Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd

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Report Template Version: V03
Report Template Revision Date: Mar.1st, 2017

Test Report

Report No. :	CQASZ20201200037EX-01
Applicant:	Shenzhen Joining Free Technology Co.,LTD
Address of Applicant:	16F,Block C,Qifengda Building, Taohuayuan Technology Park, Furong Road, Songgang,Baoan District, Shenzhen, China,518105
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Joining Free Technology Co.,LTD
Address of Manufacturer:	16F,Block C,Qifengda Building, Taohuayuan Technology Park, Furong Road, Songgang,Baoan District, Shenzhen, China,518105
Equipment Under Test (EUT):	
Product:	True Wireless Stereo Earphone
All Model:	JEP101, JEP101-XXXXX
Test Model No.:	JEP101
Brand Name:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AR4Q-JEP101
Standards:	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C
Date of Test:	2020-11-23 to 2020-12-02
Date of Issue:	2020-12-14
Test Result :	**PASS***

Tested By： Jun Li

(Jun Li)

Reviewed By: Sheek . Luo

(Sheek Luo)

Approved By:

(Jack Ai)

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

1 Version

Revision History Of Report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
CQASZ20201200037EX-01	Rev.01	Initial report	2020-12-14

2 Test Summary

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Dwell Time	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(b)(4)&TCB Exclusion List (7 July 2002)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Restricted bands around fundamental frequency (Radiated Emission)	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS

N/A: Not Applicable

Note: When the EUT charging, BT will not work.

3 Contents

4 General Information

4.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Shenzhen Joining Free Technology Co.,LTD
Address of Applicant:	16F,Block C,Qifengda Building, Taohuayuan Technology Park, Furong Road, Songgang,Baoan District, Shenzhen, China,518105
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Joining Free Technology Co.,LTD
Address of Manufacturer:	16F,Block C,Qifengda Building, Taohuayuan Technology Park, Furong Road, Songgang,Baoan District, Shenzhen, China,518105

4.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	True Wireless Stereo Earphone
Test Model No.:	JEP101
Trade Mark:	N/A
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	V1.6
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0
Modulation Technique:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS)
Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK
Transfer Rate:	1Mbps
Number of Channel:	79
Hopping Channel Type:	Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems
Product Type:	☐ Mobile ☒ Portable ☐ Fix Location
Antenna Type:	PCB antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
EUT Power Supply:	DC 3.7V from battery

Note:

All model: JEP101, JEP101-XXXXX

Only the model JEP101 was tested, since the electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring were identical for the above models, with difference being model name.

Operation Frequency each of channel							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
2	2404MHz	22	2424MHz	42	2444MHz	62	2464MHz
3	2405MHz	23	2425MHz	43	2445MHz	63	2465MHz
4	2406MHz	24	2426MHz	44	2446MHz	64	2466MHz
5	2407MHz	25	2427MHz	45	2447MHz	65	2467MHz
6	2408MHz	26	2428MHz	46	2448MHz	66	2468MHz
7	2409MHz	27	2429MHz	47	2449MHz	67	2469MHz
8	2410MHz	28	2430MHz	48	2450MHz	68	2470MHz
9	2411MHz	29	2431MHz	49	2451MHz	69	2471MHz
10	2412MHz	30	2432MHz	50	2452MHz	70	2472MHz
11	2413MHz	31	2433MHz	51	2453MHz	71	2473MHz
12	2414MHz	32	2434MHz	52	2454MHz	72	2474MHz
13	2415MHz	33	2435MHz	53	2455MHz	73	2475MHz
14	2416MHz	34	2436MHz	54	2456MHz	74	2476MHz
15	2417MHz	35	2437MHz	55	2457MHz	75	2477MHz
16	2418MHz	36	2438MHz	56	2458MHz	76	2478MHz
17	2419MHz	37	2439MHz	57	2459MHz	77	2479MHz
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz		

Note:
In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

Channel	Frequency
The Lowest channel	2402MHz
The Middle channel	2441MHz
The Highest channel	2480MHz

4.3 Test Environment

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.0 °C
Humidity:	53 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	995mbar
Test Mode:	Use test software to set the lowest frequency, the middle frequency and the highest frequency keep transmitting of the EUT.

4.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Remark	FCC certification
PC	Lenovo	ThinkPad E450C	Provide by lab	FCC ID
AC/DC Adapter	Lenovo	ADLX65NLC3A	Provide by lab	FCC SDOC

4.5 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate.

The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities.

The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the **Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd.** quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for CQA laboratory is reported:

No.	Item	Uncertainty	Notes
1	Radiated Emission (Below 1GHz)	±5.12dB	(1)
2	Radiated Emission (Above 1GHz)	±4.60dB	(1)
3	Conducted Disturbance (0.15~30MHz)	±3.34dB	(1)
4	Radio Frequency	3×10^{-8}	(1)
5	Duty cycle	0.6 %.	(1)
6	Occupied Bandwidth	1.1%	(1)
7	RF conducted power	0.86dB	(1)
8	RF power density	0.74	(1)
9	Conducted Spurious emissions	0.86dB	(1)
10	Temperature test	0.8℃	(1)
11	Humidity test	2.0%	(1)
12	Supply voltages	0.5 %.	(1)
13	time	0.6 %.	(1)
14	Frequency Error	5.5 Hz	(1)

(1)This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

4.6 Test Facility

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd,

1F., Block A of Tongsheng Technology Building, Huahui Road, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **IC Registration No.: 22984-1**

  The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

- **A2LA (Certificate No. 4742.01)**

  Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 4742.01.

- **FCC Registration No.: 522263**

  Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.:522263

4.7 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

4.8 Equipment List

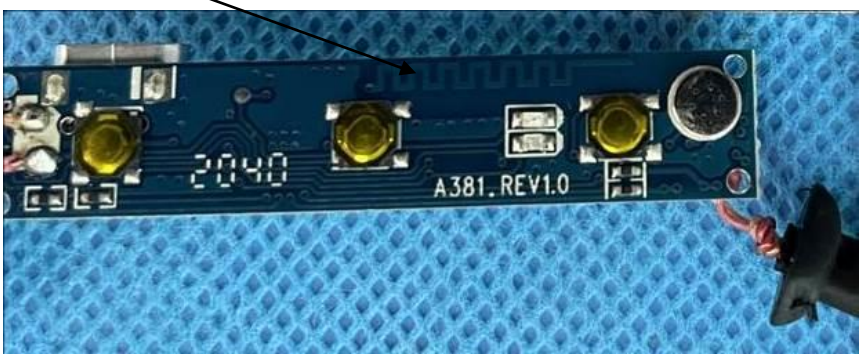
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Instrument No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	CQA-005	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU26	CQA-038	2020/10/24	2021/10/23
Spectrum analyzer	keysight	N9020A	CQA-105	2020/10/24	2021/10/23
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AFS4-00010300-18-10P-4	CQA-035	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6D-02001800-29-20P	CQA-036	2020/10/29	2020/10/28
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1516	CQA-087	2020/10/24	2021/10/23
Bilog Antenna	R&S	HL562	CQA-011	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	CQA-012	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	CQA-088	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Coaxial Cable (Above 1GHz)	CQA	N/A	C019	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Coaxial Cable (Below 1GHz)	CQA	N/A	C020	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Antenna Connector	CQA	RFC-01	CQA-080	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
RF cable(9KHz~40GHz)	CQA	RF-01	CQA-079	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
Power divider	MIDWEST	PWD-2533-02-SMA-79	CQA-067	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI3	CQA-013	2020/09/22	2021/09/21
LISN	R&S	ENV216	CQA-003	2020/11/01	2021/10/30
Coaxial cable	CQA	N/A	CQA-C009	2020/09/22	2021/09/21

Note:

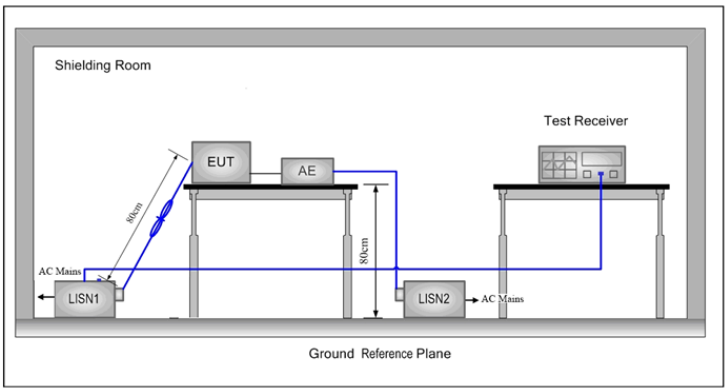
The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.203 /247(c)
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. 15.247(b) (4) requirement: The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	
EUT Antenna:	**PCB ANTENNA** 
The antenna is integral antenna. The best case gain of the antenna is 0dBi.	

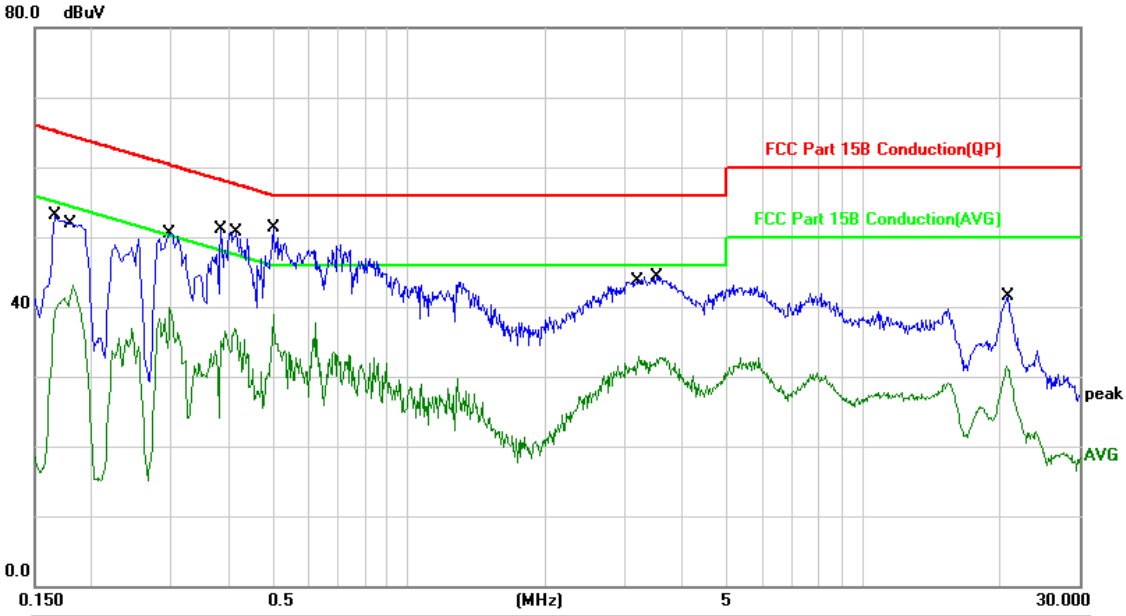
5.2 Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.207
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013
Test Frequency Range:	150kHz to 30MHz
Limit:	Frequency range (MHz) / Limit (dBuV): Quasi-peak / Average 0.15-0.5: 66 to 56* / 56 to 46* 0.5-5: 56 / 46 5-30: 60 / 50 * Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.
Test Procedure:	1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room. 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50μH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded. 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0.8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0.8 m from the LISN 2. 5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10: 2013 on conducted measurement.
Test Setup:	
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting mode with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type at the lowest, middle, high channel.
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, charging mode is worst, only reconded this test data

Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement data

L line



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1660	53.26	-0.13	53.13	65.15	-12.02	QP	
2		0.1819	43.26	-0.13	43.13	54.39	-11.26	AVG	
3		0.2980	50.57	-0.01	50.56	60.30	-9.74	QP	
4		0.2980	39.86	-0.01	39.85	50.30	-10.45	AVG	
5		0.3860	51.04	-0.01	51.03	58.15	-7.12	QP	
6		0.4140	36.84	-0.01	36.83	47.57	-10.74	AVG	
7	*	0.5020	51.38	-0.03	51.35	56.00	-4.65	QP	
8		0.5020	38.88	-0.03	38.85	46.00	-7.15	AVG	
9		3.2100	32.99	-0.18	32.81	46.00	-13.19	AVG	
10		3.5180	44.56	-0.19	44.37	56.00	-11.63	QP	
11		20.8020	31.92	-0.38	31.54	50.00	-18.46	AVG	
12		20.9180	41.80	-0.38	41.42	60.00	-18.58	QP	

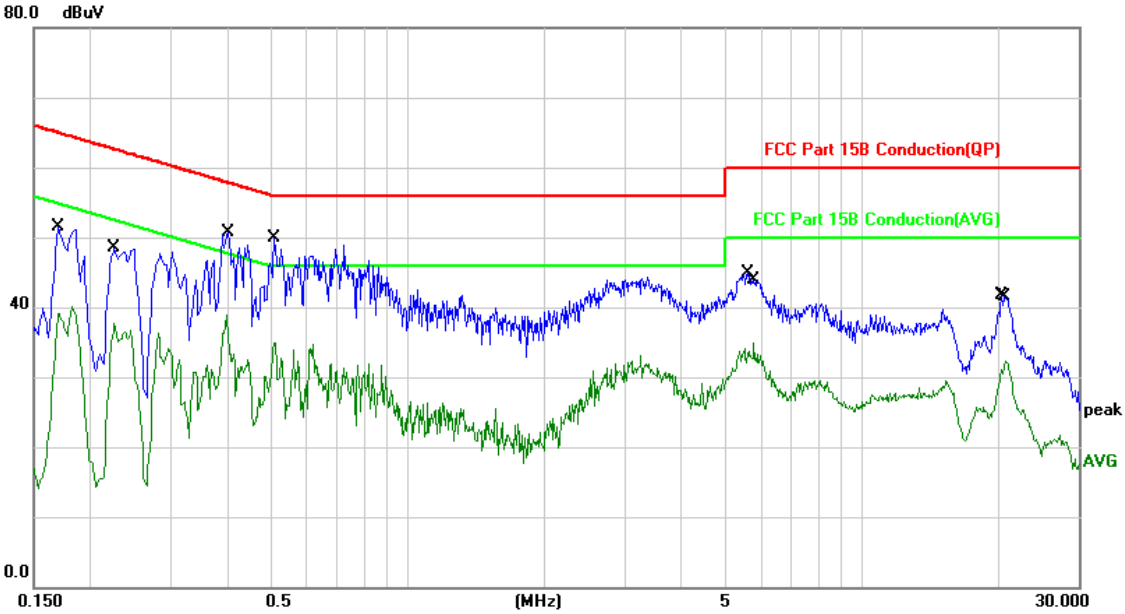
Remark:

1. The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT:

2. Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.

3. If the Peak value under Average limit, the Average value is not recorded in the report.

N line



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1700	51.68	-0.13	51.55	64.96	-13.41	QP	
2		0.1700	39.25	-0.13	39.12	54.96	-15.84	AVG	
3		0.2260	48.57	-0.12	48.45	62.59	-14.14	QP	
4		0.2260	37.78	-0.12	37.66	52.59	-14.93	AVG	
5		0.3980	38.90	-0.01	38.89	47.89	-9.00	AVG	
6		0.4020	50.75	-0.01	50.74	57.81	-7.07	QP	
7	*	0.5100	49.95	-0.03	49.92	56.00	-6.08	QP	
8		0.5100	34.98	-0.03	34.95	46.00	-11.05	AVG	
9		5.6100	45.06	-0.24	44.82	60.00	-15.18	QP	
10		5.7900	35.17	-0.24	34.93	50.00	-15.07	AVG	
11		20.3580	42.13	-0.37	41.76	60.00	-18.24	QP	
12		20.7340	32.64	-0.38	32.26	50.00	-17.74	AVG	

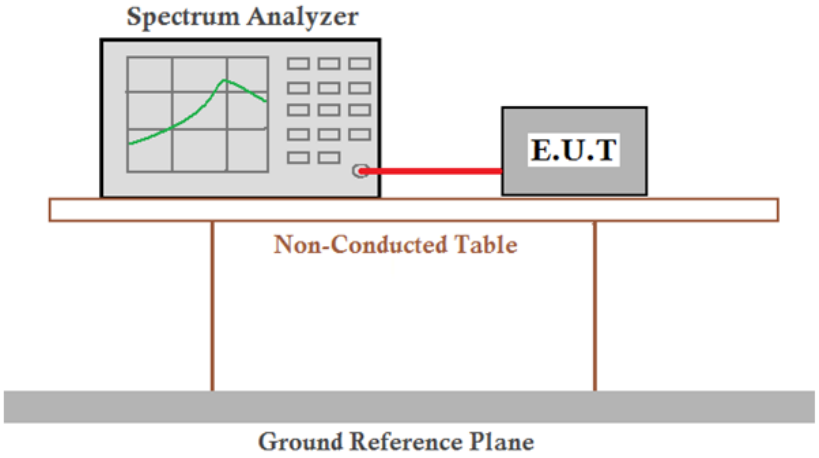
Remark:

1. The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT:

2. Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.

