

Report No.: FA8D1724



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID

: **2AQYEFMP169**

Equipment

: Mobile Phone

Brand Name

: FUJITSU

Model Name

: F-02L

Applicant

: FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd.

1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki

211-8588, Japan

Manufacturer

: FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd.

1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki

211-8588, Japan

Standard

: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Feb. 13, 2019 and testing was started from Feb. 17, 2019 and completed on Feb. 28, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang $^{\prime}$ Deputy Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA8D1724	01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 12, 2019

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd., Mobile Phone, F-02L**, are as follows.

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Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Highest SAR Summary Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	20112-1		3 (3,		of head	of body
	GSM850	0.07	0.35	0.35		
	GSM1900	0.09	0.40	0.40		
Licensed	WCDMA V	0.10	0.39	0.39	0.48	0.64
	LTE Band 5	0.20	0.39	0.39		
	LTE Band 12 / 17	0.01	0.02	0.02		
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.28	0.11	0.11	0.39	0.50
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.37	0.25		0.48	0.64
Date	of Testing:		Feb. 17,	2019 ~ Feb. 28, 2019		

Remark:

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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This device supports both LTE B12 and B17. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B12.

^{2.} The highest simultaneous transmission 1g SAR result is referring to section15 and rounded to two decimal places.

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	FUJITSU
Model Name	F-02L
FCC ID	2AQYEFMP169
IMEI	For WWAN SAR testing: 353323100015568 For WLAN SAR testing: 353323100017168
Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
	GSM/GPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	v2.1.0
SW Version	R022.1e
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Pre-Production

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3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

F06					ou. j ito	mo addic.	sseu III ND	B 9412	25 D05 v02	r 05		
FCC	D		2AQYEFMP169									
Equi	ipment Name			Mobile F	Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band LTE Band 12: 699.7 NLTE Band 17: 706.5 NLTE Band 1				99.7 MHz 06.5 MHz	~ 715.3 MH ~ 713.5 MH	lz Iz						
Channel Bandwidth				LTE Bar	nd 12:1.4		Hz, 5MHz, 1 Hz, 5MHz, 1 Hz					
uplin	nk modulations	used		QPSK /								
LTE	Voice / Data re	equirements		Data on	ly							
				Tab	ole 6.2.3	3-1: Maxim	um Power	Reduc	tion (MPR) f	or Power (Class 1, 2	2 and 3
				Modu	lation				ransmission			MPR (dB)
ı						1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	MDD	and a bandle for boards		QP	ck.	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
LIE	MPR permane	ently built-in by de	esign	16 C		≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
Į.				16 C		> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
ı				64 C		≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
ı				64 C		> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
ļ				256 (QAM				≥ 1			≤ 5
Spec	ctrum piots for	DP configuration		A prope	erly co	nfigured b	ase statio	n simi	ulator was	used for	the SA	R and power
		RB configuration Transm		measure not inclu	ement; t ided in t	therefore, so the SAR re I numbers	spectrum pl port. and frequ	ots for	ulator was each RB allo in each LTI	cation and	the SAI offset co	R and power onfiguration are
	Bandwidtl	Transm	ission (measure not inclu H, M, L)	ement; t ided in t channe	therefore, so the SAR re al numbers LTE Ban	spectrum pl port. s and frequ d 5	ots for e	each RB allo	cation and	offset co	onfiguration are
		Transm h 1.4 MHz	ission (measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid	ement; to the channed the 3 MH	therefore, so the SAR re of numbers LTE Ban	spectrum pl port. s and frequent d 5 Band	ots for encies	each RB allo in each LTI MHz	E band	offset co	onfiguration are
L	Bandwidtl Ch. # 20407	Transm	ission (Ch	measure not inclu H, M, L)	ement; to ided in to channed th 3 MH Freq.	therefore, so the SAR re al numbers LTE Ban	spectrum pl port. s and frequ d 5	ots for encies	each RB allo	cation and	offset co	onfiguration are
L	Ch. #	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz)	ission (measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. #	ement; to ded in to channe th 3 MH Freq.	therefore, see the SAR reset numbers LTE Bandz (MHz)	spectrum pl port. s and frequ d 5 Band Ch. #	ots for encies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz)	E band Backer Ch.	andwidth # 50	onfiguration are 10 MHz Freq. (MHz)
L M H	Ch. # 20407	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7	Ch	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. #	th 3 MH Freq. 82	therefore, see the SAR results the SAR results the second	spectrum pl port. s and frequent d 5 Band Ch. #	ots for encies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5	E band Backer Ch.	andwidth # 50 25	onfiguration are 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829
	Ch. # 20407 20525	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5	Ch	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415	th 3 MH Freq. 82	therefore, see the SAR results and the SAR res	spectrum pl port. s and frequed 5 Band Ch. # 20425 20525 20625	ots for encies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5	E band Backetion and Ch. 204 205	andwidth # 50 25	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5
	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5	Ch 200 200 200	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415	ement; toded in tochanne th 3 MH Freq. 82 83	therefore, see the SAR results and the SAR res	spectrum pl port. s and frequed 5 Banc Ch. # 20425 20525 20625	ots for encies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5	Band Band Ch. 2044 205. 206	andwidth # 50 25	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844
	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3	Cr 200 200 200	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415 525 635	th 3 MH Freq. 82 83 84	therefore, see the SAR results and the SAR res	spectrum pl port. s and frequed 5 Banc Ch. # 20425 20525 20625	ots for dencies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5	Band Band Ch. 2044 205. 206	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844
	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidt Ch. # 23017	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3	Ch 200 200 Ch	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415 525 635	th 3 MH Freq. 82 83 84 th 3 MH Freq.	therefore, see the SAR results and the SAR res	spectrum pl port. a and frequence d 5 Band Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 d 12 Band Ch. # 23035	ots for dencies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5	Ba Ch. 2044 2056 2066	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth #	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844
H	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidt Ch. # 23017 23095	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7 707.5	CP 200 200 200 CP 233 233	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415 525 635 Bandwid n. # 025 095	ement; tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuden	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	spectrum pl port. a and frequence d 5 Band Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 d 12 Band Ch. # 23035 23095	ots for dencies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5 707.5	Band	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 704 707.5
H L	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidt Ch. # 23017	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7	CP 200 200 200 CP 233 233	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415 525 635 Bandwid n. #	ement; tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuden	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	spectrum pl port. a and frequence d 5 Band Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 d 12 Band Ch. # 23035 23095 23155	ots for dencies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5	Band Band Ch. 204 205 Ch. 230 Ch. 23	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz)
H	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidt Ch. # 23017 23095	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3	Cr 200 200 200 Cr 233 233 233	measure not inclu H, M, L) Bandwid n. # 415 525 635 Bandwid n. # 025 095	ement; tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuded in tuden	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	spectrum pl port. a and frequence d 5 Band Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 d 12 Band Ch. # 23035 23095 23155	ots for dencies	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5 707.5 713.5	Band Band Ch. 2044 2055 2066 Ch. 2300 2315	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60 95	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 704 707.5
H	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidth Ch. # 23017 23095 23173	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3 Bandwid	Cr 200 200 200 Cr 233 233 233	measure not include H, M, L) Bandwid h. # 415 525 635 Bandwid h. # 025 095 165	ement; t Ided in	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	Banco Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 112 Banco Ch. # 23035 23155 117	ots for sencies dwidth !	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5 707.5 713.5	Band	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60 95	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 704 707.5 711
H	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidt Ch. # 23017 23095 23173 Char	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3 Bandwid	Cr 200 200 200 Cr 233 233 233	measure not include H, M, L) Bandwid h. # 415 525 635 Bandwid h. # 025 095 1165	th 3 MH Freq. 82 83 84 th 3 MH Freq. 70 71	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	Banco Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 112 Banco Ch. # 23035 23155 117	ots for sencies dwidth sencies dwidt	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5 707.5 713.5	Band Band Ch. 2044 2055 2066 Ch. 2300 2315	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60 95 30	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 704 707.5 711
H	Ch. # 20407 20525 20643 Bandwidtt Ch. # 23017 23095 23173 Char 23	Transm h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 h 1.4 MHz Freq. (MHz) 699.7 707.5 715.3 Bandwid	Cr 200 200 200 Cr 233 233 233	measure not include H, M, L) Bandwidd n. # 415 525 635 Bandwidd n. # 025 095 165 z Freq.	th 3 MH Freq. 82 83 84 th 3 MH Freq. 70 71 (MHz) 6.5	therefore, see the SAR result of the SAR result	Banco Ch. # 20425 20525 20625 112 Banco Ch. # 23035 23155 117	dwidth shadwidth	each RB allo in each LTI 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 826.5 836.5 846.5 5 MHz Freq. (MHz) 701.5 707.5 713.5	Band Band Ch. 2044 2055 2066 Ch. 2300 2315	andwidth # 50 25 00 andwidth # 60 95 30 Freq. (N	10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 829 836.5 844 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) 704 707.5 711
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4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

