

TEST REPORT

Reference No...... : WTX20X06036262W
FCC ID : 2ARO3-WS650
Applicant : Worldwide telecom limited
Address : 2F Block C; Shenfang Building, Zhen Hualu, Futian, Shenzhen
Product Name : SmartPhone
Test Model. : WS650
FCC Part 2.1093
Standards : ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005+A1:2010
ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002(R2008)
IEEE 1528 :2013
Date of Receipt sample : Jun.24, 2020
Date of Test..... : Jun.24, 2020 to Jun.29, 2020
Date of Issue : Jun.30, 2020
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: Worldwide telecom limited
Address of applicant: 2F Block C; Shenfang Building, Zhen Hualu, Futian,
Shenzhen

General Description of EUT:	
Product Name:	SmartPhone
Brand Name:	WOLKI
Model No.:	WS650
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	DC4.2V by Battery
Battery:	3000mAh
Device Category:	Portable Device
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT:	
2G	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS, EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 824~849MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 869~894MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1930~1990MHz
RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.51Bm, GSM1900: 29.04dBm
Type of Modulation:	GMSK, 8PSK
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -0.5dBi; GSM1900: 0.5dBi
GPRS/EDGE Class:	Class 12
3G	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band 2, WCDMA Band 4, WCDMA Band 5
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band 5: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1930~1990MHz WCDMA Band 5: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band 2: 21.72dBm, WCDMA Band 5: 22.84 dBm
Type of Modulation:	BPSK
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band 2: 0.5dBi, WCDMA Band 5: -0.5dBi
WIFI(2.4G)	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
RF Output Power:	14.43dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 7 for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.7dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz

RF Output Power:	2.779dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.7dBi

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Worldwide telecom limited in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002, IEEE 1528-2013, KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 , and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road,Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010. Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Head SAR	Body-worn (10mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	SAR _{1g} Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
GSM	0.980	0.453	0.636	1.6
WCDMA	0.195	0.262	0.250	1.6
WLAN 2.4G	0.185	0.081	0.122	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	1.106	0.472	0.719	1.6

Remark:

*The highest reported SAR values for head, body-worn, router(hotspot), and simultaneous transmission conditions are **0.980W/kg**, **0.453 W/kg**, **0.636W/kg**, and **1.106W/kg** respectively.*

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2 Probe

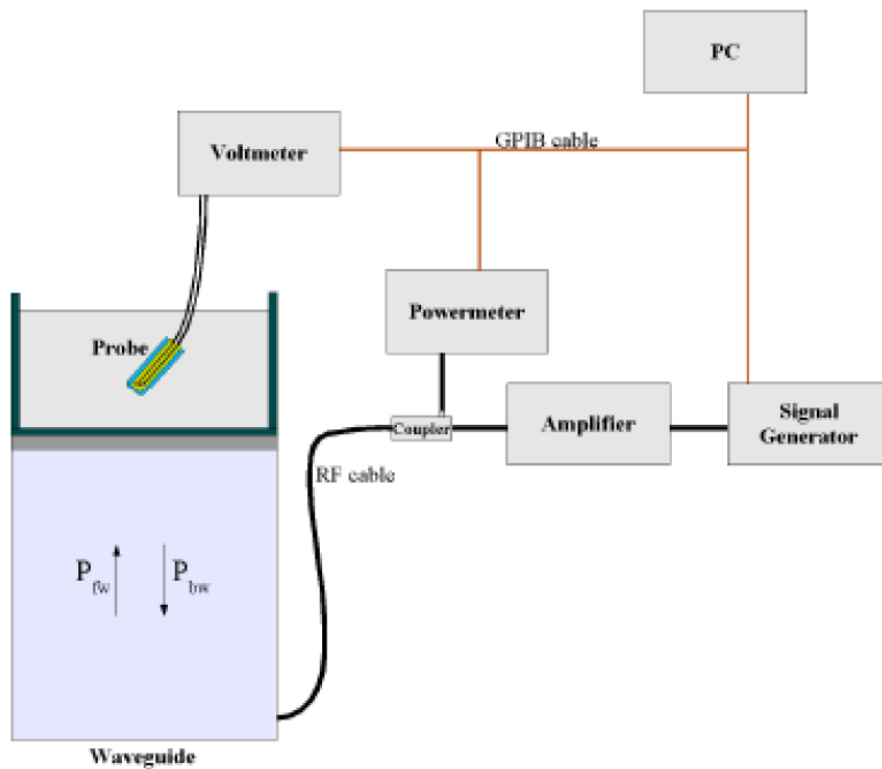
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE2 SN 45/15 EPGO280 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter : 5 mm

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- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm
 - Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
 - Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
 - Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
 - Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

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The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

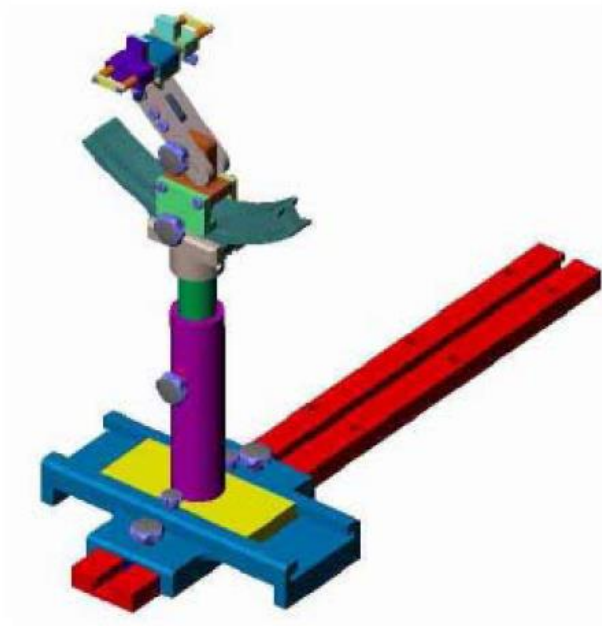
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 °.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

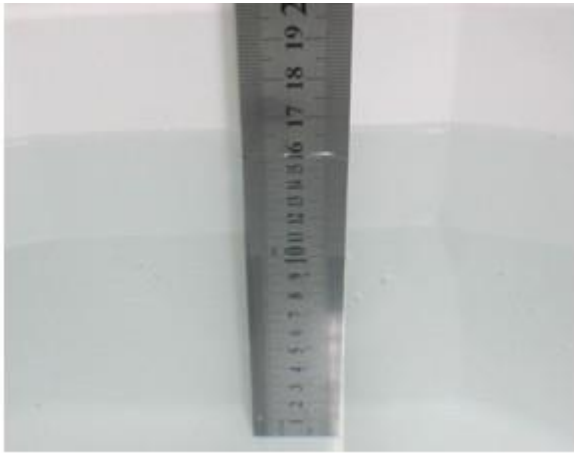
4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 45/15 EPGO280	2019-07-08	2020-07-07
750MHz Dipole	MVG	SID750	SN 47/12 DIP 0G750-203	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
1800MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1800	SN 47/12 DIP 1G800-206	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
2600MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2600	SN 13/15 DIP 2G600-365	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
5 GHz Waveguide	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA45	2019-07-15	2020-07-14
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
SAM Phantom	MVG	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Communications Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2020-04-28	2021-04-27

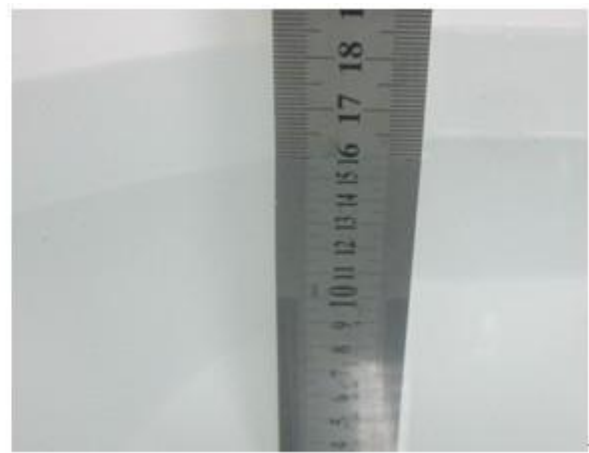
5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Head SAR



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
Head						
750	41.1	1.4	57.0	0.2	0.3	0
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
1700-1900	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9
2600	54.9	0.1	0	0	0	45.0
Body						
750	50.0	0.8	48.8	0.2	0.2	0
835	50.8	0.9	48.1	0.1	0.1	0
1700-1900	70.2	0.4	0	0	0	29.4
2450	68.6	0.1	0	0	0	31.3
2600	68.2	0.1	0	0	0	31.7

5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1750	1.37	40.1	1.49	53.4
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5200	4.66	36.0	5.30	49.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2

5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	±5	2020-06-28
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	±5	2020-06-28
2450	21.3	1.74	1.80	-3.33	38.15	39.20	-2.68	±5	2020-06-29

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	±5	2020-06-28
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	±5	2020-06-28
2450	21.3	1.91	1.95	-2.05	52.01	52.70	-1.31	±5	2020-06-29

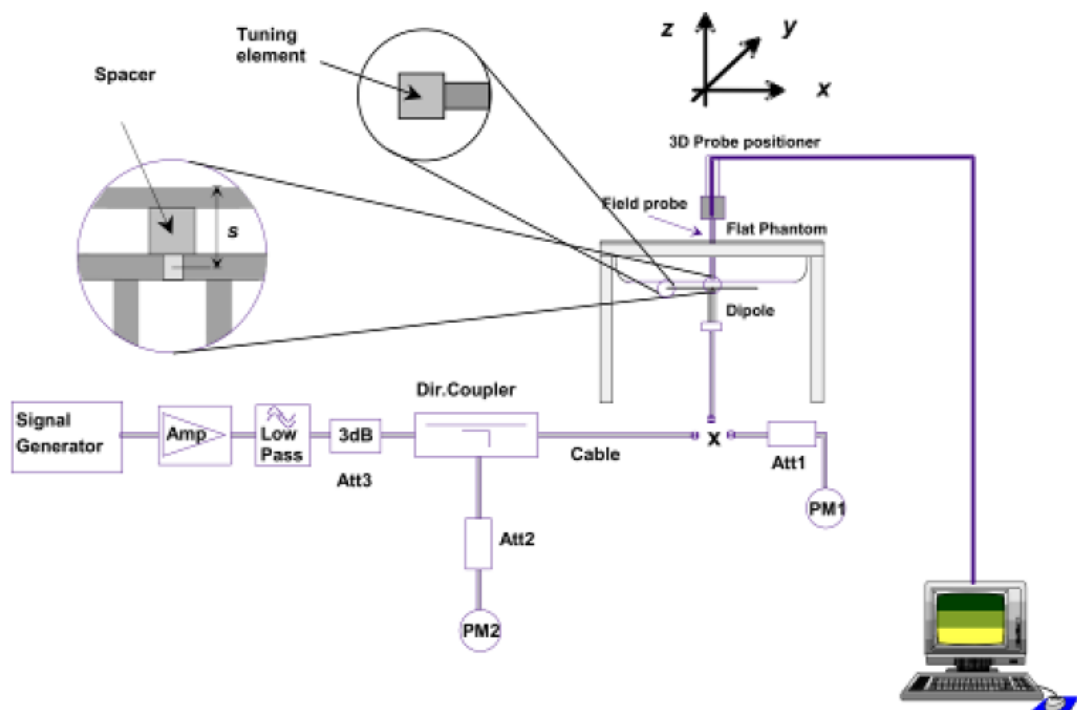
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835MHz ,1800MHz, 1900MHz 2450MHz,2600MHz,and 5GHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250 mW) before dipole is connected.
The output power on 5 GHz Waveguide must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before 5 GHz Waveguide is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Head					
835	9.65	2.41	9.64	-0.10	2020-06-28
1800	38.49	9.61	38.44	-0.13	2020-06-28
1900	39.59	9.91	39.64	0.13	2020-06-28
2450	53.76	13.45	53.8	0.07	2020-06-29
Body					
835	9.36	2.35	9.4	0.43	2020-06-28
1800	38.29	9.58	38.32	0.08	2020-06-28
1900	39.01	9.78	39.12	0.28	2020-06-28
2450	50.33	12.59	50.36	0.06	2020-06-29

Remark: Referring to IEEE 1528-2013, Section 8.2, The system check shall be performed at a test frequency that
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is within $\pm 10\%$ or ± 100 MHz of the compliance test mid-band frequency, so the 1750 MHz system verification is made of 1800MHz Dipole.

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.

7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

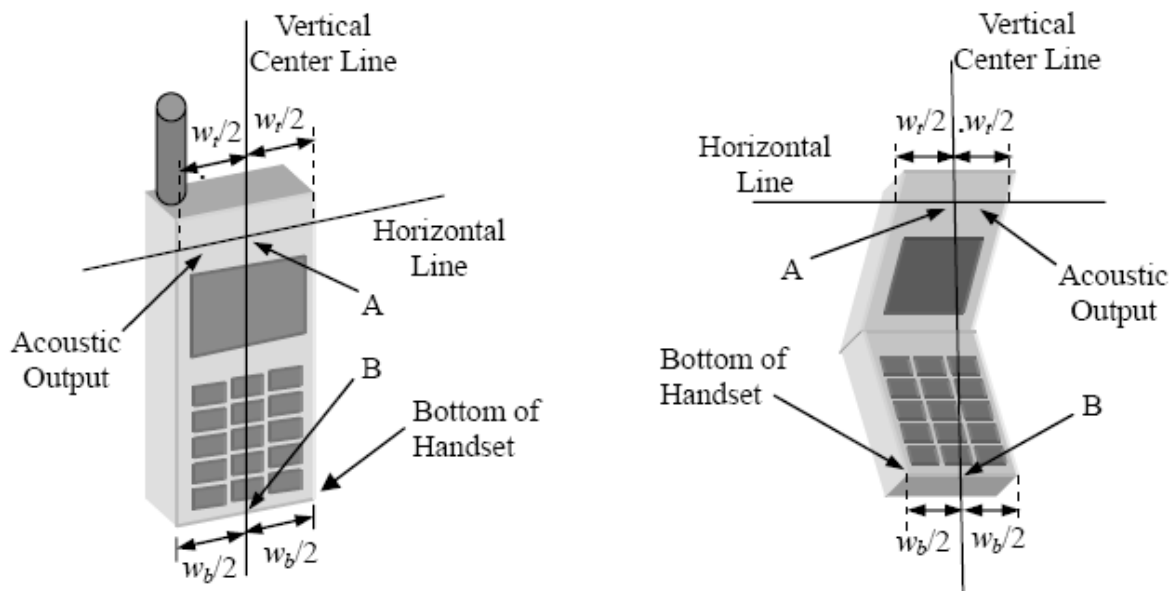


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

7.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.2).

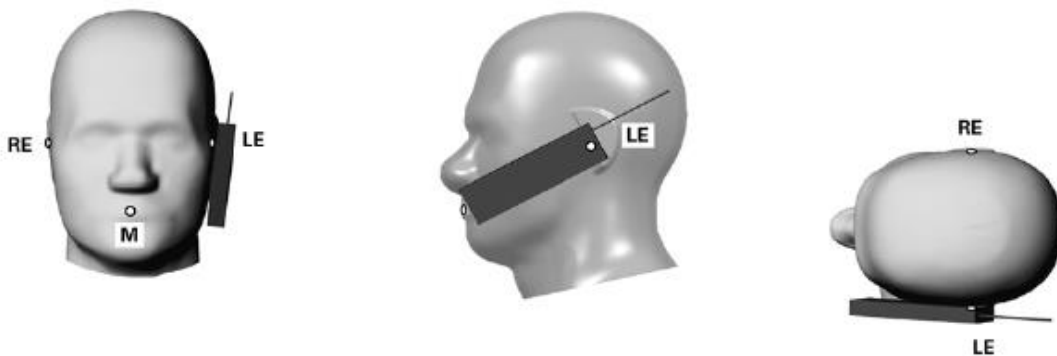


Illustration for Cheek Position

7.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.3).

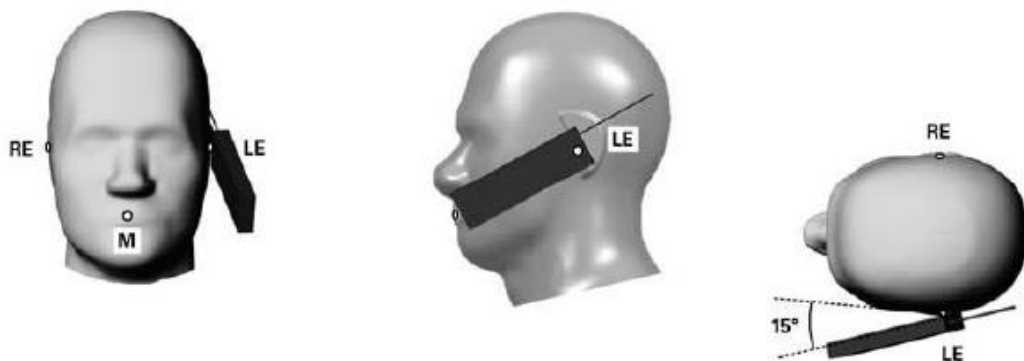


Illustration for Tilted Position

7.4 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with each side.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10mm.

