

# TEST REPORT

Applicant Name(for FCC) : abode systems, inc  
 Applicant Name(for IC) Abode Systems, Inc.  
 Address(for FCC) : 2625 Middlefield Rd. #900 Palo Alto, California, United States, 94306  
 Address(for IC) : 2625 Middlefield Rd ., #900 Palo Alto, CA 94306, United States  
 Report Number : BJ220322-10024E-RF  
 FCC ID: 2ARGFWDC  
 IC: 26939-WVDC

## Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247;  
 RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

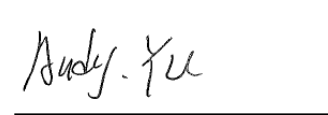
## Sample Description

Product Type: Chime  
 Model No.: 104064/A/C  
 Trade Name: abode  
 Date Received: 2022-03-22  
 Date of Test: 2022-09-13 to 2022-09-21  
 Report Date: 2022-09-26

Test Result:	Pass*
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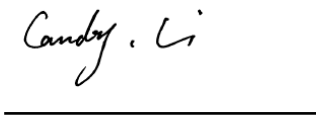
\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

## Prepared and Checked By:



Audy.Yu  
 EMC Engineer

## Approved By:



Candy Li  
 EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★".

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Chime
Tested Model	104064/A/C
HVIN	104064/A/C
FVIN	V1.0
Frequency Range	2.4G Wi-Fi: 2412-2462MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	802.11b: 23.58dBm, 802.11g: 22.80dBm, 802.11n20: 22.76dBm
Modulation Technique	DSSS/OFDM
Antenna Specification*	Internal PIFA Antenna: 3.96dBi (It is provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 12V From Adapter
Sample serial number	BJ220322-10024E-RF-S1 (RF Radiated Test) BJ220322-10024E-RF-S2 (RF Conducted Test) (Assigned by ATC, Shenzhen)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter Information	AC/DC ADAPTER MODEL: KA1201A-1201000US INPUT: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.4A Max OUTPUT: 12V---1000mA

### Objective

This report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliant Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF output power, conducted		0.73dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB
Temperature		1°C
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

*Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.*

## Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 429 7.01.

Listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED), the Registration Number is 5077A.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20, total 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	/	/

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 modes were tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### EUT Exercise Software

Software “xshell7”\* was used during testing and the power level setting was Default \*.

### Duty cycle

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix F

### Support Equipment List and Details

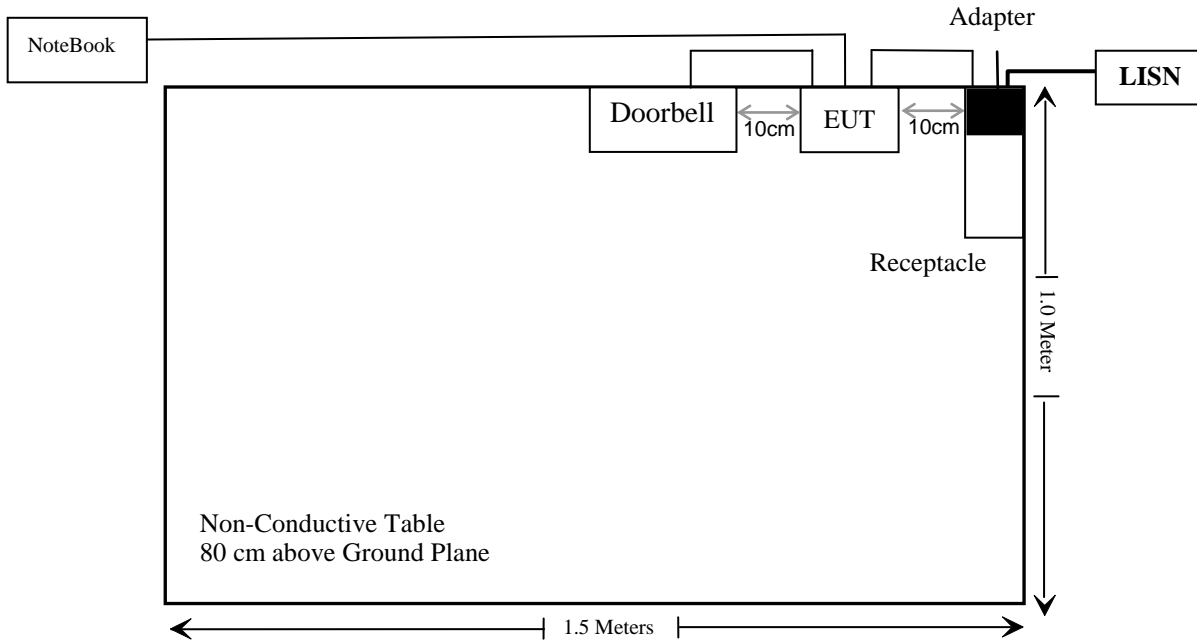
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
ABODE	Video Doorbell	104064/A/D	/
DELL	NoteBook	Latitude E4710	PC201911252059

### External I/O Cable

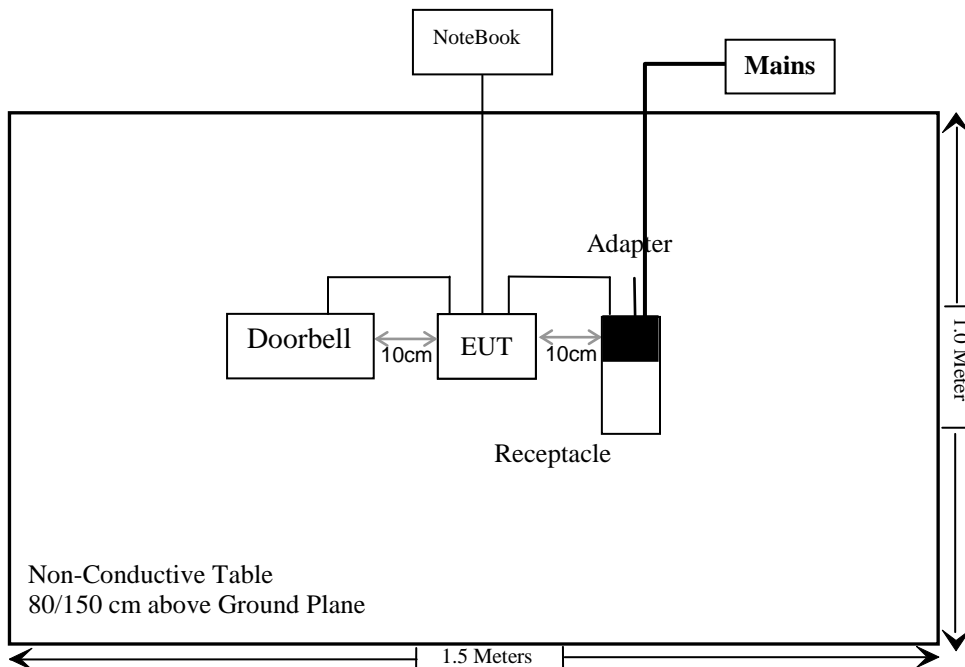
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielding Un-Detachable AC Cable	1.0	LISN	Receptacle
Un-shielding Un-Detachable DC Cable	1.2	Adapter	EUT
Un-shielding Detachable USB Cable	1.0	EUT	Doorbell
Un-shielding Detachable network Cable	6.0	EUT	NoteBook

### Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Conducted Emission:



For Radiated Emission:



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	ISED Rules	Description of Test	Result
§1.1310 & §2.1091	RSS-102 § 2.5.2	RF Exposure & Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliant
§15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	RSS- Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 § 5.4(d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	RSS-247 § 5.2 (b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant



**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Conducted Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100784	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	101314	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.17	N0350	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Conducted Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
<b>Radiated Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	135	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2021/07/06	2024/07/05
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.10	N050	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.11	N1000	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.12	N040	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.13	N300	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.15	N600	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.16	N650	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
<b>RF Conducted Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101495	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Open Switch and Control Unit	OSP120 + OSP-B157	101244 + 100866	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
WEINSCHTEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.33	RF-03	Each time	

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC §1.1310 & §2.1091 –RF EXPOSURE

### Applicable Standard

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, clause 2.1.4 –MPE-Based Exemption:

An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is provided in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C), for a much wider frequency range, from 300 kHz to 100 GHz, applicable for separation distances greater or equal to  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. The MPE-based test exemption condition is in terms of ERP, defined as the product of the maximum antenna gain and the delivered maximum time-averaged power. For this case, a RF source is an RF exempt device if its ERP (watts) is no more than a frequency-dependent value, as detailed tabular form in Appendix B. These limits have been derived based on the basic specifications on Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) considered for the FCC rules in § 1.1310(e)(1).

Table to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$ .
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$ .
30-300	$3.83 R^2$ .
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2f$ .
1,500-100,000	$19.2R^2$ .

f = frequency in MHz;

R = minimum separation distance from the body of a nearby person (appropriate units, e.g., m);

### Test Result:

For worst case:

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Tune-up Output Power		Antenna Gain		ERP		Evaluation Distance (cm)	ERP Limit (W)
		(dBm)	(W)	(dBi)	(dBd)	(dBm)	(W)		
2.4G Wi-Fi	2412-2462	24	0.25	3.96	1.81	25.81	0.38	20	0.768

Note 1: The tune-up power was declared by the applicant.

Note 2: 0dBd=2.15dBi.

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

**Result:** Compliant.

## **RSS-102 § 2.5.2 –EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to RSS-102 § (2.5.2):

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $4.49/f^{0.5}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance). In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

### **Result**

#### **Calculated Data:**

Worst case for Wi-Fi @ 2412-2462MHz:

The maximum tune-up conducted output power is 24 dBm, antenna gain is 3.96dBi.

So the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is  $24\text{dBm} + 3.96\text{dBi} = 27.96\text{dBm} = 0.625\text{W} < 2.68 \text{ W}$

The worst case is  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ :

The limit is  $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} \text{ W} = 2.68\text{W}$

To maintain compliance with the ISEDC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

**Result: Compliant.**

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## FCC § 15.203 & RSS-Gen §6.8 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

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### Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

**Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has an Internal antenna arrangement which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 3.96dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Type	Antenna Gain	Impedance
PIFA	3.96dBi	50 $\Omega$

**Result: Compliant.**

## FCC § 15.207 (a) & RSS-GEN §8.8 AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC § 15.207 (a) & RSS-GEN §8.8

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H / 50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

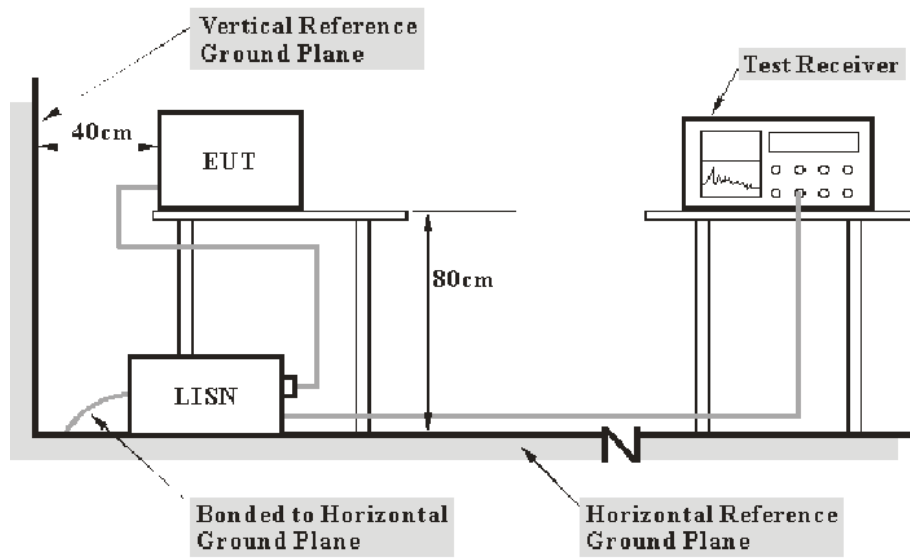
Table 4 - AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits		
Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>1</sup>
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

**Note 1:** The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

- (a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.
- (b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

## EUT Setup



- Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 & RSS-247/RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

## EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) and Cable Loss. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

The “**Over limit**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit} &= \text{Level} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

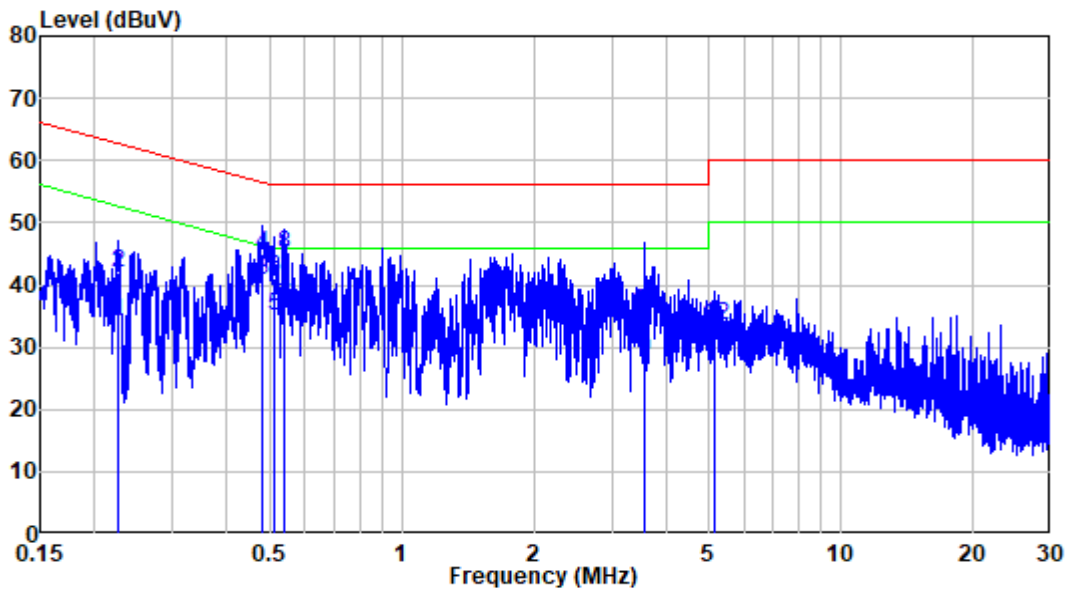
<b>Temperature:</b>	23 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Jason Liu on 2022-09-21.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting (802.11b High Channel worst case)*



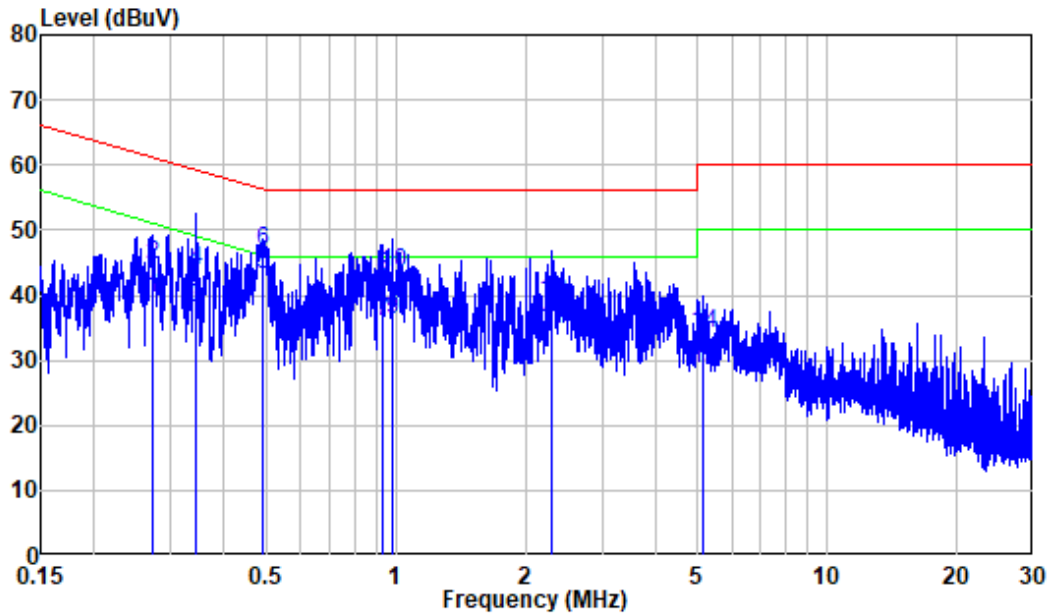
AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Line  
 Job No. : BJ220322-10024E-RF  
 Mode : Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.225	9.80	24.43	34.23	52.63	-18.40	Average
2	0.225	9.80	32.16	41.96	62.63	-20.67	QP
3	0.479	9.80	30.91	40.71	46.36	-5.65	Average
4	0.479	9.80	35.13	44.93	56.36	-11.43	QP
5	0.511	9.81	25.18	34.99	46.00	-11.01	Average
6	0.511	9.81	31.31	41.12	56.00	-14.88	QP
7	0.539	9.81	26.64	36.45	46.00	-9.55	Average
8	0.539	9.81	35.27	45.08	56.00	-10.92	QP
9	3.558	9.84	18.28	28.12	46.00	-17.88	Average
10	3.558	9.84	25.71	35.55	56.00	-20.45	QP
11	5.170	9.85	17.87	27.72	50.00	-22.28	Average
12	5.170	9.85	23.62	33.47	60.00	-26.53	QP

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Neutral  
 Job No. : BJ220322-10024E-RF  
 Mode : Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Limit Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.272	9.80	29.69	39.49	51.06	-11.57	Average
2	0.272	9.80	34.96	44.76	61.06	-16.30	QP
3	0.343	9.80	28.20	38.00	49.12	-11.12	Average
4	0.343	9.80	34.05	43.85	59.12	-15.27	QP
5	0.490	9.80	33.34	43.14	46.18	-3.04	Average
6	0.490	9.80	37.11	46.91	56.18	-9.27	QP
7	0.929	9.81	26.25	36.06	46.00	-9.94	Average
8	0.929	9.81	31.99	41.80	56.00	-14.20	QP
9	0.981	9.81	26.50	36.31	46.00	-9.69	Average
10	0.981	9.81	33.59	43.40	56.00	-12.60	QP
11	2.297	9.82	24.78	34.60	46.00	-11.40	Average
12	2.297	9.82	29.02	38.84	56.00	-17.16	QP
13	5.159	9.90	18.76	28.66	50.00	-21.34	Average
14	5.159	9.90	24.16	34.06	60.00	-25.94	QP

## FCC § 15.205, §15.209, § 15.247(d) & RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

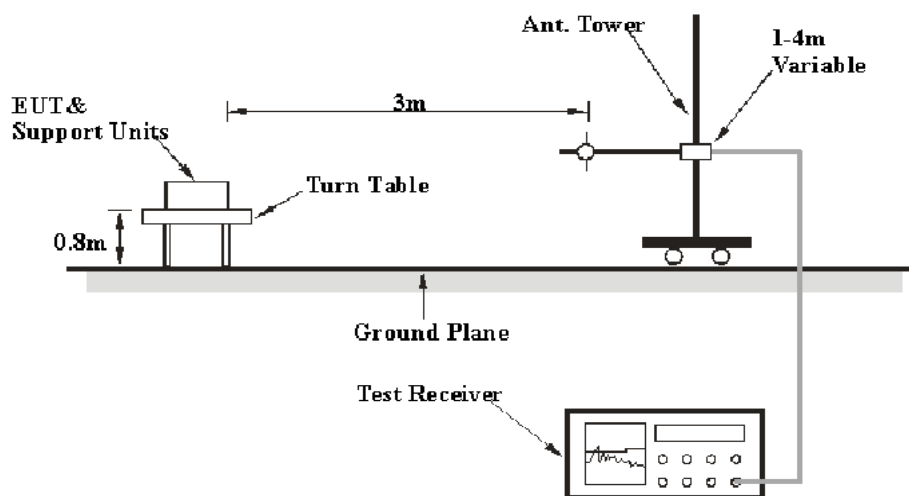
RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5;

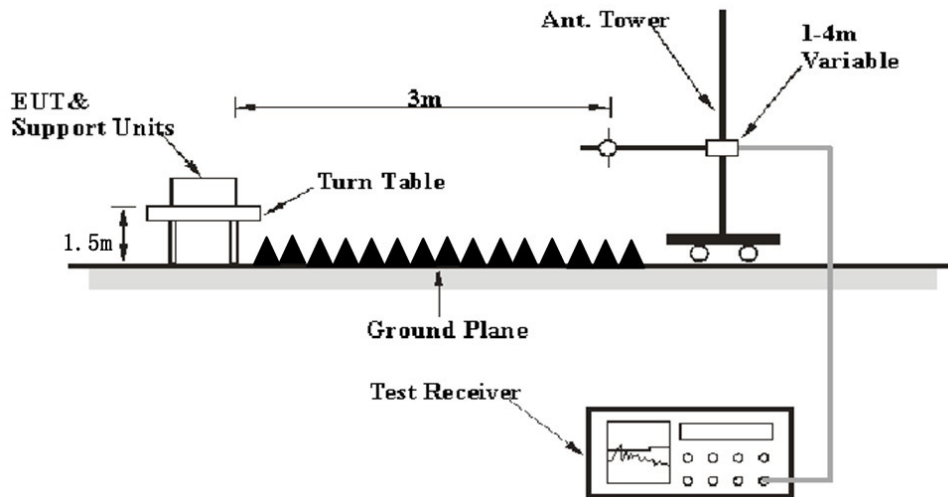
Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply:(a) The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD).(b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6.(c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### EUT Setup

#### Below 1 GHz:



**Above 1GHz:**

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013 & RSS-Gen. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 & RSS-Gen limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

**EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup**

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz <sup>Note 1</sup>	/	Average
	1MHz	> 1/T <sup>Note 2</sup>	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%

Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

If the maximized peak measured value complies with the limit, then it is unnecessary to perform QP/Average measurement.