^{1.} Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

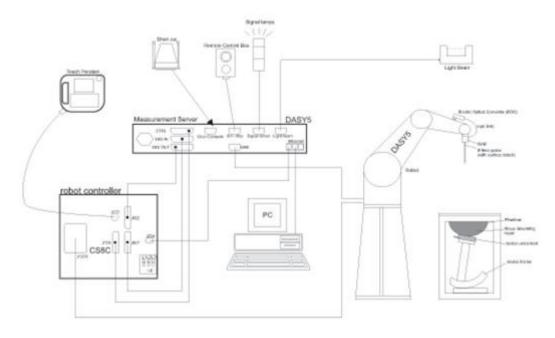
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
 etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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6.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	100
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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6.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	*
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\LLIT Hantom>		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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6.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

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7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

No. of the second	Name of Employment	Town of (Adia and a land	Carriel Name	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	Sep. 05, 2018	Sep. 04, 2019
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Sep. 06, 2018	Sep. 05, 2019
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 31, 2018	Aug. 30, 2019
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2018	Sep. 26, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 24, 2018	May. 23, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	699	Jan. 03, 2019	Jan. 02, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 25, 2018	May. 24, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 16, 2018	Nov. 15, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 24, 2018	Sep. 23, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Sep. 27, 2018	Sep. 26, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Jan. 29, 2019	Jan. 28, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7306	Jul. 26, 2018	Jul. 25, 2019
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM225-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 17, 2018	Apr. 16, 2019
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48367590	Apr. 18, 2018	Apr. 17, 2019
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 11, 2018	Dec. 10, 2019
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3169	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 18, 2018	May. 17, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 18, 2018	May. 17, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 28, 2018	Aug. 27, 2019
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 23, 2018	Jun. 22, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6382	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	15542	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1
		_			

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General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
	For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			
				For Body							
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5			
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0			
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7			
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5			

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

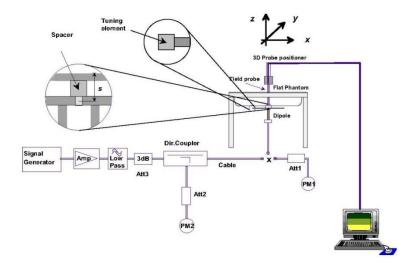
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.5	0.894	43.269	0.89	41.90	0.45	3.27	±5	Feb. 19, 2019
750	MSL	22.5	0.963	54.264	0.96	55.50	0.31	-2.23	±5	Feb. 17, 2019
750	MSL	22.5	0.963	54.264	0.96	55.50	0.31	-2.23	±5	Feb. 17, 2019
835	HSL	22.5	0.894	42.753	0.90	41.50	-0.67	3.02	±5	Feb. 19, 2019
835	MSL	22.5	0.953	55.189	0.97	55.20	-1.75	-0.02	±5	Feb. 17, 2019
835	MSL	22.5	0.953	55.189	0.97	55.20	-1.75	-0.02	±5	Feb. 17, 2019
1900	HSL	22.2	1.413	40.395	1.40	40.00	0.93	0.99	±5	Feb. 20, 2019
1900	MSL	22.5	1.537	53.125	1.52	53.30	1.12	-0.33	±5	Feb. 18, 2019
2450	HSL	22.6	1.782	39.438	1.80	39.20	-1.00	0.61	±5	Feb. 26, 2019
2450	MSL	22.4	1.987	51.219	1.95	52.70	1.90	-2.81	±5	Feb. 28, 2019
5250	HSL	22.6	4.568	36.219	4.71	35.95	-3.01	0.75	±5	Feb. 26, 2019
5250	MSL	22.4	5.477	47.947	5.36	48.95	2.18	-2.05	±5	Feb. 28, 2019
5600	HSL	22.6	4.924	35.737	5.07	35.50	-2.88	0.67	±5	Feb. 26, 2019
5600	MSL	22.4	5.931	47.331	5.77	48.50	2.79	-2.41	±5	Feb. 28, 2019

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9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Feb. 19, 2019	750	HSL	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE3 Sn495	2.17	8.47	8.68	2.48
Feb. 17, 2019	750	MSL	250	D750V3-1012	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn854	2.24	8.76	8.96	2.28
Feb. 17, 2019	750	MSL	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE4 Sn1399	2.32	8.76	9.28	5.94
Feb. 19, 2019	835	HSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE3 Sn495	2.45	9.59	9.80	2.19
Feb. 17, 2019	835	MSL	250	D835V2-499	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn854	2.52	9.82	10.08	2.65
Feb. 17, 2019	835	MSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE4 Sn1399	2.51	9.82	10.04	2.24
Feb. 20, 2019	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE3 Sn495	10.40	40.20	41.60	3.48
Feb. 18, 2019	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn854	10.40	40.20	41.60	3.48
Feb. 26, 2019	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn699	13.00	52.70	52.00	-1.33
Feb. 28, 2019	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn778	12.20	51.50	48.80	-5.24
Feb. 26, 2019	5250	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn699	8.23	80.70	82.30	1.98
Feb. 28, 2019	5250	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn699	8.26	78.30	82.60	5.49
Feb. 26, 2019	5600	HSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn699	8.92	83.30	89.20	7.08
Feb. 28, 2019	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn699	8.15	81.00	81.50	0.62





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

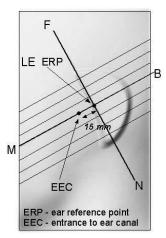
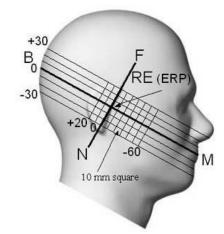


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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10.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the
 cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

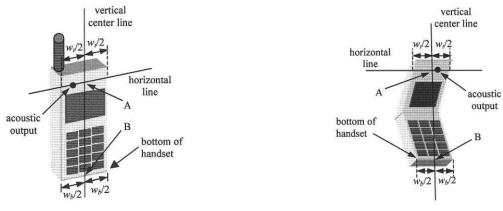


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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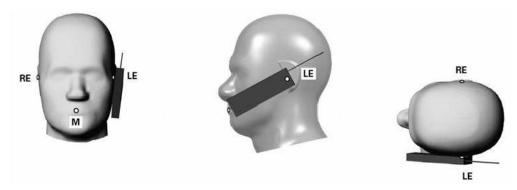


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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10.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

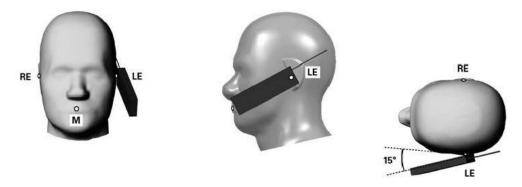


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

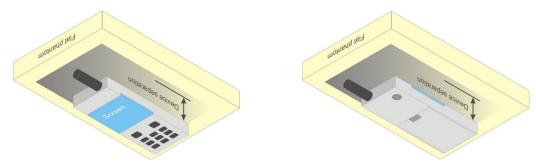


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

10.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850	Burst Av	verage Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	33.07	33.21	33.01	33.50	24.07	24.21	24.01	24.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	33.08	33.21	33.03	33.50	24.08	24.21	24.03	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	31.40	31.64	31.55	32.00	25.40	25.64	25.55	26.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	29.74	29.87	29.77	30.00	25.48	25.61	25.51	25.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	28.18	28.50	28.46	28.50	25.18	25.50	25.46	25.50

GSM1900	Burst A	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Tune-up Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	29.49	29.71	29.76	30.00	20.49	20.71	20.76	21.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.49	29.73	29.77	30.00	20.49	20.73	20.77	21.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.12	27.42	27.31	27.50	21.12	21.42	21.31	21.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.34	25.43	25.55	26.00	21.08	21.17	21.29	21.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.14	24.13	24.34	24.50	21.14	21.13	21.34	21.50

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd	βc/βd	Внѕ	CM (dB)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
			(SF)		(Note1, Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