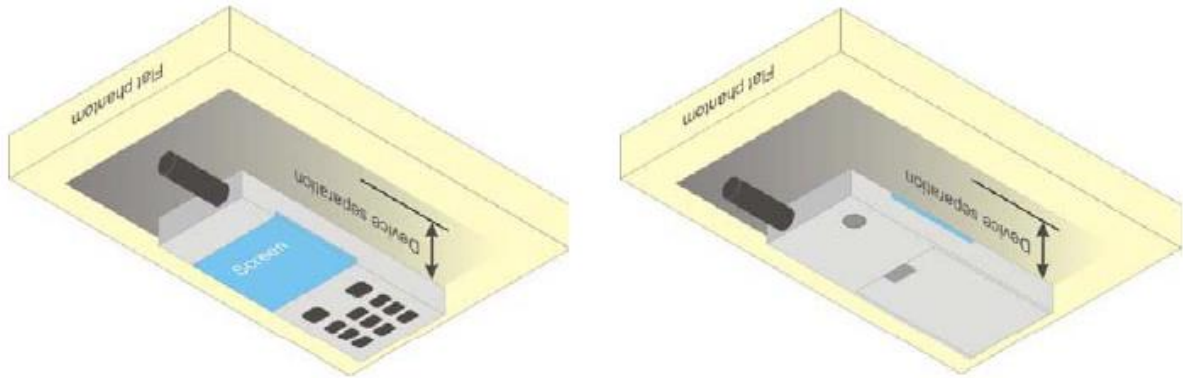
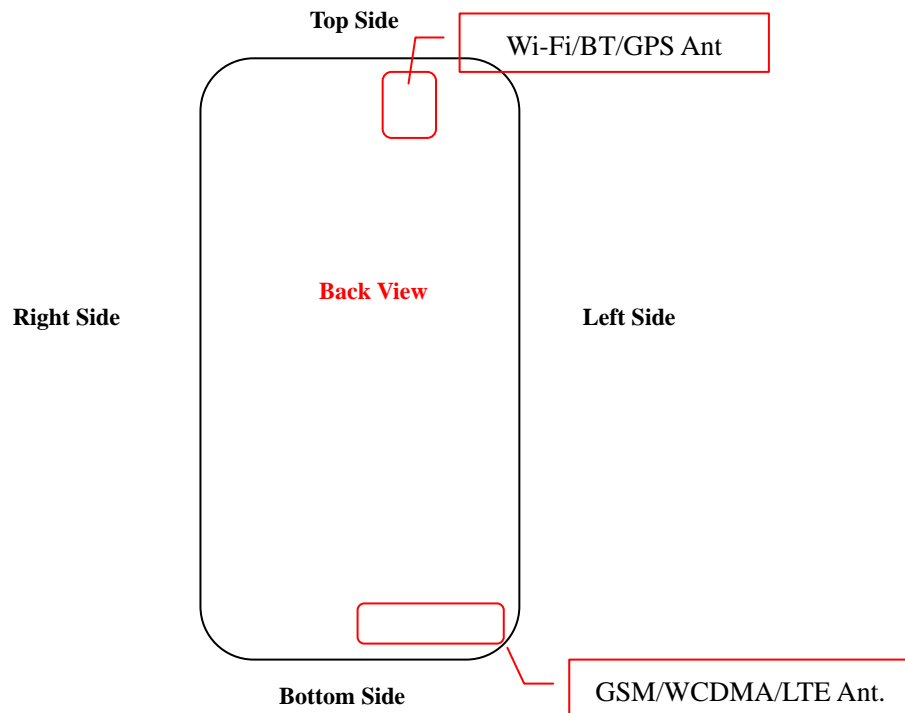


Illustration for Body Position

7.5 EUT Antenna Position



Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position

Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm), Test distance:10mm						
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	<25	<25	<25	<25	150	<25
WLAN	<25	<25	<25	30	<25	150
Bluetooth	<25	<25	<25	30	<25	150

7.6 EUT Testing Position

Head/Body mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Head SAR tests				
Antennas	Right Cheek	Left Cheek	Right Tilted	Left Tilted
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Body-worn SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm		
Antennas	Front	Back
WWAN	Yes	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes

Remark:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test separation distances is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- Referring to KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band	GSM850			Tune-up power (dBm)	PCS1900			Tune-up power (dBm)
Channel	128	190	251		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	32.15	32.29	32.51	33.0	29.04	28.73	28.42	29.5
GPRS (1 slot)	32.17	32.38	32.54	33.0	29.05	28.72	28.43	29.5
GPRS (2 slots)	31.27	31.44	31.59	32.0	28.33	28	27.6	28.5
GPRS (3 slots)	29.32	29.38	29.53	30.0	26.72	26.25	25.78	26.5
GPRS (4 slots)	27.92	28	28.09	28.5	25.53	25.05	24.54	26.0
EDGE (1 slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (2 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (3 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (4 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)								
Band	GSM850			Tune-up power (dBm)	PCS1900			Tune-up power (dBm)
Channel	128	190	251		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	23.15	23.29	23.51	24.0	20.04	19.73	19.42	20.5
GPRS (1 slot)	23.17	23.38	23.54	24.0	20.05	19.72	19.43	20.5
GPRS (2 slots)	25.27	25.44	25.59	26.0	22.33	22.00	21.60	22.5
GPRS (3 slots)	25.07	25.13	25.28	25.5	22.47	22.00	21.53	22.5
GPRS (4 slots)	24.92	25.00	25.09	25.5	22.53	22.05	21.54	23.0
EDGE (1 slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (2 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (3 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
EDGE (4 slots)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

Duty cycle factor = 9 dB for 1 Tx slot, 6 dB for 2 Tx slots, 4.25 dB for 3 Tx slots, 3 dB for 4 Tx slots

Remark:

1. For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (2TX slots) for GSM850 and

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

<http://www.semtest.com.cn>

GPRS (2TX slots) for GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.

3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
4. The DUT do not support DTM function.
5. The DUT do not support Hotspot function.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band	WCDMA Band II				WCDMA Band V			
Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	power (dBm)	826.4	836.4	846.6	power (dBm)
RMC 12.2k	21.72	21.38	21.35	22.0	22.73	22.84	22.62	23.0
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.91	20.49	20.55	21.0	21.87	21.91	21.71	22.0
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.86	20.43	20.51	21.0	21.86	21.87	21.67	22.0
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.87	20.45	20.52	21.0	21.85	21.88	21.68	22.0
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.85	20.46	20.53	21.0	21.85	21.89	21.69	22.0
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.59	20.50	20.83	21.0	21.88	21.91	21.77	22.5
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.53	20.47	20.81	21.0	21.86	21.87	21.75	22.5
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.54	20.48	20.82	21.0	21.86	21.89	21.75	22.0
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.55	20.46	20.82	21.0	21.87	21.87	21.76	22.0
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.56	20.47	20.81	21.0	21.85	21.88	21.75	22.0

Remark:

1. per KDB 941225 D01 v03, The 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	14.43	14.5
		CH 06	2437	13.98	14.5
		CH 11	2462	13.78	14.5
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	12.74	13.5
		CH 06	2437	13.16	13.5
		CH 11	2462	12.82	13.5
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS0	CH 01	2412	12.12	13.0
		CH 06	2437	12.33	13.0
		CH 11	2462	12.56	13.0
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	CH 03	2422	12.50	13.0
		CH 06	2437	12.03	13.0
		CH 09	2452	11.86	13.0

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
3. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined by applying the following steps sequentially.
 - 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.
 - 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
 - 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
 - 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power			
Test Mode	Data Rate	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
GFSK	1Mbps	2.779	3.0
Pi/4 QDPSK	2Mbps	2.269	3.0
8DPSK	3Mbps	2.218	3.0

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
BLE	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	-4.969	-5.0
		CH 19	2440	-5.858	-5.0
		CH 39	2480	-6.906	-5.0

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 2.779dBm and Maximum Tune-Up output power is 3.0dBm,. Per KDB 447498 D01 V06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation¹⁷
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
3.0	2.0	5	2.402	0.620	3

The exclusion thresholds is $0.620 < 3$, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Head SAR

GSM850 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1.	GSM	Right Cheek	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.651	0.729
2.	GSM	Right Tilted	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.325	0.364
3.	GSM	Left Cheek	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.848	0.949
4.	GSM	Left Tilted	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.406	0.454
5.	GSM	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.15	33.0	1.216	0.768	0.934
6.	GSM	Left Cheek	190	836.6	32.29	33.0	1.178	0.832	0.980

GSM1900 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	M Hz					
7.	GSM	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.102	0.113
8.	GSM	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.052	0.058
9.	GSM	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.058	0.064
10.	GSM	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.026	0.029

GPRS850 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
11.	GPRS_2TX	Right Cheek	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.567	0.623
12.	GPRS_2TX	Right Tilted	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.251	0.276
13.	GPRS_2TX	Left Cheek	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.635	0.698
14.	GPRS_2TX	Left Tilted	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.313	0.344

GPRS1900 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	M Hz					
15.	GPRS_4TX	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.158	0.176
16.	GPRS_4TX	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.061	0.068
17.	GPRS_4TX	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.084	0.094
18.	GPRS_4TX	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.043	0.048

WCDMA Band 2 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
19.	RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.159	0.170
20.	RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.075	0.080
21.	RMC	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.166	0.177
22.	RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.086	0.092

WCDMA Band 5 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
23.	RMC	Right Cheek	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.156	0.162
24.	RMC	Right Tilted	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.076	0.079
25.	RMC	Left Cheek	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.188	0.195
26.	RMC	Left Tilted	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.087	0.090

WLAN 2.4GHz – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
27.	802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.182	0.185
28.	802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.089	0.090
29.	802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.124	0.126
30.	802.11b	Left Tilted	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.071	0.072

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

Body-worn SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
31.	GSM	Back	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.342	0.383
32.	GSM	Front	251	848.8	32.51	33.0	1.119	0.405	0.453

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
33.	GSM	Back	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.166	0.185
34.	GSM	Front	512	1850.2	29.04	29.5	1.112	0.135	0.150

WCDMA Band 2 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
35.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.246	0.262
36.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.223	0.238

WCDMA Band 5 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
37.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.181	0.188
38.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.223	0.231

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
39.	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.080	0.081
40.	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.067	0.068

Hotspot SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
41.	GPRS_2TX	Back Side	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.523	0.575
42.	GPRS_2TX	Front Side	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.579	0.636
43.	GPRS_2TX	Right side	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.039	0.043
44.	GPRS_2TX	Left side	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.128	0.141
45.	GPRS_2TX	Bottom side	251	848.8	31.59	32.0	1.099	0.226	0.248

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
46.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.224	0.250
47.	GPRS_4TX	Front Side	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.211	0.235
48.	GPRS_4TX	Right side	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.19	0.212
49.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.021	0.023
50.	GPRS_4TX	Bottom side	512	1850.2	25.53	26.0	1.114	0.186	0.207

WCDMA Band 2 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
51.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.246	0.262
52.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.223	0.238
53.	RMC 12.2k	Right side	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.19	0.203
54.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.04	0.043
55.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom Side	9262	1852.4	21.72	22.0	1.067	0.179	0.191

WCDMA Band 5 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
56.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.181	0.188
57.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.223	0.231
58.	RMC 12.2k	Right side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.044	0.046
59.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.057	0.059
60.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	4183	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	0.091	0.094

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
61.	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.080	0.081
62.	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.067	0.068
63.	802.11b	Left side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.040	0.041
64.	802.11b	Top side	01	2412	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.120	0.122

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body SAR
1	GSM(Voice/Data) + WLAN(2.4G)(Data)	Yes	Yes
2	WCDMA (Voice/Data)+ (2.4G)(Data)	Yes	Yes
3	LTE(Data) + (2.4G)(Data)	Yes	Yes
7	GSM(Voice/Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes
8	WCDMA (Voice/Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes
9	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes

Remark:

1. GSM ,WCDMA and LTE share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 as below:

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm	SAR(1g) 10mm
3.0	2.0	5/10	2.402	7.5	0.083	0.041

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Head SAR**WWAN and WLAN**

Position	WWAN		WLAN(2.4G)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.729	0.185	0.914
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.364	0.090	0.454
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.980	0.126	1.106
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.454	0.072	0.526

WWAN and Bluetooth

Position	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.729	0.083	0.812
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.364	0.083	0.447
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.980	0.083	1.063
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.454	0.083	0.537

Body-worn SAR**WWAN and WLAN**

Position	WWAN		WLAN(2.4G)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.342	0.080	0.422
Front	GSM850	0.405	0.067	0.472

Hotspot SAR**WWAN and WLAN**

Position	WWAN		WLAN(2.4G)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GPRS850_2TX	0.575	0.081	0.656
Front	GPRS850_2TX	0.636	0.068	0.704
Right side	GPRS1900_4TX	0.212	--	0.212
Left side	GPRS850_2TX	0.141	0.041	0.182
Bottom side	GPRS850_2TX	0.248	--	0.248
Top side	GPRS850_2TX	--	0.122	0.122

WWAN and Bluetooth

Position	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GPRS850_2TX	0.575	0.083	0.658
Front	GPRS850_2TX	0.636	0.083	0.719
Right side	GPRS1900_4TX	0.212	0.083	0.295
Left side	GPRS850_2TX	0.141	0.083	0.224
Bottom side	GPRS850_2TX	0.248	0.083	0.331
Top side	GPRS850_2TX	--	0.083	0.083

10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	∞

Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	∞
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				25.32	24.43	

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞

integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.20	3.20	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.39	22.43	

Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

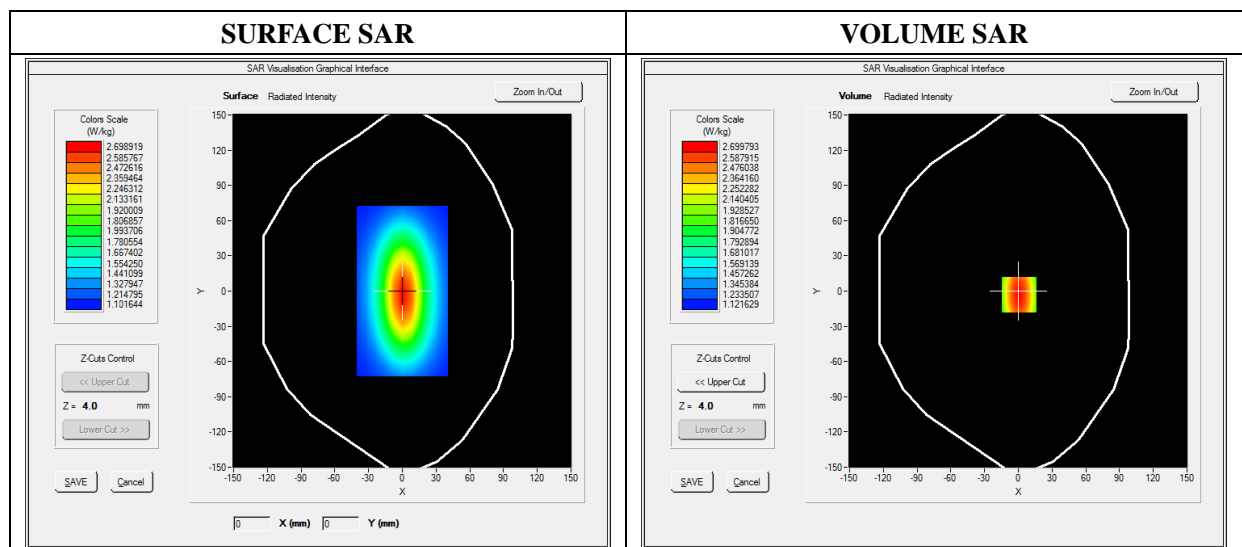
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	0.038437
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

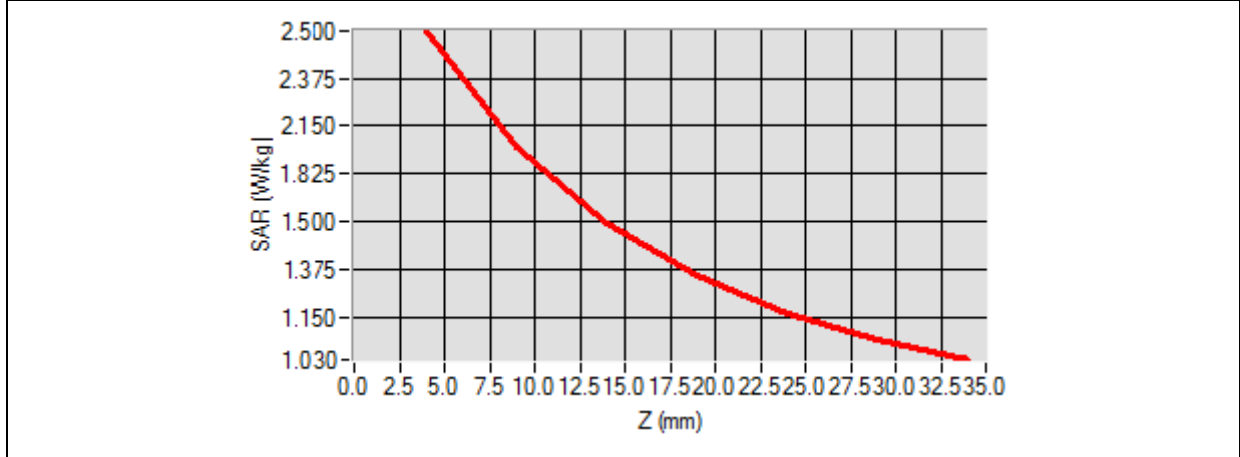


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.519489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.411253

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 2

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

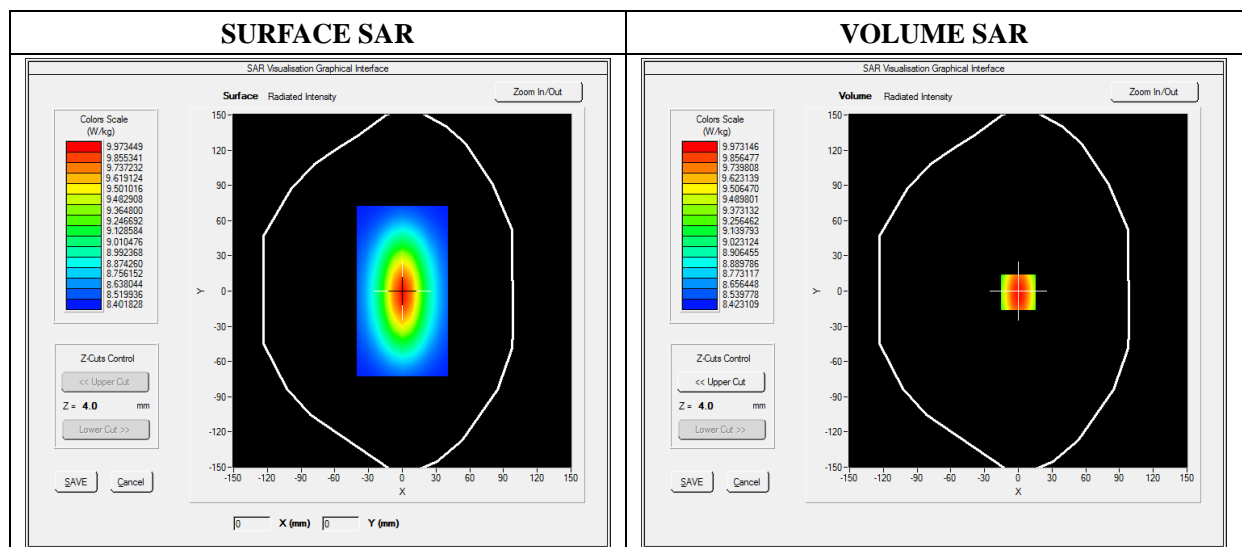
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1800
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	39.024890
Conductivity (S/m)	1.371250
Power Variation (%)	1.401232
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

