

# TEST REPORT

Report No.: BCTC2310579468-2E

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Applicant: Shenzhen SwellPro Technology CO., LTD

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Product Name: Fisherman FD3

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Test Model: FD3

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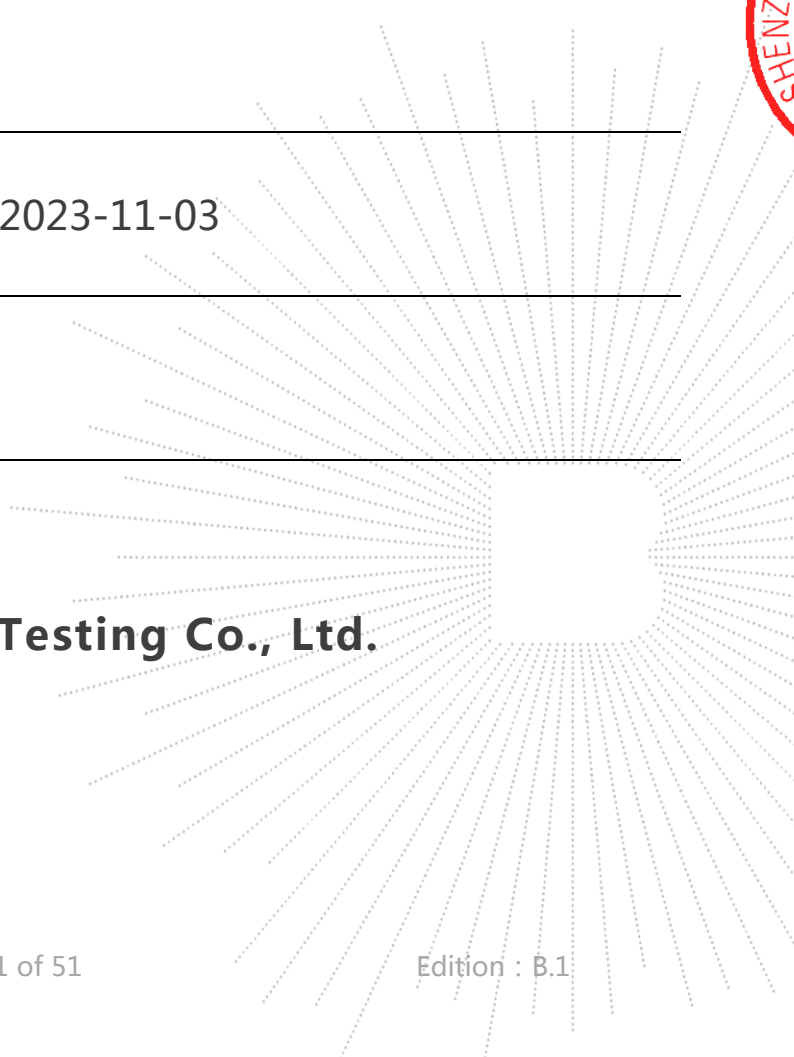
Tested Date: 2023-10-16 to 2023-11-03

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Issued Date: 2023-11-07

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**Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.**



# FCC ID: 2AQRL-FD3

Product Name: Fisherman FD3

Trademark: 

Model/Type reference: FD3  
FD3+, FD1+

Prepared For: Shenzhen SwellPro Technology CO., LTD

Address: 5 Floor 2 Building ZhuoLin Industrial Park, LiaoKeng Third Industrial park, LangXin Community, ShiYan Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,China, 518000

Manufacturer: Shenzhen SwellPro Technology CO., LTD

Address: 5 Floor 2 Building ZhuoLin Industrial Park, LiaoKeng Third Industrial park, LangXin Community, ShiYan Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,China, 518000

Prepared By: Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Sample Received Date: 2023-10-13

Sample tested Date: 2023-10-16 to 2023-11-03

Issue Date: 2023-11-07

Report No.: BCTC2310579468-2E


Test Standards: FCC Part15 15.407  
ANSI C63.10-2013

Test Results: PASS

Tested by:

Eric Yang/Project Handler

Approved by:

Zero Zhou/Reviewer

The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd, this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client.

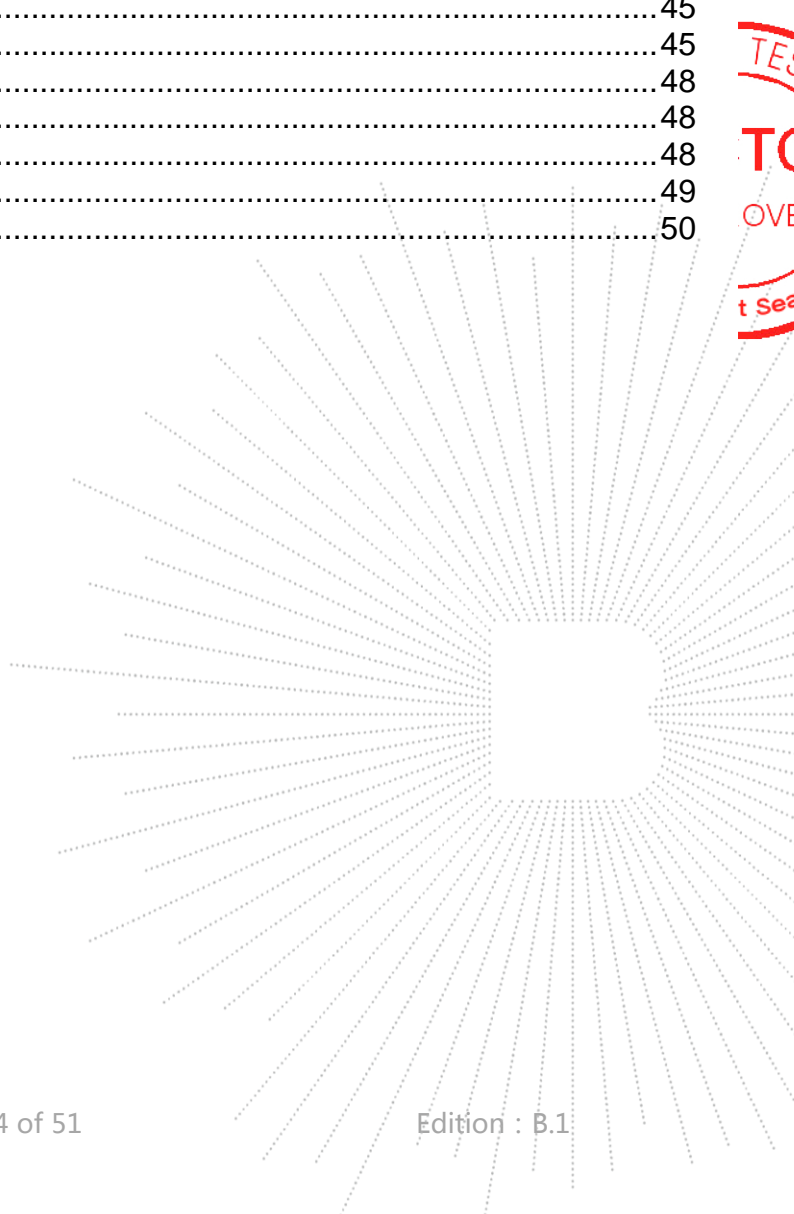
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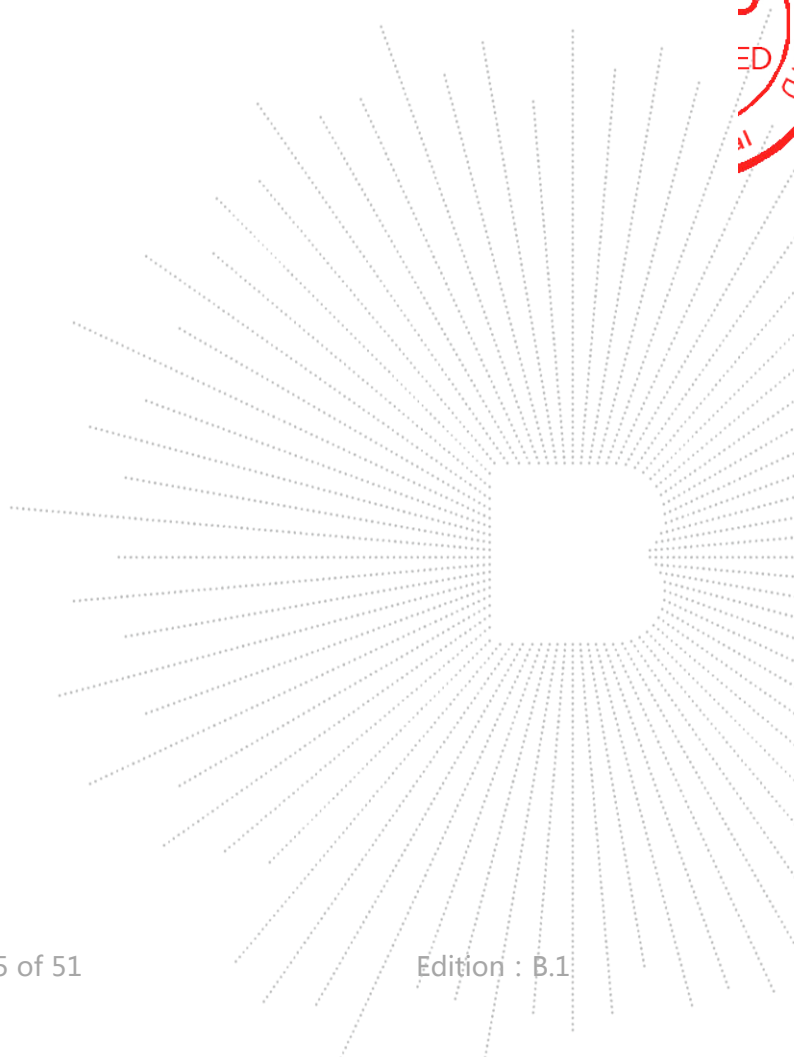
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(Note: N/A Means Not Applicable)



**1. Version**

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
BCTC2310579468-2E	2023-11-07	Original	Valid



## 2. Test Summary

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

No.	Test Parameter	Clause No.	Results
1	Spurious Radiated Emissions	15.209(a) 15.407 (b)	PASS
2	Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A
3	99% Emission Bandwidth	15.1049	PASS
4	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth	15.407(e)	PASS
5	Maximum Conducted Output Power	15.407 a	PASS
6	Band Edge	15.407 b	PASS
7	Power Spectral Density	15.407 a	PASS
8	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	15.407 b	PASS
9	Antenna Requirement	15.203	PASS

Note : The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure.

### 3. Measurement Uncertainty

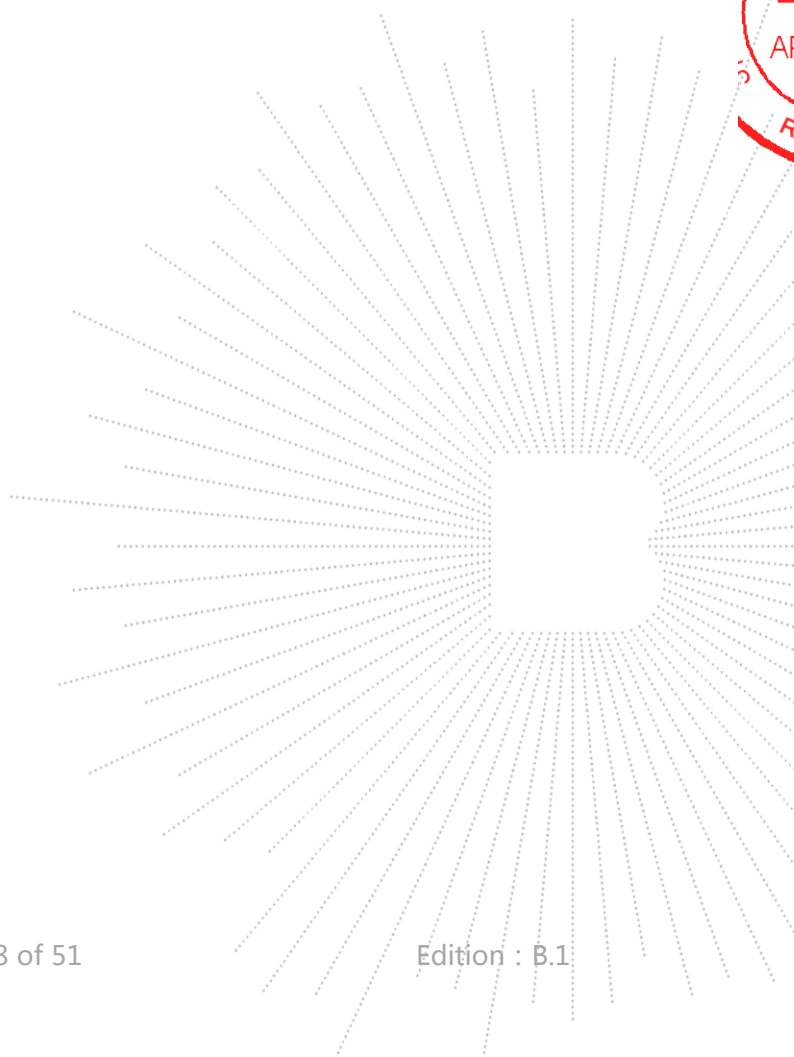
Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(9kHz-30MHz)	U=3.7dB
2	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=4.3dB
3	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=4.5dB
4	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=3.34dB
5	Conducted Emission(150kHz-30MHz)	U=3.20dB
6	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=1.38dB
7	Conducted output power uncertainty Above 1G	U=1.576dB
8	Conducted output power uncertainty below 1G	U=1.28dB
9	Humidity uncertainty	U=5.3%
10	Temperature uncertainty	U=0.59°C
11	Power spectral density	U=1.19dB
12	Conducted spurious emissions	U=0.55dB
13	Occupied bandwidth	U=3.46%