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General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

	Band		WCDMA V		
1	TX Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit
F	Rx Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)
Fre	quency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.48	23.81	23.70	24.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.48	23.84	23.72	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.63	22.99	22.87	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.73	23.06	22.91	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.24	22.56	22.42	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.24	22.56	22.41	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.75	23.10	22.88	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.83	21.08	20.94	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.84	22.08	22.06	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.84	21.08	20.94	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.70	23.00	23.00	23.50

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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

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<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freg.	Power Middle Ch. / Freg.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.27	23.34	23.51		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.81	23.92	23.76	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.30	23.62	23.26		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.82	22.84	22.77		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.71	22.91	22.62	23	1
10	QPSK	25	25	22.71	22.86	22.58	23	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.78	22.85	22.64		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.39	22.62		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.67	22.90	22.70	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.44	22.42	22.04		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.75	21.78	21.80		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.75	21.84	21.65	22	2
10	16QAM	25	25	21.65	21.83	21.90	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.53	21.88	21.66		
	Char	nnel		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.14	23.34	23.22		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.80	23.86	23.51	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.24	23.60	23.14		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.70	22.82	22.62		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.76	22.89	22.70	23	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.68	22.79	22.62	23	'
5	QPSK	25	0	22.72	22.86	22.59		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.50	22.36		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.44	22.48	22.29	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.18	22.48	22.19		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.54	21.63	21.55		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.69	21.83	21.66	22	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.71	21.91	21.57	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.83	21.78	21.63		

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Channel 20415 20525 20635 Tune-up limit (dbm) (dbm								-	
3	Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit	
3	Frequency (MHz)			825.5	836.5	847.5	(dBm)	(dB)	
3	3	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.21	23.08		
3 QPSK 8 4 22.56 22.80 22.50 3 QPSK 8 7 22.68 22.63 22.57 3 QPSK 15 0 22.60 22.78 22.53 3 16QAM 1 0 22.13 22.32 22.36 3 16QAM 1 1 4 22.04 22.33 22.02 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.75 21.63 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.00 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 GQAM 1 5 22.91 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57	3	QPSK	1	8	23.66	23.69	23.41	24	0
3 QPSK 8 7 22.66 22.80 22.50 3 QPSK 8 7 22.68 22.63 22.57 3 QPSK 15 0 22.60 22.78 22.53 3 16QAM 1 0 22.13 22.32 22.36 3 16QAM 1 8 22.35 22.31 22.15 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 82.47 836.5 848.3 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.55 22.67 22.48 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.55 22.67 22.48 1.4 GQAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57	3	QPSK	1	14	23.13	23.56	22.94		
3	3	QPSK	8	0	22.66	22.77	22.54		
3 QPSK 8 7 22.68 22.63 22.57 3 QPSK 15 0 22.60 22.78 22.53 3 16QAM 1 0 22.13 22.32 22.36 3 16QAM 1 1 8 22.35 22.31 22.15 3 16QAM 1 1 14 22.04 22.33 22.02 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.75 21.63 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) Channel 20407 20525 20643 (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57	3	QPSK	8	4	22.56	22.80	22.50	22	4
3 16QAM 1 0 22.13 22.32 22.36 3 1 1 3 16QAM 1 8 22.35 22.31 22.15 23 1 3 16QAM 1 1 14 22.04 22.33 22.02 3 1 2 2 1.55 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.75 21.63 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 21.63 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 21.63 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 21.63 3 16QAM 15 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 21.72 21.55 21.63 21.44 2PSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 21.44 2PSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 23.45 21.44 2PSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 24 24 22.63 22.63 22.63 22.63 22.77 22.47 22.47 22.47 22.64 22.82 22.63 22.63 22.63 22.79 22.49 1.44 2PSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 22.63 22.79 22.49 1.44 2PSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.44 2PSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.44 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 22.36 1.44 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 22.36 1.44 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 21.99 11.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 21.37	3	QPSK	8	7	22.68	22.63	22.57	23	1
3 16QAM 1 8 22.35 22.31 22.15 23 1 3 16QAM 1 14 22.04 22.33 22.02 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.63 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 Tune-up limit (dBm) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.55 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57	3	QPSK	15	0	22.60	22.78	22.53		
3 16QAM 1 1 14 22.04 22.33 22.02 3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 4 21.65 21.75 21.63 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	3	16QAM	1	0	22.13	22.32	22.36		
3 16QAM 8 0 21.49 21.62 21.55 3 16QAM 8 4 21.65 21.75 21.63 3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) (dB) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 (dBm) (dBm) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57	3	16QAM	1	8	22.35	22.31	22.15	23	1
3	3	16QAM	1	14	22.04	22.33	22.02		
3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) (dB) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 (dBm) (dB) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	3	16QAM	8	0	21.49	21.62	21.55		
3 16QAM 8 7 21.52 21.76 21.49 3 16QAM 15 0 21.82 21.72 21.55 Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 (dBm) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	3	16QAM	8	4	21.65	21.75	21.63	00	2
Channel 20407 20525 20643 Tune-up limit (dBm) MPR (dB) Frequency (MHz) 824.7 836.5 848.3 Tune-up limit (dBm) MPR (dB) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37	3	16QAM	8	7	21.52	21.76	21.49		
Frequency (MHz) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	3	16QAM	15	0	21.82	21.72	21.55		
Frequency (MHz) 1.4 QPSK 1 0 22.95 23.28 23.12 1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37		Channel				20525	20643	Tune-up limit	
1.4 QPSK 1 3 23.70 23.80 23.45 1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37		Frequenc	cy (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4 QPSK 1 5 23.08 23.43 23.14 1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.28	23.12		
1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 22.36 22.36 22.36 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 23 1 1 1 1 22.32 22.33 22.16 22.16 21.48 23 1 1 1 22.32 22.33 22.16 22.16 22.39 21.99 23 1 1 1 1 21.37 21.56 21.48 21.48 23 1 1 1 1 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.57 21.	1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.70	23.80	23.45		
1.4 QPSK 3 0 22.57 22.71 22.47 1.4 QPSK 3 1 22.64 22.82 22.63 1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.08	23.43	23.14	24	0
1.4 QPSK 3 3 22.53 22.79 22.49 1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.57	22.71	22.47	24	U
1.4 QPSK 6 0 22.65 22.67 22.48 23 1 1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.64	22.82	22.63		
1.4 16QAM 1 0 22.09 22.35 22.36 1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.53	22.79	22.49		
1.4 16QAM 1 3 22.32 22.33 22.16 1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.65	22.67	22.48	23	1
1.4 16QAM 1 5 22.11 22.39 21.99 1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.35	22.36		
1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.32	22.33	22.16		
1.4 16QAM 3 0 21.37 21.56 21.48 1.4 16QAM 3 1 21.51 21.74 21.57 1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.11	22.39	21.99	23	1
1.4 16QAM 3 3 21.67 21.88 21.37	1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.37	21.56	21.48	23	•
	1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.51	21.74	21.57		
1.4 16QAM 6 0 21.66 21.75 21.45 22 2	1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.67	21.88	21.37		
21100 21110 222 2	1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.66	21.75	21.45	22	2

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<LTE Band 12>

	122			D	D	D		
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freg.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
Channel			23060	23095		(dBm)	(dB)	
	Frequenc			704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.20	23.23	23.26		0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.44	23.64	23.39	24	
10	QPSK	1	49	23.31	23.44	23.07		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.50	22.58	22.55		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.65	22.57	22.50	22	4
10	QPSK	25	25	22.63	22.48	22.52	23	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.55	22.44	22.46		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.22	21.92	22.17		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.49	22.45	22.53	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.15	22.18	22.15		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.56	21.83	21.57		2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.70	21.56	21.52	- 22	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.66	21.40	21.77		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.51	21.48	21.44		
	Cha	nnel		23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		701.5	707.5	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.51	23.10		0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.46	23.59	23.43	24	
5	QPSK	1	24	23.37	23.40	23.07		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.54	22.53	22.50		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.42	22.63	22.55	23	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.48	22.52	22.50	23	•
5	QPSK	25	0	22.52	22.58	22.49		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.28	22.35	22.21		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.15	22.34	22.12	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.17	22.08	22.07		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.55	21.57	21.31		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.46	21.77	21.49	22	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.42	21.56	21.47	22	۷
5	16QAM	25	0	21.58	21.74	21.64		