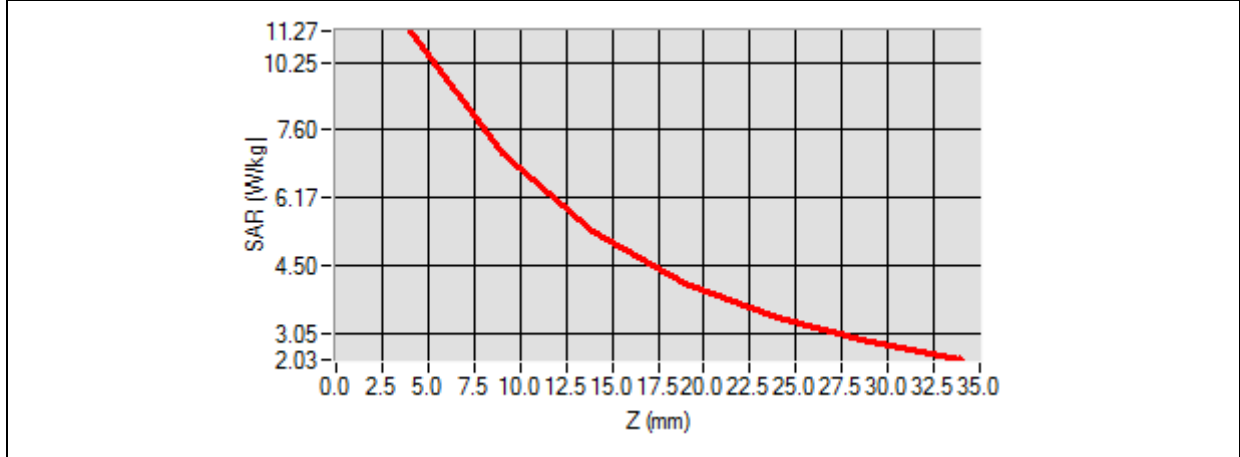


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.171252
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.611250

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.3455	7.1125	5.1026	3.425	3.0242	2.1125



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 3

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

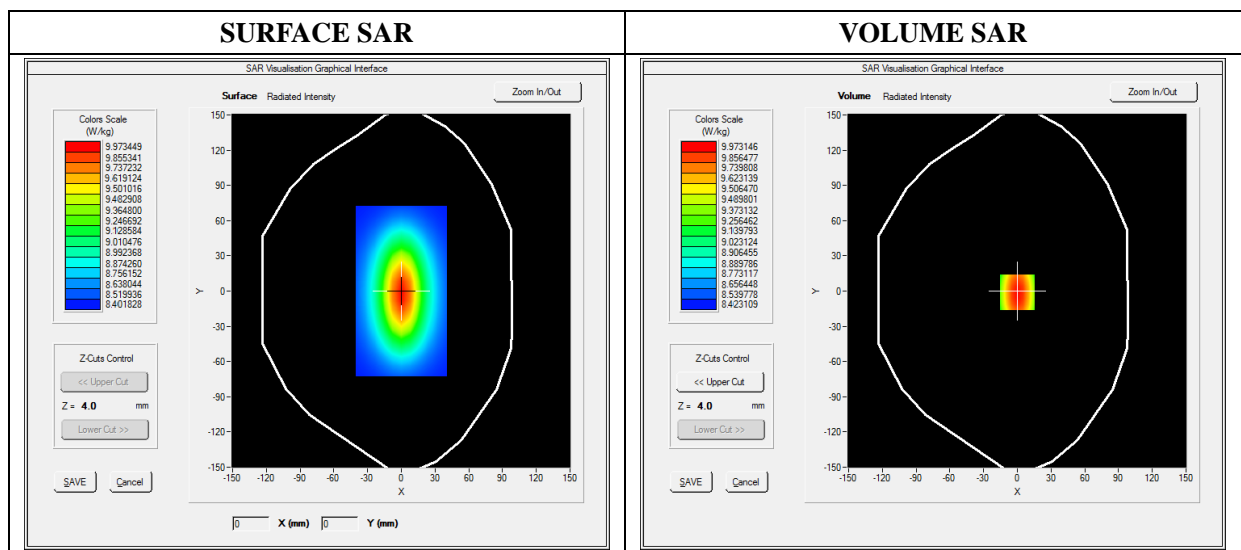
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

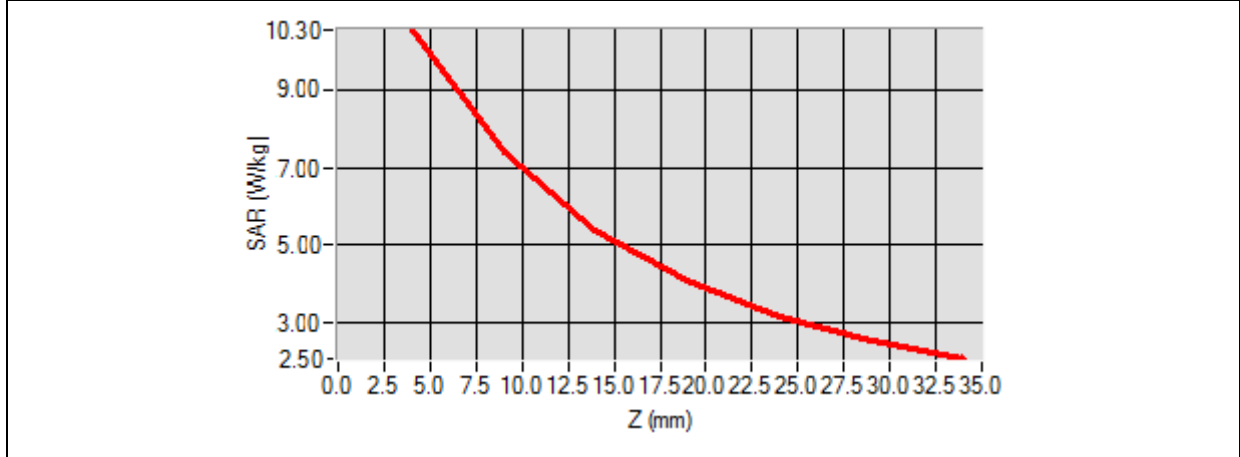


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.913214

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 4

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

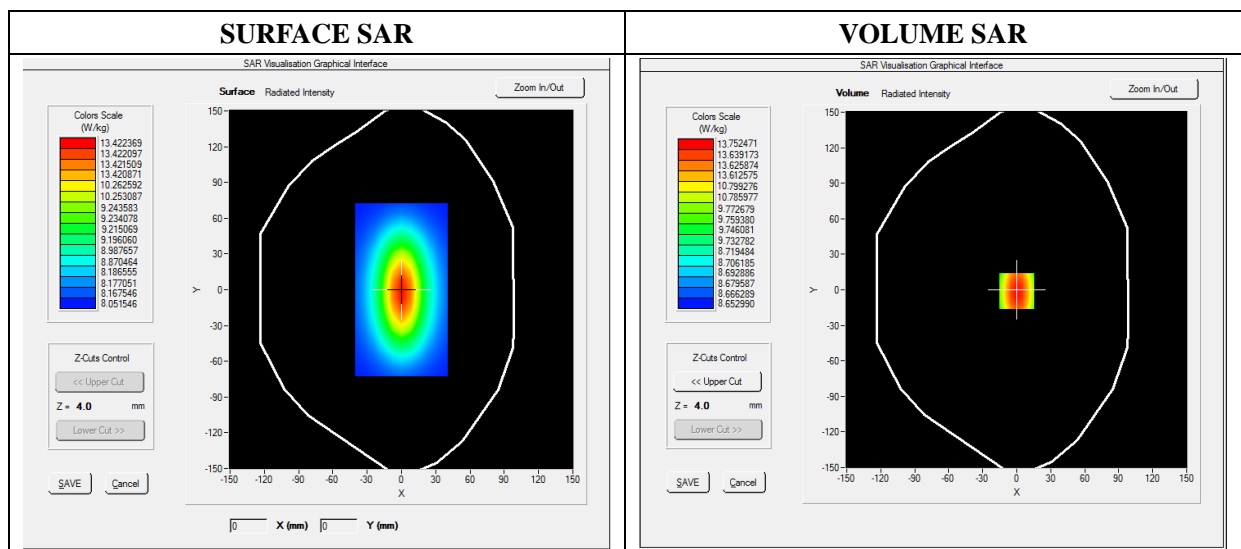
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.153660
Conductivity (S/m)	1.740236
Power Variation (%)	1.141452
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

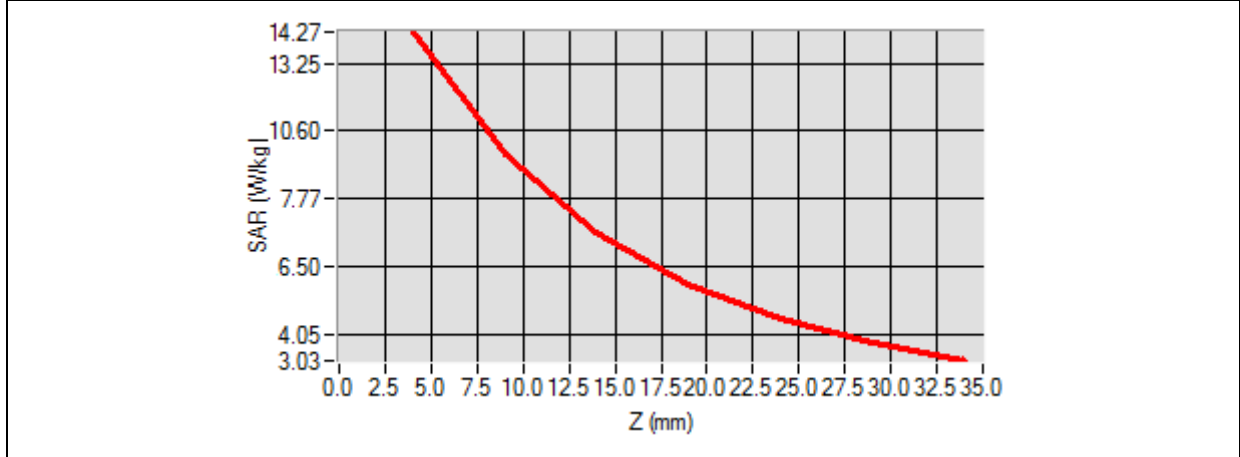


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	8.020427
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.452457

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	14.1034	12.0012	10.2624	7.4715	5.9022	4.5114



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 5

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

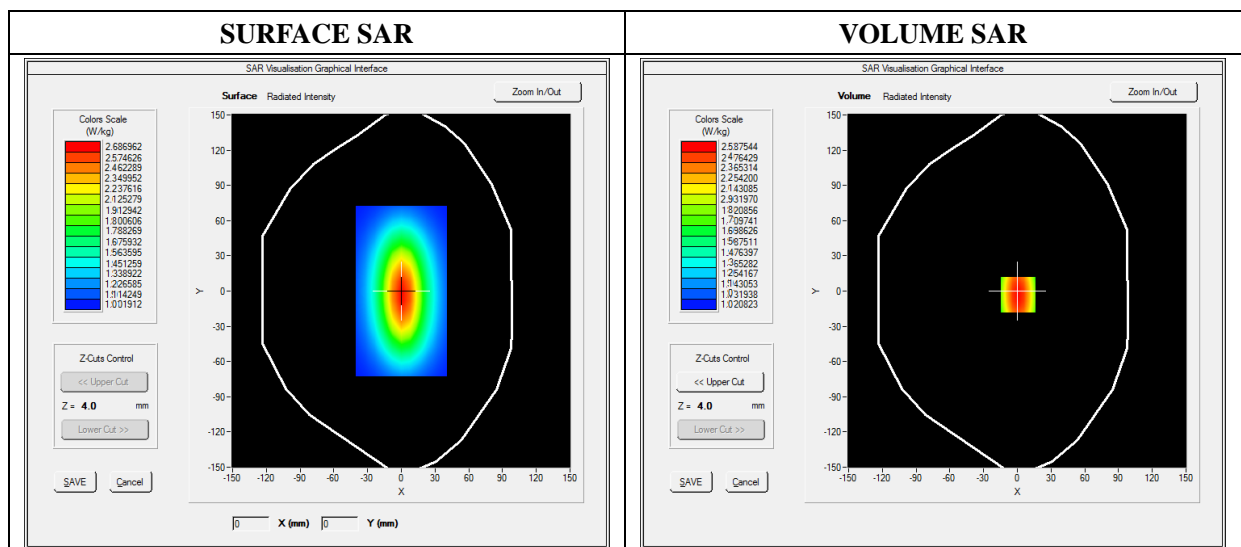
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

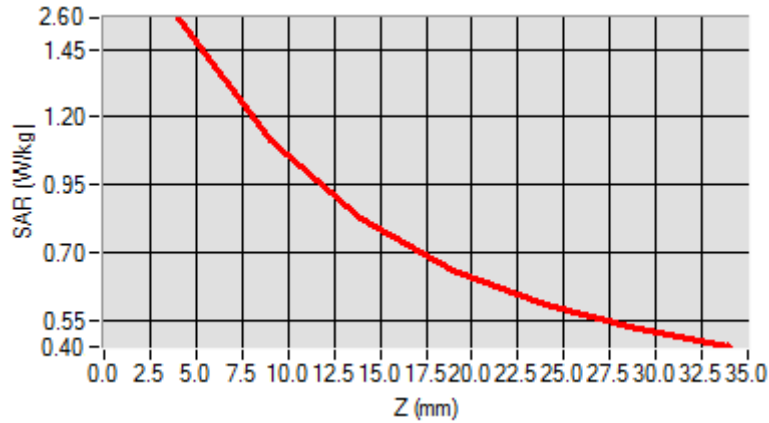


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.028956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.354211

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 6

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

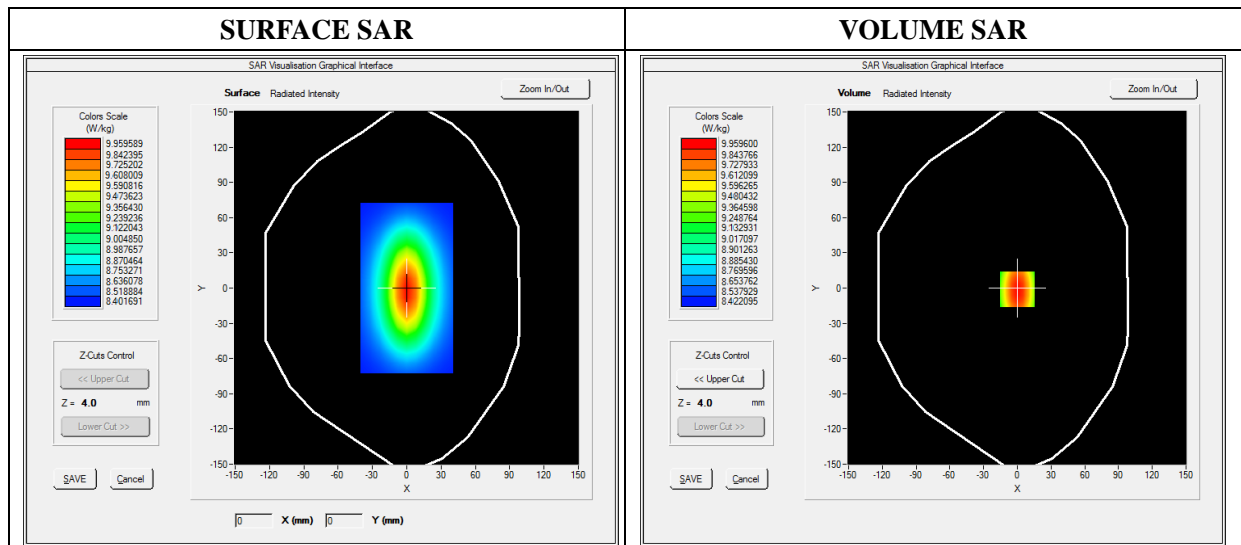
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1800
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	51.224510
Conductivity (S/m)	1.461261
Power Variation (%)	0.845690
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

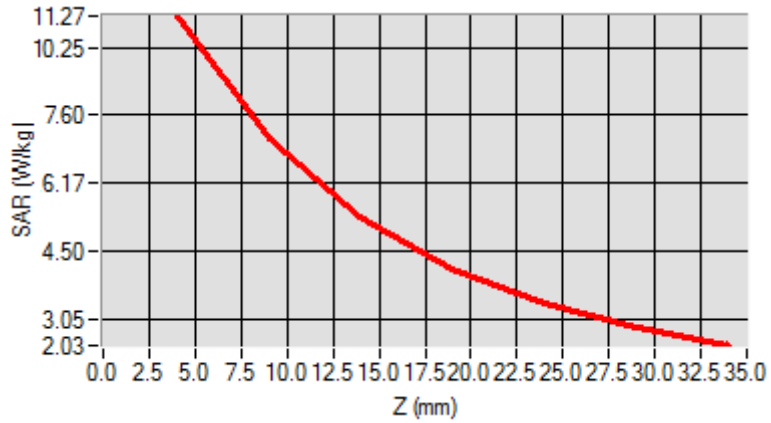


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.221202
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.582560

