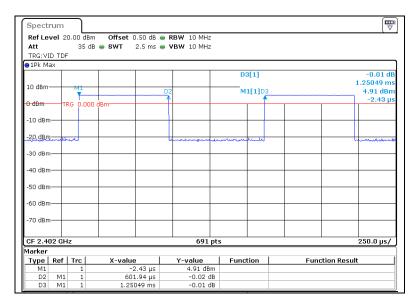
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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (7) of (51)



## - BLE (1MBits/s, Packet length 255)

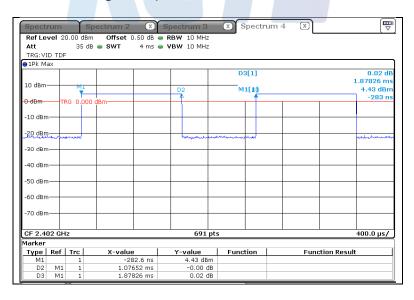


Note<sub>1)</sub>: Period: 0.60 ms, On time: 1.25 ms

Note<sub>2)</sub>: DCCF =  $10 \log(1/0.481) = 3.18 \text{ dB}, x = 1.25/0.60 = 0.481$ 

Note<sub>3)</sub>: BLE (1MBits/s, Packet length 255) is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98 %)

## - BLE (2MBits/s, Packet length 255)



 $Note_1$ ): Period: 1.88 ms, On time: 1.08 ms

Note<sub>2</sub>): DCCF =  $10 \log(1/0.573) = 2.42 \text{ dB}$ , x = 1.08/1.88 = 0.573

Note<sub>3)</sub>: BLE (2MBits/s, Packet length 255) is a non-continuous transmission (duty cycle < 98 %)

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (8) of (51)



## 3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in  $\,\mathrm{dBi}$ ) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Chip Antenna (internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (9) of (51)



4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule Referene	Parameter	Test results
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 (5.4)(d)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Pass
15.247(e)	RSS-247 (5.2)(b)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 (5.2)(a)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	Pass
-	RSS-Gen (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(d),	RSS-Gen	Spurious emission	Pass
15.205(a), 15.209(a)	(8.9), (8.10) RSS-247(5.5)	Band-edge, restricted band	Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen (8.8)	Conducted Emissions	N/A <sup>(Note1)</sup>

**Notes:** (N/T: Not Tested, N/A: Not Applicable)

- 1. This test is not applicable because the EUT falls into the automotive device and it's not to be connected to the public utility(AC) power line.
- 2. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 3. This device tested at 12 V, the worst voltage, as requested by the manufacturer.
- 4. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 5. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that Y orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in Y orientation
- 6. The worst-case data rate were:

Packet length 37 Bytes

Packet length 255 Bytes

- 7. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
  - ANSI C63.10-2013
  - KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (10) of (51)



## Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)		
Conducted RF power	<b>1.76</b> dB		
Conducted spurious emissions	<b>4.03</b> dB		
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>2.28</b> dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz	<b>4.98</b> dB	
	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	<b>5.14</b> dB	
	1 GHz ~ 6 GHz	<b>6.70</b> dB	
	Above 6 GHz	<b>6.60</b> dB	
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	<b>3.66</b> dB	
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>3.26</b> dB	

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Page (11) of (51)

Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A



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## 6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (쌘)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (싼)	Factor(dB)
30	10.28	9 000	12.16
50	10.34	10 000	12.39
100	10.36	11 000	12.52
200	10.42	12 000	12.68
300	10.46	13 000	13.22
400	10.54	14 000	13.72
500	10.58	15 000	13.02
600	10.55	16 000	12.81
700	10.62	17 000	13.00
800	10.68	18 000	13.06
900	10.88	19 000	13.32
1 000	10.77	20 000	13.20
2 000	11.04	21 000	13.40
3 000	11.37	22 000	13.48
4 000	11.42	23 000	13.95
5 000	11.81	24 000	14.13
6 000	11.71	25 000	14.19
7 000	12.02	26 000	14.24
8 000	12.43	26 500	14.67

### Note.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (12) of (51)



7.	Test res	ults			
7.1.	Maximu	m peak output	power		
Test se	<u>etup</u>			_	
-	=UT		Attenuator		Power sensor

### Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), RSS-247(5.4) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to RSS-247 5.4(d), For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 Mb and 2400-2483.5 Mb, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

#### **Test procedure**

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9 and 14.2

#### **Test settings**

#### General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of ≤ RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (13) of (51)



operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

### Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

#### **RBW ≥ DTS** bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- c) Set span  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

### Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
  - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle.

## Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (14) of (51)



## **Test results**

Test	Frequency		output power 8m)	Conducted Power	Ant. Gain	Max. e.i.r.p.(dB m)		Max. e.i.r.p.
mode	(MHz)	Peak	Average	Limit (dBm)	(dBi)	Peak	Average	Limit (dBm)
DI E	2 402	4.55	4.37			8.05	7.87	
BLE 1 Mbps / 37 packet	2 440	4.55	4.32	30.00	3.5	8.05	7.82	36.02
37 packet	2 480	4.55	4.31			8.05	7.81	

Test	Frequency	Conducted output power (dBm)		Conducted Power	Power Ant.	Max. e.i.r.p.(dB m)		Max. e.i.r.p.
mode	(MHz)	Peak	Average	Limit (dBm)	(dBi)	Peak	Average	Limit (dBm)
DI E	2 402	4.45	4.24			7.95	7.74	
BLE 2 Mbps / 37 packet	2 440	4.35	4.22	30.00	3.5	7.85	7.72	36.02
37 packet	2 480	4.35	4.23			7.85	7.73	

## Notes:

1. e.i.r.p. Calculation:

e.i.r.p. (dB m) = Conducted output power (dB m) + Antenna gain (dB i)

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (15) of (51)



## 7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

<u>Test setup</u>	_		
EUT		Attenuator	Spectrum analyzer

#### Limit

According to §15.247(e), RSS-247(5.2) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.10.2, 14.3.2.2

#### **Test settings**

### Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 klb) and repeat.

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (16) of (51)



## **Test results**

Eroguepov(Mk)	Data rate	Packet length	DCD/dDm/2 Hh)	Limit(dDm/2 ldls)
Frequency( <b>Mb</b> )	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 t批)	Limit(dBm/3 址)
2 402			-10.96	
2 440	1M	37	-10.99	8
2 480			-10.82	



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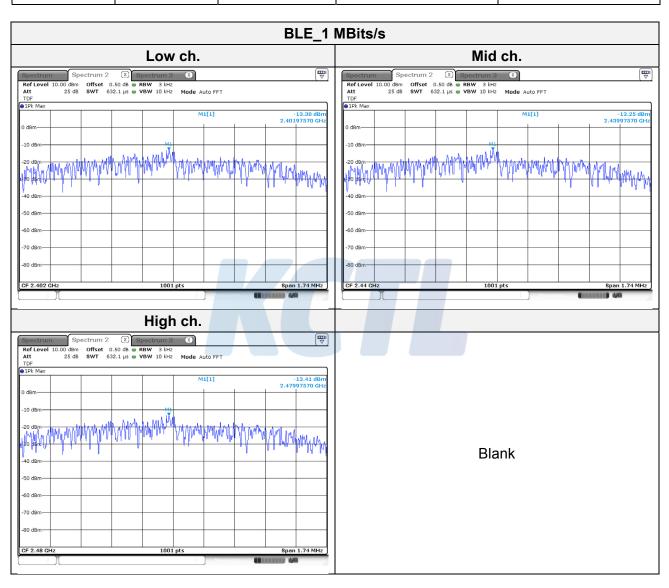
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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (17) of (51)



Eroguepov(Mis)	Data rate	Packet length	DCD/dDm/2 ldk)	Limit/dDm/2 ldb)
Frequency(N地)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 kHz)	Limit(dBm/3 址)
2 402			-13.30	
2 440	2M	37	-13.25	8
2 480			-13.41	



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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (18) of (51)



## 7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

<u>Test setup</u>	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Spectrum analyzer

#### Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), RSS-247(5.2) For Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mb, 2 400–2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725–5 850 Mb bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.8.2

#### **Test settings**

#### **DTS** bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

## Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

## Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X  $\ensuremath{\mathrm{dB}}$ 

bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq$  3  $\times$  RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq$ 6 dB.