3. If the Peak value under Average limit, the Average value is not recorded in the report.

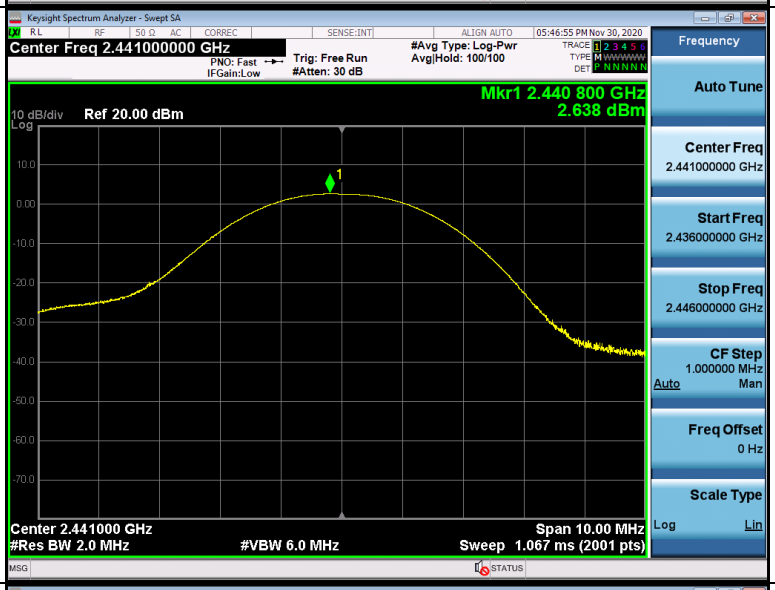
5.3 Conducted Peak Output Power

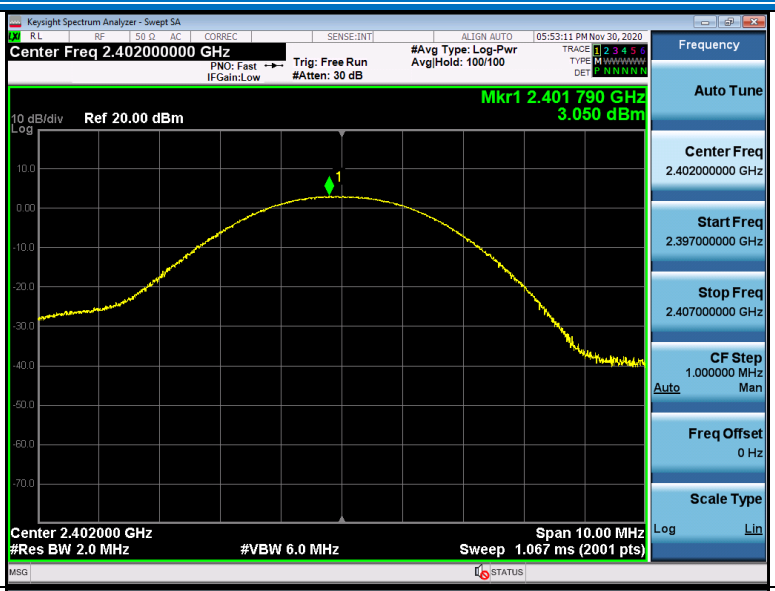
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (b)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 *Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.*
Limit:	21dBm
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

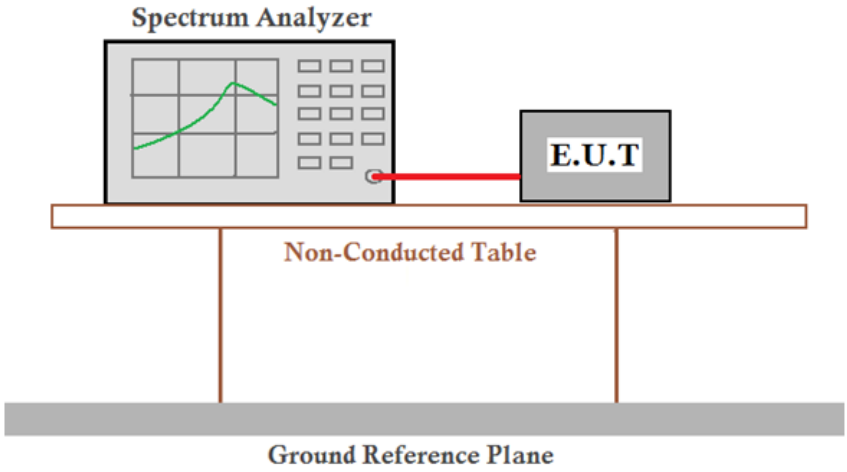
GFSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2.266	30.00	Pass
Middle	2.638	30.00	Pass
Highest	2.675	30.00	Pass
π/4DQPSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	3.050	30.00	Pass
Middle	3.337	30.00	Pass
Highest	3.376	30.00	Pass

Test plot as follows:

Graphs		
GFSK/LCH		
GFSK/MCH		
GFSK/HCH		

π/4DQPSK/LCH		
π/4DQPSK/MCH		
π/4DQPSK/HCH		

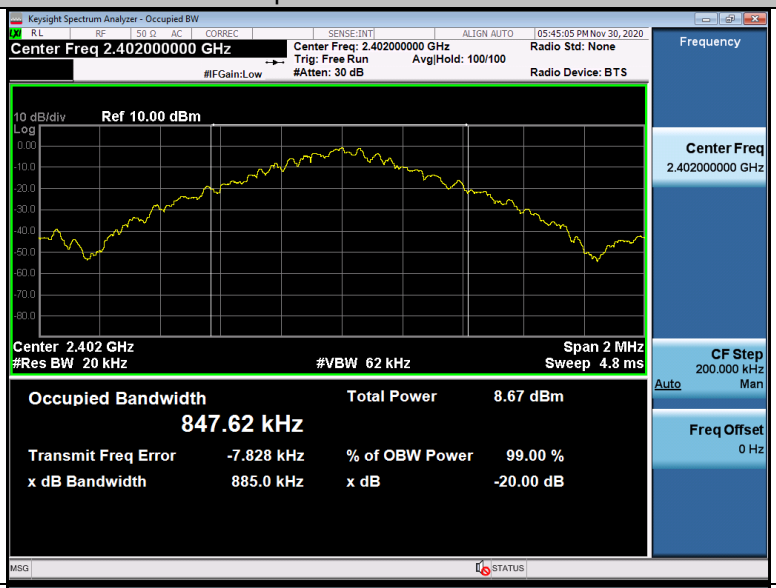
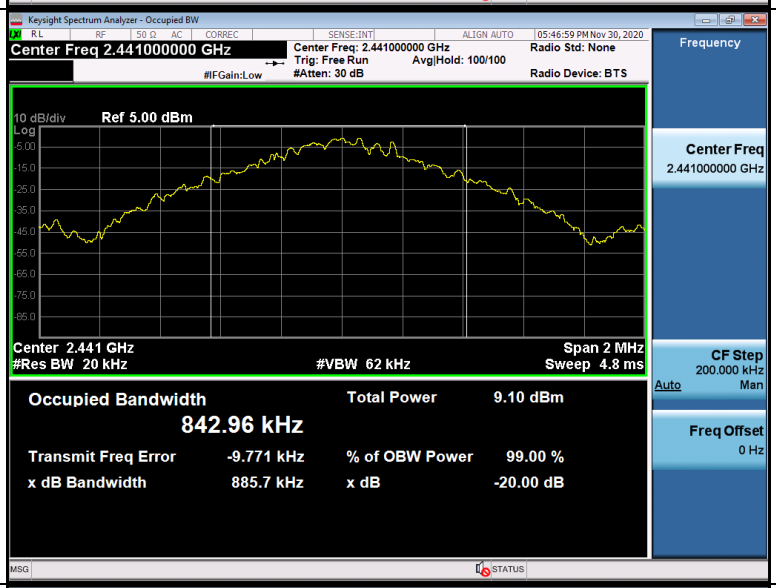
5.4 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

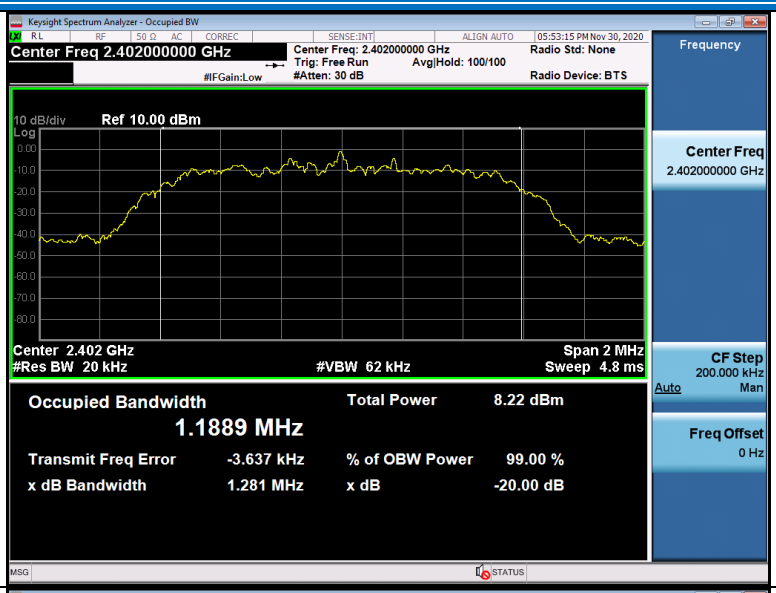
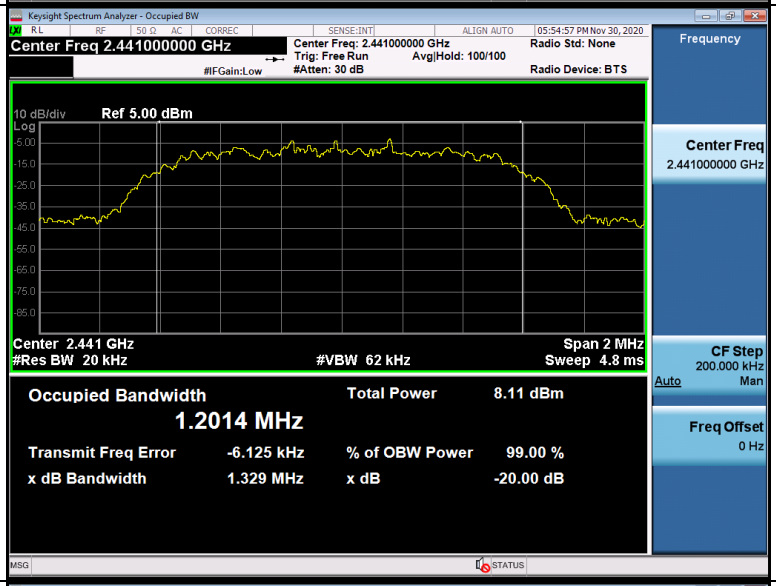
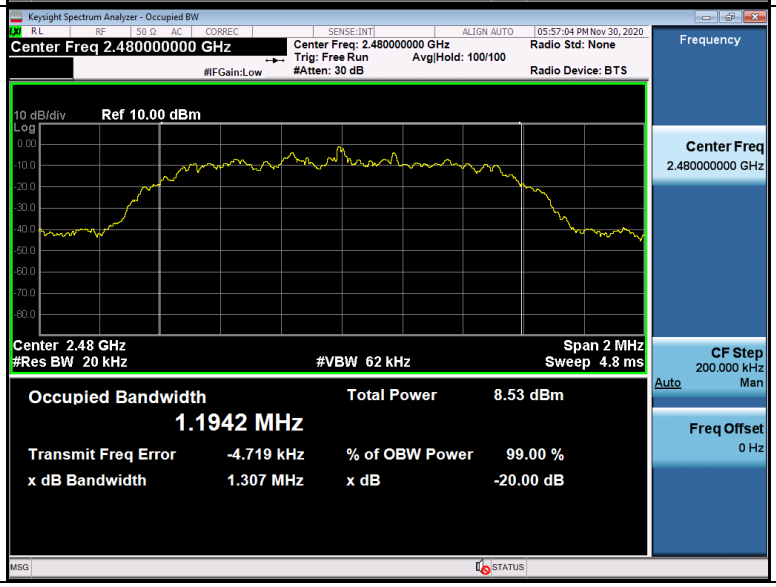
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.
Limit:	NA
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

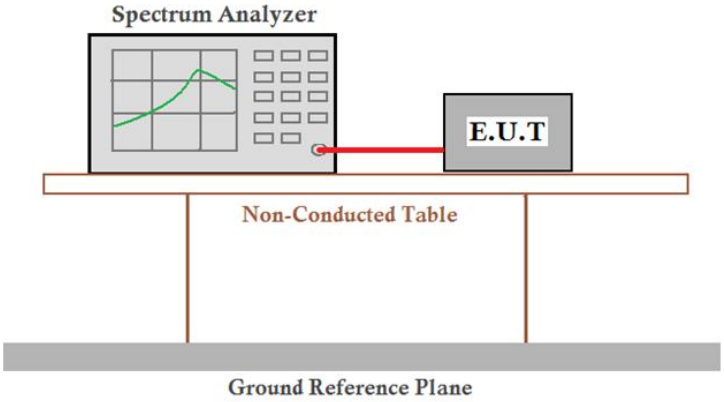
Test channel	20dB Occupy Bandwidth (MHz)		
	GFSK	π/4DQPSK	/
Lowest	0.8850	1.281	/
Middle	0.8857	1.329	/
Highest	0.8814	1.307	/

Test plot as follows:

Graphs			
GFSK/LCH			
GFSK/MCH			
GFSK/HCH			

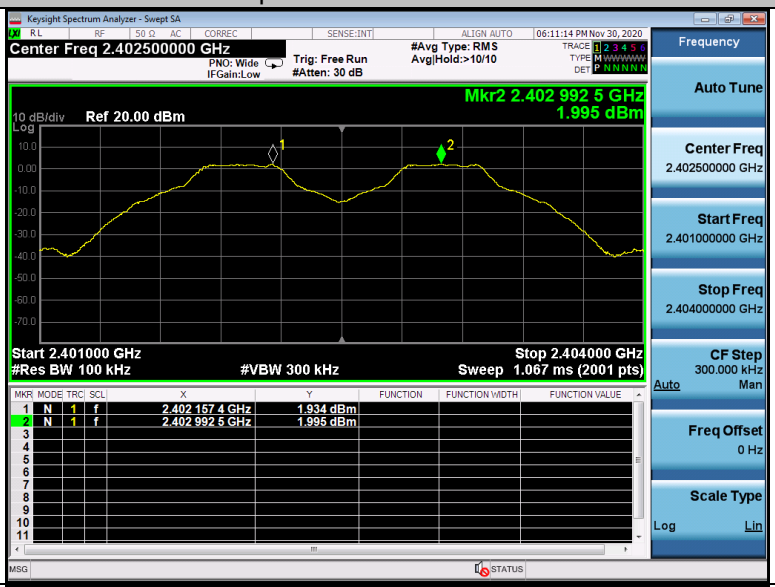
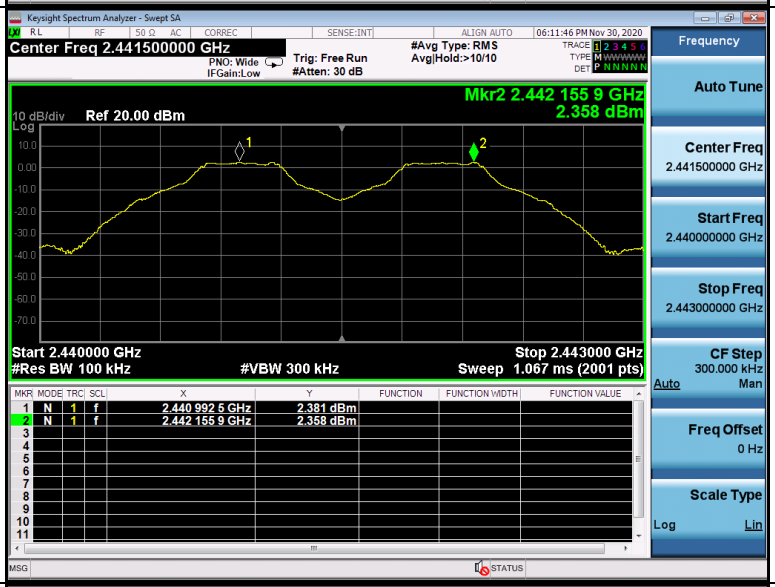
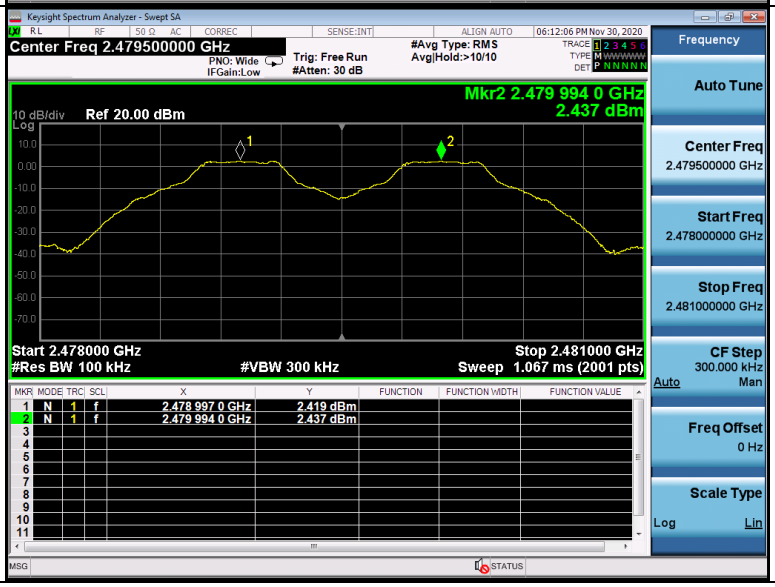
π/4DQPSK/LCH		
π/4DQPSK/MCH		
π/4DQPSK/HCH		