## 4. Product Information And Test Setup

### 4.1 Product Information

Model/Type reference:	FD3 FD3+, FD1+
Model differences:	All the model are the same circuit and RF module, except model names.
Operation Frequency:	5745MHz-5825MHz
Type of Modulation:	GFSK
Number Of Channel	11CH
Antenna installation:	External antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.23 dBi
Ratings:	DC 23.1V From Battery





#### 4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in *EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS* for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

E-1  
EUT

#### 4.3 Support Equipment

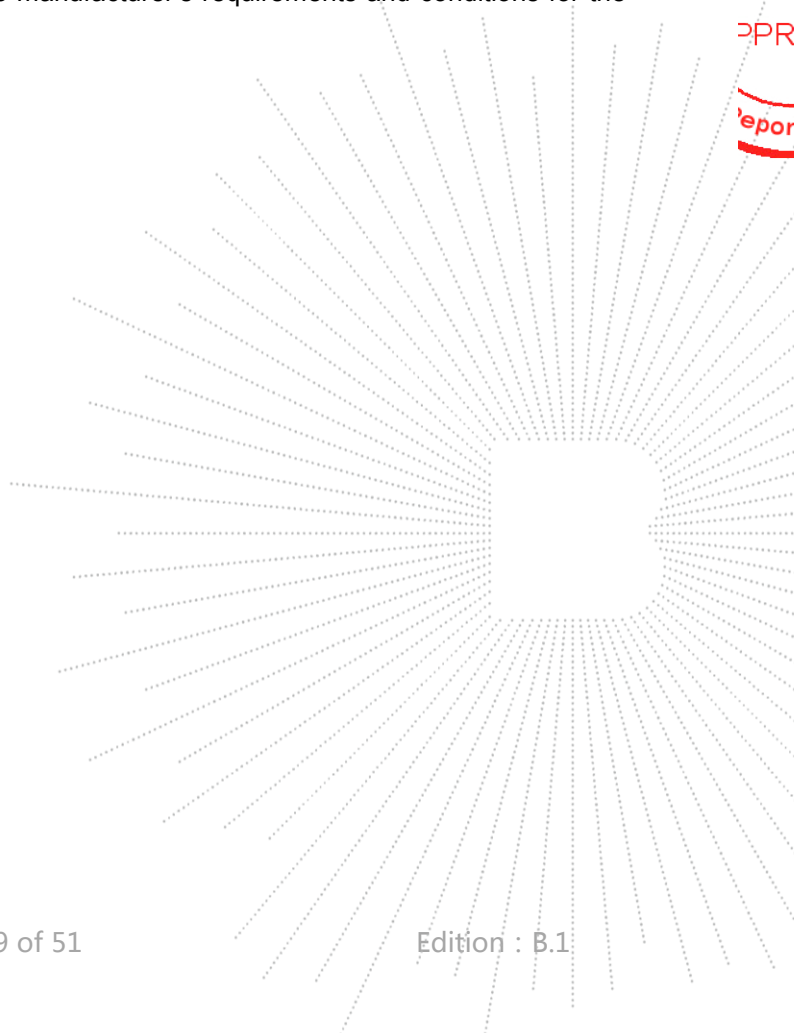
No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	Note

Item	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

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#### 4.4 Channel List

Channel NO.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel NO.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel NO.	Frequency (MHz)
1	5745	2	5760	3	5765
4	5769	5	5780	6	5785
7	5805	8	5806	9	5809
10	5820	11	5825	12	\

#### 4.5 Test Mode

To investigate the maximum EMI emission characteristics generates from EUT, the test system was pre-scanning tested base on the consideration of following EUT operation mode or test configuration mode which possible have effect on EMI emission level. Each of these EUT operation mode(s) or test configuration mode(s) mentioned above was evaluated respectively.

For All Mode	Description	Modulation Type
Mode 1	CH01	GFSK
Mode 2	CH06	
Mode 3	CH11	
Mode 4	Link mode ( Radiated emission)	

Note:

(1) The measurements are performed at all Bit Rate of Transmitter, the worst data was reported.

#### 4.6 Table Of Parameters Of Text Software Setting

During testing channel & power controlling software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product power parameters

Test software Version	CMD		
Frequency	5745 MHz	5785 MHz	5825 MHz
Parameters	DEF	DEF	DEF

## 5. Test Facility And Test Instrument Used

### 5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

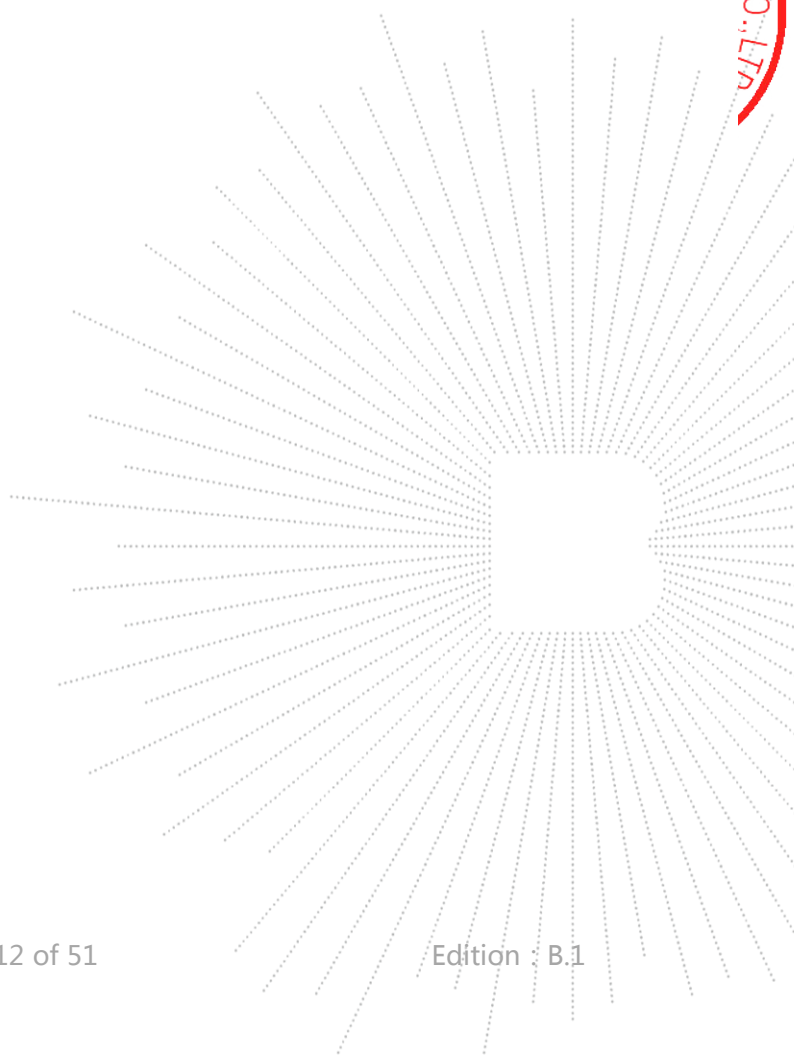
FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 712850  
 A2LA certificate registration number is: CN1212  
 ISED Registered No.: 23583  
 ISED CAB identifier: CN0017

### 5.2 Test Instrument Used

RF Conducted Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model#	Serial#	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
Power Meter	Keysight	E4419	\	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Power Sensor (AV)	Keysight	E9300A	\	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Signal Analyzer 20kHz-26.5GHz	Keysight	N9020A	MY49100060	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz-40GHz	R&S	FSP40	100363	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Radio frequency control box	MAIWEI	MW100-RFC B	\	\	\
Software	MAIWEI	MTS 8310	\	\	\

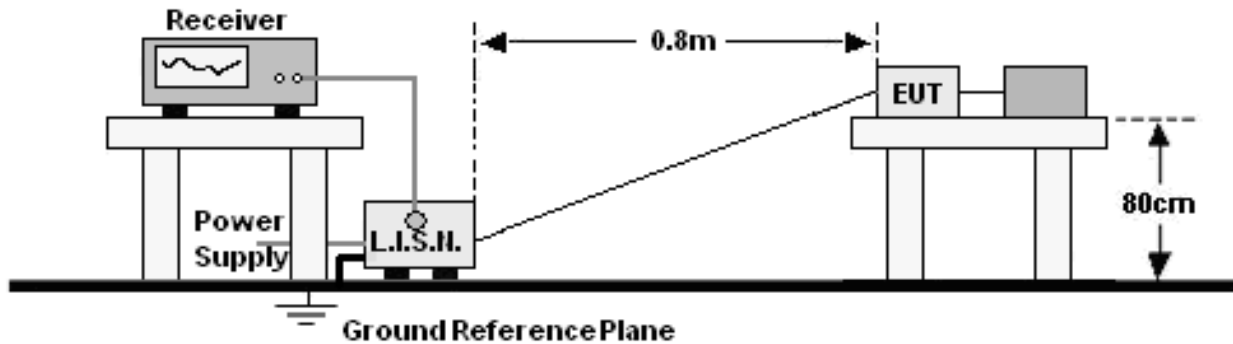
Radiated Emissions Test (966 Chamber02)					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model#	Serial#	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
966 chamber	SKET	966 Room	966	Nov. 02. 2021	Nov. 01.2024
Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102075	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Receiver	R&S	ESR17	100010	Nov. 08. 2022	Nov. 07.2023
Amplifier	SKET	LNPA-30M01 G-30	SK202108200 4	Nov. 08. 2022	Nov. 07.2023
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9168	1323	Mar. 06, 2022	Mar. 05, 2024
Loop Antenna(9KHz -30MHz)	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519B	00014	May 31, 2023	May 30, 2024
Amplifier	SKET	LAPA_01G18 G-45dB	\	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	1541	May 31, 2023	May 30, 2024
Amplifier(18G Hz-40GHz)	MITEQ	TTA1840-35- HG	2034381	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Horn Antenna(18G Hz-40GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	00822	May 31, 2023	May 30, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer9kHz- 40GHz	R&S	FSP40	100363	May 15, 2023	May 14, 2024
Software	Frad	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	\	\

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## 6. Conducted Emissions

### 6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 6.2 Limit

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quas-peak	Average
0.15 -0.5	66 - 56 *	56 - 46 *
0.50 -5.0	56.00	46.00
5.0 -30.0	60.00	50.00

Notes:  
 1. \*Decreasing linearly with logarithm of frequency.  
 2. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

### 6.3 Test Procedure

Receiver Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	10 dB
Start Frequency	0.15 MHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
IF Bandwidth	9 kHz

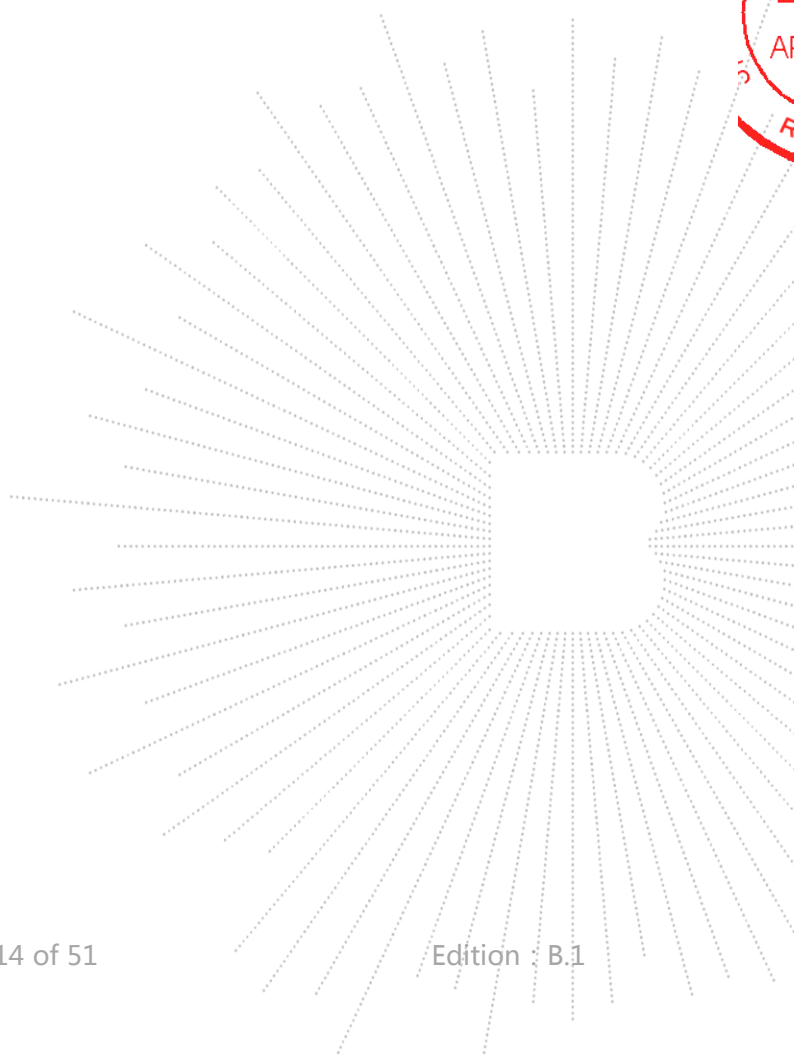
- The Product was placed on a nonconductive table 0.8 m above the horizontal ground reference plane, and 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane, and connected to the main through Line Impedance Stability Network (L.I.S.N).
- The RBW of the receiver was set at 9 kHz in 150 kHz ~ 30MHz with Peak and AVG detector in Max Hold mode. Run the receiver's pre-scan to record the maximum disturbance generated from Product in all power lines in the full band.
- For each frequency whose maximum record was higher or close to limit, measure its QP and AVG values and record.