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## **Test results**

## 6 dB bandwidth

Frequency	Data rate	Packet length	6 dB bandwidth	Limit
(MHz)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	(MHz)	(MHz)
2 402			0.71	
2 440	1M	37	0.71	≥0.5
2 480			0.70	

Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A

Frequency	Data rate	Packet length	6 dB bandwidth	Limit
(MHz)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	(MHz)	(MHz)
2 402			1.16	
2 440	2M	37	1.16	≥0.5
2 480			1.16	

99% bandwidth

Frequency (畑)	Data rate (Bits/s)	Packet length (Bytes)	99 % Measured Bandwidth(Mb)
2 402			1.05
2 440	1M	37	1.04
2 480			1.05

Frequency (Mb)	Data rate	Packet length	99 % Measured Bandwidth(쌘)	
(MILE)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)		
2 402			2.05	
2 440	2M	37	2.05	
2 480			2.05	

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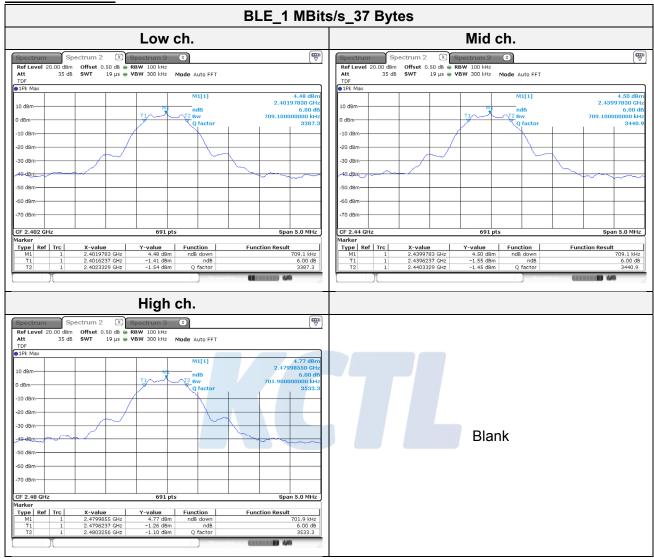
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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (20) of (51)



### 6 dB bandwidth



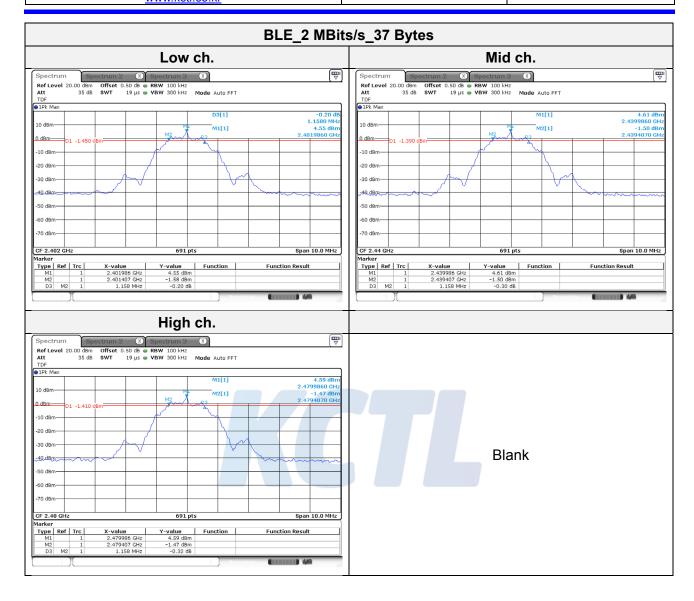
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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (21) of (51)





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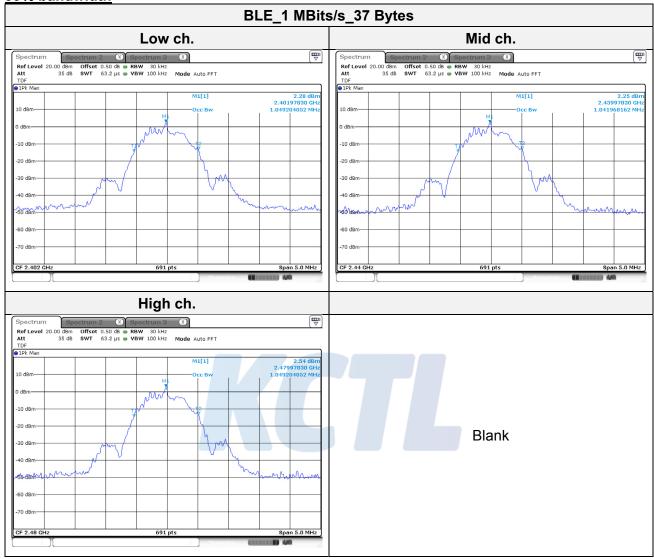
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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (22) of (51)



