

# FCC Part 15C Measurement and Test Report

For

Shenzhen Mafiti E-commerce Co.,LTD

Room 201, Block A, No.1. Qianwan Road 1, Qianhaishen Port Cooperative

District,Shenzhen,China

# FCC ID: 2ARMXB0302

FCC Rule(s):	FCC Part 15.247			
Product Description:	Wireless Audio Adapter			
Tested Model:	<u>B0302</u>			
Report No.:	<u>STR18128214I</u>			
Sample Receipt Date:	<u>2018-12-18</u>			
Tested Date:	2018-12-19 to 2019-03-22			
Issued Date:	<u>2019-03-22</u>			
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd.



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
1.2 Test Standards 1.3 Test Methodology	
1.4 Test Facility	
1.5 EUT SETUP AND TEST MODE	5
1.6 Measurement Uncertainty	6
1.7 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	8
3. RF EXPOSURE	
3.1 Standard Applicable	
3.2 Test Result	
4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	
4.1 Standard Applicable	
5. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	
5.1 Standard Applicable 5.2 Frequency Hopping System	
5.2 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM 5.3 EUT PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE	
6. QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SEPARATION	
6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE 6.2 TEST PROCEDURE	
6.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	13
7. DWELL TIME OF HOPPING CHANNEL	
7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
7.2 TEST PROCEDURE	
7.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	.18
8. 20DB BANDWIDTH	25
8.1 Standard Applicable	
8.2 Test Procedure	
8.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
9. RF OUTPUT POWER	
9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE.	
9.2 Test Procedure	
10. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
10.1 Standard Applicable 10.2 Test Procedure	
10.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation	
10.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots	35
11. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	.43
11.1 Standard Applicable	.43
11.2 Test Procedure	
11.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
12. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
12.1 Test Procedure	
12.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram 12.3 Test Receiver Setup	
12.5 TEST RECEIVER SETUP	



# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

## **1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

Client Information	
Applicant:	Shenzhen Mafiti E-commerce Co.,LTD
Address of applicant:	Room 201,Block A,No.1.Qianwan Road 1,Qianhaishen
	Port Cooperative District, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Mafiti E-commerce Co.,LTD
Address of manufacturer:	Room 201,Block A,No.1.Qianwan Road 1,Qianhaishen
	Port Cooperative District, Shenzhen, China

General Description of EL	<u>лт</u>
Product Name:	Wireless Audio Adapter
Brand Name:	1Mii
Model No.:	B0302
Adding Model(s):	B03c, B03 Lite, RT808, ZW-B03 Lite, ZW-B0302, RT808C,
	RT808S
Rated Voltage:	DC 5V
Battery Capacity:	/
Power Adapter:	/

*Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.* 

Technical Characteristics of EUT		
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2 (BR/EDR mode)	
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz	
RF Output Power:	9.396dBm (Conducted)	
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps	
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK	
Quantity of Channels:	79	
Channel Separation:	1MHz	
Type of Antenna:	Non-removable external antenna	
Antenna Gain:	0dBi	



#### **1.2 Test Standards**

The tests were performed according to following standards:

**FCC Rules Part 15.247:** Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05: Guidance For Compliance Measurements On Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, And Hybrid System Devices Operating Under Section 15.247 Of The Fcc Rules

ANSI C63.10-2013: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

#### **1.3 Test Methodology**

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

#### **1.4 Test Facility**

#### FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd. Laboratory has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commissions Declaration Of Conformity (DOC). The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

#### Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.



## **1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List			
Test Mode	Description	Remark	
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz	
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz	
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz	
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz	

Iodulation Configure			
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
	DH1	4	27
GFSK	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
	2DH1	20	54
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	679
	3DH1	24	83
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK, (Pi/4)DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.

Test Conditions		
Temperature:	22~25 °C	
Relative humidity	50~55 %.	
ATM Pressure:	1019 mbar	

EUT Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite	
/	/	/	/	

Special Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite	
/	/	/	/	

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	
/	/	/	/	



# **1.6 Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement uncertainty			
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty	
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.42$ dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 1.5\%$	
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	±2.17dB	
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	9-150kHz ±3.74dB	
		0.15-30MHz ±3.34dB	
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	30-200MHz ±4.52dB	
		0.2-1GHz ±5.56dB	
		1-6GHz ±3.84dB	
		6-18GHz ±3.92dB	



# **1.7 Test Equipment List and Details**

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date	
SEMT-1072	Spectrum	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEM11-1072	Analyzer	Agnenit	E4407B	WI I 41440400	2018-03-22	2019-03-21	
SEMT-1031	Spectrum	Rohde &	FSP30	836079/035	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SLW11-1051	Analyzer	Schwarz	15150	030077/033	2010-05-22	2017-03-21	
SEMT-1007	EMI Test	Rohde &	ESVB	825471/005	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMIT 1007	Receiver	Schwarz		0234717003	2010 05 22	2017 05 21	
SEMT-1008	Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-1043	Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-1011	Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2017-06-08	2020-06-07	
SEMT-1042	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2017-06-08	2020-06-07	
SEMT-1121	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170582	2017-06-08	2020-06-07	
SEMT-1069	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2017-06-08	2020-06-07	
SEMT-1001	EMI Test	Rohde &	ESPI	101611	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEM1-1001	Receiver	Schwarz	ESFI	101011			
SEMT-1003	L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-1002	Pulse Limiter	Rohde &	ESH3-Z2	100911	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMIT 1002	i dise Emiter	Schwarz		100911			
SEMT-1168	Pre-amplifier	Direction	PAP-0126	14141-12838	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
	The uniphilier	Systems Inc.	1111 0120	1111112000	2010 00 22	2017 05 21	
SEMT-1169	Pre-amplifier	Direction	PAP-2640	14145-14153	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
	-	Systems Inc.				_012 05 21	
SEMT-1163	Spectrum	Rohde &	FSP40	100612	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
	Analyzer	Schwarz					
SEMT-1170	DRG Horn	A.H.	SAS-574	571	2018-03-19	2021-03-18	
	Antenna	SYSTEMS					
SEMT-1166	Power Limiter	Agilent	N9356B	MY45450376	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-1048	RF Limiter	ATTEN	AT-BSF-2400~2500	/	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-1076	RF Switcher	Top Precision	RCS03-A2	/	2018-05-22	2019-05-21	
SEMT-C001	Cable	Zheng DI	LL142-07-07-10M(A)	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	
SEMT-C002	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-6M	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	
SEMT-C003	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-2.5M	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	
SEMT-C004	Cable	Zheng DI	2M0RFC	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	
SEMT-C005	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	
SEMT-C006	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	2018-03-19	2019-03-18	

# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
\$2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	RF Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: not applicable



# 3. RF Exposure

#### **3.1 Standard Applicable**

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

#### **3.2 Test Result**

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF Exposure Report.



# 4. Antenna Requirement

#### 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### **4.2 Evaluation Information**

This product has a Non-removable External antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.



# **5. Frequency Hopping System Requirements**

## 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### **5.2 Frequency Hopping System**

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with a Bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

#### **5.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



# 6. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

## 6.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### 6.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.3, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.

b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

c) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.

d) Sweep: Auto.

- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.2, the EUT shall have its hopping function enabled, the Carrier frequency separation test method as follows:

a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.

b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

- c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.