### 6.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

## 6.5 Test Result

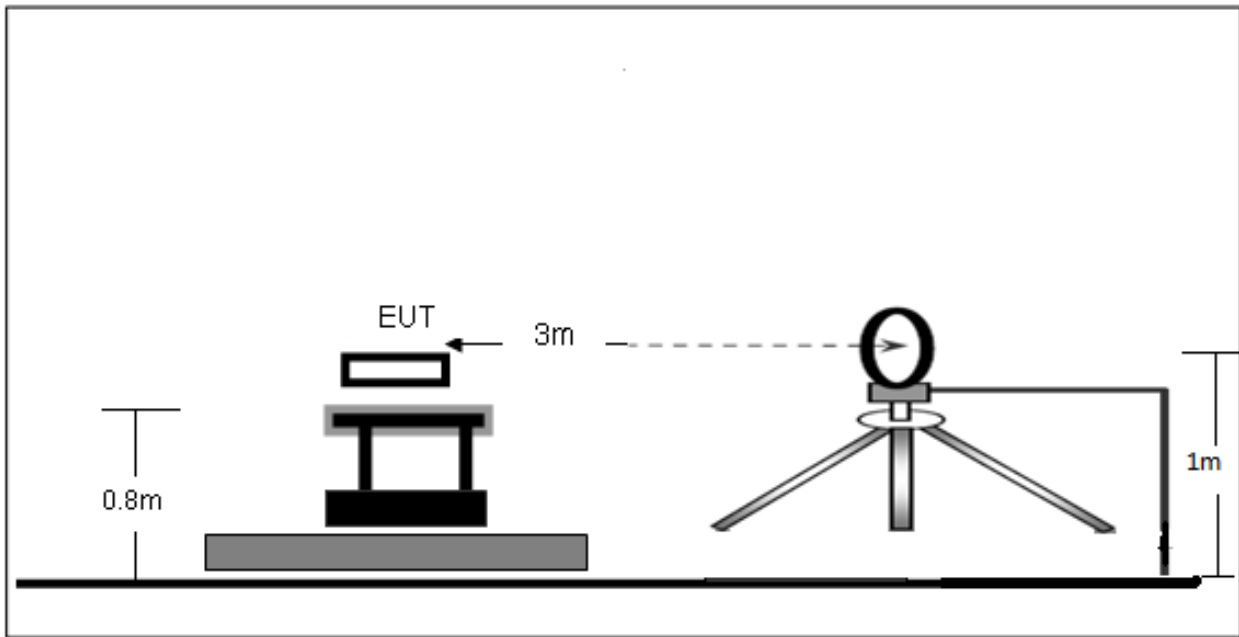
The EUT is powered by the DC only, the test item is not applicable.



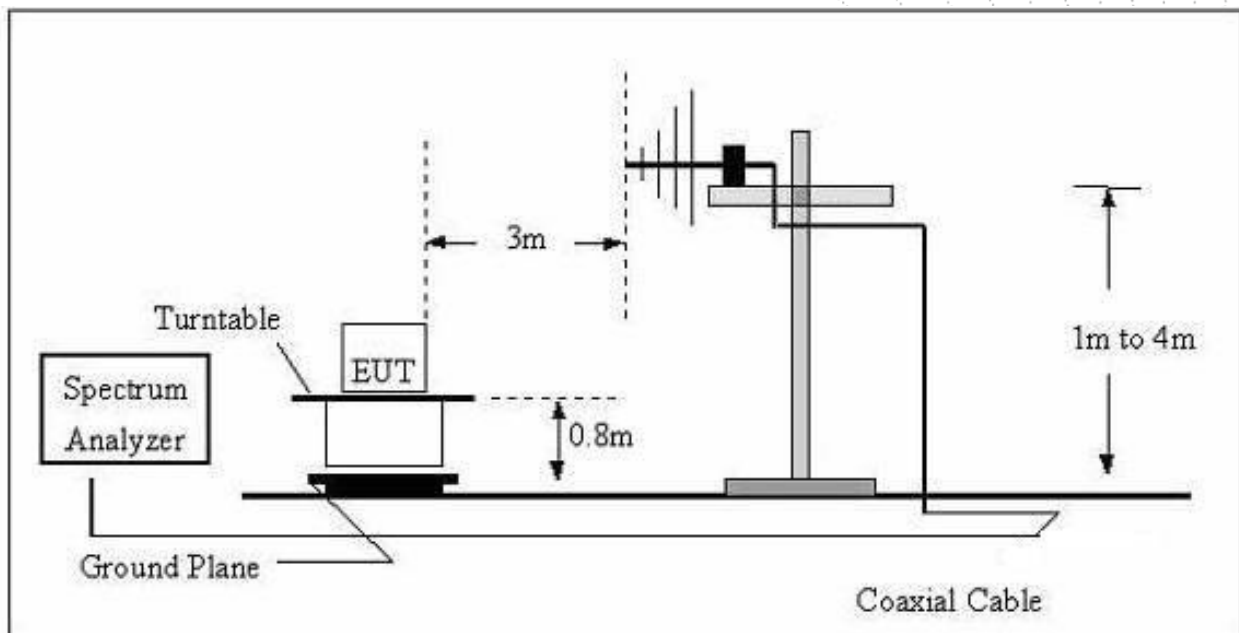
## 7. Radiated Emissions

### 7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

(A) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency Below 30MHz

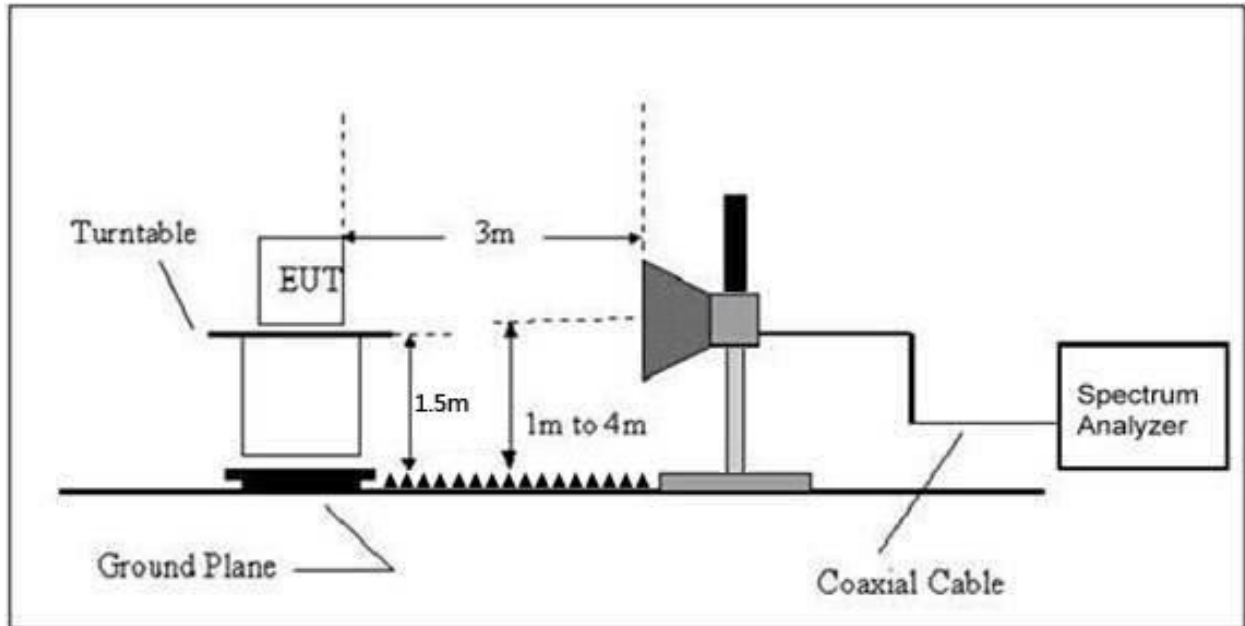


(B) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency 30MHz~1GHz



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## (C) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency Above 1GHz



## 7.2 Limit

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength uV/m	Distance (m)	Field Strength Limit at 3m Distance	
			uV/m	dBuV/m
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	10000 * 2400/F(kHz)	$20\log^{(2400/F(kHz))} + 80$
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	100 * 24000/F(kHz)	$20\log^{(24000/F(kHz))} + 40$
1.705 ~ 30	30	30	100 * 30	$20\log^{(30)} + 40$
30 ~ 88	100	3	100	$20\log^{(100)}$
88 ~ 216	150	3	150	$20\log^{(150)}$
216 ~ 960	200	3	200	$20\log^{(200)}$
Above 960	500	3	500	$20\log^{(500)}$

## Limits Of Radiated Emission Measurement (Above 1000MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV/m) (at 3M)	
	Peak	Average
Above 1000	74	54

## Notes:

- (1) The limit for radiated test was performed according to FCC PART 15C.
- (2) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- (3) Emission level (dBuV/m)=20log Emission level (uV/m).



### 7.3 Test Procedure

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10-2013. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205.

It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (emission in restricted band)	1 MHz / 1 MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB 9kHz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB 120kHz for QP

- The measuring distance of at 3 m shall be used for measurements at frequency up to 1GHz. For frequencies above 1GHz, any suitable measuring distance may be used.
- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 m for below 1GHz and 1.5m for above 1GHz the ground at a 3 meter. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The height of the equipment or of the substitution antenna shall be 0.8 m for below 1GHz and 1.5m for above 1GHz; the height of the test antenna shall vary between 1 m to 4 m. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- If the Peak Mode measured value compliance with and lower than Quasi Peak Mode Limit, the EUT shall be deemed to meet QP Limits and then no additional QP Mode measurement performed.
- For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item –EUT Test Photos.

Note:

Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported

During the radiated emission test, the Spectrum Analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	QP	120 kHz	300 kHz
Above 1000	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

Note: for the frequency ranges below 30 MHz, a narrower RBW is used for these ranges but the measured value should add a RBW correction factor (RBWCF) where  $RBWCF [dB] = 10 \cdot \lg(100 [kHz]/\text{narrower RBW [kHz]})$ . , the narrower RBW is 1 kHz and RBWCF is 20 dB for the frequency 9 kHz to 150 kHz, and the narrower RBW is 10 kHz and RBWCF is 10 dB for the frequency 150 kHz to 30 MHz.



## 7.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

## 7.5 Test Result

Below 30MHz

Temperature:	26°C	Relative Humidity:	24%
Pressure:	101 kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	Mode 2	Polarization:	--

Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	State P/F
--	--	--	--	PASS
--	--	--	--	PASS

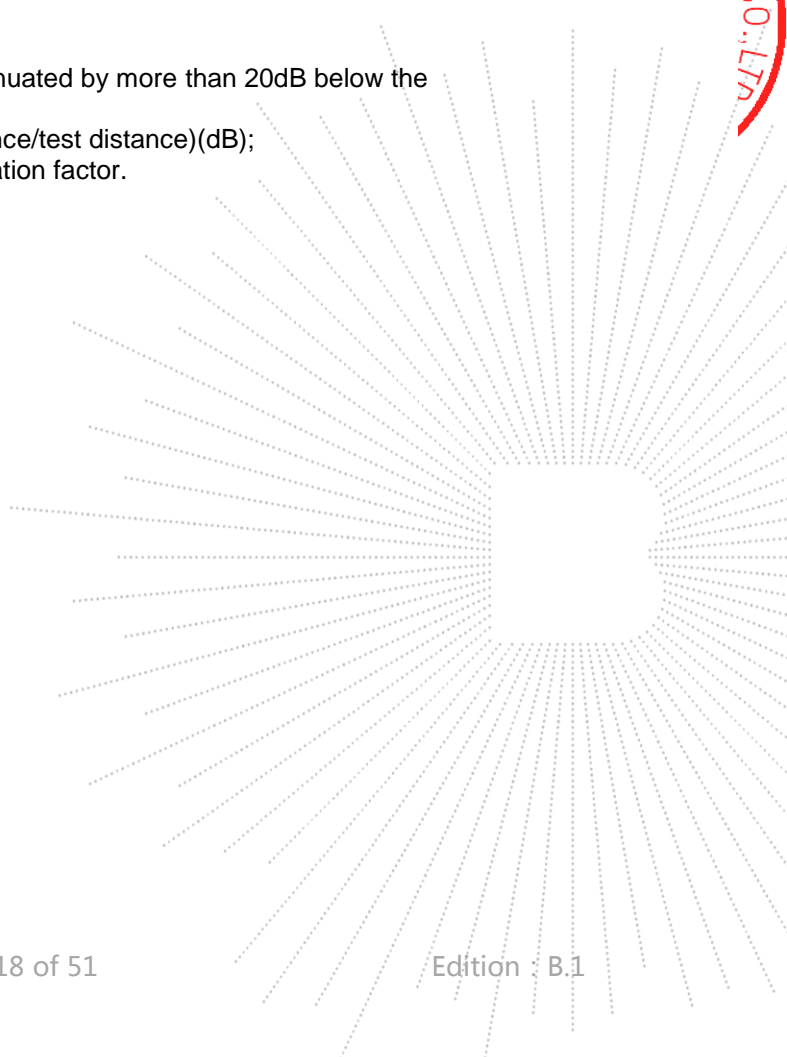
**Note:**

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log(\text{specific distance/test distance})$ (dB);

