



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

| 2AQYEFMP177 | |
|--|---|
| Mobile Phone | |
| FUJITSU | |
| F-41A | |
| | apan. |
| FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd. | • |
| FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 | • |
| : | : 2AQYEFMP177 : Mobile Phone : FUJITSU : F-41A : FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd. Chuorinkan 7-10-1 Yamato, Kanagawa 242-0007, J : FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd. Chuorinkan 7-10-1 Yamato, Kanagawa 242-0007, J : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013 |

The product was received on Feb. 10, 2020 and testing was started from Mar. 03, 2020 and completed on Mar. 10, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Template version: 200217

Page 1 of 49 Issued Date : Mar. 13, 2020



Table of Contents

| 1. Statement of Compliance | |
|---|----|
| 2. Guidance Applied | |
| 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information | |
| 3.1 General Information | |
| 3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations | 6 |
| 4. RF Exposure Limits | 7 |
| 4.1 Uncontrolled Environment | |
| 4.2 Controlled Environment | 7 |
| 5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) | |
| 5.1 Introduction | |
| 5.2 SAR Definition | |
| 6. System Description and Setup | 9 |
| 6.1 E-Field Probe | 10 |
| 6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) | 10 |
| 6.3 Phantom | |
| 6.4 Device Holder | |
| 7. Measurement Procedures | 13 |
| 7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation | 13 |
| 7.2 Power Reference Measurement | 14 |
| 7.3 Area Scan | 14 |
| 7.4 Zoom Scan | |
| 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures | 15 |
| 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring | 15 |
| 8. Test Equipment List | 16 |
| 9. System Verification | |
| 9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids | 17 |
| 9.2 Tissue Verification | |
| 9.3 System Performance Check Results | 19 |
| 10. RF Exposure Positions | 20 |
| 10.1 Ear and handset reference point | |
| 10.2 Definition of the cheek position | |
| 10.3 Definition of the tilt position | |
| 10.4 Body Worn Accessory | 23 |
| 10.5 Wireless Router | |
| 11. GSM/UMTS/CDMA/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm) | |
| 12. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm) | |
| 13. RF exposure position consideration | 39 |
| 14. SAR Test Results | |
| 14.1 Head SAR | |
| 14.2 Hotspot SAR | |
| 14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR | |
| 14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement | |
| 15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis | |
| 15.1 Head Exposure Conditions | |
| 15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions | |
| 15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions | |
| 16. Uncertainty Assessment | |
| 17. References | 49 |
| Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check | |
| Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate | |
| | |

Appendix D. Test Setup Photos



History of this test report

| Report No. | Version | Description | Issued Date |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| FA8D1724-01 | 01 | Initial issue of report | Mar. 13, 2020 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd., Mobile Phone, F-41A, are as follows.

| | | 1 | Highest SAR Summary | Highest | Highest | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Class | Frequency Band | Head (Separation 0mm) | Body-worn (Separation 10mm) | Hotspot (Separation 10mm) | Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg) | Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | | of head | of body |
| | GSM850 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.20 | | |
| | GSM1900 | 0.15 | 0.29 | 0.29 | | |
| Licensed | WCDMA V | 0.27 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 1.18 | 0.71 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 0.28 | 0.36 | 0.36 | | |
| | LTE Band 12 / 17 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.09 | | |
| DTS | 2.4GHz WLAN | 0.94 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 1.18 | 0.71 |
| NII | 5GHz WLAN | 0.38 | 0.19 | | 0.62 | 0.55 |
| DSS | Bluetooth | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.45 | 0.43 |
| Date | Date of Testing: 2020/3/3 ~ 2020/3/10 | | | | | |
| Remark : | Remark : | | | | | |

This device supports both LTE B12 and B17. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B17 falls completely within the supports frequency 1. span for LTE B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B12.

The highest simultaneous transmission 1g SAR result is referring to section15 and rounded to two decimal places.

3. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation.

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang Report Producer: Daisy Peng

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01



3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

| | Product Feature & Specification |
|--|--|
| Equipment Name | Mobile Phone |
| Brand Name | FUJITSU |
| Model Name | F-41A |
| FCC ID | 2AQYEFMP177 |
| Wireless Technology and Frequency Range | GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz |
| Mode | GSM/GPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20 / HT40 / VHT20 / VHT40 / VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK |
| | Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network |
| mode | simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network. |
| EUT Stage | Identical Prototype |



3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

| | | Sun | nmarize | d neces | sary ite | ms addres | ssed in KD | B 9412 | 25 D05 v02 | r05 | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|------------|--|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| FCC | DID | | | 2AQYEFMP177 | | | | | | | | |
| Eau | ipment Name | | | Mobile Phone | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band LTE Band 12: 699.7 MH LTE Band 12: 699.7 MH LTE Band 17: 706.5 MH | | | 99.7 MHz - | ~ 715.3 MH | z | | | | | | | |
| Cha | innel Bandwidt | h | | LTE Band 05:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz | | | | | | | | |
| upli | nk modulations | sused | | QPSK / | 16QAM | | | | | | | |
| LTE | Voice / Data r | equirements | | Data on | ly | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Tab Modu | | | | | tion (MPR) f | | - | and 3 |
| | | | | Mouu | ation | 1.4 | 3.0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | |
| | | | | | | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | |
| LTE | MPR perman | ently built-in by de | esign | | SK | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | ≤ 1 |
| | | | 0 | | 2AM | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | ≤ 1 |
| | | | | 16 C 64 C | | > 5 ≤ 5 | > 4 ≤ 4 | > 8 ≤ 8 | > 12 ≤ 12 | > 16 ≤ 16 | > 18 ≤ 18 | ≤ 2 ≤ 2 |
| | | | | 64 0 | | > 5 | >4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | ≤ 3 |
| | | | | 256 0 | QAM | | | | ≥ 1 | | | ≤ 5 |
| Spe | | RB configuration | | not inclu | uded in t | he SAR re I numbers | port. s and frequ | | in each LT | | Unset CO | nfiguration are |
| | | | 1 | | | LTE Ban | | | | | | |
| | | th 1.4 MHz | | Bandwid | - | | | dwidth 8 | | | andwidth | |
| | Ch. # | Freq. (MHz) | | า. # | | (MHz) | Ch. # | l | req. (MHz) | Ch. | | Freq. (MHz) |
| L | 20407 | 824.7 | | 415 | - | 25.5 | 20425 | | 826.5 | 204 | | 829 |
| М | 20525 | 836.5 | | 525 | | 36.5 | 20525 | | 836.5 | 205 | - | 836.5 |
| Н | 20643 | 848.3 | 20 | 635 | 84 | 47.5 | 20625 | | 846.5 | 206 | 00 | 844 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | LTE Band | | | | | | |
| | | th 1.4 MHz | | Bandwid | | | | dwidth 5 | | | andwidth | |
| - | Ch. # | Freq. (MHz) | | า. # 025 | | (MHz) | Ch. # | | Freq. (MHz) | Ch. | | Freq. (MHz) |
| | 23017 | 699.7 | | 025 | | 00.5 | 23035 | | 701.5 | 230 | | 704 |
| M H | 23095 23173 | 707.5 | | 095 165 | | 07.5 14.5 | 23095 | | 707.5 713.5 | 230 | | 707.5 711 |
| | 23173 | / 15.3 | 23 | 105 | | LTE Band | 23155 | | /13.5 | 231 | 30 | / 11 |
| | | Bandwid | | 7 | | LIE Band | | | Danderi | dth 10 MHz | | |
| - | Cha | | ui o IVIH | | () () () | | | honne | | atti TO MHZ | | |
| | | nnel # | | Freq. | (MHZ) 6.5 | | C | hanne | | | Freq. (MHz) | |
| M | | 755 | | | 6.5 10 | | | 23780 | | | 709 | |
| H | | 8790 1825 | | | | | | 23790 | | | 710 | |
| н | H 23825 | | | /1 | 3.5 | | | 23800 | | | 711 | |



4. <u>RF Exposure Limits</u>

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

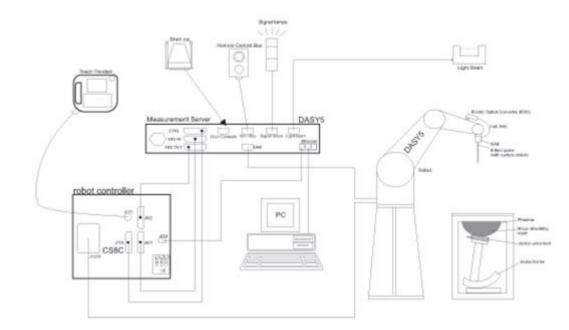
$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

6. System Description and Setup



The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



6.1 <u>E-Field Probe</u>

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Frequency | 10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz) | |
| Directivity | \pm 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm | |

<EX3DV4 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
|---------------|--|---------------------------|
| Frequency | 10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g) | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm | |

6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE



6.3 <u>Phantom</u>

<SAM Twin Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm | |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 25 liters | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet | 7 5 |
| Measurement Areas | Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom | |

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm | |

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



6.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops



7. <u>Measurement Procedures</u>

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

7.3 <u>Area Scan</u>

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | \leq 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | $5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ | | | |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | $30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ | | | |
| | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm | | | |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. | | | | |



7.4 <u>Zoom Scan</u>

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | \leq 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | | |
|--|--------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Maximum zoom scan s | spatial reso | plution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ | | |
| | uniform | grid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n) | \leq 5 mm | $3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | \leq 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| | grid | ∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | 1 | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | | |
| | | | | | | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



