

FCC PART 22/24 TEST REPORT FCC Part 22 /Part 24								
Report Reference No.:	HK1812131950-1E							
FCC ID:	2AR7Z-18US1							
Compiled by								
( position+printed name+signature):	File administrators Gary Qian	Goog Dian						
Supervised by		Edan Hu						
(position+printed name+signature):	Technique principal Eden Hu	Edan Ma						
Approved by								
( position+printed name+signature):	Manager Jason Zhou	Jason Zhou						
Date of issue	Dec. 21, 2018							
Testing Laboratory Name	Shenzhen HUAK Testing Techn	ology Co., Ltd.						
Address	1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongch Heping Community, Fuhai Street,	neng Zhizao Innovation Park, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China						
Applicant's name	Shenzhen Topwell Technology Co., Ltd.							
Address								
Test specification								
Standard	FCC Part 22: PUBLIC MOBILE S	SERVICES						
	FCC Part 24: PERSONAL COMM	IUNICATIONS SERVICES						
	Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.							
This publication may be reproduced in Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology ( material. Shenzhen HUAK Testing Tec liability for damages resulting from the placement and context.	Co., Ltd. is acknowledged as copyri hnology Co., Ltd. takes no respons	ight owner and source of the sibility for and will not assume						
Test item description	Home Assistant for Seniors and Disabled							
Trade Mark	Sofihub							
Manufacturer	Shenzhen Topwell Technology Co., Ltd.							
Model/Type reference	18US1-1.7							
Listed Models /								
Ratings								
	DC6V/2.8A From Adapter							
Modulation								
GPRS								
Hardware version V2.0								
Software version	V2.0							
Frequency	GSM 850MHz; PCS 1900MHz;							
Result PASS								



# **TEST REPORT**

Test Report No. :	ни	(1812131950-1E	Dec. 21, 2018 Date of issue	
Equipment under Test	÷	Home Assistant for Seni	ors and Disabled	
Model /Type	:	18US1-1.7		
Listed Models	:	1		
Applicant	:	Shenzhen Topwell Tec	hnology Co., Ltd.	
Address	:	Room B518-520, Yousong Keji Building, Donghuan 1st Road, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China		
Manufacturer	:	Shenzhen Topwell Tec	hnology Co., Ltd.	
Address	:	Room B518-520, Yousong Keji Building, Donghuan 1st Road, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China		

Test Result:	PASS
--------------	------

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



# **Revison History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	2018-12-21	Initial Issue	Jason Zhou



# Contents

<u>1</u>	TEST STANDARDS	<u> 5</u>
<u>2</u>	SUMMARY	6
2.1	General Remarks	6
2.2	Product Description	6
2.3	Equipment under Test	6
2.4	Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)	7
2.5	EUT configuration	7
2.6	Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)	7
2.7	Modifications	7
2.8	General Test Conditions/Configurations	7
2.9	Modifications	7
<u>3</u>	TEST ENVIRONMENT	8
3.1	Address of the test laboratory	8
3.2	Environmental conditions	8
3.3	Test Description	8
3.4	Equipments Used during the Test	10
<u>4</u>	TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	<u>11</u>
4.1	Output Power	11
4.2	Radiated Spurious Emssion	15
4.3	Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth	19
4.4	Band Edge Complicance	20
4.5	Spurious Emssion on Antenna Port	21
4.6	Frequency Stability Test	22
4.7	Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR)	24
5	TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT	25



# 1 <u>TEST STANDARDS</u>

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Part 22 (10-1-12 Edition): PRIVATE LAND MOBILE RADIO SERVICES.

FCC Part 24(10-1-12 Edition): PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES

<u>TIA/EIA 603 D June 2010:</u> Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards.