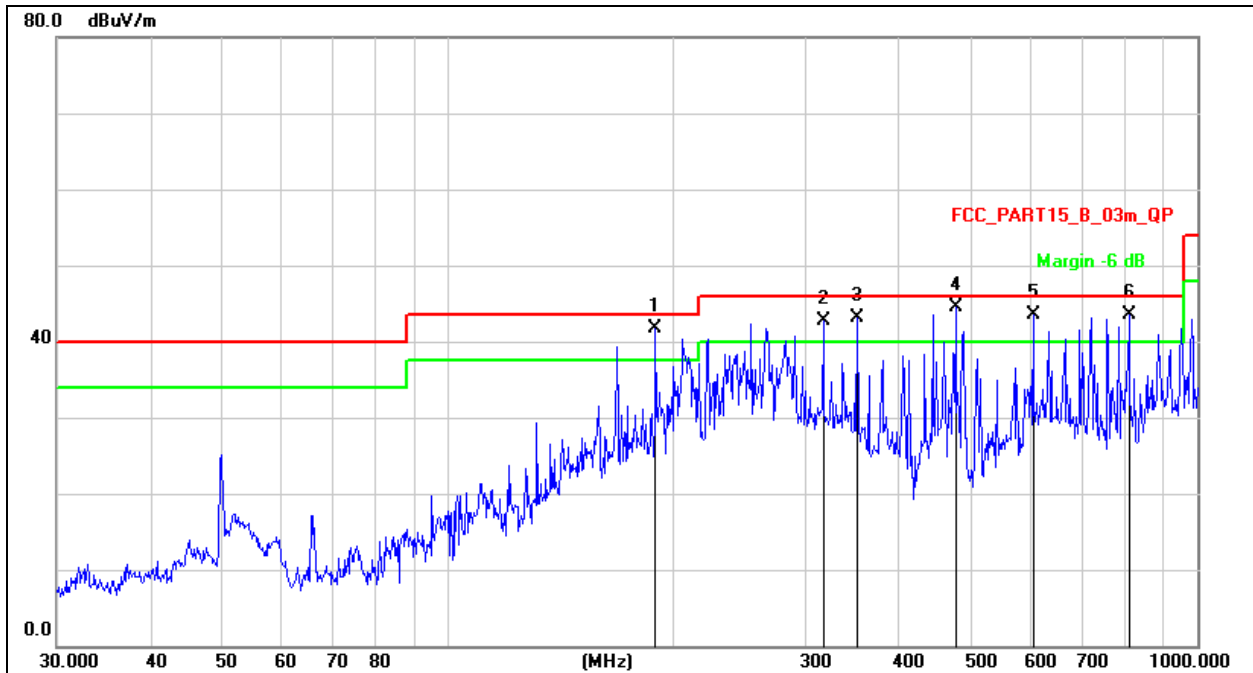
Limit line = specific limits(dBuv) + distance extrapolation factor.

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Between 30MHz – 1GHz

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage :	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	Mode 1	Polarization :	Horizontal

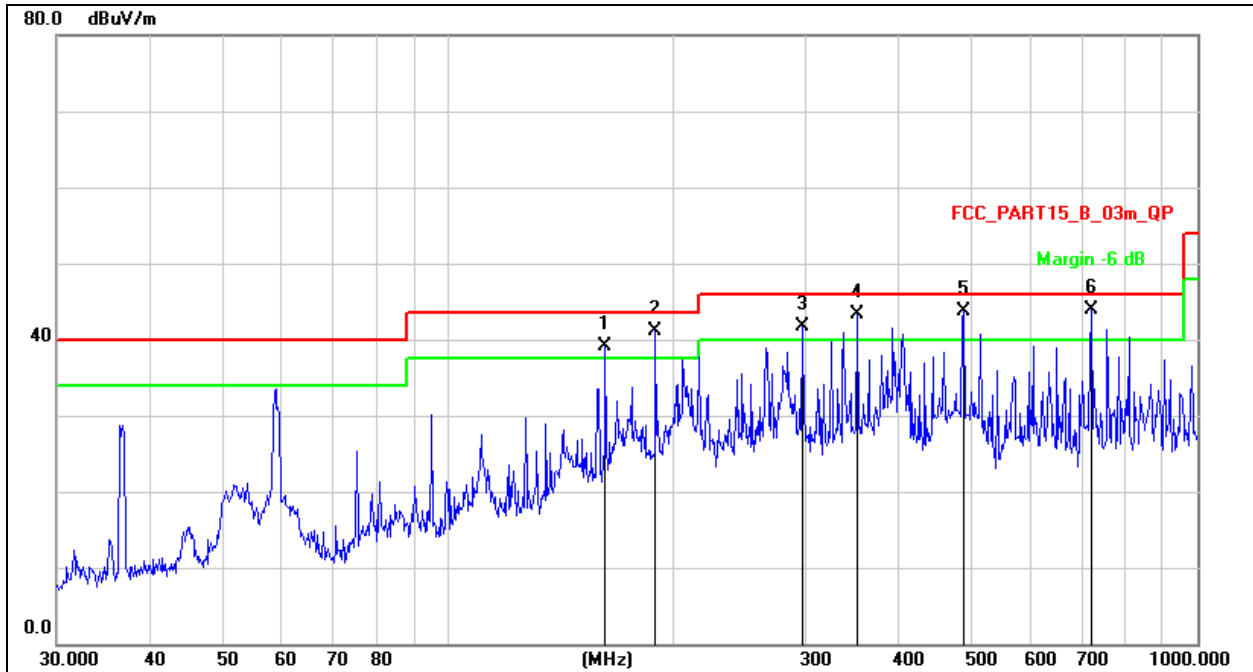


Remark:

1. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.
2. Measurement = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Over = Measurement - Limit

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	
1	!	189.0742	58.22	-16.53	41.69	43.50	-1.81	QP
2	!	316.5889	55.31	-12.66	42.65	46.00	-3.35	QP
3	!	351.7078	54.60	-11.46	43.14	46.00	-2.86	QP
4	*	475.4990	53.76	-9.22	44.54	46.00	-1.46	QP
5	!	603.5392	50.37	-6.96	43.41	46.00	-2.59	QP
6	!	810.2653	47.83	-4.31	43.52	46.00	-2.48	QP

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage :	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	Mode 1	Polarization :	Vertical



Remark:

- Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier Factor
- Measurement = Reading + Level + Correct
- Over = Measurement - Limit

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dB/m	Over dB	Detector
1	!	162.0414	57.68	-18.54	39.14	43.50	-4.36	QP
2	!	189.0742	57.73	-16.53	41.20	43.50	-2.30	QP
3	!	297.2241	54.99	-13.30	41.69	46.00	-4.31	QP
4	!	351.7078	54.77	-11.46	43.31	46.00	-2.69	QP
5	!	487.3150	52.55	-8.93	43.62	46.00	-2.38	QP
6	*	721.7259	49.33	-5.40	43.93	46.00	-2.07	QP

Between 1GHz – 40GHz

GFSK							
Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limits	Over	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/ m)	(dB)	
Low channel							
V	11490.00	71.06	-8.79	62.27	74.00	-11.73	PK
V	11490.00	57.29	-8.79	48.50	54.00	-5.50	AV
V	17235.00	60.70	-3.18	57.52	68.20	-10.68	PK
V	17235.00	51.12	-3.18	47.94	54.00	-6.06	AV
H	11490.00	67.52	-8.79	58.73	74.00	-15.27	PK
H	11490.00	56.72	-8.79	47.93	54.00	-6.07	AV
H	17235.00	58.83	-3.18	55.65	68.20	-12.55	PK
H	17235.00	47.29	-3.18	44.11	54.00	-9.89	AV
Middle channel							
V	11570.00	68.57	-8.86	59.71	74.00	-14.29	PK
V	11570.00	51.68	-8.86	42.82	54.00	-11.18	AV
V	17355.00	60.47	-2.52	57.95	68.20	-10.25	PK
V	17355.00	52.08	-2.52	49.56	54.00	-4.44	AV
H	11570.00	65.54	-8.86	56.68	74.00	-17.32	PK
H	11570.00	55.74	-8.86	46.88	54.00	-7.12	AV
H	17355.00	58.12	-2.52	55.60	68.20	-12.60	PK
H	17355.00	50.23	-2.52	47.71	54.00	-6.29	AV
High channel							
V	11650.00	70.98	-8.92	62.06	74.00	-11.94	PK
V	11650.00	56.97	-8.92	48.05	54.00	-5.95	AV
V	17475.00	64.24	-1.86	62.38	68.20	-5.82	PK
V	17475.00	50.11	-1.86	48.25	54.00	-5.75	AV
H	11650.00	69.65	-8.92	60.73	74.00	-13.27	PK
H	11650.00	59.50	-8.92	50.58	54.00	-3.42	AV
H	17475.00	62.28	-1.86	60.42	68.20	-7.78	PK
H	17475.00	49.64	-1.86	47.78	54.00	-6.22	AV

Note: PK value is lower than the Average value limit, So average didn't record.  
 The 26.5-40G amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.  
 Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).  
 Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

## 8. Power Spectral Density Test

### 8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 8.2 Limit

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands

(b) (2) The maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or  $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$ , where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 8.3 Test Procedure

For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

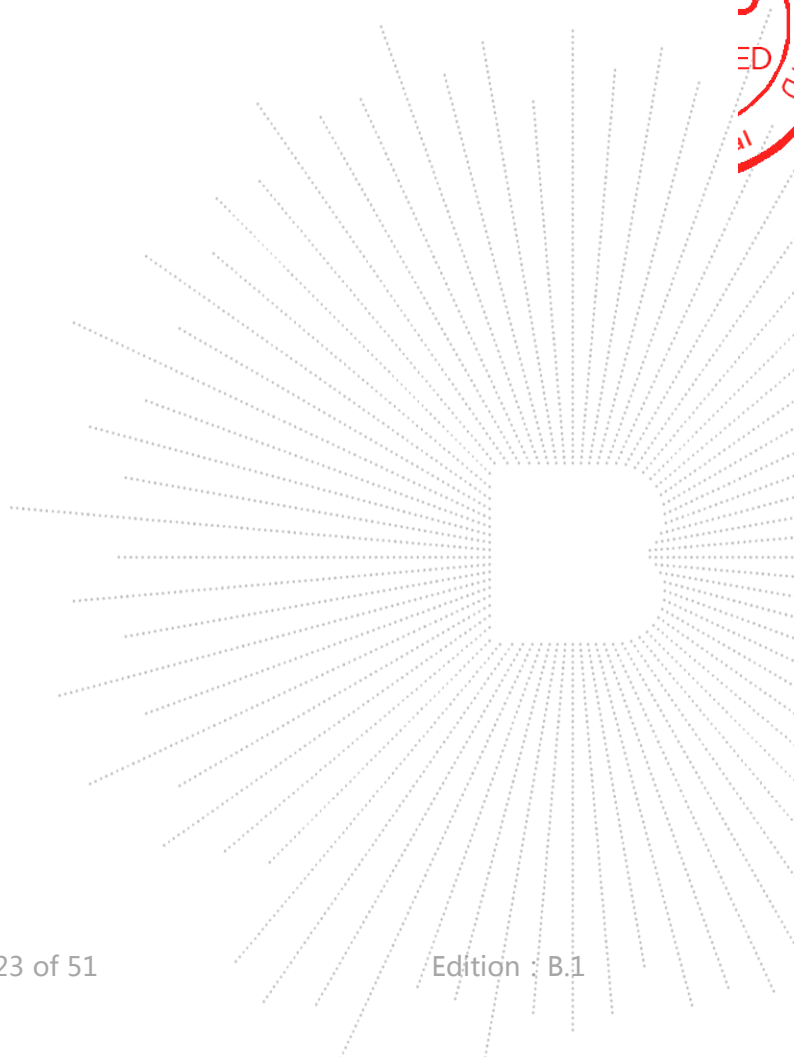
- Set  $RBW \geq 1/T$ , where T is defined in section II.B.I.a).
- Set  $VBW \geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .
- If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add  $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / \text{RBW})$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add  $10 \log(1 \text{ MHz} / \text{RBW})$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