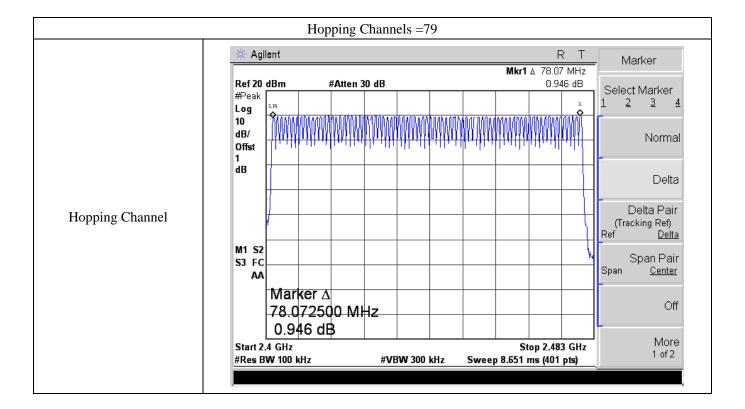
f) Trace: Max hold.

g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

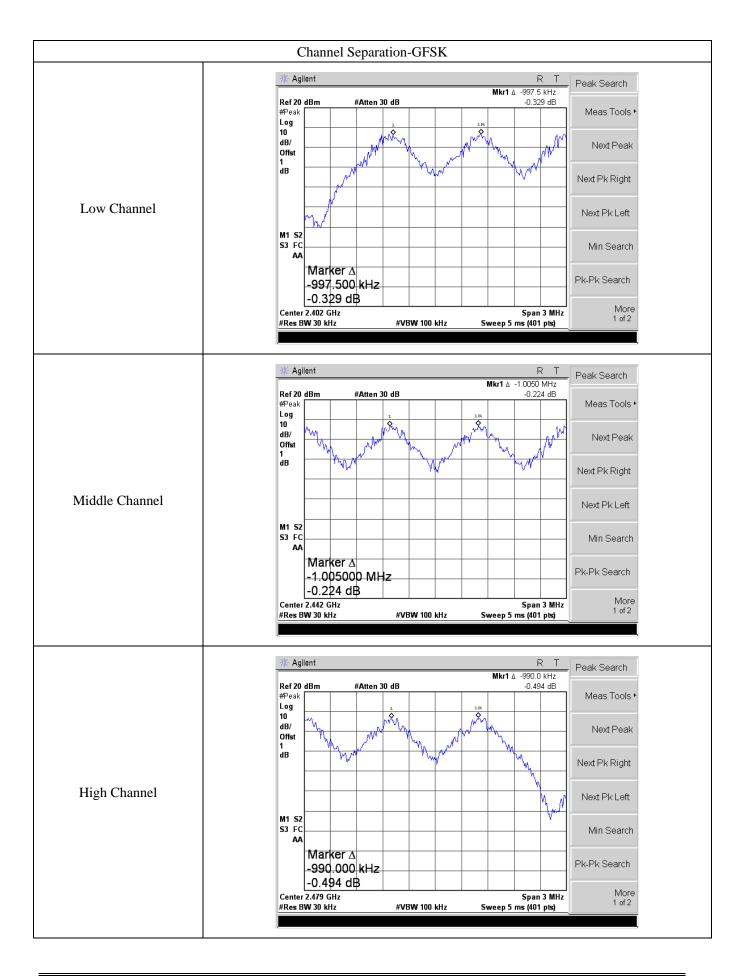
## 6.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots



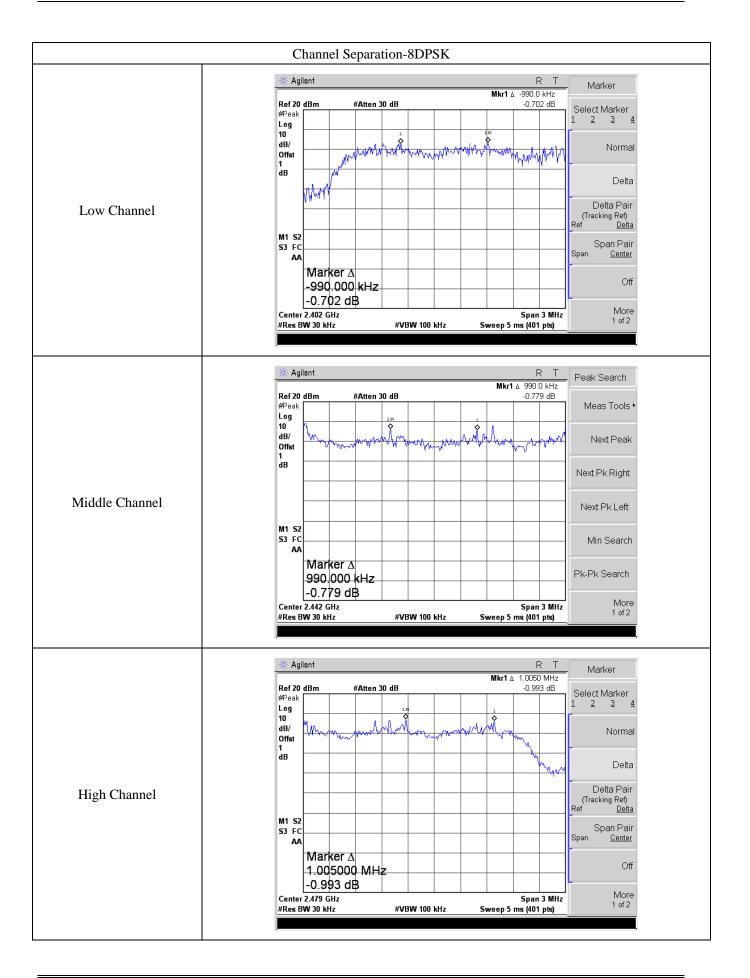


Mode	Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Result
	Low	997.5	Pass
GFSK	Middle	1005	Pass
	High	990.0	Pass
	Low	990.0	Pass
8DPSK	Middle	990.0	Pass
	High	1005	Pass











# 7. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

## 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 7.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.4, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.

b) RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.

c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start

of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.

d) Detector function: Peak.

e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) =

(number of hops on spectrum analyzer) × (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation. The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

## 7.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, and DH5.

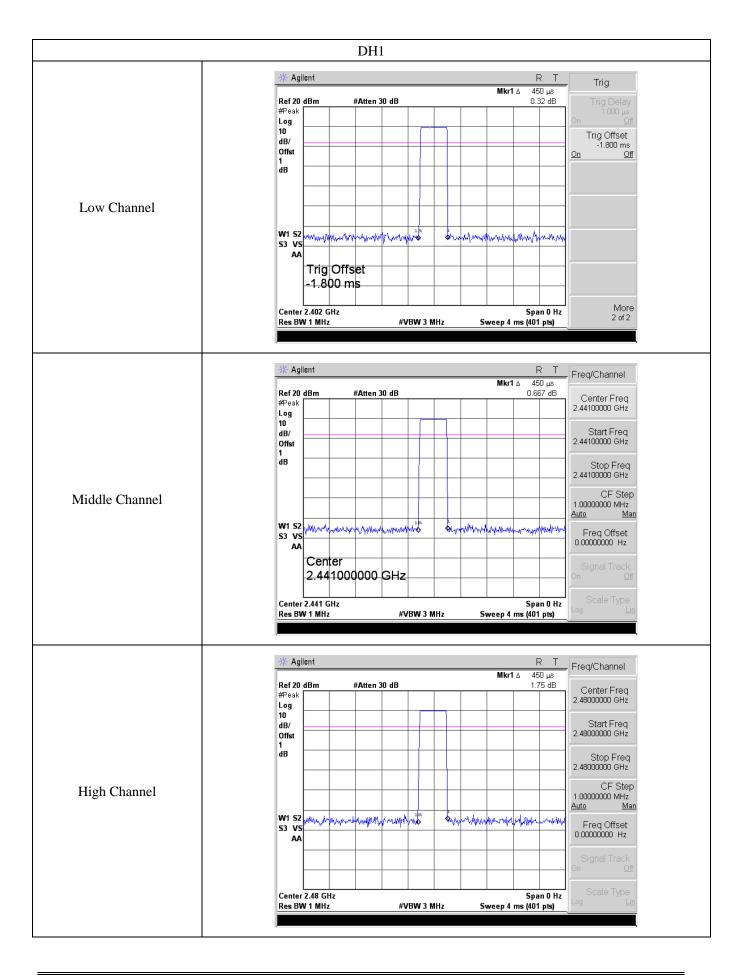
The test period: T = 0.4 Second \* 79 Channel = 31.6 s

Dwell time = time slot length \* (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) \* Period