99% bandwidth



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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (23) of (51)





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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

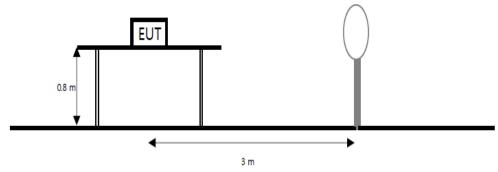
Page (24) of (51)



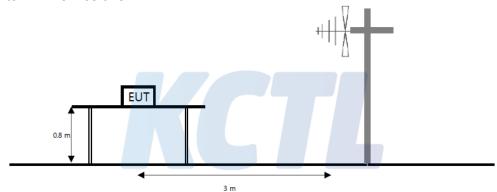
# 7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

#### **Test setup**

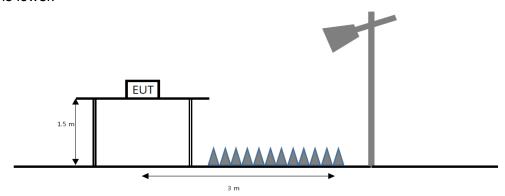
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1  $\times$  to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40  $\times$  emissions, whichever is lower.



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Page (25) of (51)



**FCC** 

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mb)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup>Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 Mb, 76–88 Mb, 174–216 Mb or 470–806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

irequericy barius listed t	Jeiow.		
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (26) of (51)



IC

According to RSS-247(5.5). In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen(8.9), Except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 5- General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency(쌘)	Field strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 6- General field strength limits at frequencies below 30 MHz

Frequency	Magnetic field strength (H-Field) ( µ A/m)	Measurement distance(m)
9 – 490 kHz <sup>1)</sup>	6.37/F (F in kllz)	300
490 – 1705 kHz	63.7/F (F in klb)	30
1.705 - 30 MHz	0.08	30

Note 1: The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

According to RSS-Gen(8.10), Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply:

- (a) The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD).
- (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6.
- (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

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Page (27) of (51)

Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A



Table 7- Restricted frequency bands\*

	_
MHz	
0.090 - 0.110	
0.495 - 0.505	
2.1735 - 2.1905	
3.020 - 3.026	
4.125 - 4.128	
4.17725 - 4.17775	
4.20725 - 4.20775	
5.677 - 5.683	
6.215 - 6.218	
6.26775 - 6.26825	
6.31175 - 6.31225	
8.291 - 8.294	
8.362 - 8.366	
8.37625 - 8.38675	
8.41425 - 8.41475	
12.29 - 12.293	
12.51975 - 12.52025	
12.57675 - 12.57725	
13.36 - 13.41	
16.42 - 16.423	
16.69475 - 16.69525	
16.80425 - 16.80475	
25.5 - 25.67	
37.5 - 38.25	
73 - 74.6	
74.8 - 75.2	
108 - 138	

	MHz
	149.9 - 150.05
	156.52475 - 156.52525
	156.7 - 156.9
	162.0125 - 167.17
	167.72 - 173.2
	240 - 285
	322 - 335.4
	399.9 - 410
	608 - 614
	960 - 1427
	1435 - 1626.5
	1645.5 - 1646.5
	1660 - 1710
	1718.8 - 1722.2
	2200 - 2300
	2310 - 2390
	2483.5 - 2500
I	2655 - 2900
	3260 - 3267
	3332 - 3339
	3345.8 - 3358
	3500 - 4400
	4500 - 5150
	5350 - 5460
	7250 - 7750
	8025 - 8500

GHz
9.0 - 9.2
9.3 - 9.5
10.6 - 12.7
13.25 - 13.4
14.47 - 14.5
15.35 - 16.2
17.7 - 21.4
22.01 - 23.12
23.6 - 24.0
31.2 - 31.8
36.43 - 36.5
Above 38.6

\* Certain frequency bands listed in table 7 and in bands above 38.6 GHz are designated for licenceexempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

## Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.6.4.3

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### Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (28) of (51)



#### **Test settings**

### Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW ≥ (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 Mb to 30 Mb	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 Mb to 1 000 Mb	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

### Average field strength measurements

#### Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D ≥ 98%), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW ≥ (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

### Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D ≥ 98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than ±2%), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB

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### Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (29) of (51)



averaging shall not be used.