## 8.4 EUT Operating Conditions

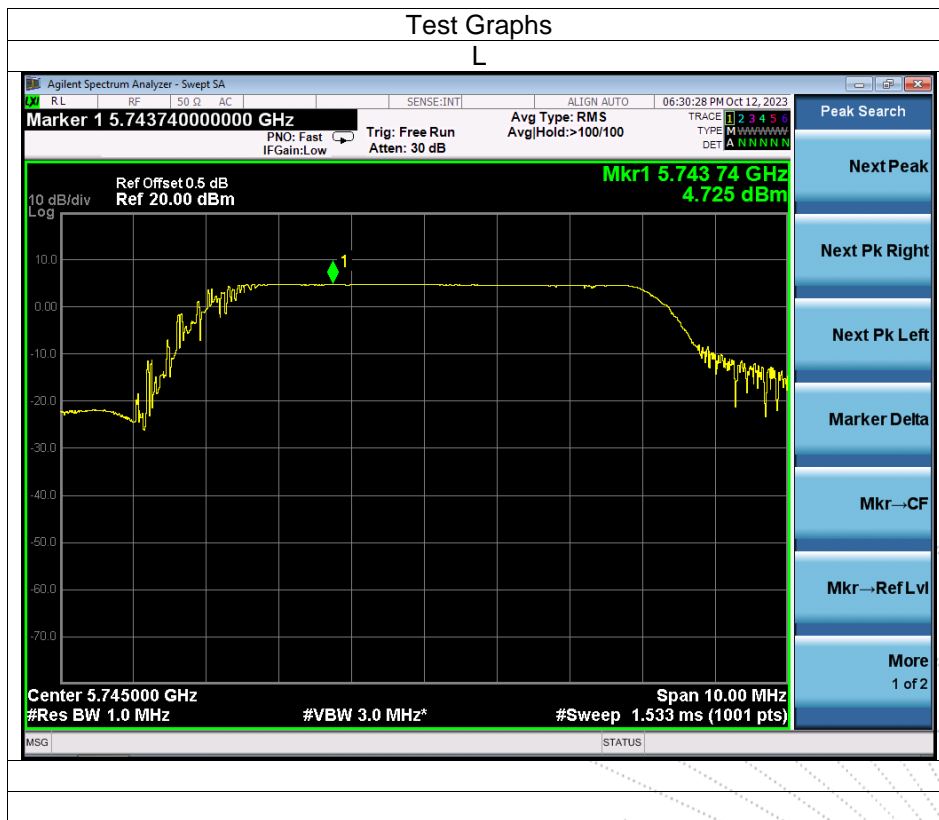
The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

## 8.5 Test Result



Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	GFSK		

Frequency	Conducted PSD (dBm/1MHz)	Conducted PSD (dBm/500KHz)	Limit (dBm/500KHz)	Result
5745 MHz	4.725	1.715	30	PASS
5785 MHz	3.729	0.719	30	PASS
5825 MHz	0.881	-2.129	30	PASS



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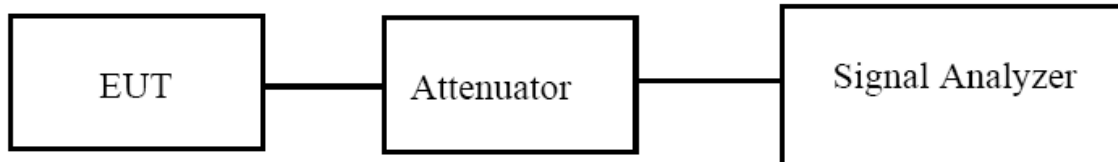




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## 9. 6dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth

### 9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 9.2 Limit

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

### 9.3 Test Procedure

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

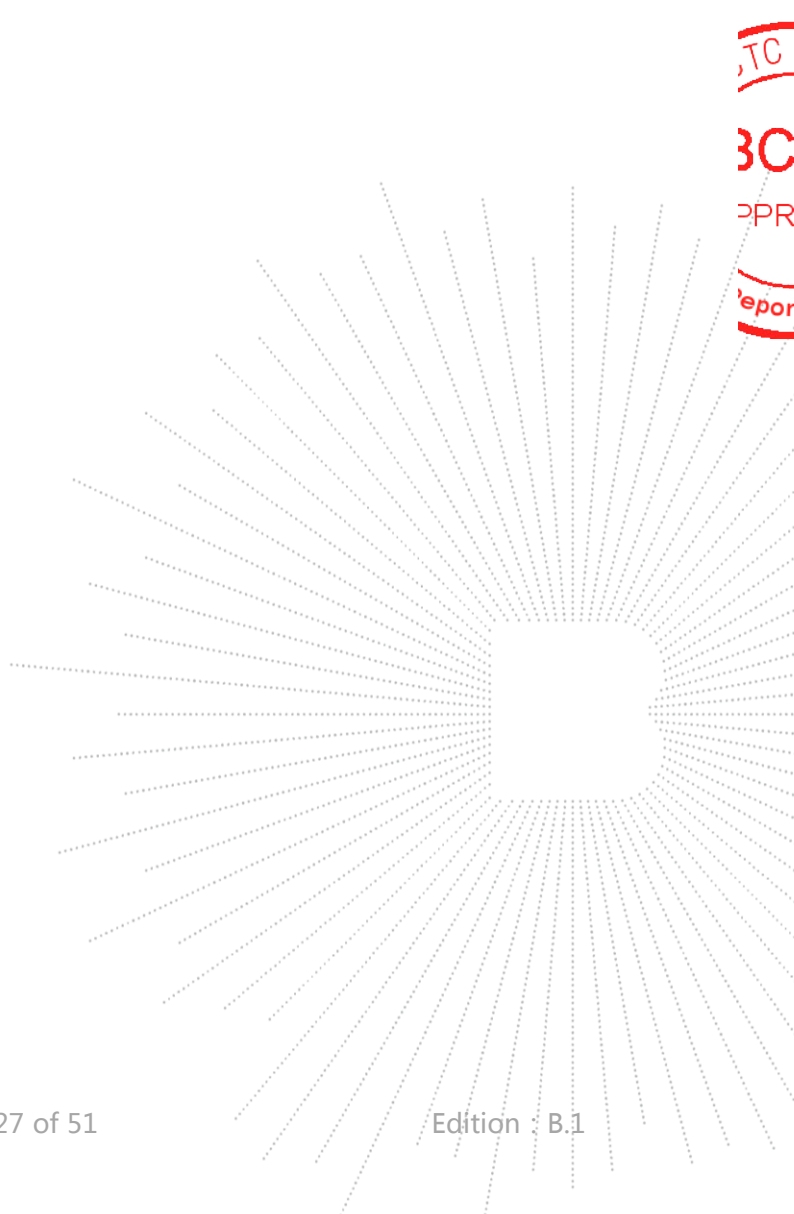
The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
4. Set VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot$  RBW
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

## 9.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

## 9.5 Test Result

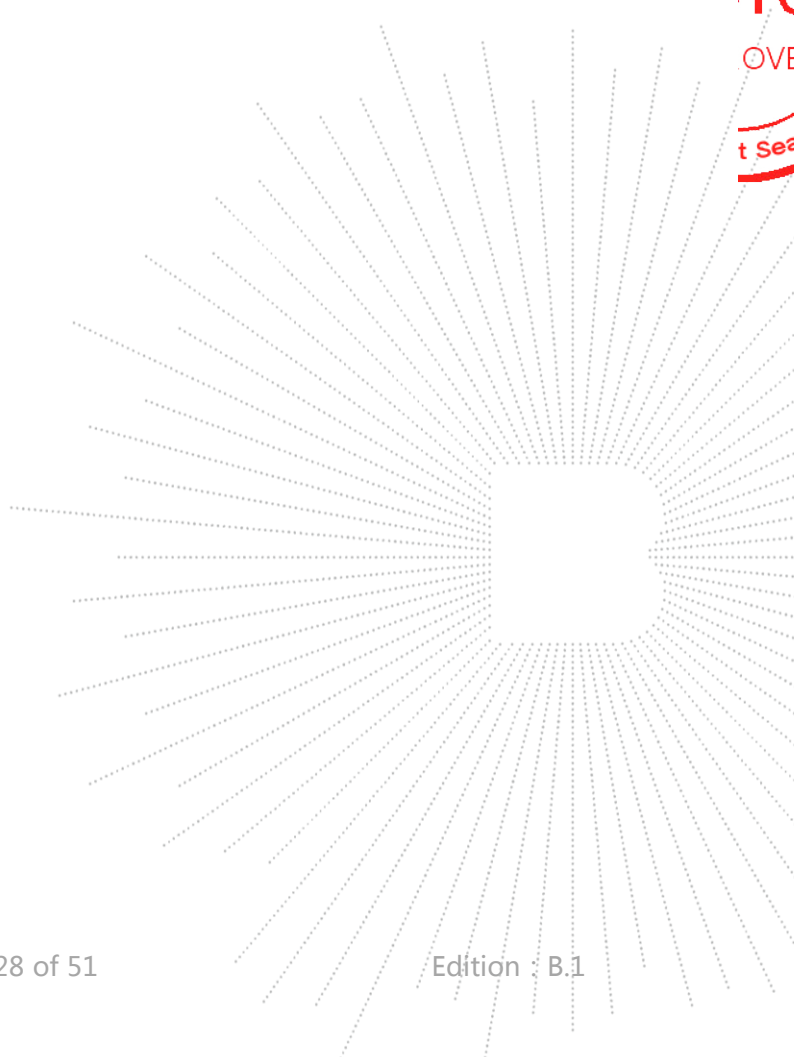


Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	GFSK		

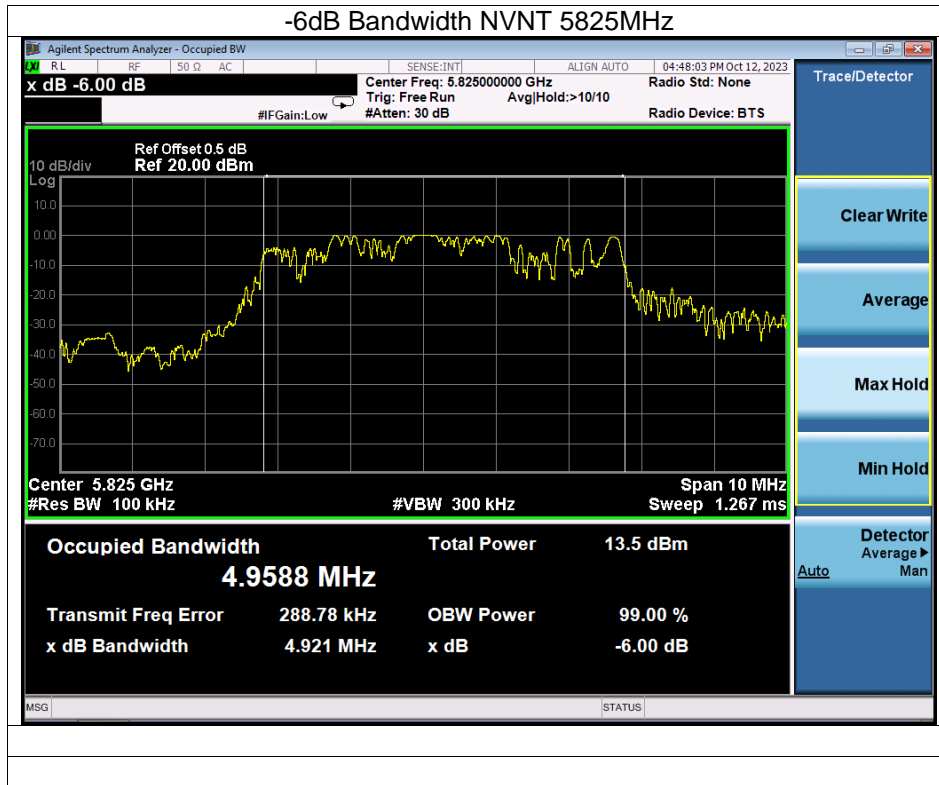
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	-6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit -6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
NVNT	GFSK	5745	4.313	0.5	Pass
NVNT	GFSK	5785	5.186	0.5	Pass
NVNT	GFSK	5825	4.921	0.5	Pass

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)
NVNT	GFSK	5745	5.2986
NVNT	GFSK	5785	5.3781
NVNT	GFSK	5825	5.4664