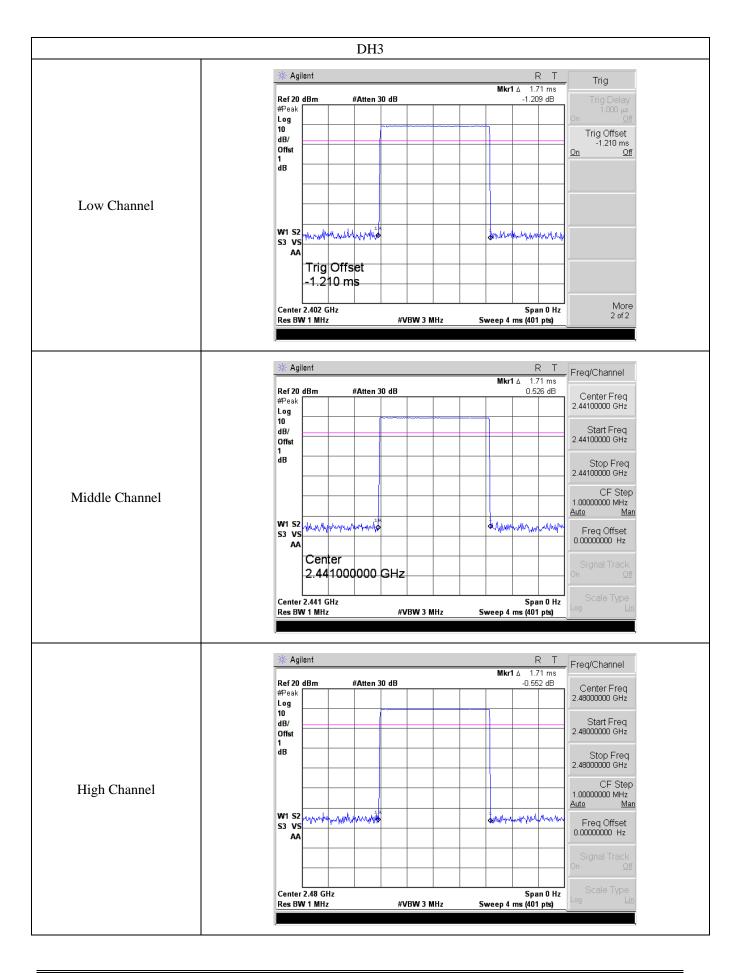
Madalatian	Test Channel	Destat	Time Slot Length	Dwell Time	Limit
Modulation	Test Channel	Packet	ms	ms	ms
		DH1	0.45	134.400	400
	Low	DH3	1.71	268.800	400
		DH5	2.97	312.533	400
		DH1	0.45	134.400	400
GFSK	Middle	DH3	1.71	268.800	400
		DH5	2.95	311.467	400
	High	DH1	0.45	134.400	400
		DH3	1.71	268.800	400
		DH5	2.95	311.467	400
	Low Middle High	3DH1	0.46	137.600	400
		3DH3	1.72	268.800	400
		3DH5	2.98	312.533	400
		3DH1	0.48	140.800	400
8DPSK		3DH3	1.72	268.800	400
		3DH5	2.96	313.600	400
		3DH1	0.47	140.800	400
		3DH3	1.71	268.800	400
		3DH5	2.96	313.600	400

Please refer to the test plots as below:

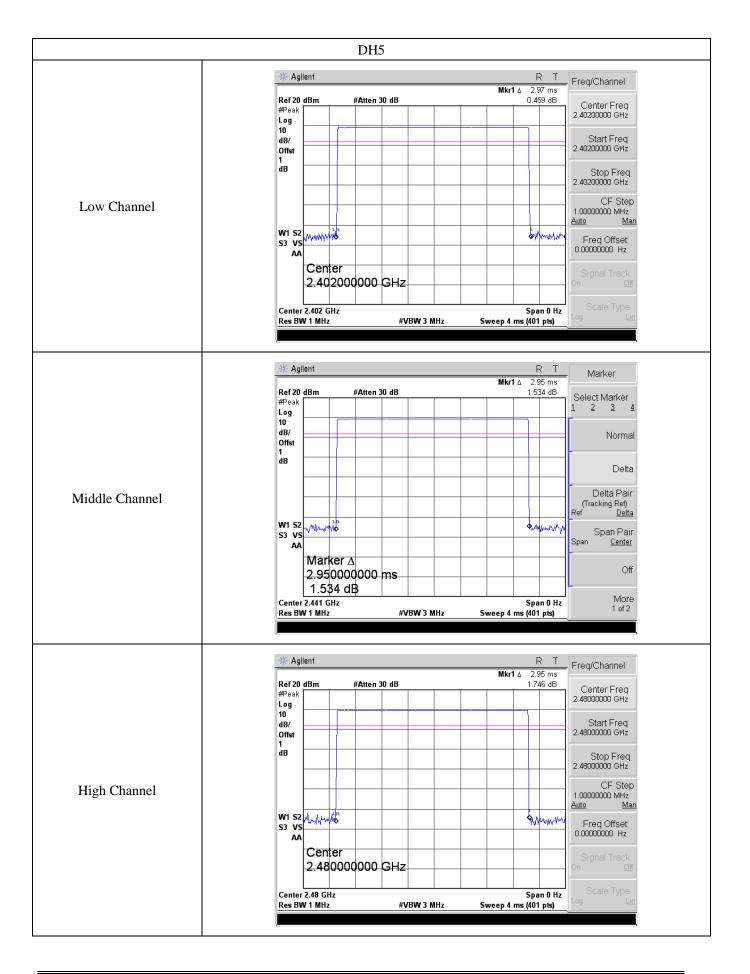




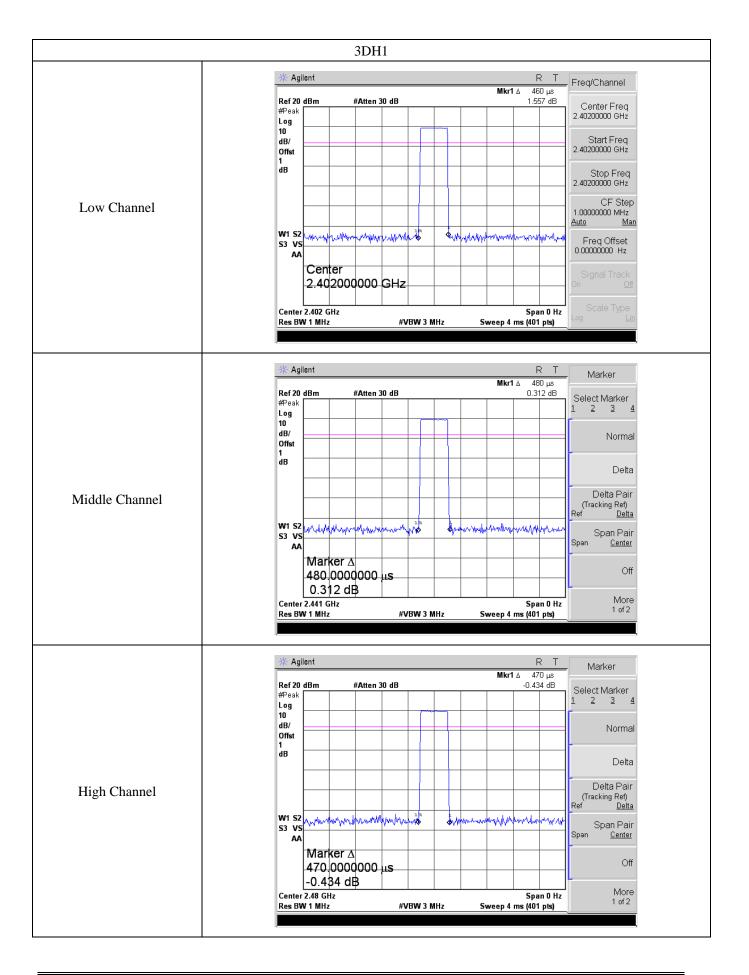




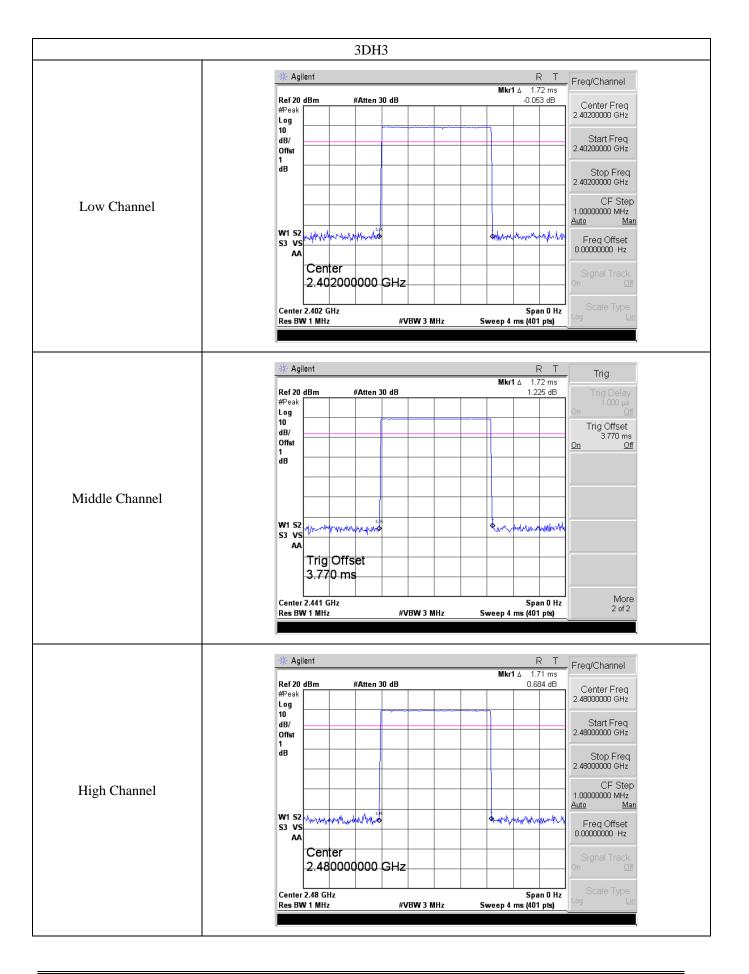




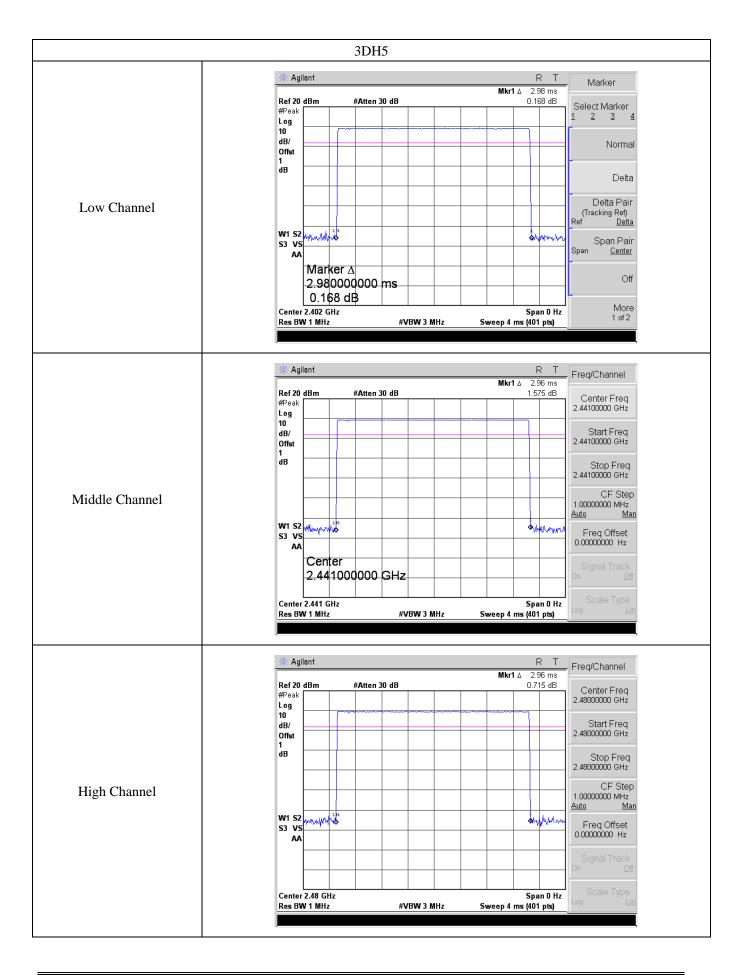














## 8. 20dB Bandwidth

#### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a) and 15.215(c). 20dB bandwidth is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

#### 8.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.9.2, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.

b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.

d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.

e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "-xx dB down" requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.

f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.

g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).

h) Determine the " $-xx \, dB$  down amplitude" using [(reference value) -xx]. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.

i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).

j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the "–xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). If a marker is below this "–xx dB down amplitude" value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the "–xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).



# 8.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	20 dB Bandwidth MHz	Result
	2402	932.857	Pass
GFSK	2441	933.472	Pass
	2480	881.123	Pass
	2402	1352	Pass
8DPSK	2441	1367	Pass
	2480	1464	Pass



	GFSK
	* Agilent R T Trace/View
	Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free Trace
	Clear Write Ref 20 dBm #Atten 30 dB
	#Peak
Low Channel	Offst 1 dB
	Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz View #Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (401 pts)
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Blank           860.5839 kHz         x dB         -20.00 dB         More
	x dB Bandwidth 932.857 kHz 1 of 2
	* Agilent R T Trace/View
	Ch Freq 2.441 GHz Trig Free Trace
	Clear Write Ref 20 dBm #Atten 30 dB
	#Peak
Middle Channel	Offst 1 dB
	Center 2.441 GHz Span 3 MHz #Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (401 pts)
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Blank           857.8761 kHz         x dB         -20.00 dB         Blank           Transmit Freg Error         -31.148 kHz         More
	x dB Bandwidth 933.472 kHz 1 of 2
	* Agilent R T Trace/View
	Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free Trace
	Clear Write
	#Peak
High Channel	Offst 1 B C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	Center 2.48 GHz Span 3 MHz View #Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (401 pts)
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Blank           860.4726 kHz         x dB         -20.00 dB         Harr
	Transmit Freq Error     -9.079 kHz     More       x dB Bandwidth     881.123 kHz     1 of 2



	8DPSK
	* Agilent R T Trace/View
	Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free Trace
	Clear Write
	Ref 20 dBm #Atten 30 dB #Peak Log 10 4P/
Low Channel	dB/         Image: Constraint of the constraint of t
	Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz View View
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Blank           1.8883 MHz         x dB         -20.00 dB
	Transmit Freq Error     32.629 kHz     More       x dB Bandwidth     1.352 MHz     1 of 2
	** Agilent     R     T     Freq/Channel       Ch Freq     2.441 GHz     Trig     Free     Center Freq
	Center 2.44100000 GHz Center 2.44100000 GHz Start Freq
	Ref 20 dBm         #Atten 30 dB         2.43950000 GHz           #Peak
Middle Channel	10 dB/ Offst 1 dB dB
	Center 2.441 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #Res BW 30 kHz KHz KHz KHz KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ KHZ
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Signal Track           2.0861 MHz         x dB         -20.00 dB         Signal Track
	Transmit Freq Error     4.642 kHz     Scale Type       x dB Bandwidth     1.367 MHz     Log
	* Agilent R T Trace/View
	Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free Trace Occupied Bandwidth 1 2 3
	Clear Write
	#Peak     Max Hold       10     Max Hold
High Channel	dB/         Image: Construction of the second s
	Center 2.48 GHz View #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)
	Occupied Bandwidth         Occ BW % Pwr         99.00 %         Blank           2.1783 MHz         x dB         -20.00 dB
	Transmit Freq Error         15.586 kHz         More           x dB Bandwidth         1.464 MHz         1 of 2



## 9. RF Output Power

#### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### 9.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.5, the output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.

- 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
- 4) Sweep: Auto.
- 5) Detector function: Peak.
- 6) Trace: Max hold.

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

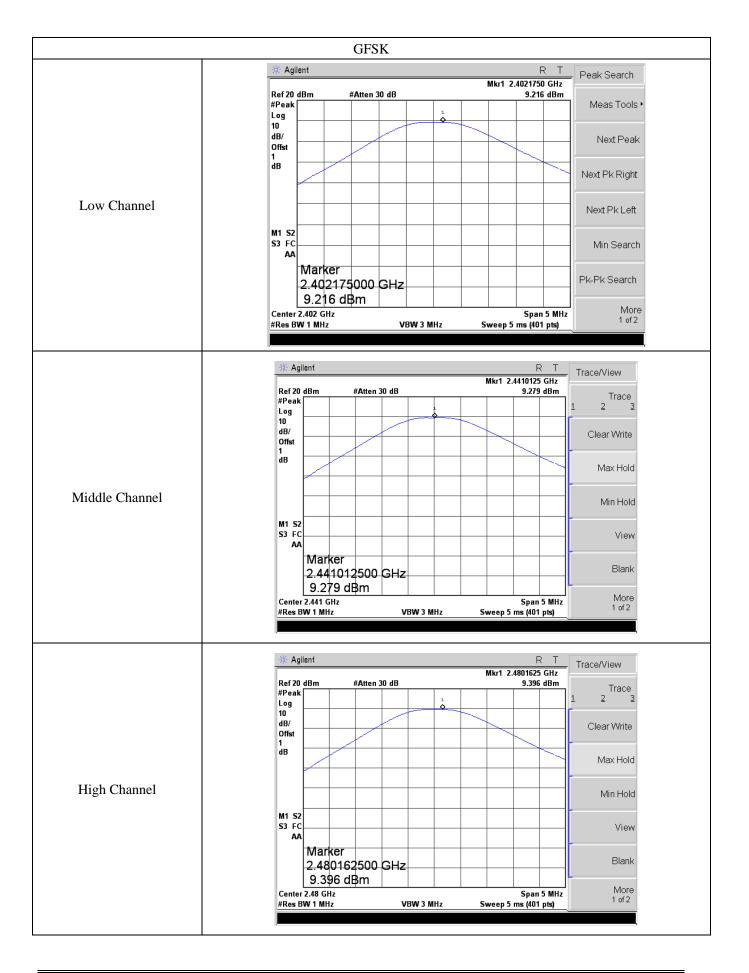
e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