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Channel				23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit	MPR
Frequency (MHz)			700.5	707.5	714.5	(dBm)	(dB)	
3	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.49	23.10		
3	QPSK	1	8	23.35	23.39	23.41	24	0
3	QPSK	1	14	23.29	23.34	22.90		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.37	22.38	22.31		
3	QPSK	8	4	22.40	22.60	22.53	22	4
3	QPSK	8	7	22.35	22.40	22.38	23	1
3	QPSK	15	0	22.51	22.56	22.32		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.27	22.14		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.11	22.29	22.01	23	1
3	16QAM	1	14	22.10	21.97	22.04		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.38	21.44	21.16		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.33	21.73	21.47	22	2
3	16QAM	8	7	21.24	21.50	21.39	22	
3	16QAM	15	0	21.42	21.62	21.64		
	Chai	nnel		23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		699.7	707.5	715.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.48	23.01		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.33	23.49	23.41		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.19	23.22	22.93	24	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.48	22.48	22.37	24	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.35	22.61	22.40		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.35	22.35	22.45		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.36	22.39	22.38	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.08	22.26	22.18		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.04	22.15	22.11	23	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.13	21.96	21.89		1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.43	21.56	21.25	23	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.30	21.62	21.32		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.29	21.37	21.30		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.56	21.72	21.49	22	2

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<LTE Band 17>

	<u> </u>			Power	Power	Power		
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Ch. / Freq.	Middle Ch. / Freq.	High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
Channel		nnel		23780	23790	23800	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc			709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.33	23.35	23.12		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.56	23.70	23.61	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.21	23.01	23.12		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.56	22.55	22.45		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.55	22.52	22.50	23	1
10	QPSK	25	25	22.57	22.48	22.37	23	·
10	QPSK	50	0	22.56	22.48	22.47		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.22	22.03		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.35	22.62	22.56	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	21.94	22.00		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.71	21.71	21.47		2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.47	21.78	21.65	- 22	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.59	21.73	21.62		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.51	21.50	21.40		
	Chai	nnel		23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.23	23.16	23.00		0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.56	23.57	23.58	24	
5	QPSK	1	24	23.10	22.82	23.09		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.40	22.43	22.36		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.43	22.42	22.48	23	1
5	QPSK	12	13	22.48	22.38	22.32	23	'
5	QPSK	25	0	22.46	22.29	22.34		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.08	22.03	22.00		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.18	22.44	22.39	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.05	21.80	21.97		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.56	21.55	21.47		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.40	21.73	21.63	22	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.55	21.63	21.57	22	4
5	16QAM	25	0	21.40	21.38	21.36		

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<u><WLAN Conducted Power></u>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	15.21	15.50	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	15.47	15.50	100.00
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	15.44	15.50	
2.4GHZ WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps 802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.16	15.50	100.00
		6	2437	15.27	15.50	
		11	2462	15.23	15.50	
		1	2412	15.18	15.50	
		6	2437	15.26	15.50	100.00
		11	2462	15.22	15.50	

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<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		36	5180	11.05	11.50	100.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200	11.09	11.50		
	602.11a 6lvibps	44	5220	11.01	11.50	100.00	
		48	5240	11.06	11.50		
		36	5180	11.08	11.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200	11.17	11.50	100.00	
		44	5220	11.03	11.50		
5.2GHz WLAN		48	5240	11.06	11.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.13	11.50	100.00	
		46	5230	11.15	11.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.17	11.50	99.90	
		40	5200	11.20	11.50		
		44	5220	11.14	11.50		
		48	5240	11.16	11.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	11.17	11.50	00.14	
	MCS0	46	5230	11.19	11.50	99.14	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	11.25	11.50	98.19	

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Frequency Average power Tune-Up Duty Cycle % Mode Channel (MHz) (dBm) Limit 52 5260 11.13 11.50 56 5280 11.09 11.50 802.11a 6Mbps 100.00 60 5300 11.22 11.50 64 5320 11.10 11.50 52 5260 11.11 11.50 56 5280 11.50 11.10 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 100.00 60 5300 11.16 11.50 5.3GHz WLAN 64 5320 11.07 11.50 54 5270 11.50 11.18 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 100.00 62 5310 11.17 11.50 52 5260 11.19 11.50 56 5280 11.23 11.50 802.11ac-VHT20 99.90 MCS0 60 5300 11.50 11.26 64 5320 11.17 11.50 54 5270 11.22 11.50 802.11ac-VHT40 99.14 MCS0 62 5310 11.19 11.50 802.11ac-VHT80 58 5290 11.24 11.50 98.19 MCS0

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Frequency Average power Tune-Up Mode Channel Duty Cycle % (MHz) (dBm) Limit 100 5500 11.24 11.50 116 5580 11.26 11.50 124 5620 11.15 11.50 100.00 802.11a 6Mbps 132 5660 11.05 11.50 140 5700 11.13 11.50 100 5500 11.15 11.50 116 5580 11.24 11.50 802.11n-HT20 MCS0 124 5620 11.13 11.50 100.00 5660 132 11.13 11.50 140 5700 11.17 11.50 5510 10.81 11.00 102 5.5GHz WLAN 110 5550 10.80 11.00 100.00 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 126 10.74 5630 11.00 134 5670 10.72 11.00 100 5500 11.22 11.50 5580 11.33 11.50 116 802.11ac-VHT20 124 5620 11.29 11.50 99.90 MCS0 132 5660 11.24 11.50 140 5700 11.21 11.50 5510 11.00 102 10.84 110 5550 10.83 11.00 802.11ac-VHT40 99.14 MCS0 126 5630 10.77 11.00 134 5670 10.73 11.00 106 5530 10.89 11.00 802.11ac-VHT80 98.19 MCS0 122 5610 10.92 11.00

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12. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Max Average	power(dBm)
Mode Dand	BR/EDR	LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	8	1

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

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- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
8	< 5	2.48	1.99

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.99 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

13. RF exposure position consideration

	Distanc	e of the Antenna	to the EUT surfac	ce/edge										
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm								
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm														

	Po	ositions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot mod	de									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes							
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No							

General Note:

- 1. The detail antenna location refer to appendix D.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

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LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Limit	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.14	0.060	0.065
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	0.03	0.030	0.033
01	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.03	0.064	0.070
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.01	0.040	0.043
02	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.02	0.082	0.091
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	-0.02	0.048	0.053
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.09	0.072	0.080
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0	0.047	0.052

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot			Test	Gap		Freq.	Average	Tune-Up	Tune-up	Power	Measured	Reported
No.	Band	Mode	Position	(mm)	Ch.	(MHz)	Power (dBm)		Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.13	0.097	0.101
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.1	0.055	0.057
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.05	0.100	0.104
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.15	0.080	0.083

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)		Freq. (MHz)		Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
04	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	-0.1	0.191	0.195
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.04	0.139	0.142
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	-0.05	0.041	0.042
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.05	0.034	0.035
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.06	0.073	0.074
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.05	0.060	0.061
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.18	0.054	0.055
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.18	0.045	0.046
05	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.12	0.009	0.009
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.19	0.006	0.007
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.08	0.002	0.002
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.05	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.05	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.13	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.09	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.06	0.001	0.001

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	0.13	0.186	0.187
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	0.01	0.179	0.180
06	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.06	0.281	0.283
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.06	0.273	0.275
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	0.03	0.071	0.077
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	0.08	0.085	0.092
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	0.01	0.120	0.130
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	-0.11	0.118	0.128
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.02	0.270	0.285
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	-0.01	0.272	0.287
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.19	0.327	0.346
80	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	-0.01	0.348	0.368

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14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.04	0.215	0.234
09	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.09	0.321	0.349
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	0.07	0.159	0.173
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.11	0.229	0.249
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	0.07	0.065	0.071
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.04	0.241	0.267
10	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	-0.03	0.356	0.395
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.07	0.113	0.125
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	-0.07	0.044	0.049
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.12	0.271	0.301

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Limit	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.05	0.284	0.295
11	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.03	0.379	0.393
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.04	0.208	0.216
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.08	0.301	0.312
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.08	0.079	0.082

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.		BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	-0.18	0.253	0.258
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.09	0.202	0.206
12	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.06	0.379	0.386
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.09	0.306	0.312
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.12	0.197	0.201
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.05	0.166	0.169
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	-0.03	0.264	0.269
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.06	0.217	0.222
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.08	0.079	0.080
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.06	0.065	0.066
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.19	0.012	0.013
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.11	0.009	0.010
13	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.14	0.020	0.022
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.12	0.014	0.015
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.12	0.011	0.012
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.04	0.009	0.010
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0	0.012	0.013
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.1	0.010	0.011
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.19	0.005	0.006
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.03	0.004	0.005