# 2 <u>SUMMARY</u>

## 2.1 General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Dec. 14, 2018
Testing commenced on	:	Dec. 20, 2018
Testing concluded on	:	Dec. 21, 2018

## 2.2 Product Description

Product Name:	Home Assistant for Seniors and Disabled
Model/Type reference:	18US1-1.7
List Model:	1
Power supply:	DC 3.70V
Adapter Information	DC6V/2.8A From Adapter
Modilation Type	GMSK
Antenna Type	Internal antenna
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	Supported GPRS/EDGE
GSM/GPRS Power Class	GSM850:Power Class 4/ PCS1900:Power Class 1
GSM/GPRS Operation Frequency	GSM850 :824.2MHz-848.8MHz/PCS1900:1850.2MHz-1909.8MHz
GPRS Operation Frequency Band	GPRS850/GPRS1900/EDGE850/EDGE1900
GPRS/EDGE Multislot Class	GPRS/EDGE: Multi-slot Class 12
EGPRS Multislot Class	1
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
GPRS operation mode	Class B

## 2.3 Equipment under Test

## Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	230V / 50Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
			Other (specified in blank bel	ow	)
DC 3.7V From Battery;					
DC6V/2.8A From Adapter					

## Test frequency list

Test Mode	TX/RX	RF Channel				
I ESI MOUE		Low(L)	Middle (M)	High (H)		
	ТХ	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251		
GSM850	IA	824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz		
GSIVIODU	RX	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251		
	K۸	869.2 MHz	881.6 MHz	893.8 MHz		
Test Mode	TX/RX	RF Channel				
I ESI MOUE		Low(L)	Middle (M)	High (H)		
	ТХ	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810		
GSM1900		1850.2 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.8 MHz		
631011900	RX	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810		
	ΓΛ	1930.2 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1989.8 MHz		





## 2.4 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

This is a Home Assistant for Seniors and Disabled.

For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

## 2.5 EUT configuration

### The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

• - supplied by the manufacturer

 $\bigcirc$  - supplied by the lab

0	1	M/N :	/
		Manufacturer:	/

## 2.6 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID**: 2AR7Z-18US1 filing to comply with FCC Part 22 and Part 24 Rules

## 2.7 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

## 2.8 General Test Conditions/Configurations

## 2.8.1 Test Modes

NOTE: The test mode(s) are selected according to relevant radio technology specifications.

Test Mode 1	GPRS
Test Mode 2	EGPRS

### 2.8.2 Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests			
Relative Humidity	Ambient			
Temperature	TN	Ambient		
	VL	3.40V		
Voltage	VN	3.70V		
	VH	4.20V		

NOTE: VL=lower extreme test voltage VN=nominal voltage VH=upper extreme test voltage TN=normal temperature

## 2.9 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.



# 3 TEST ENVIRONMENT

## 3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Add.:1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park,Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

## 3.2 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

## 3.3 Test Description

### 3.3.1 Cellular Band (824-849MHz paired with 869-894MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Verdict				
Effective(Isotropic) Radiated Output Power	§2.1046, §22.913	FCC: ERP ≤ 7W.	Pass				
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	compliance *				
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	compliance *				
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §22.917	<ul> <li>≤-13dBm/1%*EBW, in 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to The frequency block.</li> </ul>	compliance *				
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13dBm/100kHz, from 9kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	compliance *				
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13dBm/100kHz.	Pass				
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §22.355	≤ ±2.5ppm.	compliance *				
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the " compliance *" Test data refers to FCC ID:PKRNVWMC730, and report number is:SD72123529-0117A.							



## 3.3.2 PCS Band (1850-1915MHz paired with 1930-1995MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Verdict
Effective(Isotropic) Radiated Output Power	§2.1046, §24.232	EIRP ≤ 2W	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046, §24.232	FCC:Limit≤13dB	compliance *
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	compliance *
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	compliance *
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §24.238	≤ -13dBm/1%*EBW, In 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to The frequency block.	compliance *
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §24.238	≤-13dBm/1MHz, from 9kHz to10th harmonics but outside authorized Operating frequency ranges.	compliance *
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §24.238	≤ -13dBm/1MHz.	Pass
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §24.235	FCC: within authorized frequency block.	compliance *
NOTE 1: For the verdict, t Test data refers to FCC IE		*" denotes 30, and report number is:SD72123529-0117A.	

Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

# 3.4 Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
LISN	ENV216	R&S	HKE-059	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
LISN	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Broadband antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	HKE-012	2017/12/28	2019/12/26
Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	2017/12/28	2019/12/26
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	2017/12/28	2019/12/26
Preamplifier	EMCI	EMC051845SE	HKE-015	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Preamplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Temperature and humidity meter	Boyang	HTC-1	HKE-075	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
High pass filter unit	Tonscend	JS0806-F	HKE-055	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
RF cable	Times	1-40G	HKE-034	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	HKE-085	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	2017/12/28	2018/12/27
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	HKE-026	2017/12/28	2018/12/27



# 4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

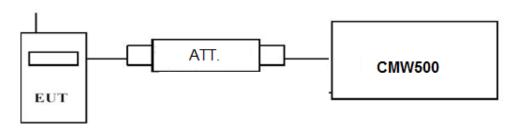
## 4.1 Output Power

## TEST APPLICABLE

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via R&S Digital Radio Communication tester (CMW500) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains output power and EIRP measurements for the EUT. In all cases, output power is within the specified limits.