#### 9.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

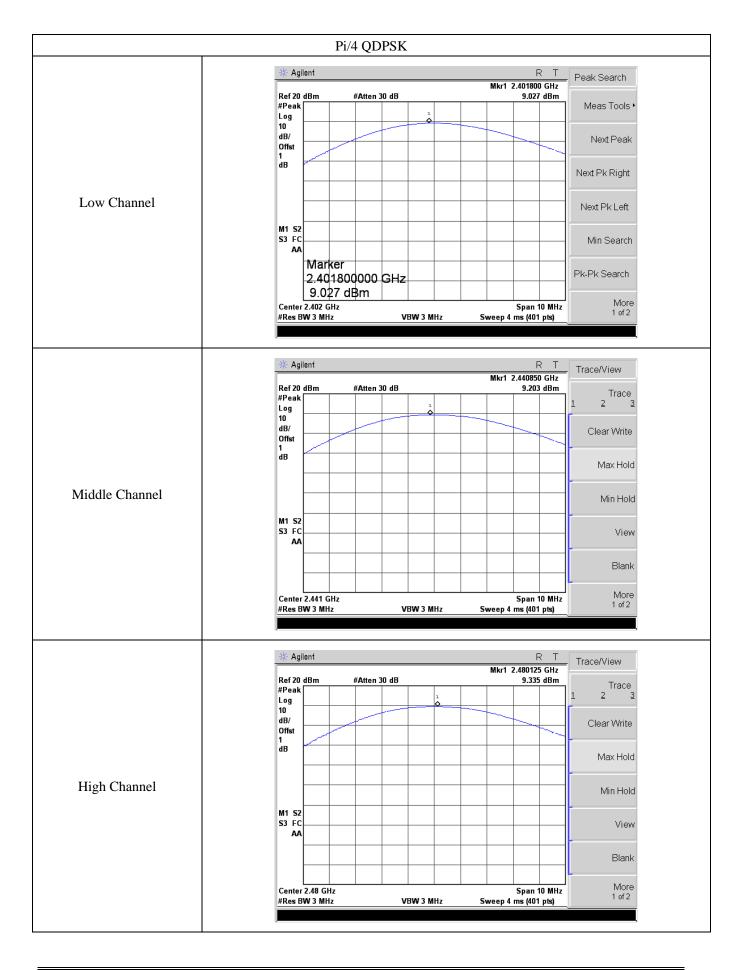


Modulation type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Limit (mW)	Result
	Low	9.216	8.348		
GFSK	Middle	9.276	8.464	1000	Pass
	High	9.396	8.702		
	Low	9.027	7.993		Pass
π/4DQPSK	Middle	9.203	8.323	1000	
	High	9.335	8.580		
	Low	9.079	8.089		
8DPSK	Middle	9.231	8.377	1000	Pass
	High	9.319	8.549		

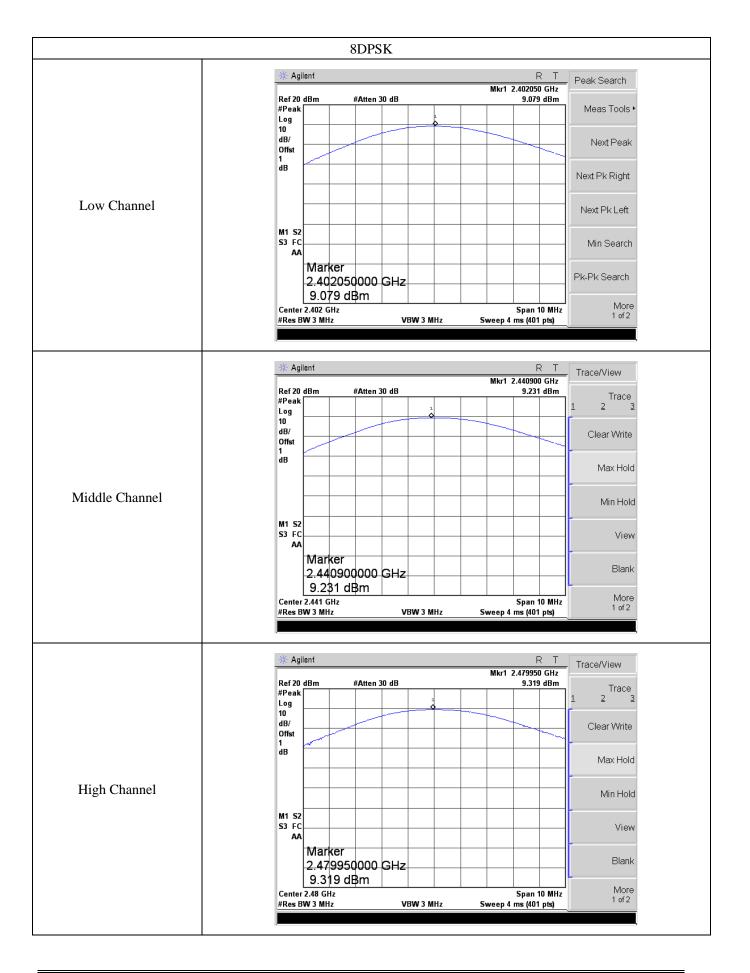














# **10. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions**

#### **10.1 Standard Applicable**

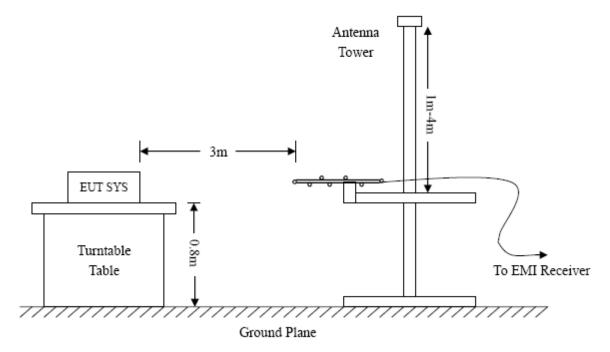
According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

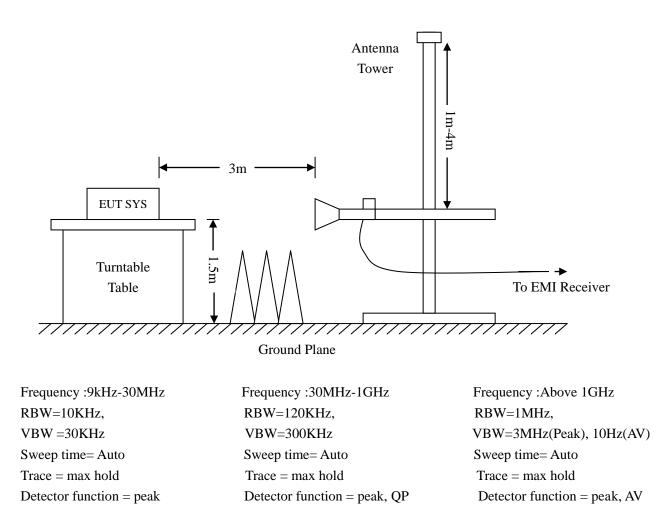
#### **10.2 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.