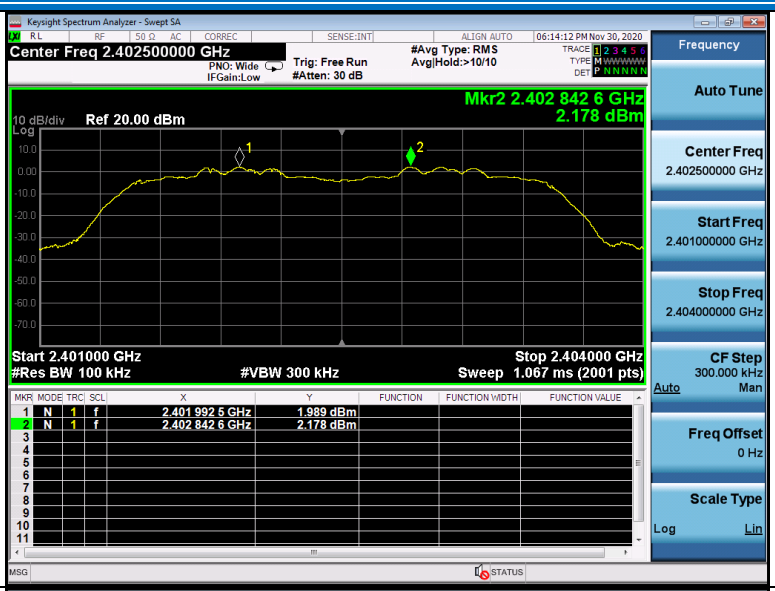
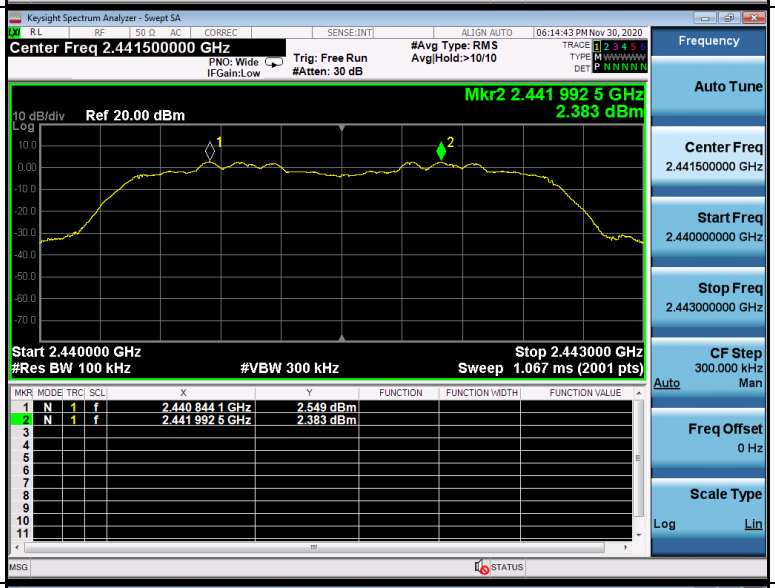
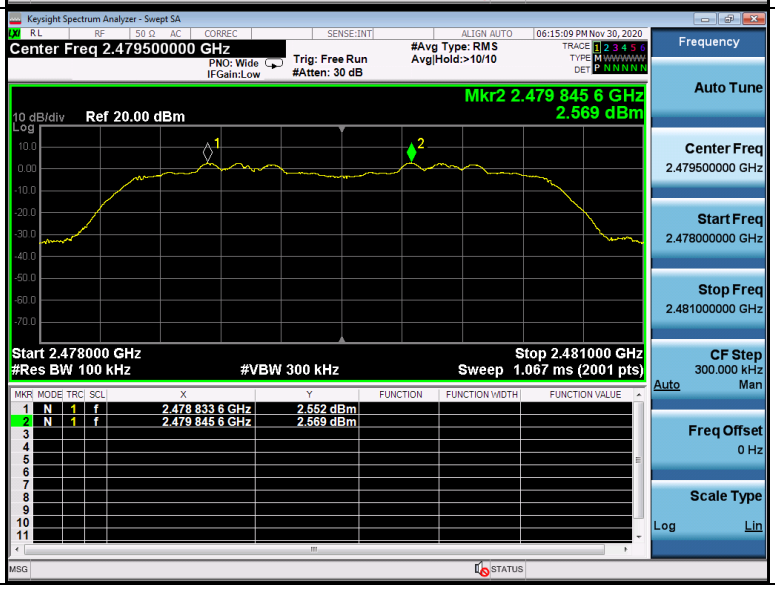
5.5 Frequencies Separation

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.
Limit:	2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth
	Remark: the transmission power is less than 0.125W.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

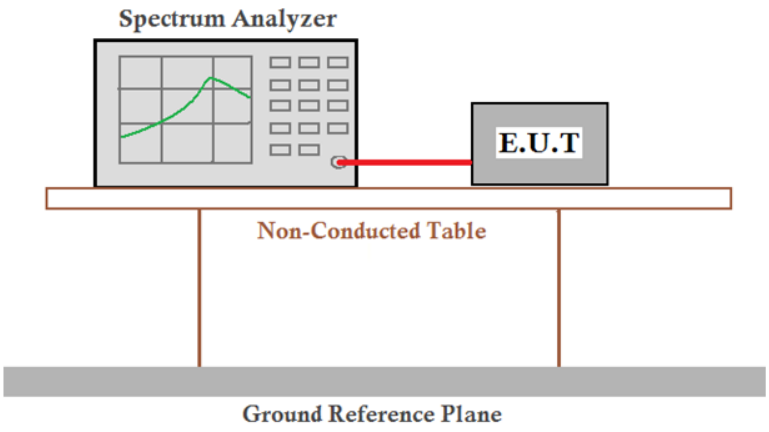
Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	0.835	25KHz or 2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH01			
	CH39	1.163		
	CH40			
	CH77	0.997		
	CH78			
pi/4DQPSK	CH00	0.850	25KHz or 2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH01			
	CH39	1.148		
	CH40			
	CH77	1.012		
	CH78			

Test plot as follows:

Graphs		
GFSK		
		
		

π/4DQPSK		 Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA Center Freq 2.402500000 GHz PNO: Wide IFGain:Low Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold:>10/10 06:14:12 PM Nov 30, 2020 Mkr2 2.402 842 6 GHz 2.178 dBm 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm Log Start 2.401000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Stop 2.404000 GHz Sweep 1.067 ms (2001 pts) 1 N 1 f 2.401 992 5 GHz 1.989 dBm 2 N 1 f 2.402 842 6 GHz 2.178 dBm Frequency Auto Tune Center Freq 2.402500000 GHz Start Freq 2.401000000 GHz Stop Freq 2.404000000 GHz CF Step 300.000 kHz Auto Man Freq Offset 0 Hz Scale Type Log Lin MSG STATUS
		 Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA Center Freq 2.441500000 GHz PNO: Wide IFGain:Low Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold:>10/10 06:14:43 PM Nov 30, 2020 Mkr2 2.441 992 5 GHz 2.383 dBm 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm Log Start 2.440000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Stop 2.443000 GHz Sweep 1.067 ms (2001 pts) 1 N 1 f 2.440 844 1 GHz 2.549 dBm 2 N 1 f 2.441 992 5 GHz 2.383 dBm Frequency Auto Tune Center Freq 2.441500000 GHz Start Freq 2.440000000 GHz Stop Freq 2.443000000 GHz CF Step 300.000 kHz Auto Man Freq Offset 0 Hz Scale Type Log Lin MSG STATUS
		 Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA Center Freq 2.479500000 GHz PNO: Wide IFGain:Low Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold:>10/10 06:15:09 PM Nov 30, 2020 Mkr2 2.479 845 6 GHz 2.569 dBm 10 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBm Log Start 2.478000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Stop 2.481000 GHz Sweep 1.067 ms (2001 pts) 1 N 1 f 2.478 833 6 GHz 2.552 dBm 2 N 1 f 2.479 845 6 GHz 2.569 dBm Frequency Auto Tune Center Freq 2.479500000 GHz Start Freq 2.478000000 GHz Stop Freq 2.481000000 GHz CF Step 300.000 kHz Auto Man Freq Offset 0 Hz Scale Type Log Lin MSG STATUS

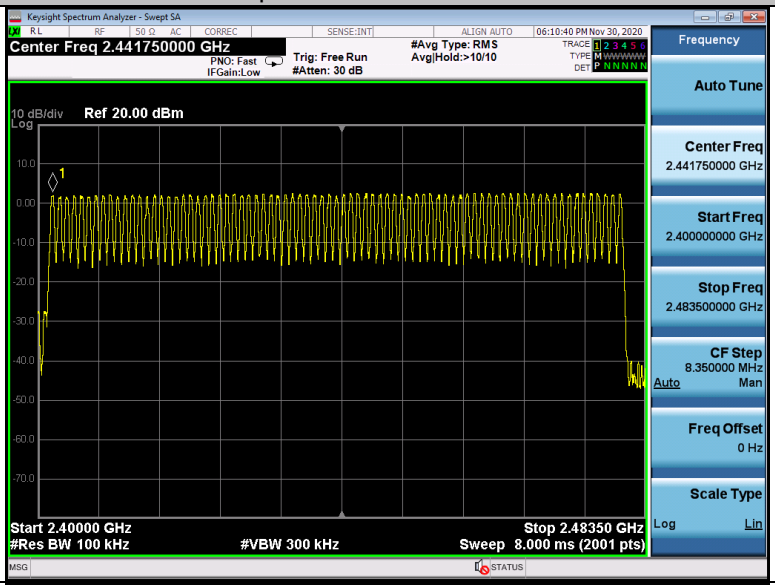
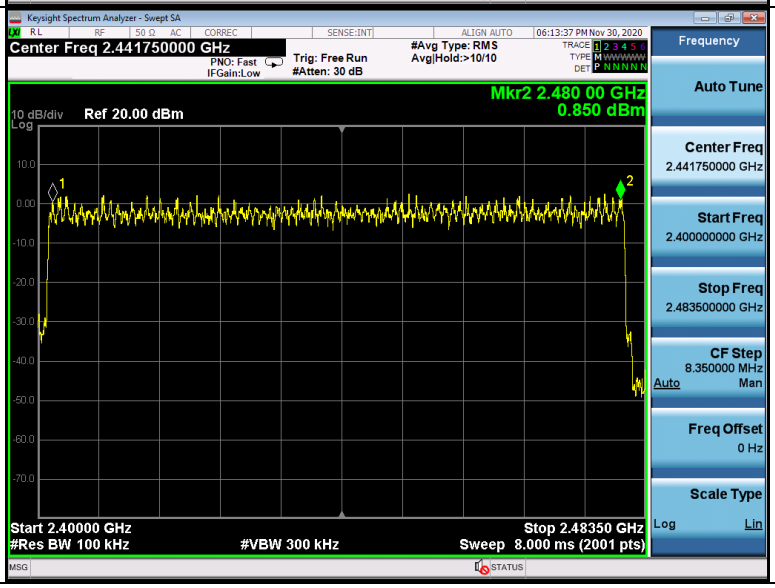
5.6 Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 *Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.*
Limit:	At least 15 channels
Exploratory Test Mode:	hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

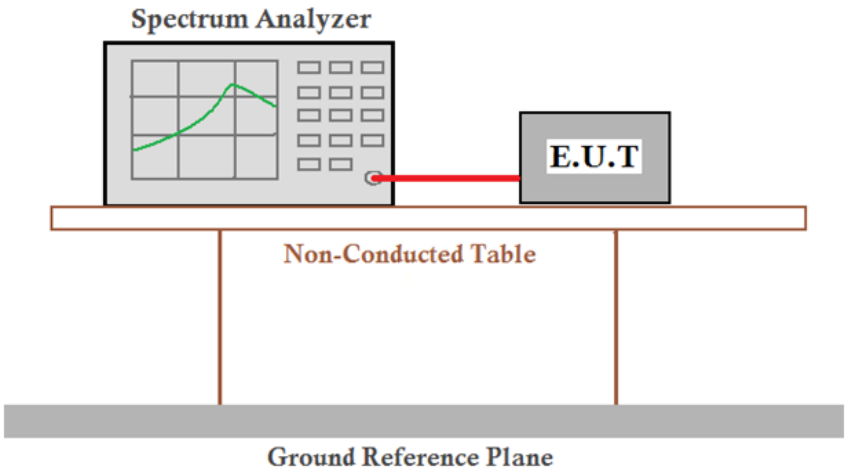
Measurement Data

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit
GFSK	79	≥15
π/4DQPSK	79	≥15

Test plot as follows:

Graphs		
GFSK/Hop		
π/4DQPSK/Hop		

5.7 Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 *Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.*
Test Mode:	Hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type.
Limit:	0.4 Second
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

Mode	Packet	Channel	Burst Width [ms/hop/ch]	Dwell Time[ms]	Limit (ms)
GFSK	DH1	LCH	0.3786	121.152	≤400
GFSK	DH1	MCH	0.3788	121.216	≤400
GFSK	DH1	HCH	0.3787	121.184	≤400
GFSK	DH3	LCH	1.634	261.440	≤400
GFSK	DH3	MCH	1.638	262.080	≤400
GFSK	DH3	HCH	1.639	262.240	≤400
GFSK	DH5	LCH	2.885	307.733	≤400
GFSK	DH5	MCH	2.883	307.520	≤400
GFSK	DH5	HCH	2.884	307.627	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	LCH	0.3903	124.896	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	MCH	0.3886	124.352	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	HCH	0.3884	124.288	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH3	LCH	1.643	262.880	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH3	MCH	1.643	262.880	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH3	HCH	1.640	262.400	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH5	LCH	2.891	308.373	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH5	MCH	2.893	308.587	≤400
π/4DQPSK	2DH5	HCH	2.890	308.267	≤400

Remark:

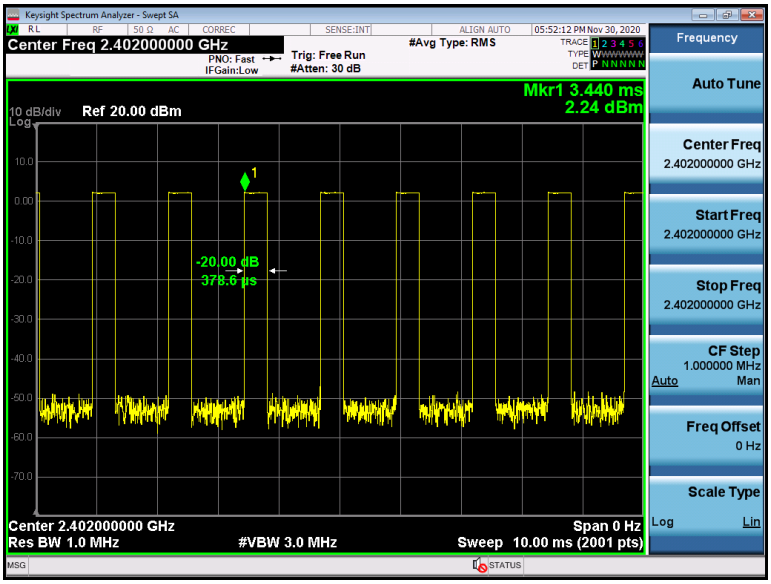
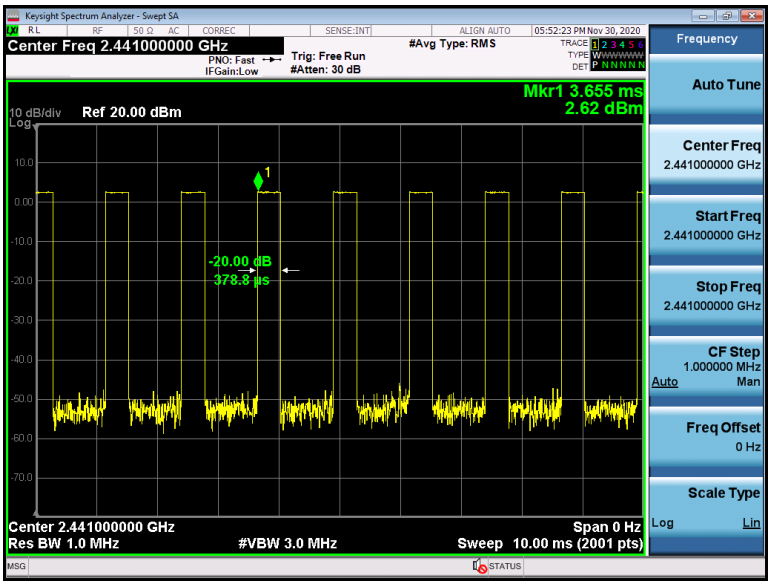
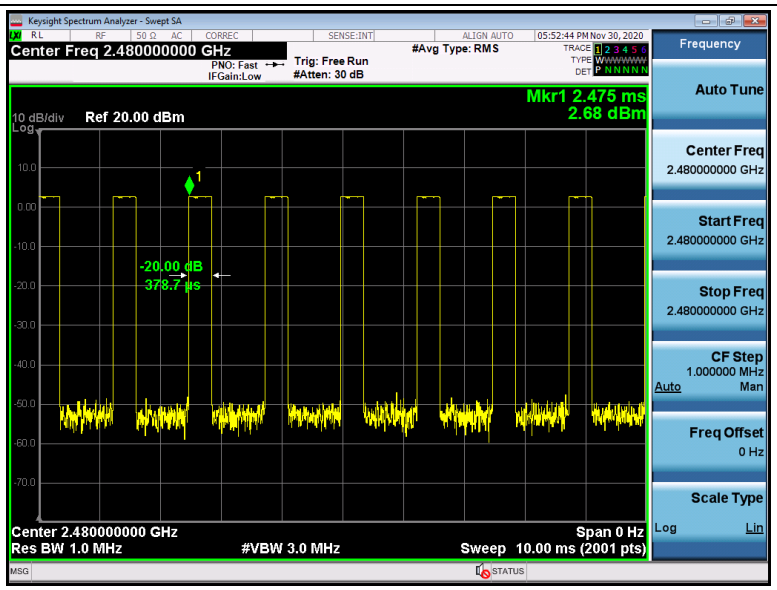
The test period: T= 0.4 Second/Channel x 79 Channel = 31.6 s