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	11.2425	9.4123	8.0345	6.9125	6.3092	3.9460



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 7

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

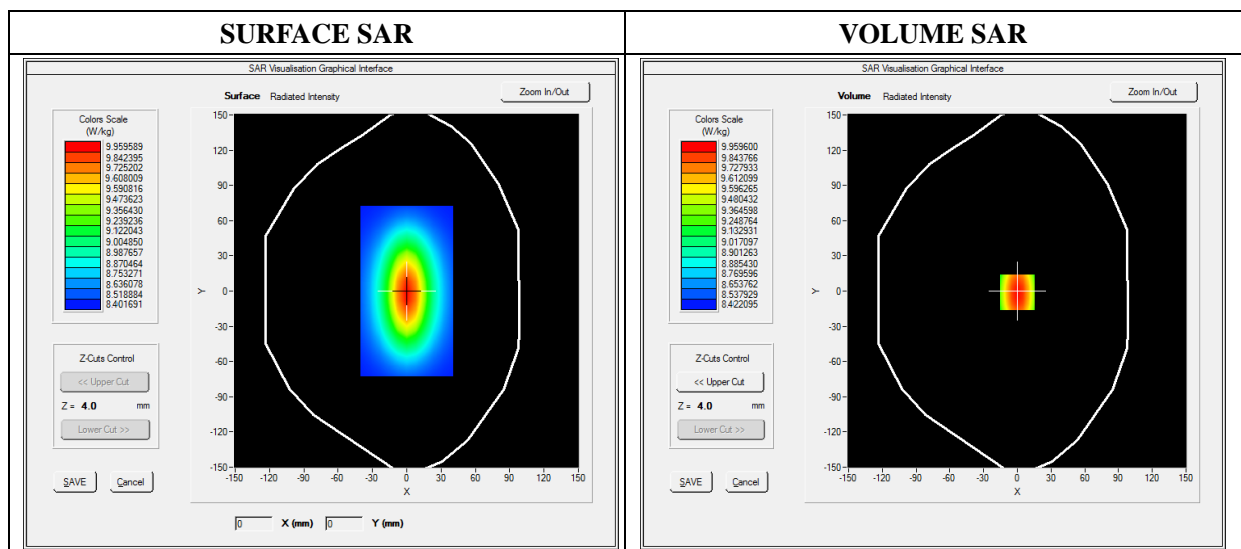
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

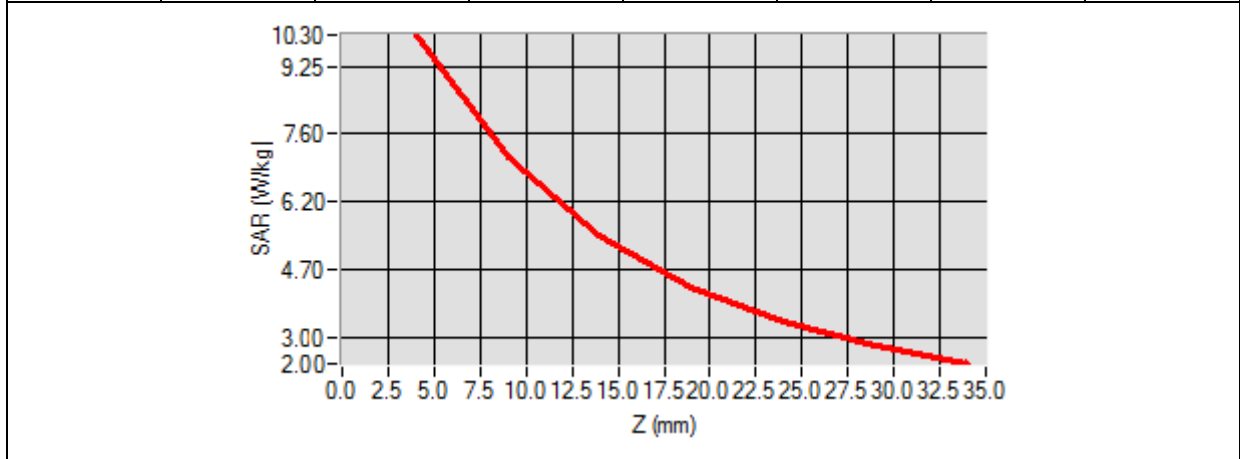


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.781550

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 8

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

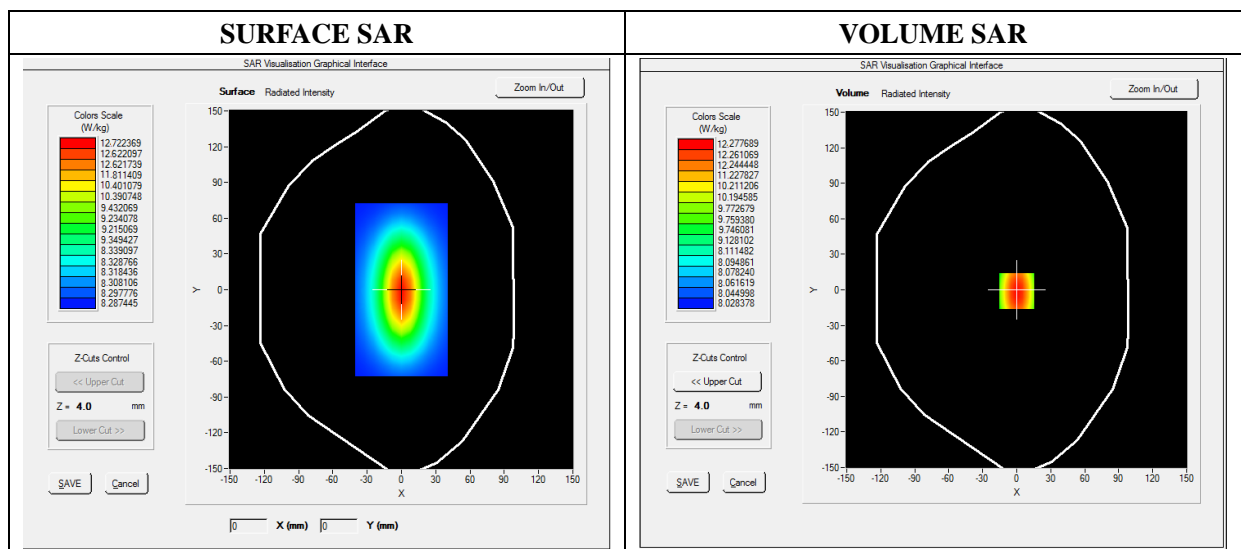
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	1.369745
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

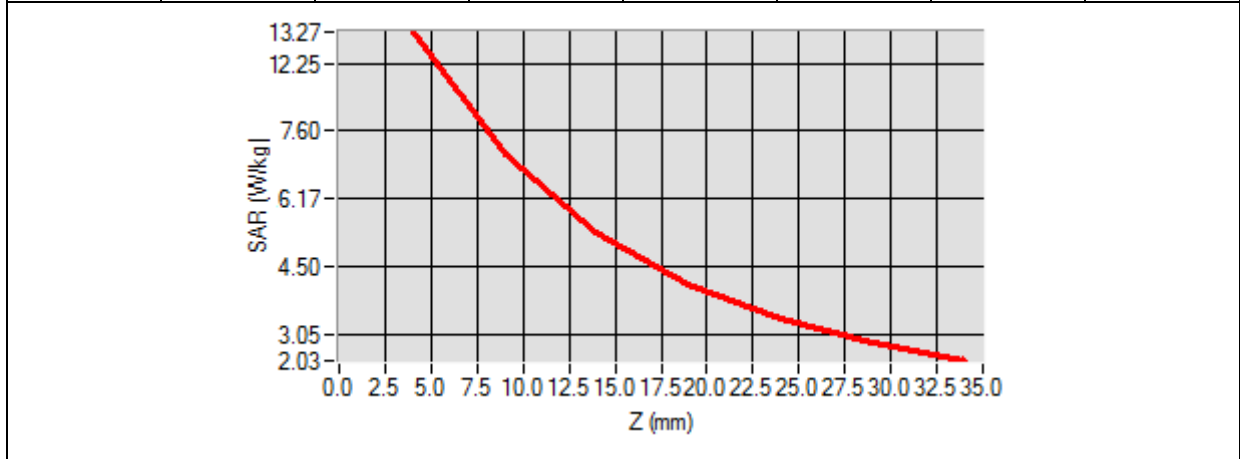


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.119522
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.592360

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	13.1911	11.7951	9.2945	8.5400	6.3712	4.6225



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, L-shaped device. A rectangular area on the top surface is overlaid with a color-coded SAR distribution map, showing a central red/orange hot spot transitioning to yellow, green, and blue towards the edges.</p>	<p>A 2D color-coded SAR distribution map. It features a central vertical oval-shaped region colored red and orange, surrounded by concentric rings of yellow, green, and cyan, all set against a blue background. This represents the spatial distribution of SAR values.</p>

Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 6:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 7:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_2TX	<u>Measurement 13:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	<u>Measurement 15:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	<u>Measurement 21:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	<u>Measurement 25:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 27:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 32:</u> Flat Plane with Front device position on High Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 33:</u> Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850	<u>Measurement 42:</u> Flat Plane with Front device position on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900	<u>Measurement 46:</u> Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	<u>Measurement 51:</u> Flat Plane with Back side device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	<u>Measurement 57:</u> Flat Plane with Front side device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 64:</u> Flat Plane with Top side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
<i>Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.</i>		

MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

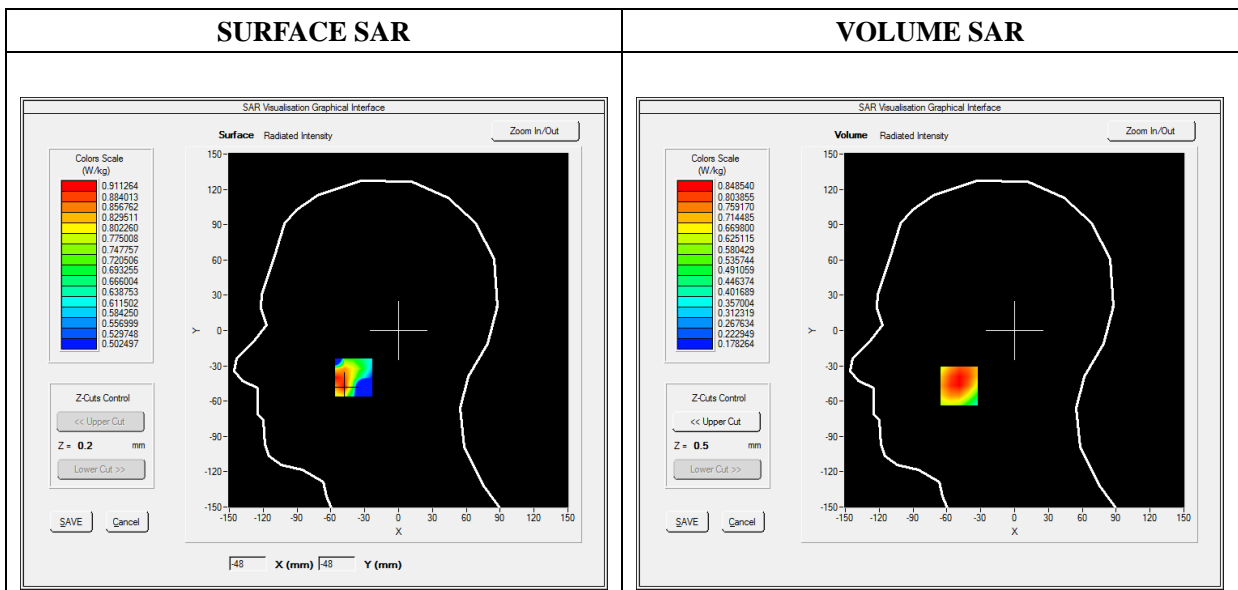
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 05/22/2019

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.144536
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

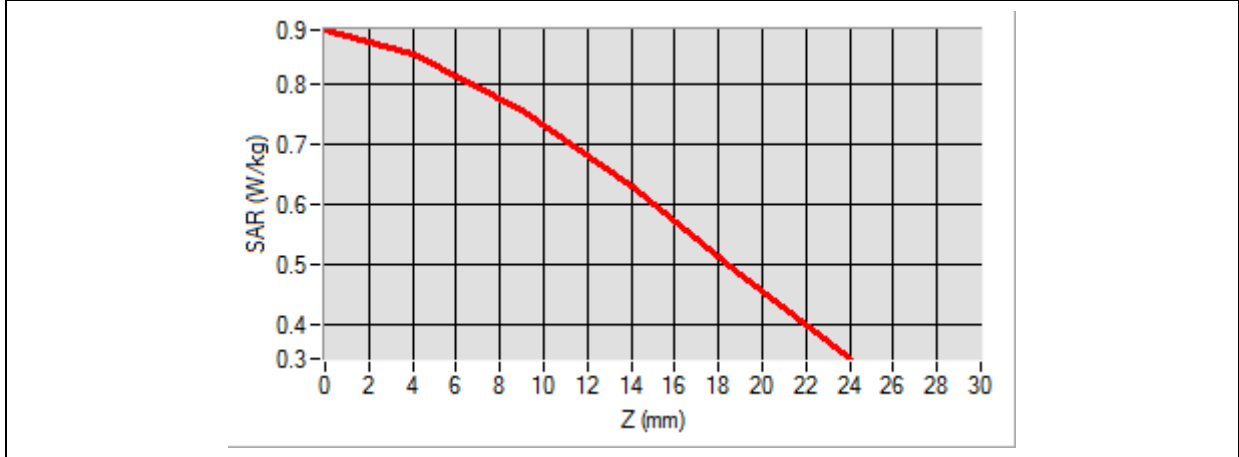


Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-47.00

SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.659438
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.831710

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.8902	0.8485	0.7571	0.6297	0.4833



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, cup-like device. A grid of blue dots is overlaid on the inner surface. A small, localized area of high SAR is highlighted in yellow and red, representing the hot spot.</p>	<p>A small, isolated 3D visualization of the hot spot, showing a localized area of high SAR in red and yellow.</p>

MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

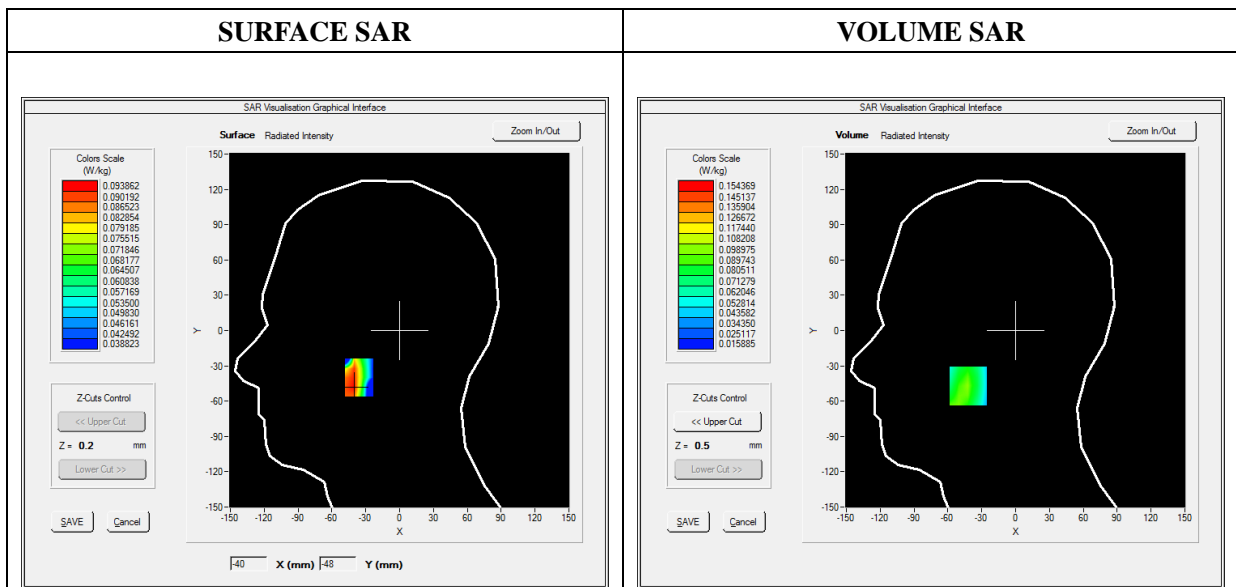
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.442440
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

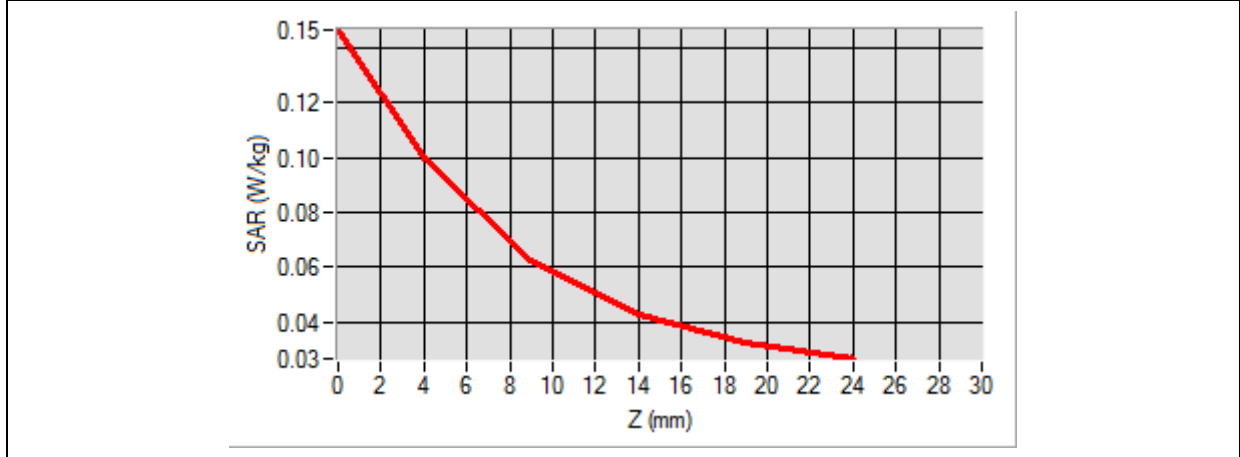


Maximum location: X=-42.00, Y=-47.00

SAR Peak: 0.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063503
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.101744

