





1. standby: LED4 (blue) is always on!

2. be charging: LED5 (red) is always on!

3. full charged: LED6 (green light) is always on!

4. abnormal status indication 1: LED5 (red flashing) means abnormality, for example undervoltage (less than 4.2V), metal foreign object is detected. Find the reasons out and take appropriate action to correct the deviation !

5. abnormal status indication 2: Transmit over current, receive overvoltage and overcurrent abnormalities! (LED 5; LED6 flashes until the user removes the mobile device!)

6. Over-temperature protection indication: LED5 (red light flashes and the wireless charging function is turned off, restart charging after about five minutes!)

summary of charging time

| test mobile phone | phone temperature | total charging time 0%~100% | battery capacity |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Iphone X | 32.2 度 32.2 ℃ | 2 小时 58 分 2 hours and 58 minutes | 2716mAh |
| Iphone 8 Plus | 30.2 度 30.2 ℃ | 2 小时 41 分 2 hours and 41 minutes | 2675 mAh |
| Iphone 8 | 29.8 度 29.8 ℃ | 2 小时 21 分 2 hours and 21 minutes | 1821 mAh |
| Samsung Note 8 | 33.8 度 33.8 ℃ | 3 小时 24 分 3 hours and 24 minutes | 3300 mAh |
| Samsung S8 Plus | 37.0 度 37.0 ℃ | 2 小时 56 分 2 hours and 56 minutes | 3500 mAh |
| Samsung S8 | 36.8 度 36.8 ℃ | 2 小时 48 分 2 hours and 48 minutes | 3000 mAh |
| Samsung S7 Edge | 37.2 度 37.2 ℃ | 3 小时 03 分 3 hours and 3 minutes | 3600 mAh |

FCC Warning Statement

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.