## 4.1.1 Conducted Output Power

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

#### **Conducted Power Measurement:**

- a) Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- b) Connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a CMW500 by an Att.
- c) EUT Communicate with CMW500 then selects a channel for testing.
- d) Add a correction factor to the display CMW500, and then test.

GSM850									
Function	Power step	Nominal output power (dBm)	Power &Multislot class	Operation class					
GSM	5	33dBm(2W)	4	/					
GPRS	3	33dBm(2W)	12	В					
EDGE	8	27dBm(0.5W)	12	В					

PCS1900									
Function	Power step	Nominal output power (dBm)	Power &Multislot class	Operation class					
GSM	0	30dBm(1W)	1	/					
GPRS	3	30dBm(1W)	12	В					
EDGE	2	27dBm(0.5W)	12	В					

### TEST RESULTS

Note:



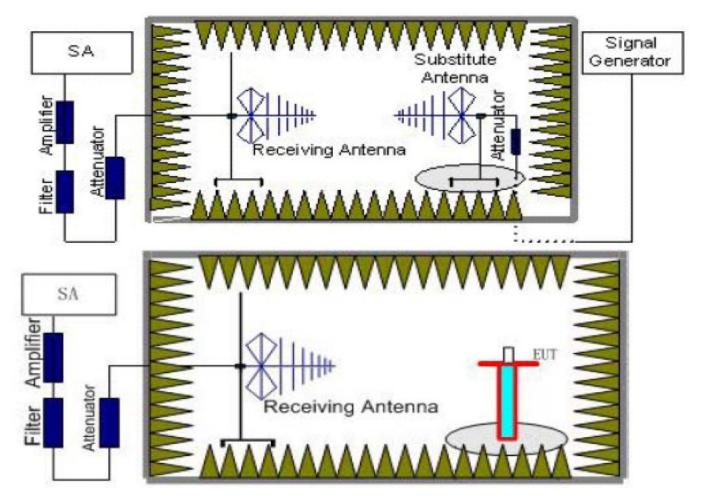
## 4.1.2 Radiated Output Power

## **TEST DESCRIPTION**

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT.

Rule Part 24.232(c) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power" and 24.232(e) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage." Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies " The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

## TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

- EUT was placed on a 0.80 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.80m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) were measured with peak detector.
- 2. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
- 3. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test.Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (P<sub>r</sub>).
- 4. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of the



substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

5. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (P<sub>cl</sub>), the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) and the Amplifier Gain (P<sub>Ag</sub>) should be recorded after test. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=P<sub>Mea</sub>- P<sub>Ag</sub> - P<sub>cl</sub> + G<sub>a</sub>

We used SMF100A micowave signal generator which signal level can up to 33dBm, so we not used power Amplifier for substituation test; The measurement results are amend as described below: Power(EIRP)= $P_{Mea^-}P_{cl} + G_a$ 

- 6. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 7. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP-2.15dBi.

## <u>TEST LIMIT</u>

Note: We test the H direction and V direction, V direction is worse.

According to 22.913(a) and 24.232(c), the ERP should be not exceed following table limits:

GSM850(GPRS850,EDGE850)								
Function Power Step Burst Peak ERP (								
GSM	5	≤38.45dBm (7W)						
GPRS	3	≤38.45dBm (7W)						
EDGE	8	≤38.45dBm (7W)						

PCS1900(GPRS1900,EDGE1900)									
Function Power Step Burst Peak EIRP (dBm)									
GSM	0	≤33dBm (2W)							
GPRS	3	≤33dBm (2W)							
EDGE	2	≤33dBm (2W)							

### TEST RESULTS

Remark:

- 1. We were tested all Configuration refer 3GPP TS151 010.
- 2. EIRP=P<sub>Mea</sub>(dBm)-P<sub>cl</sub>(dB)+P<sub>Ag</sub>(dB)+G<sub>a</sub>(dBi)
- 3. ERP = EIRP 2.15dBi as EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole.