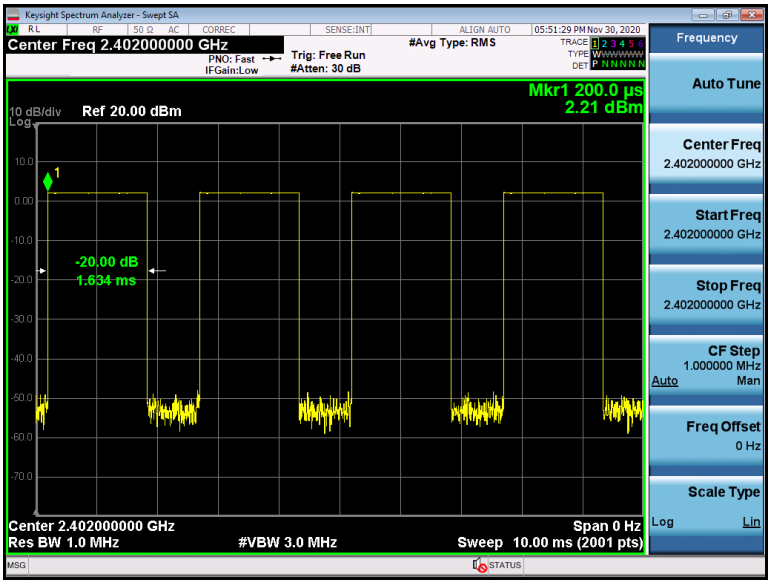
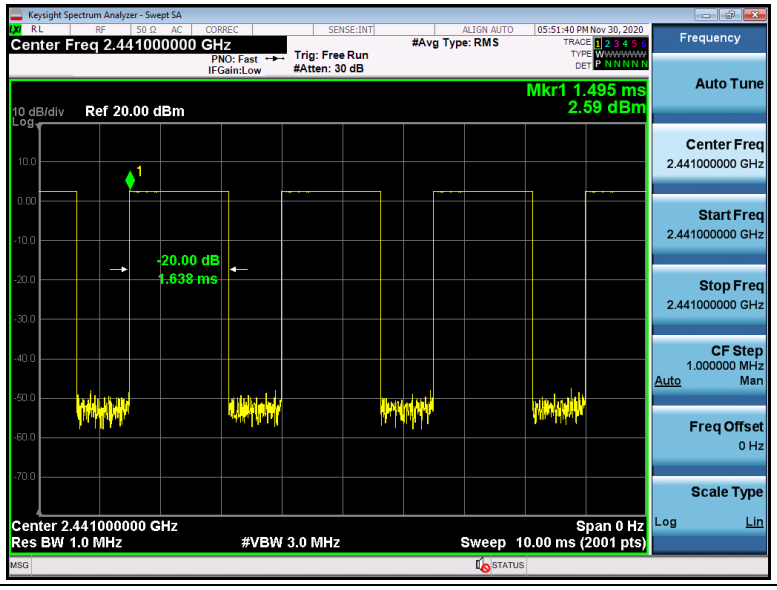
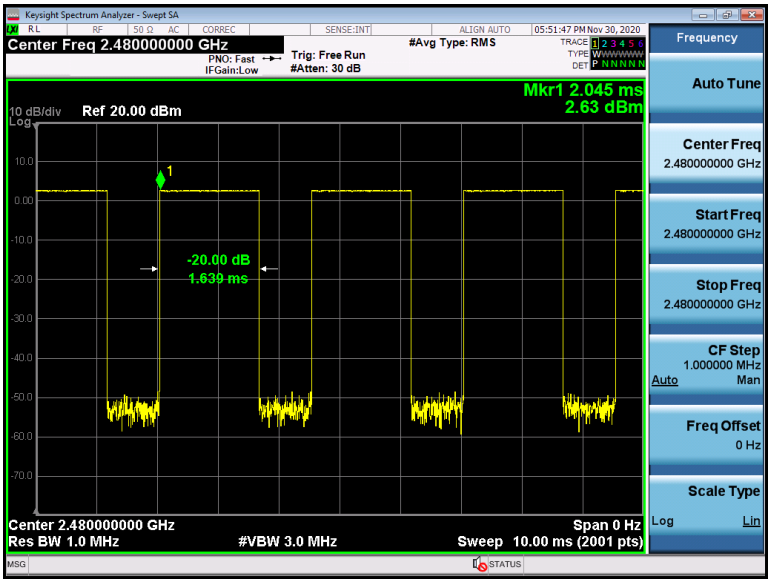
DH1/2DH1 Dwell time = Burst Width(ms)*(1600/ (2*79))*31.6

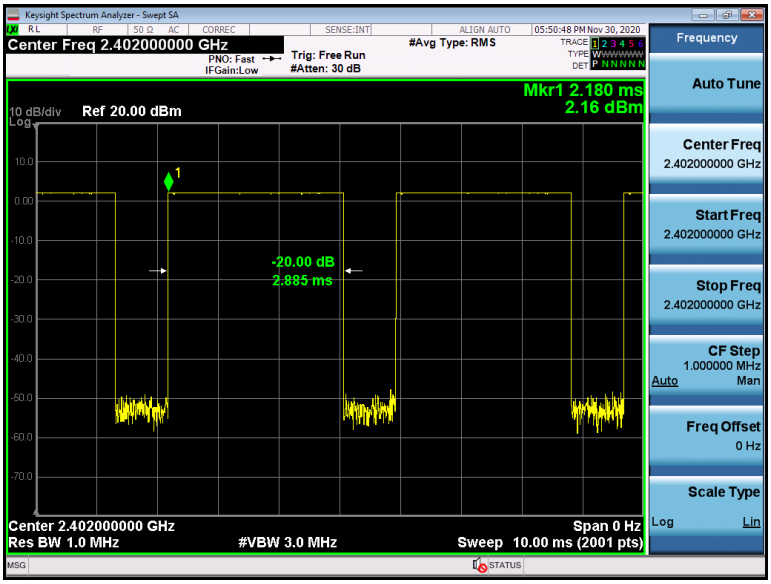
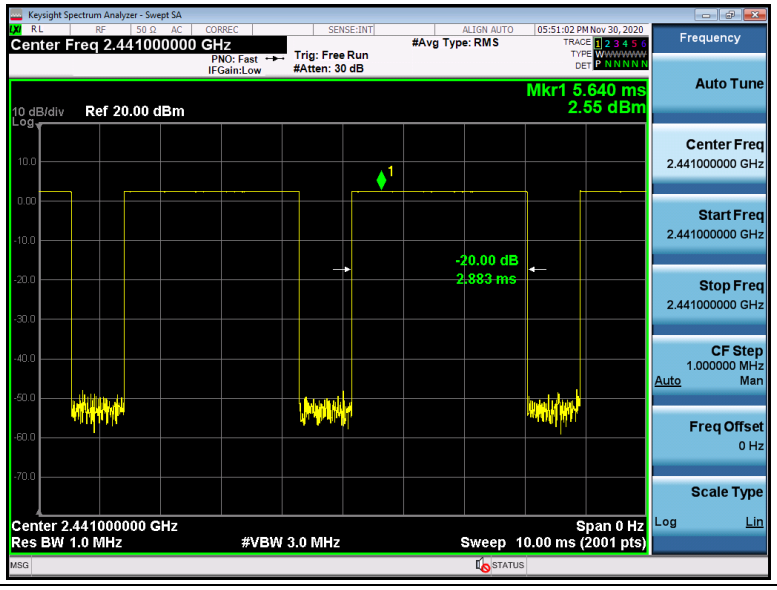
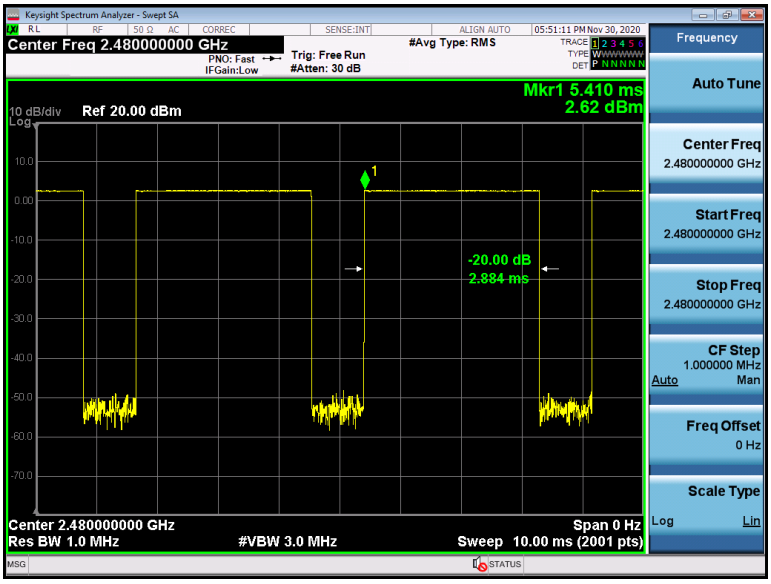
DH3/2DH3 Dwell time = Burst Width (ms)*(1600/ (4*79))*31.6

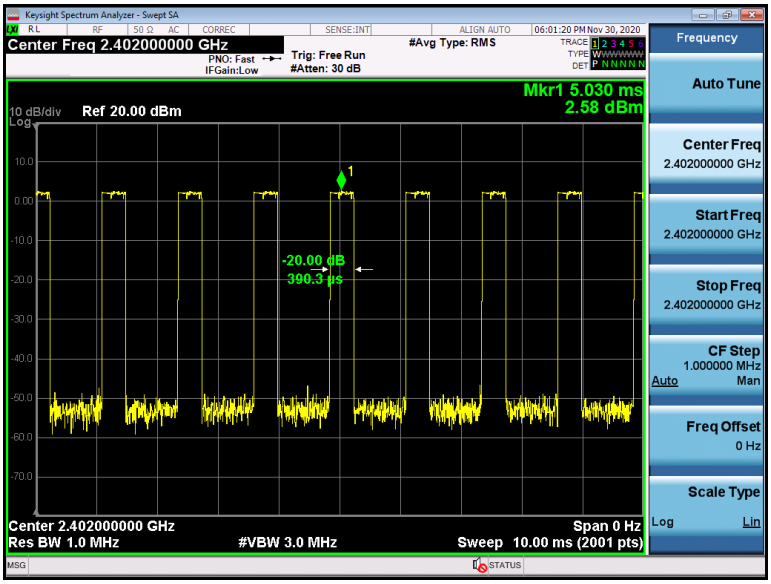
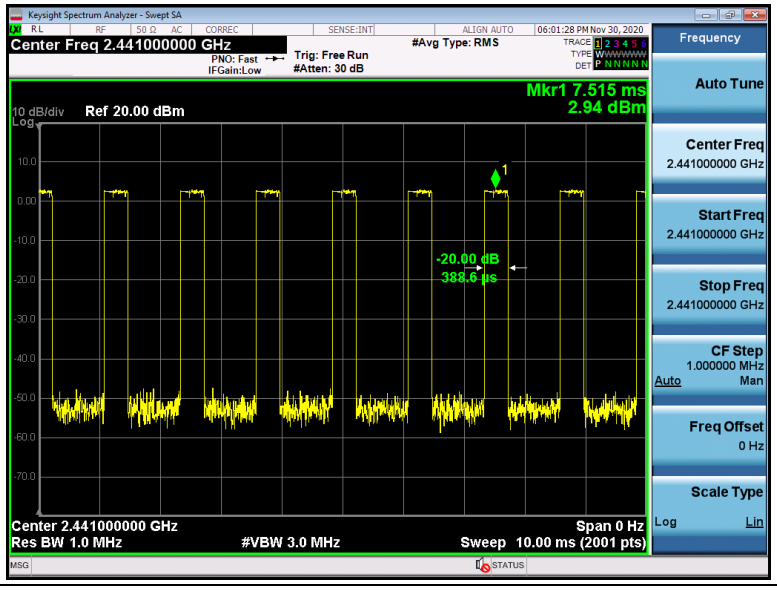
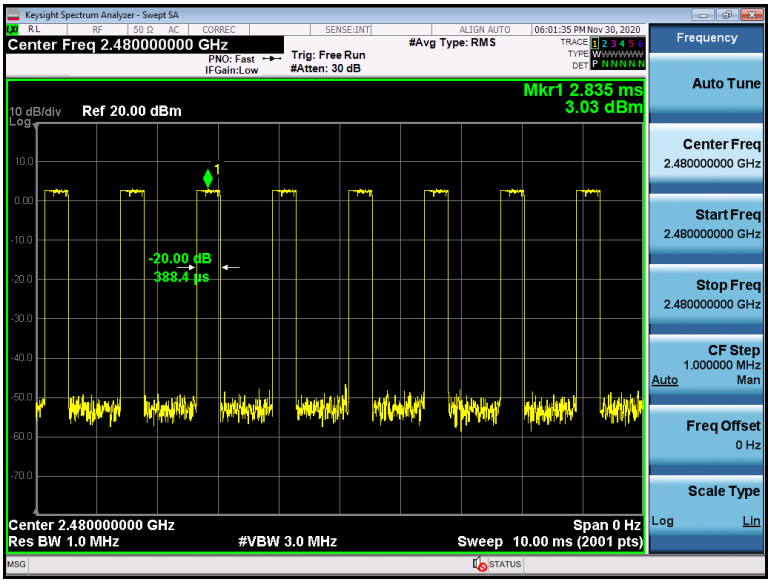
DH5/2DH5 Dwell time = Burst Width (ms)*(1600/ (6*79))*31.6

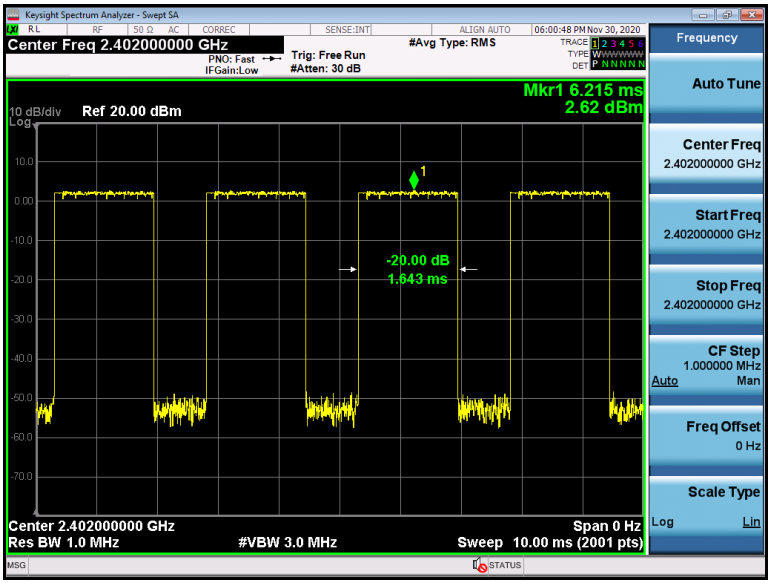
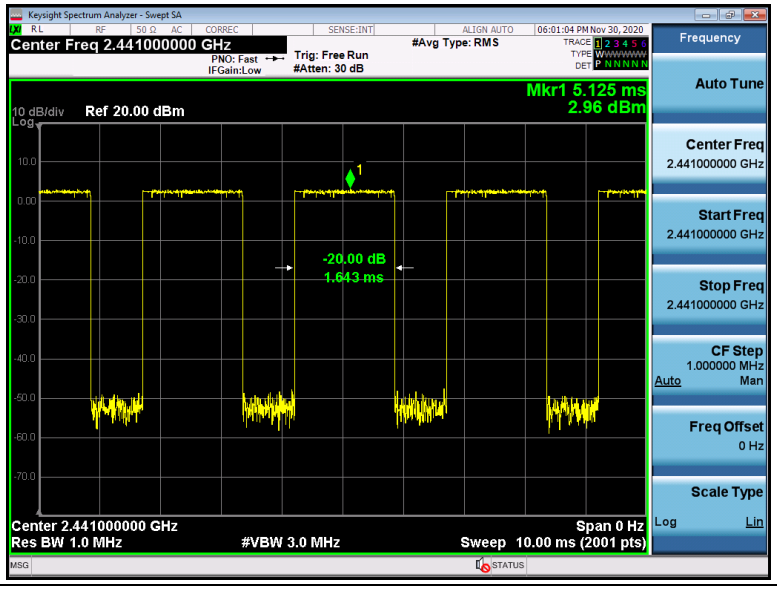
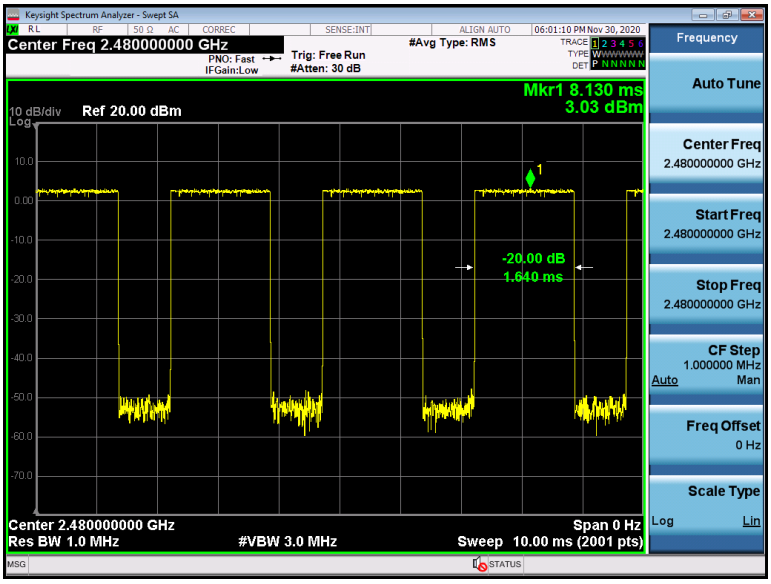
Test plot as follows:

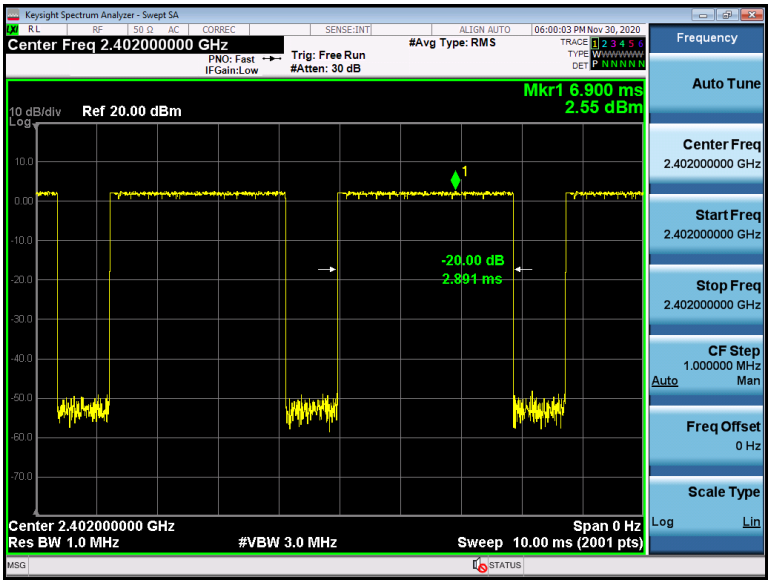
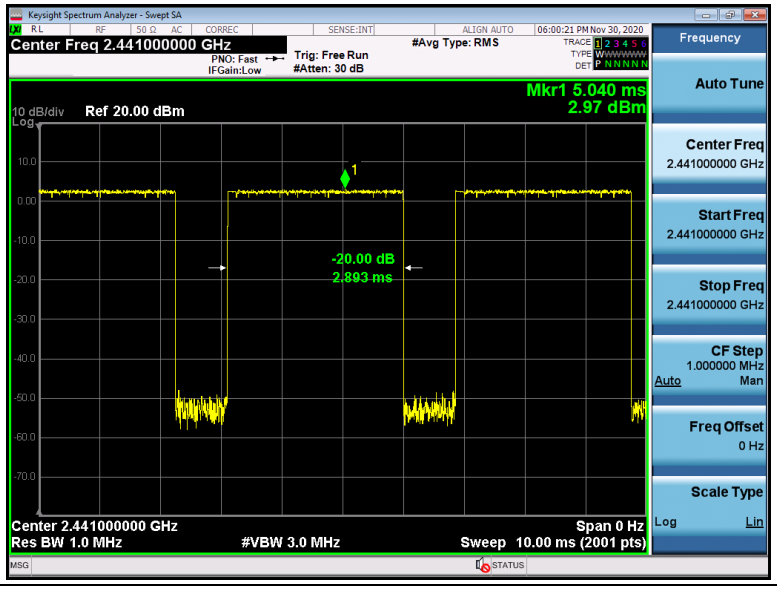
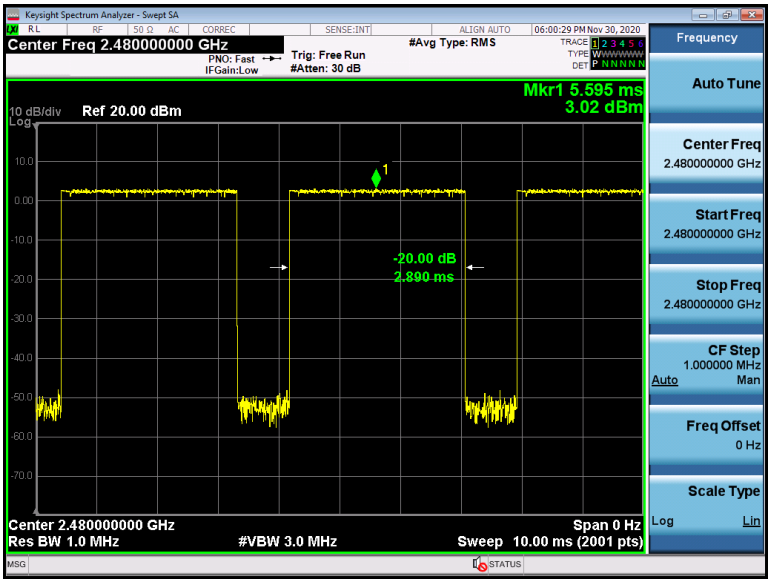
Graphs	
DH1-LCH	
DH1-MCH	
DH1-HCH	

DH3-LCH	
DH3-MCH	
DH3-HCH	

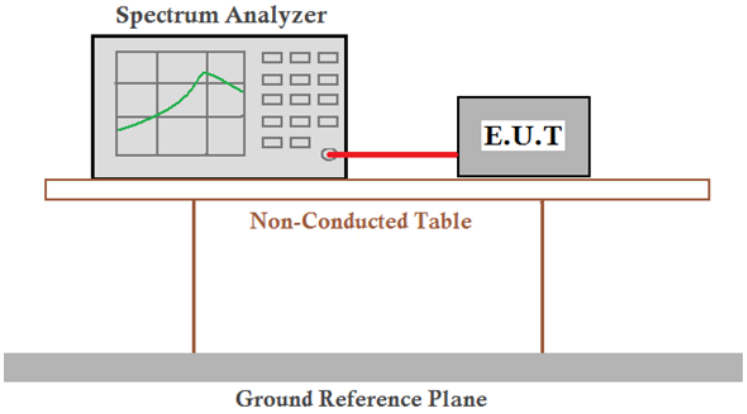
DH5-LCH	
DH5-MCH	
DH5-HCH	

2DH1-LCH	
2DH1-MCH	
2DH1-HCH	

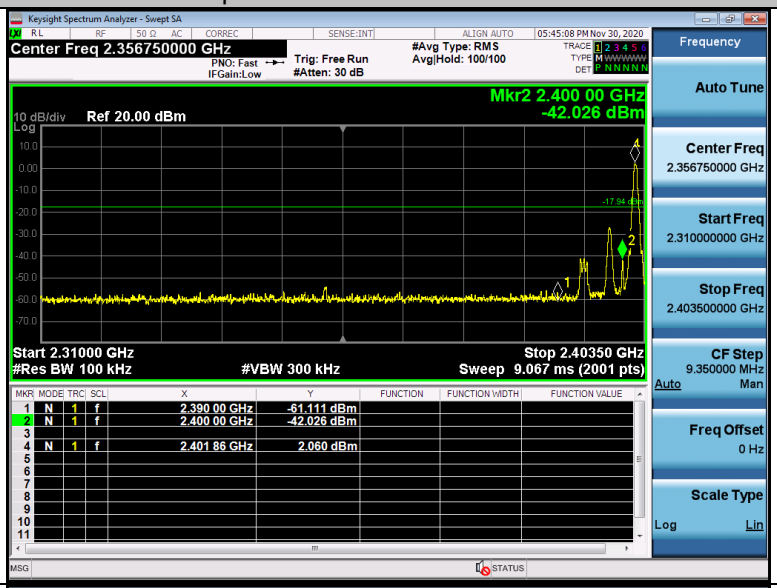
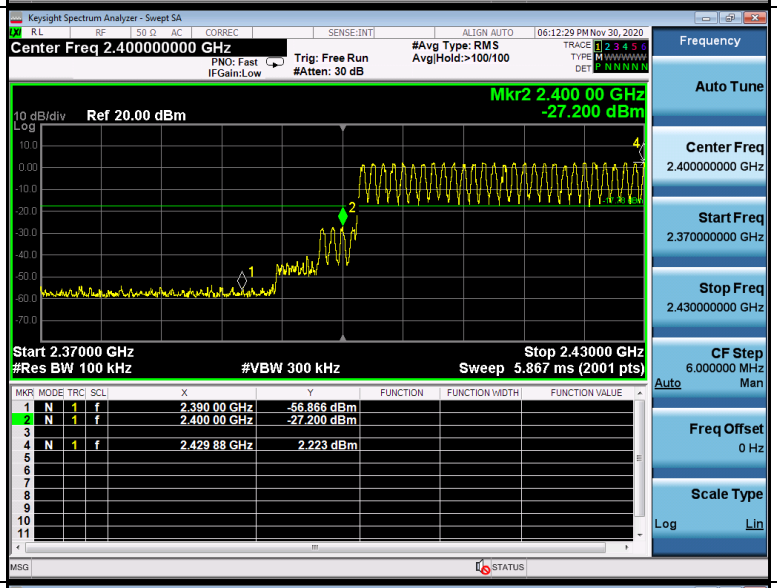
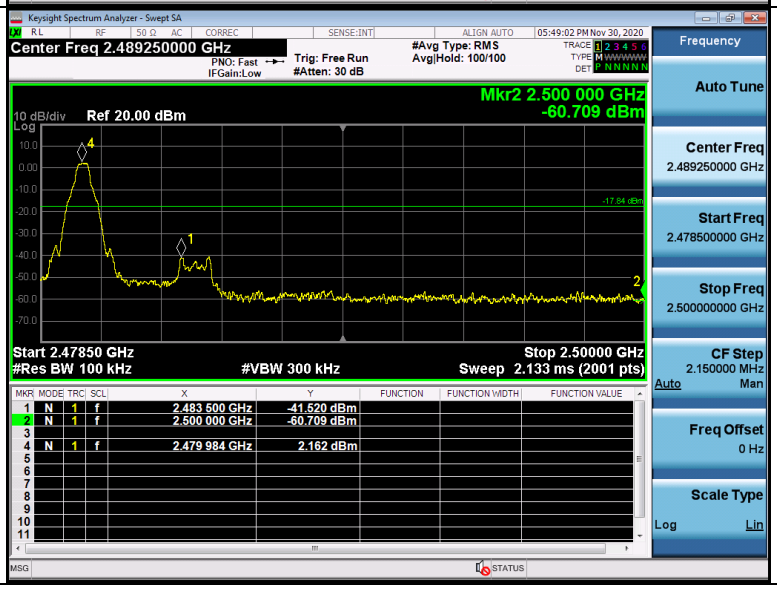
2DH3-LCH	
2DH3-MCH	
2DH3-HCH	

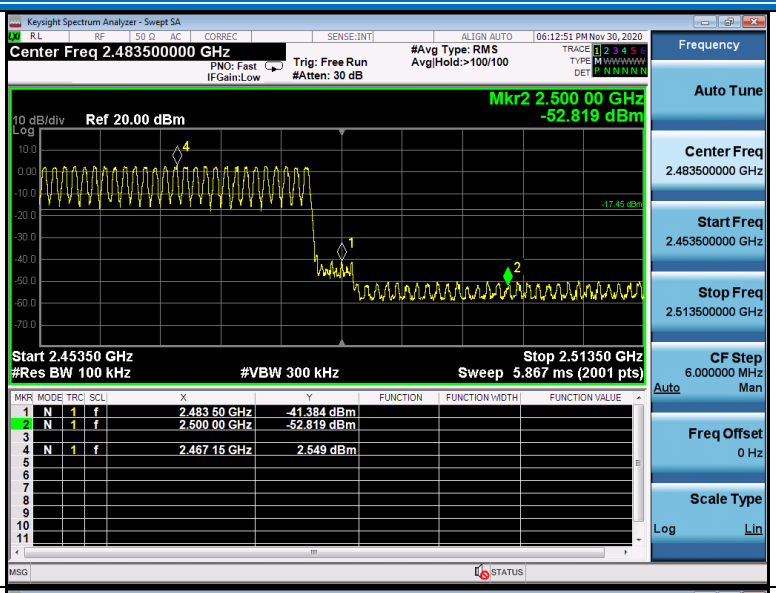
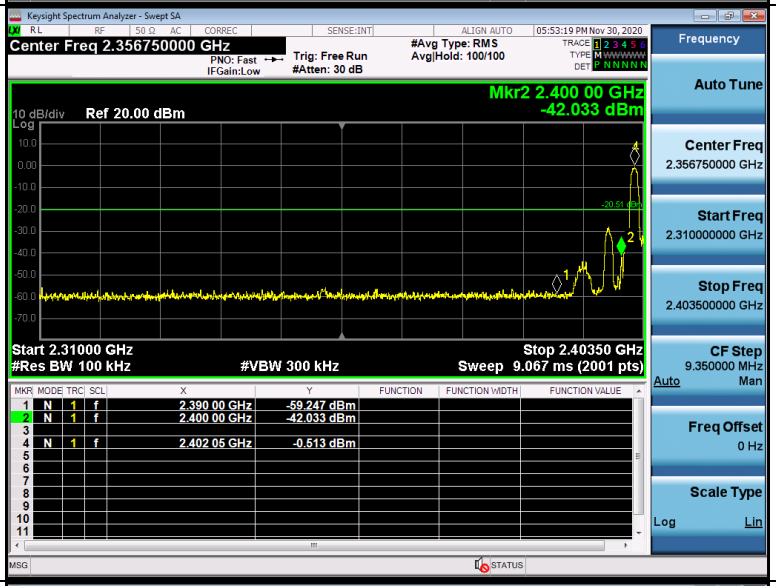
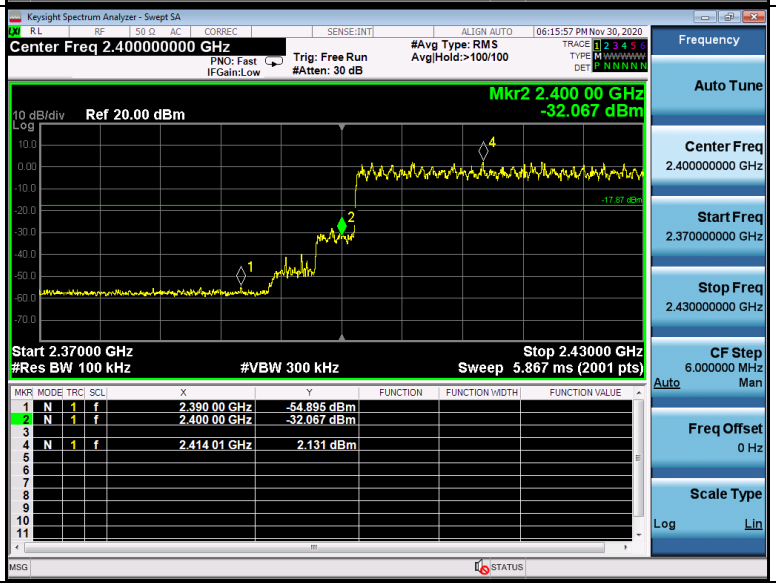
2DH5-LCH	
2DH5-MCH	
2DH5-HCH	

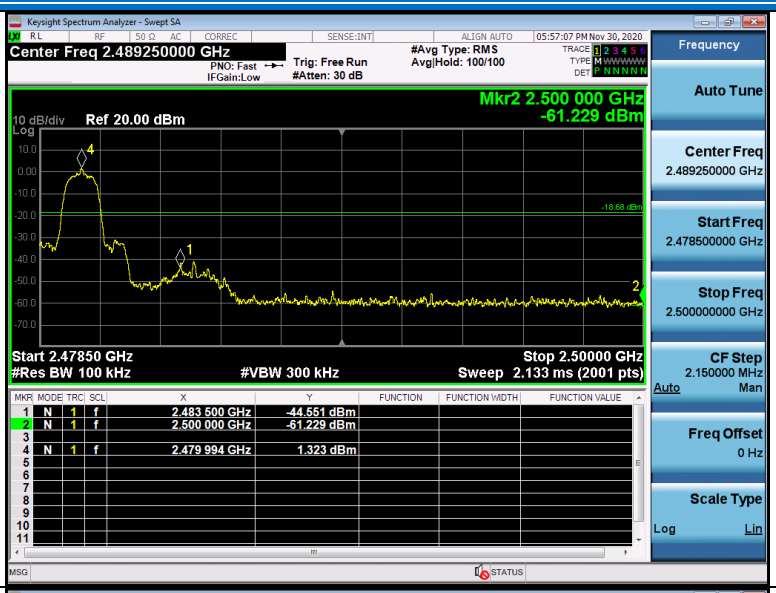
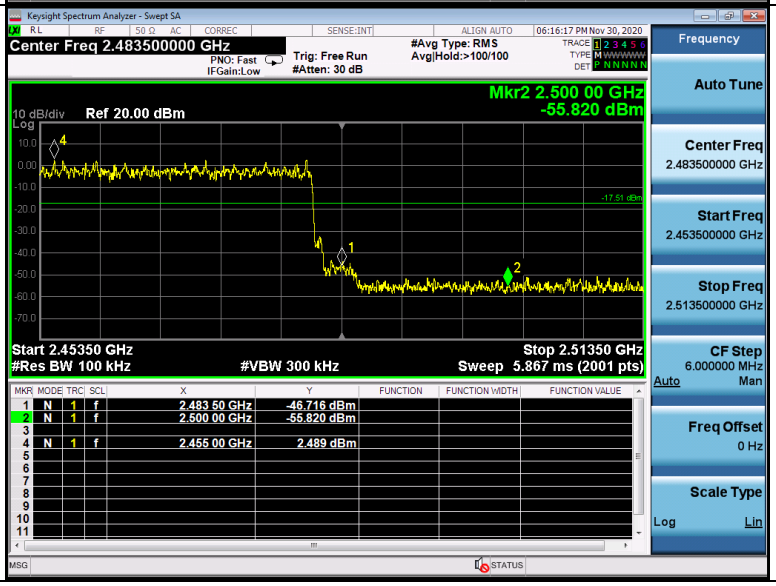
5.8 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 *Remark: Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor.*
Limit:	In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Hopping and Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