8. Test Equipment List

| | | To see (0.0 a shall | O suisi Normali au | Calib | ration |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Last Cal. | Due Date |
| SPEAG | 750MHz System Validation Kit | D750V3 | 1107 | Mar. 08, 2019 | Mar. 07, 2020 |
| SPEAG | 835MHz System Validation Kit | D835V2 | 4d167 | Nov. 25, 2019 | Nov. 24, 2020 |
| SPEAG | 1900MHz System Validation Kit | D1900V2 | 5d185 | Mar. 07, 2019 | Mar. 06, 2020 |
| SPEAG | 2450MHz System Validation Kit | D2450V2 | 736 | Aug. 31, 2018 | Aug. 29, 2020 |
| SPEAG | 5GHz System Validation Kit | D5GHzV2 | 1006 | Sep. 27, 2018 | Sep. 25, 2020 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE3 | 495 | May. 21, 2019 | May. 20, 2020 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE3 | 577 | Sep. 17, 2019 | Sep. 16, 2020 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3728 | Feb. 04, 2020 | Feb. 03, 2021 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 7306 | Jul. 22, 2019 | Jul. 21, 2020 |
| RCPTWN | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM685-1 | Nov. 12, 2019 | Nov. 11, 2020 |
| RCPTWN | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM560-2 | Nov. 12, 2019 | Nov. 11, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Radio Communication Analyzer | MT8821C | 6201341950 | Oct. 31, 2019 | Oct. 30, 2020 |
| Agilent | Wireless Communication Test Set | E5515C | MY50267236 | Apr. 01, 2019 | Mar. 31, 2020 |
| R&S | BT Base Station | CBT32 | 100522 | Mar. 18, 2019 | Mar. 17, 2020 |
| SPEAG | Device Holder | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Anritsu | Signal Generator | MG3710A | 6201502524 | Nov. 20, 2019 | Nov. 19, 2020 |
| Agilent | ENA Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46104758 | Sep. 06, 2019 | Sep. 05, 2020 |
| SPEAG | Dielectric Probe Kit | DAK-3.5 | 1126 | Sep. 18, 2019 | Sep. 17, 2020 |
| LINE SEIKI | Digital Thermometer | DTM3000-spezial | 3169 | Sep. 10, 2019 | Sep. 09, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1036004 | Aug. 08, 2019 | Aug. 07, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Power Sensor | MA2411B | 1027253 | Aug. 08, 2019 | Aug. 07, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1419002 | May. 29, 2019 | May. 28, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Power Sensor | MA2411B | 1339124 | May. 29, 2019 | May. 28, 2020 |
| Agilent | Spectrum Analyzer | E4408B | MY44211028 | Aug. 27, 2019 | Aug. 26, 2020 |
| Anritsu | Spectrum Analyzer | MS2830A | 6201396378 | Jun. 27, 2019 | Jun. 26, 2020 |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZVE-8G+ | 6418 | Oct. 16, 2019 | Oct. 15, 2020 |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZVE-8G+ | 6382 | Aug. 12, 2019 | Aug. 11, 2020 |
| ATM | Dual Directional Coupler | C122H-10 | P610410z-02 | No | te 1 |
| Woken | Attenuator 1 | WK0602-XX | N/A | No | te 1 |
| PE | Attenuator 2 | PE7005-10 | N/A | No | te 1 |
| PE | Attenuator 3 | PE7005-3 | N/A | No | te 1 |

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data of dipole D5GHzV2, SN: 1006, D2450V2, SN: 736 can be found in appendix C. The return loss

3. is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.



9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

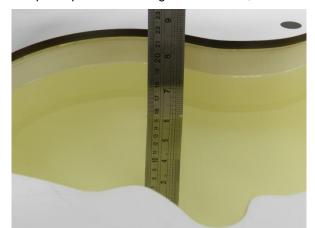




Fig 10.1Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Frequency (MHz) | Water (%) | Sugar (%) | Cellulose (%) | Salt (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (εr) |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 750 | 41.1 | 57.0 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.89 | 41.9 |
| 835 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.90 | 41.5 |
| 900 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.97 | 41.5 |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 44.5 | 1.40 | 40.0 |
| 2450 | 55.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 |
| 2600 | 54.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 45.1 | 1.96 | 39.0 |

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

| Ingredients | (% by weight) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Water | 64~78% |
| Mineral oil | 11~18% |
| Emulsifiers | 9~15% |
| Additives and Salt | 2~3% |

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency (MHz) | Liquid Temp. (℃) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ε _r) | Conductivity Target (σ) | Permittivity Target (ε _r) | Delta (σ) (%) | Delta (ε _r) (%) | Limit (%) | Date |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 750 | 22.4 | 0.898 | 41.246 | 0.89 | 41.90 | 0.90 | -1.56 | ±5 | 2020/3/5 |
| 835 | 22.4 | 0.894 | 42.284 | 0.90 | 41.50 | -0.67 | 1.89 | ±5 | 2020/3/8 |
| 1900 | 22.4 | 1.403 | 40.614 | 1.40 | 40.00 | 0.21 | 1.53 | ±5 | 2020/3/6 |
| 2450 | 22.6 | 1.818 | 39.796 | 1.80 | 39.20 | 1.00 | 1.52 | ±5 | 2020/3/3 |
| 5250 | 22.6 | 4.665 | 36.313 | 4.71 | 35.95 | -0.96 | 1.01 | ±5 | 2020/3/10 |
| 5600 | 22.6 | 5.002 | 35.853 | 5.07 | 35.50 | -1.34 | 0.99 | ±5 | 2020/3/10 |



9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date | Frequency (MHz) | Input Power (mW) | S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg) | Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2020/3/5 | 750 | 250 | D750V3-1107 | EX3DV4 - SN3728 | DAE3 Sn495 | 2.12 | 8.32 | 8.48 | 1.92 |
| 2020/3/8 | 835 | 250 | D835V2-4d167 | EX3DV4 - SN3728 | DAE3 Sn495 | 2.36 | 9.55 | 9.44 | -1.15 |
| 2020/3/6 | 1900 | 250 | D1900V2-5d185 | EX3DV4 - SN3728 | DAE3 Sn495 | 9.89 | 39.40 | 39.56 | 0.41 |
| 2020/3/3 | 2450 | 250 | D2450V2-736 | EX3DV4 - SN7306 | DAE3 Sn577 | 14.10 | 52.70 | 56.4 | 7.02 |
| 2020/3/10 | 5250 | 100 | D5GHzV2-1006-5250 | EX3DV4 - SN7306 | DAE3 Sn577 | 7.87 | 80.70 | 78.7 | -2.48 |
| 2020/3/10 | 5600 | 100 | D5GHzV2-1006-5600 | EX3DV4 - SN7306 | DAE3 Sn577 | 8.07 | 83.30 | 80.7 | -3.12 |

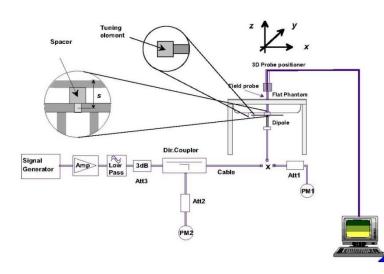




Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



10. <u>RF Exposure Positions</u>

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

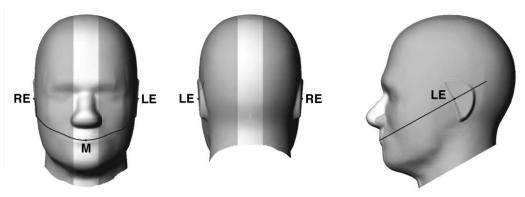


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

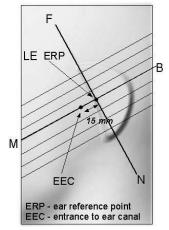


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

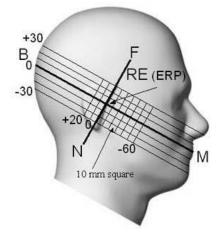
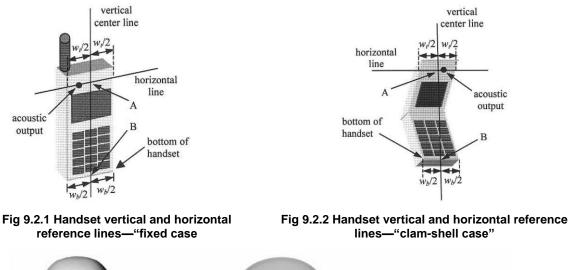


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations



10.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the 1. cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset-the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline 2. passes through two points on the front side of the handset-the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line 3. passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches 4 the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and 7 LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.



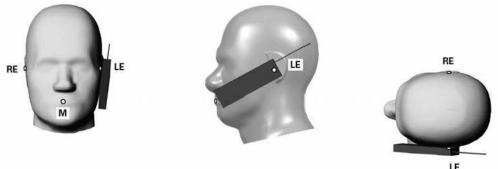


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

acoustic output



10.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body.

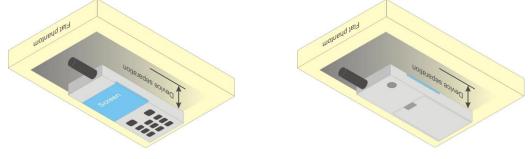


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

10.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \ge 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



11. GSM/UMTS/CDMA/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

| GSM850 | Burst Av | verage Powe | er (dBm) | Tune-up | Frame-A | verage Pow | er (dBm) | Tune-up |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|------------|----------|---------|
| TX Channel | 128 189 251 Limit | | 128 | 189 | 251 | Limit | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | (dBm) | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | (dBm) |
| GSM 1 Tx slot | 32.21 | 32.43 | 32.17 | 33.00 | 23.21 | 23.43 | 23.17 | 24.00 |
| GPRS 1 Tx slot | 32.30 | 32.35 | 32.12 | 33.00 | 23.30 | 23.35 | 23.12 | 24.00 |
| GPRS 2 Tx slots | 30.38 | 30.43 | 30.58 | 31.00 | 24.38 | 24.43 | 24.58 | 25.00 |
| GPRS 3 Tx slots | 28.72 | 28.84 | 28.64 | 29.00 | 24.46 | 24.58 | 24.38 | 24.74 |
| GPRS 4 Tx slots | 27.05 | 27.64 | 27.34 | 28.00 | 24.05 | 24.64 | 24.34 | 25.00 |

| GSM1900 | Burst A | verage Powe | er (dBm) | Tune-up | Frame-A | er (dBm) | Tune-up | |
|-----------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-------|
| TX Channel | 512 | 661 | 810 | Limit | 512 | 661 | 810 | Limit |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1850.2 | 1880 | 1909.8 | (dBm) | 1850.2 | 1880 | 1909.8 | (dBm) |
| GSM 1 Tx slot | 29.76 | 29.95 | 29.74 | 30.00 | 20.76 | 20.95 | 20.74 | 21.00 |
| GPRS 1 Tx slot | 29.77 | 29.93 | 29.72 | 30.00 | 20.77 | 20.93 | 20.72 | 21.00 |
| GPRS 2 Tx slots | 26.81 | 26.82 | 26.59 | 27.00 | 20.81 | 20.82 | 20.59 | 21.00 |
| GPRS 3 Tx slots | 24.93 | 24.71 | 24.64 | 25.00 | 20.67 | 20.45 | 20.38 | 20.74 |
| GPRS 4 Tx slots | 23.66 | 23.52 | 23.44 | 24.00 | 20.66 | 20.52 | 20.44 | 21.00 |



<u><WCDMA Conducted Power></u>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

| Sub-test | βc | βa | βd (SF) | βс/βа | βнs (Note1, Note 2) | CM (dB) (Note 3) | MPR (dB) (Note 3) | | | | |
|----------|--|-----------------------------|------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | | |
| 2 | 12/15 (Note 4) | 15/15 (Note 4) | 64 | 12/15 (Note 4) | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0.0 | | | | |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 | | | | |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 | | | | |
| | Magnitude (I | EVM) with H in clause 5. | S-DPCCH te | iirement test in cla st in clause 5.13.1 and ∆ _{NACK} = 30/1 | A, and HSDF | PA EVM with ph | ase | | | | |
| | Note 3: CM = 1 for β _o /β _d =12/15, β _{hs} /β _c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS- DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | or the TFC during factors for the ref | | | | | | | |