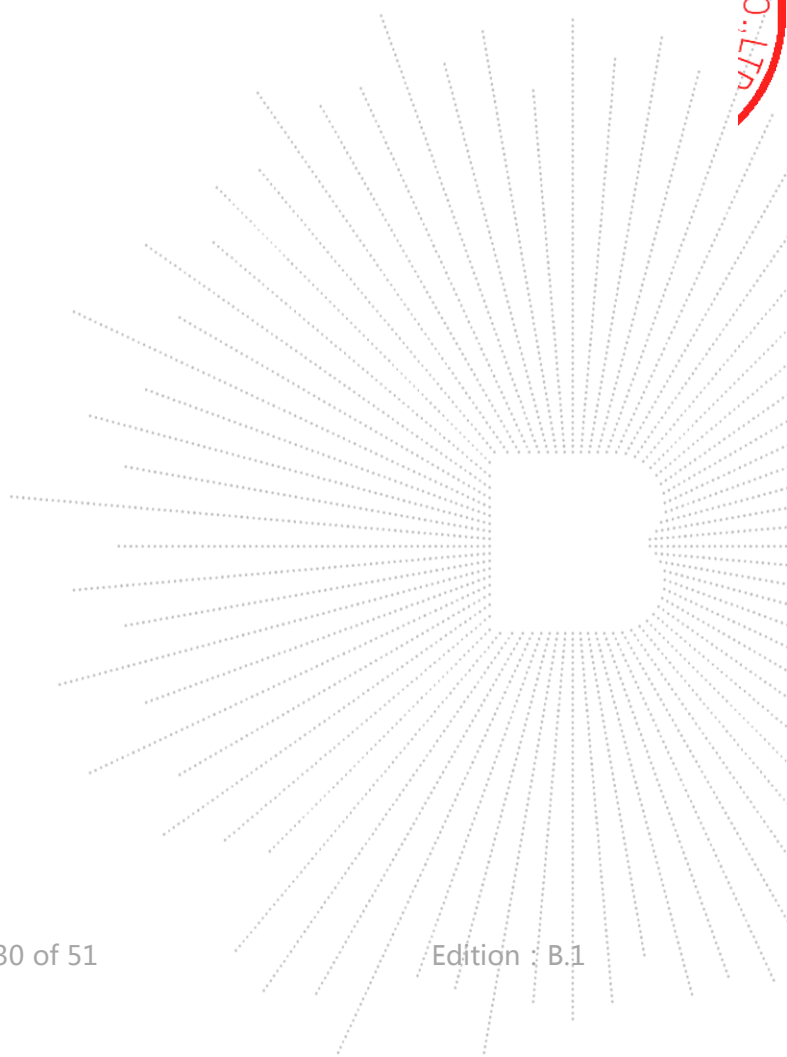
TEST  
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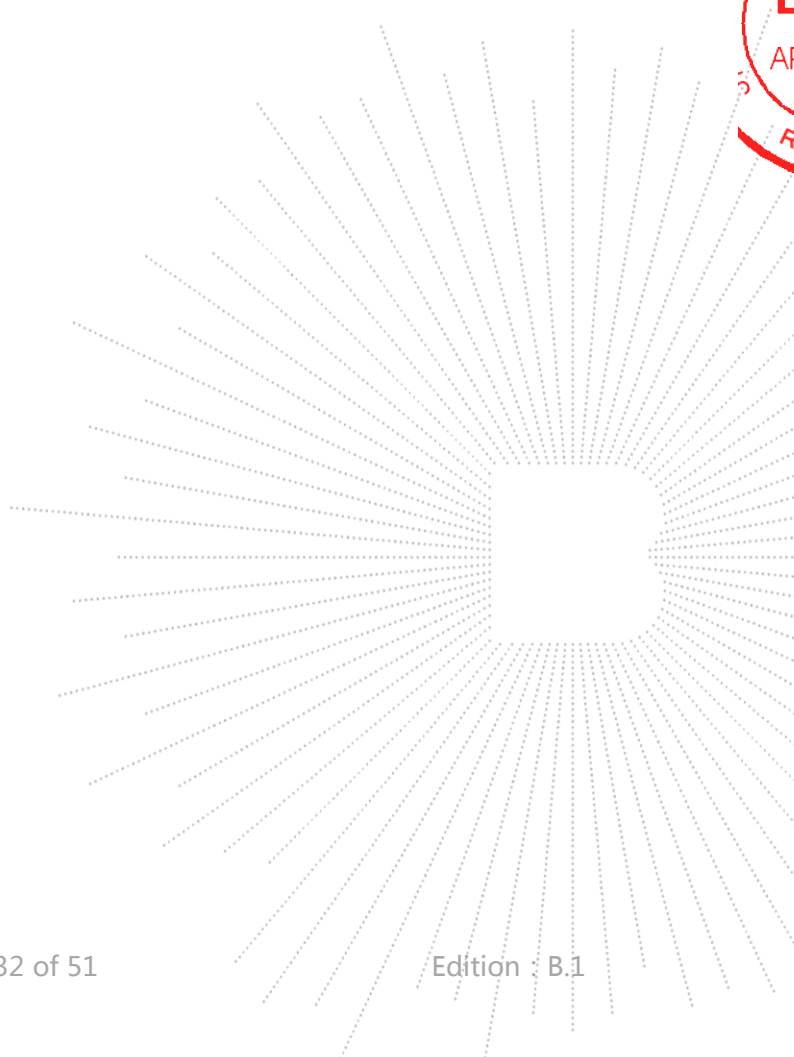
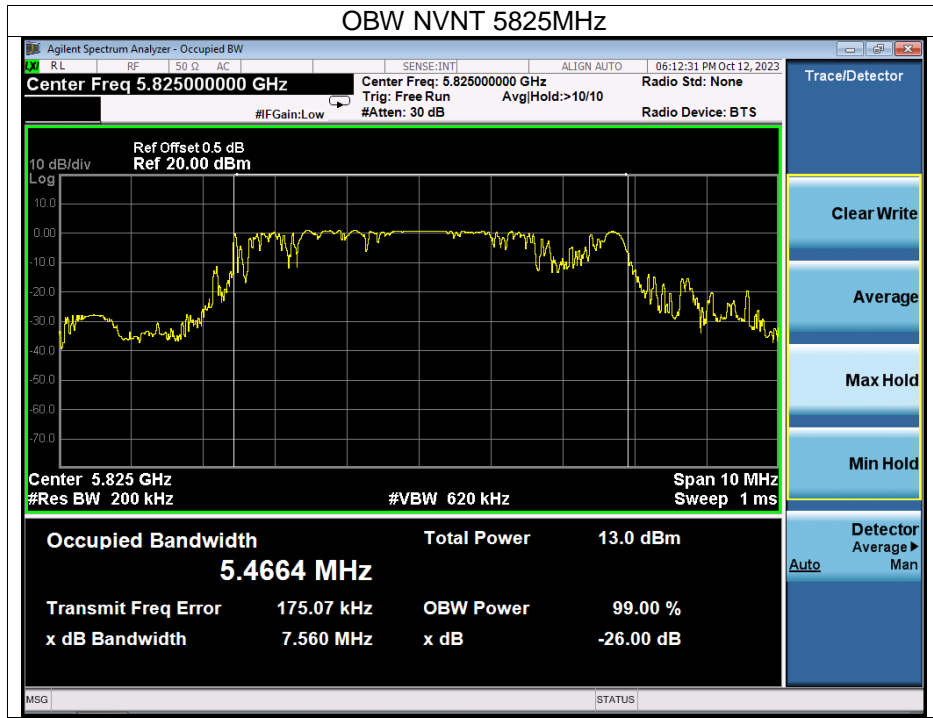


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## 10. Maximum Conducted Output Power

### 10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 10.2 Limit

#### According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conducted output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5725~5850	1W

### 10.3 Test Procedure

Maximum conducted output power may be measured using a spectrum analyzer/EMI receiver or an RF power meter.

#### 1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

#### 2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.<sup>1</sup> However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent).
- Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.

(ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2$  Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

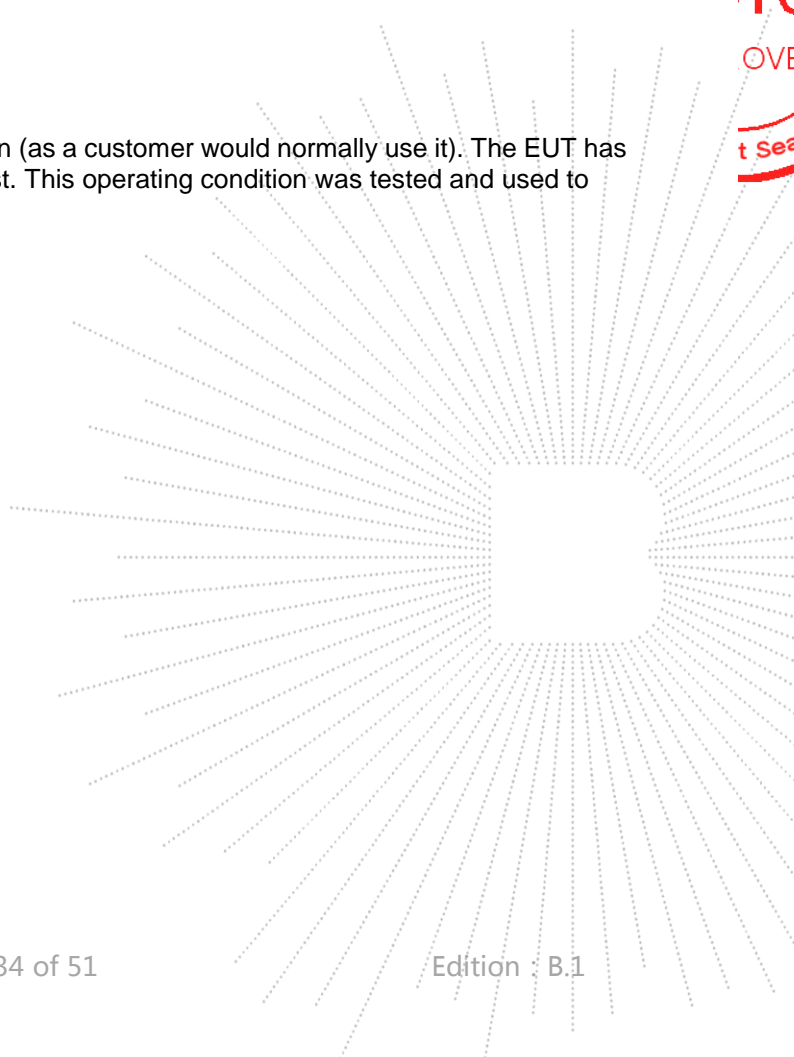
(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

## 10.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

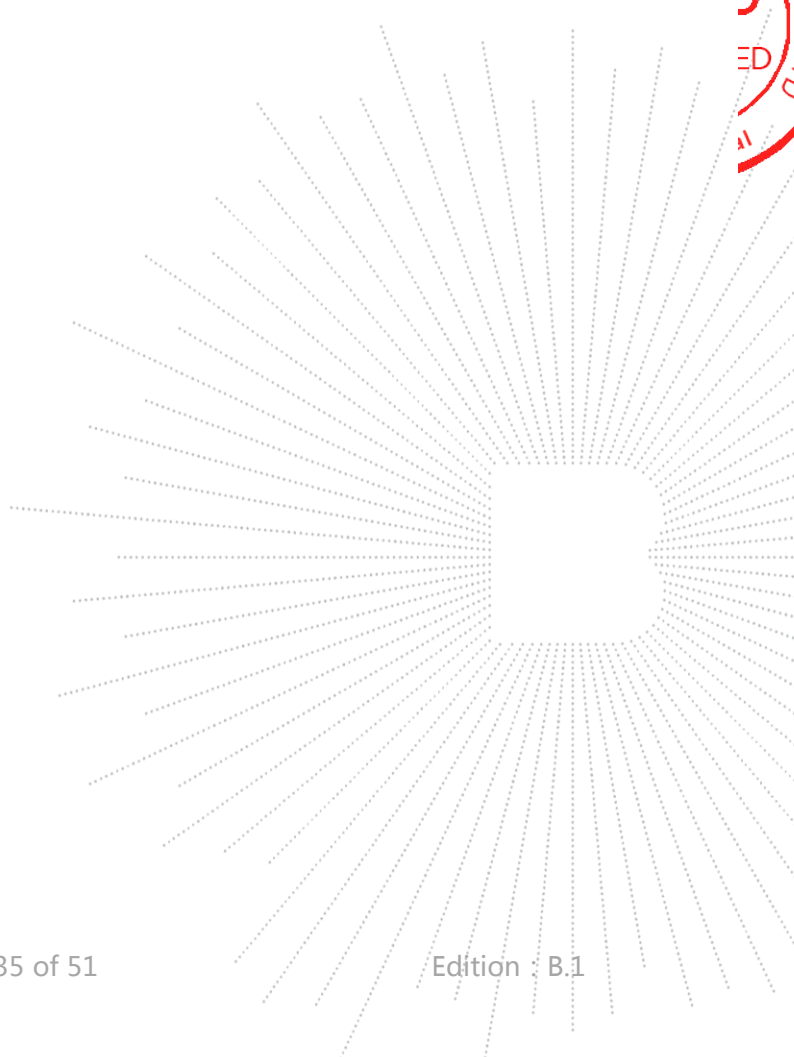


## 10.5 Test Result

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	GFSK		

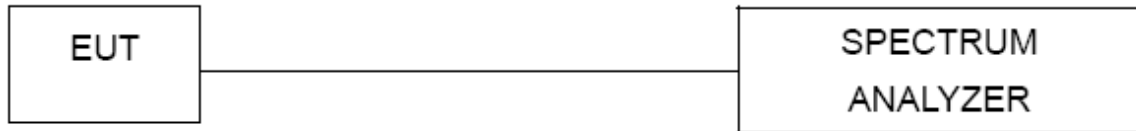
Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Output Power(AV) (dBm)	Conducted Output Power Limit dBm
5745	4.614	30
5785	3.437	30
5825	0.939	30

Note: Duty cycle>98%, without consider duty factor.