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor} \end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25~28 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	58~60 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0~101.3 kPa

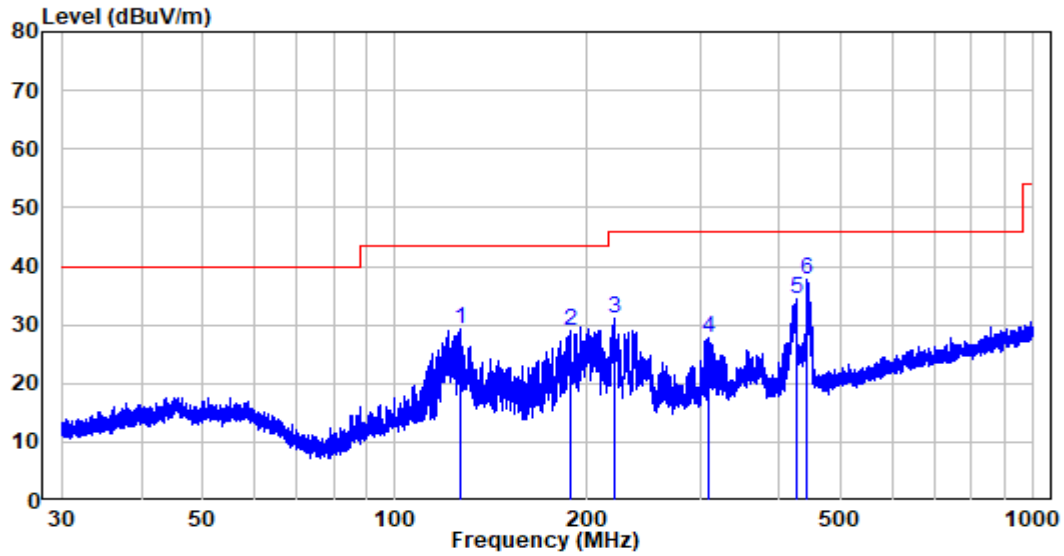
*The testing was performed by Level Li from 2022-09-15 to 2022-09-20.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

*(Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case Y-axis of orientation was recorded)*

30 MHz~1 GHz (Wi-Fi 802.11b , High Channel worst case):

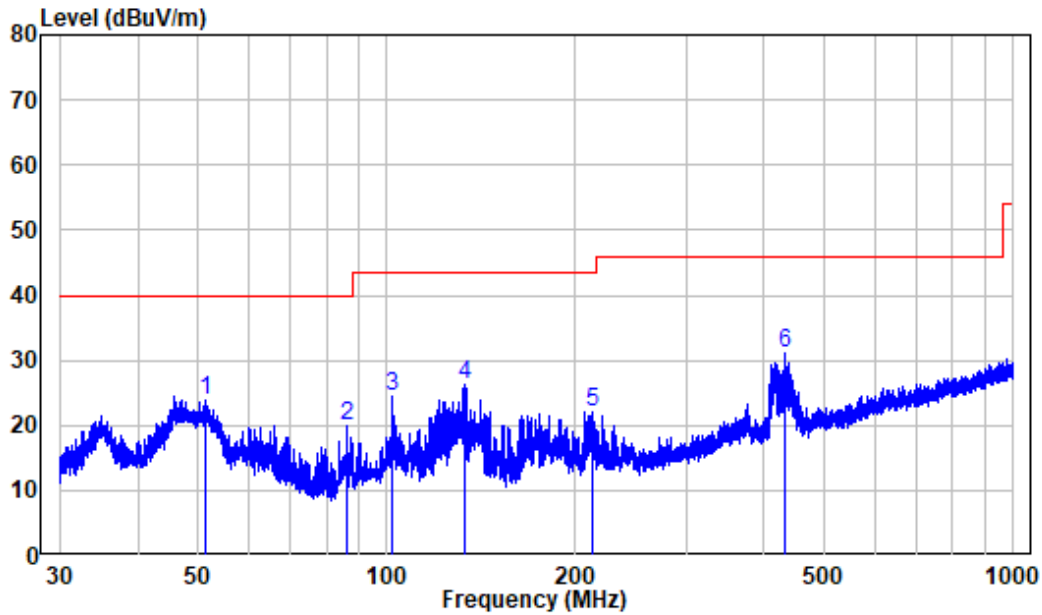
Horizontal



Site : chamber  
 Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL  
 Job No. : BJ220322-10024E-RF  
 Test Mode: Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Limit Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	126.218	-14.43	43.84	29.41	43.50	-14.09	Peak
2	188.083	-11.81	40.87	29.06	43.50	-14.44	Peak
3	219.941	-11.41	42.38	30.97	46.00	-15.03	Peak
4	308.777	-8.92	36.63	27.71	46.00	-18.29	Peak
5	425.401	-5.85	40.38	34.53	46.00	-11.47	Peak
6	441.549	-5.64	43.44	37.80	46.00	-8.20	Peak

**Vertical**



Site : chaTransmitting  
 Condition: 3m VERTICAL  
 Job No. : BJ220322-10024E-RF  
 Test Mode: Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	51.368	-9.96	33.86	23.90	40.00	-16.10	Peak
2	86.314	-15.11	35.17	20.06	40.00	-19.94	Peak
3	101.912	-11.58	35.99	24.41	43.50	-19.09	Peak
4	132.801	-14.98	41.15	26.17	43.50	-17.33	Peak
5	213.295	-11.73	33.77	22.04	43.50	-21.46	Peak
6	432.735	-5.74	36.83	31.09	46.00	-14.91	Peak

**1 GHz-25 GHz:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Factor (dB/m)	Absolute Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBuV)	PK/AV		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
802.11B, Low Channel									
2310	45.3	PK	81	1.6	H	-7.23	38.07	74	-35.93
2310	45.68	PK	66	2.0	V	-7.23	38.45	74	-35.55
2390	49.67	PK	192	1.6	H	-7.21	42.46	74	-31.54
2390	48.85	PK	334	1.1	V	-7.21	41.64	74	-32.36
4824	47.97	PK	270	1.7	H	-3.53	44.44	74	-29.56
4824	47.8	PK	130	1.4	V	-3.53	44.27	74	-29.73
802.11B, Middle Channel									
4874	49.72	PK	264	2.2	H	-3.42	46.30	74	-27.70
4874	48.79	PK	41	1.3	V	-3.42	45.37	74	-28.63
802.11B, High Channel									
2483.5	57	PK	107	1.5	H	-7.2	49.80	74	-24.20
2483.5	58.24	PK	179	1.8	V	-7.2	51.04	74	-22.96
2500	51.71	PK	290	1.1	H	-7.18	44.53	74	-29.47
2500	51.12	PK	77	2.0	V	-7.18	43.94	74	-30.06
4924	50.17	PK	323	1.4	H	-3.16	47.01	74	-26.99
4924	52.68	PK	248	1.8	V	-3.16	49.52	74	-24.48
802.11 G, Low Channel									
2310	49.78	PK	19	1.3	H	-7.23	42.55	74	-31.45
2310	48.49	PK	35	1	V	-7.23	41.26	74	-32.74
2390	66.12	PK	332	1	H	-7.21	58.91	74	-15.09
2390	52.24	AV	332	1	H	-7.21	45.03	54	-8.97
2390	63.03	PK	127	1.4	V	-7.21	55.82	74	-18.18
2390	49.49	AV	127	1.4	V	-7.21	42.28	54	-11.72
4824	45	PK	277	1	H	-3.53	41.47	74	-32.53
4824	44.17	PK	274	1	V	-3.53	40.64	74	-33.36
802.11 G, Middle Channel									
4874	47.18	PK	57	1.1	H	-3.42	43.76	74	-30.24
4874	46.25	PK	131	1.9	V	-3.42	42.83	74	-31.17
802.11 G, High Channel									
2483.5	65.27	PK	344	2.1	H	-7.2	58.07	74	-15.93
2483.5	51.29	AV	344	2.1	H	-7.2	44.09	54	-9.91
2483.5	65.4	PK	284	1.1	V	-7.2	58.20	74	-15.80
2483.5	49.24	AV	284	1.1	V	-7.2	42.04	54	-11.96
2500	51.81	PK	59	1.9	H	-7.18	44.63	74	-29.37
2500	51.92	PK	166	1.2	V	-7.18	44.74	74	-29.26
4924	48.49	PK	331	1.5	H	-3.16	45.33	74	-28.67
4924	47.01	PK	254	1.0	V	-3.16	43.85	74	-30.15



Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Factor (dB/m)	Absolute Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBuV)	PK/AV		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
802.11 N20, Low Channel									
2310	49.93	PK	223	1.3	H	-7.23	42.70	74	-31.30
2310	49.45	PK	267	1.9	V	-7.23	42.22	74	-31.78
2390	69.22	PK	337	1.5	H	-7.21	62.01	74	-11.99
2390	53.4	AV	337	1.5	H	-7.21	46.19	54	-7.81
2390	67.67	PK	261	1.1	V	-7.21	60.46	74	-13.54
2390	51.63	AV	261	1.1	V	-7.21	44.42	54	-9.58
4824	45.58	PK	78	2.1	H	-3.53	42.05	74	-31.95
4824	45.29	PK	116	1.4	V	-3.53	41.76	74	-32.24
802.11 N20, Middle Channel									
4874	47.75	PK	49	1.7	H	-3.42	44.33	74	-29.67
4874	47.14	PK	215	1.6	V	-3.42	43.72	74	-30.28
8802.11 N20, High Channel									
2483.5	69.13	PK	278	1.8	H	-7.2	61.93	74	-12.07
2483.5	52.45	AV	278	1.8	H	-7.2	45.25	54	-8.75
2483.5	68.15	PK	154	1.1	V	-7.2	60.95	74	-13.05
2483.5	51.98	AV	154	1.1	V	-7.2	44.78	54	-9.22
2500	52.94	PK	225	1.6	H	-7.18	45.76	74	-28.24
2500	51.15	PK	34	1.0	V	-7.18	43.97	74	-30.03
4924	47.24	PK	234	1.9	H	-3.16	44.08	74	-29.92
4924	47.11	PK	331	1.2	V	-3.16	43.95	74	-30.05

**Note:**

Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Absolute Level (Corrected Amplitude) = Factor + Reading

Margin = Absolute Level (Corrected Amplitude) – Limit

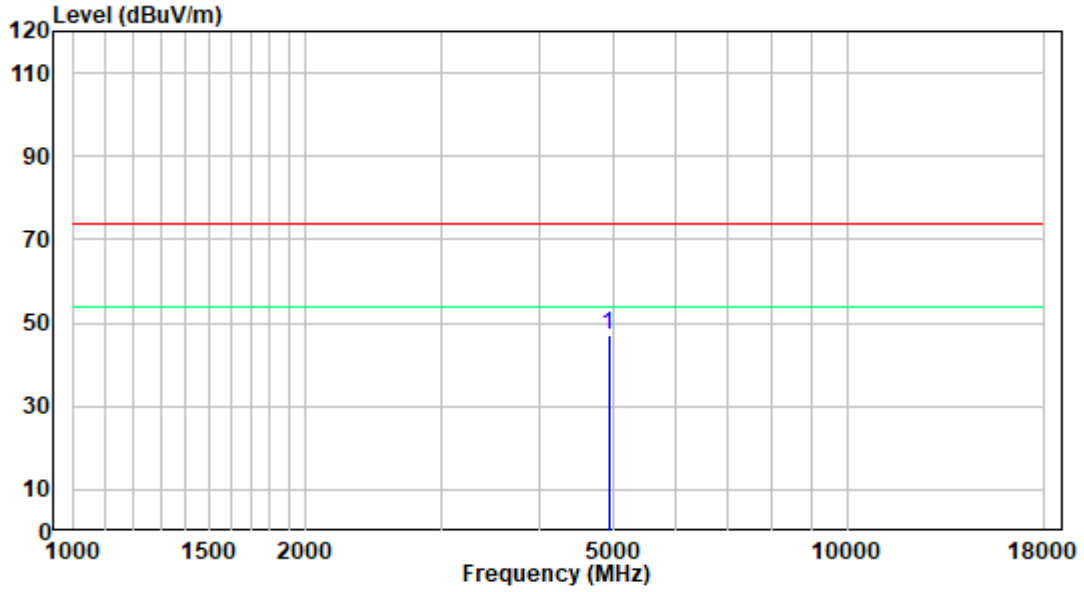
The other spurious emission which is in the noise floor level was not recorded.

For above 1GHz, when the test result of peak was 20dB below to the limit of peak, which can be compliant to the average limit, so just peak value was recorded.

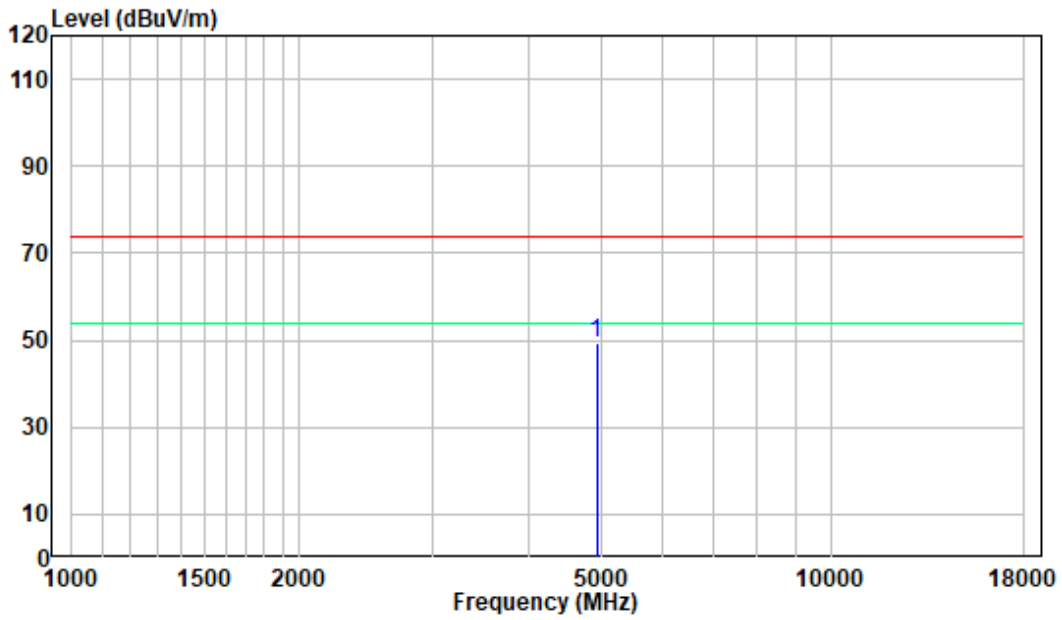
1-18 GHz(worst case):

Pre-scan with High Channel in 802.11b Mode

Horizontal



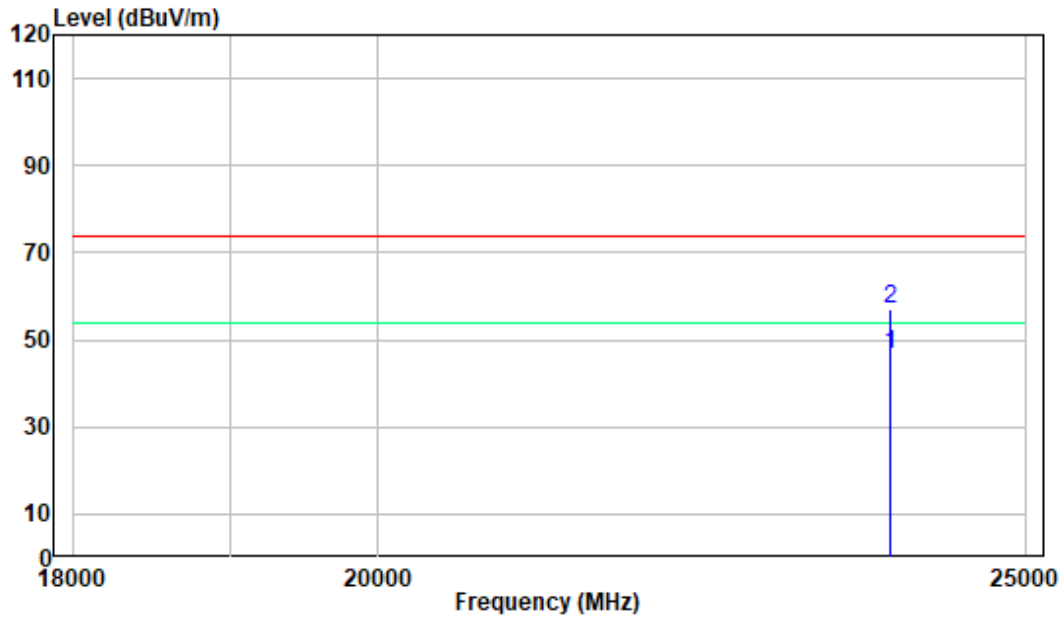
Vertical



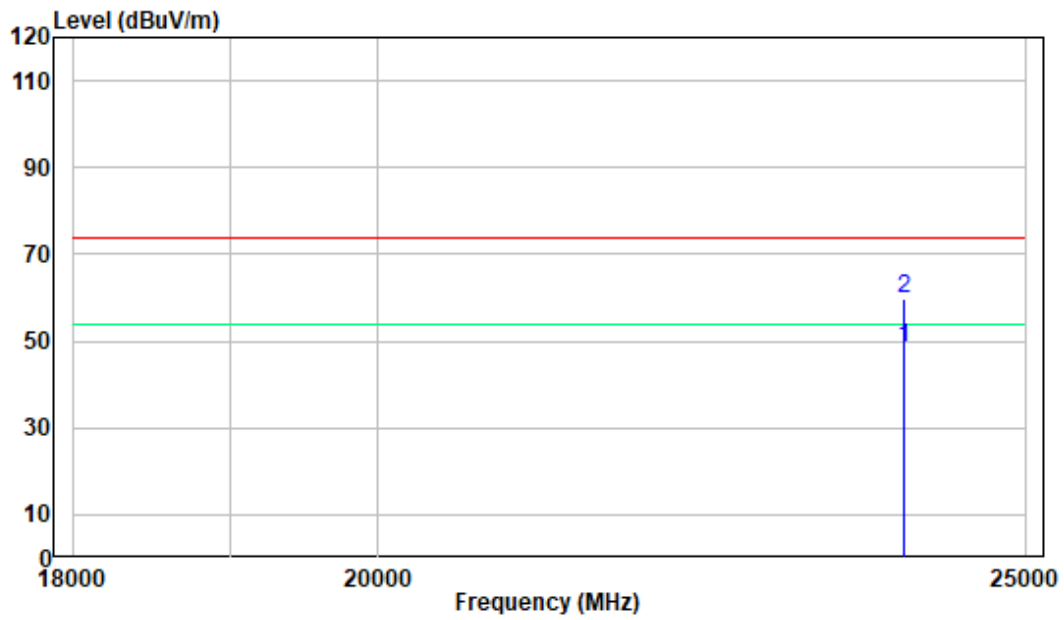
18-25 GHz(worst case):

**Pre-scan with High Channel in 802.11b Mode**

**Horizontal**



**Vertical**



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## **FCC §15.247 (a)(2) & RSS-Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH**

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### **Applicable Standard**

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “6 dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated 6 dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

### **Test Procedure**

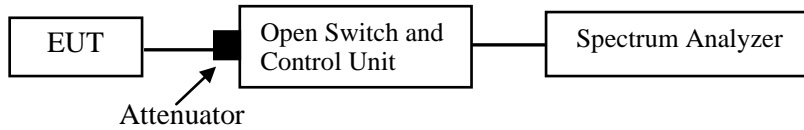
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 6 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / 6 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 6 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Glenn.Jiang on 2022-09-13.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix Wi-Fi.

## FCC §15.247(b)(3) & RSS-247 § 5.4(d) MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

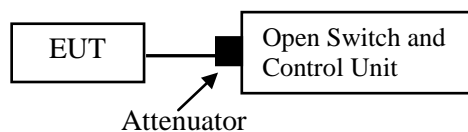
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Glenn.Jiang on 2022-09-13.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix Wi-Fi.

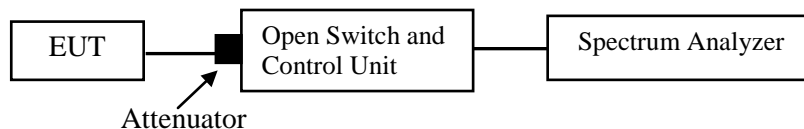
## FCC § 15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Glenn.Jiang on 2022-09-13.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix Wi-Fi.



## FCC § 15.247(e) & RSS-247 § 5.2 (b) POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

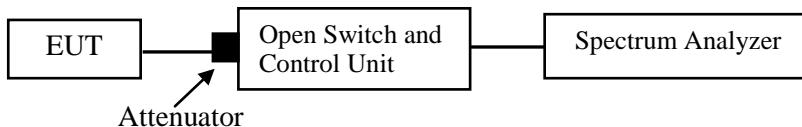
### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

### Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Glenn.Jiang on 2022-09-13.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix Wi-Fi.