- 7. Sweep time = auto.
- 8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

#### Notes:

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 № for Peak detection and frequency above 1 №. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 № and the video bandwidth is 1 № (≥1/T) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 №. (where T = pulse width)
- 2. *f* <30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 40log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds) *f* ≥30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. F<sub>d</sub> = 20log(D<sub>m</sub>/Ds) Where:

F<sub>d</sub>= Distance factor in dB

D<sub>m</sub>= Measurement distance in meters

D<sub>s</sub>= Specification distance in meters

- 3. Factors(dB) = Ant. Factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or  $F_d(dB)$
- 4. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  of respective limits were not reported.
- 5. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 6. 1) means restricted band.
- 7. According to part 15.31(f)(2), an extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade is applied because measured distance of radiated emission is 3 m.

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Page (30) of (51) www.kctl.co.kr



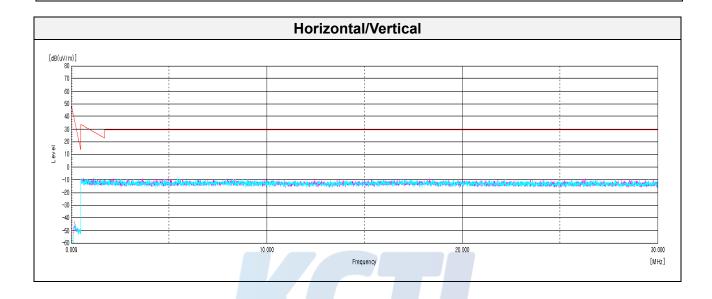
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Test results (Below 30 脏) - Worst case: BLE\_1 MBit/s\_GFSK Lowest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Cable Loss	Amp Gain	Antenna Factor	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]

No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.



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## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

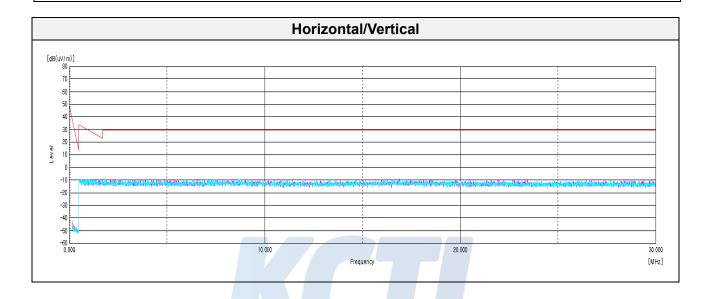
Page (31) of (51)



Test results (Below 30 账) - Worst case: BLE\_2 MBit/s\_GFSK Lowest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Cable Loss	Amp Gain	Antenna Factor	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]

No spurious emissions were detected within 20  $\;\mathrm{dB}$  of the limit.



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Page (32) of (51)

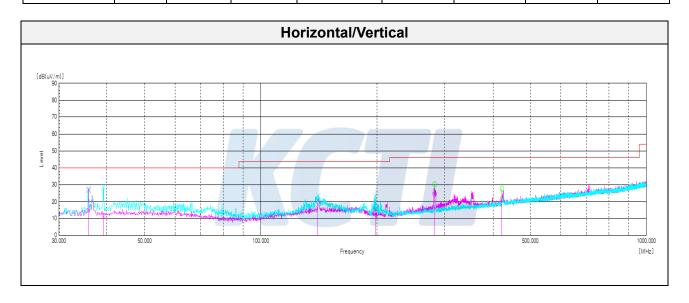
Report No.:

KR19-SRF0136-A



Test results (Below 1 000 №) - Worst case: BLE\_1 MBit/s\_GFSK Lowest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin			
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)			
	Quasi peak data										
35.82	V	40.40	17.56	-30.63	-	27.33	40.00	12.67			
39.22	V	23.70	18.24	-30.34	-	11.60	40.00	28.40			
140.70	V	28.20	18.84	-28.79	-	18.25	43.50	25.25			
198.05	V	28.00	15.64	-28.16	-	15.48	43.50	28.02			
282.32	Н	33.70	18.95	-28.05	-	24.60	46.00	21.40			
422.12	Н	26.00	22.28	-26.88	_	21.40	46.00	24.60			