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1466	0.0997	0.0626	0.0424	0.0324



<p>3D screen shot</p>	<p>Hot spot position</p>
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, bowl-shaped device. A grid of blue dots is overlaid on the inner surface. A small, localized area of high SAR is highlighted with a color gradient from green to red, indicating the hot spot.</p>	<p>A 2D visualization of the hot spot, showing a small, irregularly shaped area with a color gradient from green to red, representing the maximum SAR location.</p>

MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

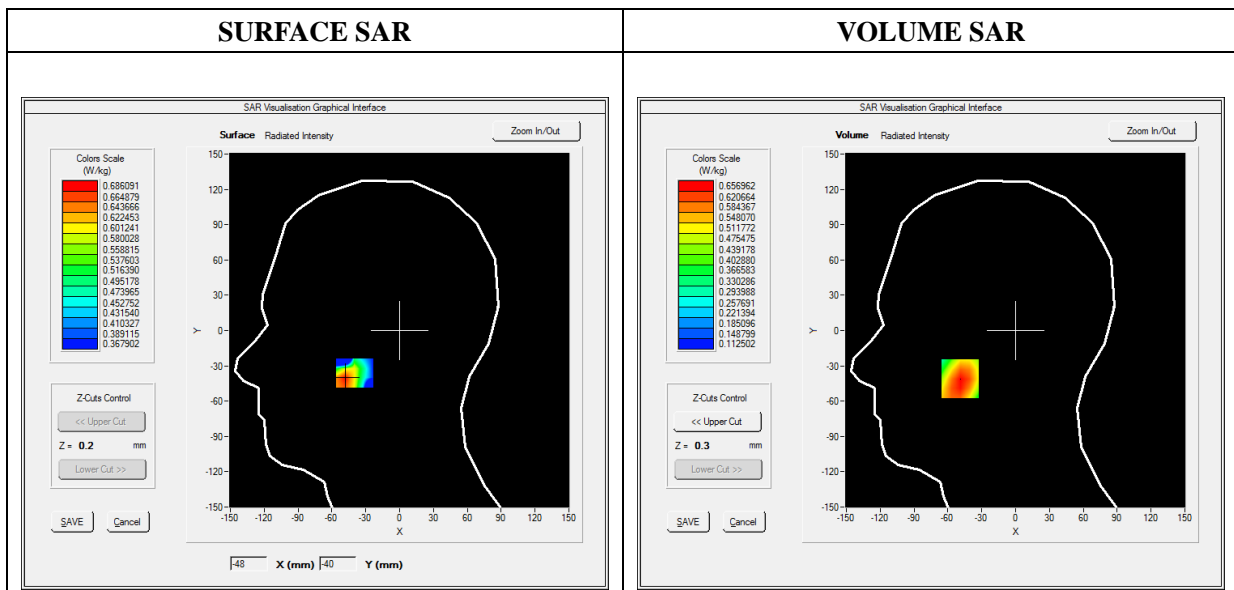
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS850_2TX
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:4

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.536272
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

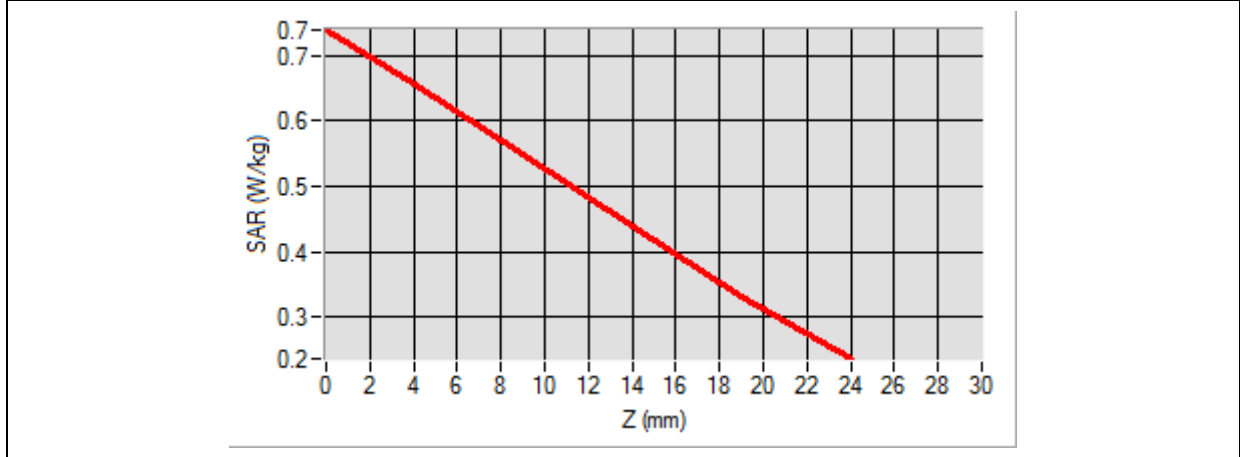


Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-41.00

SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.476750
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.635001

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.7387	0.6570	0.5493	0.4391	0.3321



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, bowl-shaped device. A grid of blue dots is overlaid on the inner surface. A small area at the bottom center of the grid is highlighted with a color gradient from yellow to red, indicating the hot spot location.</p>	<p>A small, isolated 3D object representing the hot spot position, colored with a gradient from red to yellow, matching the hot spot in the 3D model.</p>

MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

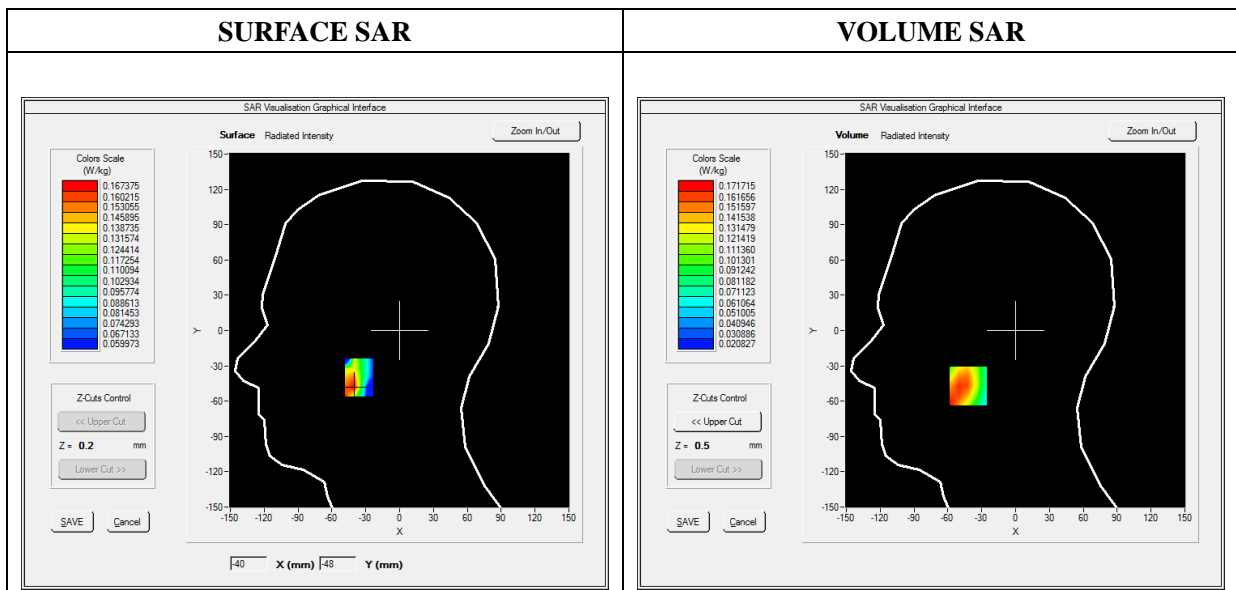
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.536272
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

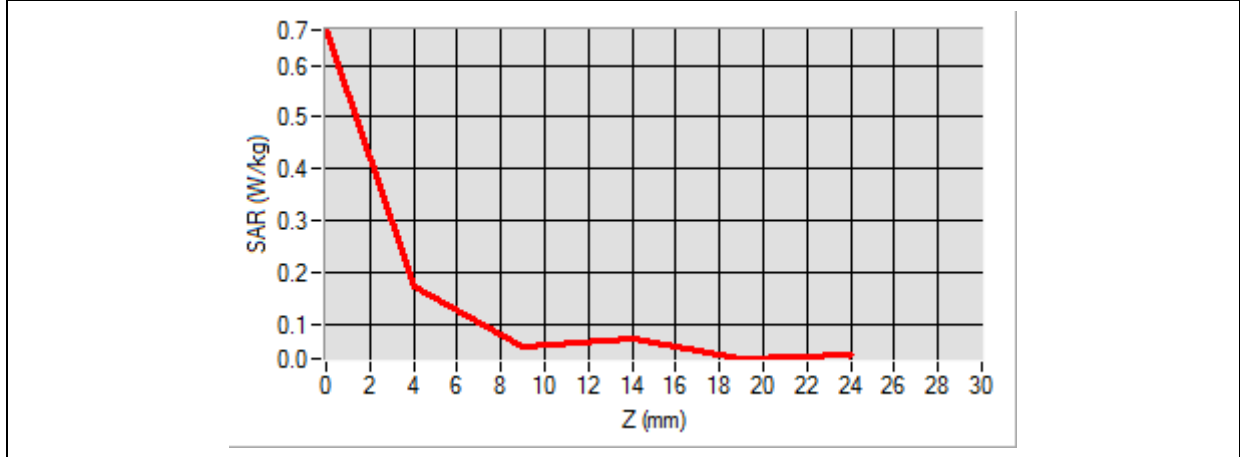


Maximum location: X=-42.00, Y=-47.00

SAR Peak: 0.25 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.104822
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.157719

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6681	0.1717	0.0549	0.0708	0.0327



<p>3D screen shot</p>	<p>Hot spot position</p>
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, bowl-shaped device. A grid of blue dots is overlaid on the inner surface. A small region of the grid is highlighted with a color gradient from green to yellow, indicating the hot spot location.</p>	<p>A 3D visualization of the hot spot, showing a localized area of high intensity represented by a color gradient from red to yellow, positioned within the volume of the device.</p>

MEASUREMENT 21

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

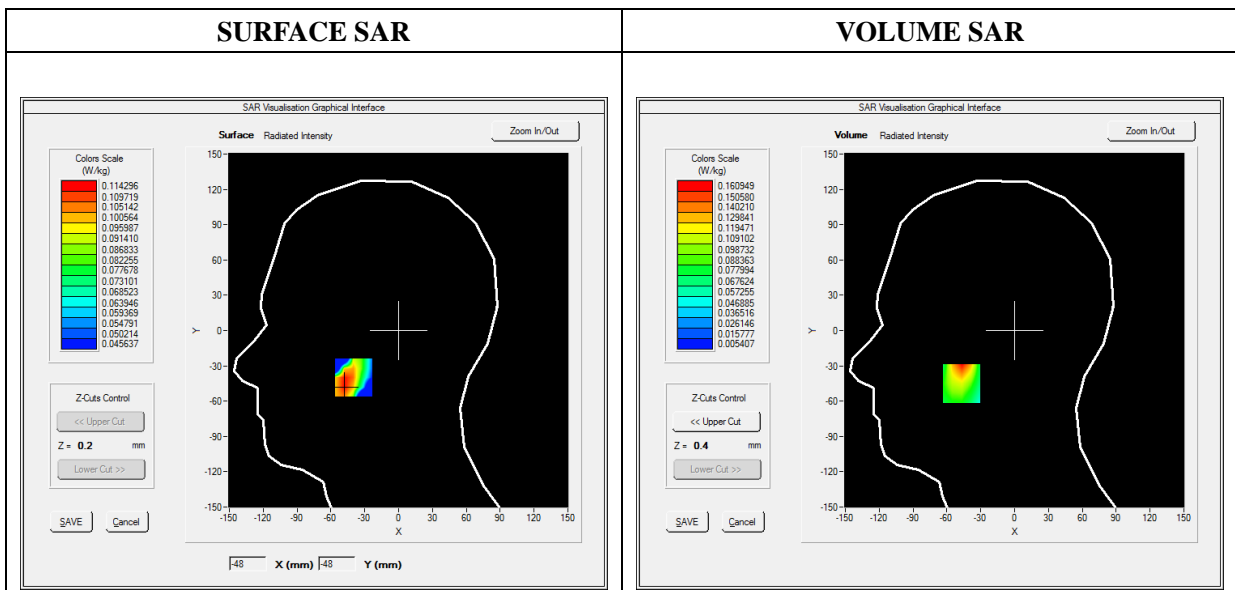
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.524540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

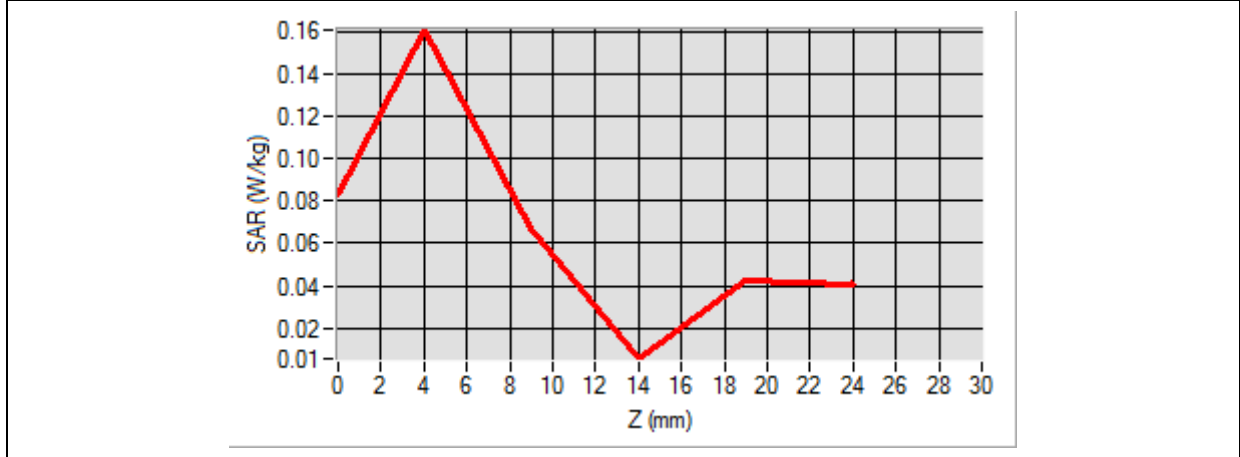


Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=-45.00

SAR Peak: 0.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.084491
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.165546

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0829	0.1609	0.0674	0.0054	0.0422



<p>3D screen shot</p>	<p>Hot spot position</p>

MEASUREMENT 25

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

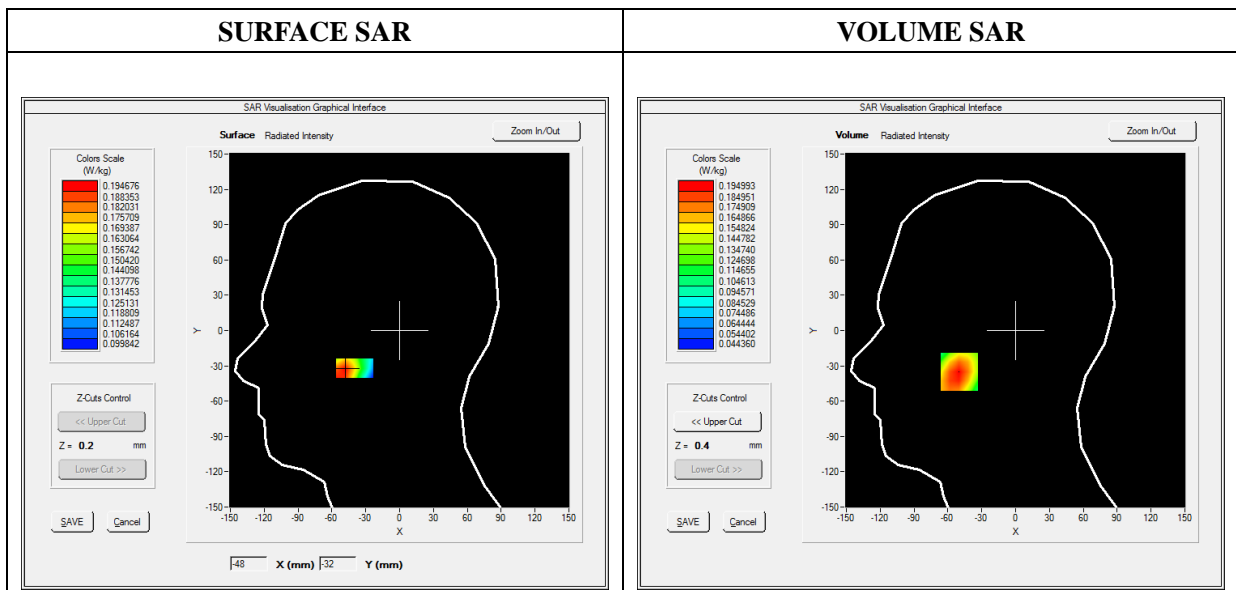
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.342427
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