Note: 1.We tesed Horizontal and Vertical, and Recorded the worst data at the Vertical 2.This device only supports GPRS

#### GPRS 850

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	Correction (dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
824.20	-9.99	2.42	8.45	2.15	36.82	30.71	38.45	7.74	V
836.60	-9.44	2.46	8.45	2.15	36.82	31.22	38.45	7.23	V
848.80	-8.19	2.53	8.36	2.15	36.82	32.31	38.45	6.14	V

#### GPRS 1900

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1850.20	-13.53	3.41	10.24	33.6	26.90	33.01	6.11	V
1880.00	-14.65	3.49	10.24	33.6	25.70	33.01	7.31	V
1909.80	-12.34	3.55	10.23	33.6	27.94	33.01	5.07	V



# EGPRS 850

	Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	Correction (dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
ſ	824.20	-14.67	2.42	8.45	2.15	36.82	26.03	38.45	12.42	V
	836.60	-14.97	2.46	8.45	2.15	36.82	25.69	38.45	12.76	V
	848.80	-13.29	2.53	8.36	2.15	36.82	27.21	38.45	11.24	V

## EGPRS 1900

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1850.20	-15.23	3.41	10.24	33.6	25.20	33.01	7.81	V
1880.00	-15.43	3.49	10.24	33.6	24.92	33.01	8.09	V
1909.80	-14.22	3.55	10.23	33.6	26.06	33.01	6.95	V





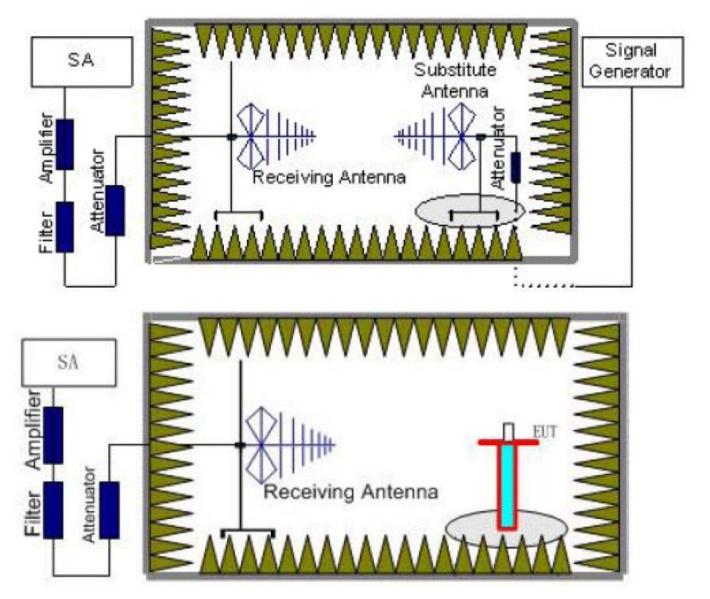
## 4.2 Radiated Spurious Emssion

## TEST APPLICABLE

According to the TIA/EIA 603D:2010 test method, The Receiver or Spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238 and Part 22.917. The spectrum is scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of PCS1900 and GSM850.

Page 15 of 25

## **TEST CONFIGURATION**



## TEST PROCEDURE

- EUT was placed on a 0.80 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.80m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) were measured with peak detector.
- 2. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated



through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.

- 3. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test.Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (P<sub>r</sub>).
- 4. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (P<sub>Mea</sub>) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (P<sub>r</sub>). The power of signal source (P<sub>Mea</sub>) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
- A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (P<sub>cl</sub>), the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) and the Amplifier Gain (P<sub>Ag</sub>) should be recorded after test. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=
$$P_{Mea}$$
-  $P_{Ag}$  -  $P_{cl}$  +  $G_a$ 

- 6. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 7. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.
- 8. In order to make sure test results more clearly, we set frequency range and sweep time for difference frequency range as follows table:

Working Frequency	Subrange (GHz)	RBW	VBW	Sweep time (s)
Trequency	0.00009~0.15	1KHz	3KHz	30
	0.00015~0.03	10KHz	30KHz	10
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
GSM 850	1~2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~10	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	0.00009~0.15	1KHz	3KHz	30
	0.00015~0.03	10KHz	30KHz	10
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1~2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
PCS 1900	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
FC3 1900	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~11	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	11~14	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	14~18	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	18~20	1 MHz	3 MHz	2