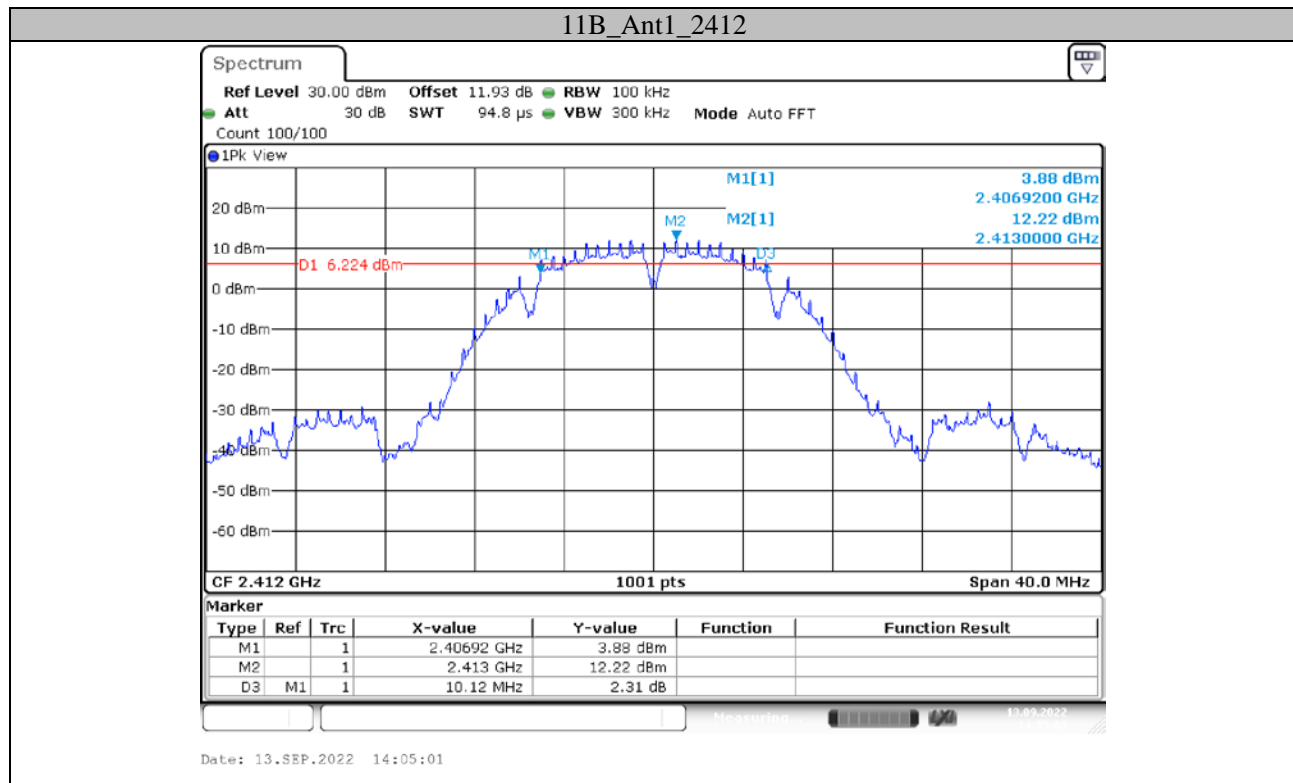
## APPENDIX Wi-Fi

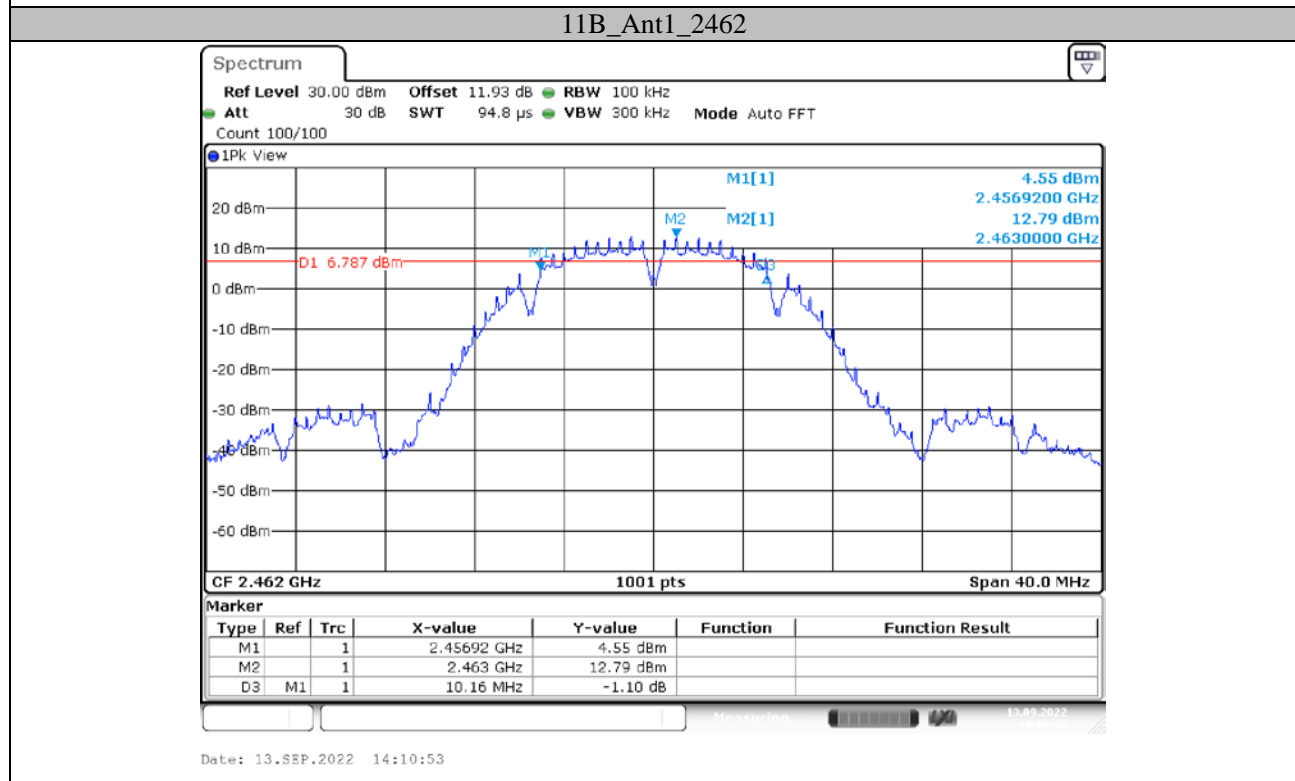
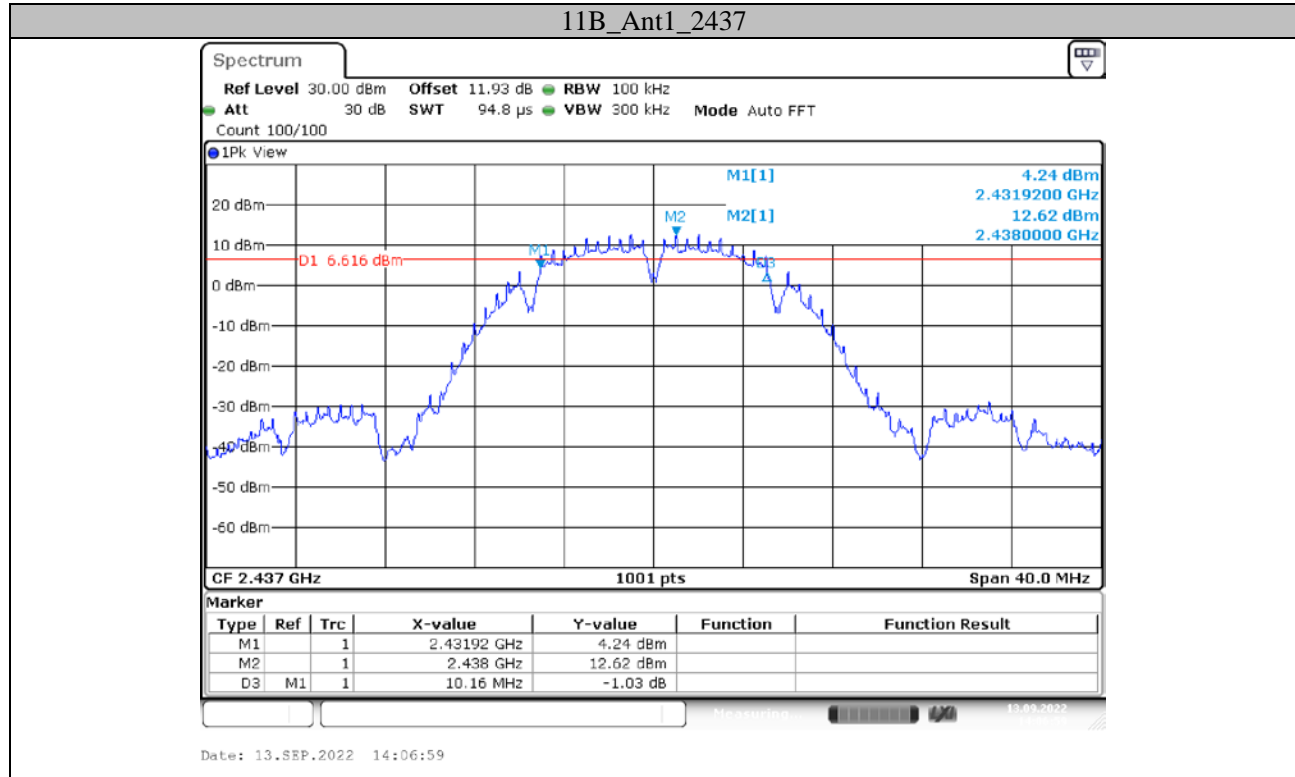
### Appendix A: 6dB Emission Bandwidth

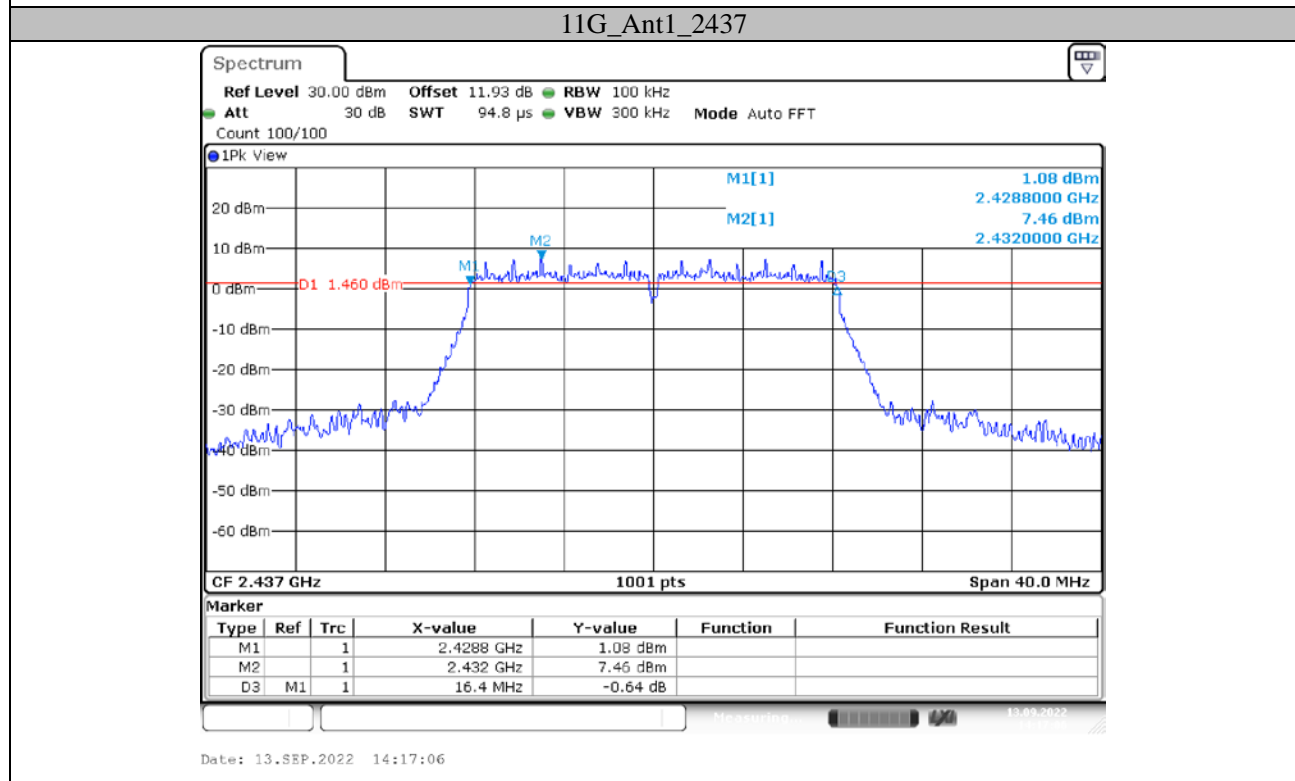
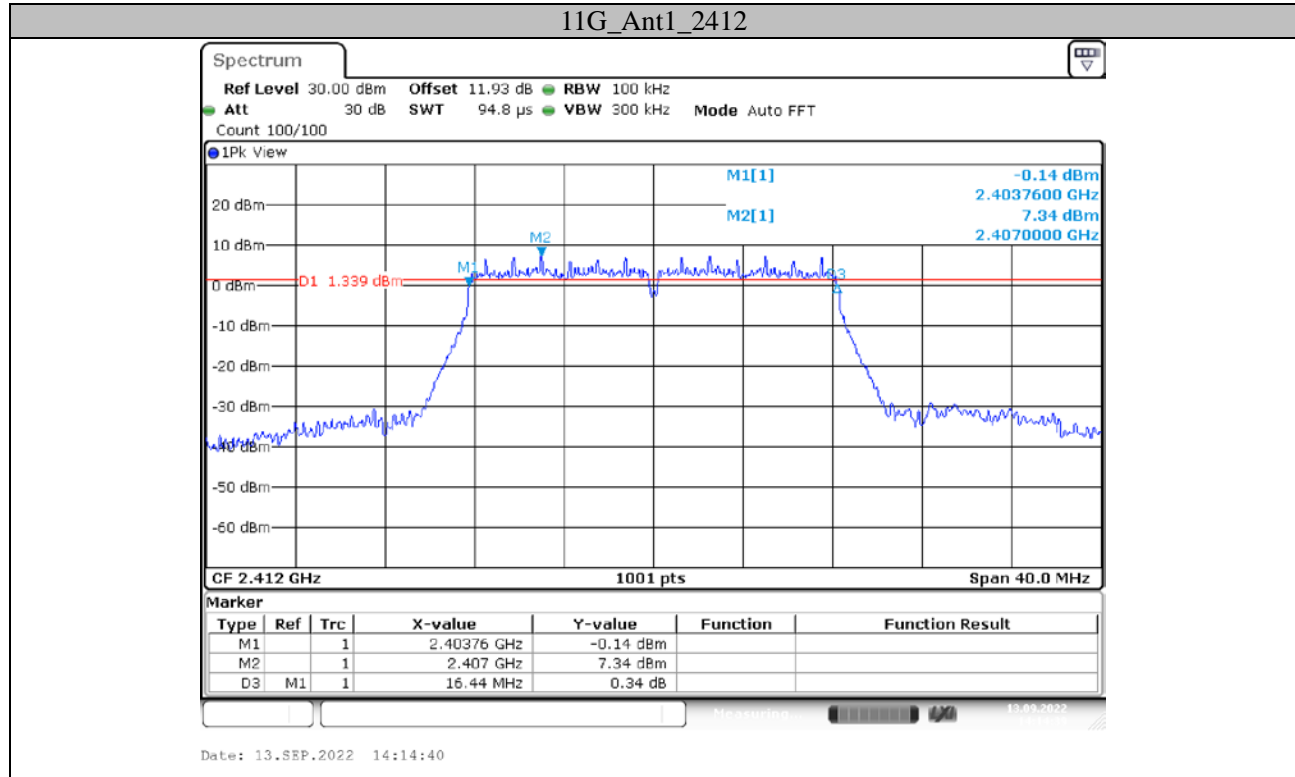
#### Test Result

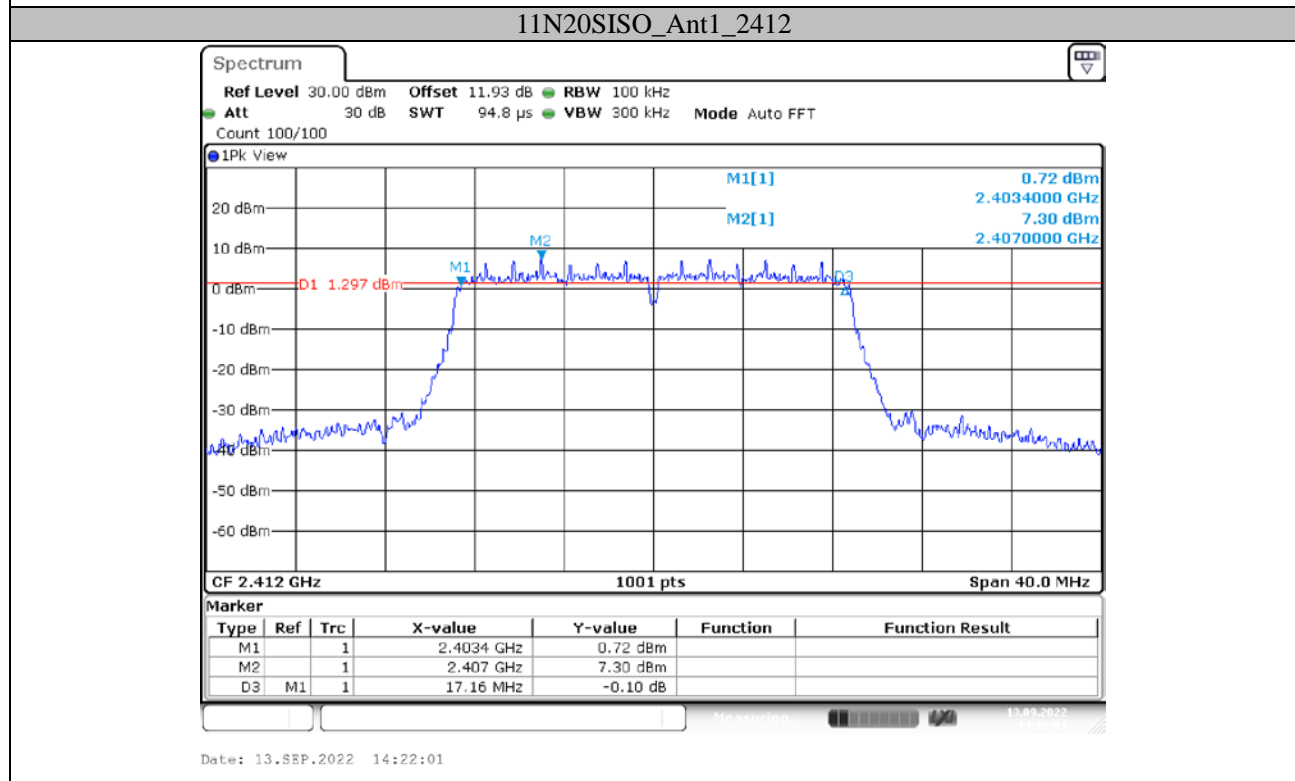
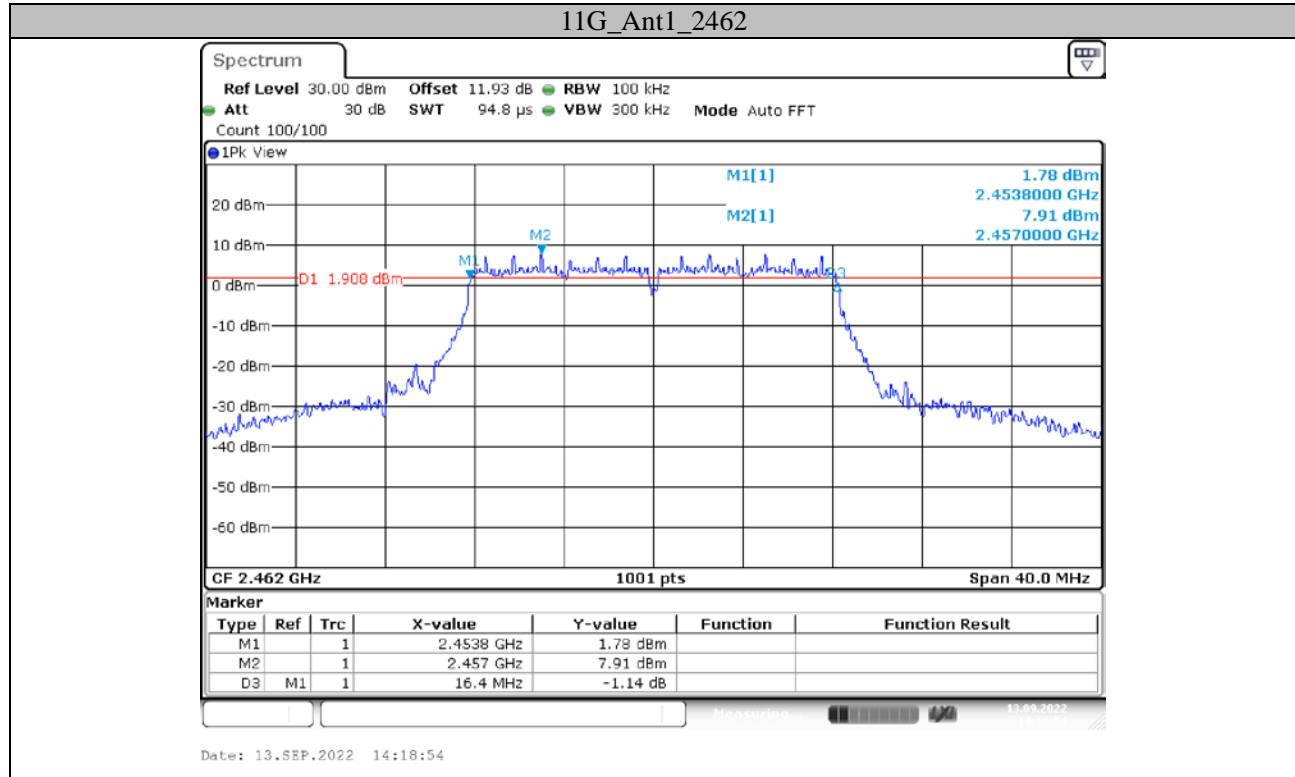
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	DTS BW [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
11B	Ant1	2412	10.120	2406.920	2417.040	0.5	PASS
		2437	10.160	2431.920	2442.080	0.5	PASS
		2462	10.160	2456.920	2467.080	0.5	PASS
11G	Ant1	2412	16.440	2403.760	2420.200	0.5	PASS
		2437	16.400	2428.800	2445.200	0.5	PASS
		2462	16.400	2453.800	2470.200	0.5	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	2412	17.160	2403.400	2420.560	0.5	PASS
		2437	17.160	2428.400	2445.560	0.5	PASS
		2462	17.160	2453.400	2470.560	0.5	PASS