Setup Configuration



HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

| Sub- test | β∝ | β⊲ | β⊿ (SF) | β₀/β⋴ | β нs (Note1) | ßec | β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5) | β _{ed} (SF) | β _{ed} (Codes) | CM (dB) (Note 2) | MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6) | AG Index (Note 5) | E- TFCI |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 11/15 (Note 3) | 15/15 (Note 3) | 64 | 11/15 (Note 3) | 22/15 | 209/2 25 | 1309/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15 | 4 4 | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 | 0 | - | - | 5/15 | 5/15 | 47/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 12 | 67 |
| Note 1 | | with β_{hs} = | | | c and Δ_{CC} | a = 30/15 | 5 with β_{hs} = 3 | 0/15 * | eta_c . For s | ub-test 5 | ό, Δ α ςκ, Δ | NACK and | ∆ _{CQI} = |
| Note 2 | | | | | | | her combination | | DPDCH, I | DPCCH, | HS- DPO | CCH, E-D | PDCH |
| Note 3 | | | | | | | during the m te TFC (TF1, | | | | | | l by |
| Note 4 | | e of testi 306 Tabl | | | E-DPDC | H Physic | cal Layer categ | gory 1 | , Sub-test | 3 is omit | tted acco | rding to | |
| Note 5 | | | | | | | Grant Value. | | | | | | |
| Note 6 | | ibtests 2, er MPR v | | 4, UE m | ay perfor | m E-DPE | OCH power sc | aling a | at max pov | ver whic | h could re | esults in | slightly |

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

| | Band | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| | TX Channel | 4132 | 4182 | 4233 | Tune-up Limit |
| l | Rx Channel | 4357 | 4407 | 4458 | (dBm) |
| Fre | equency (MHz) | 826.4 | 836.4 | 846.6 | |
| 3GPP Rel 99 | AMR 12.2Kbps | 23.03 | 23.09 | 23.08 | 24.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 99 | RMC 12.2Kbps | 23.08 | 23.13 | 23.12 | 24.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.16 | 22.23 | 22.28 | 23.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-2 | 22.28 | 22.34 | 22.42 | 23.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-3 | 21.78 | 21.84 | 21.91 | 22.50 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-4 | 21.78 | 21.85 | 21.92 | 22.50 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-1 | 22.26 | 22.25 | 22.29 | 23.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-2 | 20.23 | 20.32 | 20.27 | 21.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-3 | 21.25 | 21.34 | 21.29 | 22.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-4 | 20.24 | 20.30 | 20.36 | 21.00 |
| 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-5 | 22.20 | 22.30 | 22.40 | 23.00 |



<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band



|--|

| BW [MHz] | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Power Low Ch. / Freq. | Power Middle Ch. / Freq. | Power High Ch. / Freq. | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
|----------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------|--|
| | Cha | nnel | | 20450 | 20525 | 20600 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| | Frequenc | cy (MHz) | | 829 | 836.5 | 844 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.55 | 22.54 | 22.65 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.05 | 23.25 | 23.15 | 24 | 0 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.54 | 22.85 | 22.64 |] | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.93 | 21.97 | 22.08 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 21.96 | 22.13 | 22.09 | | 4 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.04 | 22.14 | 22.08 | - 23 | 1 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 21.98 | 22.01 | 22.08 |] | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.75 | 21.73 | 21.77 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 21.92 | 22.05 | 22.03 | 23 | 1 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.71 | 21.86 | 21.81 |] | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 20.94 | 20.98 | 21.33 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 20.98 | 21.29 | 21.35 | 22 | 2 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.02 | 21.15 | 21.29 | 22 | 2 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 20.78 | 21.03 | 21.03 | | | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 20425 | 20525 | 20625 | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
| | Frequenc | cy (MHz) | | 826.5 | 836.5 | 846.5 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.58 | 22.81 | 22.60 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 12 | 23.19 | 23.20 | 23.12 | 24 | 0 | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 24 | 22.46 | 22.77 | 22.54 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 21.93 | 22.00 | 22.02 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 7 | 21.99 | 22.06 | 22.10 | 23 | 1 | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 13 | 21.93 | 21.99 | 22.03 | 23 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.93 | 22.04 | 22.00 |] | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.68 | 21.67 | 21.73 | | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 12 | 21.64 | 21.80 | 21.71 | 23 | 1 | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 24 | 21.65 | 21.79 | 21.66 |] | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 20.95 | 20.72 | 20.94 | | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 7 | 21.12 | 21.17 | 21.02 | 22 | 2 | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 13 | 20.96 | 21.00 | 21.04 | 22 | Z | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 20.95 | 21.05 | 21.21 | | | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 20415 | 20525 | 20635 | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
| | Frequenc | cy (MHz) | | 825.5 | 836.5 | 847.5 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.66 | 22.59 | 23.03 | l T | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 8 | 22.71 | 22.80 | 22.72 | 24 | 0 | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 14 | 22.75 | 22.84 | 22.81 | | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 0 | 21.90 | 22.10 | 22.16 | _ T | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 4 | 22.01 | 22.08 | 22.07 | 23 | 1 | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 7 | 21.94 | 22.03 | 22.08 | 25 | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 15 | 0 | 21.90 | 22.00 | 21.96 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.70 | 21.83 | 21.84 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 8 | 21.60 | 21.76 | 21.71 | 23 | 1 | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 14 | 21.74 | 21.81 | 21.82 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 0 | 20.96 | 20.66 | 21.02 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 4 | 20.87 | 20.95 | 21.04 | 22 | 2 | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 7 | 21.18 | 21.09 | 21.15 | | | |

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 Template version: 200217 Page 29 of 49 Issued Date : Mar. 13, 2020



| 3 | 16QAM | 15 | 0 | 20.93 | 20.75 | 20.95 | | |
|-----------------|-------|----|---|-------|-------|-------|---------------|------|
| Channel | | | | 20407 | 20525 | 20643 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| Frequency (MHz) | | | | 824.7 | 836.5 | 848.3 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.64 | 22.87 | 22.96 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 3 | 22.98 | 22.97 | 22.97 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 5 | 22.87 | 22.87 | 22.88 | 24 | 0 |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 0 | 22.99 | 23.00 | 23.08 | 24 | 0 |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 1 | 22.92 | 23.15 | 22.91 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 3 | 22.97 | 23.10 | 23.13 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 6 | 0 | 21.84 | 21.96 | 21.94 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.72 | 21.80 | 21.83 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 3 | 21.88 | 22.08 | 22.21 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 5 | 21.72 | 21.82 | 22.19 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 0 | 21.89 | 21.93 | 21.84 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 1 | 21.89 | 21.97 | 21.94 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 3 | 21.97 | 21.97 | 22.15 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 6 | 0 | 21.01 | 21.01 | 20.97 | 22 | 2 |



<LTE Band 12>

| BW [MHz] | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Power Low Ch. / Freq. | Power Middle Ch. / Freq. | Power High Ch. / Freq. | Tune-up limit | MPR |
|----------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------|
| | Cha | nnel | | 23060 | 23095 | 23130 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 704 | 707.5 | 711 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.69 | 22.80 | 22.72 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.11 | 23.26 | 23.07 | 24 | 0 |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.83 | 22.86 | 22.90 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.10 | 22.10 | 21.96 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.08 | 22.14 | 22.02 | 22 | 4 |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 21.98 | 22.08 | 22.02 | 23 | 1 |
| 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.10 | 22.15 | 22.04 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.69 | 21.79 | 21.72 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.06 | 22.11 | 21.94 | 23 | 1 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.73 | 21.83 | 21.71 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.29 | 21.04 | 21.05 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.01 | 21.08 | 20.96 | 22 | 0 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.21 | 20.99 | 21.04 | 22 | 2 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.13 | 21.12 | 21.07 | | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 23035 | 23095 | 23155 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 701.5 | 707.5 | 713.5 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.67 | 22.56 | 22.45 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 12 | 23.21 | 23.22 | 23.07 | 24 | 0 |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 24 | 22.80 | 22.57 | 22.57 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 22.12 | 22.07 | 21.96 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 7 | 22.21 | 22.18 | 22.00 | | 1 |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 13 | 22.14 | 22.11 | 22.07 | 23 | |
| 5 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.14 | 22.14 | 21.96 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.82 | 21.76 | 21.62 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 12 | 21.91 | 21.85 | 21.76 | 23 | 1 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 24 | 21.91 | 21.68 | 21.57 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 21.07 | 21.01 | 21.06 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 7 | 21.14 | 21.16 | 21.12 | | - |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 13 | 21.08 | 21.02 | 20.89 | 22 | 2 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.29 | 21.08 | 20.99 | | |
| | Cha | | | 23025 | 23095 | 23165 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 700.5 | 707.5 | 714.5 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.92 | 22.63 | 22.79 | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 8 | 22.91 | 22.68 | 22.79 | 24 | 0 |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 14 | 22.66 | 22.64 | 22.63 | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 0 | 22.06 | 22.00 | 22.10 | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 4 | 22.21 | 22.24 | 22.02 | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 7 | 22.12 | 22.16 | 22.01 | 23 | 1 |
| 3 | QPSK | 15 | 0 | 22.22 | 22.03 | 21.99 | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.17 | 21.85 | 21.85 | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 8 | 21.81 | 21.85 | 21.74 | 23 | 1 |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 14 | 21.97 | 21.76 | 21.81 | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 0 | 21.08 | 21.02 | 21.03 | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 4 | 21.11 | 21.01 | 21.08 | 22 | 2 |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 7 | 21.20 | 21.12 | 21.07 | | |

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 Template version: 200217 Page 31 of 49 Issued Date : Mar. 13, 2020



| 3 | 16QAM | 15 | 0 | 20.85 | 20.89 | 21.02 | | |
|-----------------|-------|----|---|-------|-------|-------|---------------|------|
| Channel | | | | 23017 | 23095 | 23173 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| Frequency (MHz) | | | | 699.7 | 707.5 | 715.3 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.00 | 22.93 | 22.82 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 3 | 23.14 | 23.02 | 23.02 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 5 | 23.13 | 23.00 | 22.96 | 24 | 0 |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 0 | 23.04 | 23.02 | 23.04 | 24 | 0 |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 1 | 23.19 | 23.17 | 23.04 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 3 | 23.17 | 23.17 | 23.10 | | |
| 1.4 | QPSK | 6 | 0 | 22.09 | 22.12 | 22.01 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.94 | 21.88 | 21.84 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 3 | 22.14 | 22.05 | 22.00 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 5 | 22.24 | 22.24 | 21.81 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 0 | 22.17 | 22.04 | 21.99 | 23 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 1 | 22.15 | 22.08 | 21.99 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 3 | 22.14 | 22.19 | 22.00 | | |
| 1.4 | 16QAM | 6 | 0 | 21.18 | 21.02 | 21.01 | 22 | 2 |