## 11. Out Of Band Emissions

### 11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 11.2 Limit

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(2) All emissions shall be limited to a level of  $-27$  dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of  $-27$  dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing

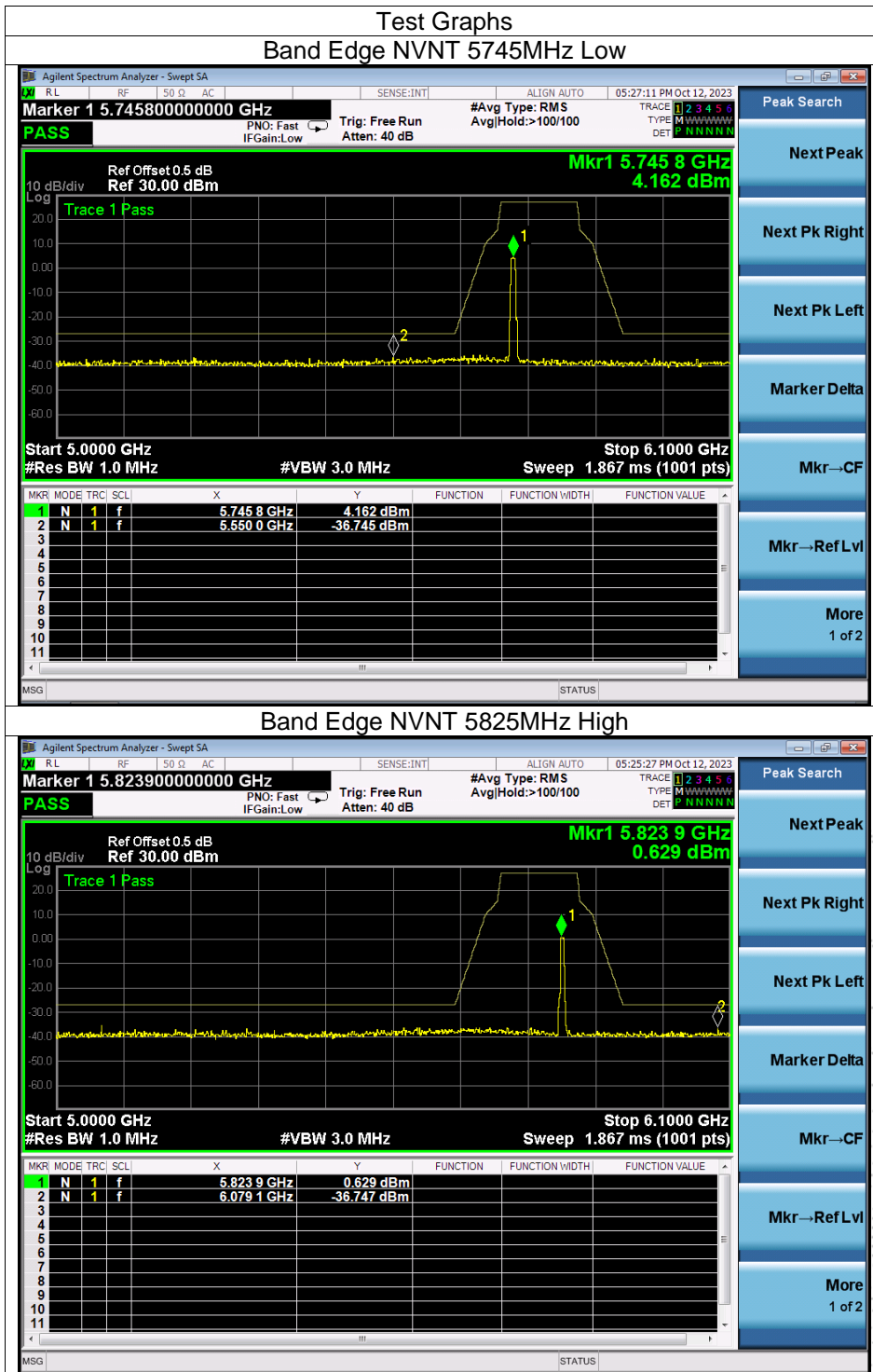
### 11.3 Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 11.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data

## 11.5 Test Result



## 12. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

### 12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 12.2 Limit

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of  $-27$  dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge..

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

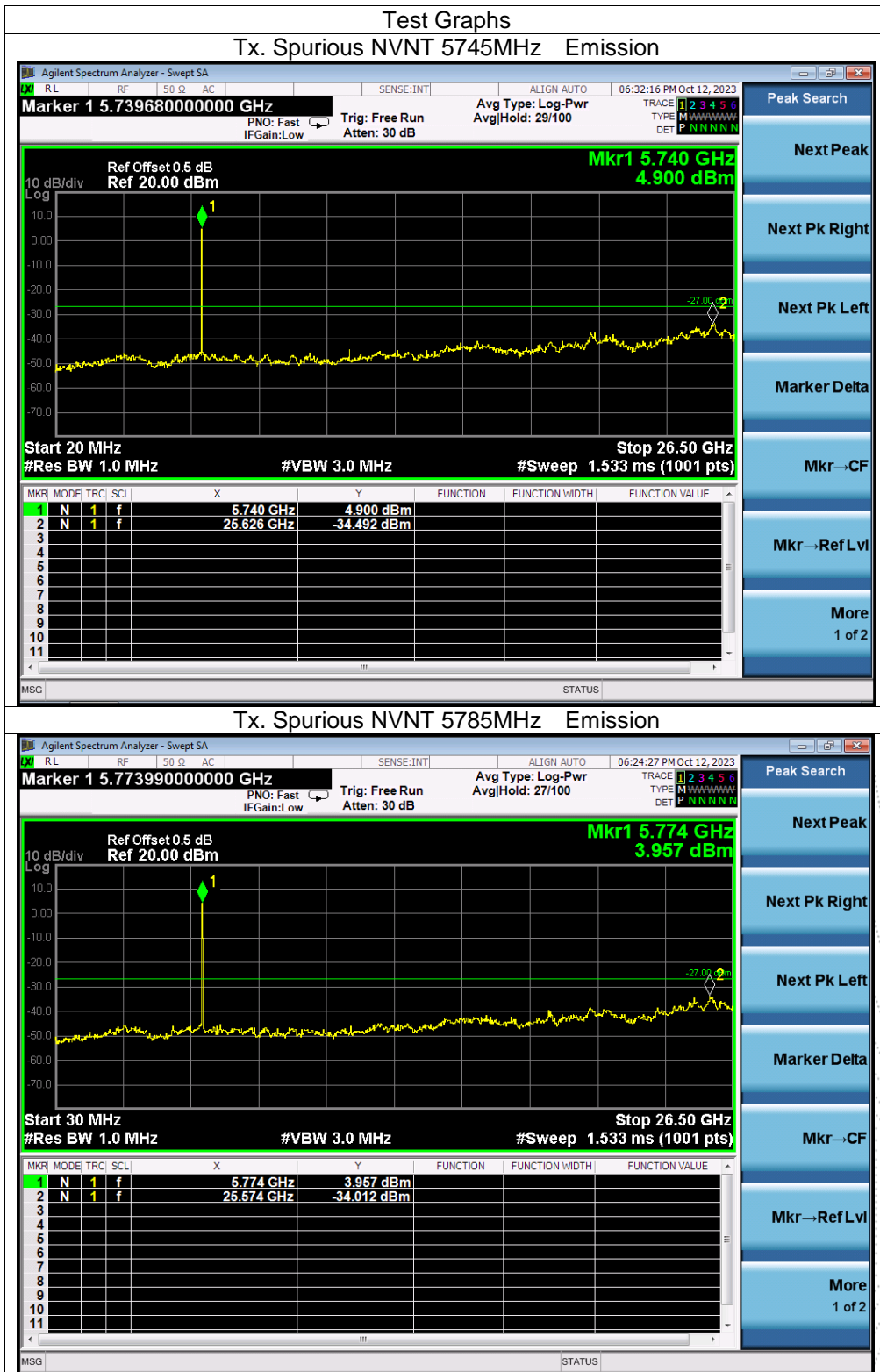
### 12.3 Test Procedure

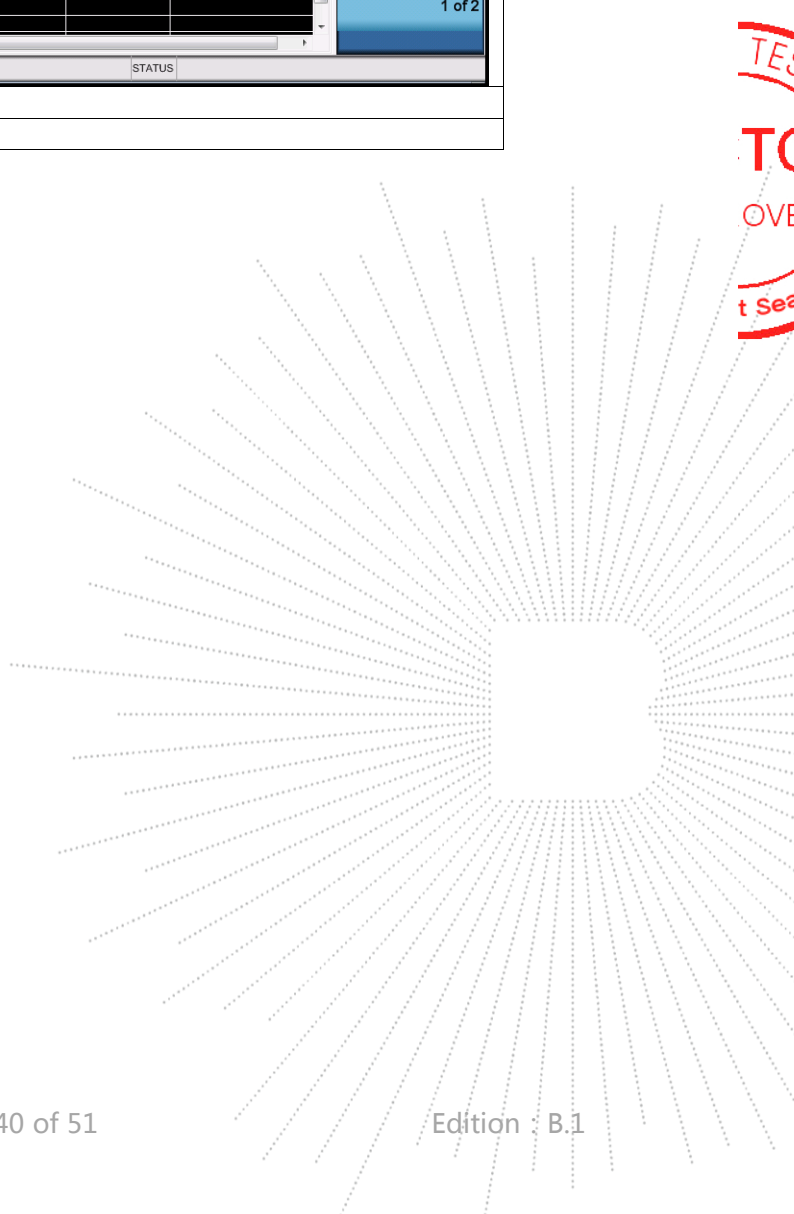
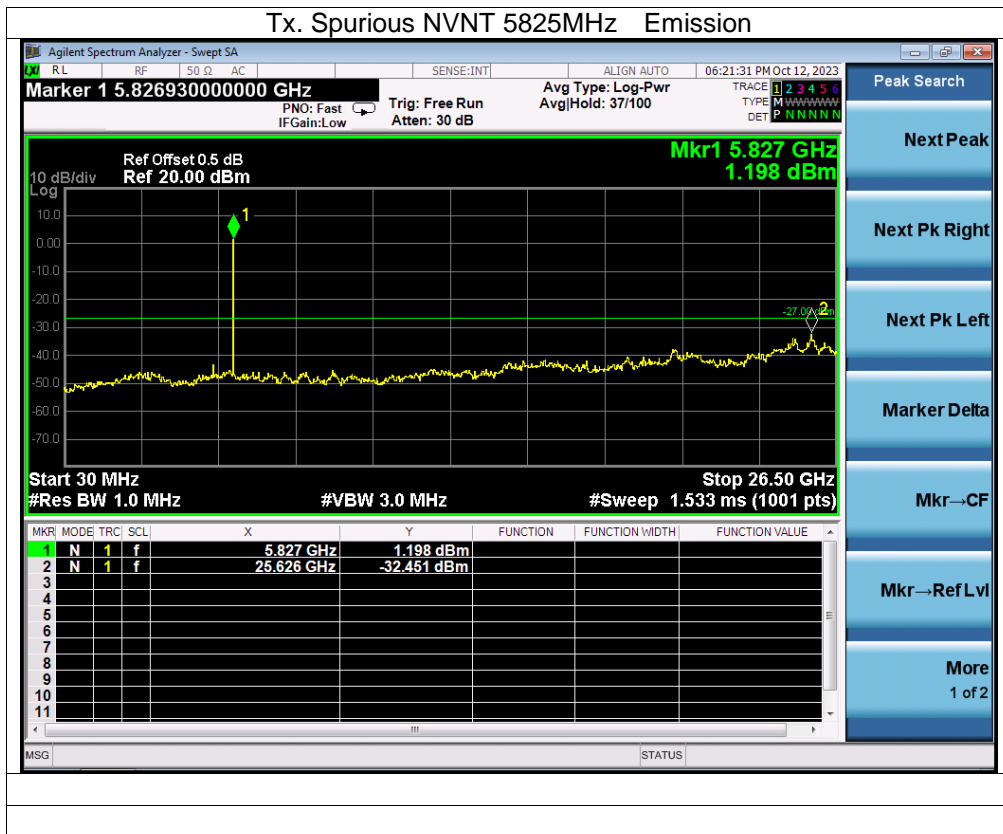
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 12.4 Test Result

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 9KHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandedge measurement data.

About: 26.5GHz-40GHz, The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.