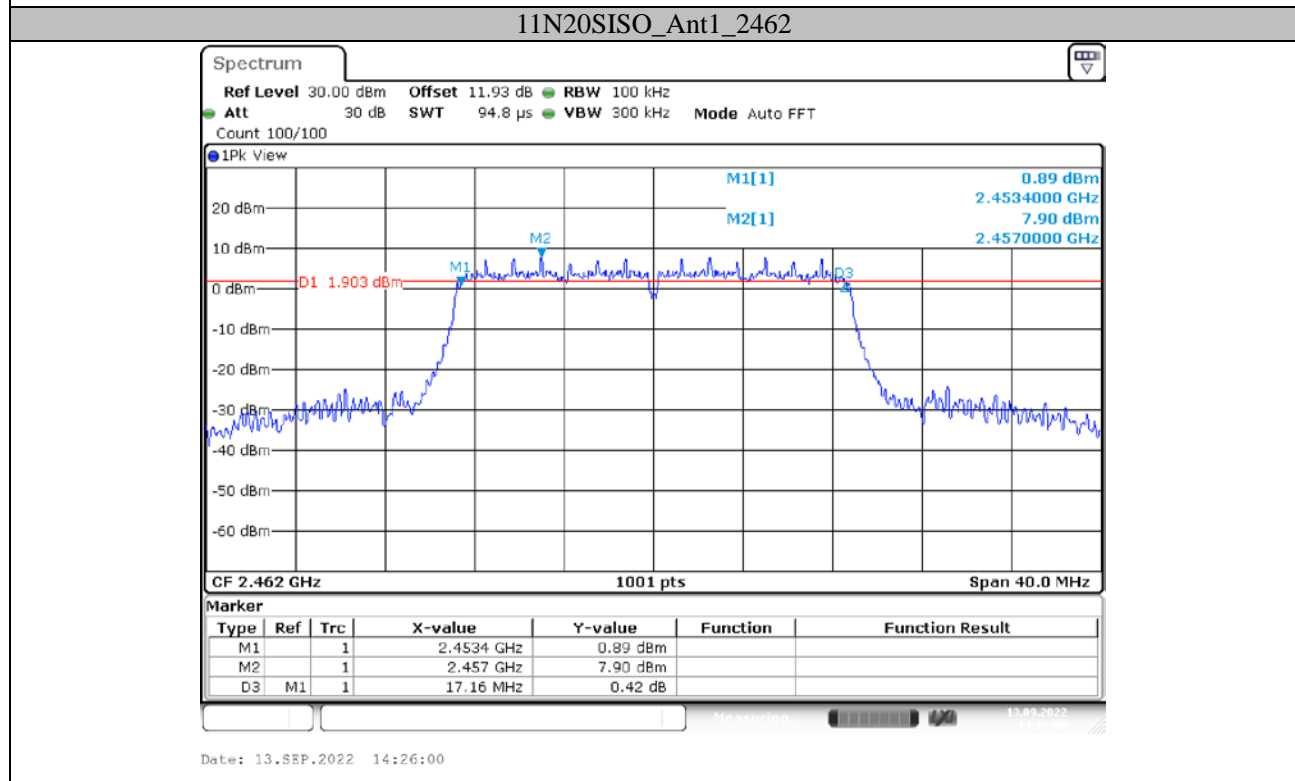
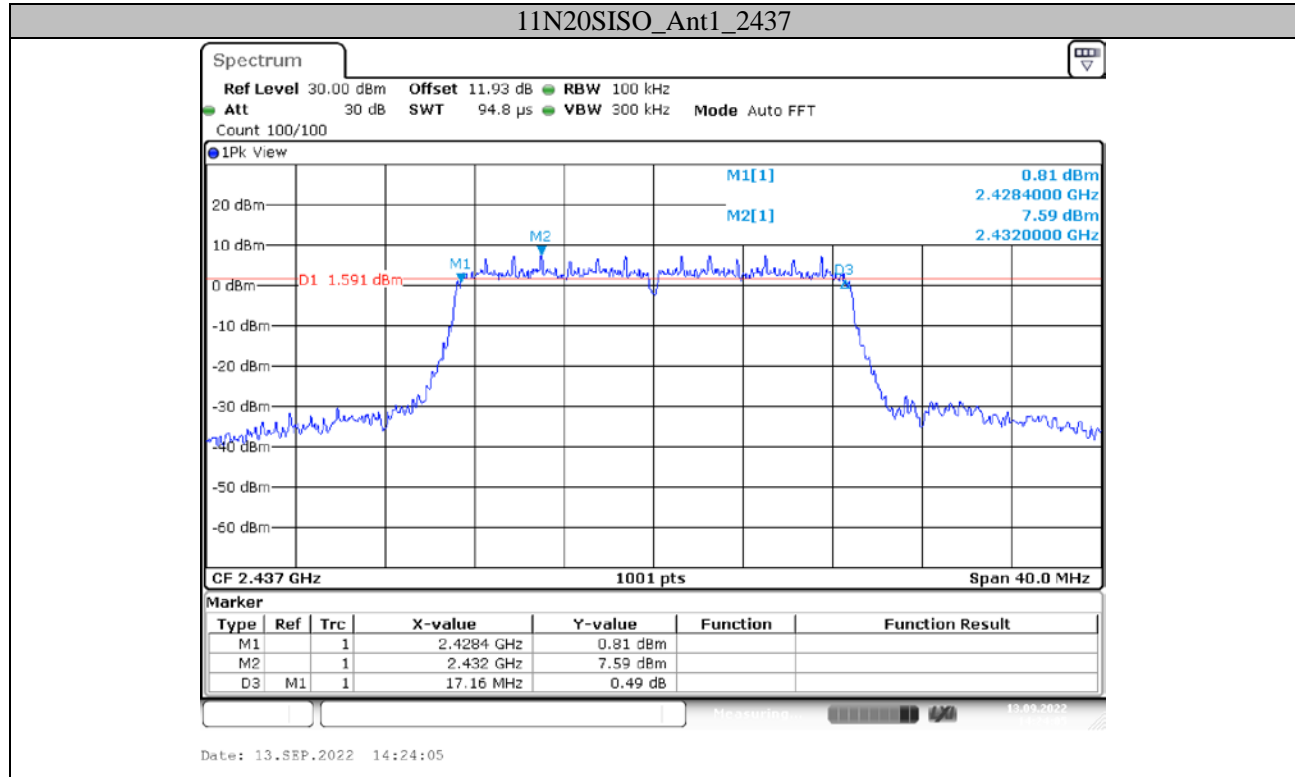
#### Test Graphs









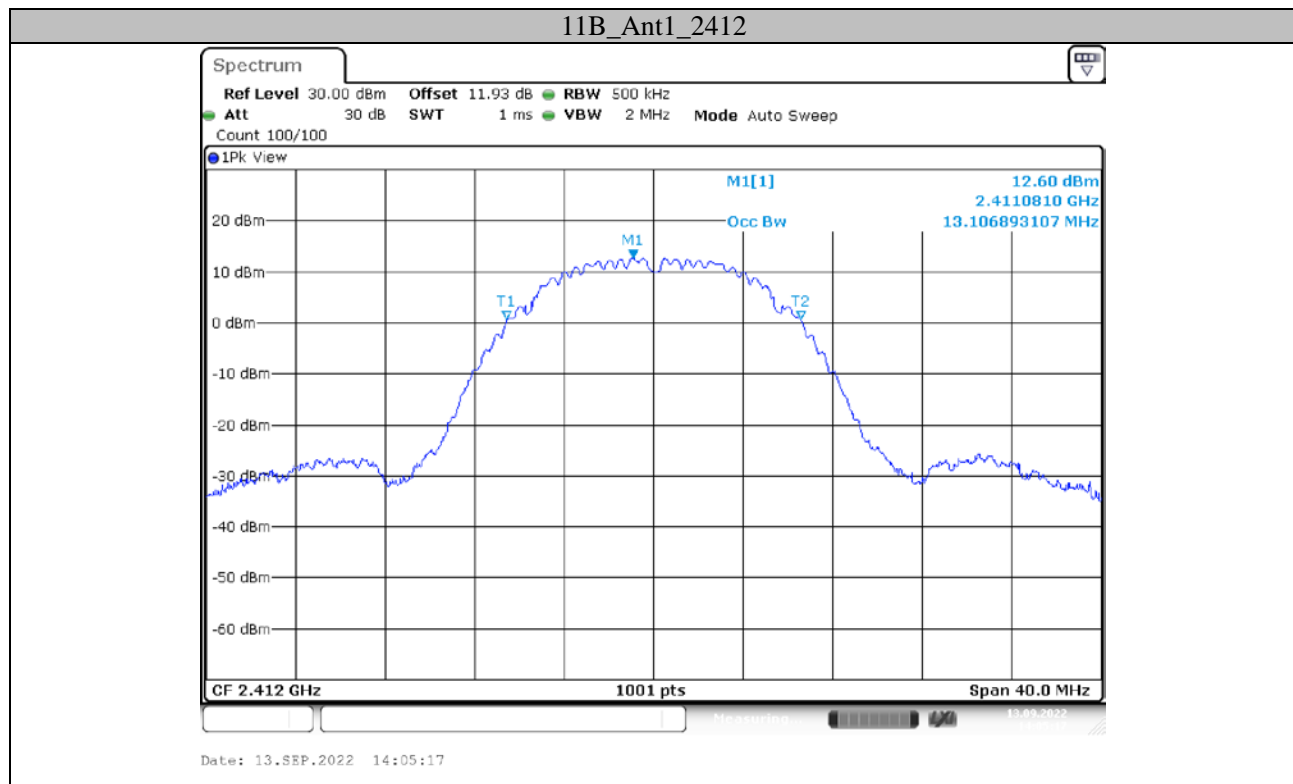


## Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth

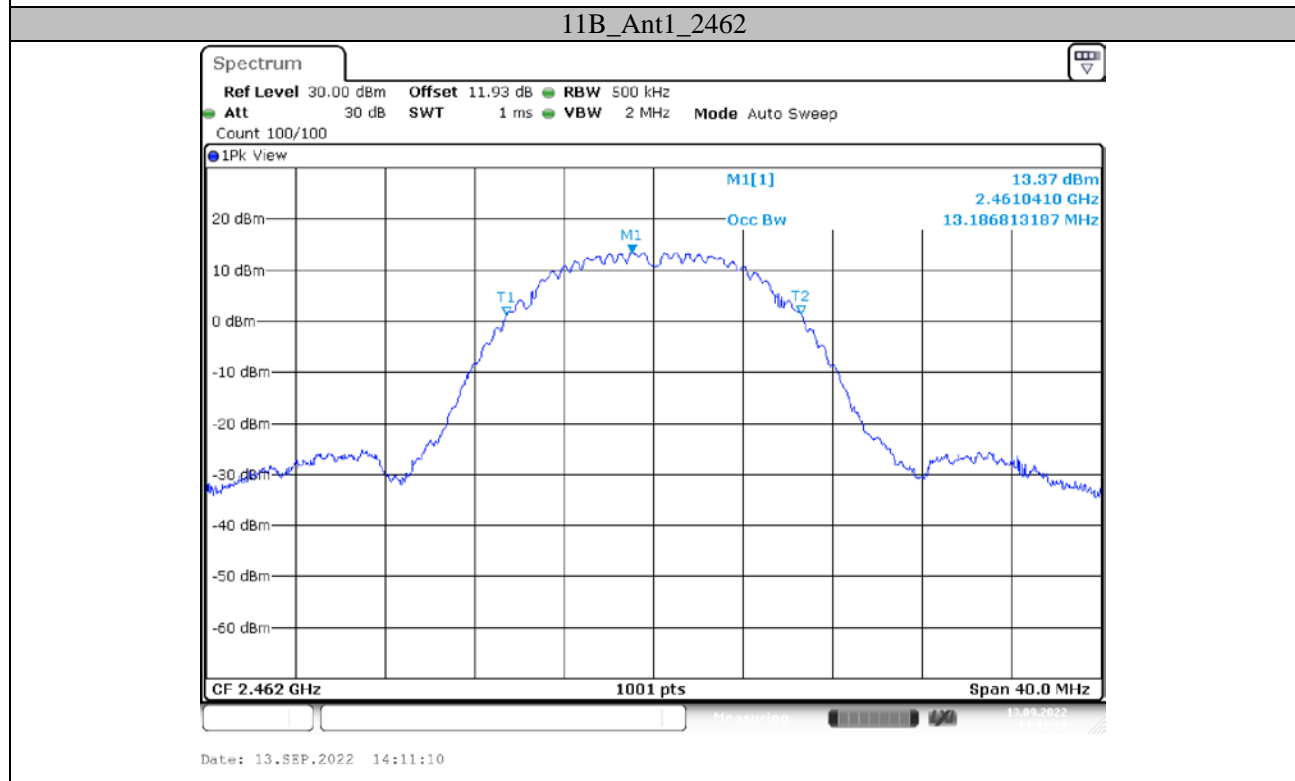
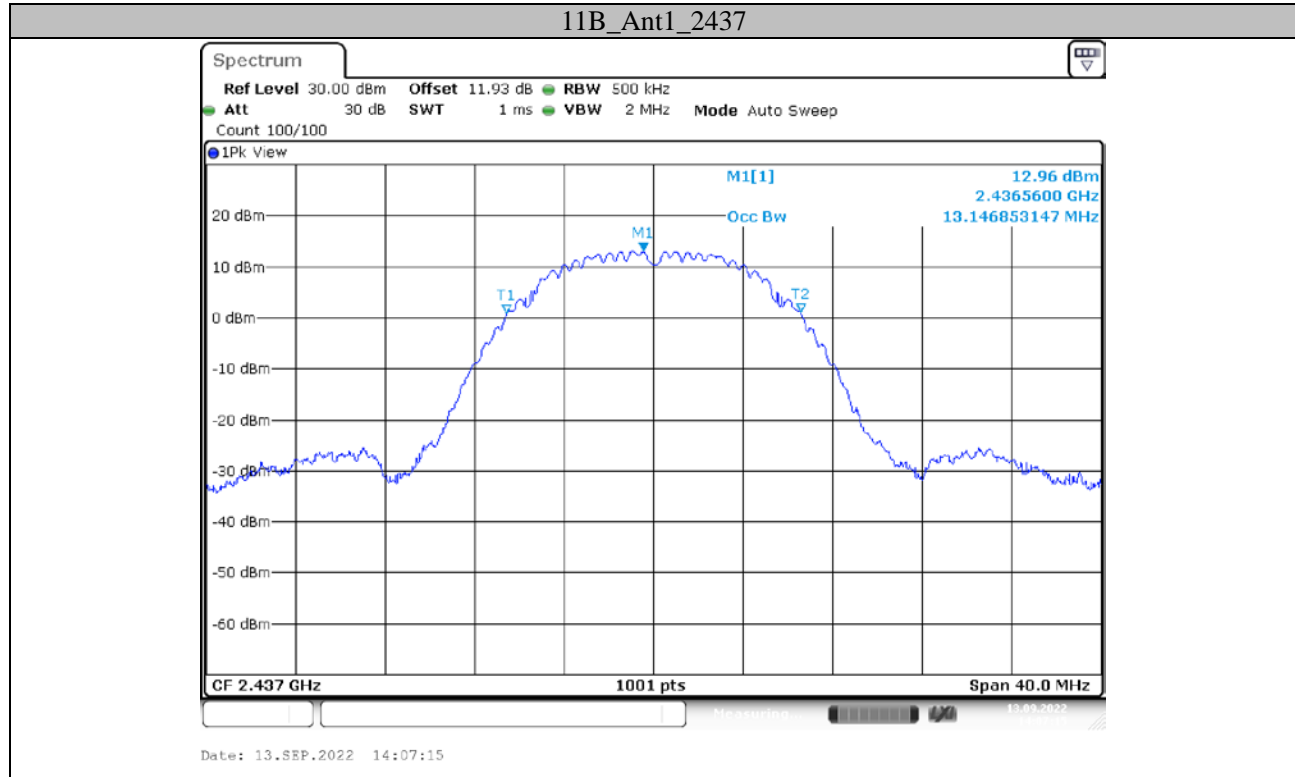
### Test Result

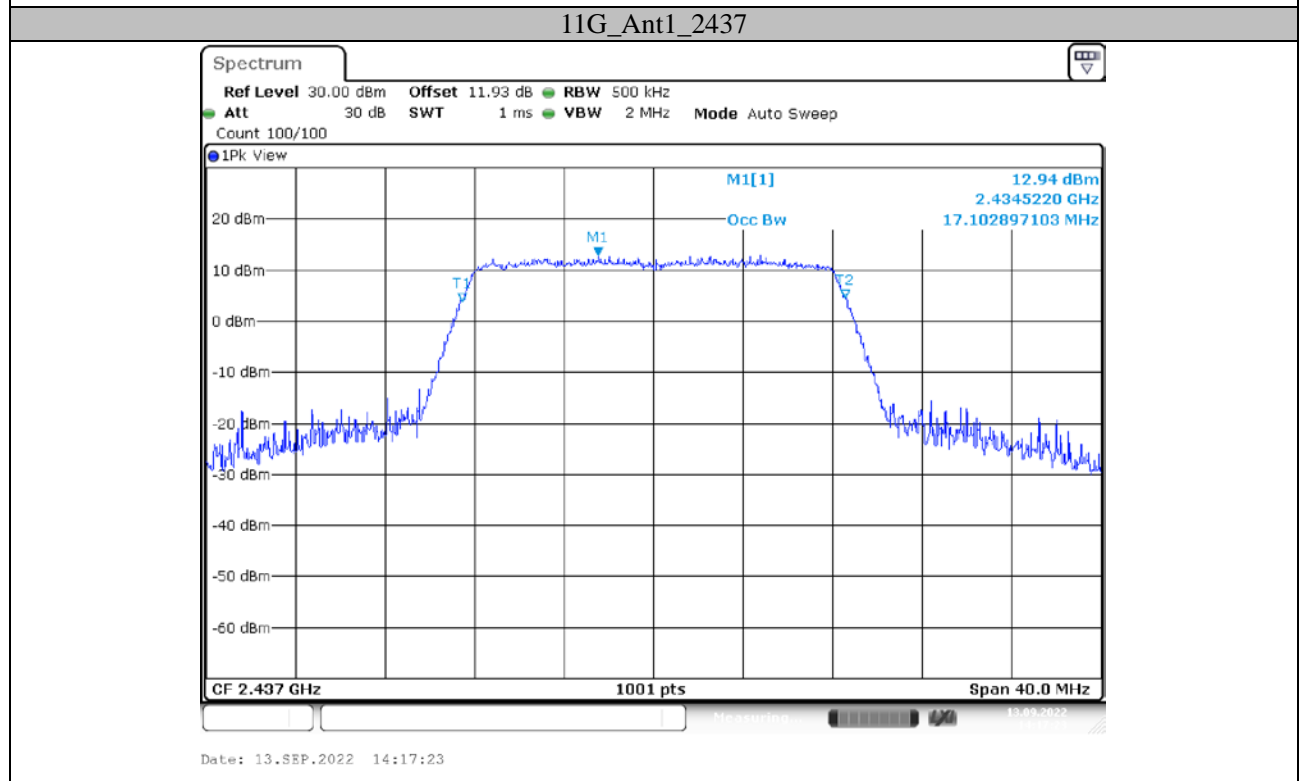
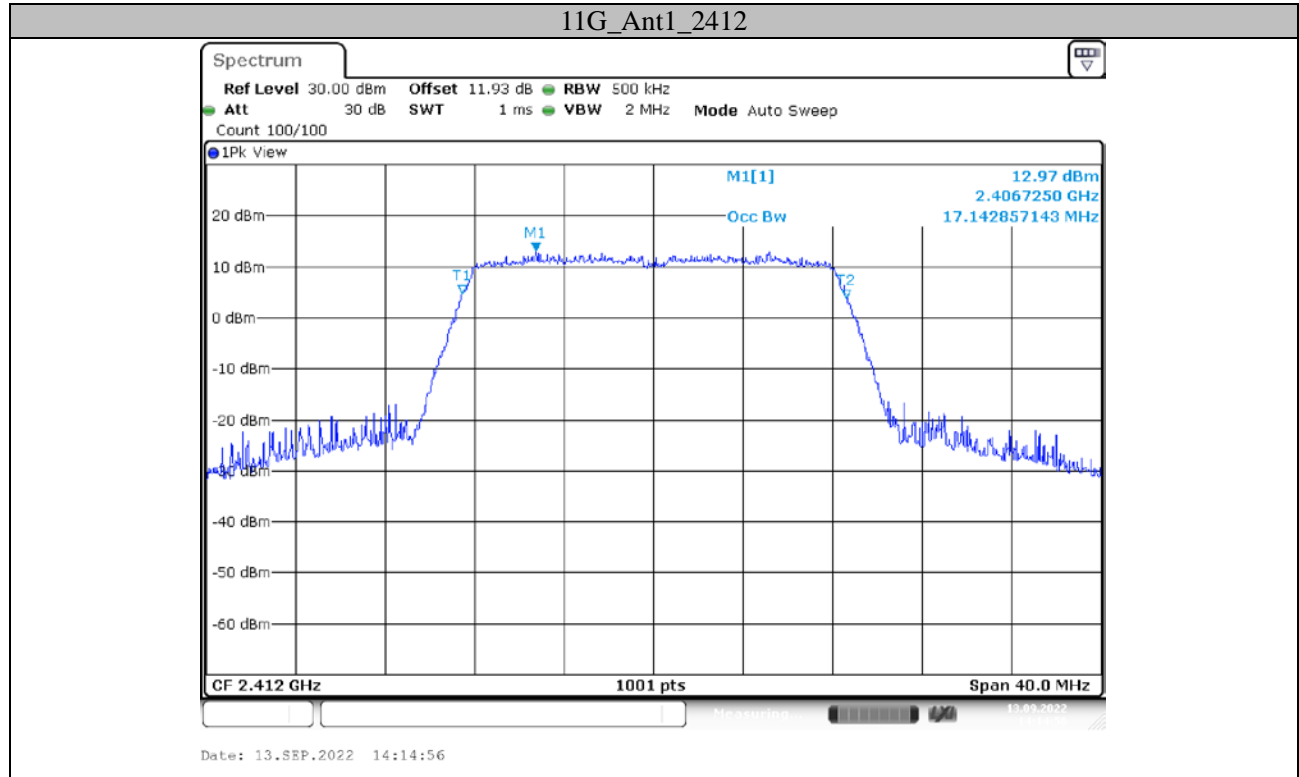
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
11B	Ant1	2412	13.107	2405.447	2418.553	---	PASS
		2437	13.147	2430.407	2443.553	---	PASS
		2462	13.187	2455.407	2468.593	---	PASS
11G	Ant1	2412	17.143	2403.449	2420.591	---	PASS
		2437	17.103	2428.449	2445.551	---	PASS
		2462	17.183	2453.409	2470.591	---	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	2412	17.822	2403.089	2420.911	---	PASS
		2437	17.822	2428.089	2445.911	---	PASS
		2462	17.862	2453.089	2470.951	---	PASS