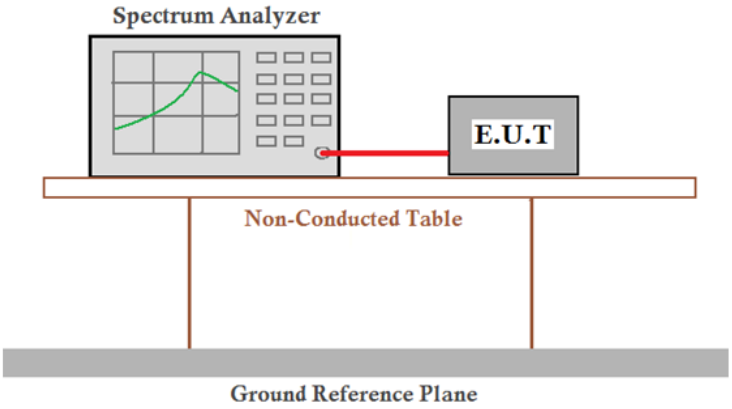
Test plot as follows:

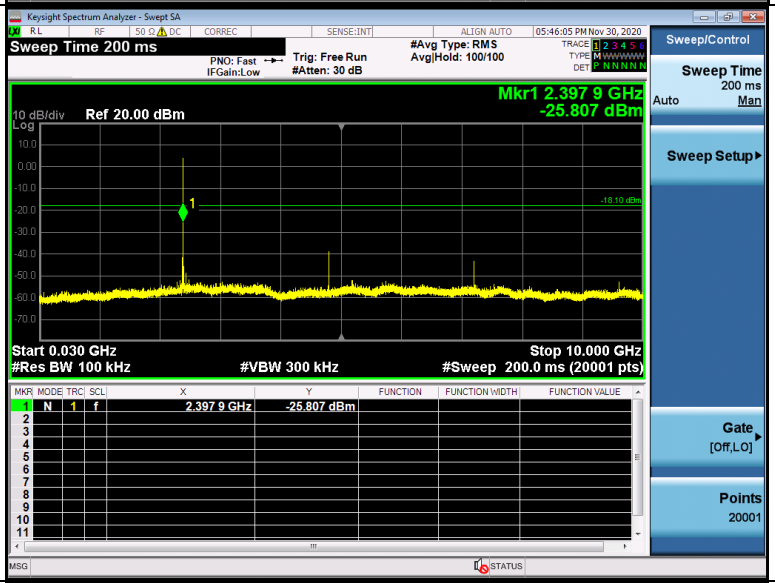
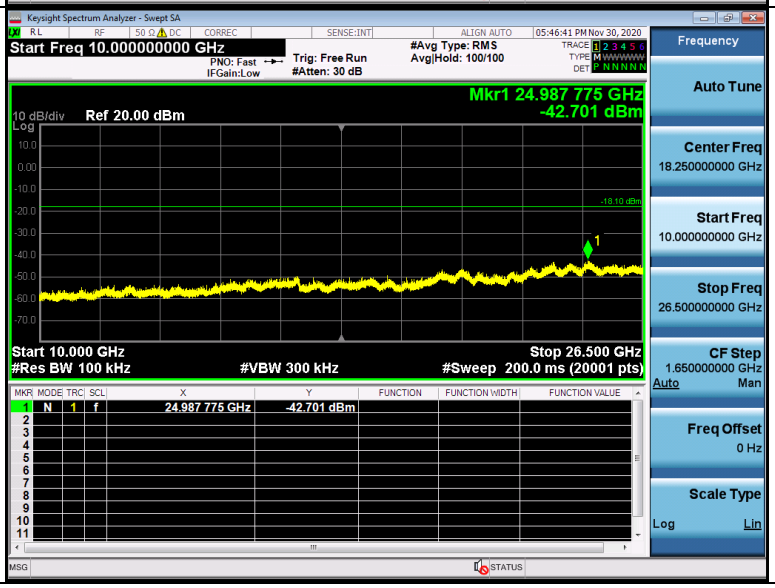
Graphs	
GFSK/LCH/No Hop	
GFSK/LCH/Hop	
GFSK/HCH/No Hop	

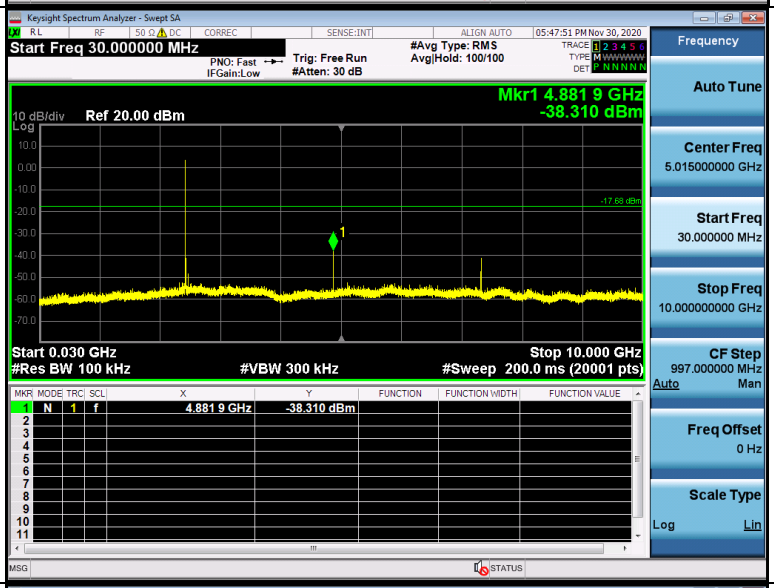
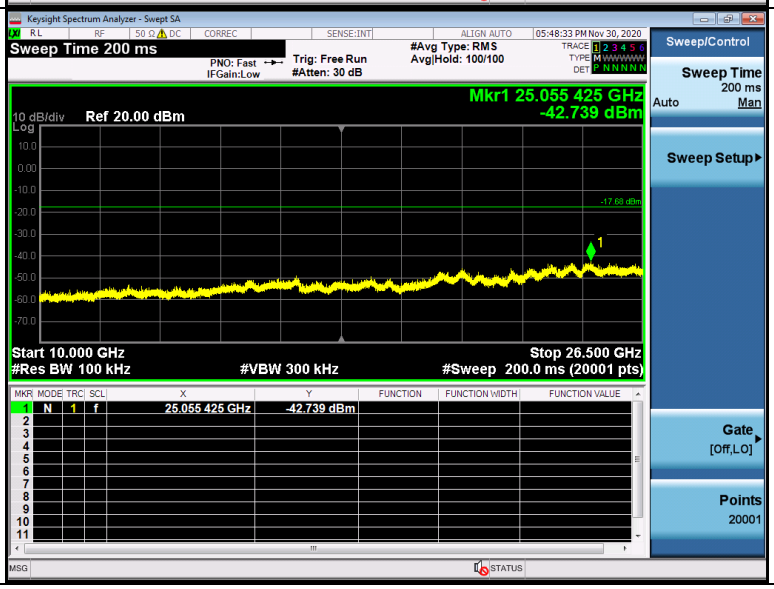
GFSK/HCH/Hop	
π/4DQPSK/LCH/No Hop	
π/4DQPSK/LCH/Hop	

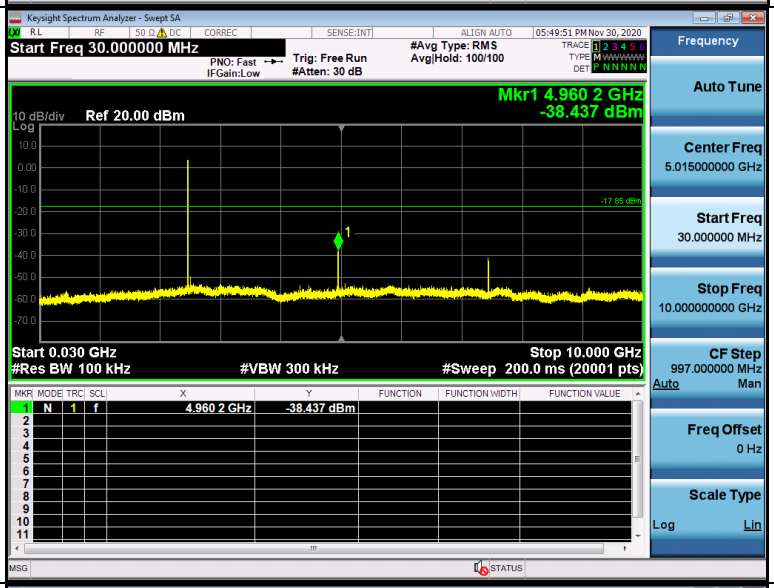
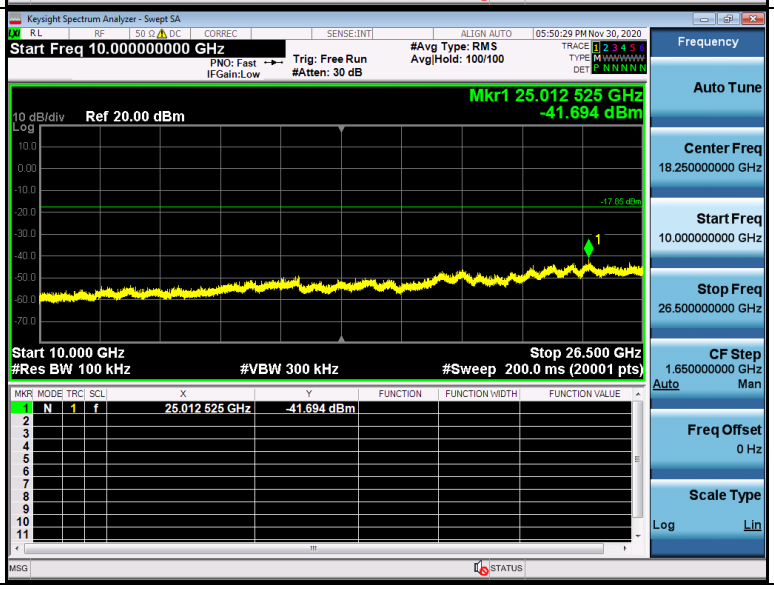
π/4DQPSK/HCH/No Hop	
π/4DQPSK/HCH/Hop	

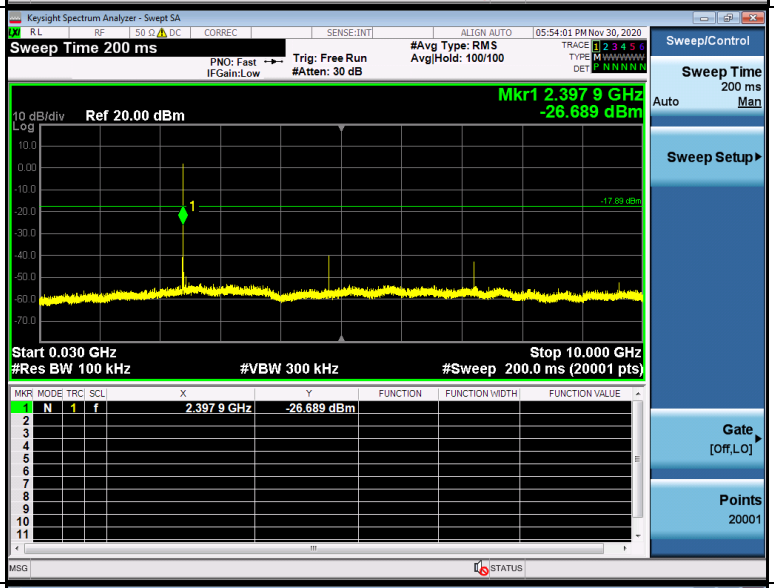
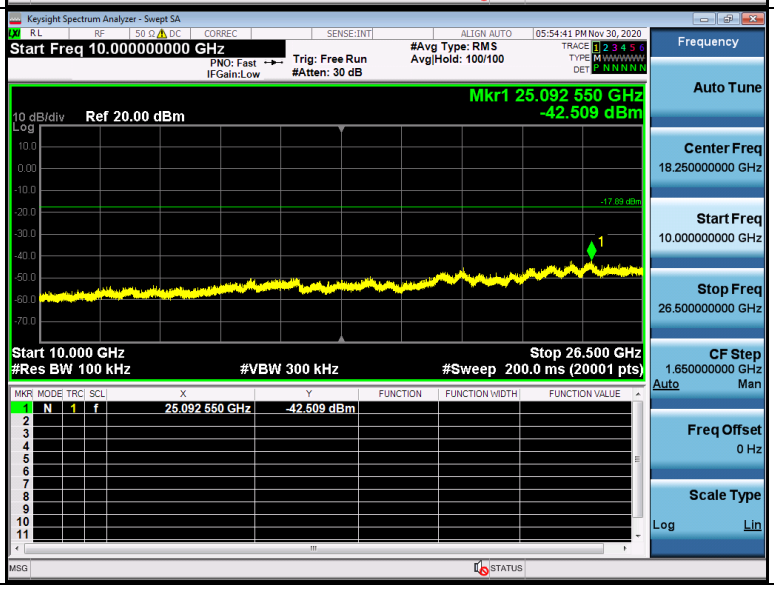
5.9 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

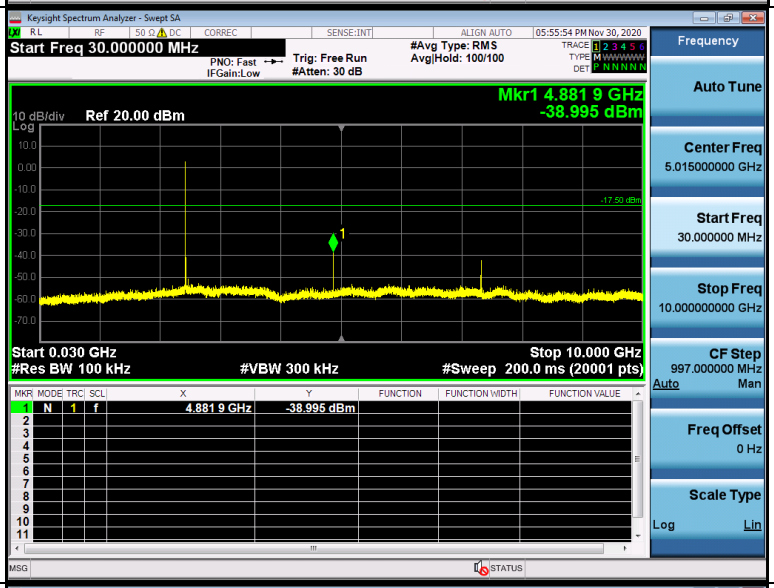
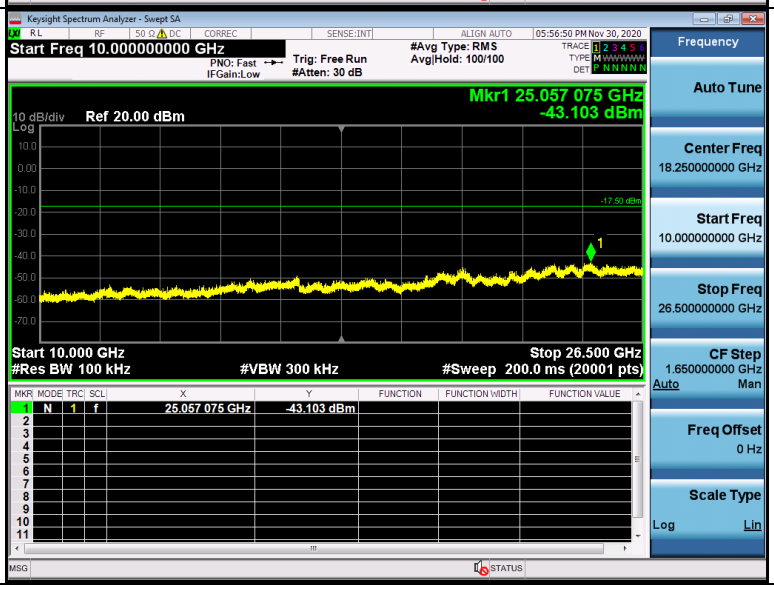
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 *Remark: Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor.*
Limit:	In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of π/4DQPSK modulation type
Test Results:	Pass