### TEST LIMITS

According to 24.238 and 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Frequency	Channel	Frequency Range	Verdict
	Low	9KHz-10GHz	PASS
GSM 850	Middle	9KHz -10GHz	PASS
	High	9KHz -10GHz	PASS
	Low	9KHz -20GHz	PASS
PCS 1900	Middle	9KHz -20GHz	PASS
	High	9KHz -20GHz	PASS



## Remark:

1. We were tested all refer 3GPP TS151 010.

2. EIRP= $P_{Mea}(dBm)$ - $P_{cl}(dB)$ + $G_{a}(dBi)$ 

3. We were not recorded other points as values lower than limits.

4. Margin = Limit - EIRP

Note : We tested GPRS Mode, and recorded the worst case at the GPRS Mode

#### GPRS 850\_ Low Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1648.4	-29.95	3.00	3.00	9.58	-23.37	-13.00	10.37	Н
2472.6	-36.07	3.03	3.00	10.72	-28.38	-13.00	15.38	Н
1648.4	-29.66	3.00	3.00	9.68	-22.98	-13.00	9.98	V
2472.6	-38.98	3.03	3.00	10.72	-31.29	-13.00	18.29	V

#### GPRS 850\_ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1673.2	-29.54	3.00	3.00	9.58	-22.96	-13.00	9.96	Н
2509.8	-39.34	3.03	3.00	10.72	-31.65	-13.00	18.65	Н
1673.2	-30.96	3.00	3.00	9.68	-24.28	-13.00	11.28	V
2509.8	-38.21	3.03	3.00	10.72	-30.52	-13.00	17.52	V

#### GPRS 850\_ High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1697.6	-32.78	3.00	3.00	9.58	-26.20	-13.00	13.20	Н
2546.4	-37.80	3.03	3.00	10.72	-30.11	-13.00	17.11	Н
1697.6	-30.28	3.00	3.00	9.68	-23.60	-13.00	10.60	V
2546.4	-36.04	3.03	3.00	10.72	-28.35	-13.00	15.35	V

#### GPRS 1900\_ Low Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
3700.4	-36.83	4.39	3.00	12.34	-30.25	-13.00	17.25	Н
5550.6	-41.69	5.31	3.00	13.52	-34.00	-13.00	21.00	Н
3700.4	-35.07	4.39	3.00	12.34	-28.39	-13.00	15.39	V
5550.6	-43.17	5.31	3.00	13.52	-35.48	-13.00	22.48	V

#### GPRS 1900\_ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
3760.0	-37.27	4.41	3.00	12.34	-30.69	-13.00	17.69	Н
5640.0	-42.16	5.38	3.00	13.58	-34.47	-13.00	21.47	Н
3760.0	-35.51	4.41	3.00	12.34	-28.83	-13.00	15.83	V
5640.0	-42.51	5.38	3.00	13.58	-34.82	-13.00	21.82	V

#### GPRS 1900\_ High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
3819.6	-35.61	4.45	3.00	12.45	-29.03	-13.00	16.03	Н
5729.4	-39.64	5.47	3.00	13.66	-31.95	-13.00	18.95	Н
3819.6	-37.15	4.45	3.00	12.45	-30.47	-13.00	17.47	V
5729.4	-39.95	5.48	3.00	13.66	-32.26	-13.00	19.26	V



## EGPRS 850\_ Low Channel

Frequer (MHz		Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1648.	4 -30.84	3.00	3.00	9.58	-24.26	-13.00	11.26	Н
2472.	6 -36.89	3.03	3.00	10.72	-29.20	-13.00	16.20	Н
1648.	4 -30.15	3.00	3.00	9.68	-23.47	-13.00	10.47	V
2472.	6 -37.87	3.03	3.00	10.72	-30.18	-13.00	17.18	V

## EGPRS 850\_ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1673.2	-28.91	3.00	3.00	9.58	-22.33	-13.00	9.33	Н
2509.8	-37.73	3.03	3.00	10.72	-30.04	-13.00	17.04	Н
1673.2	-31.74	3.00	3.00	9.68	-25.06	-13.00	12.06	V
2509.8	-38.47	3.03	3.00	10.72	-30.78	-13.00	17.78	V