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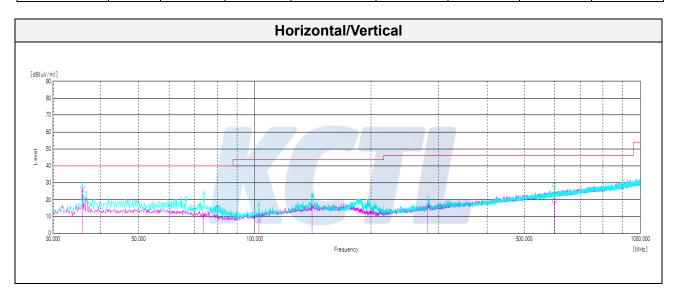
## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (33) of (51)



## Test results (Below 1 000 №) - Worst case: BLE\_2 MBit/s\_GFSK Lowest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin			
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB(μV/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB)			
	Quasi peak data										
35.82	V	39.30	17.56	-30.66	-	26.20	40.00	13.80			
73.89	V	25.70	15.62	-29.84	-	11.48	40.00	28.52			
102.63	V	22.30	15.37	-29.36	-	8.31	43.50	35.19			
141.07	V	26.20	18.86	-28.85	-	16.21	43.50	27.29			
281.35	V	25.40	18.93	-28.03	-	16.30	46.00	29.70			
598.06	Н	19.60	25.66	-26.06	-	19.20	46.00	26.80			



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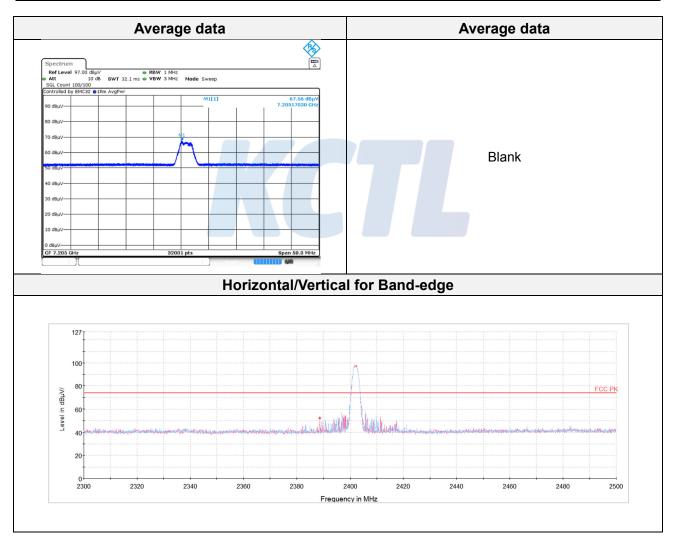
## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (34) of (51)



# Test results (Above 1 000 颱)\_BLE\_1 MBit/s(37 Bytes) Low Channel

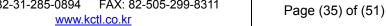
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)	
Peak data									
2 388.671)	V	56.42	32.01	-36.00	-	52.43	74.00	21.57	
4 804.091)	V	62.25	33.78	-56.47	-	39.56	74.00	34.44	
7 205.17	V	73.44	35.50	-54.25	-	54.69	74.00	19.31	
Average Data									
7 205.17	V	67.56	35.50	-54.25	-	48.81	54.00	5.19	

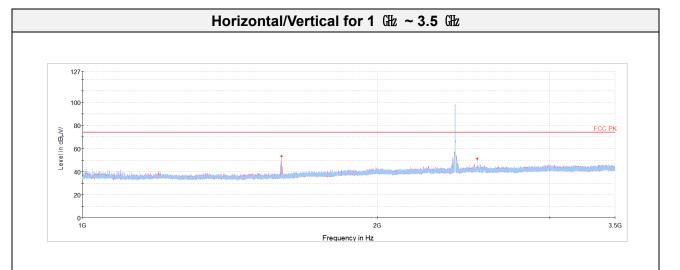


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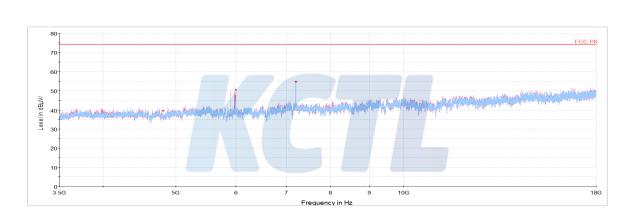
Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A