#### **10.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation**

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Ant. Factor + Cable Loss – Ampl. Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of  $-6dB\mu V$  means the emission is  $6dB\mu V$  below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

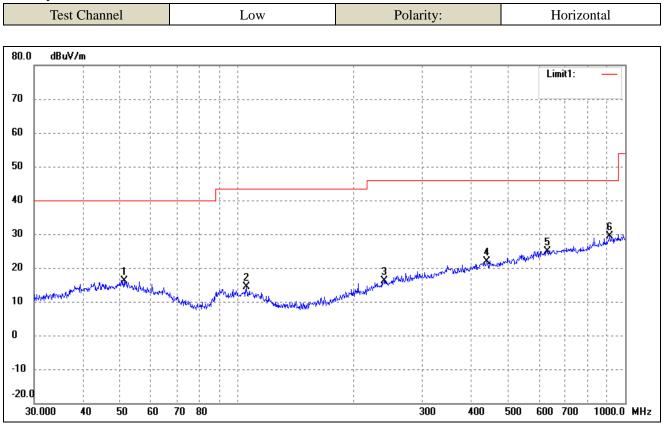
Margin = Corr. Ampl. - FCC Part 15 Limit

#### **10.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported. All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case is recorded in this report.



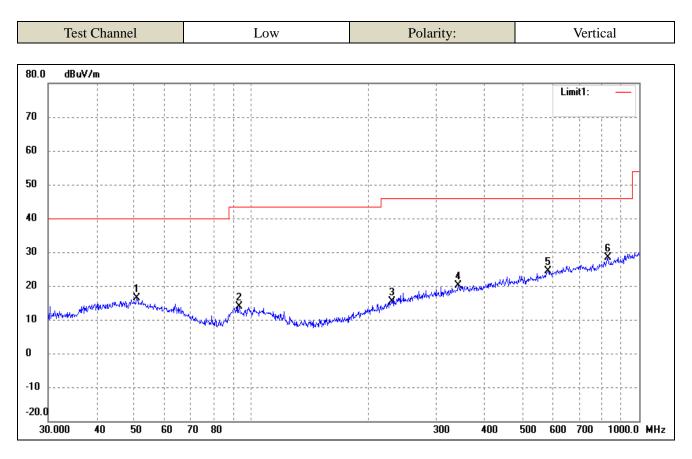
#### Spurious Emissions Below 1GHz



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	( <b>dB</b> )	( )	(cm)	
1	51.1209	27.66	-11.59	16.07	40.00	-23.93	196	100	peak
2	105.6415	27.90	-13.44	14.46	43.50	-29.04	108	100	peak
3	239.1473	26.13	-10.11	16.02	46.00	-29.98	84	100	peak
4	440.1963	27.87	-6.09	21.78	46.00	-24.22	141	100	peak
5	629.4772	27.72	-2.74	24.98	46.00	-21.02	112	100	peak
6	912.8620	28.08	1.37	29.45	46.00	-16.55	214	100	peak

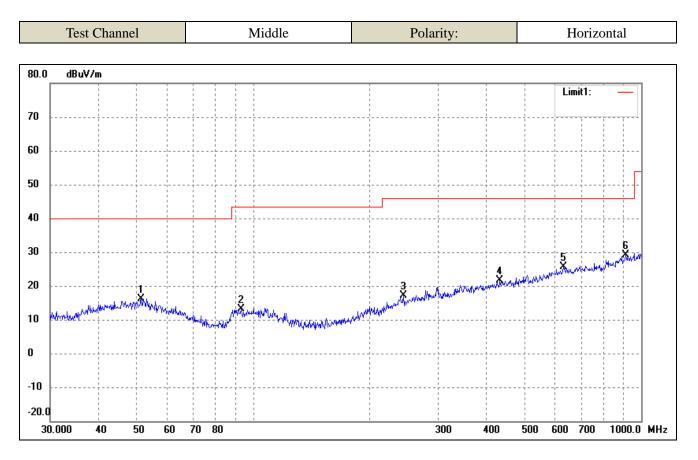






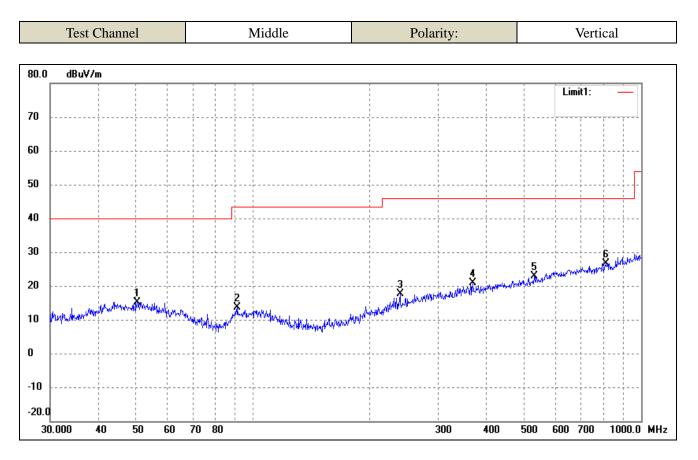
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	( <b>cm</b> )	
1	50.7637	28.05	-11.59	16.46	40.00	-23.54	84	100	peak
2	93.1132	27.93	-14.02	13.91	43.50	-29.59	141	100	peak
3	230.9068	26.29	-11.00	15.29	46.00	-30.71	147	100	peak
4	341.9787	27.28	-7.22	20.06	46.00	-25.94	128	100	peak
5	582.7425	27.93	-3.61	24.32	46.00	-21.68	51	100	peak
6	830.4002	28.74	-0.26	28.48	46.00	-17.52	328	100	peak





No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	51.4807	27.82	-11.59	16.23	40.00	-23.77	117	100	peak
2	93.1132	27.03	-14.02	13.01	43.50	-30.49	229	100	peak
3	244.2321	27.15	-10.11	17.04	46.00	-28.96	54	100	peak
4	432.5457	27.58	-6.06	21.52	46.00	-24.48	294	100	peak
5	629.4772	28.46	-2.74	25.72	46.00	-20.28	89	100	peak
6	912.8620	27.67	1.37	29.04	46.00	-16.96	231	100	peak

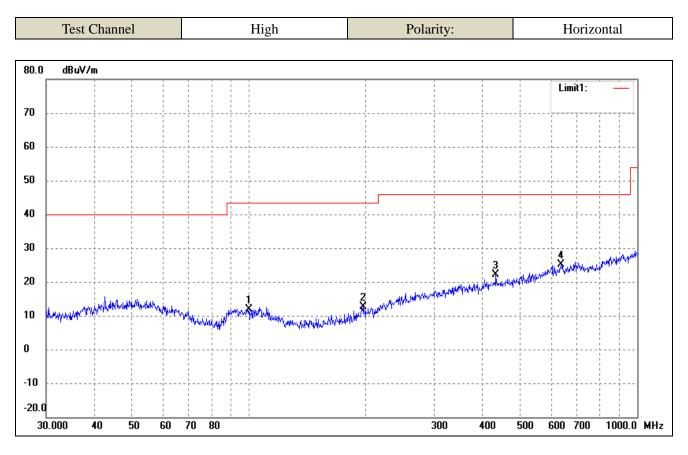




No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	50.2324	26.85	-11.60	15.25	40.00	-24.75	272	100	peak
2	91.1746	27.15	-13.64	13.51	43.50	-29.99	96	100	peak
3	239.1473	27.68	-10.11	17.57	46.00	-28.43	244	100	peak
4	368.1116	28.22	-7.37	20.85	46.00	-25.15	103	100	peak
5	530.1014	27.69	-4.89	22.80	46.00	-23.20	50	100	peak
6	810.2654	27.17	-0.49	26.68	46.00	-19.32	303	100	peak



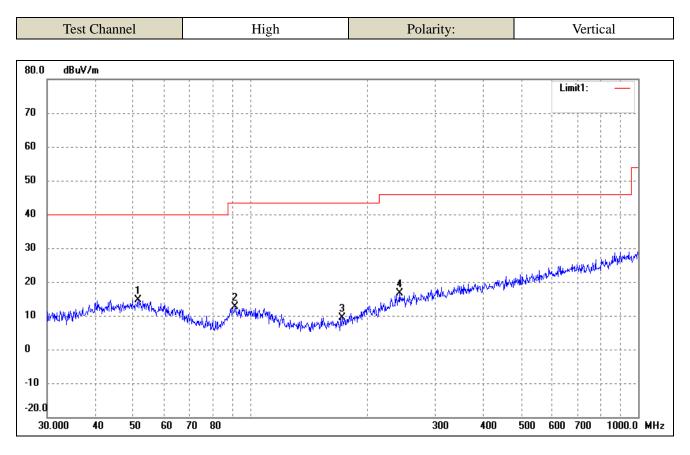




No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	99.8777	25.69	-13.81	11.88	43.50	-31.62	355	100	peak
2	196.5098	26.10	-13.58	12.52	43.50	-30.98	216	100	peak
3	432.5457	28.25	-6.06	22.19	46.00	-23.81	68	100	peak
4	636.1340	27.86	-2.70	25.16	46.00	-20.84	115	100	peak