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<WLAN SAR>

Plo No	Rand	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	u.n		Average Power (dBm)	Limit	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.07	0.064	0.064
14	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.07	0.107	0.108
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	0.13	0.017	0.017
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	0.09	0.060	0.060

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Limit	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.04	0.215	0.234
15	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	189	836.4	31.64	32.00	1.086	-0.09	0.321	0.349
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	0.04	0.241	0.267
16	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	25.55	26.00	1.109	-0.03	0.356	0.395

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Limit	Scaling	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.05	0.284	0.295
17	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.03	0.379	0.393

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	-0.18	0.253	0.258
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.09	0.202	0.206
18	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	23.92	24.00	1.019	0.06	0.379	0.386
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.09	0.306	0.312
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.19	0.012	0.013
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.11	0.009	0.010
19	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.14	0.020	0.022
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.12	0.014	0.015

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.07	0.064	0.064
20	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	15.47	15.50	1.007	100	1.000	-0.07	0.107	0.108
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	10mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	0.13	0.035	0.038
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	10mm	58	5290	11.24	11.50	1.062	98.19	1.018	-0.03	0.130	0.141
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.18	0.076	0.080
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10mm	116	5580	11.26	11.50	1.057	100	1.000	-0.05	0.236	0.249

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
2.	GPRS + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
6.	GPRS + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	
10.	GPRS + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	

General Note:

- 1. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously
- 4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.

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- 5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	10 mm
8.0 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.265 W/kg	0.132 W/kg	0.132 W/kg

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4			
1AWW	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	1+4 Summed
	, Dana	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.065	0.187	0.285	0.265	0.252	0.350	0.330
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.033	0.180	0.287	0.265	0.213	0.320	0.298
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.070	0.283	0.346	0.265	0.353	0.416	0.335
GSM		Left Tilted	0.043	0.275	0.368	0.265	0.318	0.411	0.308
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.091	0.187	0.285	0.265	0.278	0.376	0.356
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.053	0.180	0.287	0.265	0.233	0.340	0.318
	G5W1900	Left Cheek	0.080	0.283	0.346	0.265	0.363	0.426	0.345
		Left Tilted	0.052	0.275	0.368	0.265	0.327	0.420	0.317
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.101	0.187	0.285	0.265	0.288	0.386	0.366
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.057	0.180	0.287	0.265	0.237	0.344	0.322
WCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.104	0.283	0.346	0.265	0.387	0.450	0.369
		Left Tilted	0.083	0.275	0.368	0.265	0.358	0.451	0.348
		Right Cheek	0.195	0.187	0.285	0.265	0.382	0.480	0.460
	LTE Band 5	Right Tilted	0.042	0.180	0.287	0.265	0.222	0.329	0.307
	LIE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.074	0.283	0.346	0.265	0.357	0.420	0.339
LTE		Left Tilted	0.055	0.275	0.368	0.265	0.330	0.423	0.320
LIE		Right Cheek	0.009	0.187	0.285	0.265	0.196	0.294	0.274
	LTE Daniel 40	Right Tilted	0.002	0.180	0.287	0.265	0.182	0.289	0.267
	LTE Band 12	Left Cheek	0.001	0.283	0.346	0.265	0.284	0.347	0.266
		Left Tilted	0.001	0.275	0.368	0.265	0.276	0.369	0.266

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	4	4.0	
AWW	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+4 Summed
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Front	0.234	0.064	0.132	0.298	0.366
		Back	0.349	0.108	0.132	0.457	0.481
	GSM850	Left side	0.173			0.173	0.173
		Right side	0.249	0.017	0.132	0.266	0.381
GSM		Bottom side	0.071			0.071	0.071
GSIVI		Front	0.267	0.064	0.132	0.331	0.399
		Back	0.395	0.108	0.132	0.503	0.527
	GSM1900	Left side	0.125			0.125	0.125
		Right side	0.049	0.017	0.132	0.066	0.181
		Bottom side	0.301			0.301	0.301
		Front	0.295	0.064	0.132	0.359	0.427
		Back	0.393	0.108	0.132	0.501	0.525
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Left side	0.216			0.216	0.216
		Right side	0.312	0.017	0.132	0.329	0.444
		Bottom side	0.082			0.082	0.082
		Front	0.258	0.064	0.132	0.322	0.390
		Back	0.386	0.108	0.132	0.494	0.518
	LTE Band 5	Left side	0.201			0.201	0.201
		Right side	0.269	0.017	0.132	0.286	0.401
		Bottom side	0.080			0.080	0.080
LTE		Front	0.013	0.064	0.132	0.077	0.145
		Back	0.022	0.108	0.132	0.130	0.154
	LTE Band 12	Left side	0.012			0.012	0.012
		Right side	0.013	0.017	0.132	0.030	0.145
		Bottom side	0.006			0.006	0.006

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15.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

			1	2	3	4			
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	1+4 Summed
****/	WWW. Dana		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.234	0.064	0.080	0.132	0.298	0.314	0.366
GSM	GSIVIOSU	Back	0.349	0.108	0.249	0.132	0.457	0.598	0.481
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.267	0.064	0.080	0.132	0.331	0.347	0.399
	GSW1900	Back	0.395	0.108	0.249	0.132	0.503	0.644	0.527
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.295	0.064	0.080	0.132	0.359	0.375	0.427
VVCDIVIA	WCDIVIA V	Back	0.393	0.108	0.249	0.132	0.501	0.642	0.525
	LTC Dond 5	Front	0.258	0.064	0.080	0.132	0.322	0.338	0.390
	LTE Band 5	Back	0.386	0.108	0.249	0.132	0.494	0.635	0.518
LTE	LTC Dond 10	Front	0.013	0.064	0.080	0.132	0.077	0.093	0.145
	LTE Band 12	Back	0.022	0.108	0.249	0.132	0.130	0.271	0.154

Test Engineer: Willy Yu and Kurt Liu

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16. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

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System Check Head 750MHz

DUT: D750V3-1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 750 190219 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\epsilon_T = 43.269$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.85 W/kg

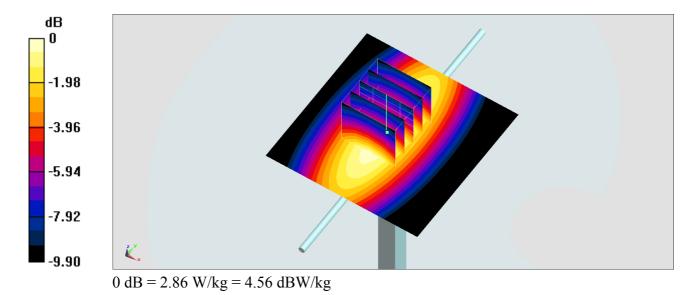
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



System Check Body 750MHz

DUT: D750V3-1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.264$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2018/9/24

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14

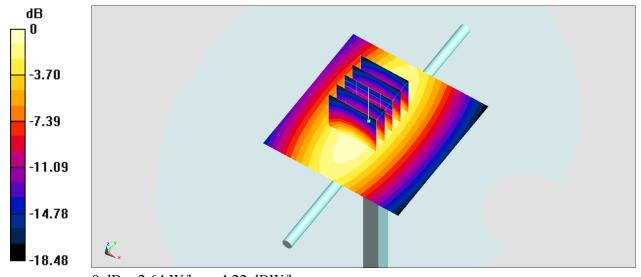
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 W/kg



0 dB = 2.64 W/kg = 4.22 dBW/kg

System Check Body 750MHz

DUT: D750V3-1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.264$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2018/9/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.05 W/kg

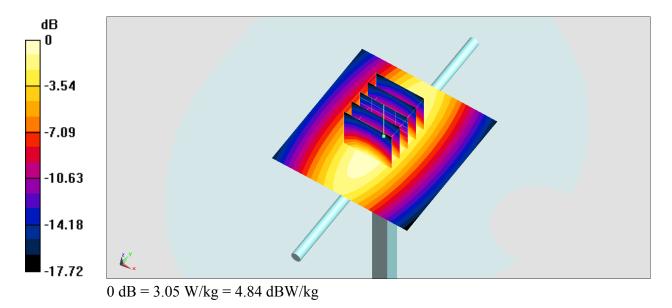
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.06 W/kg