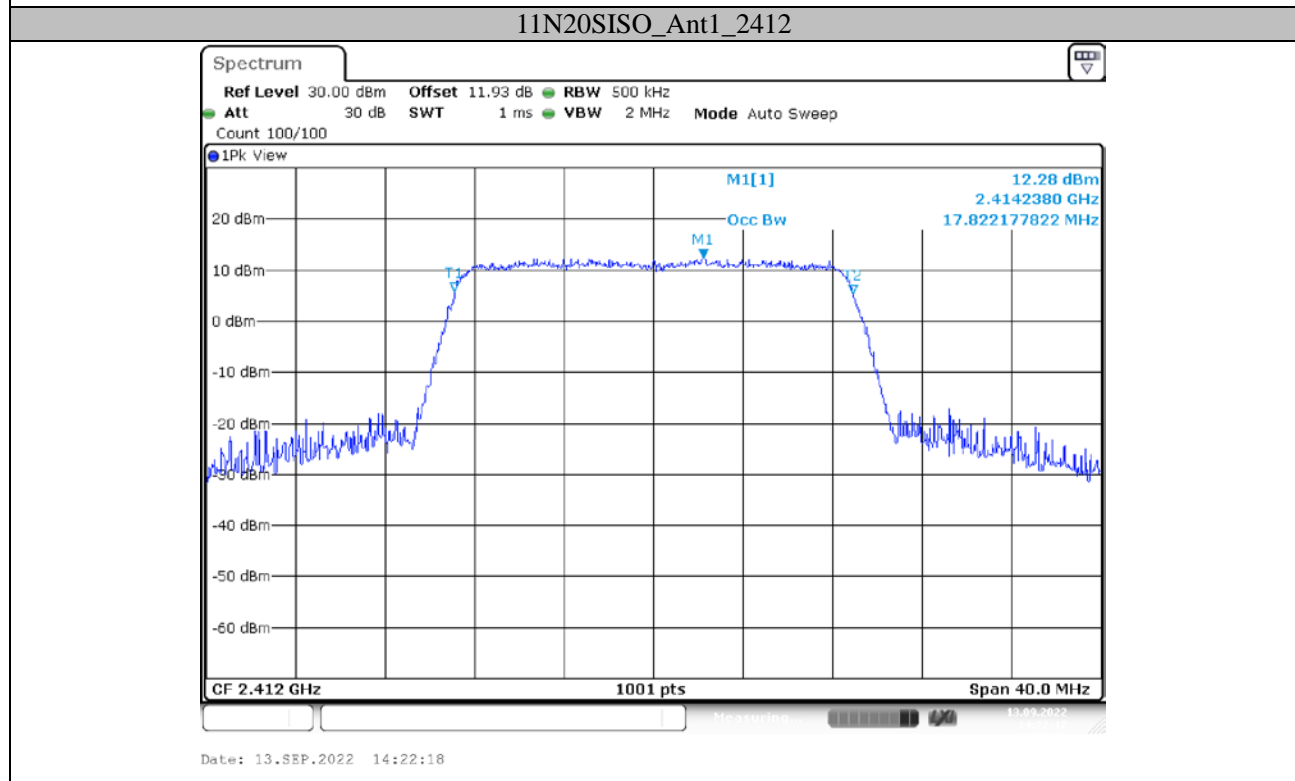
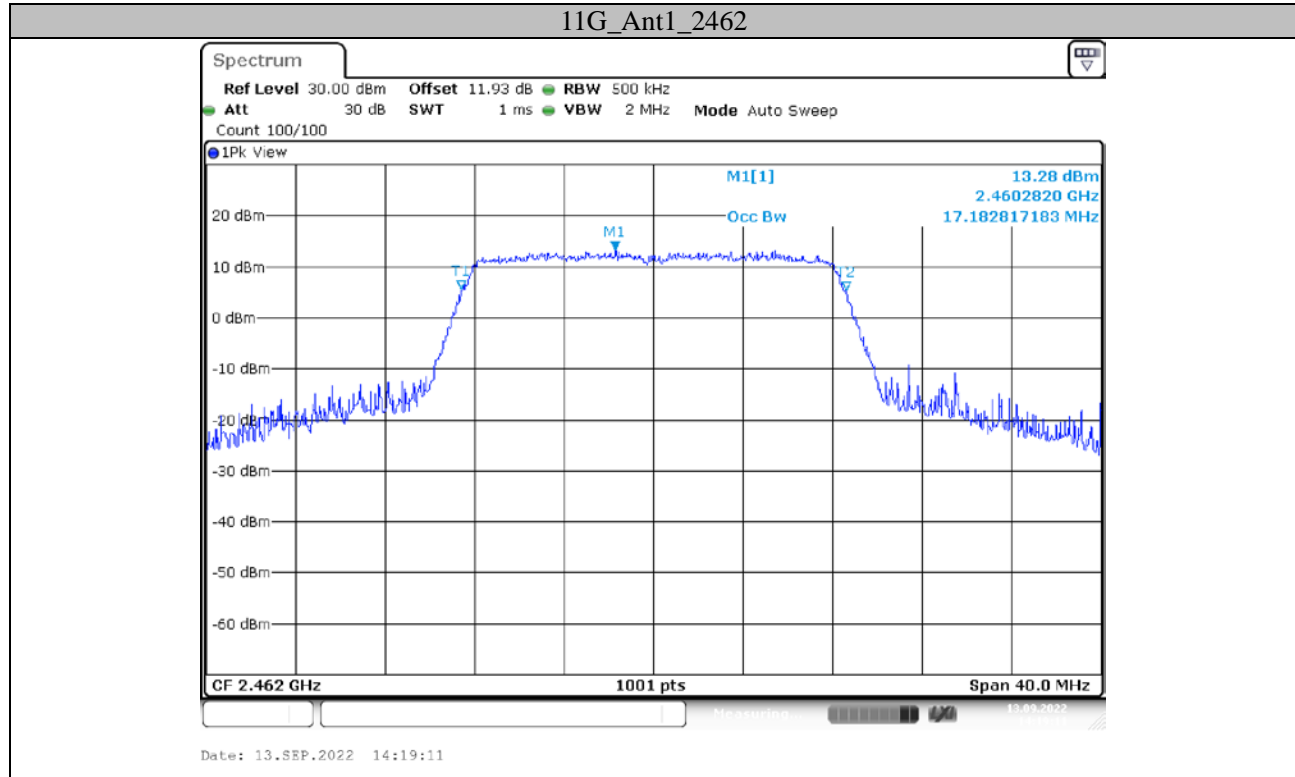
### Test Graphs

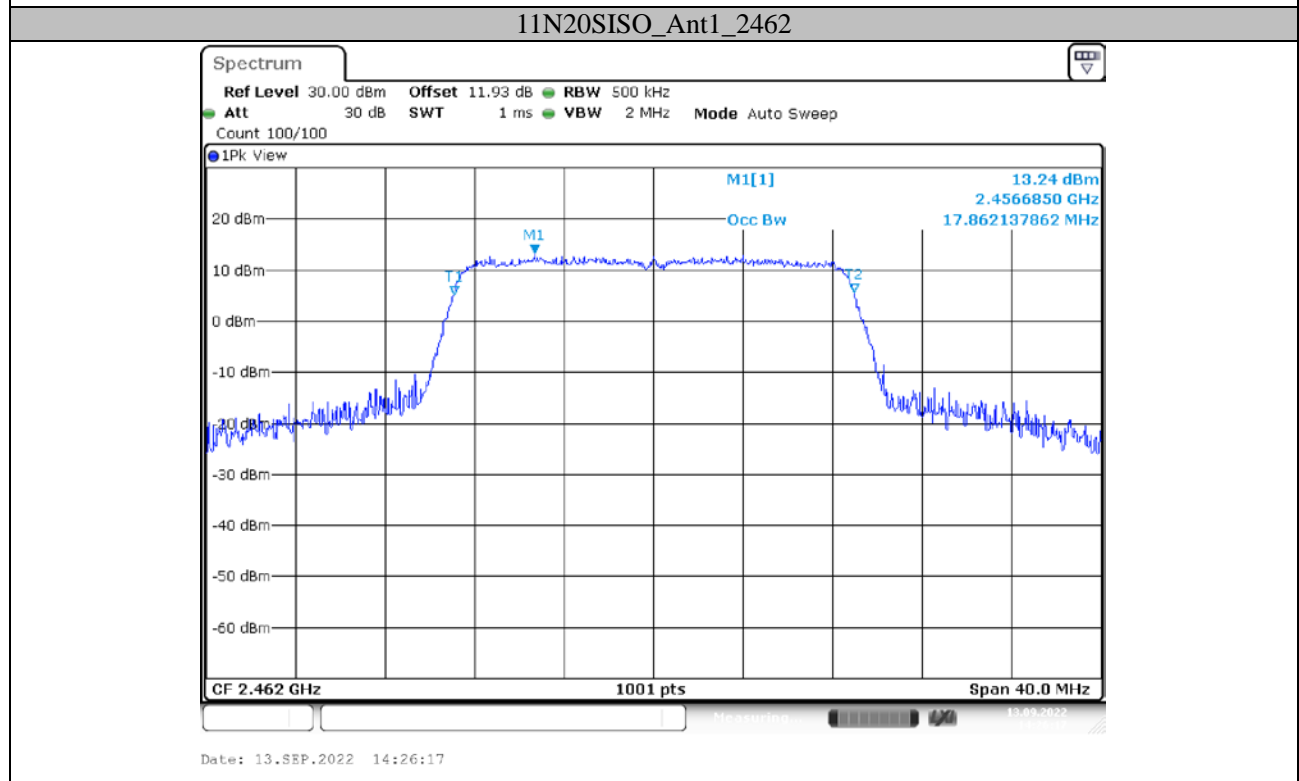
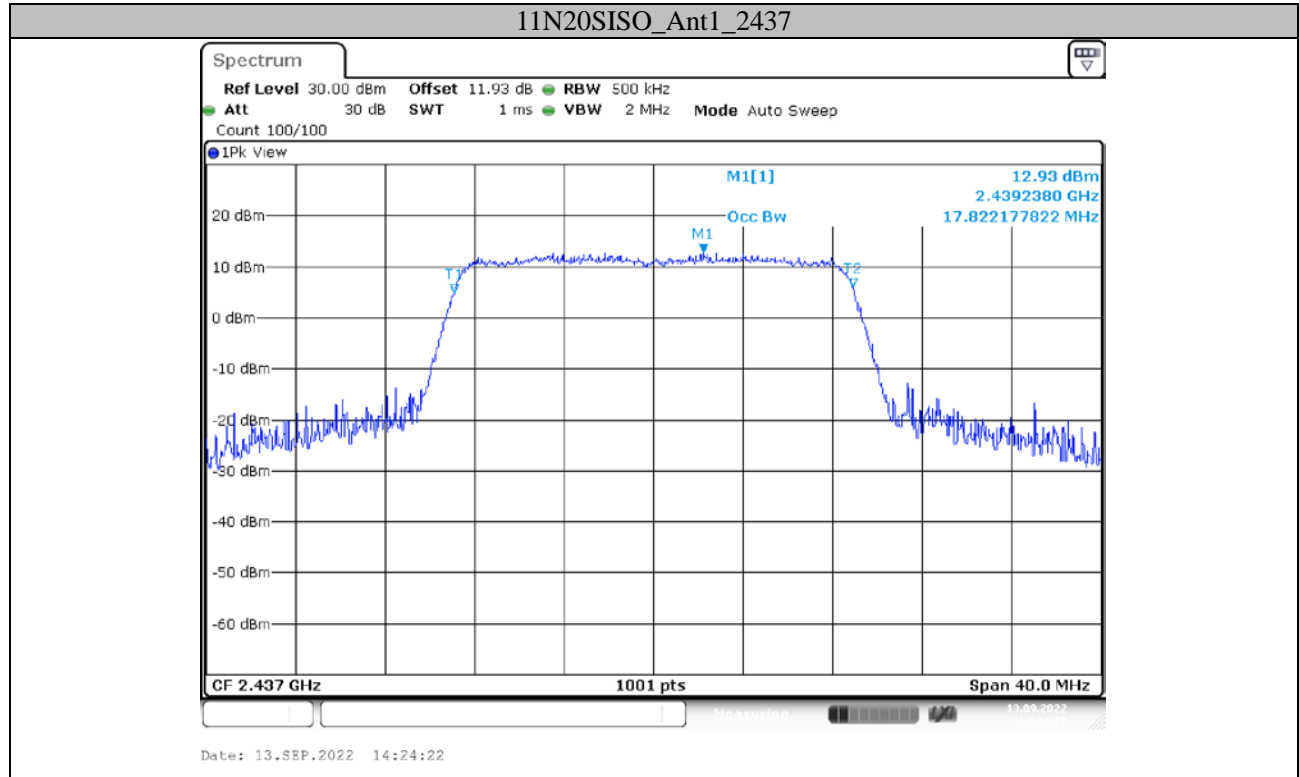












**Appendix C: Maximum conducted peak output power****Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
11B	Ant1	2412	23.06	<=30	PASS
		2437	<b>23.58</b>	<=30	PASS
		2462	23.45	<=30	PASS
11G	Ant1	2412	22.14	<=30	PASS
		2437	22.12	<=30	PASS
		2462	<b>22.80</b>	<=30	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	2412	22.24	<=30	PASS
		2437	22.06	<=30	PASS
		2462	<b>22.76</b>	<=30	PASS

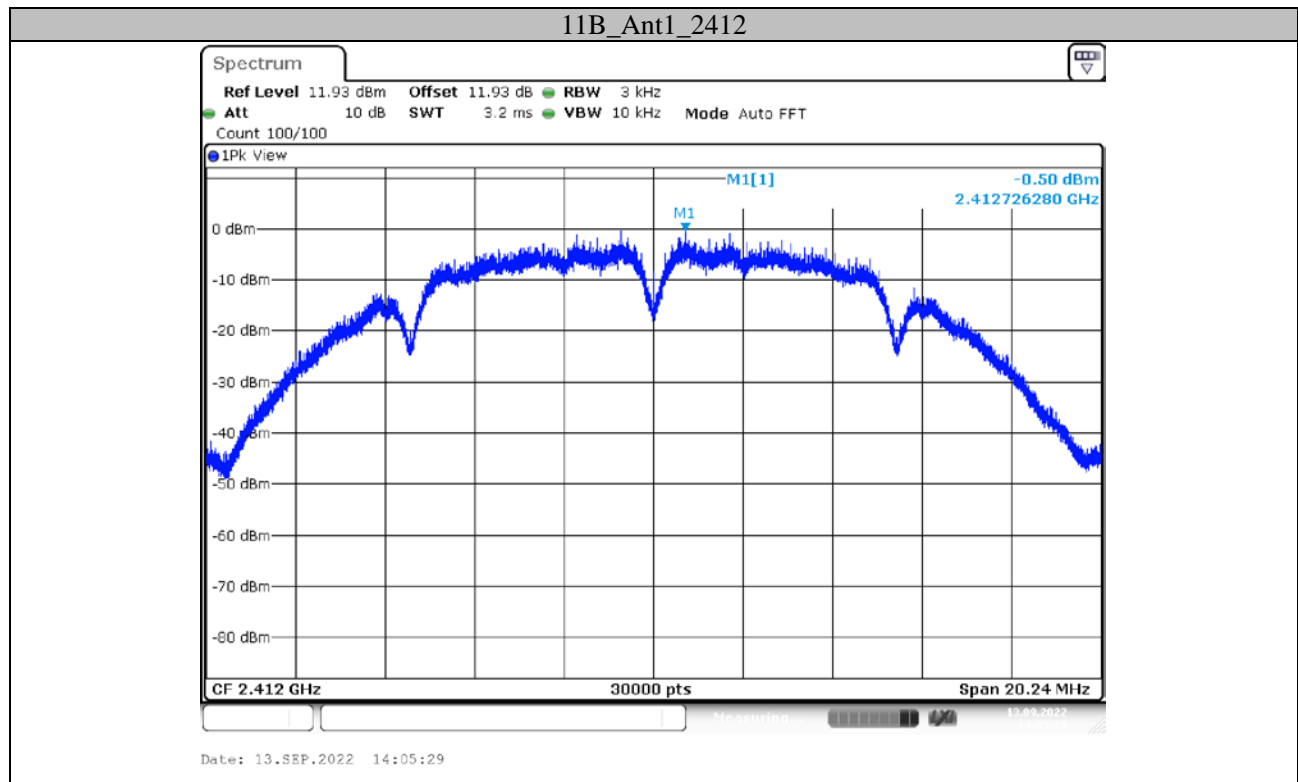
Note: The maximum EIRP is  $23.58\text{dBm} + 3.96\text{dBi} = 27.54\text{dBm} < 36\text{dBm}$ , so it's compliance with ISEDC EIRP limit.

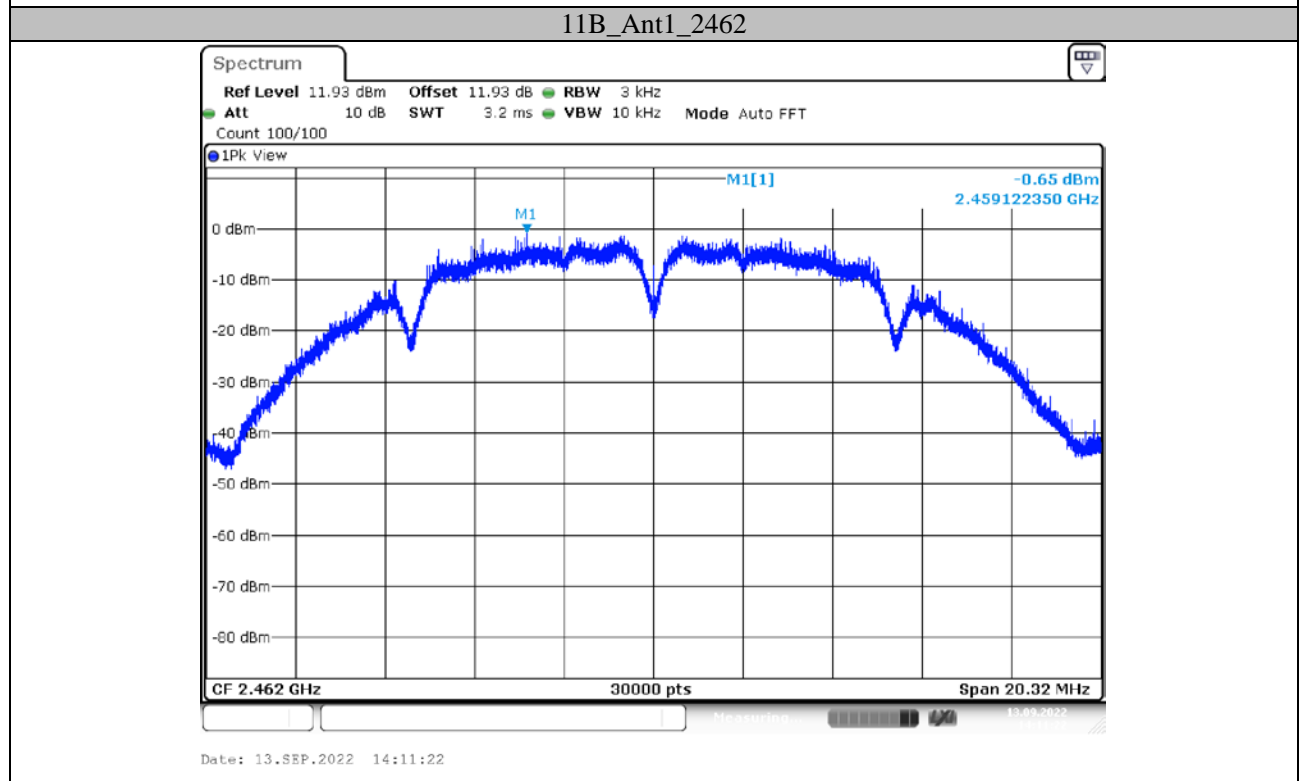
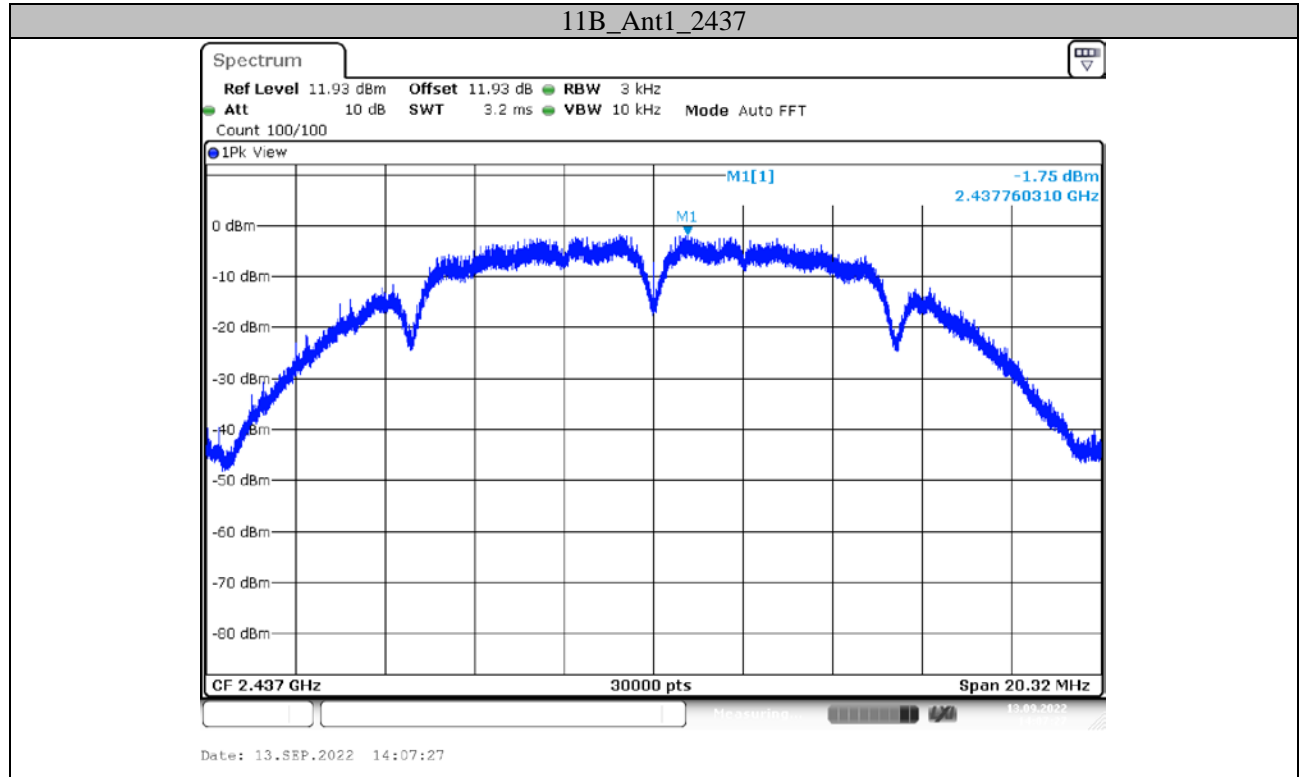
### Appendix D: Power spectral density