No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	51.4807	26.19	-11.59	14.60	40.00	-25.40	240	100	peak
2	91.4949	26.32	-13.70	12.62	43.50	-30.88	96	100	peak
3	172.5988	25.39	-16.07	9.32	43.50	-34.18	302	100	peak
4	242.5253	26.57	-10.06	16.51	46.00	-29.49	103	100	peak



#### Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	( <b>dB</b> )	H/V	
			Low Channe	el-2402MHz			
4804.00	60.75	-3.87	56.88	74.00	-17.12	Н	PK
4804.00	45.78	-3.87	41.91	54.00	-12.09	Н	AV
7206.00	56.55	1.14	57.69	74.00	-16.31	Н	РК
7206.00	41.31	1.19	42.50	54.00	-11.50	Н	AV
4804.00	61.12	-3.86	57.26	74.00	-16.74	V	РК
4804.00	45.80	-3.86	41.94	54.00	-12.06	V	AV
7206.00	56.69	1.10	57.79	74.00	-16.21	V	РК
7206.00	42.03	1.10	43.13	54.00	-10.87	V	AV
			Middle Chan	nel-2441MHz			
4882.00	60.99	-3.74	57.25	74.00	-16.75	Н	PK
4882.00	45.70	-3.74	41.96	54.00	-12.04	Н	AV
7323.00	56.25	1.47	57.72	74.00	-16.28	Н	РК
7323.00	41.86	1.47	43.33	54.00	-10.67	Н	AV
4882.00	61.30	-3.74	57.56	74.00	-16.44	V	PK
4882.00	45.44	-3.74	41.70	54.00	-12.30	V	AV
7323.00	55.64	1.47	57.11	74.00	-16.89	V	PK
7323.00	40.43	1.47	41.90	54.00	-12.10	V	AV
			High Chann	el-2480MHz			
4960.00	61.18	-3.59	57.59	74.00	-16.41	Н	РК
4960.00	46.27	-3.59	42.68	54.00	-11.32	Н	AV
7440.00	55.46	1.79	57.25	74.00	-16.75	Н	РК
7440.00	40.93	1.79	42.72	54.00	-11.28	Н	AV
4960.00	61.27	-3.59	57.68	74.00	-16.32	V	РК
4960.00	46.06	-3.59	42.47	54.00	-11.53	V	AV
7440.00	55.47	1.79	57.26	74.00	-16.74	V	РК
7440.00	41.25	1.79	43.04	54.00	-10.96	V	AV

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



# **11. Out of Band Emissions**

## **11.1 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.209(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

### **11.2 Test Procedure**

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.6, the Band-edge measurements for RF conducted emissions test method as follows.

a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).

c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent "normal mode of operation" as specified in 6.10.3.

d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.

e) Perform the test as follows:

- 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
- 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
- 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
- 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.
- 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.
- 7) Detector: Peak.
- 8) Trace: Max hold.

f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.

g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak



function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.

i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).

j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Restricted-band band-edge test method please refers to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10.5. The emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated band-edge measurements.

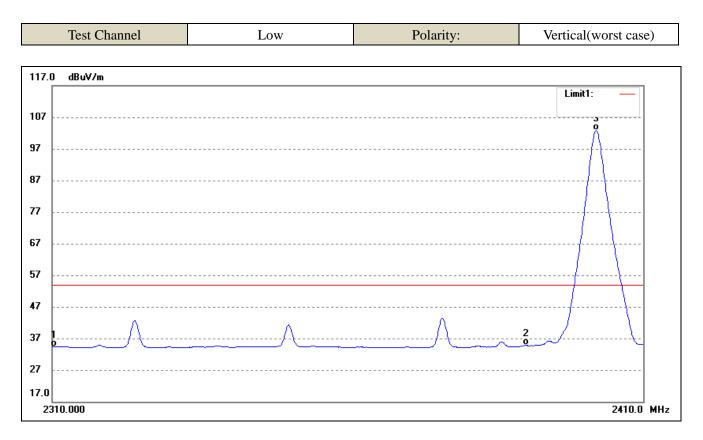
According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.8, Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

## **11.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

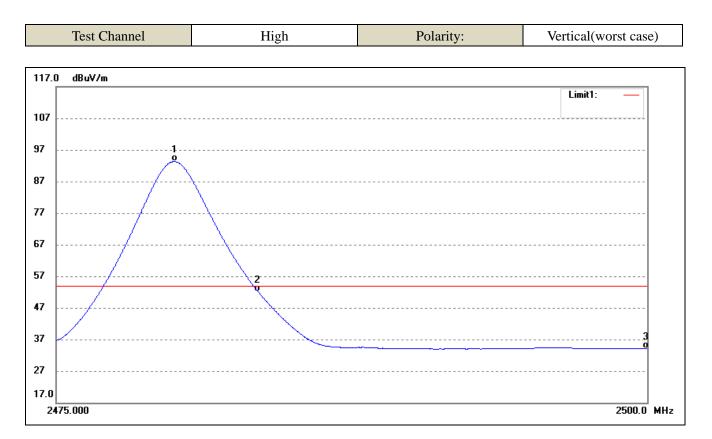






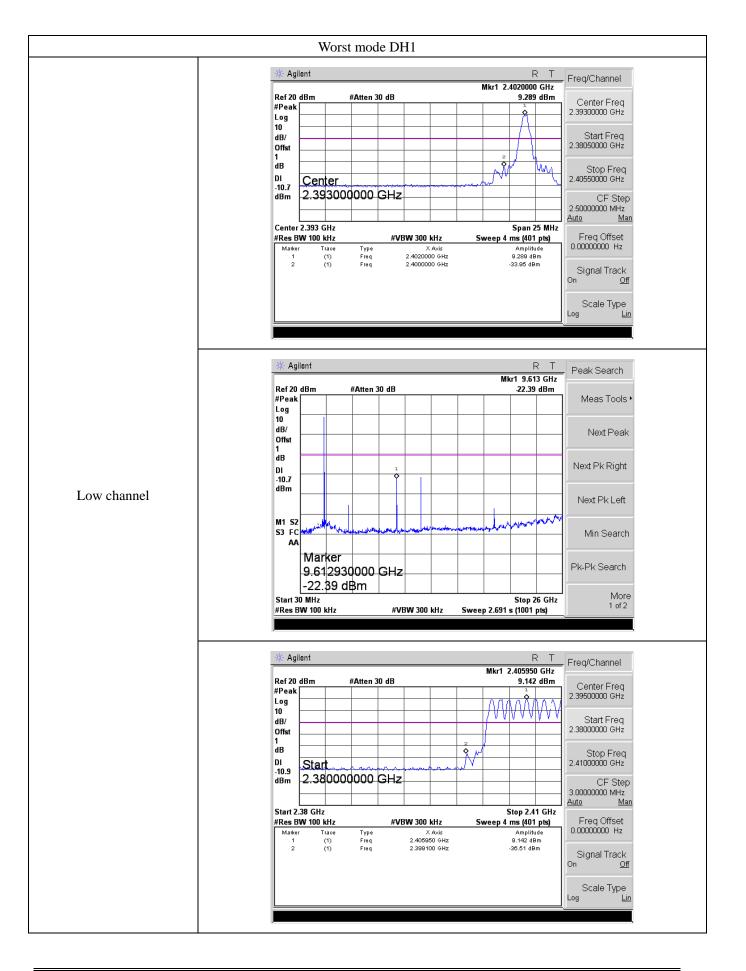
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	42.28	-7.78	34.50	54.00	-19.50	Average Detector
	2310.000	54.32	-7.78	46.54	74.00	-27.46	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	42.09	-7.32	34.77	54.00	-19.23	Average Detector
	2390.000	56.92	-7.32	49.60	74.00	-24.40	Peak Detector
3	2401.945	110.09	-7.25	102.84	/	/	Average Detector
	2401.741	112.75	-7.25	105.50	/	/	Peak Detector