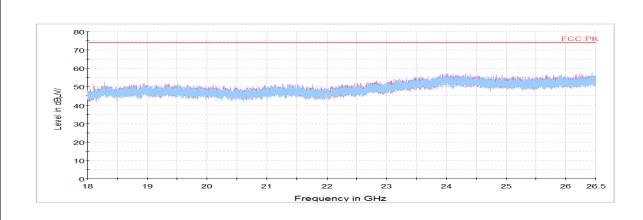




## Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 础 ~ 18 础



## Horizontal/Vertical for 18 础 ~ 26.5 础



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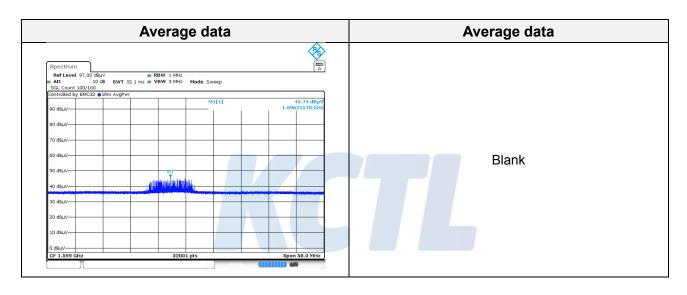
## Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (36) of (51)



#### **Middle Channel**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin		
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB(μV/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB)		
	Peak data									
1 596.22 <sup>1)</sup>	V	63.70	28.74	-36.92	-	55.52	74.00	18.48		
4 879.77 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	65.20	33.83	-56.66	-	42.37	74.00	31.63		
7 319.39 <sup>1)</sup>	V	70.57	35.50	-54.30	-	51.77	74.00	22.23		
Average Data										
1 596.22 <sup>1)</sup>	V	45.74	28.71	-36.91	-	37.54	54.00	16.46		

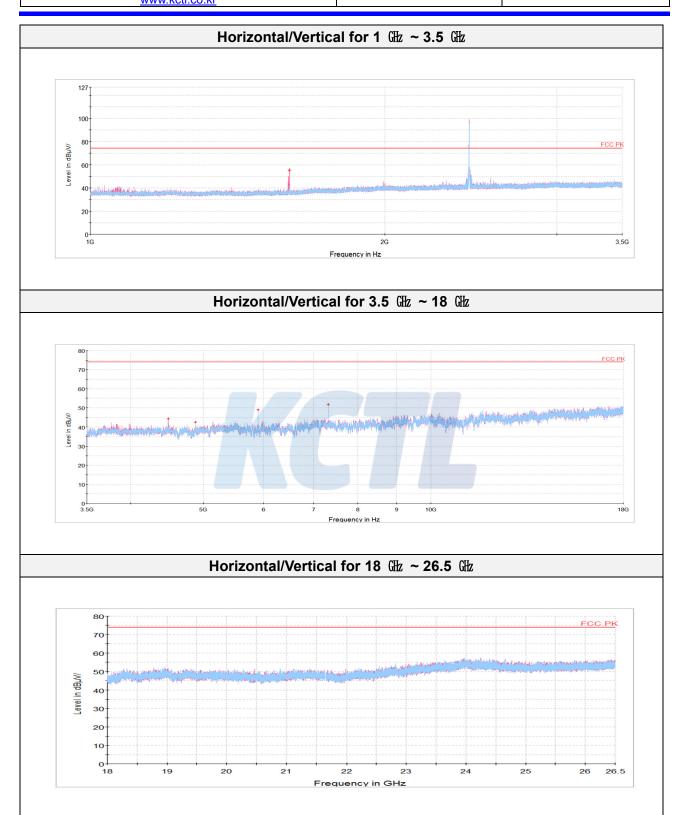


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Report No.:



-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 Page (37) of (51)



65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr Report No.: KR19-SRF0136-A

Page (38) of (51)



## **High Channel**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin		
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/ <b>m</b> ))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)		
	Peak data									
2 483.681)	Н	58.46	32.09	-35.52	-	55.03	74.00	18.97		
4 959.52 <sup>1)</sup>	V	64.68	33.88	-56.27	-	42.29	74.00	31.71		
Average Data										
2 483.68 <sup>1)</sup>	Н	43.91	32.09	-35.52	1	40.48	54.00	13.52		