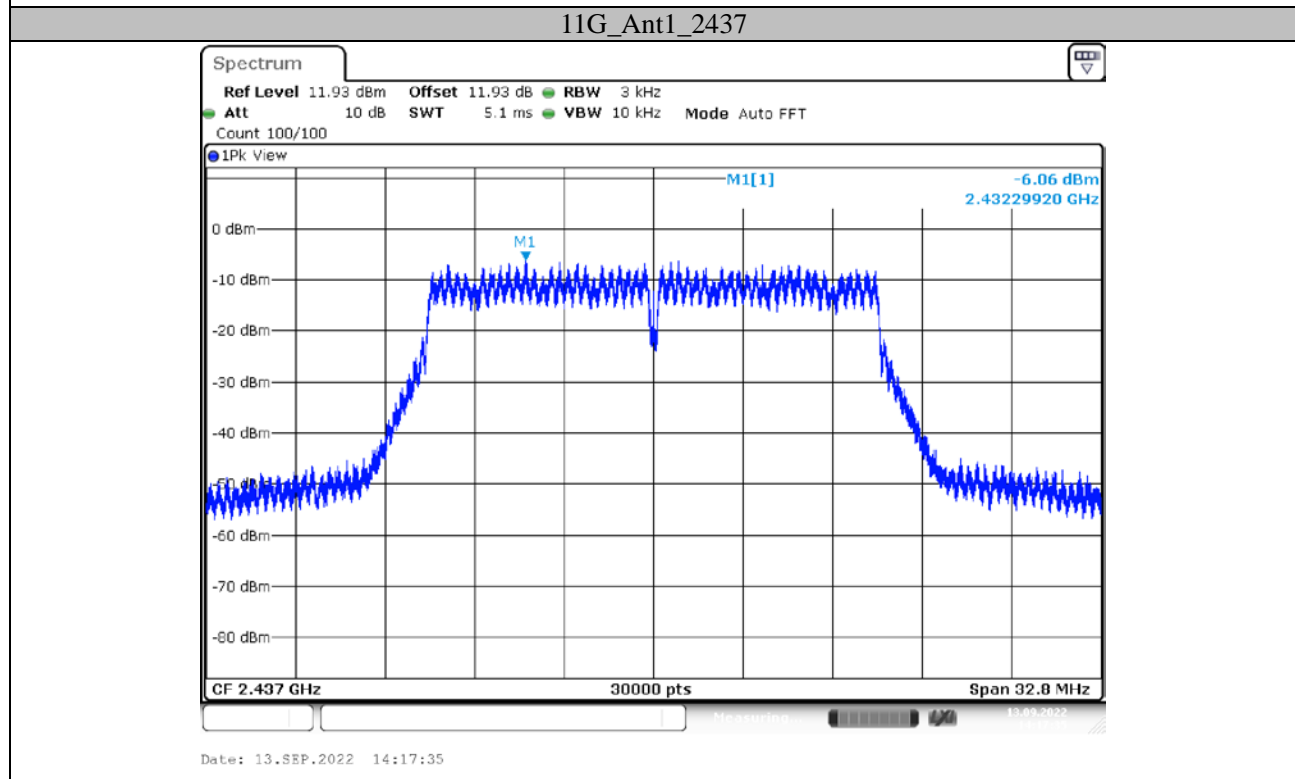
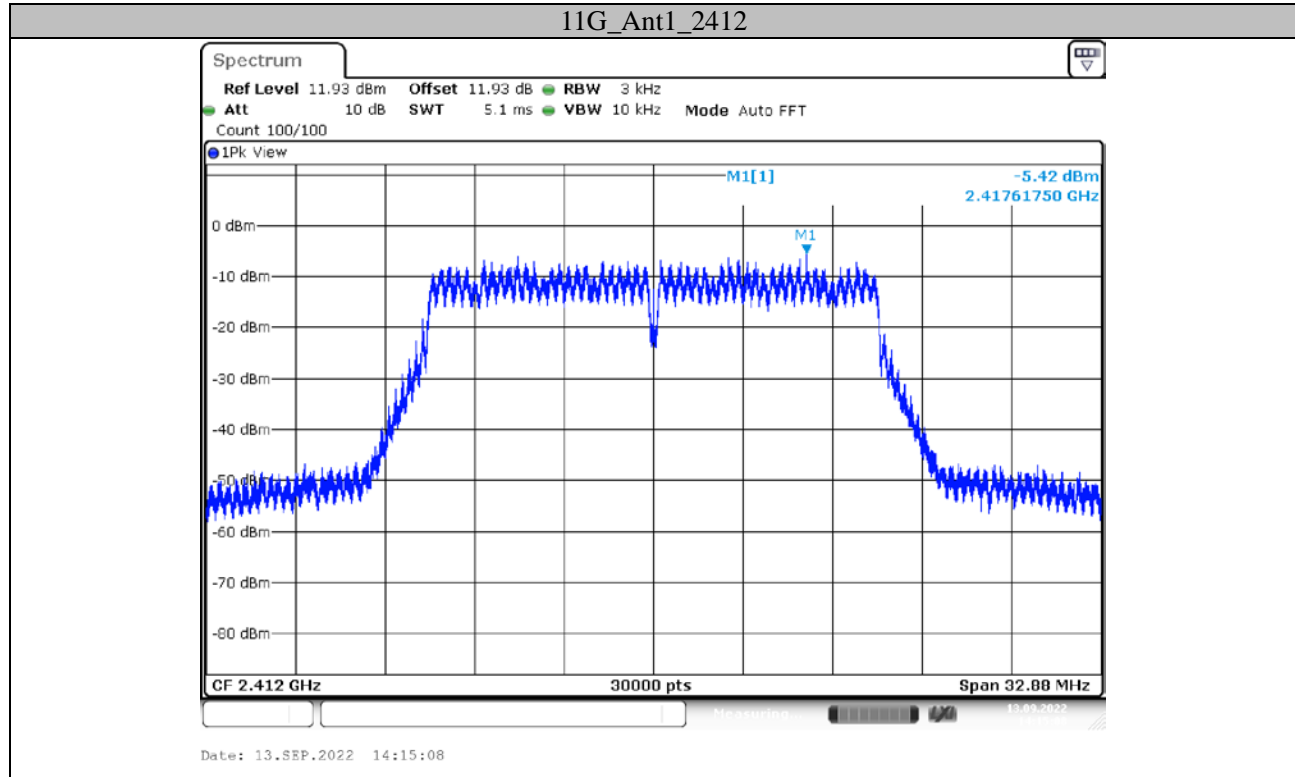
#### Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm/3kHz]	Limit[dBm/3kHz]	Verdict
11B	Ant1	2412	-0.50	<=8	PASS
		2437	-1.75	<=8	PASS
		2462	-0.65	<=8	PASS
11G	Ant1	2412	-5.42	<=8	PASS
		2437	-6.06	<=8	PASS
		2462	-5.63	<=8	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	2412	-5.99	<=8	PASS
		2437	-5.42	<=8	PASS
		2462	-4.91	<=8	PASS

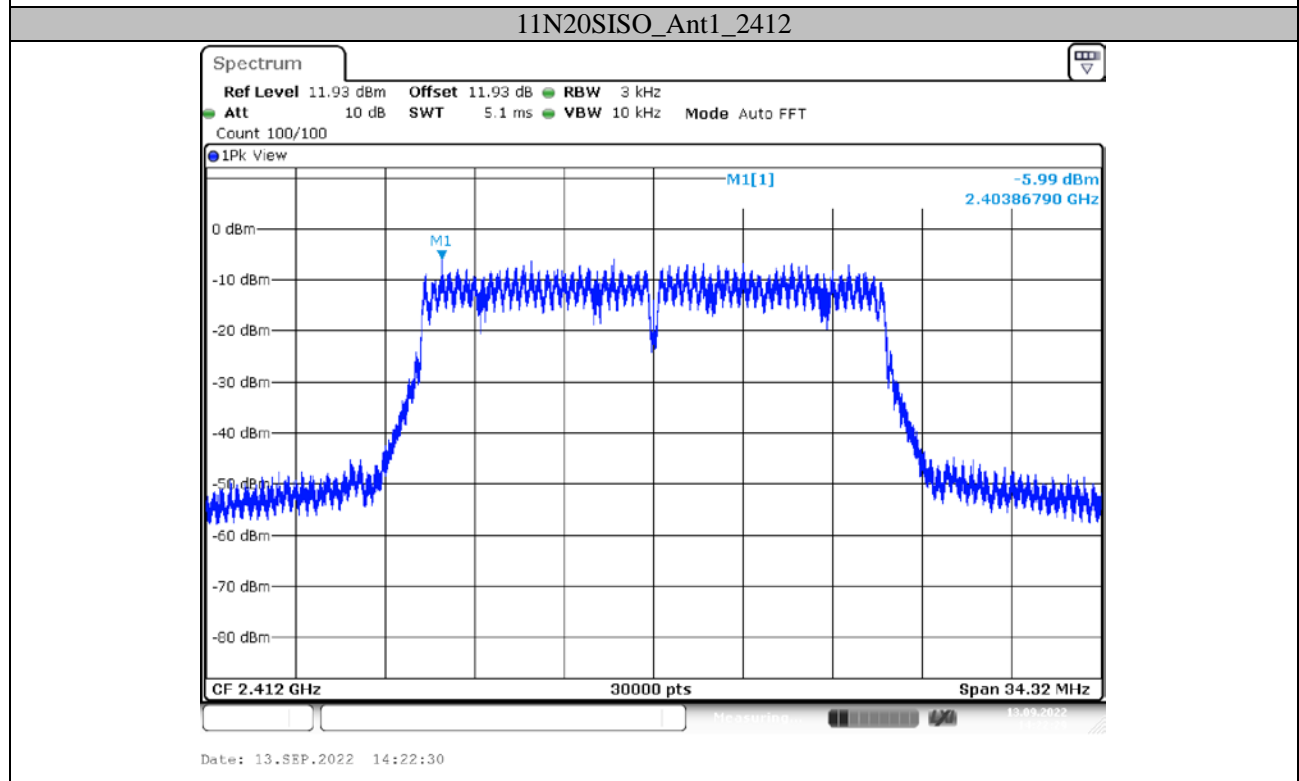
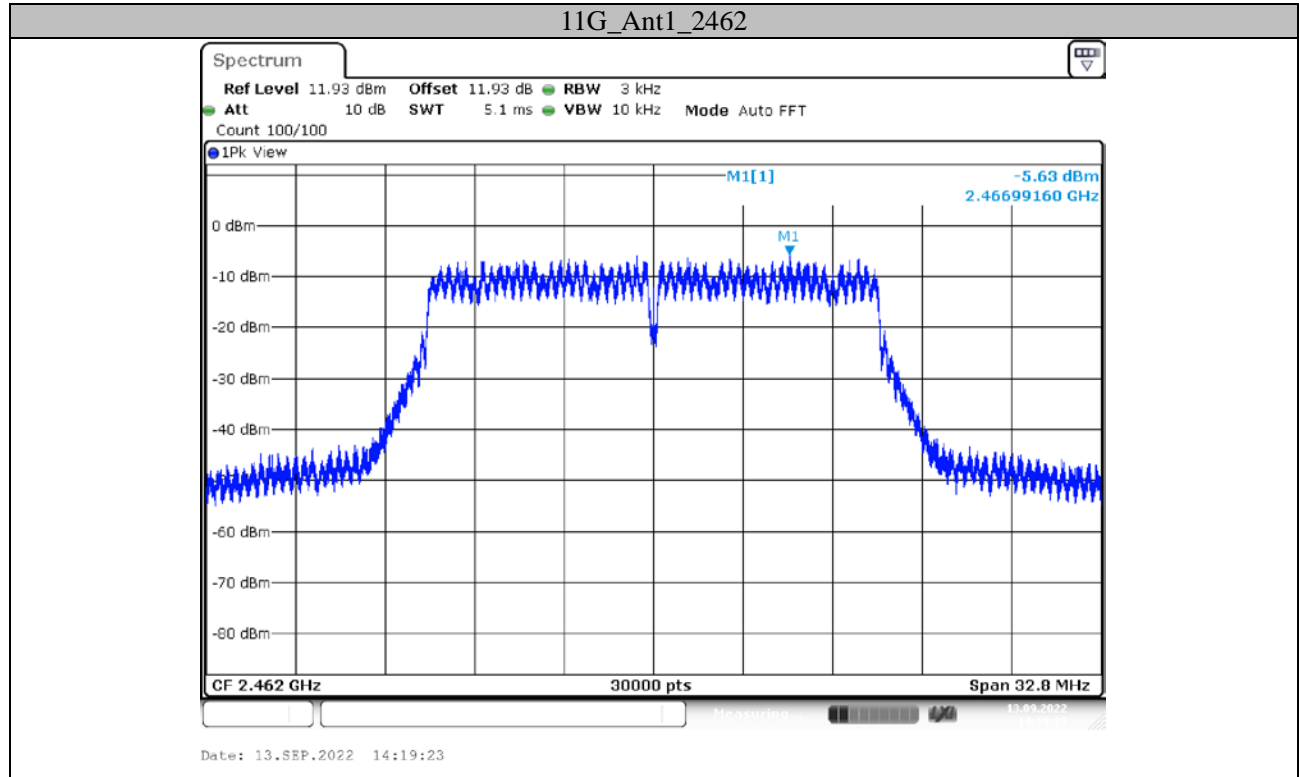
#### Test Graphs:

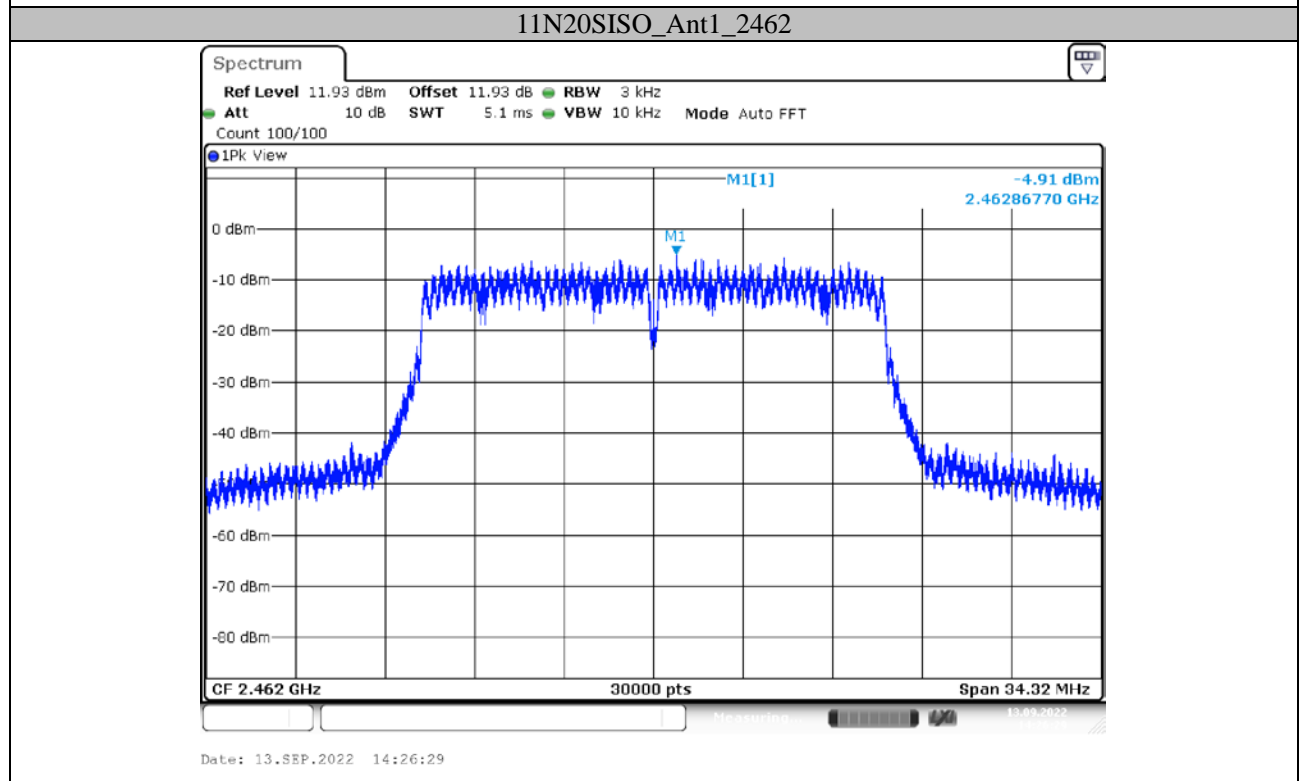
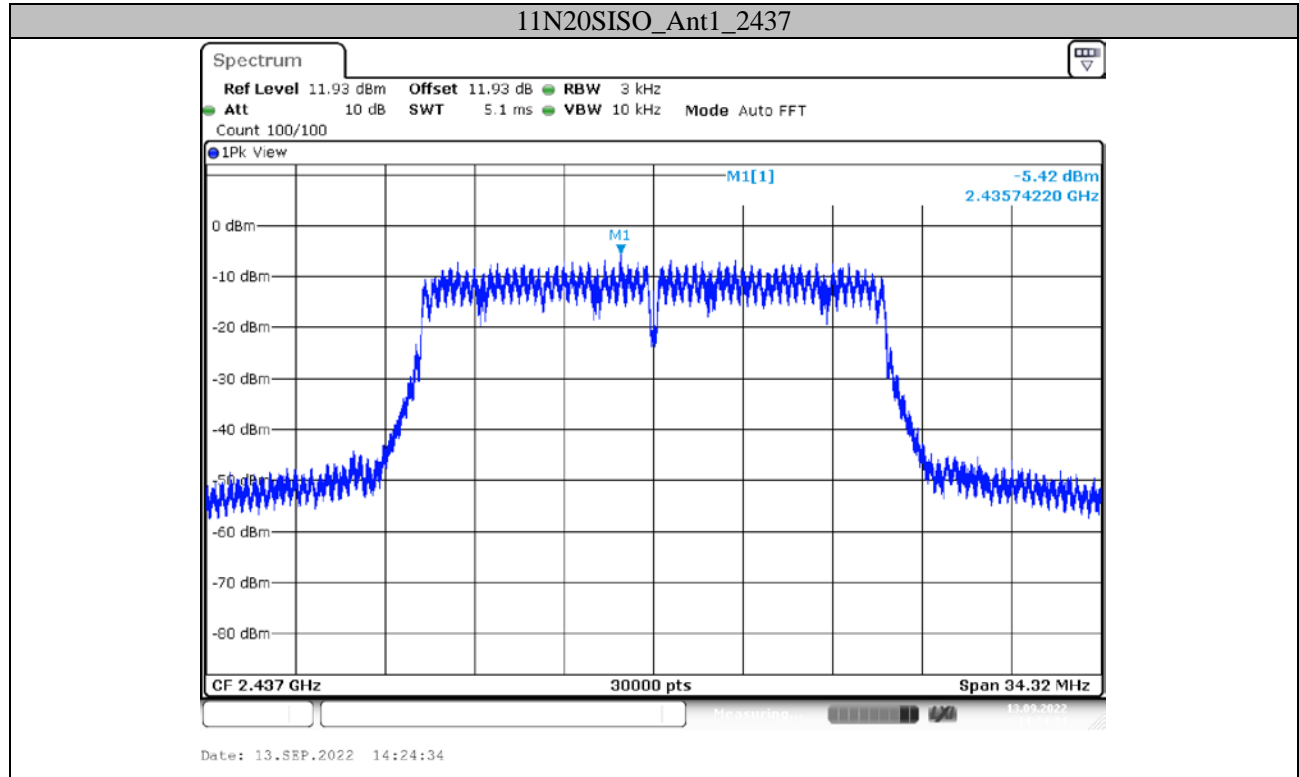






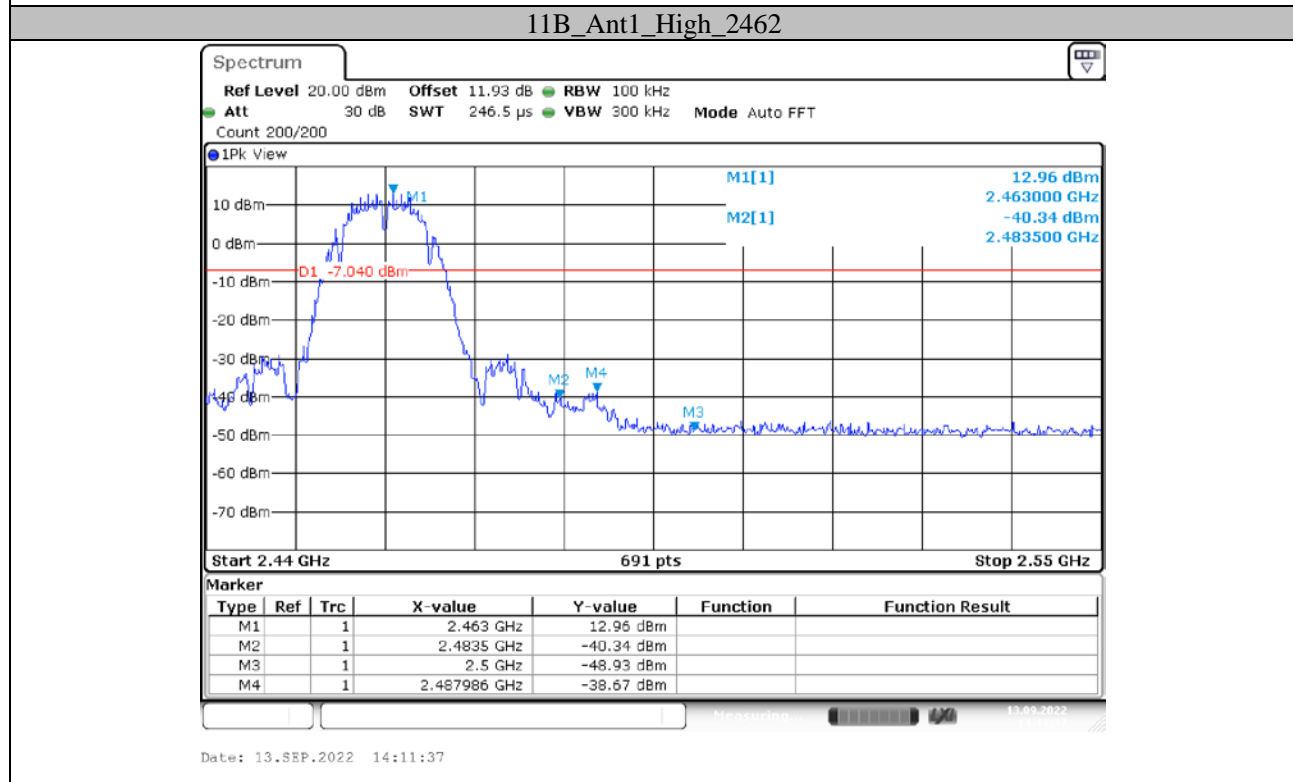
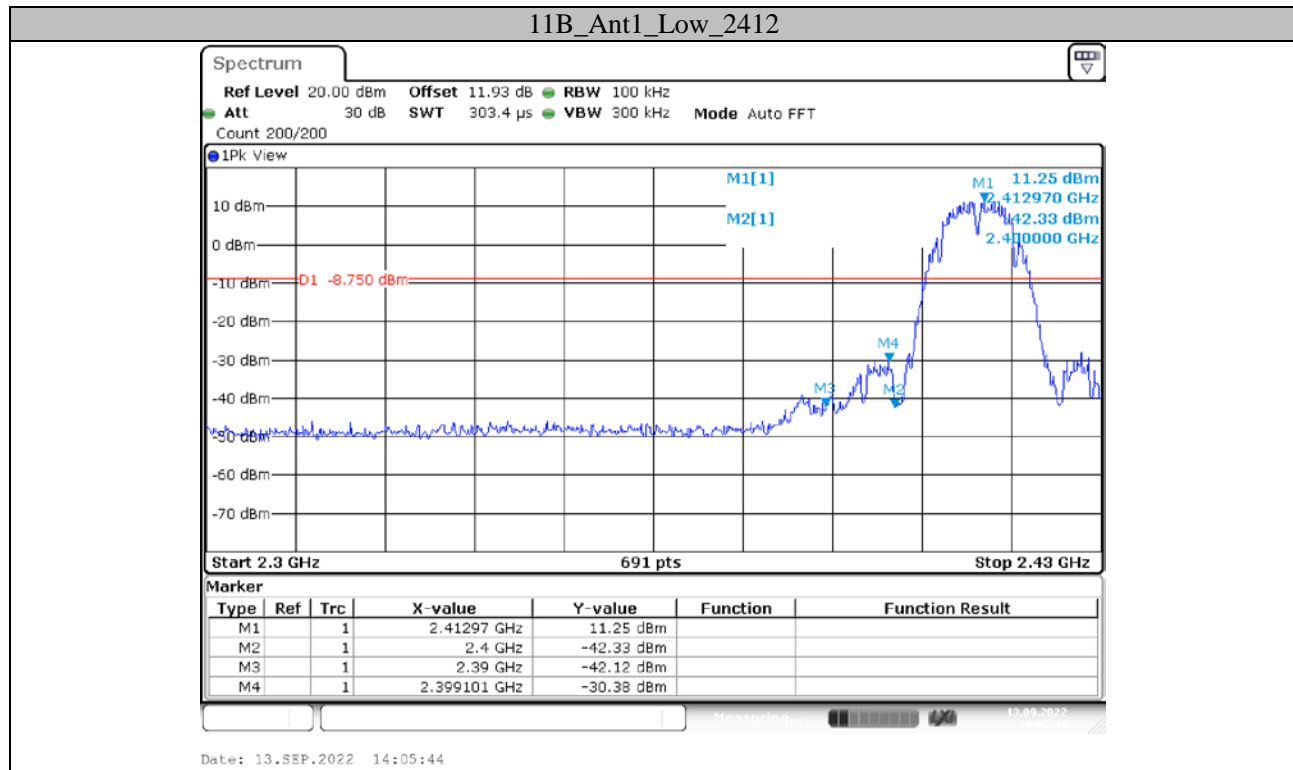