<LTE Band 17>

| BW [MHz] | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Power Low Ch. / Freq. | Power Middle Ch. / Freq. | Power High Ch. / Freq. | Tune-up limit | MPR |
|----------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------|
| | Channel | | 23780 | 23790 | 23800 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| | Frequenc | cy (MHz) | | 709 | 710 | 711 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.69 | 22.64 | 22.61 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.15 | 23.29 | 22.85 | 24 | 0 |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.79 | 22.65 | 22.69 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.08 | 22.03 | 22.07 | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.12 | 22.08 | 22.00 | 00 | 4 |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.12 | 22.01 | 22.00 | 23 | 1 |
| 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.11 | 22.02 | 22.03 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.81 | 21.60 | 21.63 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.05 | 21.98 | 21.98 | 23 | 1 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.92 | 21.77 | 21.40 | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.01 | 21.05 | 20.89 | | 2 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.05 | 20.98 | 21.14 | 22 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.34 | 21.23 | 21.04 | 22 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.14 | 20.94 | 20.96 | | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 23755 | 23790 | 23825 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| | Frequenc | cy (MHz) | | 706.5 | 710 | 713.5 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.67 | 22.49 | 22.45 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 12 | 23.27 | 23.12 | 23.11 | 24 | 0 |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 24 | 22.70 | 22.61 | 22.60 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 21.96 | 22.08 | 22.03 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 7 | 21.98 | 22.10 | 21.99 | 23 | 1 |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 13 | 22.05 | 22.05 | 21.96 | 23 | I |
| 5 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.00 | 22.03 | 21.96 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.71 | 21.66 | 21.71 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 12 | 21.65 | 21.72 | 21.70 | 23 | 1 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 24 | 21.71 | 21.74 | 21.74 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 20.76 | 20.70 | 20.77 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 7 | 21.02 | 20.73 | 21.01 | 22 | 2 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 13 | 20.93 | 20.83 | 20.94 | 22 | 2 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.04 | 20.86 | 21.20 | | |



12. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | 1 | 2412 | 16.52 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11b 1Mbps | 6 | 2437 | 16.44 | 17.00 | 100.00 |
| 2.4GHz WLAN | | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | |
| 2.4GHZ WLAN | VLAN | 1 | 2412 | 16.44 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11g 6Mbps | 6 | 2437 | 16.51 | 17.00 | 100.00 |
| 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 | | 11 | 2462 | 16.86 | 17.00 | |
| | | 1 | 2412 | 16.65 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 | 6 | 2437 | 16.54 | 17.00 | 100.00 |
| | | 11 | 2462 | 16.81 | 17.00 | |

<5GHz WLAN>

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| | | 36 | 5180 | 12.54 | 13.00 | | |
| | 902 11a 6Mbaa | 40 | 5200 | 12.58 | 13.00 | 100.00 | |
| | 802.11a 6Mbps | 44 | 5220 | 12.42 | 13.00 | 100.00 | |
| | | 48 | 5240 | 12.41 | 13.00 | | |
| | | 36 | 5180 | 12.47 | 13.00 | | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | 40 | 5200 | 12.55 | 13.00 | 99.98 | |
| | MCS0 | 44 | 5220 | 12.53 | 13.00 | | |
| 5.2GHz WLAN | | 48 | 5240 | 12.49 | 13.00 | | |
| | 802.11n-HT40 | 38 | 5190 | 12.61 | 13.00 | 99.97 | |
| | MCS0 | 46 | 5230 | 12.58 | 13.00 | 99.97 | |
| | | 36 | 5180 | 12.49 | 13.00 | | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT20 | 40 | 5200 | 12.46 | 13.00 | 99.35 | |
| | MCS0 802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0 | 44 | 5220 | 12.89 | 13.00 | 99.35 | |
| | | | 48 | 5240 | 12.94 | 13.00 | |
| | | 38 | 5190 | 12.63 | 13.00 | 99.42 | |
| | | 46 | 5230 | 12.55 | 13.00 | 99.42 | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | 42 | 5210 | 12.81 | 13.00 | 97.08 | |



| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|-------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | 52 | 5260 | 12.48 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11a 6Mbps | 56 | 5280 | 12.45 | 13.00 | 100.00 |
| | 002.11a 0100ps | 60 | 5300 | 12.95 | 13.00 | 100.00 |
| | | 64 | 5320 | 12.44 | 13.00 | |
| | | 52 | 5260 | 12.45 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 | 56 | 5280 | 12.56 | 13.00 | 99.98 |
| | | 60 | 5300 | 12.73 | 13.00 | |
| 5.3GHz WLAN | | 64 | 5320 | 12.52 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT40 | 54 | 5270 | 12.61 | 13.00 | 99.97 |
| | MCS0 | 62 | 5310 | 12.63 | 13.00 | 99.97 |
| | | 52 | 5260 | 12.46 | 13.00 | 99.35 |
| | 802.11ac-VHT20 | 56 | 5280 | 12.52 | 13.00 | |
| | MCS0 | 60 | 5300 | 12.76 | 13.00 | |
| | | 64 | 5320 | 12.51 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT40 | 54 | 5270 | 12.64 | 13.00 | 00.40 |
| | MCS0 | 62 | 5310 | 12.69 | 13.00 | 99.42 |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 97.08 |



| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|-------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | 100 | 5500 | 12.58 | 13.00 | |
| | | 116 | 5580 | 12.63 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11a 6Mbps | 124 | 5620 | 12.41 | 13.00 | 100.00 |
| | | 132 | 5660 | 12.39 | 13.00 | |
| | | 144 | 5720 | 12.38 | 13.00 | |
| | | 100 | 5500 | 12.48 | 13.00 | |
| | | 116 | 5580 | 12.56 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 | 124 | 5620 | 12.53 | 13.00 | 99.98 |
| | 111000 | 132 | 5660 | 12.49 | 13.00 | |
| | | 144 | 5720 | 12.35 | 13.00 | |
| | | 102 | 5510 | 12.56 | 13.00 | |
| | | 110 | 5550 | 12.54 | 13.00 | |
| 5.5GHz WLAN | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | 126 | 5630 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 99.97 |
| | 111000 | 134 | 5670 | 12.48 | 13.00 | |
| | | 142 | 5710 | 12.39 | 13.00 | |
| | | 100 | 5500 | 12.46 | 13.00 | |
| | | 116 | 5580 | 12.59 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0 | 124 | 5620 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 99.35 |
| | 10000 | 132 | 5660 | 12.51 | 13.00 | |
| | | 144 | 5720 | 12.31 | 13.00 | |
| | | 102 | 5510 | 12.53 | 13.00 | |
| | | 110 | 5550 | 12.61 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0 | 126 | 5630 | 12.54 | 13.00 | 99.42 |
| | 10000 | 134 | 5670 | 12.46 | 13.00 | |
| | | 142 | 5710 | 12.28 | 13.00 | |
| | | 106 | 5530 | 12.42 | 13.00 | |
| | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 97.08 |
| | Wieso | 138 | 5690 | 12.24 | 13.00 | |

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Report No. : FA8D1724-01

| Mode | Channel | Frequency | Average power (dBm) | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | Channer | (MHz) | 1Mbps | 2Mbps | 3Mbps | | | | |
| | CH 00 | 2402 | 10.29 | 8.11 | 8.10 | | | | |
| BR / EDR | CH 39 | 2441 | 9.69 | 7.62 | 7.62 | | | | |
| | CH 78 | 2480 | 9.61 | 7.46 | 7.46 | | | | |
| | Tune-up Limit | | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | | | | |

| Mode | Channel | Frequency | Average power (dBm) |
|------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Mode | Channer | (MHz) | GFSK |
| | CH 00 | 2402 | 0.51 |
| LE | CH 19 | 2440 | -0.40 |
| | CH 39 | 2480 | -0.10 |
| | Tune-up Limit | | 1.00 |

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 78.8% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

| | | | | BT Duty | / cycle | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|---|-------------|------------|------------|
| Spectrum | Spe | ectrum 2 | X | | | | | | | |
| Ref Level 9 | 7.00 dBµV | | 🖷 RE | 3W 3 MHz | | | | | | |
| Att | 10 dB | 🔵 SWT 13 | ms 👄 VE | 3W 10 MHz | | | | | | |
| SGL | | | | | | | | | | |
| ●1Pk Clrw | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ↓ | | 03[1] | | | | 0.49 dB |
| 90 dBµV—— | | | | | | | | | | 3.7681 ms |
| 80 dBµV | | | | | P | 41[1] | | | | 45.35 dBµV |
| | | | | | | I | I | | 1 | 2.6754 ms |
| 70 dBµV | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 dBµV | Hund | <u>1</u> | | PANIN | | | | hurmy | | |
| 40 d0.42 | [4] v-w/w | * | | - Tal war a | | | | o-orable Ab | | |
| 40 dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| 00 GDD. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| O dBµV | | | | | | | | | | |
| CF 2.441 GH | IZ | | | 691 | pts | | | | | 1.3 ms/ |
| Marker | 1 - 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Type Ref | Trc | X-value | | Y-value | | ction | | Fun | ction Resu | <u>ilt</u> |
| M1 D2 M1 | 1 | | '54 ms 58 ms | 45.35 dBµ -0.83 d | | | | | | |
| D3 M1 | 1 | | 81 ms | 0.83 d 0.49 d | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | = | | | | 6 | | 1.1.1.2.1 | 21.02.2020 |
| | Л | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

13. <u>RF exposure position consideration</u>

| | Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Antennas | Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WWAN Main | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | >25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | | | | | | | | |
| BT&WLAN | BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Antennas | Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WWAN Main | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| BT&WLAN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | | | | | | | | |

General Note:

1. The detail antenna location refers to appendix D.

 Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. <u>SAR Test Results</u>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRSmodes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRSare considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B12 / B5 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.



14.1 <u>Head SAR</u>

<<u>GSM SAR></u>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 01 | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 0mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.1 | 0.144 | 0.156 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted | 0mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.05 | 0.084 | 0.091 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek | 0mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.01 | 0.122 | 0.133 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted | 0mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.02 | 0.073 | 0.079 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 0mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | 0.15 | 0.075 | 0.081 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted | 0mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.08 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| 02 | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek | 0mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.13 | 0.137 | 0.148 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted | 0mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.11 | 0.050 | 0.054 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 03 | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 0mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | -0.13 | 0.218 | 0.266 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Tilted | 0mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.07 | 0.132 | 0.161 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | -0.03 | 0.183 | 0.224 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Tilted | 0mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | -0.18 | 0.127 | 0.155 |

<LTE SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | BW (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB offset | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Power | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 04 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.01 | 0.235 | 0.279 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.06 | 0.195 | 0.238 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.02 | 0.136 | 0.162 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.04 | 0.110 | 0.134 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | -0.09 | 0.206 | 0.245 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.12 | 0.167 | 0.204 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.18 | 0.136 | 0.162 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.13 | 0.110 | 0.134 |
| 05 | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.13 | 0.030 | 0.036 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.06 | 0.023 | 0.028 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | -0.06 | 0.015 | 0.018 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.04 | 0.011 | 0.013 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | -0.12 | 0.025 | 0.030 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.09 | 0.021 | 0.026 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.07 | 0.007 | 0.008 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.005 |



