## RF Exposure evaluation

## FCC ID: 2ARN3-BY-WFM12

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

- 4.3. General SAR test exclusion guidance
- 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations
- a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, <sup>30</sup> where
  - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - •Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation31
  - •The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
  - •The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

<sup>30</sup> This is equivalent to the formula written as: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(60/ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$  mW)]·[20 mm/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ≤ 1.0 for 1-g SAR; also see Appendix A for approximate exclusion threshold numerical values at selected frequencies and distances.

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eirp = pt x gt = (EXd)^2/30 where:

pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

E = electric field strength in V/m, --- 10((dBuV/m)/20)/10<sup>6</sup>

d = measurement distance in meters (m)---3m

So pt = (EXd)^2/30 x gt
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## RF Exposure evaluation

Copied from the FCC test report: clause 5.4 Maximum Peak Output Power

## **Test Result:**

Frequency	Peak Output Power
MHz	dBm
204	7.06
210	7.43
215	7.21

Note: the antenna gain of 0dB less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

Then we choose Normal mode channel as the worst case of Maximum Peak Output Power: Transmit A

Frequency	Peak Output Power
MHz	dBm
204	7.06
210	7.43
215	7.21

EIRP/ dBm= Conducted Max Output Power/ dBm+ Antenna gain /dBi.

Since the distance from the External antenna to the outer is more than 10mm, we choose the min. test separation distance = 5mm

General RF Exposure:

(7.06mW)/5.0mmx  $\sqrt{0.204}$  GHz = 0.64 (7.43mW)/5.0mmx  $\sqrt{0.210}$  GHz = 0.68 (7.21mW)/5.0mmx  $\sqrt{0.215}$  GHz = 0.67

SAR requirement: S=3.0 General RF Exposure<3

Then SAR evaluation is not required

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