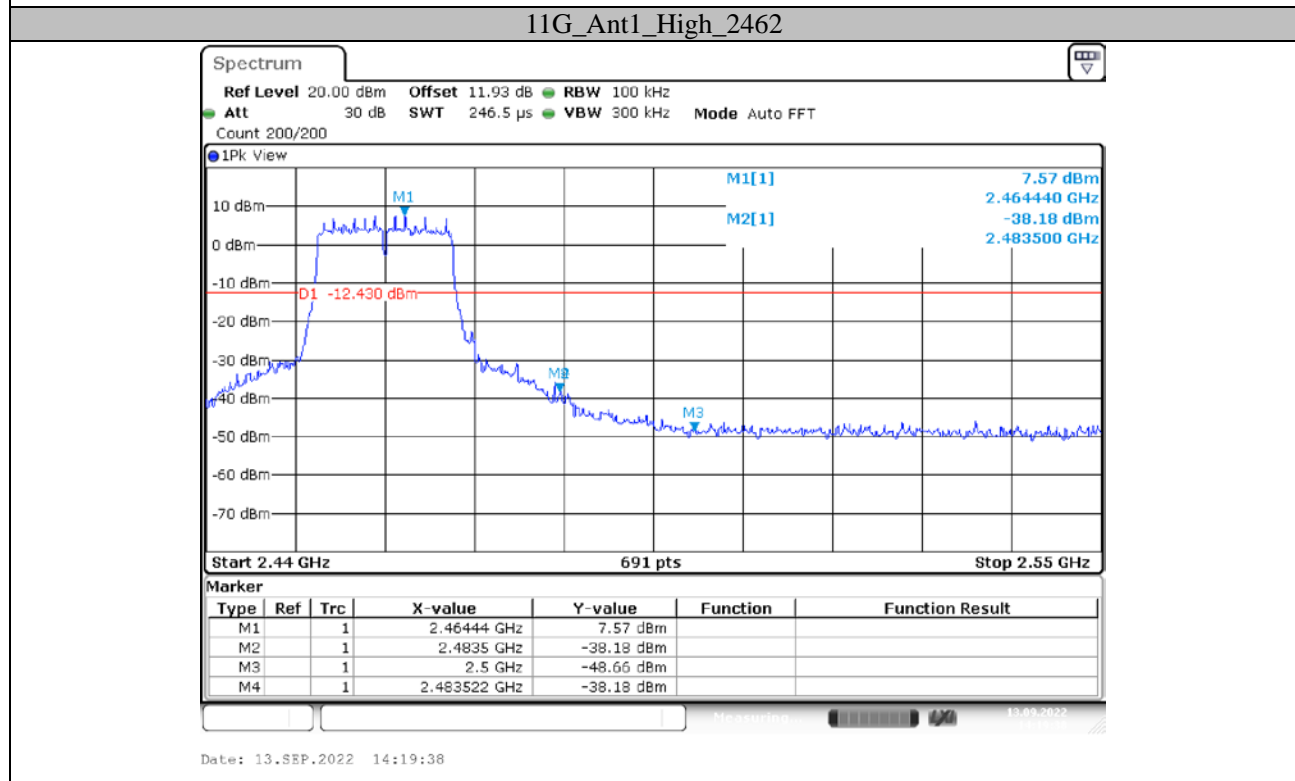
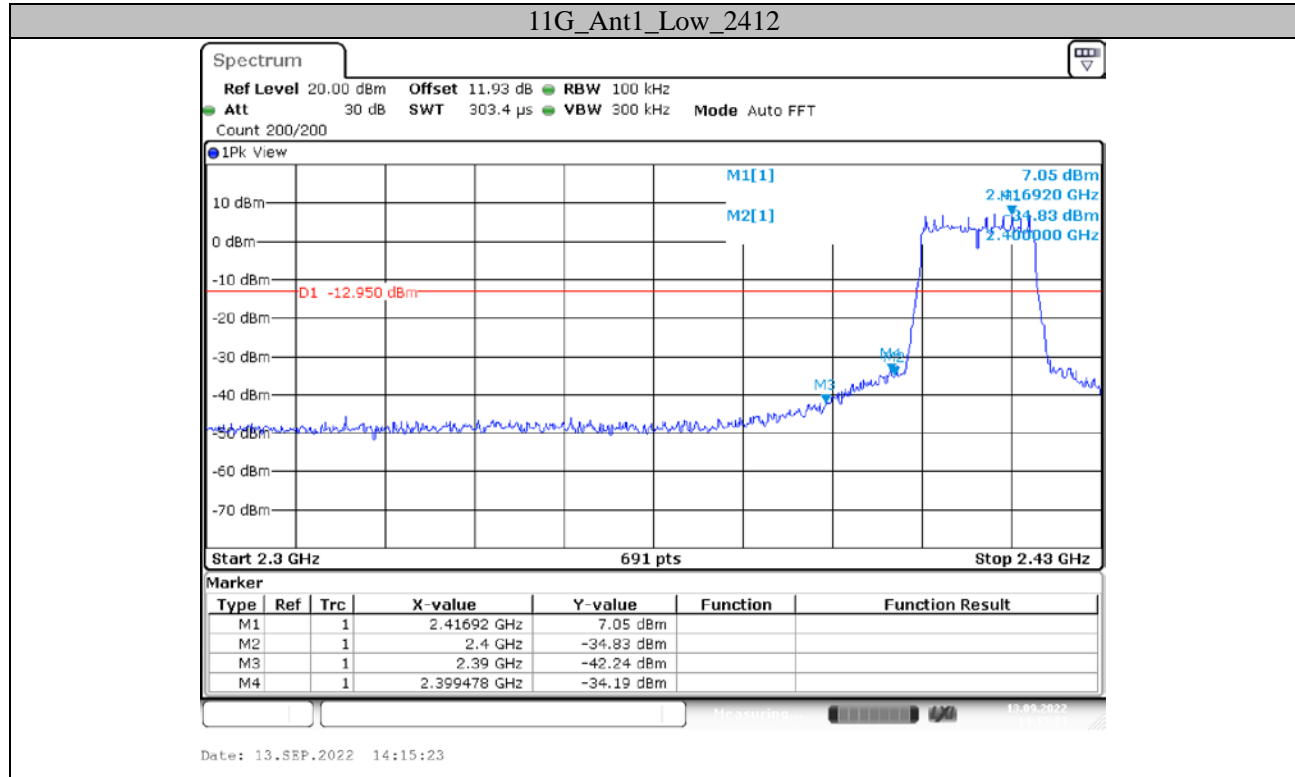


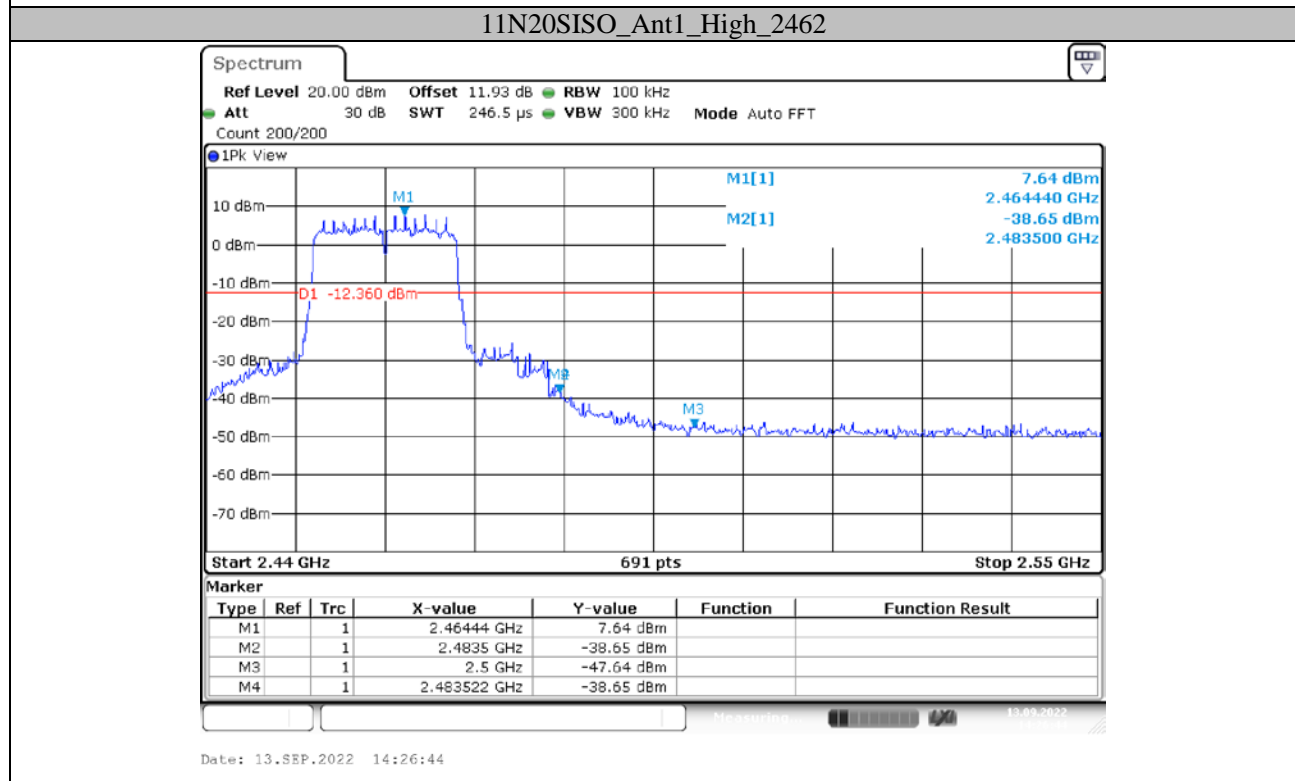
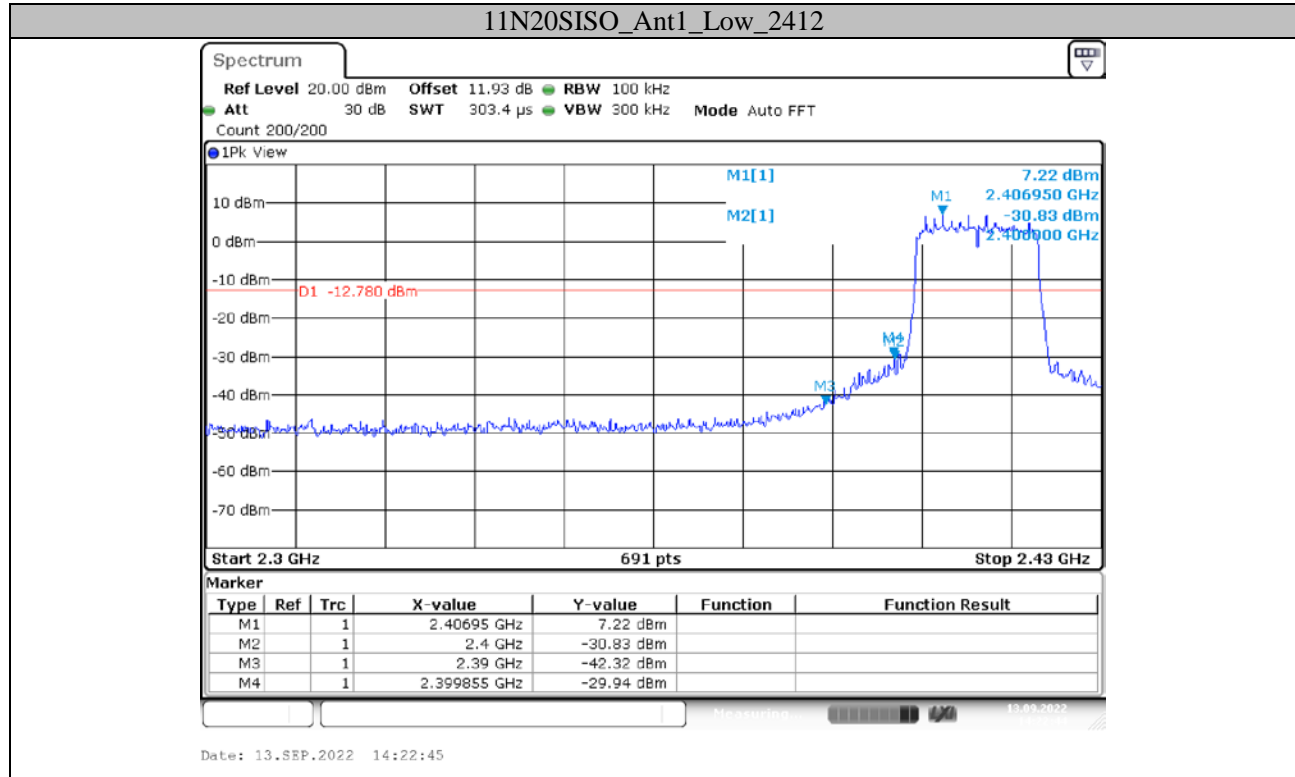


## Appendix E: Band edge measurements

### Test Graphs







**Appendix F: Duty Cycle****Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

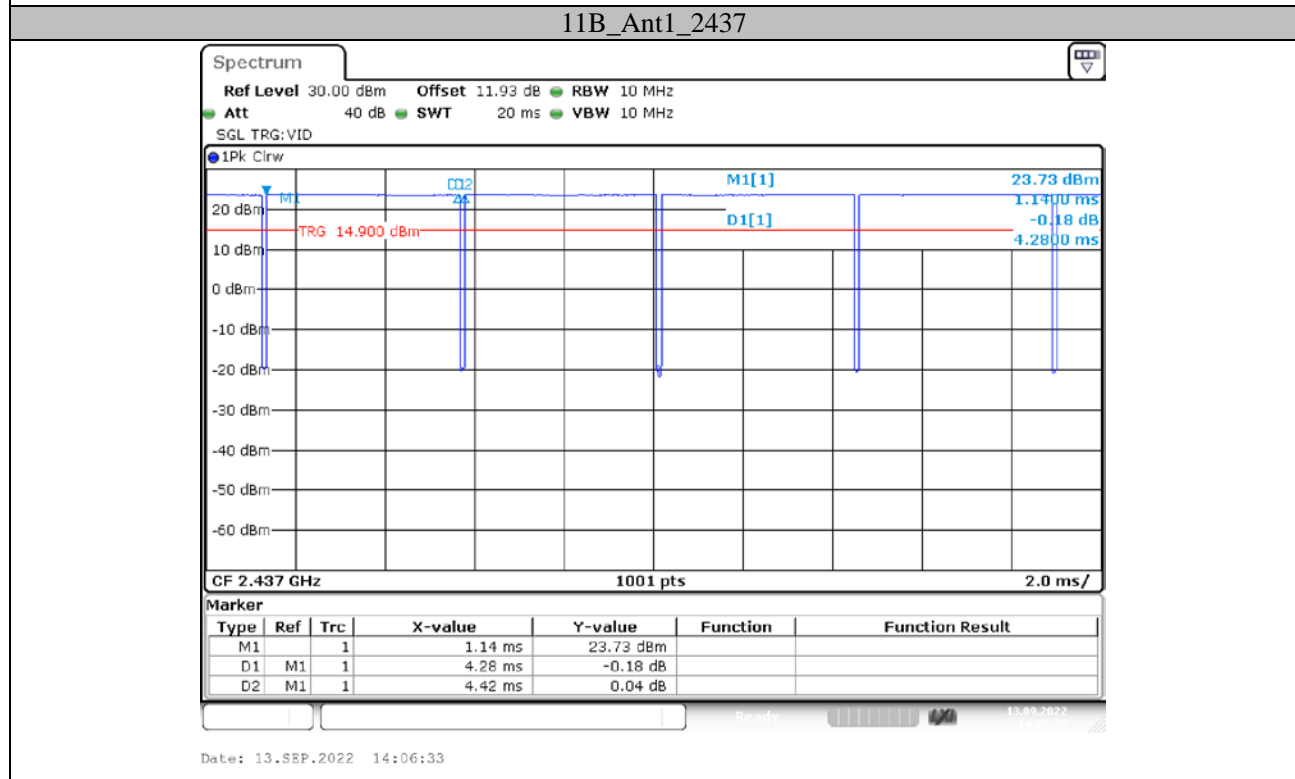
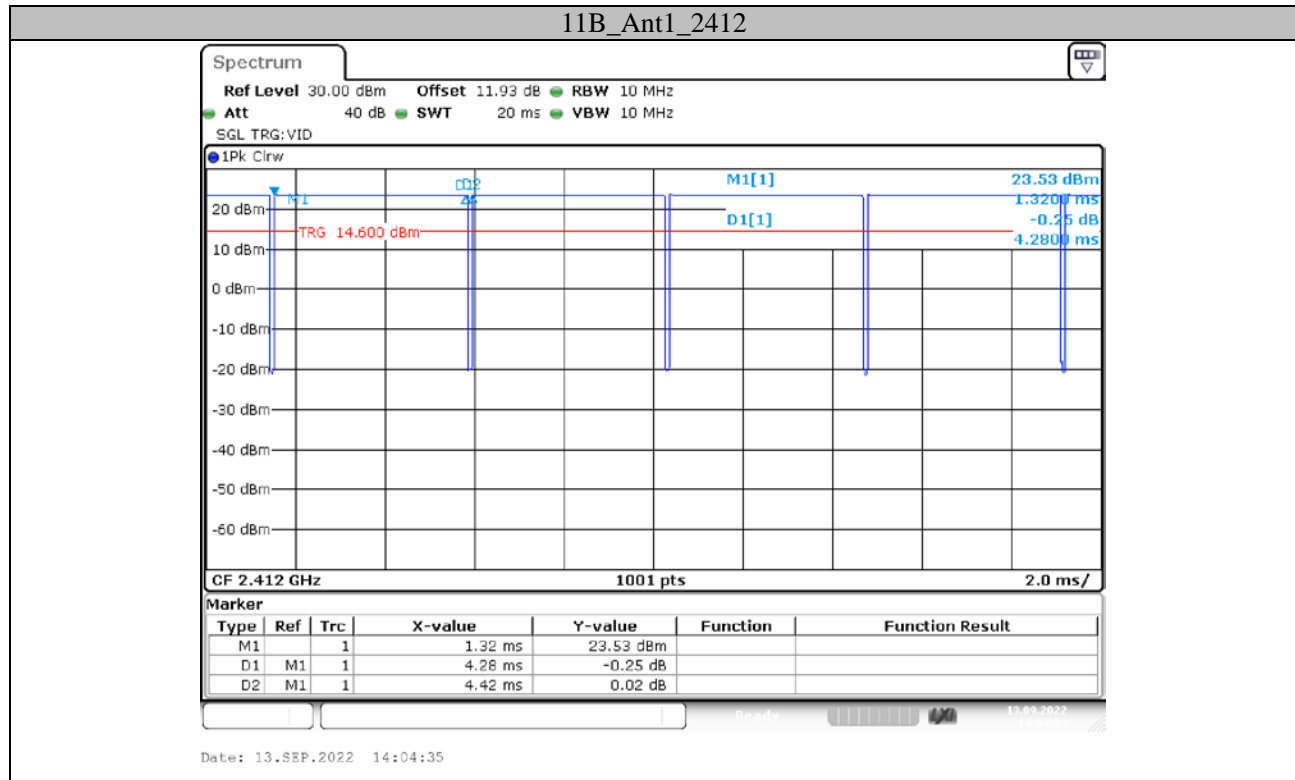
*The testing was performed by Glenn.Jiang on 2022-09-13.*