<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Douvor | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Cuala | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Cheek | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | -0.03 | 0.636 | 0.652 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Tilted | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.02 | 0.689 | 0.707 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.06 | 0.906 | 0.929 |
| 06 | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 1 | 2412 | 16.52 | 17.00 | 1.117 | 100 | 1.000 | -0.05 | 0.839 | 0.937 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 6 | 2437 | 16.44 | 17.00 | 1.138 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.03 | 0.717 | 0.816 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | -0.15 | 0.845 | 0.867 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 0mm | 1 | 2412 | 16.52 | 17.00 | 1.117 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.06 | 0.784 | 0.876 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 0mm | 6 | 2437 | 16.44 | 17.00 | 1.138 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.13 | 0.652 | 0.742 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.05 | 0.231 | 0.266 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.02 | 0.207 | 0.239 |
| 07 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | -0.01 | 0.323 | 0.372 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | -0.09 | 0.242 | 0.279 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.08 | 0.211 | 0.243 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.11 | 0.203 | 0.234 |
| 08 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.19 | 0.329 | 0.378 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.09 | 0.198 | 0.228 |

<Bluetooth SAR>

| Plo No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Power | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Cycle | | Drift | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|------------|-----------|-------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Right Cheek | 0mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | 0.03 | 0.158 | 0.175 |
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Right Tilted | 0mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | -0.05 | 0.143 | 0.159 |
| 09 | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | 0.01 | 0.169 | 0.187 |
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 0mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | 0.09 | 0.155 | 0.172 |



14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | -0.03 | 0.107 | 0.116 |
| 10 | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.11 | 0.187 | 0.203 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Side | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.02 | 0.073 | 0.079 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Side | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.03 | 0.049 | 0.053 |
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Bottom Side | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.07 | 0.045 | 0.049 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.17 | 0.132 | 0.143 |
| 11 | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | 0.07 | 0.266 | 0.288 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Side | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.11 | 0.098 | 0.106 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Side | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.06 | 0.045 | 0.049 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Bottom Side | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.01 | 0.260 | 0.281 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.05 | 0.190 | 0.232 |
| 12 | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.04 | 0.297 | 0.363 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Side | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.08 | 0.109 | 0.133 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Side | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | -0.08 | 0.147 | 0.180 |
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | -0.05 | 0.075 | 0.092 |

<LTE SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | BW (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB offset | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Dowor | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.19 | 0.193 | 0.229 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.05 | 0.162 | 0.197 |
| 13 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | -0.06 | 0.303 | 0.360 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.17 | 0.253 | 0.308 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.02 | 0.116 | 0.138 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.13 | 0.108 | 0.132 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.05 | 0.145 | 0.172 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.03 | 0.126 | 0.154 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | -0.08 | 0.082 | 0.097 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.14 | 0.061 | 0.074 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.12 | 0.035 | 0.042 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Front | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.01 | 0.027 | 0.033 |
| 14 | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | -0.1 | 0.077 | 0.091 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Back | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.1 | 0.058 | 0.071 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.03 | 0.004 | 0.005 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Left Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.05 | 0.002 | 0.002 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.02 | 0.004 | 0.005 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Right Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.06 | 0.002 | 0.002 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.08 | 0.005 | 0.006 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.07 | 0.003 | 0.004 |



<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.05 | 0.227 | 0.233 |
| 15 | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.07 | 0.339 | 0.348 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Side | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | -0.1 | 0.062 | 0.064 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Top Side | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.09 | 0.216 | 0.221 |

<Bluetooth SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Power | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | | | Drift | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|-----------|-------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------|-------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Front | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | -0.05 | 0.032 | 0.035 |
| 16 | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Back | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | -0.01 | 0.057 | 0.063 |
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Right Side | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | 0.1 | 0.006 | 0.007 |
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Top Side | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | 0.08 | 0.030 | 0.033 |

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | -0.03 | 0.107 | 0.116 |
| 17 | GSM850 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 10mm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.64 | 28.00 | 1.086 | 0.11 | 0.187 | 0.203 |
| | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | -0.17 | 0.132 | 0.143 |
| 18 | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 10mm | 512 | 1850.2 | 23.66 | 24.00 | 1.081 | 0.07 | 0.266 | 0.288 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.05 | 0.190 | 0.232 |
| 19 | WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 10mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.13 | 24.00 | 1.222 | 0.04 | 0.297 | 0.363 |

<LTE SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | BW (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB offset | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Power | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | 0.19 | 0.193 | 0.229 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.05 | 0.162 | 0.197 |
| 20 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.25 | 24.00 | 1.189 | -0.06 | 0.303 | 0.360 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.17 | 0.253 | 0.308 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | 0.12 | 0.035 | 0.042 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Front | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | 0.01 | 0.027 | 0.033 |
| 21 | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 23.26 | 24.00 | 1.186 | -0.1 | 0.077 | 0.091 |
| | LTE Band 12 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 12 | Back | 10mm | 23095 | 707.5 | 22.14 | 23.00 | 1.219 | -0.1 | 0.058 | 0.071 |



<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Cuala | | Deiff | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.05 | 0.227 | 0.233 |
| 22 | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 10mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.07 | 0.339 | 0.348 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Front | 10mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | -0.01 | 0.064 | 0.074 |
| 23 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Back | 10mm | 58 | 5290 | 12.51 | 13.00 | 1.119 | 97.08 | 1.030 | -0.15 | 0.163 | 0.188 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Front | 10mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | 0.03 | 0.076 | 0.087 |
| 24 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0 | Back | 10mm | 122 | 5610 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 1.117 | 97.08 | 1.030 | -0.13 | 0.145 | 0.167 |

<Bluetooth SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|-----------|-------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Front | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | -0.05 | 0.032 | 0.035 |
| 25 | Bluetooth | 1Mbps | Back | 10mm | 0 | 2402 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 1.050 | 78.8 | 1.057 | -0.01 | 0.057 | 0.063 |

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

| No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | | | Power Drift (dB) | | Ratio | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----|------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|
| 1st | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.06 | 0.906 | - | 0.929 |
| 2nd | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 0mm | 11 | 2462 | 16.89 | 17.00 | 1.026 | 100 | 1.000 | 0.04 | 0.879 | 1.03 | 0.902 |

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.



15. <u>Simultaneous Transmission Analysis</u>

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission | F | Portable Hand | set |
|-----|---------------------------|------|---------------|---------|
| NO. | Configurations | Head | Body-worn | Hotspot |
| 1. | GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 2. | GPRS + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 3. | WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 4. | LTE + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 5. | GSM Voice + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | |
| 6. | GPRS + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 7. | WCDMA+ Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 8. | LTE + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 9. | GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 10. | GPRS + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 11. | WCDMA + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 12. | LTE + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | |

General Note:

- 1. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously
- 4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1+2 | 1+3 | 1+4 |
|---------|------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| WWA | N Band | Exposure Position | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 5GHz WLAN | Bluetooth | Summed 1g SAR | Summed 1g SAR | Summed 1g SAR |
| | | 1 0011011 | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.156 | 0.652 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.808 | 0.422 | 0.331 |
| | 001000 | Right Tilted | 0.091 | 0.707 | 0.239 | 0.159 | 0.798 | 0.330 | 0.250 |
| | GSM850 | Left Cheek | 0.133 | 0.937 | 0.378 | 0.187 | 1.070 | 0.511 | 0.320 |
| 0014 | | Left Tilted | 0.079 | 0.876 | 0.279 | 0.172 | 0.955 | 0.358 | 0.251 |
| GSM | | Right Cheek | 0.081 | 0.652 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.733 | 0.347 | 0.256 |
| | 0014000 | Right Tilted | 0.001 | 0.707 | 0.239 | 0.159 | 0.708 | 0.240 | 0.160 |
| | GSM1900 | Left Cheek | 0.148 | 0.937 | 0.378 | 0.187 | 1.085 | 0.526 | 0.335 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.054 | 0.876 | 0.279 | 0.172 | 0.930 | 0.333 | 0.226 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.266 | 0.652 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.918 | 0.532 | 0.441 |
| WCDMA | WCDMA V | Right Tilted | 0.161 | 0.707 | 0.239 | 0.159 | 0.868 | 0.400 | 0.320 |
| WCDIVIA | | Left Cheek | 0.224 | 0.937 | 0.378 | 0.187 | 1.161 | 0.602 | 0.411 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.155 | 0.876 | 0.279 | 0.172 | 1.031 | 0.434 | 0.327 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.279 | 0.652 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.931 | 0.545 | 0.454 |
| | LTE Band 5 | Right Tilted | 0.162 | 0.707 | 0.239 | 0.159 | 0.869 | 0.401 | 0.321 |
| | LIE Band 5 | Left Cheek | 0.245 | 0.937 | 0.378 | 0.187 | 1.182 | 0.623 | 0.432 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.162 | 0.876 | 0.279 | 0.172 | 1.038 | 0.441 | 0.334 |
| LTE | | Right Cheek | 0.036 | 0.652 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.688 | 0.302 | 0.211 |
| | LTE Band | Right Tilted | 0.018 | 0.707 | 0.239 | 0.159 | 0.725 | 0.257 | 0.177 |
| | 12 | Left Cheek | 0.030 | 0.937 | 0.378 | 0.187 | 0.967 | 0.408 | 0.217 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.008 | 0.876 | 0.279 | 0.172 | 0.884 | 0.287 | 0.180 |



15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 4 | | 1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|-------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | Bluetooth | - 1+2 Summed | |
| | | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| | GSM850 | Front | 0.116 | 0.233 | 0.035 | 0.349 | 0.151 |
| | | Back | 0.203 | 0.348 | 0.063 | 0.551 | 0.266 |
| | | Left side | 0.079 | | | 0.079 | 0.079 |
| | | Right side | 0.053 | 0.064 | 0.007 | 0.117 | 0.060 |
| GSM | | Bottom side | 0.049 | | | 0.049 | 0.049 |
| GSIVI | | Front | 0.143 | 0.233 | 0.035 | 0.376 | 0.178 |
| | | Back | 0.288 | 0.348 | 0.063 | 0.636 | 0.351 |
| | GSM1900 | Left side | 0.106 | | | 0.106 | 0.106 |
| | | Right side | 0.049 | 0.064 | 0.007 | 0.113 | 0.056 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.281 | | | 0.281 | 0.281 |
| | | Front | 0.232 | 0.233 | 0.035 | 0.465 | 0.267 |
| | WCDMA V | Back | 0.363 | 0.348 | 0.063 | 0.711 | 0.426 |
| WCDMA | | Left side | 0.133 | | | 0.133 | 0.133 |
| | | Right side | 0.180 | 0.064 | 0.007 | 0.244 | 0.187 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.092 | | | 0.092 | 0.092 |
| | LTE Band 5 | Front | 0.229 | 0.233 | 0.035 | 0.462 | 0.264 |
| | | Back | 0.360 | 0.348 | 0.063 | 0.708 | 0.423 |
| | | Left side | 0.138 | | | 0.138 | 0.138 |
| | | Right side | 0.172 | 0.064 | 0.007 | 0.236 | 0.179 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.097 | | | 0.097 | 0.097 |
| LTE | LTE Band 12 | Front | 0.042 | 0.233 | 0.035 | 0.275 | 0.077 |
| | | Back | 0.091 | 0.348 | 0.063 | 0.439 | 0.154 |
| | | Left side | 0.005 | | _ | 0.005 | 0.005 |
| | | Right side | 0.005 | 0.064 | 0.007 | 0.069 | 0.012 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.006 | | | 0.006 | 0.006 |