System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2-499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 850 190219 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_T = 42.753$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.28 W/kg

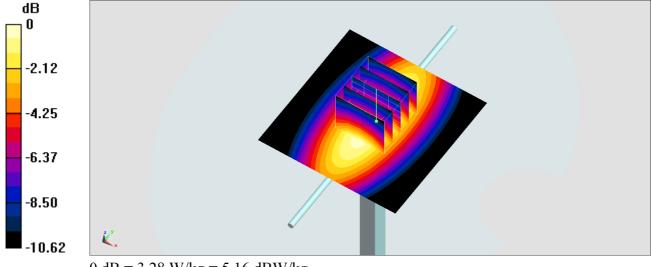
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.28 W/kg



0 dB = 3.28 W/kg = 5.16 dBW/kg

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: D835V2-499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.189$; $\rho = 1000$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

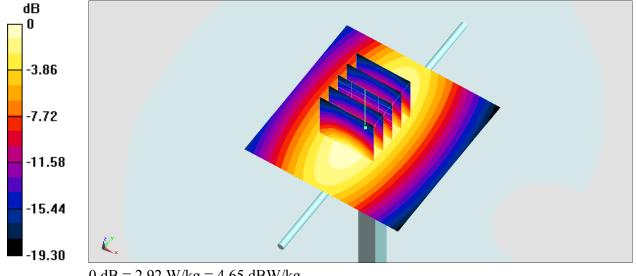
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.92 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



0 dB = 2.92 W/kg = 4.65 dBW/kg

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: D835V2-499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.189$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2018/9/27

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16

- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719

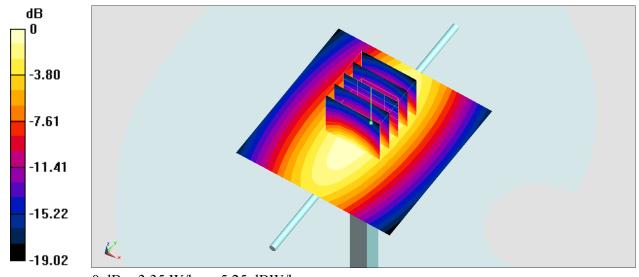
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.35 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 61.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.35 W/kg = 5.25 dBW/kg

System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 190220 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.395$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/20

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.3 W/kg

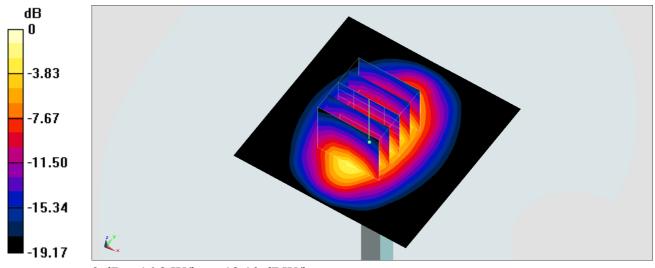
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 190218 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.537$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.125$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/18

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

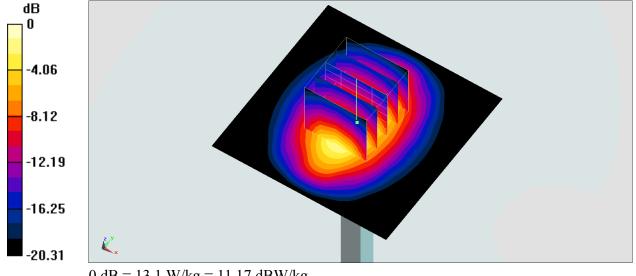
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

System Check Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 190226 Medium parameters used : f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.782$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.438$; $\rho =$

Date: 2019/2/26

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

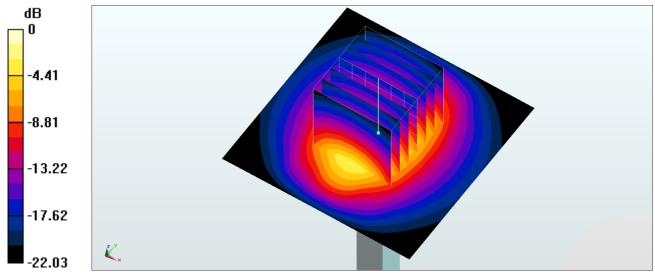
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

System Check Body 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 190228 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.987$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.219$; $\rho =$

Date: 2019/2/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2018/5/25
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

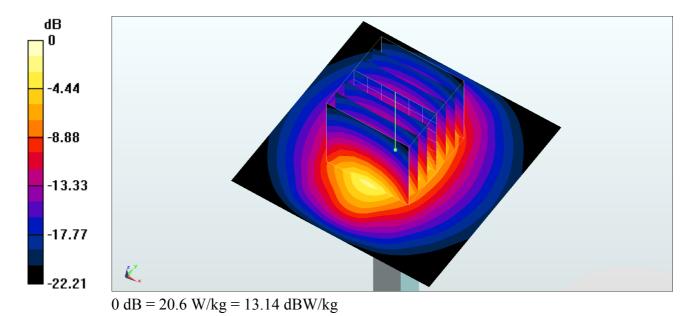
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



System Check Head 5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5G 190226 Medium parameters used : f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.568$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.219$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(5.43, 5.43, 5.43); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 W/kg

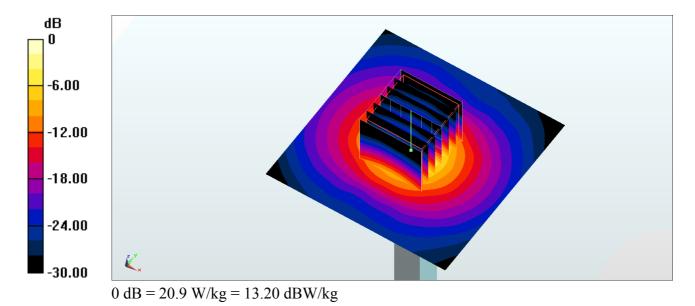
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



System Check Body 5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5G 190228 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 5.477 S/m; $ε_r = 47.947$; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5) ; Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

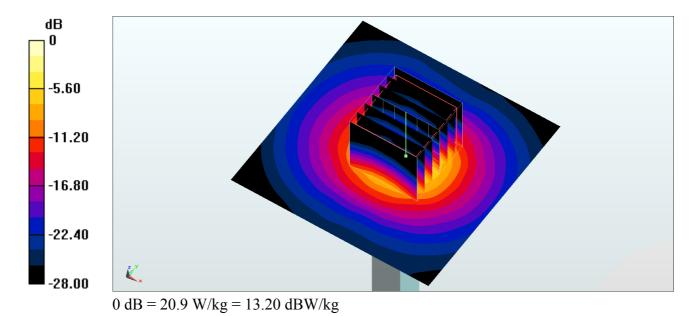
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



System Check Head 5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5G 190226 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.924$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.737$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.4 W/kg

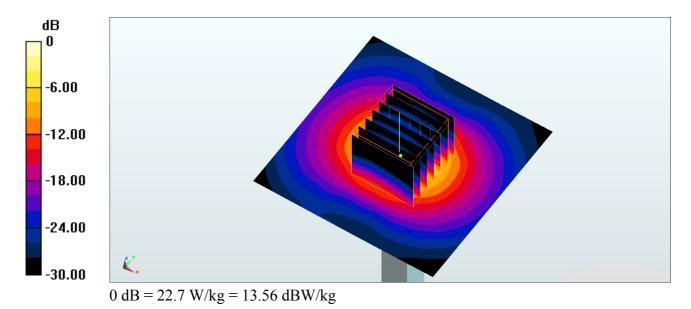
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



System Check Body 5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1006

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5G 190228 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.931$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.331$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976;ConvF(4, 4, 4);Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

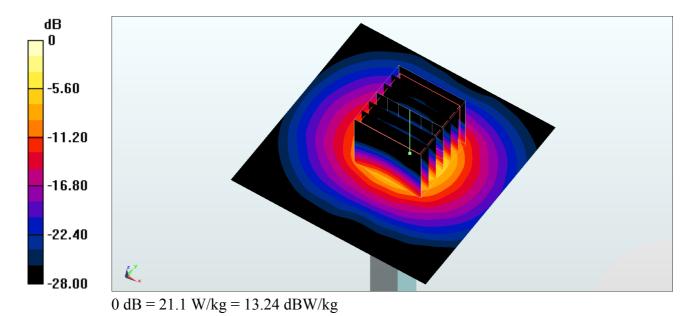
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA8D1724

The plots are shown as follows.