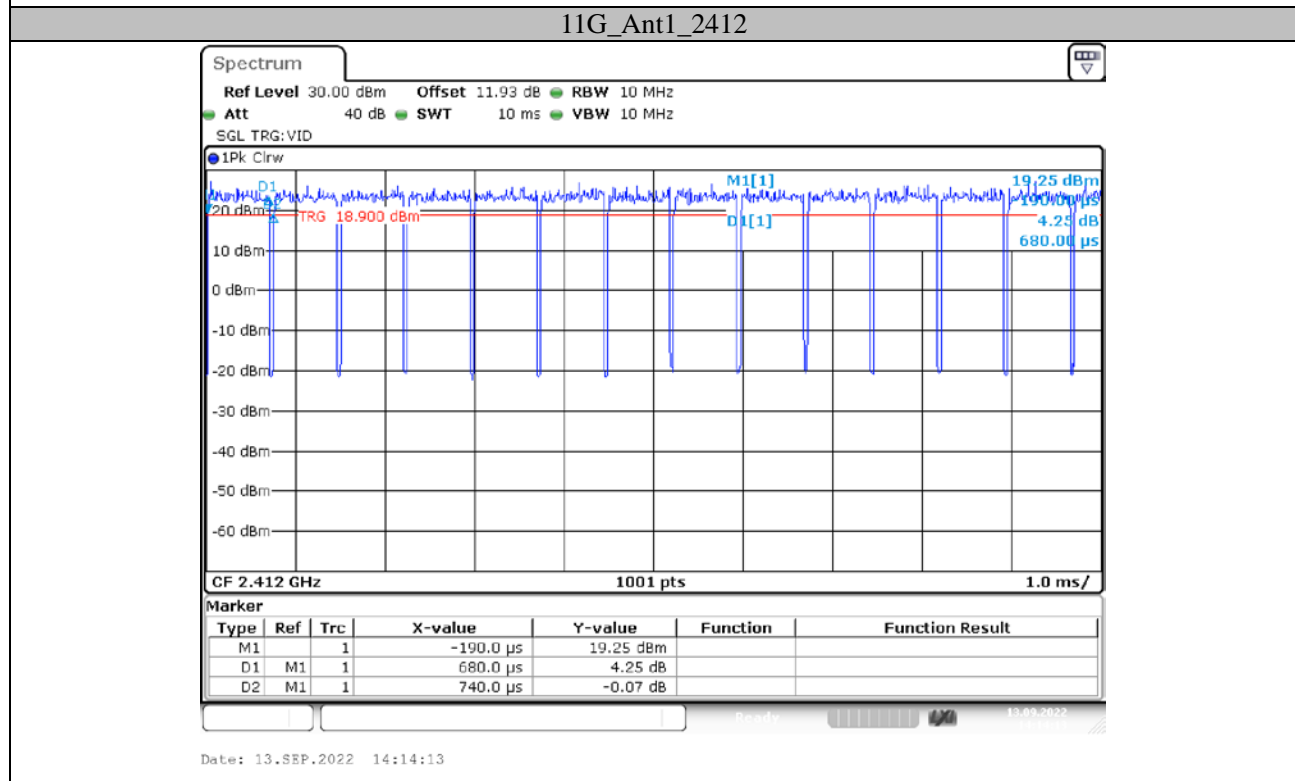
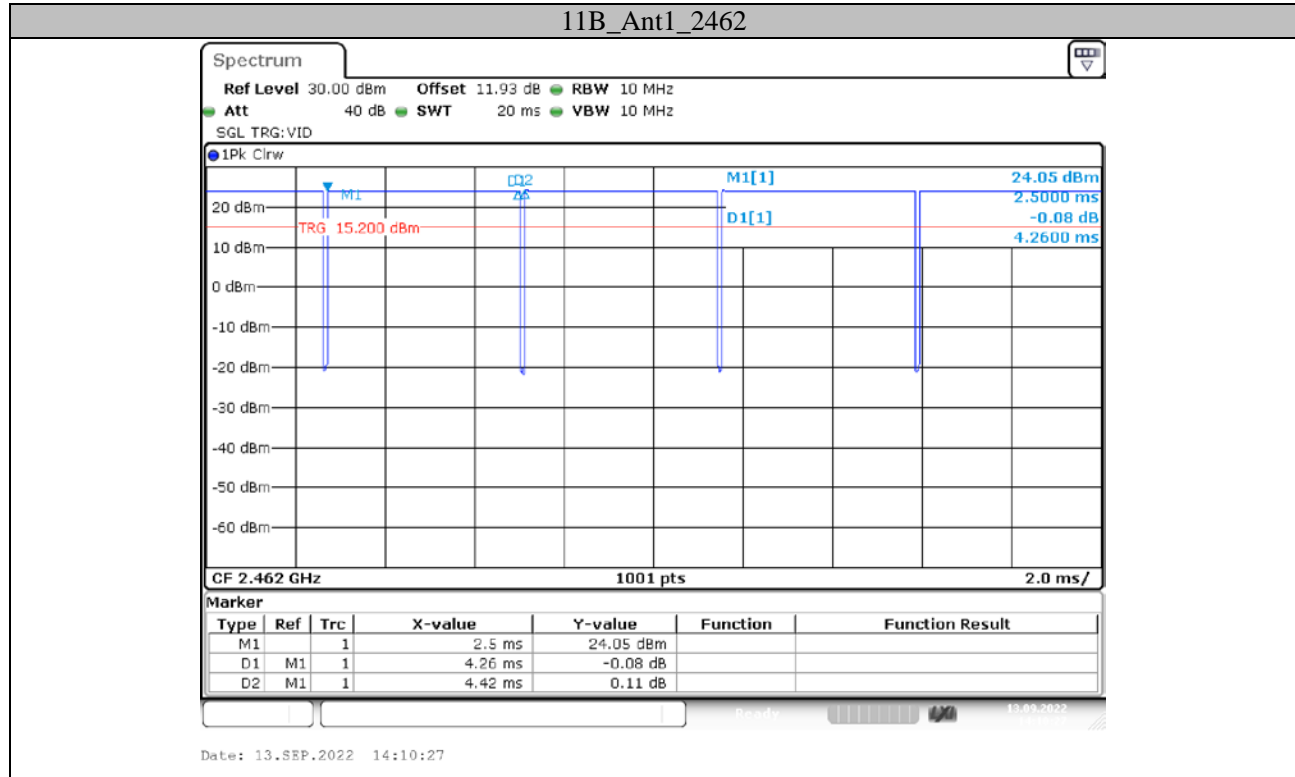
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result Compliant.

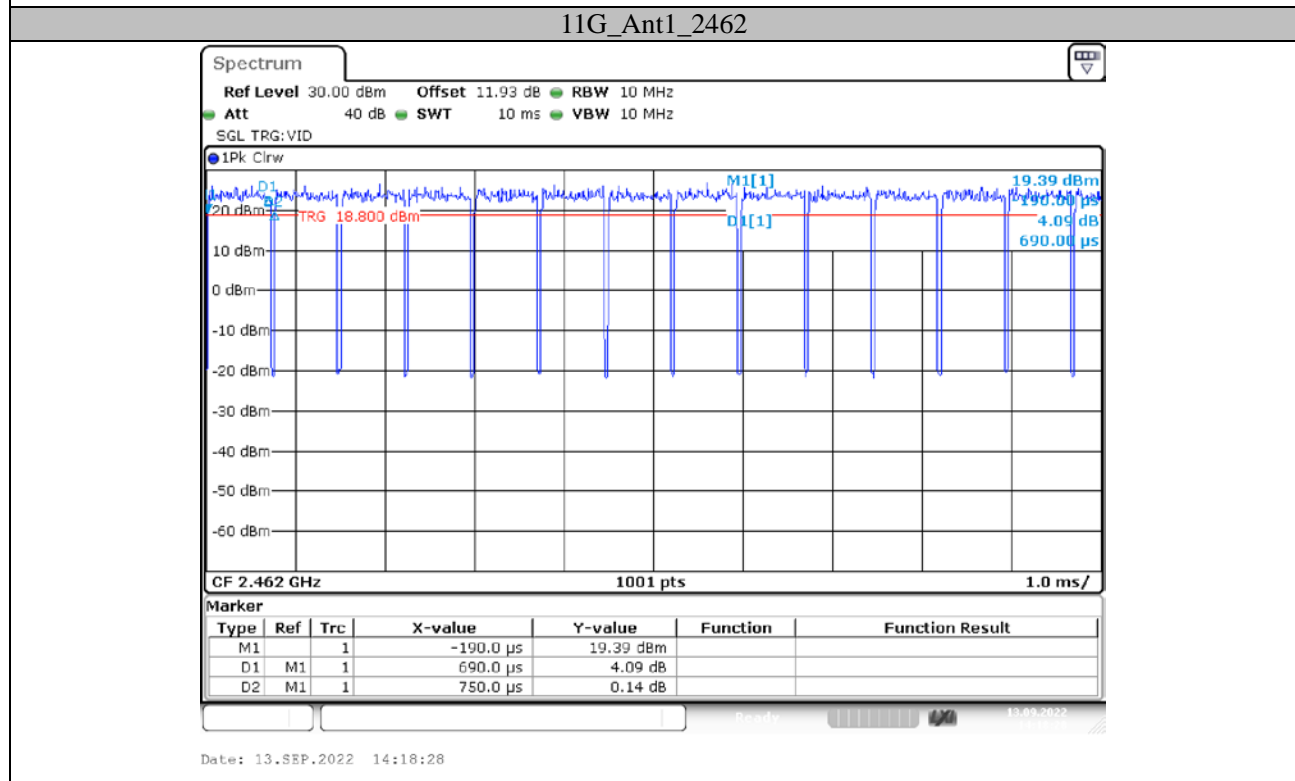
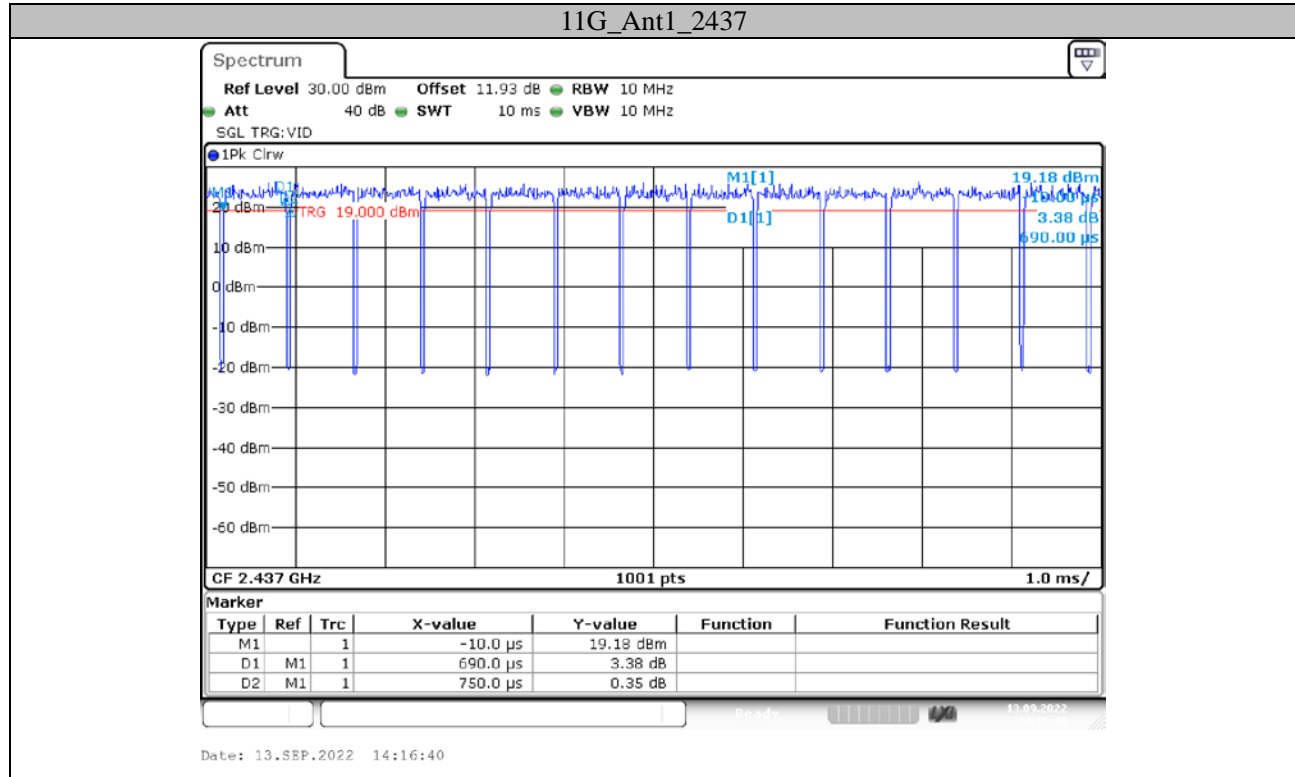
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]
11B	Ant1	2412	4.28	4.42	96.83
		2437	4.28	4.42	96.83
		2462	4.26	4.42	96.38
11G	Ant1	2412	0.68	0.74	91.89
		2437	0.69	0.75	92.00
		2462	0.69	0.75	92.00
11N20SISO	Ant1	2412	0.64	0.70	91.43
		2437	0.65	0.71	91.55
		2462	0.65	0.71	91.55

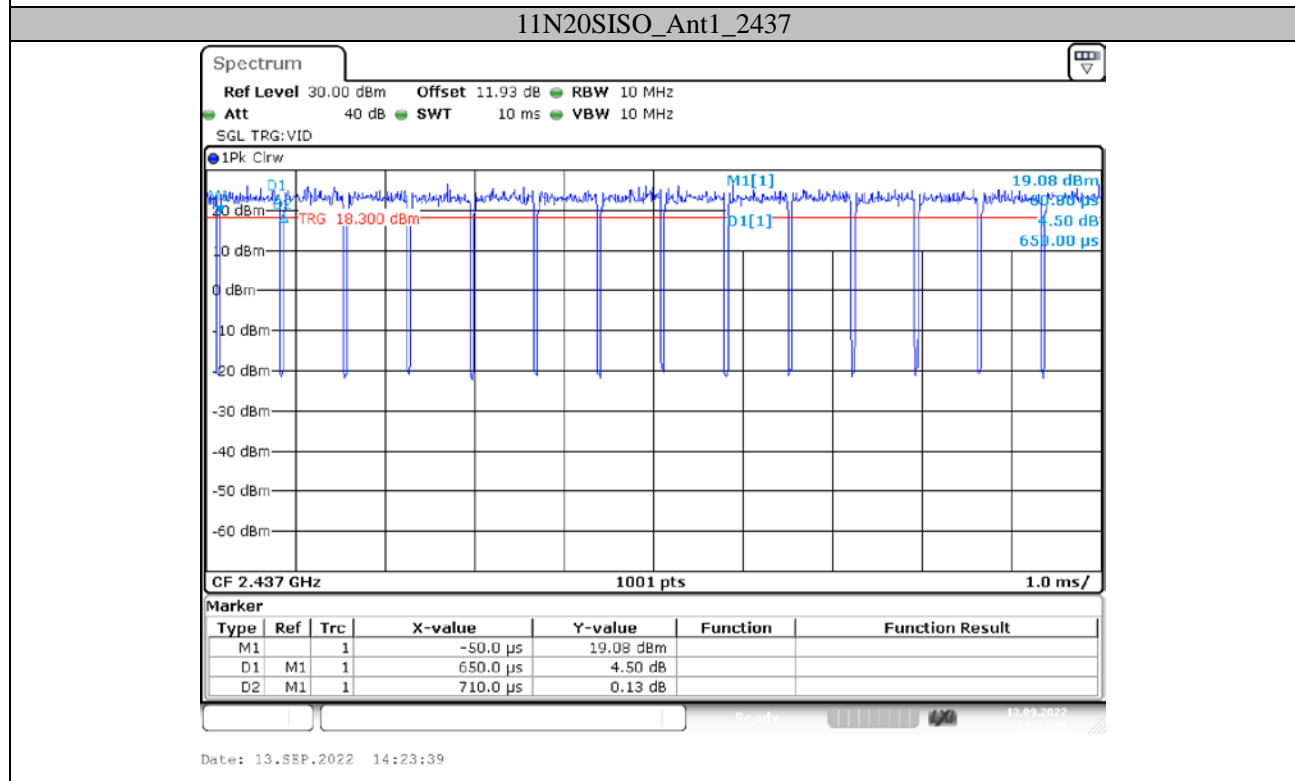
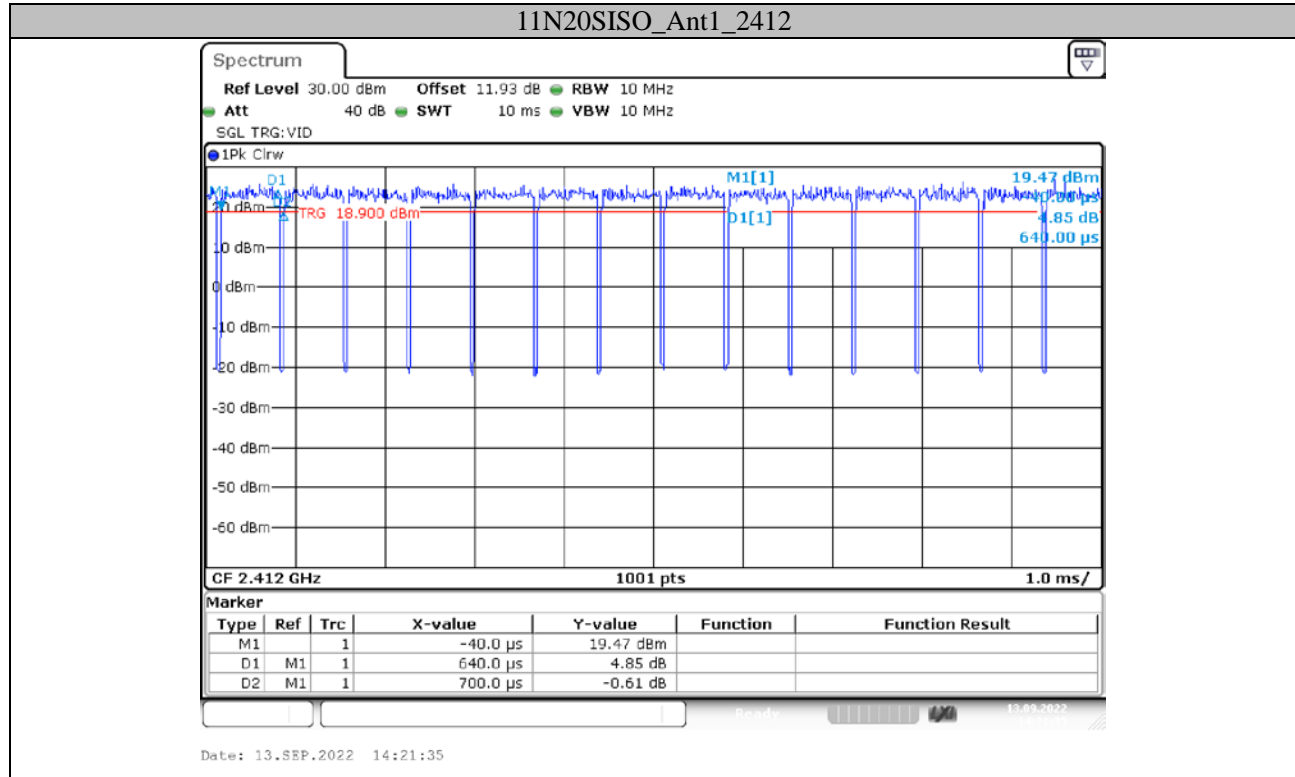
### Test Graphs

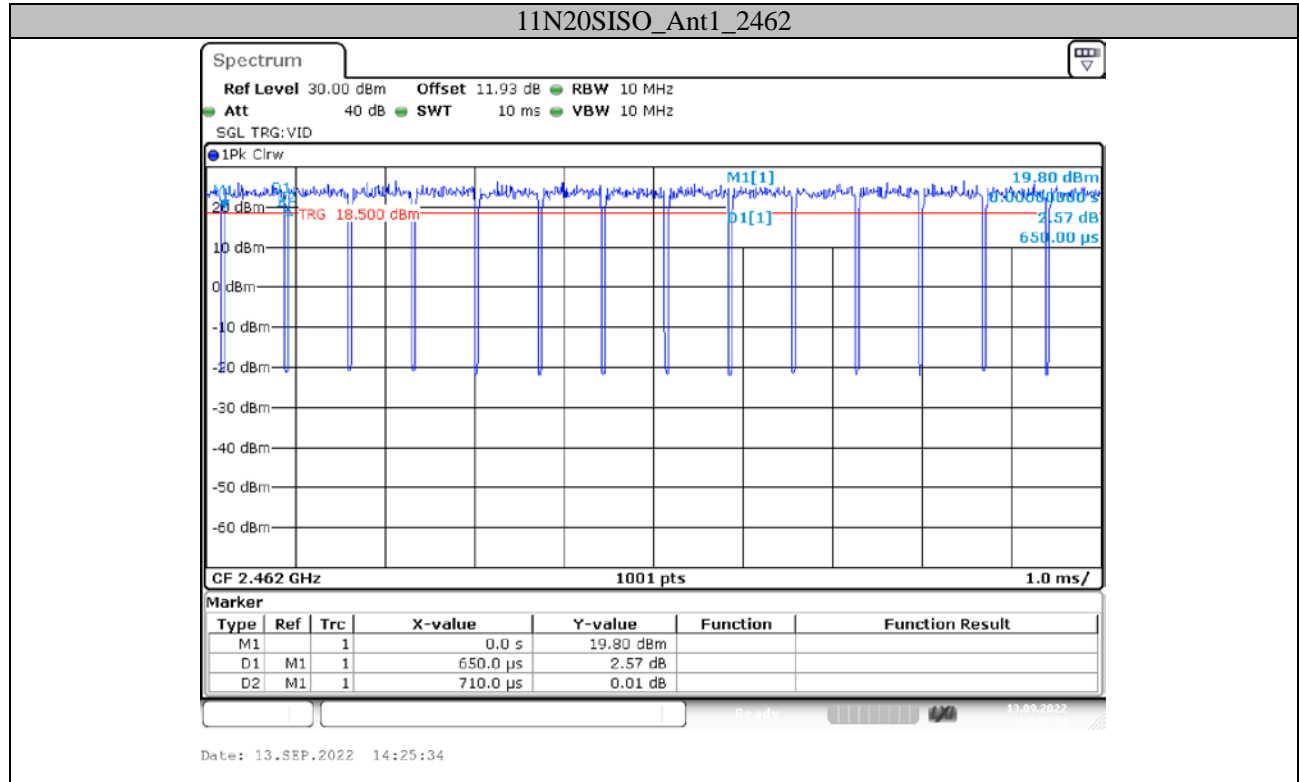












**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***