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 5GHz WLAN | Bluetooth | | | |
| | | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.116 | 0.233 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.349 | 0.203 | 0.151 |
| | | Back | 0.203 | 0.348 | 0.188 | 0.063 | 0.551 | 0.391 | 0.266 |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.143 | 0.233 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.376 | 0.230 | 0.178 |
| | | Back | 0.288 | 0.348 | 0.188 | 0.063 | 0.636 | 0.476 | 0.351 |
| WCDMA | WCDMA V | Front | 0.232 | 0.233 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.465 | 0.319 | 0.267 |
| | | Back | 0.363 | 0.348 | 0.188 | 0.063 | 0.711 | 0.551 | 0.426 |
| LTE | LTE Band 5 | Front | 0.229 | 0.233 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.462 | 0.316 | 0.264 |
| | | Back | 0.360 | 0.348 | 0.188 | 0.063 | 0.708 | 0.548 | 0.423 |
| | LTE Band 12 | Front | 0.042 | 0.233 | 0.087 | 0.035 | 0.275 | 0.129 | 0.077 |
| | | Back | 0.091 | 0.348 | 0.188 | 0.063 | 0.439 | 0.279 | 0.154 |

Test Engineer : Sing Lim



16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

17. <u>References</u>

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz

DUT: D750V3-1107

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750_200305 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.898 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.246; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

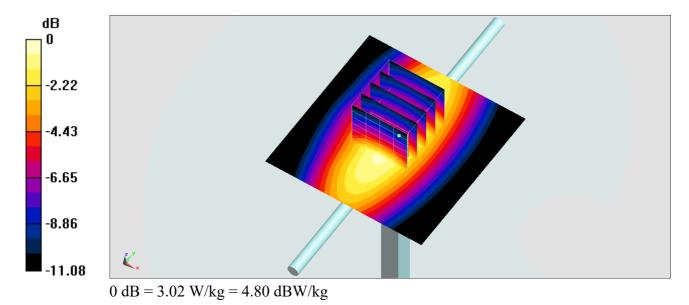
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.87 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.36 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.02 W/kg



System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2-4d167

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.284$; $\rho = 1000$

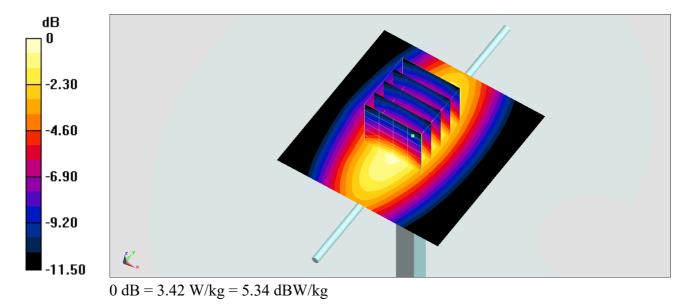
kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.19 W/kg

 $\label{eq:product} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm} \\ \mbox{Reference Value} = 62.65 \ V/m; \mbox{Power Drift} = -0.03 \ dB \\ \mbox{Peak SAR (extrapolated)} = 4.09 \ W/kg \\ \mbox{SAR(1 g)} = 2.36 \ W/kg; \mbox{SAR(10 g)} = 1.49 \ W/kg \\ \mbox{Maximum value of SAR (measured)} = 3.42 \ W/kg \end{array}$



System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-5d185

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_200306 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.403 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.614; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

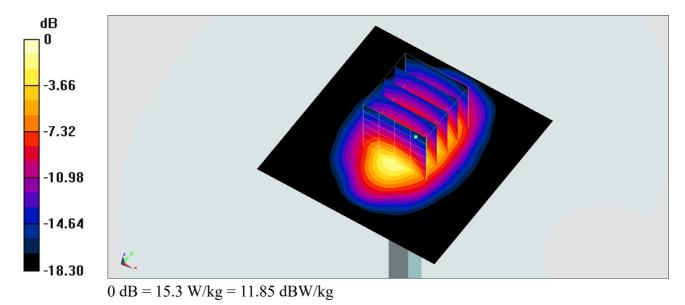
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 W/kg

 $\label{eq:product} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm \\ \mbox{Reference Value} = 106.3 \ V/m; \mbox{Power Drift} = -0.04 \ dB \\ \mbox{Peak SAR (extrapolated)} = 18.1 \ W/kg \\ \mbox{SAR(1 g)} = 9.89 \ W/kg; \ \mbox{SAR(10 g)} = 5.13 \ W/kg \\ \mbox{Maximum value of SAR (measured)} = 15.3 \ W/kg \end{array}$



System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-736

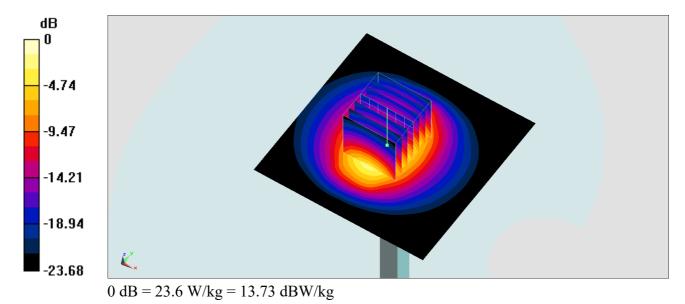
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.818$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.796$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 26.2 W/kg



System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used : f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.665 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.313; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

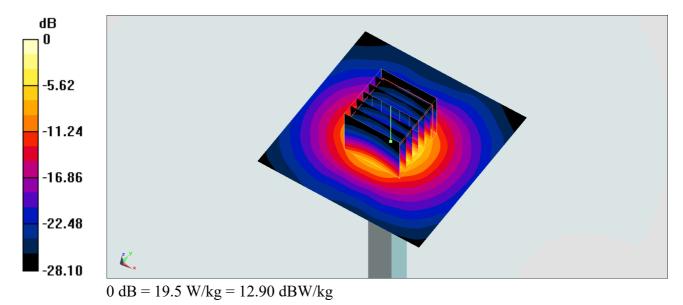
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

 $\label{eq:product} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm} \\ \mbox{Reference Value = 71.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB} \\ \mbox{Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg} \\ \mbox{SAR(1 g) = 7.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg} \\ \mbox{Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg} \end{array}$



System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.002 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.853; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

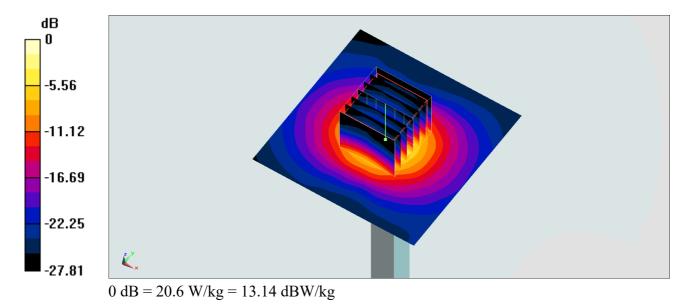
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

 $\label{eq:product} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm} \\ \mbox{Reference Value} = 70.95 \mbox{V/m; Power Drift} = -0.08 \mbox{dB} \\ \mbox{Peak SAR (extrapolated)} = 33.5 \mbox{W/kg} \\ \mbox{SAR(1 g)} = 8.07 \mbox{W/kg; SAR(10 g)} = 2.32 \mbox{W/kg} \\ \mbox{Maximum value of SAR (measured)} = 20.6 \mbox{W/kg} \end{array}$





Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

#01_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch189

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

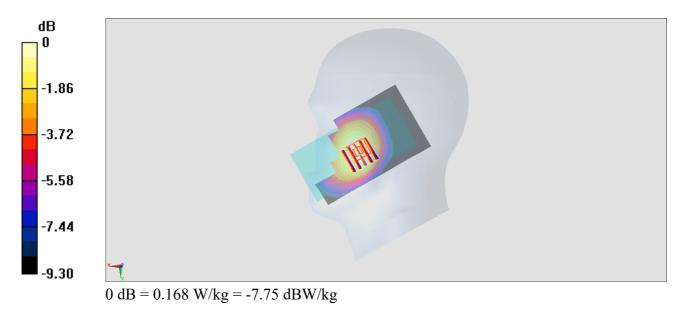
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.168 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.178 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.144 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 W/kg



#02_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_200306 Medium parameters used : f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.354$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

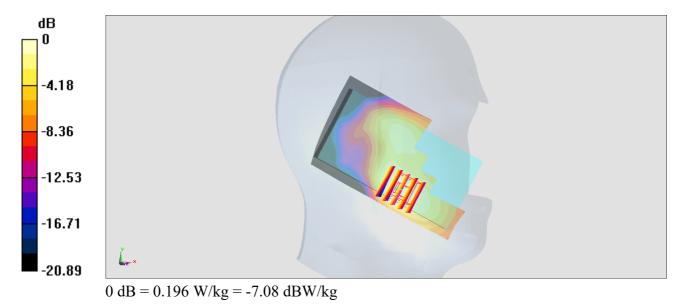
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.795 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.137 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg Maximum value of SAB (measured) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 W/kg



#03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

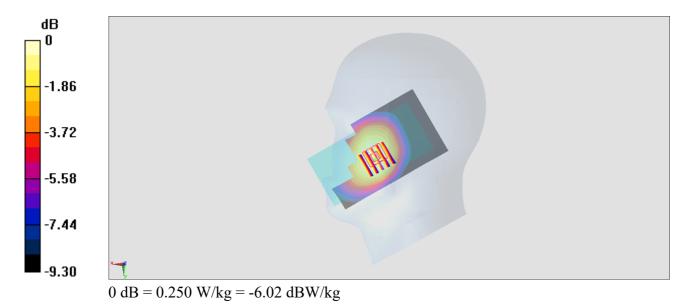
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.260 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.264 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg



#04_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1_25_Right Cheek_Ch20525

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.266$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

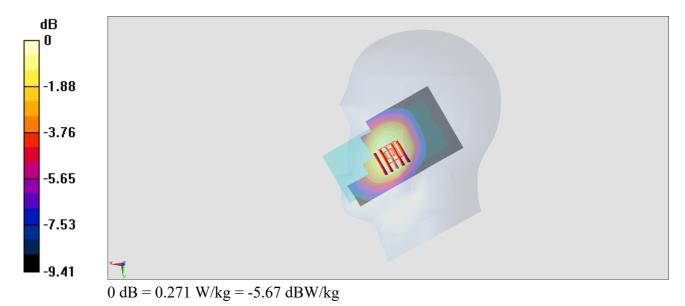
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.269 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 W/kg



#05_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Right Cheek_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750_200305 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.858$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.601$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