## EGPRS 850\_ High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
1697.6	-32.15	3.00	3.00	9.58	-25.57	-13.00	12.57	Н
2546.4	-38.99	3.03	3.00	10.72	-31.30	-13.00	18.30	Н
1697.6	-31.05	3.00	3.00	9.68	-24.37	-13.00	11.37	V
2546.4	-36.30	3.03	3.00	10.72	-28.61	-13.00	15.61	V

### EGPRS 1900\_ Low Channel

				0-	Deals			
Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Pcl	Distance	Ga	Peak EIRP	Limit	Margin	Polarization
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	Diatance	Antenna		(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
(=)	(0.2)	(==)		Gain(dB)	(dBm)	(0.2)	(0.2)	
3700.4	-36.98	4.39	3.00	12.34	-30.4	-13.00	17.4	Н
5550.6	-40.22	5.31	3.00	13.52	-32.53	-13.00	19.53	Н
3700.4	-35.11	4.39	3.00	12.34	-28.43	-13.00	15.43	V
5550.6	-42.70	5.31	3.00	13.52	-35.01	-13.00	22.01	V

## EGPRS 1900\_ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
3760.0	-36.60	4.41	3.00	12.34	-30.02	-13.00	17.02	Н
5640.0	-40.59	5.38	3.00	13.58	-32.9	-13.00	19.9	Н
3760.0	-36.07	4.41	3.00	12.34	-29.39	-13.00	16.39	V
5640.0	-42.11	5.38	3.00	13.58	-34.42	-13.00	21.42	V

## EGPRS 1900\_ High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Pcl (dB)	Diatance	Ga Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
3819.6	-35.11	4.45	3.00	12.45	-28.53	-13.00	15.53	Н
5729.4	-40.82	5.47	3.00	13.66	-33.13	-13.00	20.13	Н
3819.6	-35.73	4.45	3.00	12.45	-29.05	-13.00	16.05	V
5729.4	-41.14	5.48	3.00	13.66	-33.45	-13.00	20.45	V

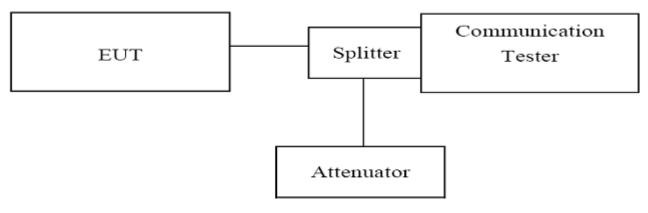


## 4.3 Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

## TEST APPLICABLE

Similar to conducted emissions; occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of PCS1900 band and GSM850 band. The table below lists the measured 99% Bandwidth and -26dBc Bandwidth.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation;
- 2. The Occupied bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth were measured with Aglient Spectrum Analyzer N9020A (peak);
- 3. Set RBW=5.1KHz,VBW=51KHz,Span=1MHz,SWT=500ms;
- 4. Set SPA Max hold and View, Set 99% Occupied Bandwidth/ Set -26dBc Occupied Bandwidth
- These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1850.20 MHz, 1880.00 MHz and 1909.80 MHz for PCS1900 band; 824.20MHz, 836.60 MHz and 848.80 MHz for GSM850 band. (Low, middle and high of operational frequency range).

### TEST RESULTS

Note:

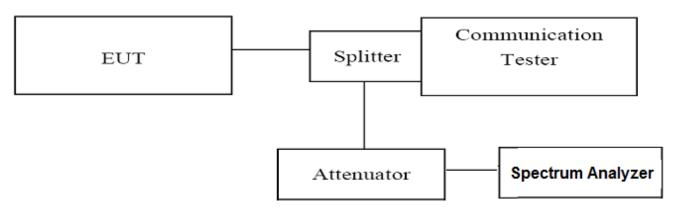


## 4.4 Band Edge Complicance

### TEST APPLICABLE

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Aglient Digital Radio Communication tester (CMW500) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation;
- 2. The power was measured with Aglient Spectrum Analyzer N9020A;
- 3. Set RBW=5.1KHz,VBW=51KHz,Span=3MHz,SWT=300ms, Dector: RMS;
- 4. These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1850.20 MHz, 1880.00 MHz and 1909.80 MHz for PCS1900 band; 824.20 MHz, 836.60 MHz and 848.80 MHz for GSM850 band. (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