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FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Mar. 12, 2019

#01_GSM850_GPRS (2 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch189

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: HSL_850_190219 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.731$; $\rho = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.731$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.731$;

Date: 2019/2/19

 $1000_{\text{kg/m}}^{3}$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96); Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0776 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.411 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.064 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0740 W/kg

-1.52 -3.04 -4.56 -6.08 -7.60

0 dB = 0.0740 W/kg = -11.31 dBW/kg

#02 GSM1900 GPRS (3 Tx slots) Right Cheek Ch810

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Medium: HSL 1900 190220 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.395$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/20

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 W/kg

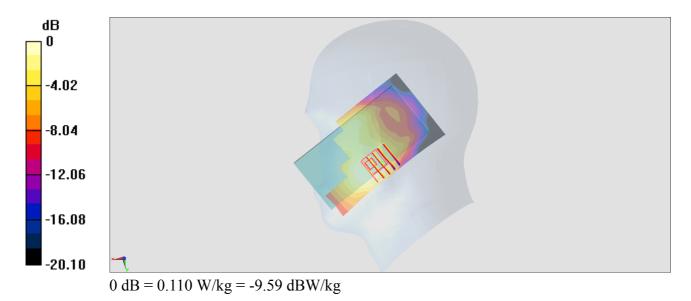
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.336 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/kg



#03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 850 190219 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.896 S/m; $ε_r = 42.731$; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306; ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96) ; Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.113 W/kg

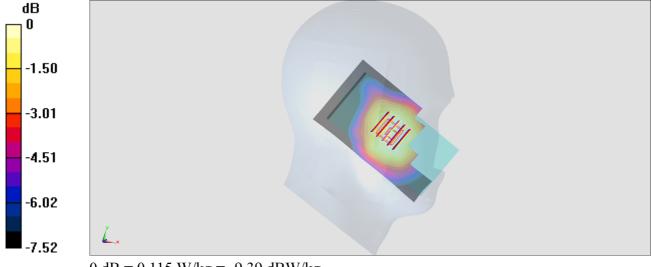
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.100 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 W/kg



0 dB = 0.115 W/kg = -9.39 dBW/kg

#04_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1_25_Right Cheek_Ch20525

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 850 190219 Medium parameters used : f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.73$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(9.96, 9.96, 9.96) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.221 W/kg

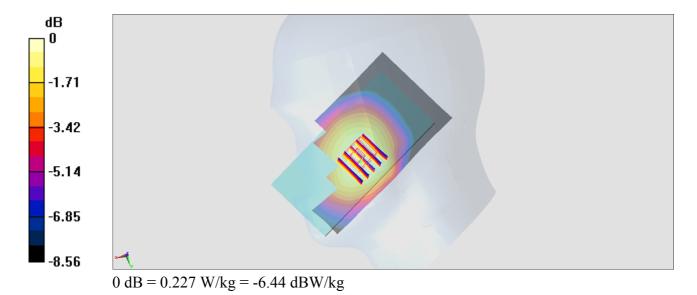
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.243 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 W/kg



#05_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Right Cheek_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 750 190219 Medium parameters used : f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.854$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.824$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/19

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7306;ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19) ;Calibrated: 2018/7/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2018/5/24
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1884
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0114 W/kg

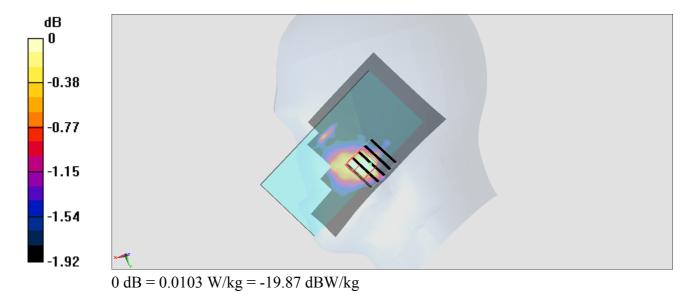
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.693 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00853 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00629 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0103 W/kg



#06_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch6

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_190226 Medium parameters used : f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.776 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.53; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.484 W/kg

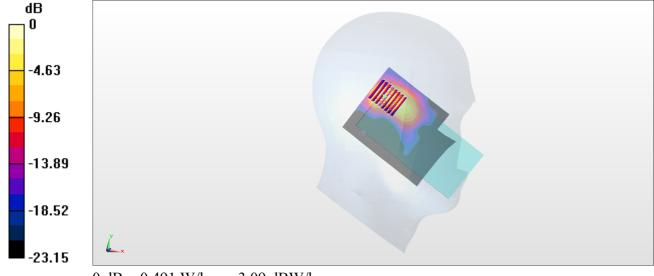
Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.616 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 W/kg



0 dB = 0.491 W/kg = -3.09 dBW/kg

#07_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Cheek_Ch58

Communication System: 802.11ac; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL 5G 190226 Medium parameters used : f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 4.608$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.079$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

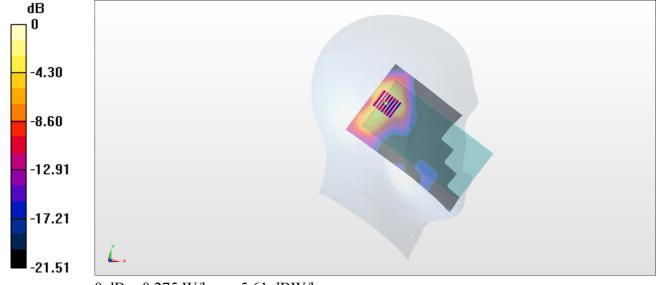
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(5.43, 5.43, 5.43); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.157 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 4.670 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg



0 dB = 0.275 W/kg = -5.61 dBW/kg

#08 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps Left Tilted Ch116

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5G 190226 Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; $\sigma = 4.908$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.711$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.555 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.277 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.868 W/kg



0 dB = 0.868 W/kg = -0.61 dBW/kg

#09 GSM850 GPRS (2 Tx slots) Back 10mm Ch189

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.954 S/m; $ε_r = 55.176$; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2018/9/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

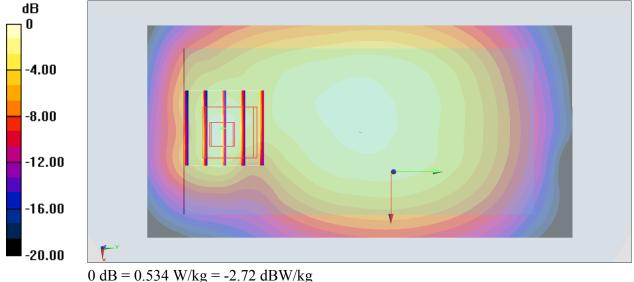
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.622 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 W/kg



#10 GSM1900 GPRS (3 Tx slots) Back 10mm Ch810

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Medium: MSL 1900 190218 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.549$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.083$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/18

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 W/kg

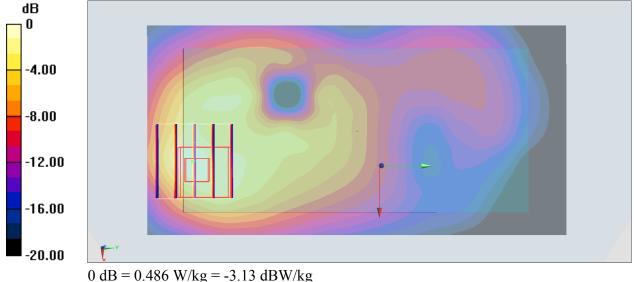
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg



#11 WCDMA V RMC 12.2Kbps Back 10mm Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.176$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2018/9/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

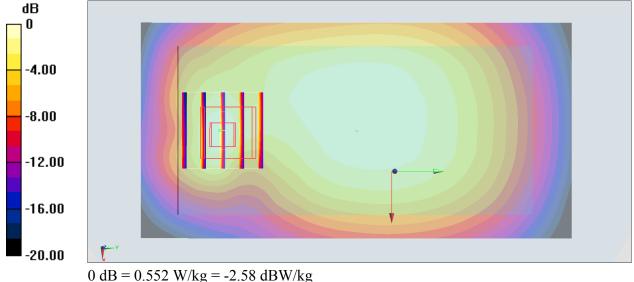
Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 W/kg



#12 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1 25 Back 10mm Ch20525

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.176$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