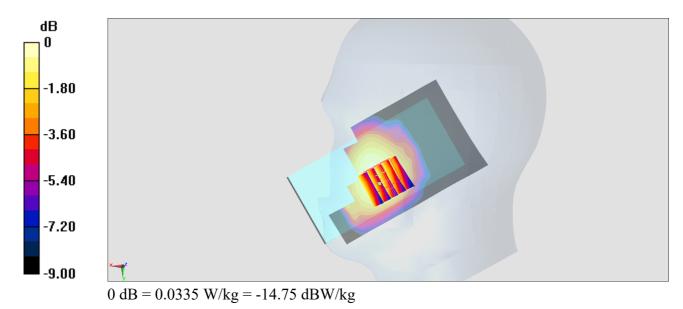
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0340 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.526 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0350 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.030 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0335 W/kg



#06_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch1

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.777$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.917$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

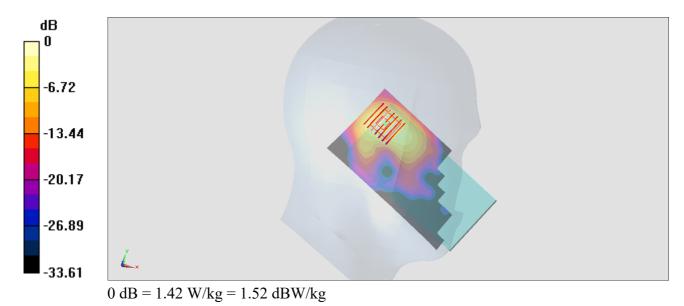
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.839 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg



#07_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Cheek_Ch58

Communication System: 802.11ac ; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.03 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used : f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 4.697$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.262$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

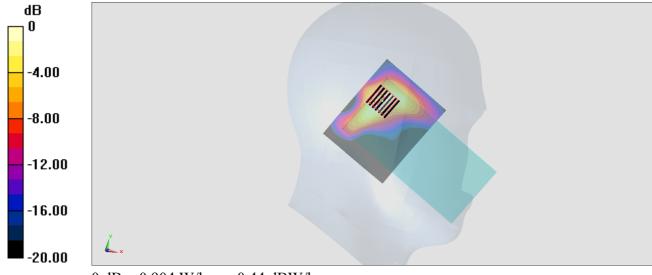
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) @ 5290 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (101x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.801 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 10.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.323 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.904 W/kg



0 dB = 0.904 W/kg = -0.44 dBW/kg

#08_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Cheek_Ch122

Communication System: 802.11ac ; Frequency: 5610 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.03 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used : f = 5610 MHz; $\sigma = 5.014$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.822$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

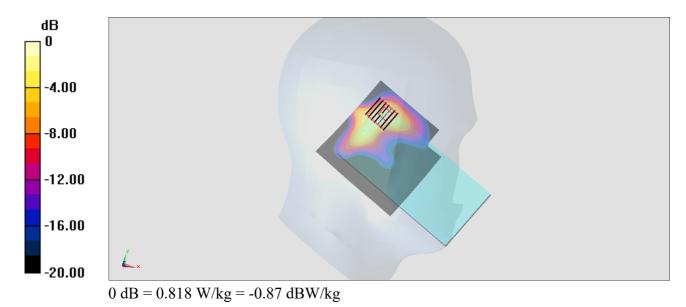
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5610 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.853 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 5.071 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.818 W/kg



#09_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch0

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.269 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.767$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.948$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

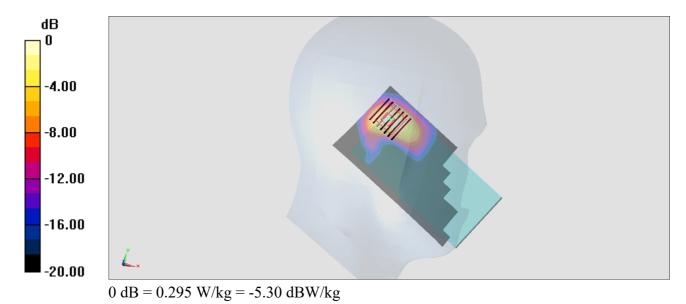
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.246 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.392 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.169 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg



#10_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: GSM850 ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

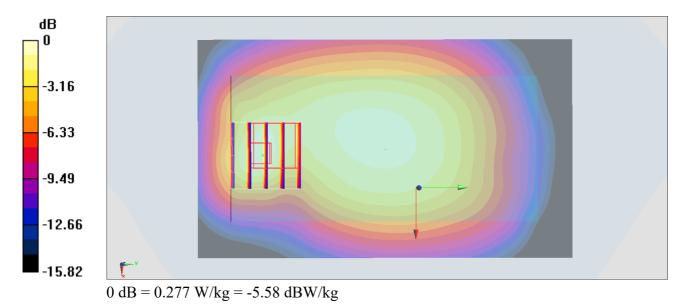
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.265 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.187 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



#11_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_200306 Medium parameters used : f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.354$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

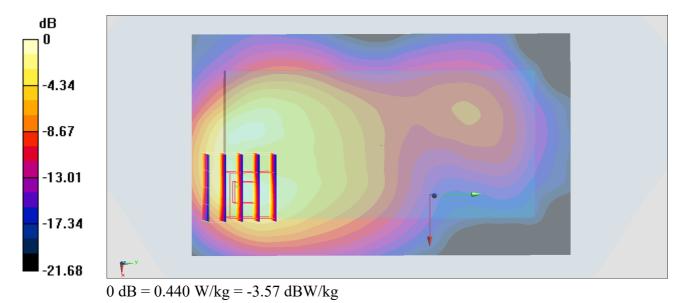
Ambient Temperature $: 23.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature $: 22.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.965 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.540 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 W/kg



#12_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

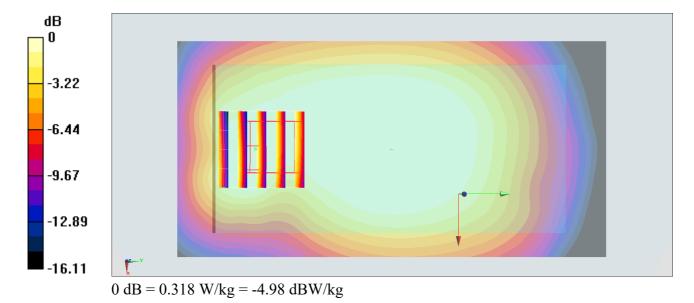
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg



#13_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.266$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

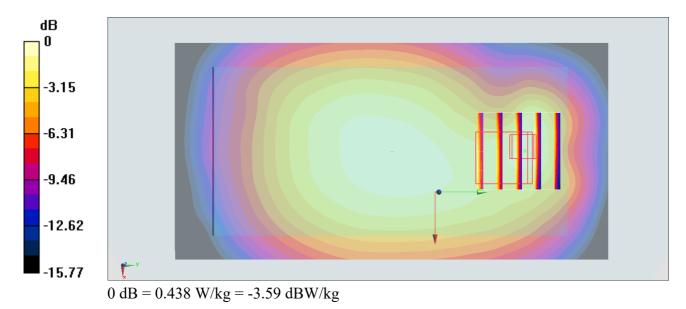
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.427 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.530 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 W/kg



#14_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750_200305 Medium parameters used : f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.858$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.601$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

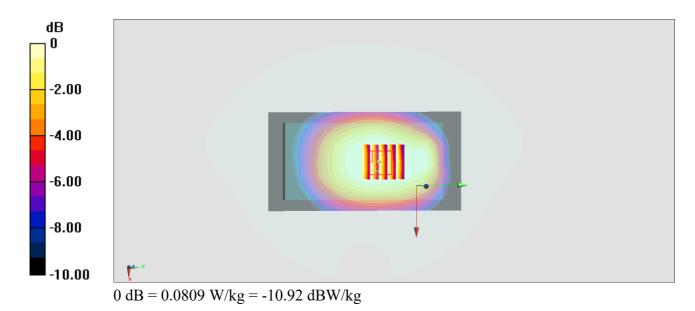
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0923 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0809 W/kg



#15_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.832$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.751$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

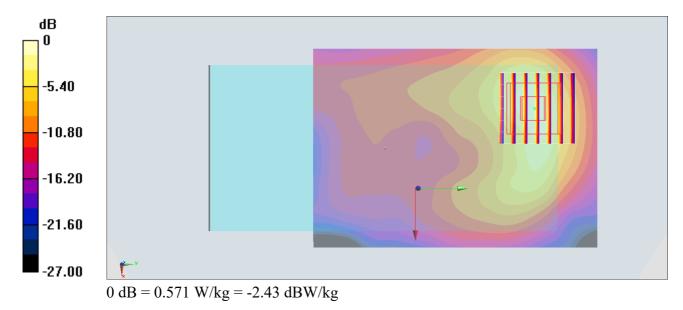
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.712 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.339 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 W/kg



#16_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch0

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.269 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.767$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.948$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2020/3/3

kg/m³

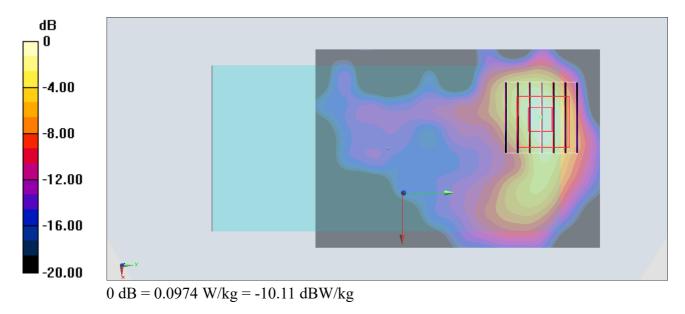
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.118 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0974 W/kg



#17_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: GSM850 ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

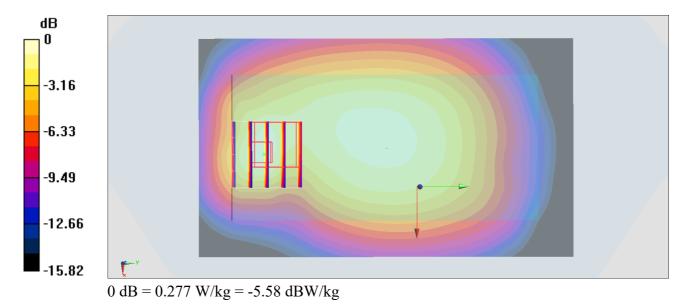
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.265 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.187 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



#18_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_200306 Medium parameters used : f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.354$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

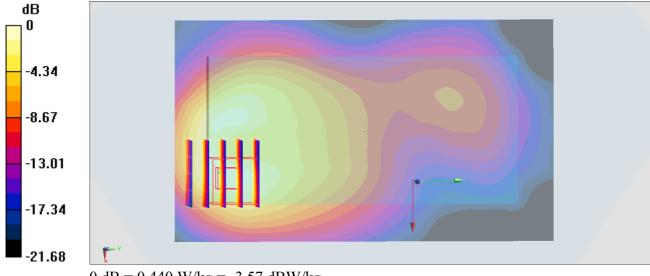
Ambient Temperature $: 23.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature $: 22.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.965 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.540 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 W/kg



0 dB = 0.440 W/kg = -3.57 dBW/kg

#19_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.267$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