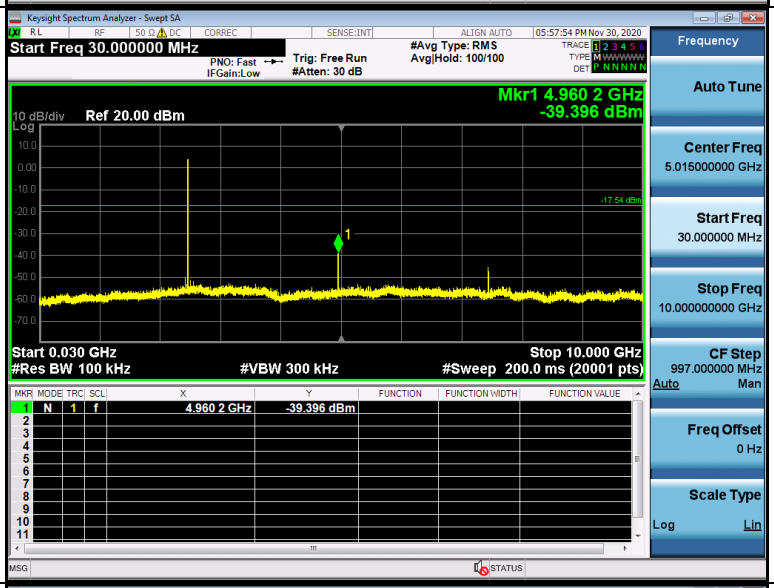
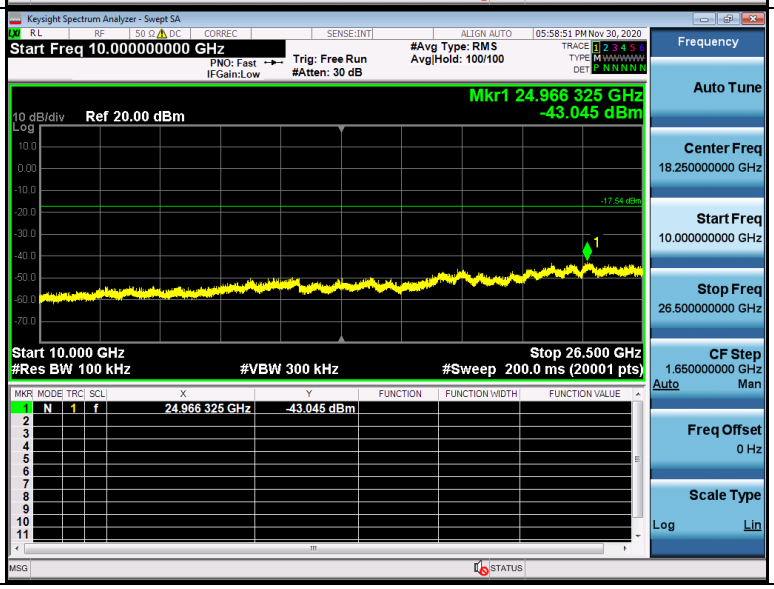
GFSK_LCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

GFSK_MCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

GFSK_HCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

π/4DQPSK_LCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

π/4DQPSK_MCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

π/4DQPSK_HCH_Graphs			
Reference			
30MHz-10GHz			
10GHz-26.5GHz			

Remark:Pre test 9kHz to 25GHz, find the highest point when testing, so only the worst data were shown in the test report. Per FCC Part 15.33 (a) and 15.31 (o) ,The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

5.10 Other requirements Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1), (h) requirement:

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

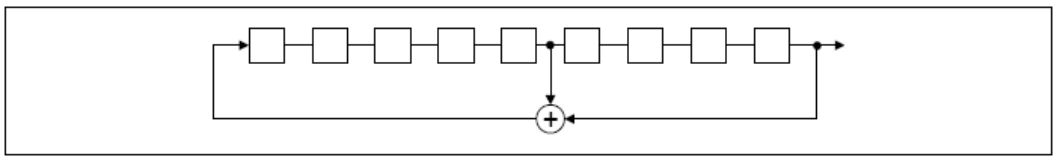
Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)

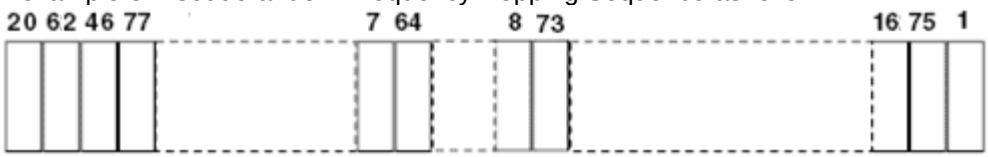
According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage
outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2^9 -1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Compliance for section 15.247(g)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h)
According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels. According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinated with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

5.11 Radiated Spurious Emission & Restricted bands

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

Receiver Setup:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Peak	100 kHz	300kHz	Peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

Limit:

Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(kHz)	-	-	300
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(kHz)	-	-	30
1.705MHz-30MHz	30	-	-	30
30MHz-88MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	500	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

Test Setup:	

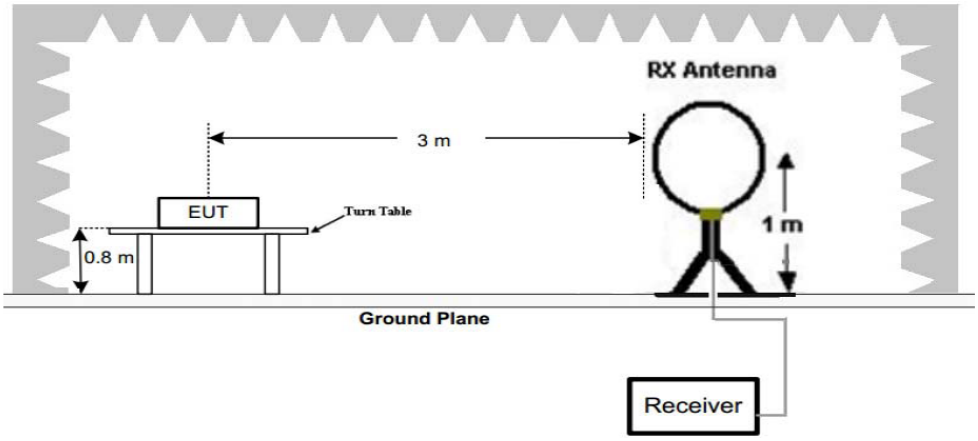


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

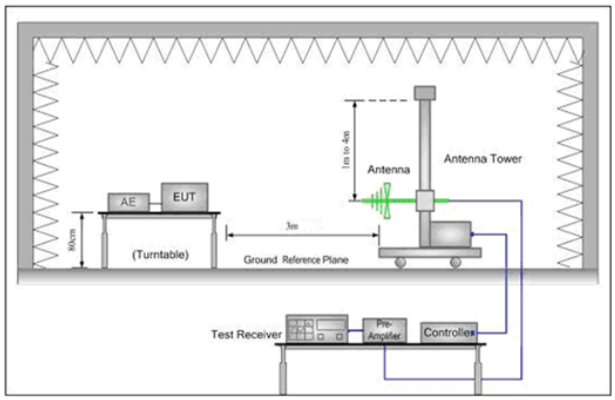


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

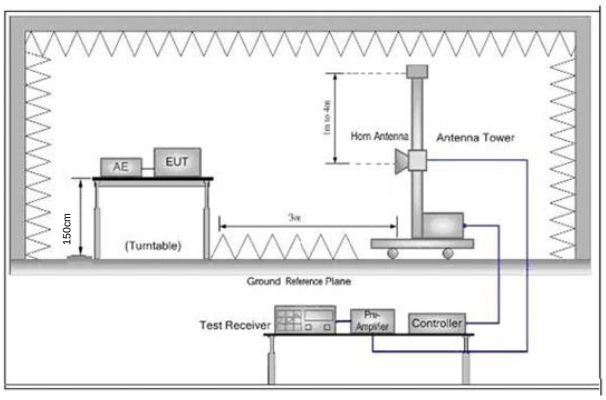


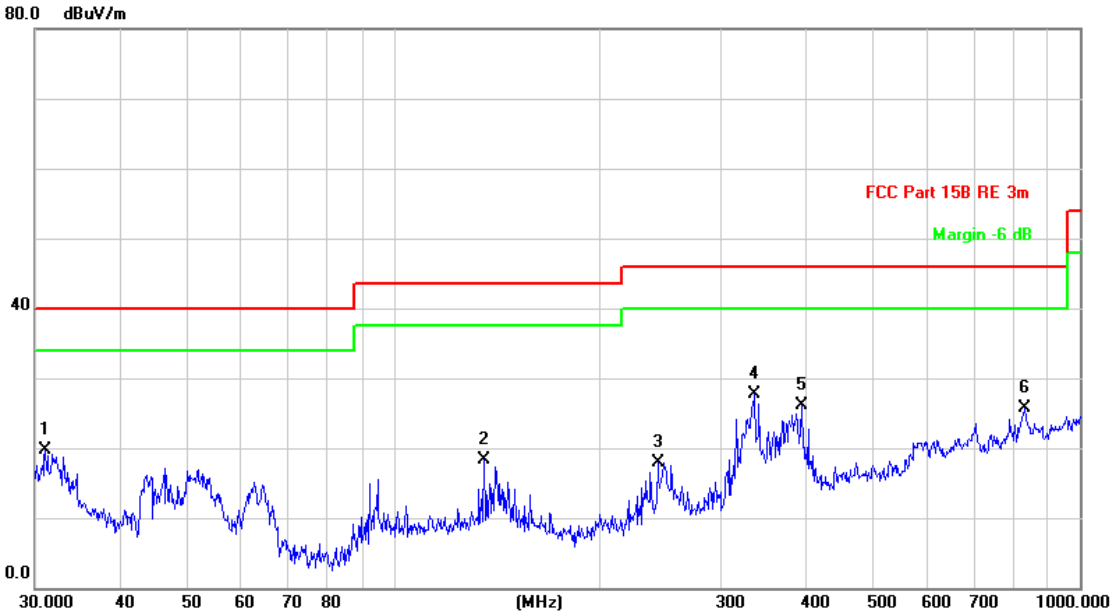
Figure 3. Above 1 GHz

Test Procedure:	a. 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. 2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

	d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel (2402MHz),the middle channel (2441MHz),the Highest channel (2480MHz) h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting mode with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type Transmitting mode, Charging mode.
Final Test Mode:	Pretest the EUT at Charging mode, found the Charging mode which it is worse case For below 1GHz part, through pre-scan, the worst case is the lowest channel. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

5.11.1 Radiated Emission below 1GHz

30MHz~1GHz		
Test mode:	Transmitting	Vertical



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		31.0706	25.60	-5.80	19.80	40.00	-20.20	QP			
2		135.5062	30.93	-12.64	18.29	43.50	-25.21	QP			
3		242.5253	31.15	-13.22	17.93	46.00	-28.07	QP			
4	*	336.0352	38.50	-10.74	27.76	46.00	-18.24	QP			
5		393.4723	35.17	-9.05	26.12	46.00	-19.88	QP			
6		830.4002	26.76	-1.13	25.63	46.00	-20.37	QP			

Remark:

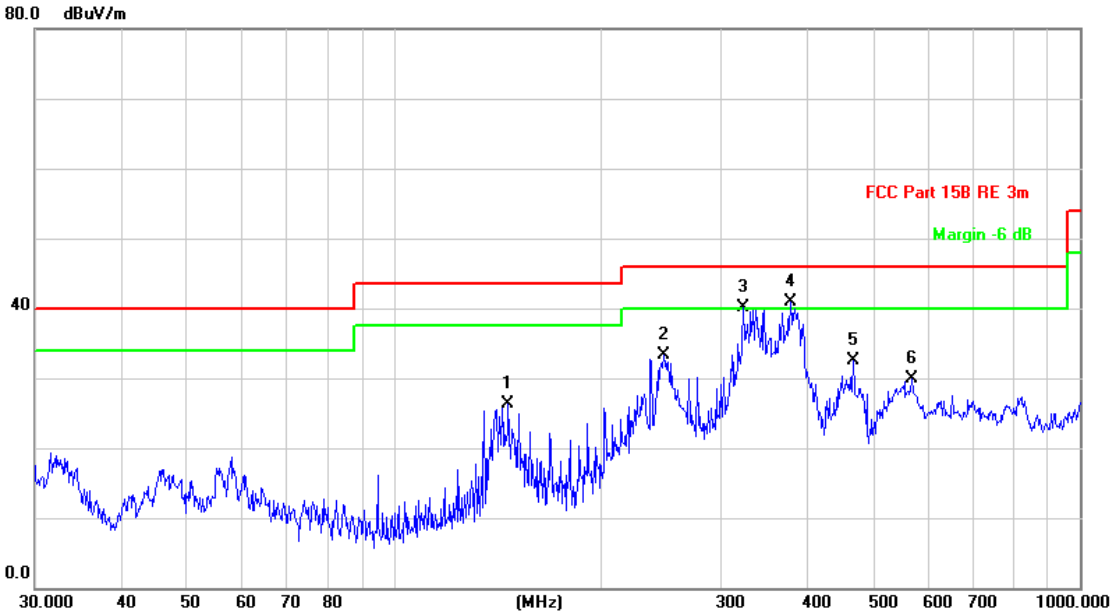
The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor,

Level = Read Level + Factor,

Over Limit=Level-Limit Line.

Test mode:	Transmitting	Horizontal



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		146.8877	39.41	-13.13	26.28	43.50	-17.22	QP			
2		247.6819	46.63	-13.30	33.33	46.00	-12.67	QP			
3	!	323.3204	50.65	-10.54	40.11	46.00	-5.89	QP			
4	*	378.5843	50.04	-9.21	40.83	46.00	-5.17	QP			
5		467.2349	39.24	-6.83	32.41	46.00	-13.59	QP			
6		568.6127	34.71	-4.88	29.83	46.00	-16.17	QP			

Remark:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor,

Level = Read Level + Factor,

Over Limit=Level-Limit Line.

5.11.2 Transmitter Emission above 1GHz

mode:		GFSK(DH5)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
2390	58.62	-9.2	49.42	74	-24.58	**Peak**	**H**
2400	59.22	-9.39	49.83	74	-24.17	Peak	H
4804	55.08	-4.33	50.75	74	-23.25	Peak	H
7206	52.91	1.01	53.92	74	-20.08	Peak	H
2390	57.20	-9.2	48.00	74	-26.00	**Peak**	**V**
2400	58.68	-9.39	49.29	74	-24.71	Peak	V
4804	55.35	-4.33	51.02	74	-22.98	Peak	V
7206	52.27	1.01	53.28	74	-20.72	Peak	V

mode:		GFSK(DH5)		Test channel:		Middle	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
4882	56.47	-4.11	52.36	74	-21.64	**Peak**	H
7323	49.67	1.51	51.18	74	-22.82	Peak	H
4882	55.02	-4.11	50.91	74	-23.09	**Peak**	V
7323	48.22	1.51	49.73	74	-24.27	Peak	V

mode:		GFSK(DH5)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
2483.5	54.56	-9.29	45.27	74	-28.73	**Peak**	**H**
4960	53.54	-4.04	49.50	74	-24.50	Peak	H
7440	50.58	1.57	52.15	74	-21.85	Peak	H
2483.5	55.56	-9.29	46.27	74	-27.73	**Peak**	**V**
4960	54.71	-4.04	50.67	74	-23.33	Peak	V
7440	50.14	1.57	51.71	74	-22.29	Peak	V

mode:		π/4DQPSK (2DH5)		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
2390	57.79	-9.2	48.59	74	-25.41	**Peak**	**H**
2400	58.06	-9.39	48.67	74	-25.33	Peak	H
4804	56.63	-4.33	52.30	74	-21.70	Peak	H
7206	53.70	1.01	54.71	74	-19.29	Peak	H
2390	56.90	-9.2	47.70	74	-26.30	**Peak**	**V**
2400	59.70	-9.39	50.31	74	-23.69	Peak	V
4804	55.63	-4.33	51.30	74	-22.70	Peak	V
7206	53.16	1.01	54.17	74	-19.83	Peak	V

mode:		π/4DQPSK (2DH5)		Test channel:		Middle	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
4882	56.24	-4.11	52.13	74	-21.87	peak	H
7323	48.96	1.51	50.47	74	-23.53	peak	H
4882	55.08	-4.11	50.97	74	-23.03	peak	V
7323	48.95	1.51	50.46	74	-23.54	peak	V

mode:		π/4DQPSK (2DH5)		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Over (dB)	Detector Type	Ant. Pol. H/V
2483.5	55.55	-9.29	46.26	74	-27.74	**Peak**	**H**
4960	54.29	-4.04	50.25	74	-23.75	Peak	H
7440	49.08	1.57	50.65	74	-23.35	Peak	H
2483.5	55.34	-9.29	46.05	74	-27.95	**Peak**	**V**
4960	54.13	-4.04	50.09	74	-23.91	Peak	V
7440	50.10	1.57	51.67	74	-22.33	Peak	V

Remark:

1) The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

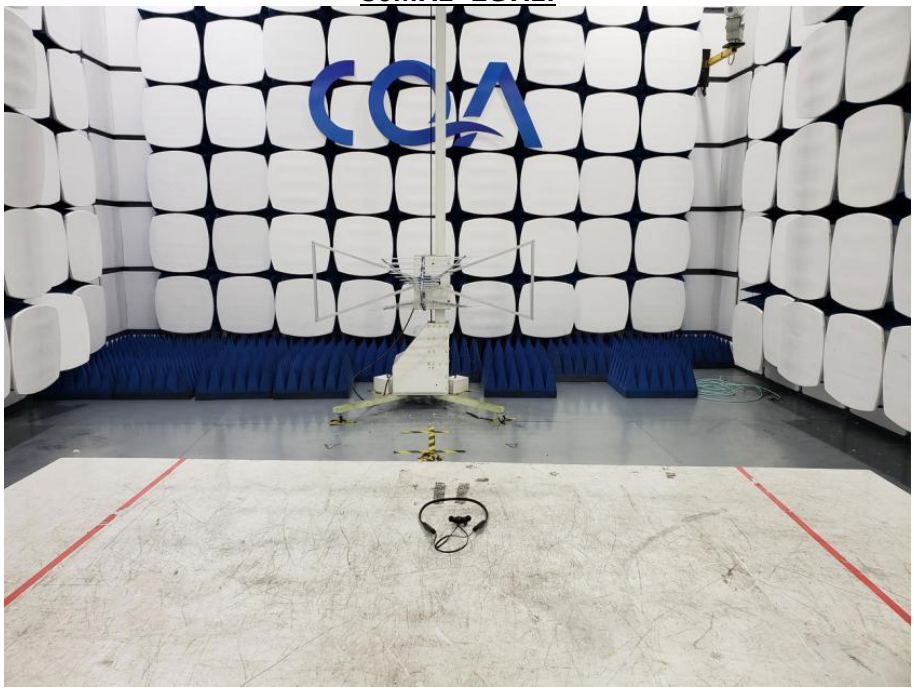
   Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor

2) Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, the disturbance above 10GHz and below 30MHz was very low. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. So, only the peak measurements were shown in the report.