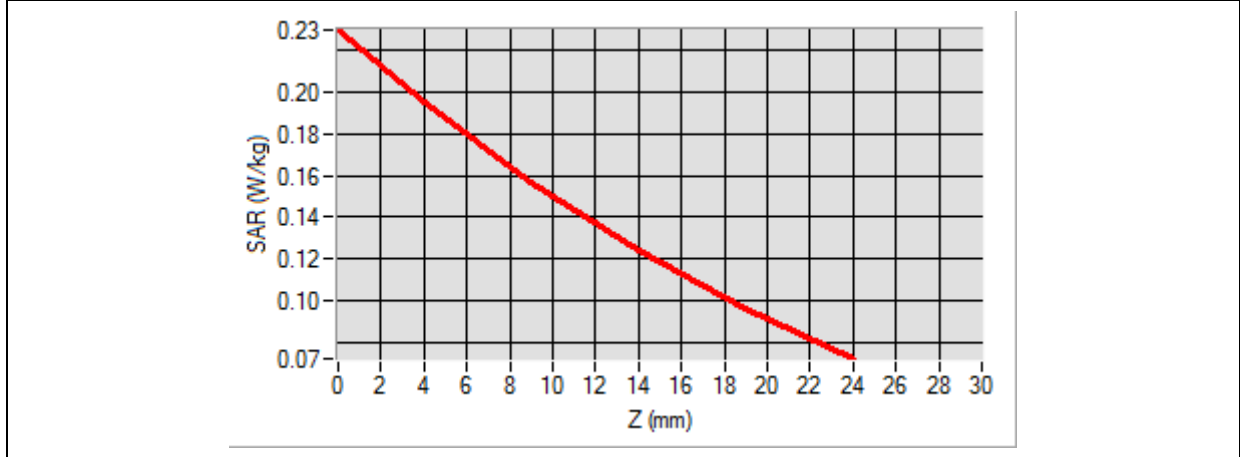


Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-35.00

SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.140664
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.188331

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.2298	0.1950	0.1568	0.1240	0.0960



<p>3D screen shot</p>	<p>Hot spot position</p>
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey, bowl-shaped device. A grid of blue dots is overlaid on the inner surface. A small rectangular area at the bottom center of the grid is highlighted with a color gradient from yellow to red, indicating the hot spot.</p>	<p>A small, tilted rectangular area with a color gradient from yellow to red, representing the hot spot position.</p>

MEASUREMENT 27

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-29

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

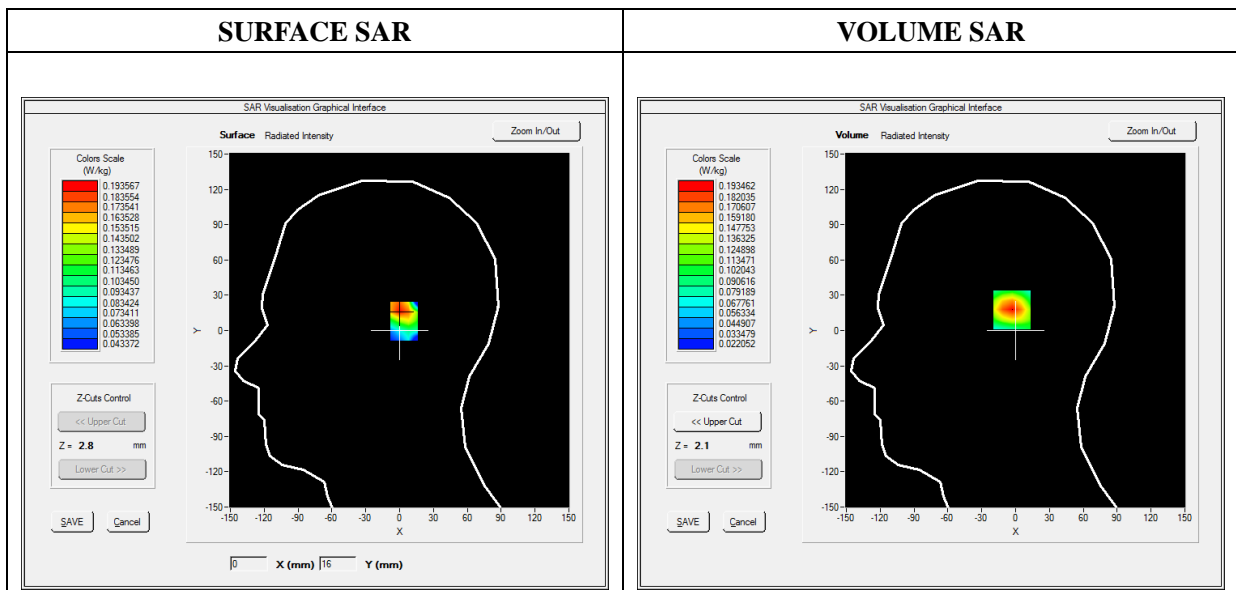
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.153660
Conductivity (S/m)	1.740236
Power Variation (%)	3.234772
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

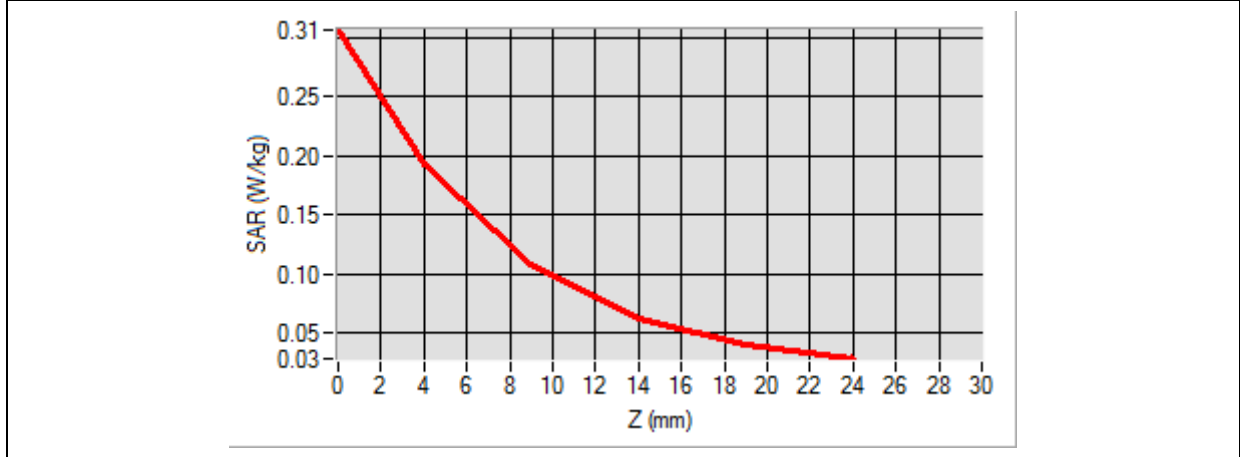


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=18.00

SAR Peak: 0.31 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.102069
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.181531

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3061	0.1935	0.1078	0.0630	0.0411



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 32

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

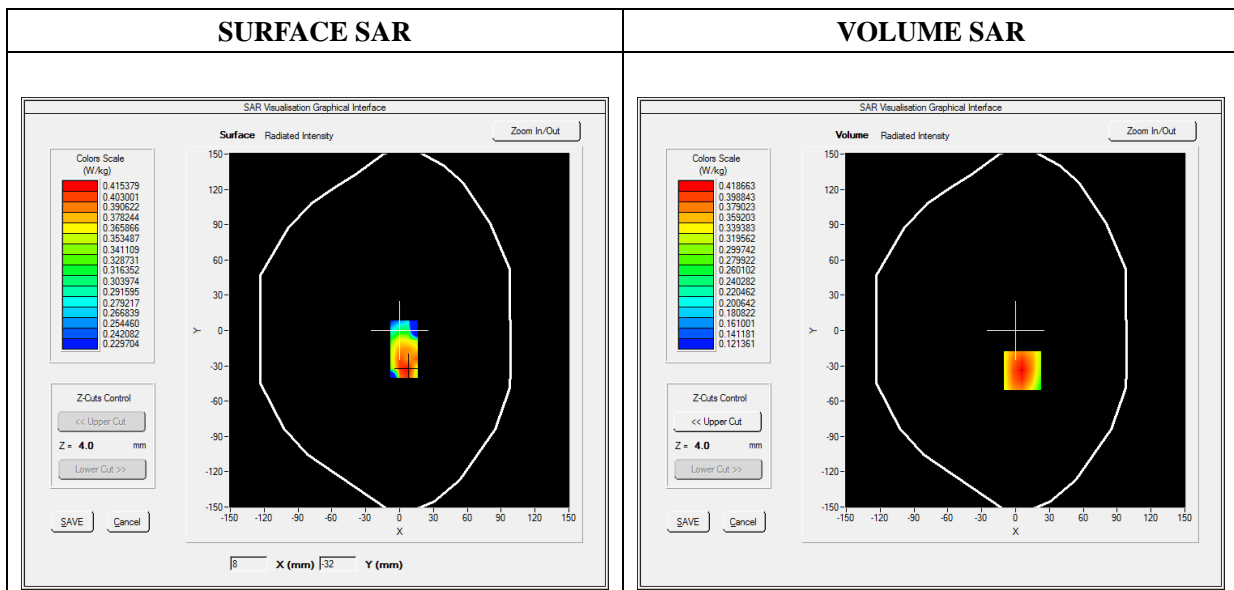
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

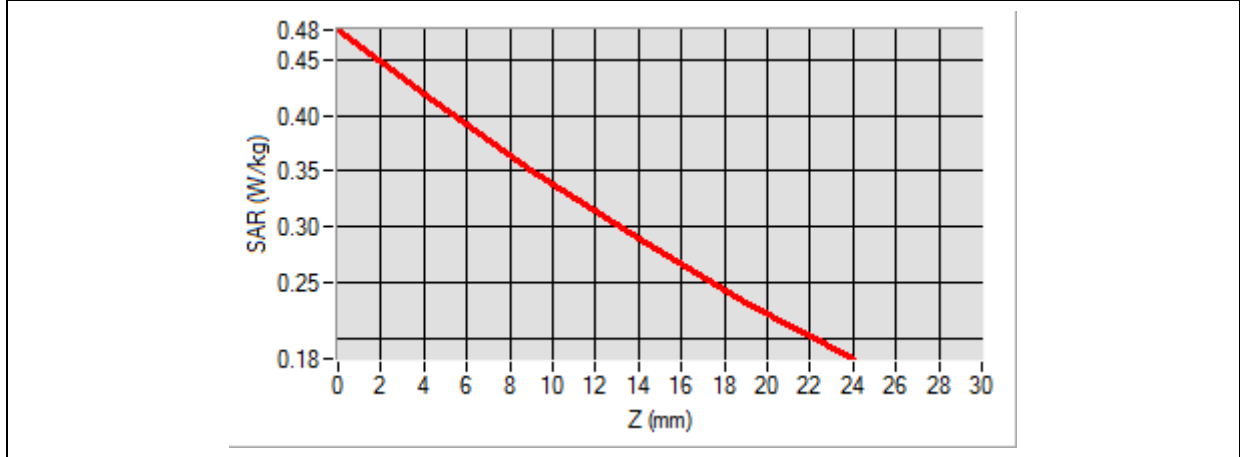


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-34.00

SAR Peak: 0.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.316845
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.405101

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4767	0.4187	0.3509	0.2886	0.2319



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device. A grid of small blue dots is overlaid on the device's surface. A localized area of the grid is highlighted with a color gradient from yellow to red, indicating the hot spot location.</p>	<p>A close-up view of the hot spot area, showing a vertical rectangular region with a color gradient from yellow at the top to red at the bottom, indicating the intensity of the SAR exposure.</p>

MEASUREMENT 33

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

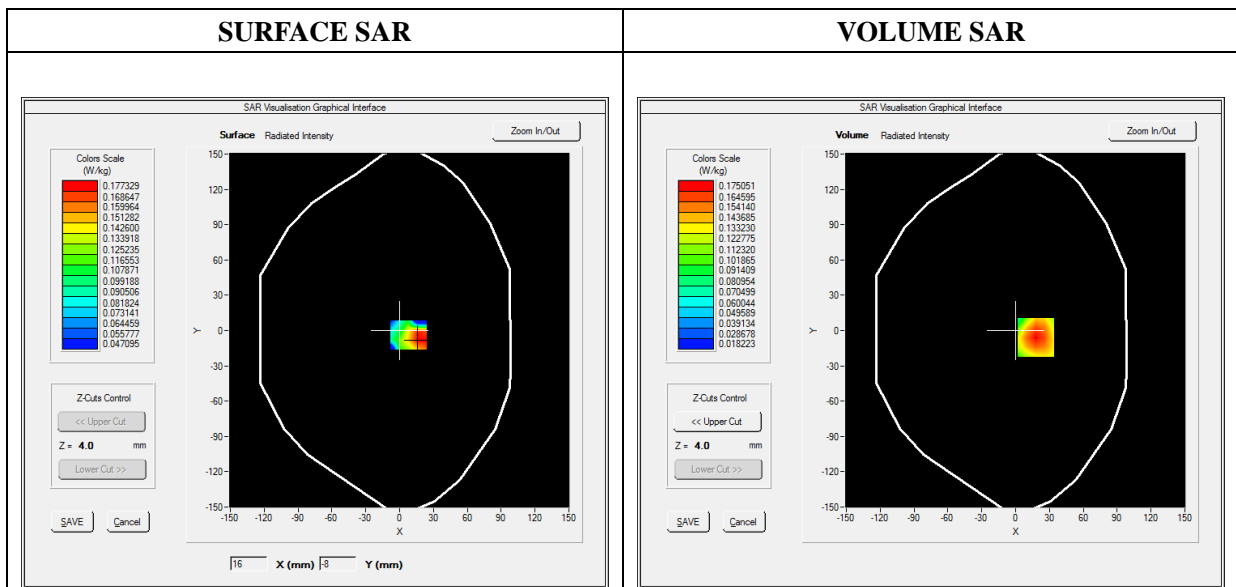
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	1.474622
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

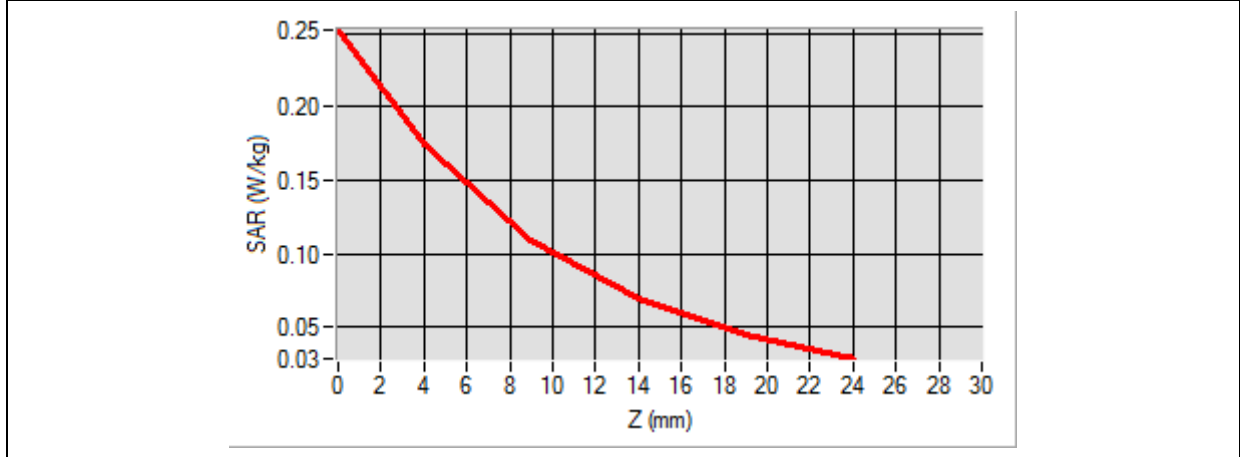


Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=-6.00

SAR Peak: 0.25 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.102095
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.166216

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.2524	0.1751	0.1095	0.0691	0.0447



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device with a blue grid overlay on its top surface. A small, localized area of high SAR is highlighted with a color gradient from green to red, indicating the hot spot position.</p>	<p>A 2D color map showing the hot spot position. The color gradient transitions from green on the left to red on the right, with yellow and orange in between, representing the SAR intensity distribution.</p>

MEASUREMENT 42

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

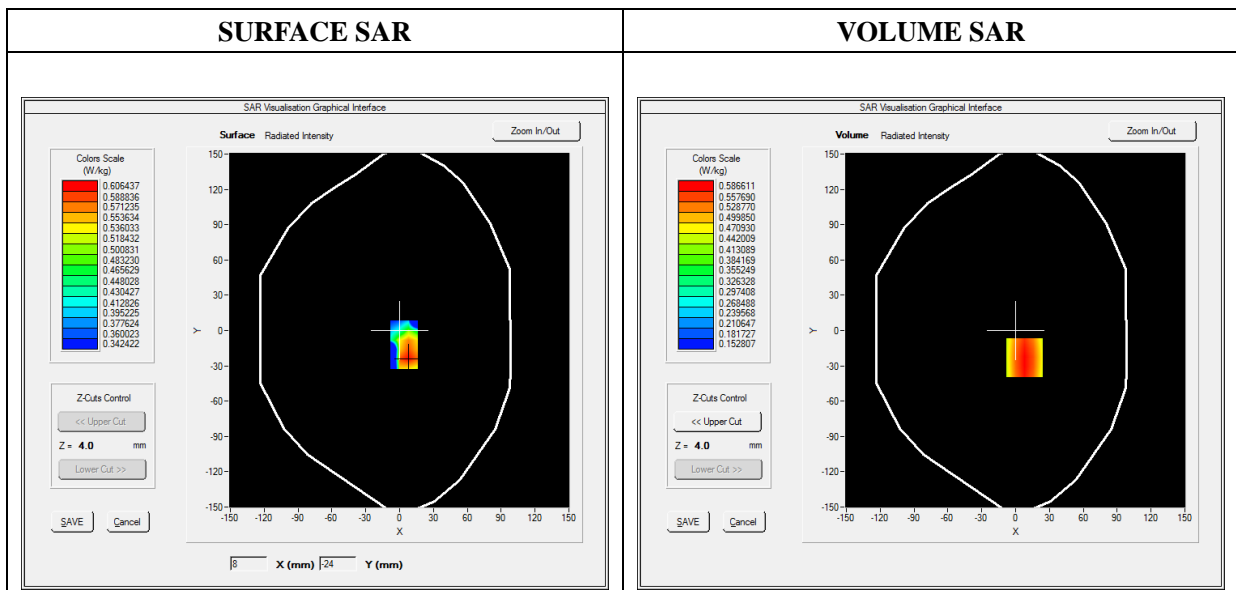
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:4