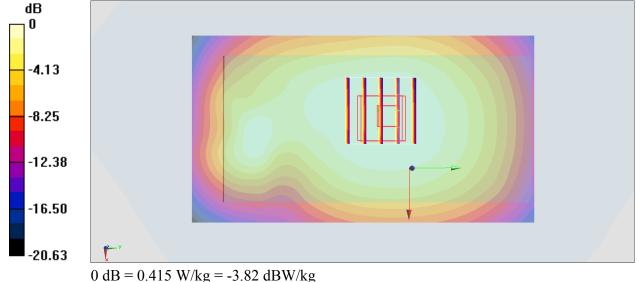
Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.415 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.479 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg



#13_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_190217 Medium parameters used : f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.716$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0236 W/kg

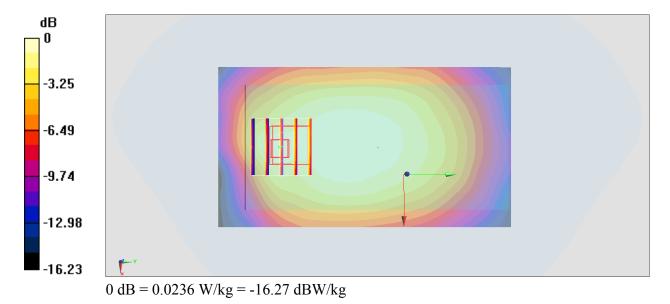
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.769 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0310 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0236 W/kg



#14 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b 1Mbps Back 10mm Ch6

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 190228 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; $ε_r = 51.265$; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2018/5/25
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

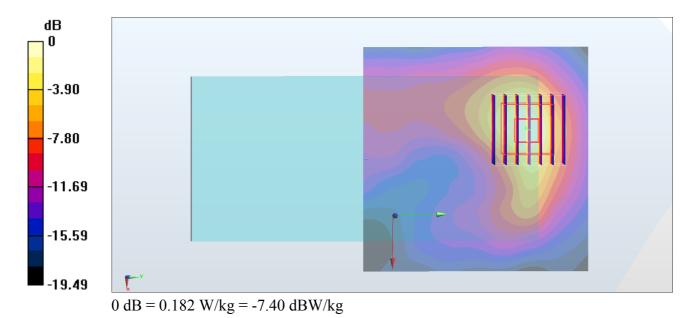
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.784 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg



#15 GSM850 GPRS (2 Tx slots) Back 10mm Ch189

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.954 S/m; $ε_r = 55.176$; ρ = 1000

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2018/9/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

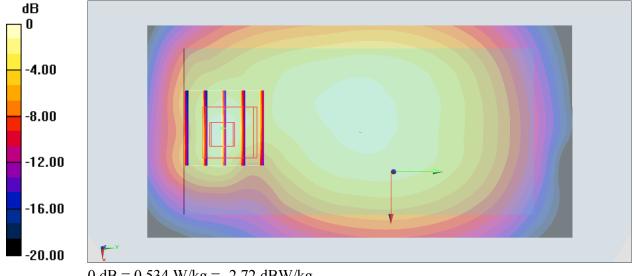
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.622 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 W/kg



0 dB = 0.534 W/kg = -2.72 dBW/kg

#16 GSM1900 GPRS (3 Tx slots) Back 10mm Ch810

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Medium: MSL 1900 190218 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.549$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.083$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/18

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 W/kg

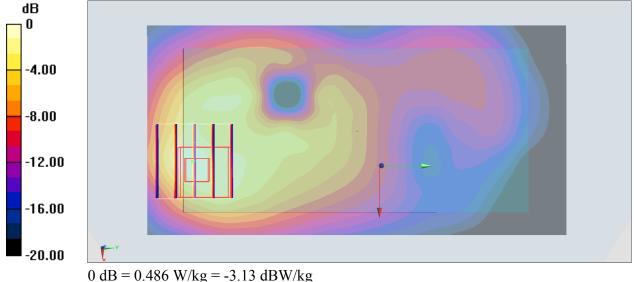
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg



#17 WCDMA V RMC 12.2Kbps Back 10mm Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.176$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2018/9/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

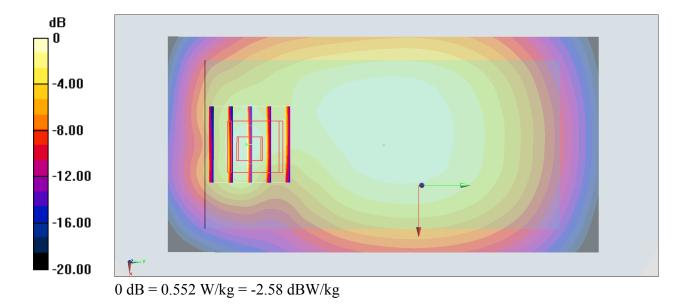
Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 W/kg



#18 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1 25 Back 10mm Ch20525

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_190217 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.176$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

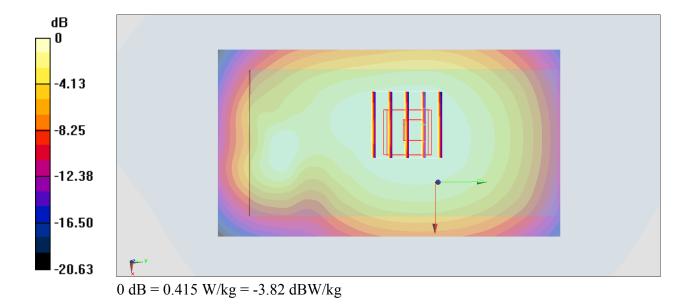
Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.415 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.479 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg



#19 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1 25 Back 10mm Ch23095

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_190217 Medium parameters used : f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.716$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/17

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2018/9/24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn854; Calibrated: 2018/6/14
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0236 W/kg

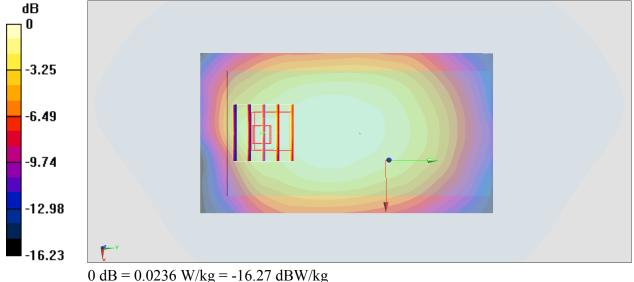
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.769 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0310 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0236 W/kg



#20 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b 1Mbps Back 10mm Ch6

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_190228 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.265$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

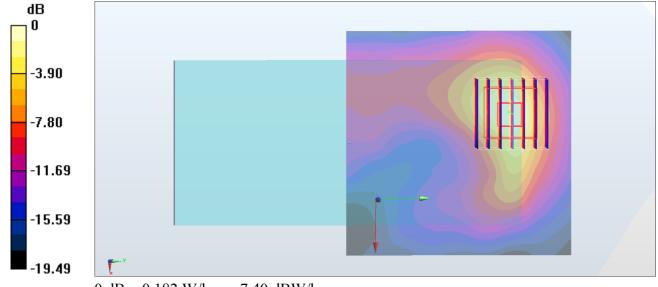
DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2018/5/25
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.784 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg



0 dB = 0.182 W/kg = -7.40 dBW/kg

#21_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch58

Communication System: 802.11ac; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: MSL 5G 190228 Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 5.53$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.865$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

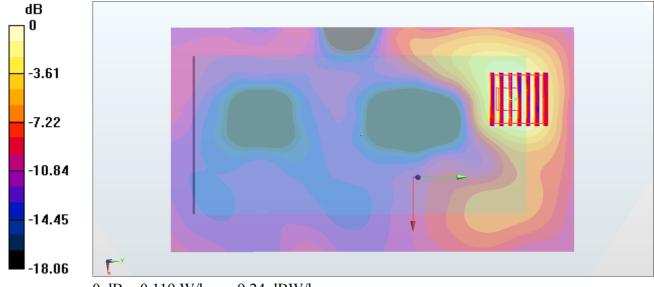
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5) ; Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 7.148 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 W/kg



0 dB = 0.119 W/kg = -9.24 dBW/kg

#22 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps Back 10mm Ch116

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5G_190228 Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; $\sigma = 5.901$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.361$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2019/2/28

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3976; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 2019/1/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 2019/1/3
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 9.236 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.927 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 W/kg