6 Photographs - EUT Test Setup

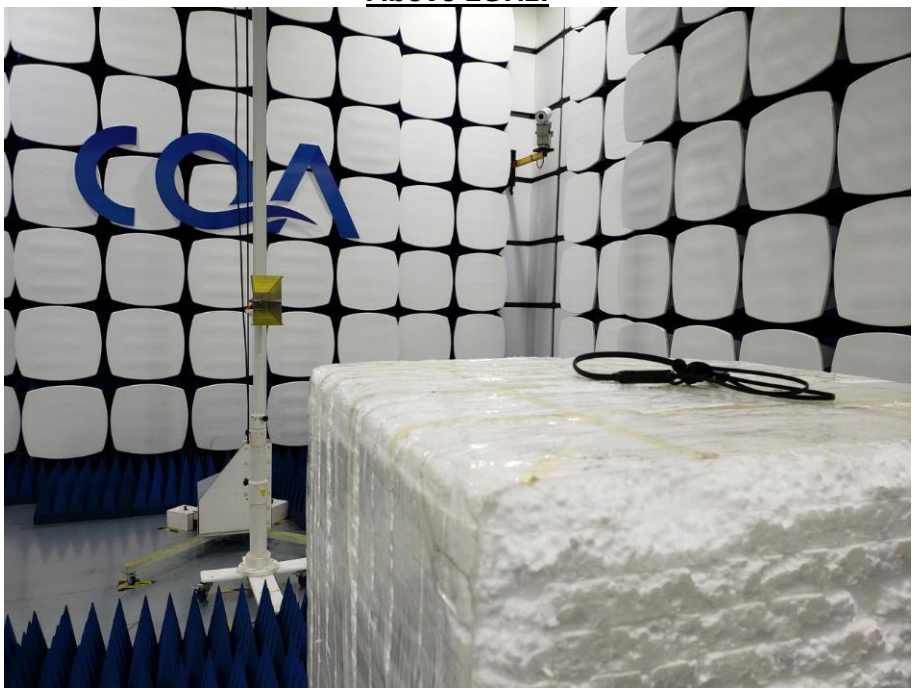
Please see test setup file

30MHz~1GHz:

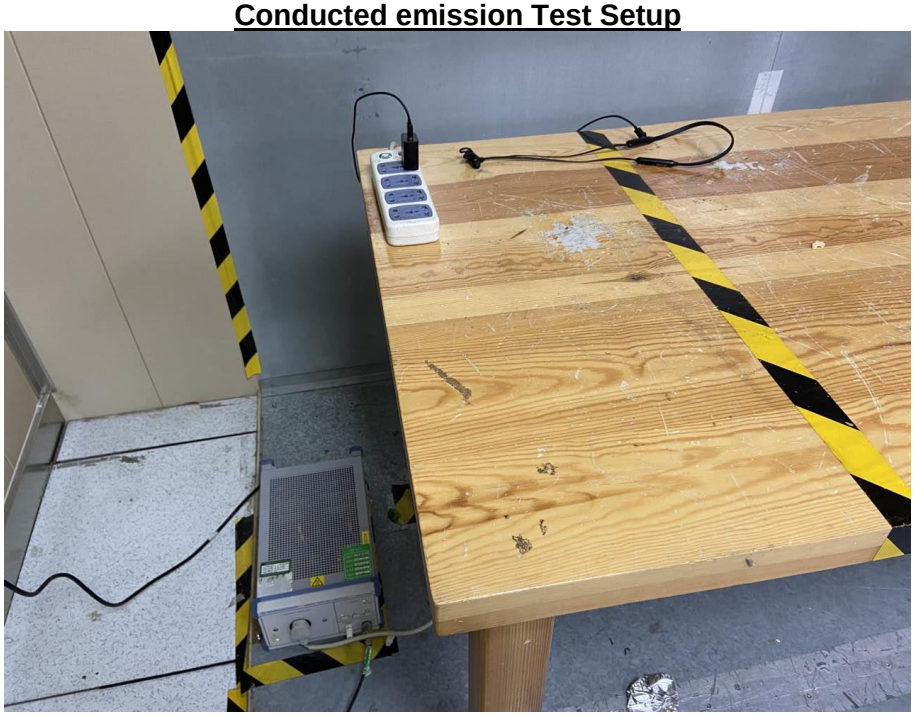


9kHz~30MHz:

Above 1GHz:

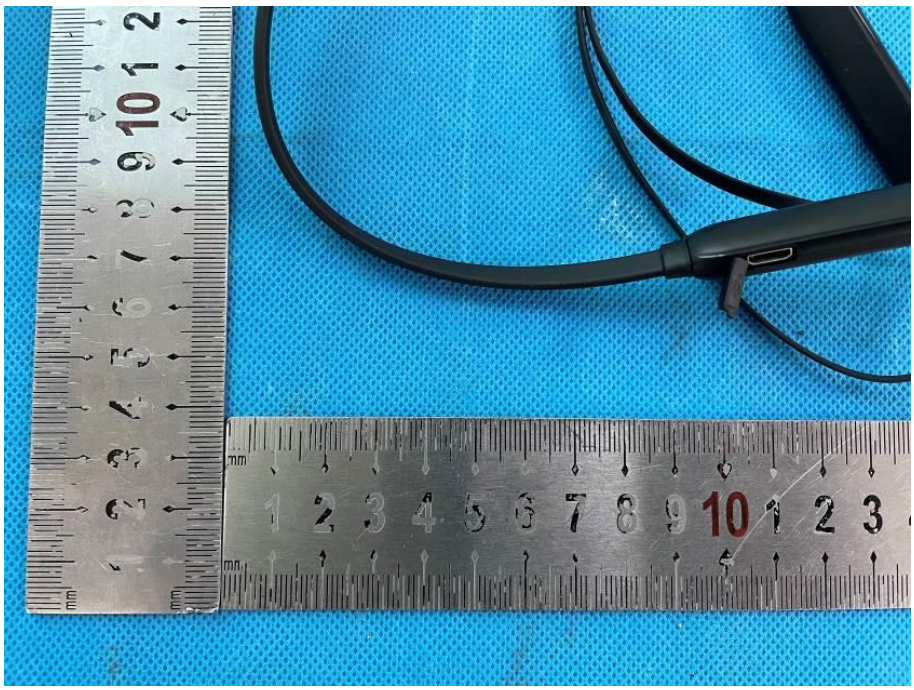


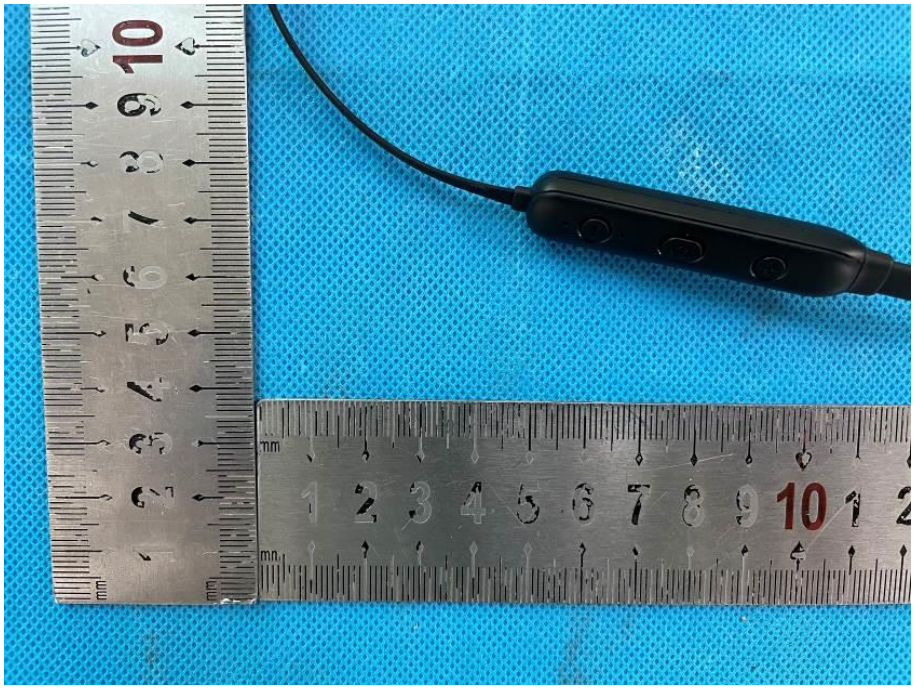
Conducted emission Test Setup



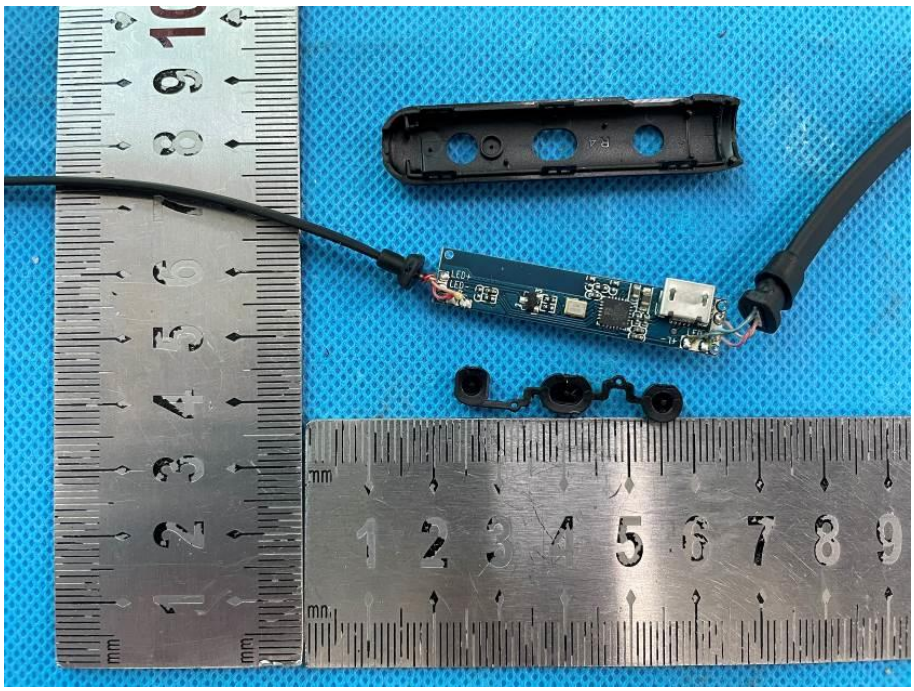
7 Photographs - EUT Constructional Details

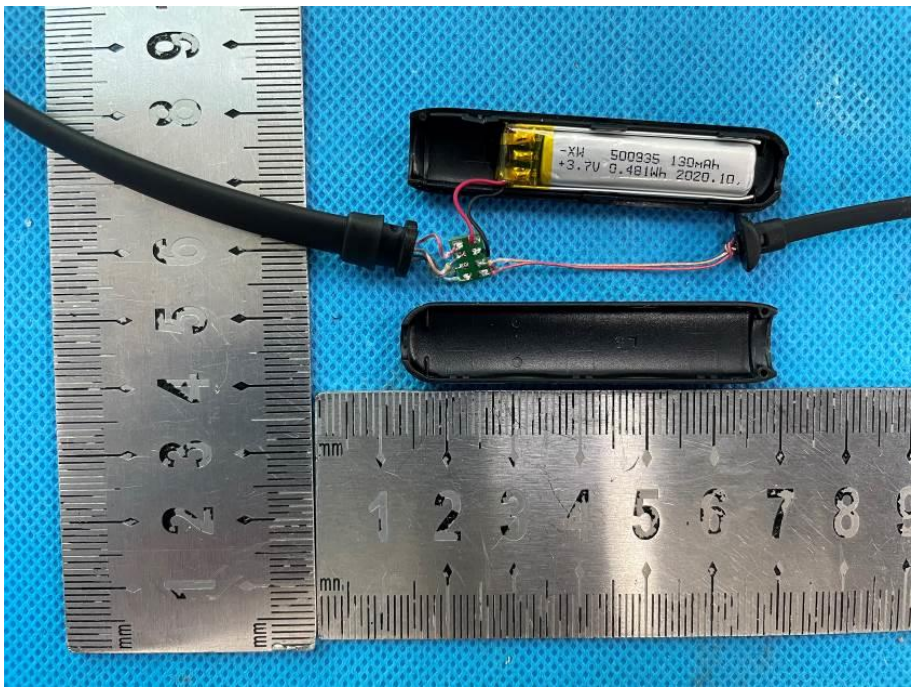
External photos

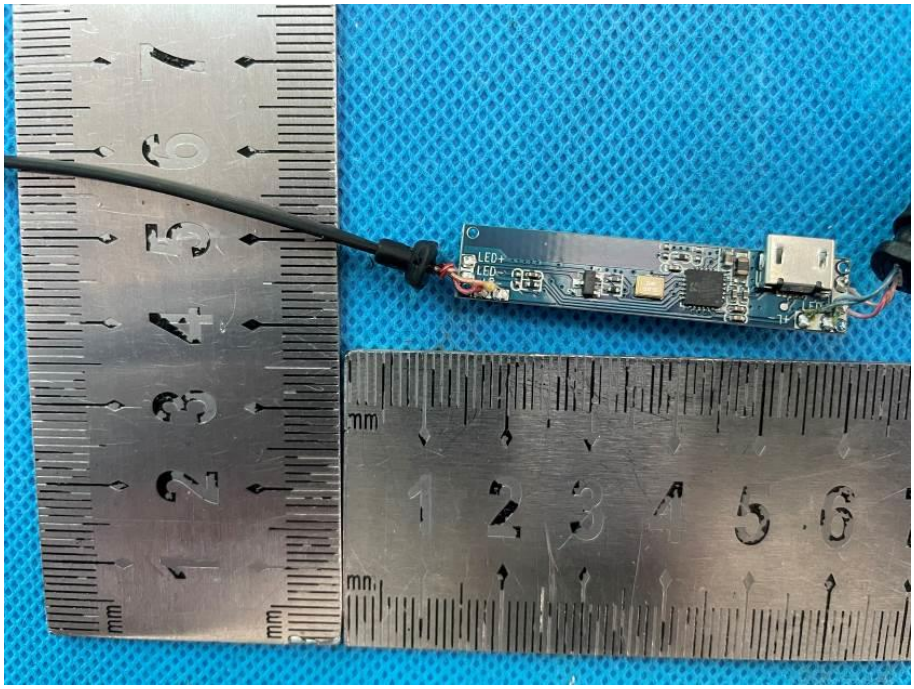


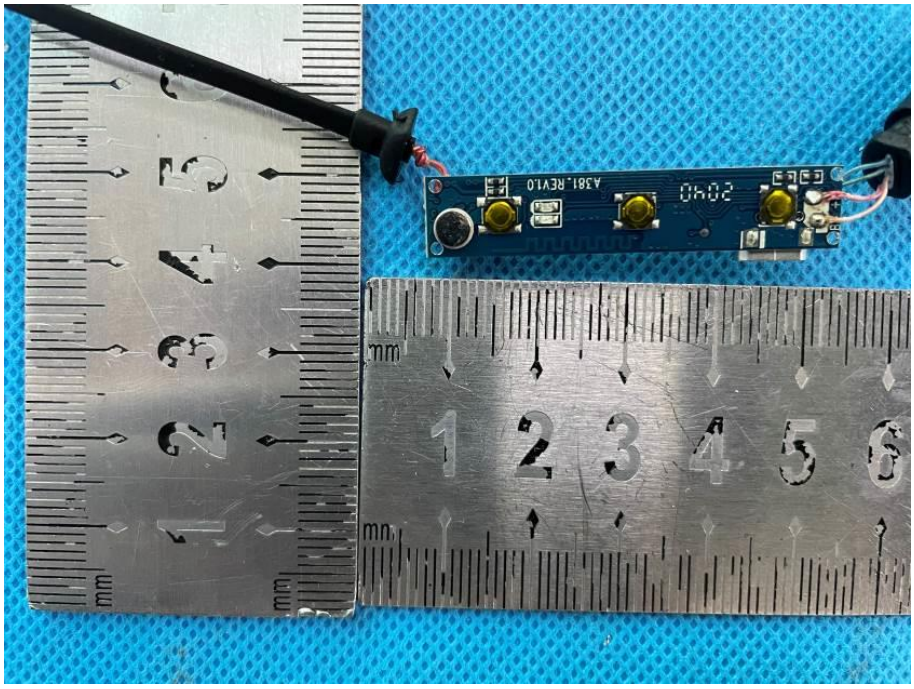


Internal photos









The End