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

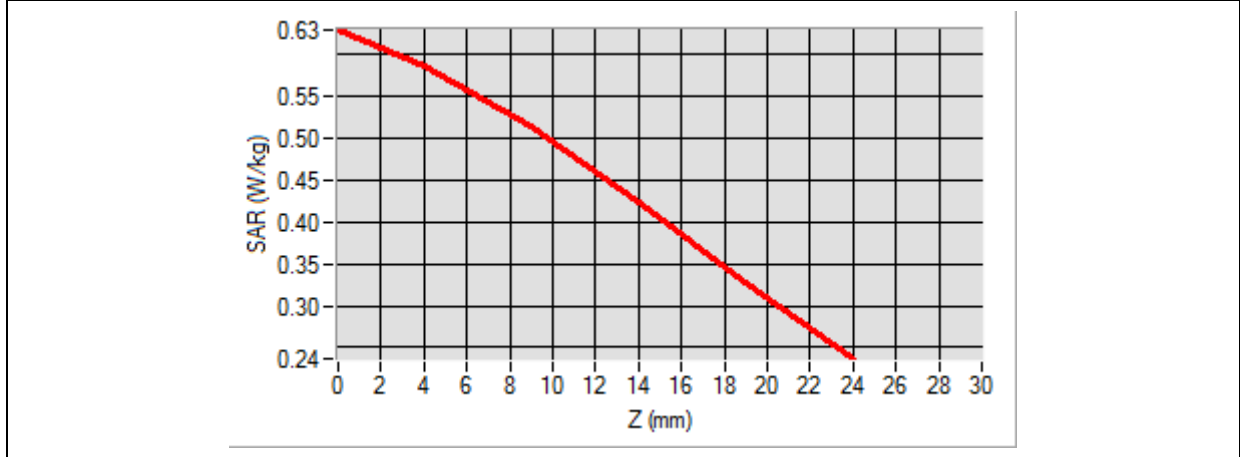


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.451293
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.578934

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6299	0.5866	0.5137	0.4243	0.3275



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device with a blue grid overlay on its top surface. A small, localized area of high SAR (hot spot) is visible in the center of the grid, colored in yellow and red.</p>	<p>A 2D heatmap representing the SAR distribution on the device's surface. The highest SAR values are shown in red and yellow, forming a localized hot spot in the center of the device's footprint.</p>

MEASUREMENT 80

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

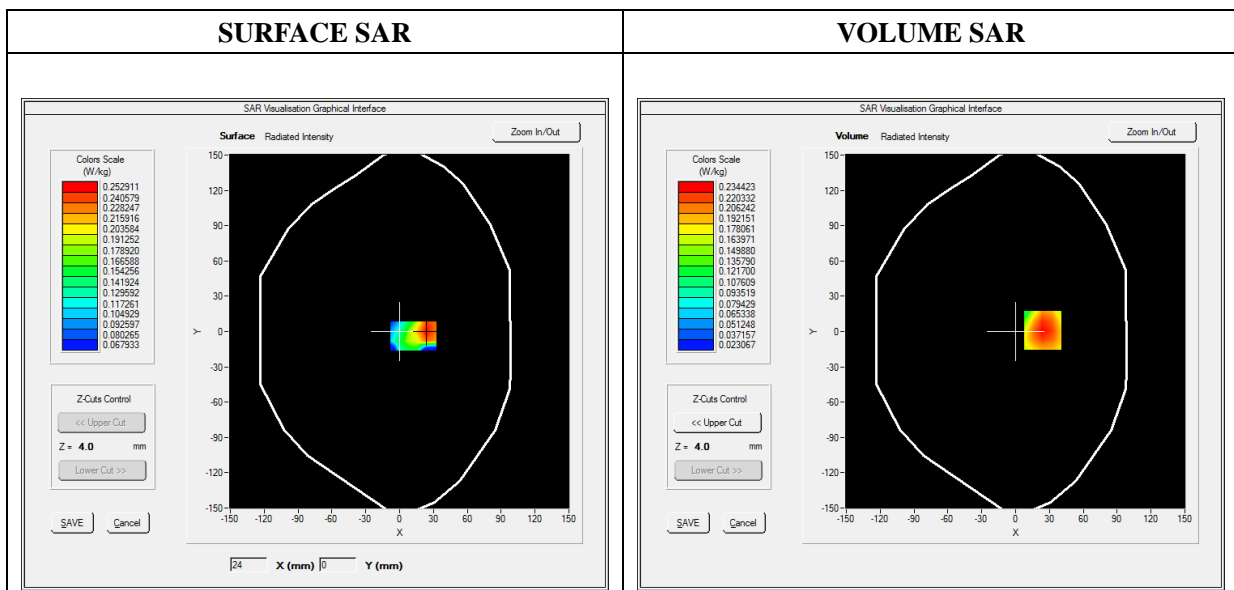
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	2.483762
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

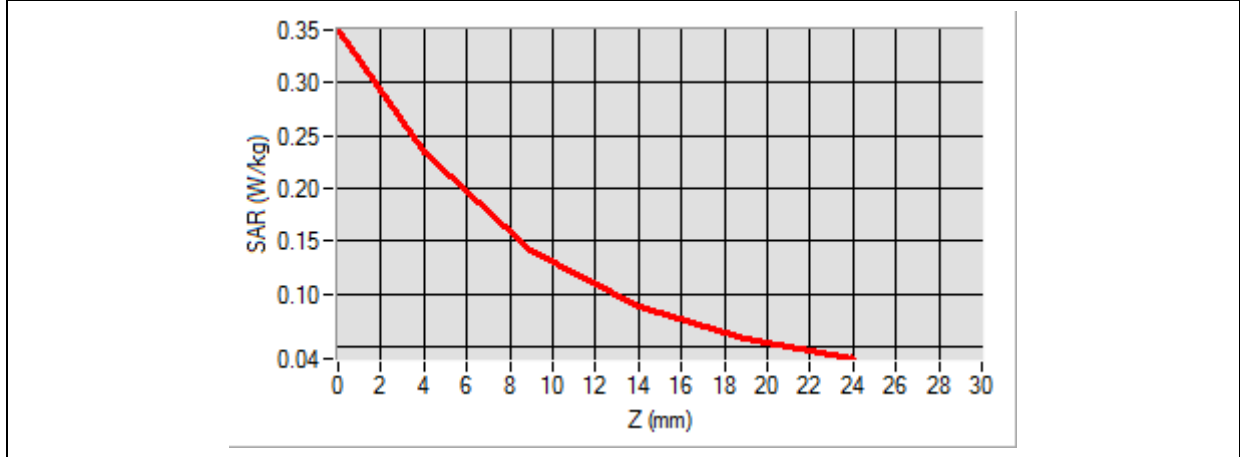


Maximum location: X=24.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.136260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.223678

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3503	0.2344	0.1408	0.0869	0.0571



3D screen shot	Hot spot position

MEASUREMENT 51

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

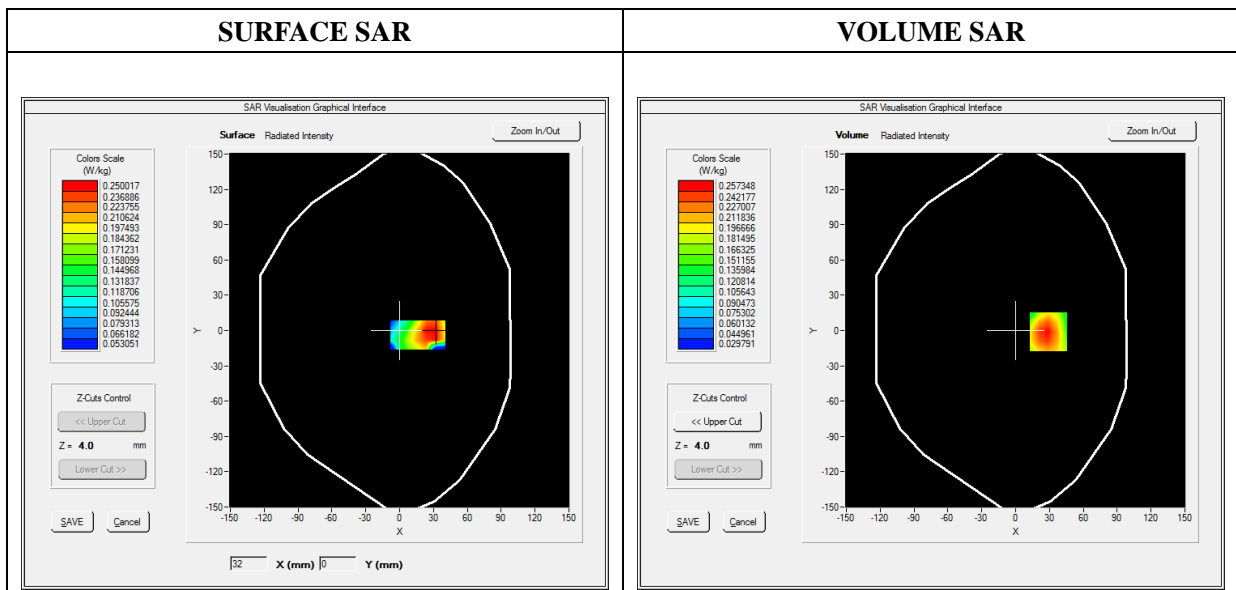
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	1.163283
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

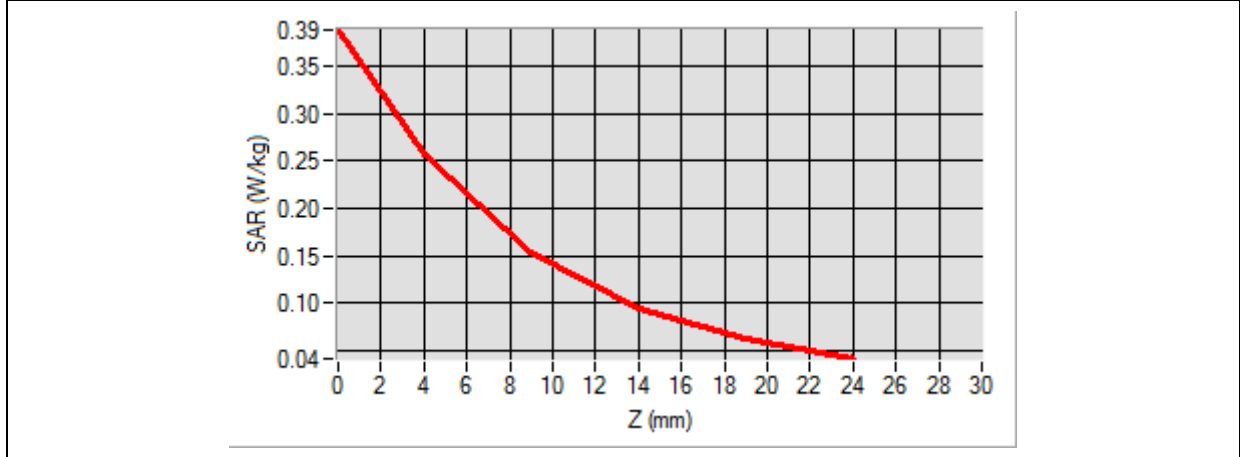


Maximum location: X=29.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 0.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.148388
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.245894

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3875	0.2573	0.1531	0.0940	0.0619



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device with a blue grid overlay on its top surface. A small area of the grid is highlighted with a color gradient from green to red, indicating the hot spot location.</p>	<p>A 2D color map showing the hot spot position. The color gradient transitions from green on the left to red on the right, with yellow and orange in between, representing the intensity of the SAR exposure.</p>

MEASUREMENT 57

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-28

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

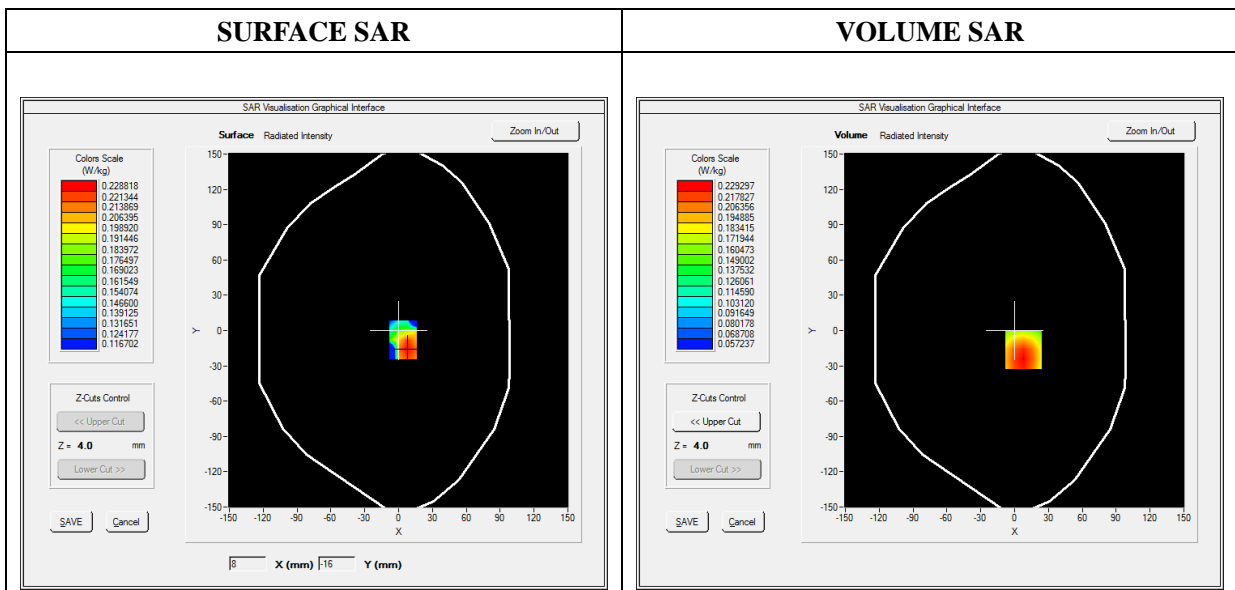
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	2.341234
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

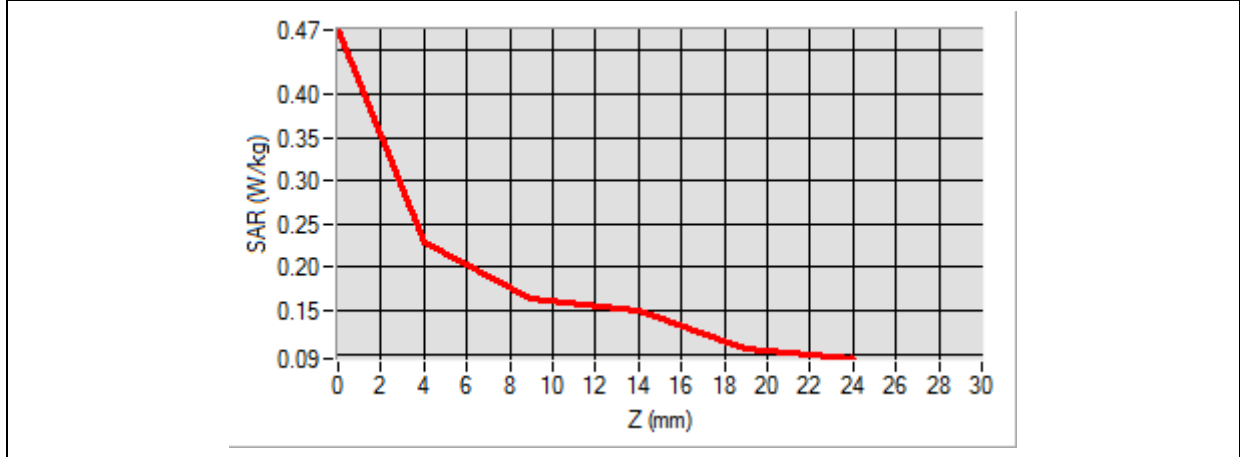


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-16.00

SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.170603
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.222864

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4740	0.2293	0.1637	0.1508	0.1056



<p>3D screen shot</p>	<p>Hot spot position</p>
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device with a blue grid overlay on its surface. A small, localized area of high SAR is highlighted with a yellow-to-red color gradient, indicating the hot spot position.</p>	<p>A 2D heatmap showing the spatial distribution of the SAR hot spot. The color gradient transitions from yellow at the top to red at the bottom, with the highest intensity (red) concentrated in the lower right portion of the shape.</p>

MEASUREMENT 64

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2020-06-29

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

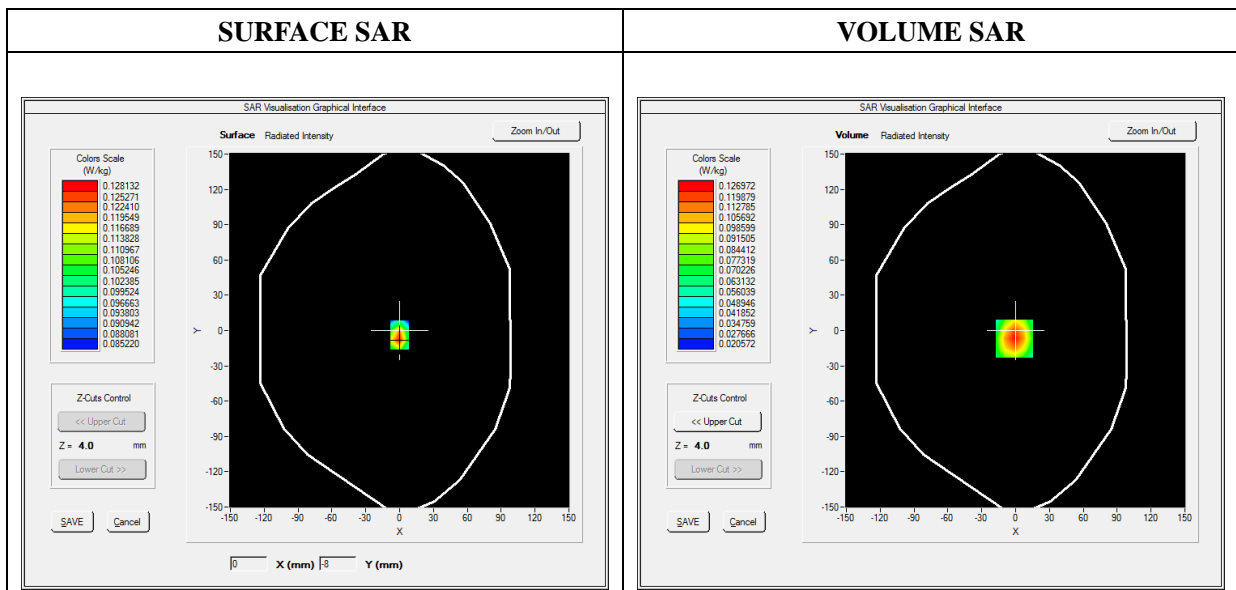
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Top
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	2.492743
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