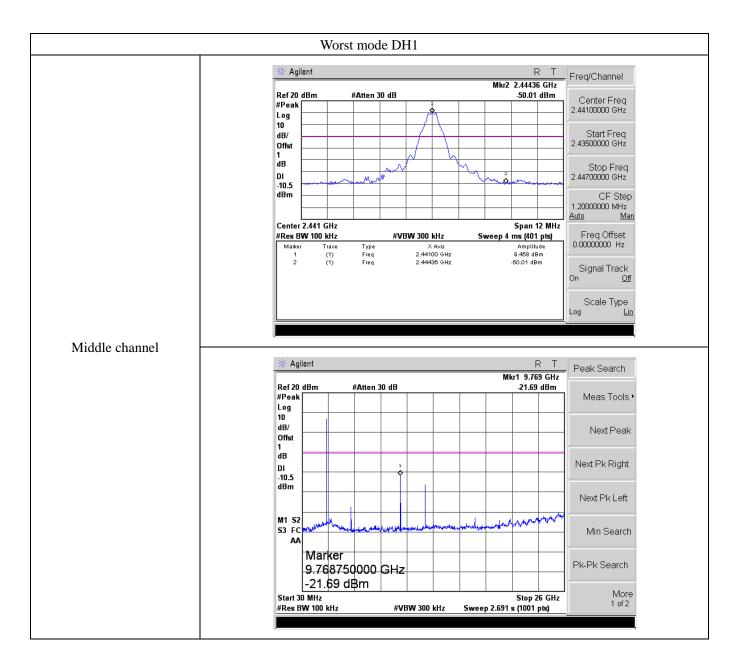


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2479.980	100.12	-6.79	93.33	/	/	Average Detector
	2479.805	110.21	-6.79	103.42	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	58.83	-6.77	52.06	54.00	-1.94	Average Detector
	2483.500	70.72	-6.77	63.95	74.00	-10.05	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	40.75	-6.67	34.08	54.00	-19.92	Average Detector
	2500.000	53.53	-6.67	46.86	74.00	-27.14	Peak Detector

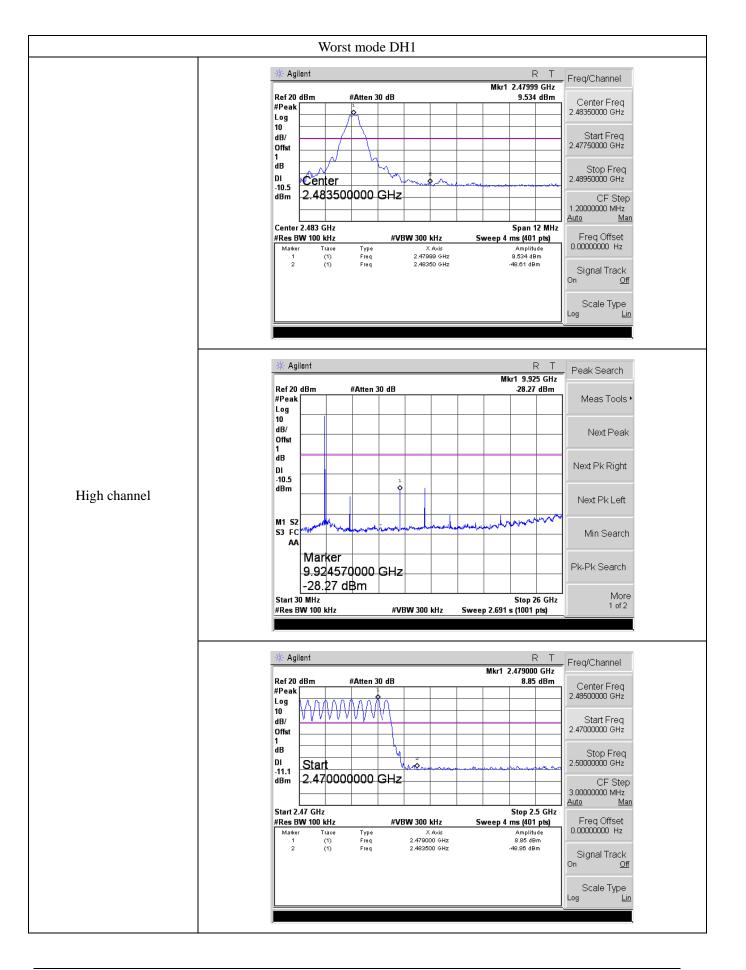














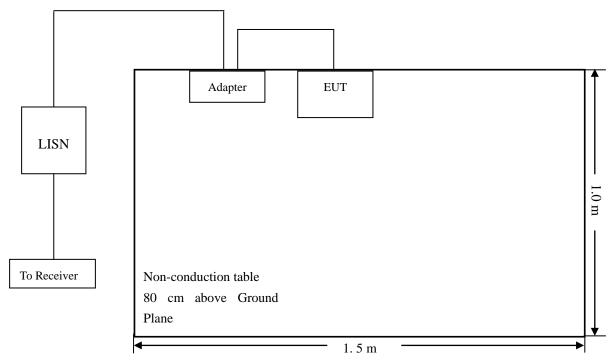
# **12. Conducted Emissions**

## **12.1 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

## 12.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



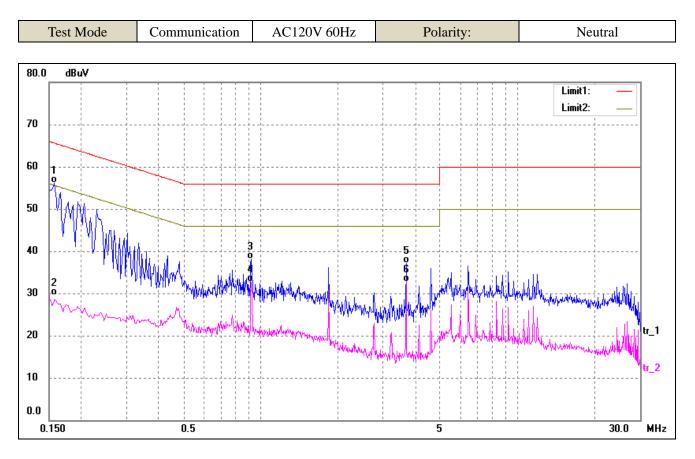
#### **12.3 Test Receiver Setup**

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	150 kHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
Sweep Speed	Auto
IF Bandwidth	10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	Normal

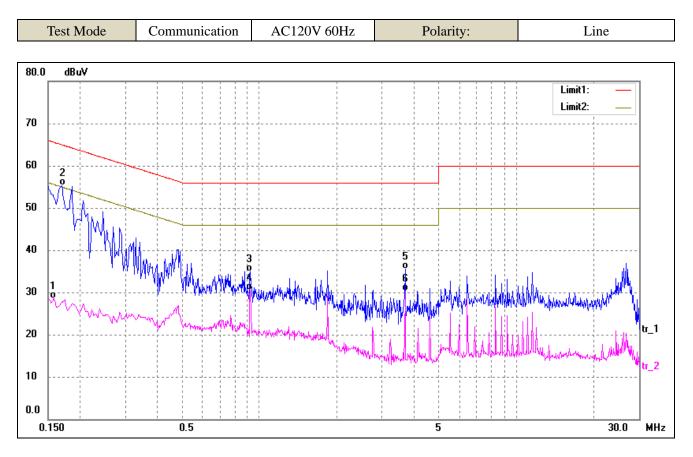
### 12.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots





No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	( <b>dB</b> )	
1*	0.1580	45.92	10.10	56.02	65.57	-9.55	QP
2	0.1580	19.36	10.10	29.46	55.57	-26.11	AVG
3	0.9220	27.58	10.47	38.05	56.00	-17.95	QP
4	0.9220	22.17	10.47	32.64	46.00	-13.36	AVG
5	3.6860	26.32	10.70	37.02	56.00	-18.98	QP
6	3.6860	22.01	10.70	32.71	46.00	-13.29	AVG





No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	( <b>dB</b> )	
1	0.1580	18.45	10.10	28.55	55.57	-27.02	AVG
2*	0.1700	45.20	10.11	55.31	64.96	-9.65	QP
3	0.9220	24.53	10.47	35.00	56.00	-21.00	QP
4	0.9220	19.98	10.47	30.45	46.00	-15.55	AVG
5	3.6860	24.82	10.70	35.52	56.00	-20.48	QP
6	3.6860	19.66	10.70	30.36	46.00	-15.64	AVG

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*