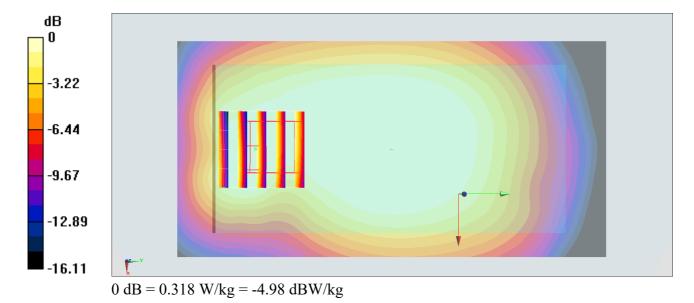
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg



#20_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_850_200308 Medium parameters used : f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.266$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

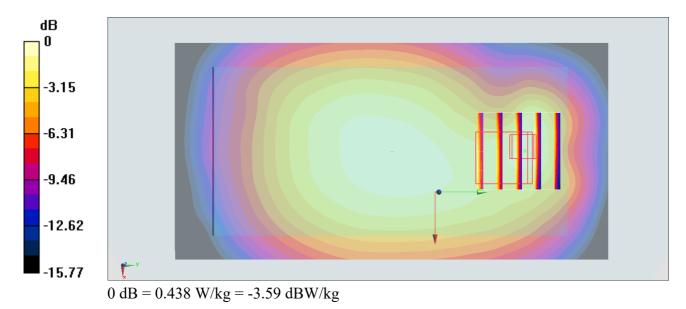
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.427 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.530 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 W/kg



#21_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750_200305 Medium parameters used : f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.858$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.601$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

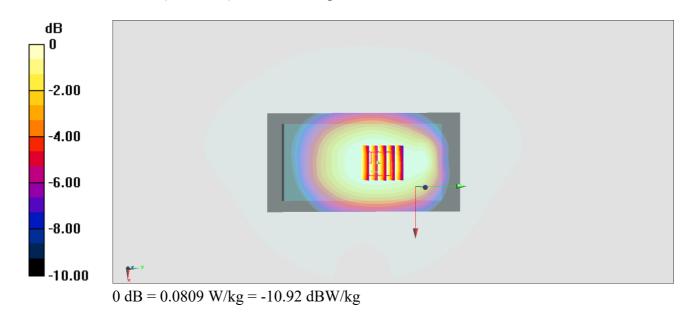
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3728; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2019/5/21
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0923 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0809 W/kg



#22_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.832$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.751$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

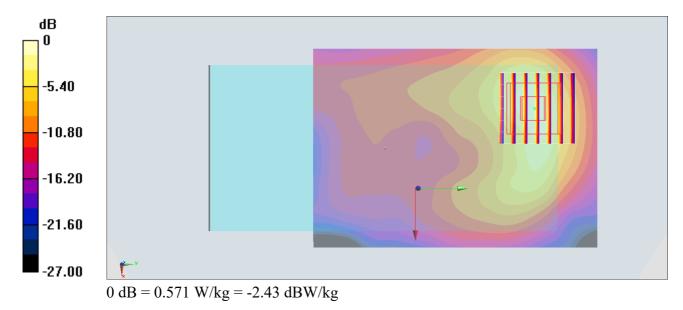
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.712 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.339 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 W/kg



#23_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch58

Communication System: 802.11ac; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.03 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used : f = 5290 MHz; σ = 4.697 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.262; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

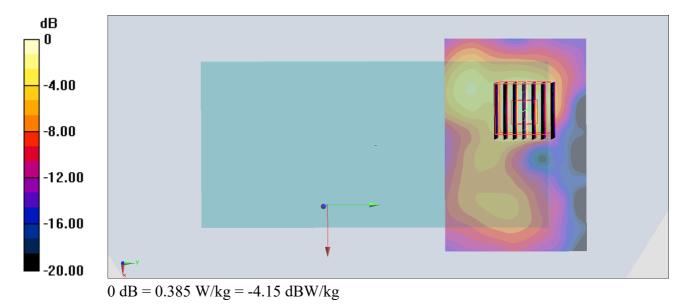
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) @ 5290 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 7.835 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 W/kg



#24_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch122

Communication System: 802.11ac; Frequency: 5610 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.03 Medium: HSL_5G_200310 Medium parameters used : f = 5610 MHz; $\sigma = 5.014$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.822$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

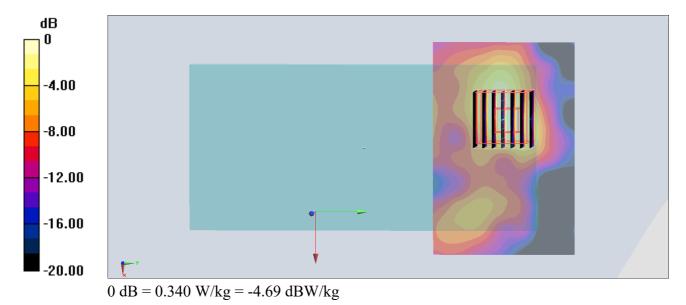
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5610 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 8.146 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.589 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.145 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg



#25_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch0

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.269 Medium: HSL2450_200303 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.767$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.948$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2020/3/3

kg/m³

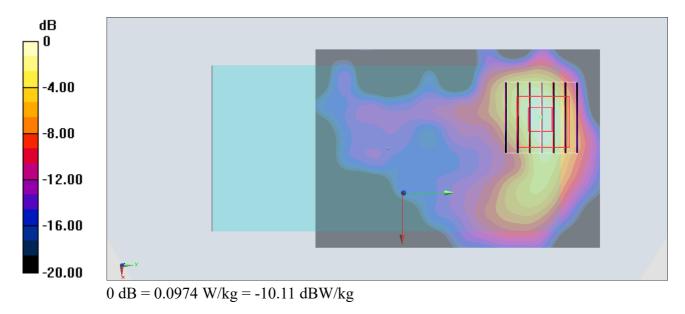
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/7/22
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2019/9/17
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.118 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0974 W/kg





Report No. : FA8D1724-01

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Sporton

Certificate No: Z19-60054

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1107

March 8, 2019

http://www.chinattl.cn

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 106277 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) | Jan-20 |
| DAE4 | SN 1331 | 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) | Feb-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) | Jan-20 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547) | Jan-20 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | | | Signature |
| Calibrated by. | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | - Will - |
| Reviewed by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer | the - |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | Dati |
| | | Issued: March | 10, 2019 |

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.2.1495 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | a a seguri dente d |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.9 | 0.89 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 43.1 ± 6 % | 0.86 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.02 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 8.32 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.37 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.61 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.5 | 0.96 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.8 ± 6 % | 0.94 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.09 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 8.45 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.40 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.65 W/kg ±18.7 % (k=2) |



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.2Ω- 1.55jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.7dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.4Ω- 3.30jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 28.6dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 0.980 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

|--|



In Collaboration with

D C A G

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

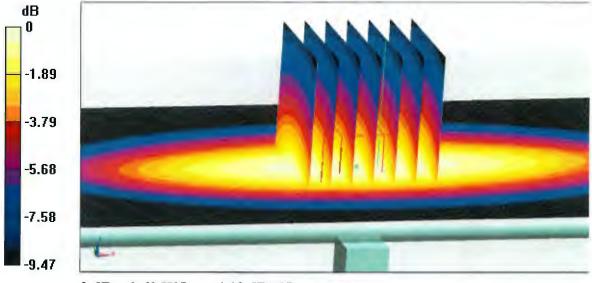
Date: 03.07.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1107** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.864$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Phantom section: Right Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

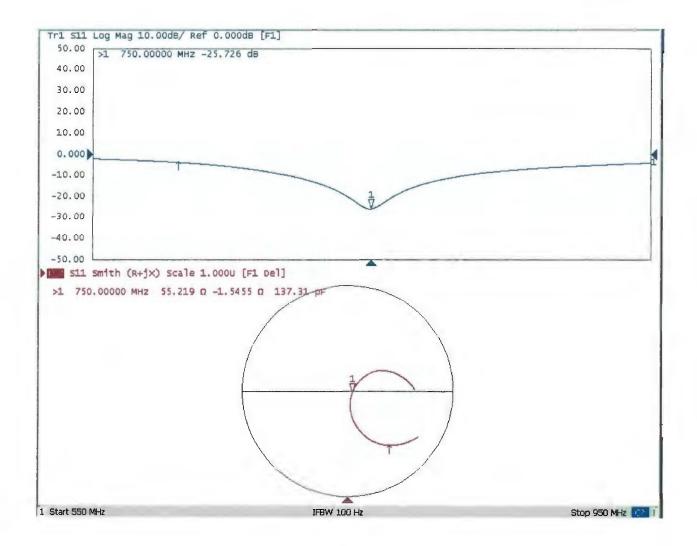
dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.90 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 W/kg



0 dB = 2.62 W/kg = 4.18 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, ChinaTel: +86-10-62304633-2079E-mail: cttl@chinattl.comhttp://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 03.07.2019

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1107

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.78$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

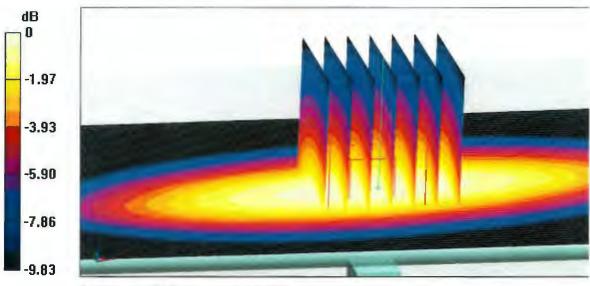
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

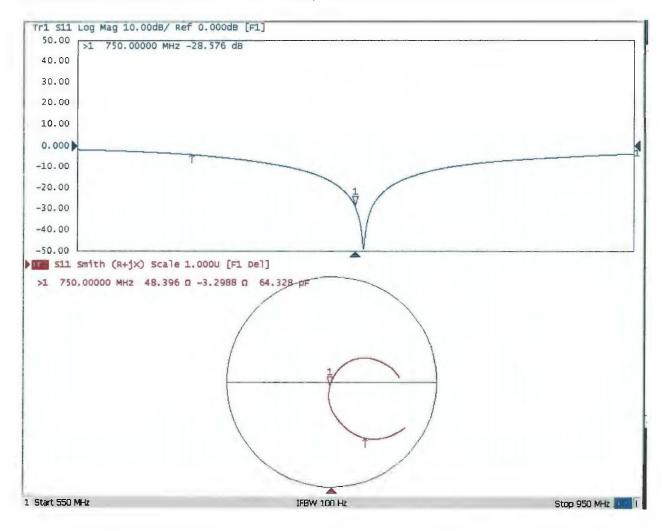
Reference Value = 52.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.09 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D750V3, serial no. 1107 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

| D 750 V3 – serial no. 1107 | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 750MHZ | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 03.08.2019 (Cal. Report) | -25.726 | | 55.219 | | -1.5455 | |
| 03.07.2020 (extended) | -25.760 | 0.13 | 59.446 | -4.227 | -3.2169 | 1.6714 |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.