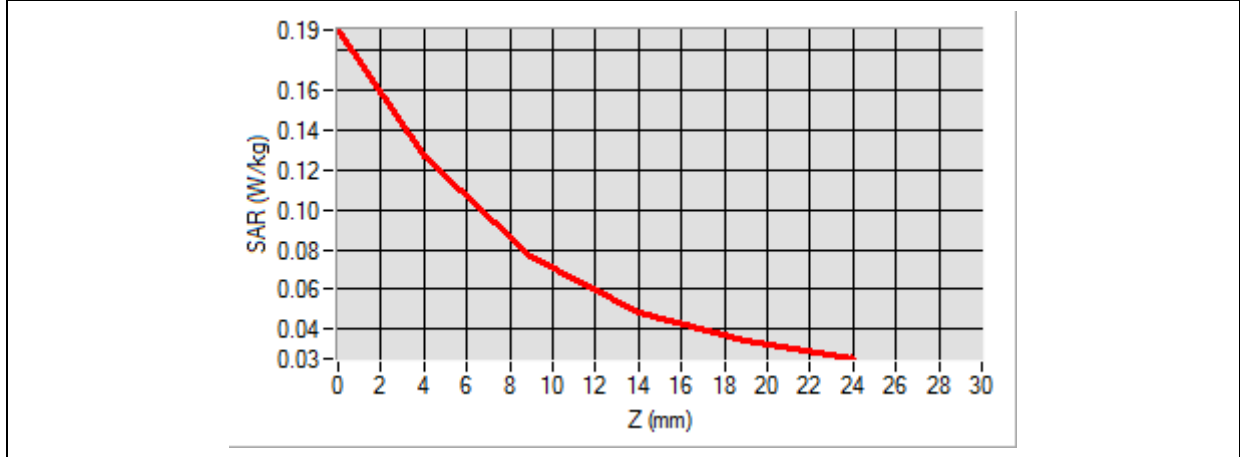


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-7.00

SAR Peak: 0.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.071587
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.119907

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1906	0.1270	0.0766	0.0486	0.0340



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
<p>A 3D perspective view of a grey device with a blue grid overlay. A small, localized area of high SAR (hot spot) is visible in the center of the device, colored in green and yellow.</p>	<p>A 2D heatmap representing the hot spot position. It shows a rectangular area with a color gradient from red (high SAR) in the center to orange (lower SAR) towards the edges.</p>

Annex C. EUT Photos

EUT View Front



EUT View Back



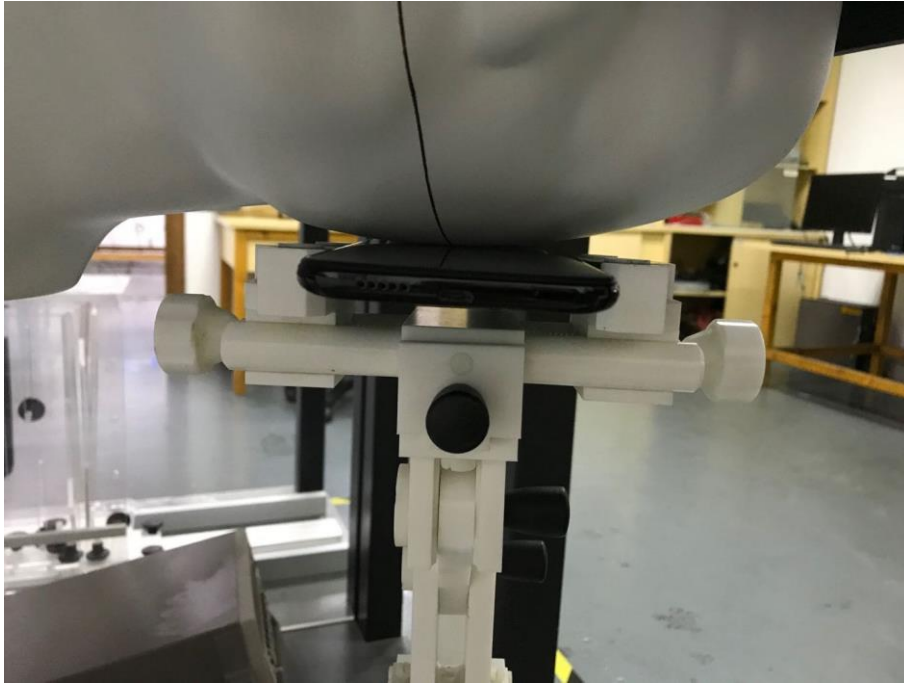
Antenna View



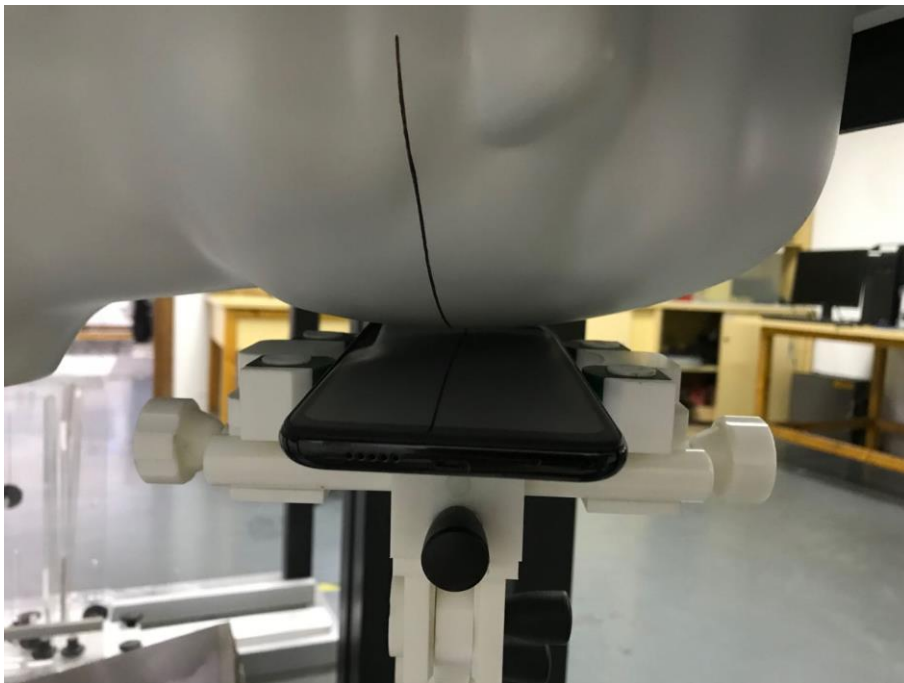
Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Head Exposure Conditions

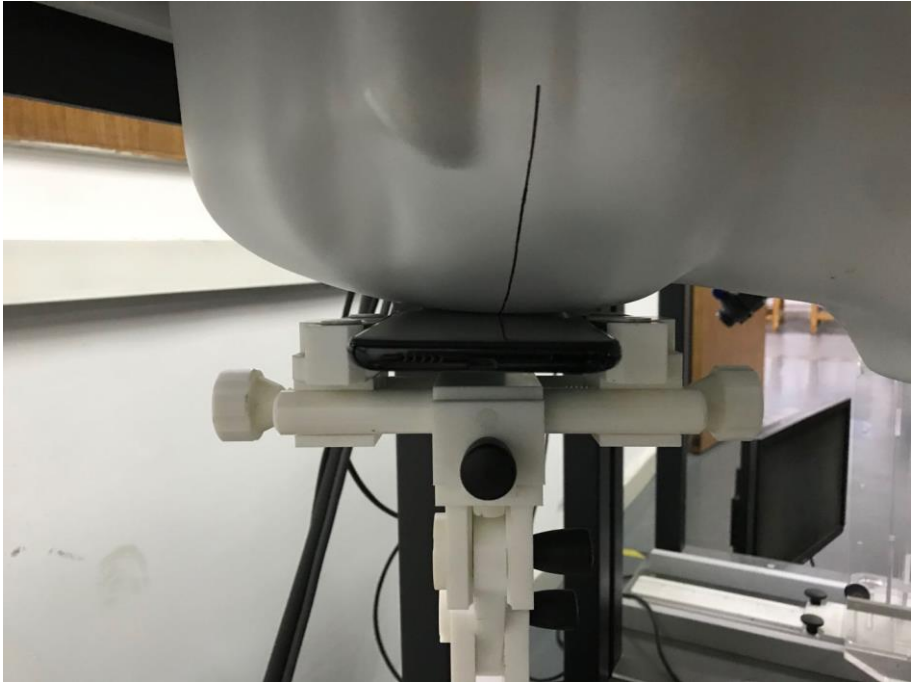
Cheek



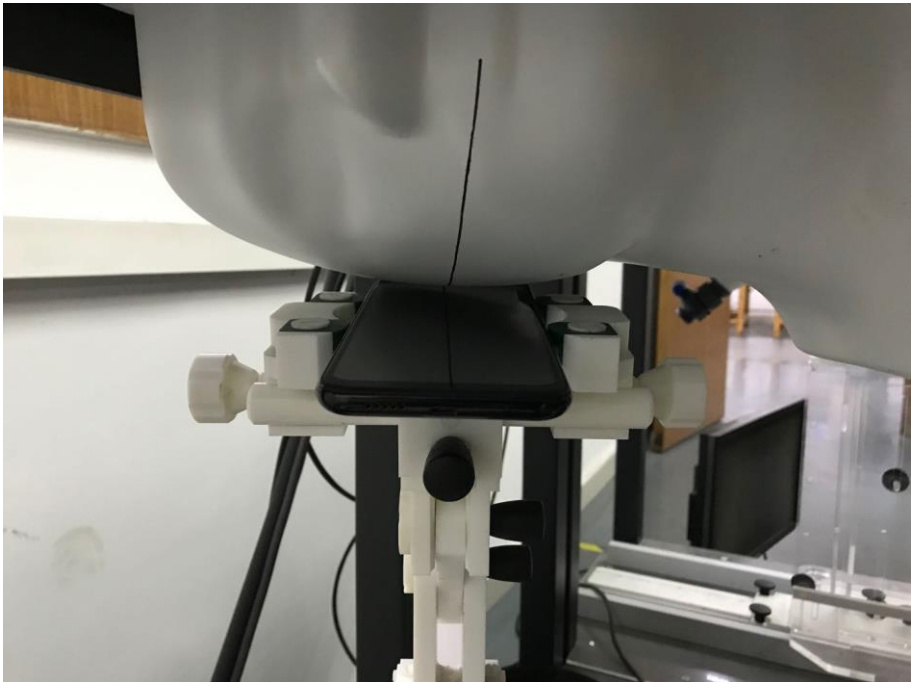
Tilt



Cheek

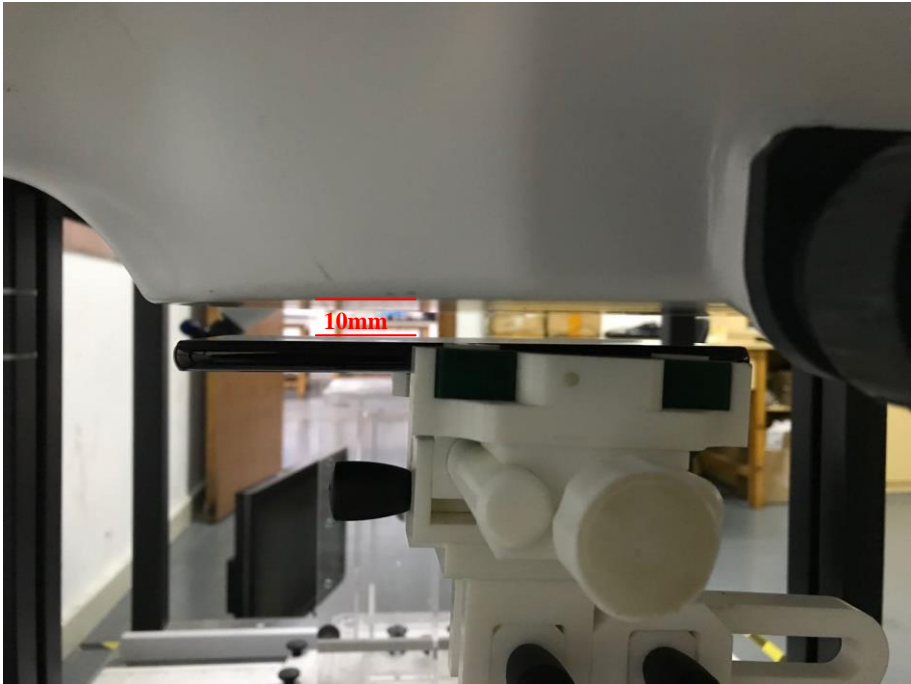


Tilt

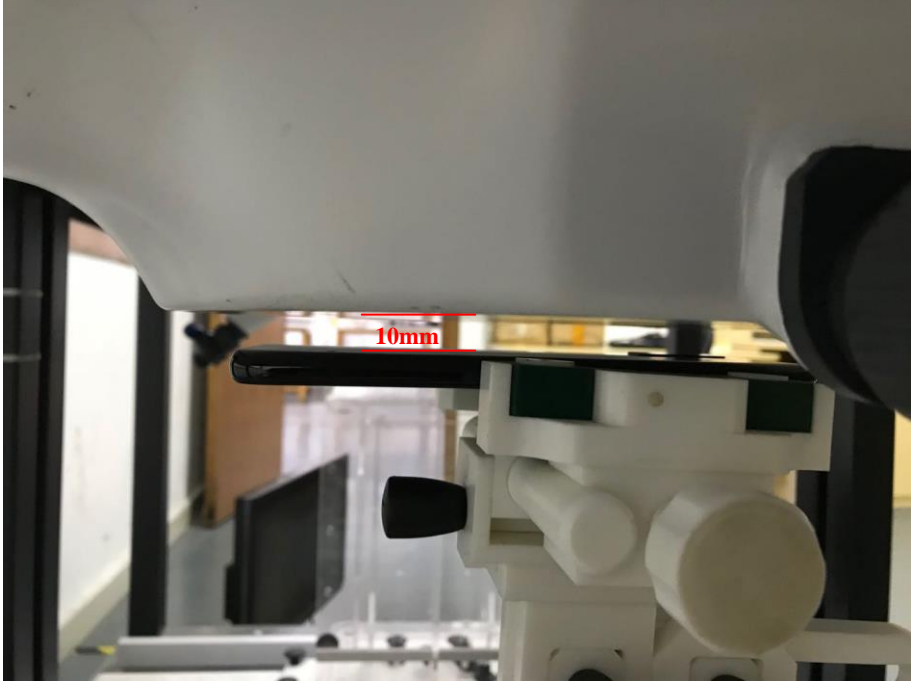


Body mode Exposure Conditions

Body Front



Body Back



Body Right



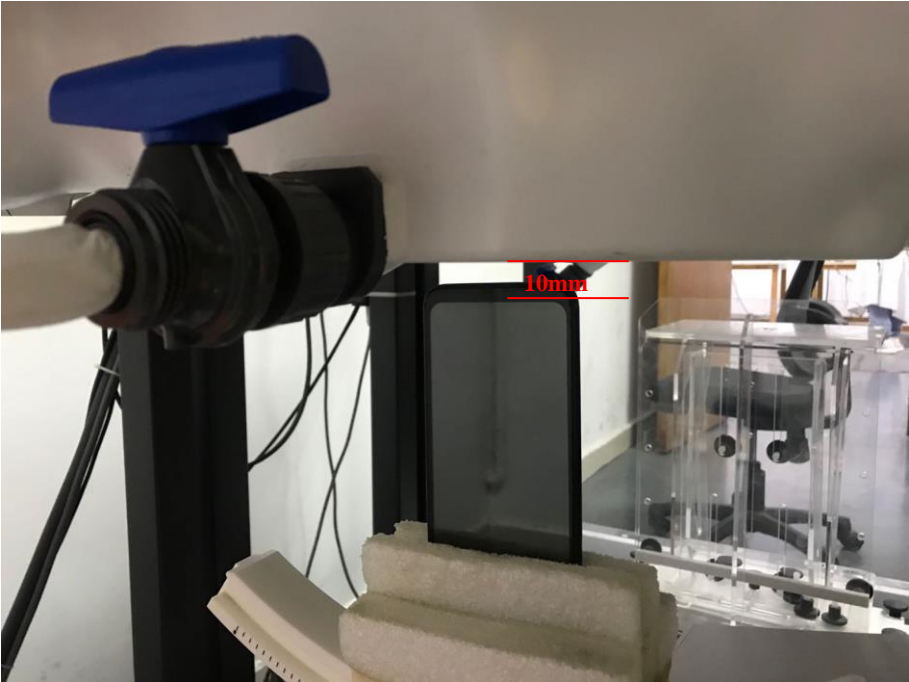
Body Left



Body Top



Body Bottom



Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the exhibit for the calibration certificate

******* END OF REPORT *******