#### TEST RESULTS

Note:



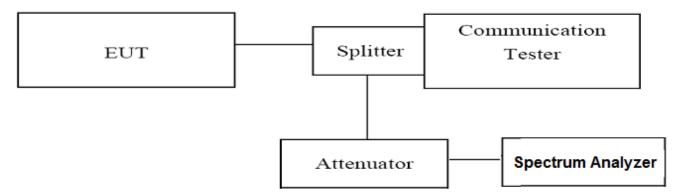
## 4.5 Spurious Emssion on Antenna Port

## TEST APPLICABLE

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 9 KHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 9 KHz to 25 GHz. For GSM850, data taken from 9 KHz to 9 GHz.
- 2. The sweep time is set automatically by instrument itself. That should be the optimal sweep time for the span and the RBW. If the sweep time is too short, that is sweep is too fast, the sweep result is not accurate; if the sweep time is too long, that is sweep is too low, some frequency components may be lost. The instrument will give an optimal sweep time according the selected span and RBW.
- The procedure to get the conducted spurious emission is as follows: The trace mode is set to MaxHold to get the highest signal at each frequency; Wait 25 seconds; Get the result.
- 4. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

## **TEST CONFIGURATION**



### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation;
- 2. The power was measured with Agilent Spectrum Analyzer N9020A (peak);
- 3. These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1850.20 MHz, 1880.00 MHz and 1909.80 MHz for PCS1900 band; 824.20 MHz, 836.60 MHz and 848.80 MHz for GSM850 band. (Low, middle and high of operational frequency range).

### <u>TEST LIMIT</u>

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

#### TEST RESULTS

Note:



## 4.6 Frequency Stability Test

## TEST APPLICABLE

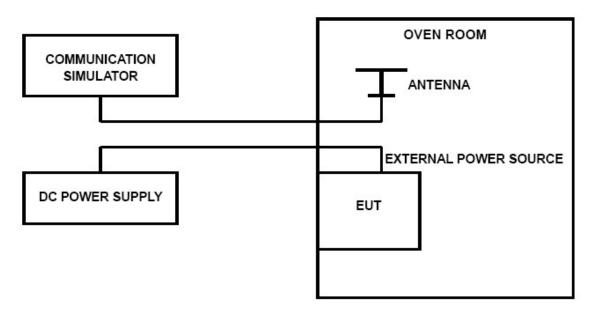
- 1. According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (a)(1), the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature from -30°C to +50°C centigrade.
- 2. According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (E) (2), for battery powered equipment, the frequency stability shall be measured with reducing primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which is specified by the manufacture.
- 3. Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried voltage equipment and the end voltage point was 10.8V.

### TEST PROCEDURE

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature;
- 2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30°C;
- 3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on middle channel of PCS 1900 and GSM850, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming;
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10 °C increments from -30 °C to +50 °C. Allow at least 0.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements;
- Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 0.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing;
- 6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C;
- 7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming;
- 8. Repeat the above measurements at 10℃ increments from +50℃ to -30℃. Allow at least 0.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements;
- 9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/-  $0.5^{\circ}$ C during the measurement procedure;

## **TEST CONFIGURATION**





#### TEST LIMITS

#### For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.40VDC and 4.20VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.80 DC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

#### For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

#### TEST RESULTS

Note:

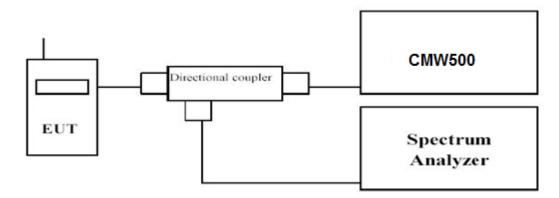


## 4.7 Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR)

## <u>LIMIT</u>

The Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

## TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

Use spectrum to measure the total peak power and record as  $P_{Pk}$ . Use spectrum to measure the total average power and record as  $P_{Avg}$ . Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm).

Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR (dB) =  $P_{Pk}$  (dBm) -  $P_{Avg}$  (dBm).

#### TEST RESULTS

Note:



# 5 Test Setup Photos of the EUT





.....End of Report.....