### 13. Frequency Stability Measurement

#### 13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



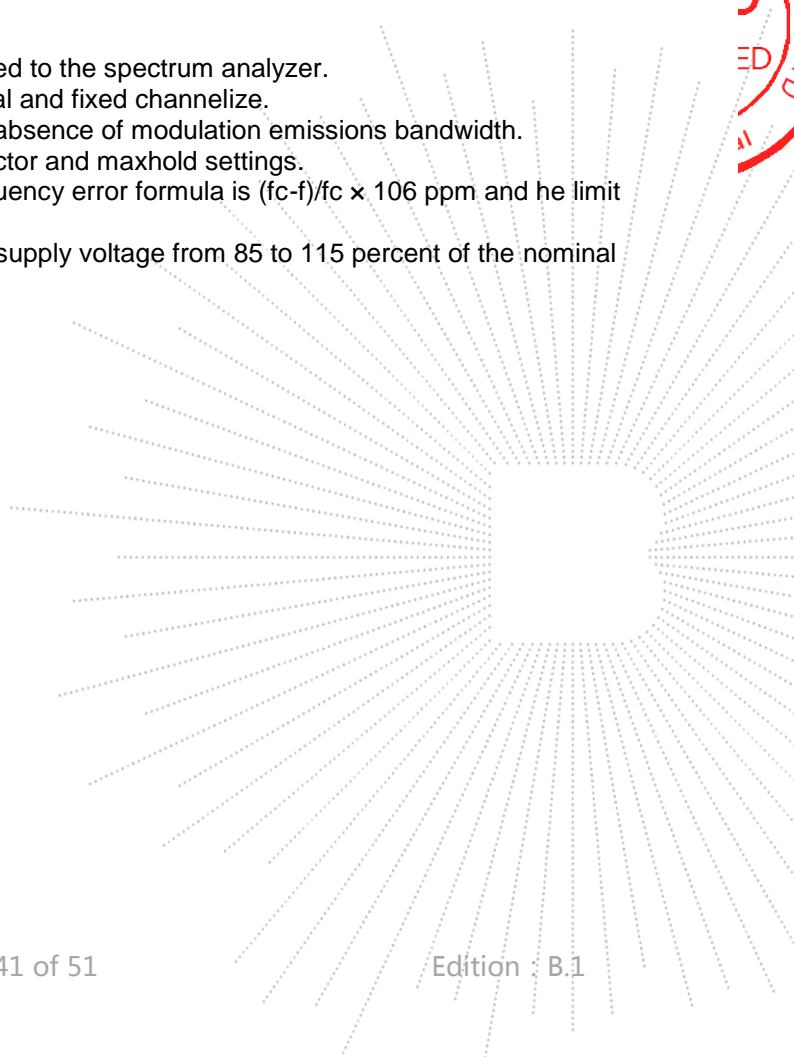
#### 13.2 Limit

Manufactures of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

The transmitter center frequency tolerance shall be  $\pm 20$  ppm maximum for the 5 GHz band (IEEE 802.11n specification).

#### 13.3 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. EUT have transmitted absence of modulation signal and fixed channelize.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth.
4. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.
5.  $f_c$  is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is  $(f_c - f) / f_c \times 10^6$  ppm and he limit is less than  $\pm 20$  ppm (IEEE 802.11n specification).
6. The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value
7. Extreme temperature is  $-20^\circ\text{C} \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ .



## 13.4 Test Result

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 23.1V
Test Mode:	GFSK		

## Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	23.1	5745.00795	5745	0.00795	1.3838
		V max (V)	26.56	5745.01144	5745	0.01144	1.9913
		V min (V)	19.64	5745.01560	5745	0.0156	2.7154
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

## Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	23.1	T (°C)	-20	5745.01524	5745	0.01524	2.6527
		T (°C)	-10	5745.02697	5745	0.02697	4.6945
		T (°C)	0	5745.00956	5745	0.00956	1.6641
		T (°C)	10	5745.01943	5745	0.01943	3.3821
		T (°C)	20	5745.00795	5745	0.00795	1.3838
		T (°C)	30	5745.01686	5745	0.01686	2.9347
		T (°C)	40	5745.01431	5745	0.01431	2.4909
		T (°C)	50	5745.01057	5745	0.01057	1.8399
		T (°C)	60	5745.00695	5745	0.00695	1.2097
		T (°C)	70	5745.00549	5745	0.00549	0.9556
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

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## Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	23.1	5785.00653	5785	0.00653	1.1288
		V max (V)	26.56	5785.00614	5785	0.00614	1.0614
		V min (V)	19.64	5785.01551	5785	0.01551	2.6811
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

## Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	23.1	T (°C)	-20	5785.01065	5785	0.01065	1.8410
		T (°C)	-10	5785.01127	5785	0.01127	1.9481
		T (°C)	0	5785.00869	5785	0.00869	1.5022
		T (°C)	10	5785.00726	5785	0.00726	1.2550
		T (°C)	20	5785.00653	5785	0.00653	1.1288
		T (°C)	30	5785.01123	5785	0.01123	1.9412
		T (°C)	40	5785.00802	5785	0.00802	1.3863
		T (°C)	50	5785.01349	5785	0.01349	2.3319
		T (°C)	60	5785.01048	5785	0.01048	1.8116
		T (°C)	70	5785.01325	5785	0.01325	2.2904
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

## Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	23.1	5825.00873	5825	0.00873	1.4987
		V max (V)	26.56	5825.01025	5825	0.01025	1.7597
		V min (V)	19.64	5825.00584	5825	0.00584	1.0026
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

## Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	23.1	T (°C)	-20	5825.01523	5825	0.01523	2.6146
		T (°C)	-10	5825.00693	5825	0.00693	1.1897
		T (°C)	0	5825.01024	5825	0.01024	1.7579
		T (°C)	10	5825.00962	5825	0.00962	1.6515
		T (°C)	20	5825.00873	5825	0.00873	1.4987
		T (°C)	30	5825.00687	5825	0.00687	1.1794
		T (°C)	40	5825.00768	5825	0.00768	1.3185
		T (°C)	50	5825.01351	5825	0.01351	2.3193
		T (°C)	60	5825.00955	5825	0.00955	1.6395
		T (°C)	70	5825.01569	5825	0.01569	2.6936
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

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## 14. Duty Cycle Of Test Signal

### 14.1 Standard Requirement

Pre-analysis Check: While conducting average power measurement, duty cycle of each mode shall be checked to ensure its duty cycle in order to compensate for the loss due to insufficient ratio of duty cycle. All duty cycle is pre-scanned, and result as obtained below shows only the most representative ones where duty cycle is conducted as the given transmission with given virtual operation that expresses the percentage.

### 14.2 Formula

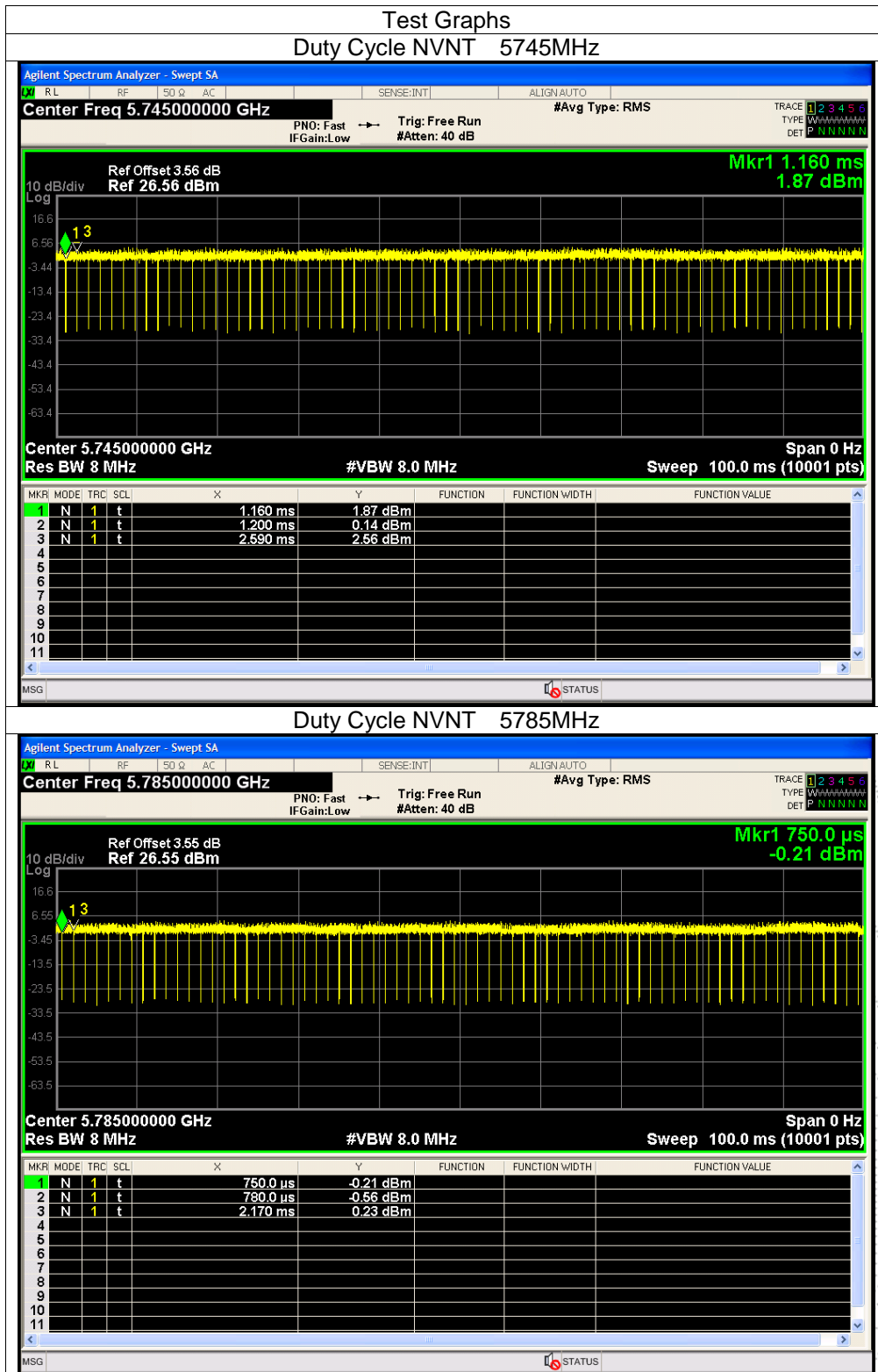
Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / (T_{on} + T_{off})$

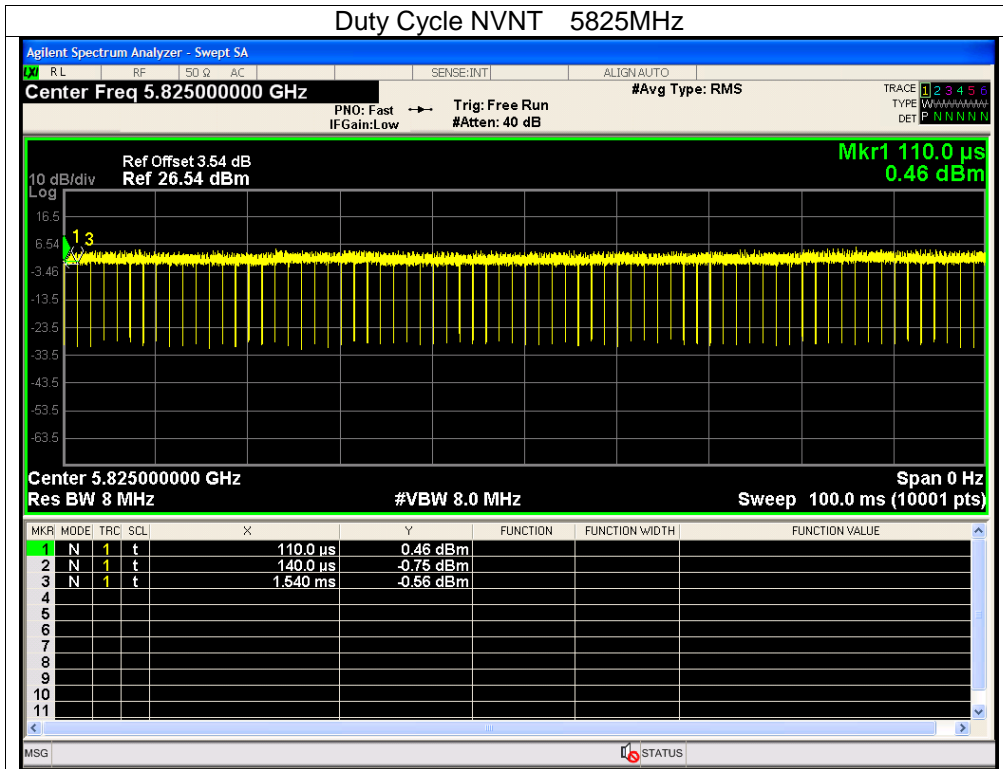
### 14.3 Test Procedure

1. Set span = Zero
2. RBW = 8MHz
3. VBW = 8MHz,
4. Detector = Peak

### 14.4 Test Result

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)	1/T (kHz)
NVNT	GFSK	5745	98.17	0.08	0.72
NVNT	GFSK	5785	98.17	0.08	0.72
NVNT	GFSK	5825	98.19	0.08	0.71





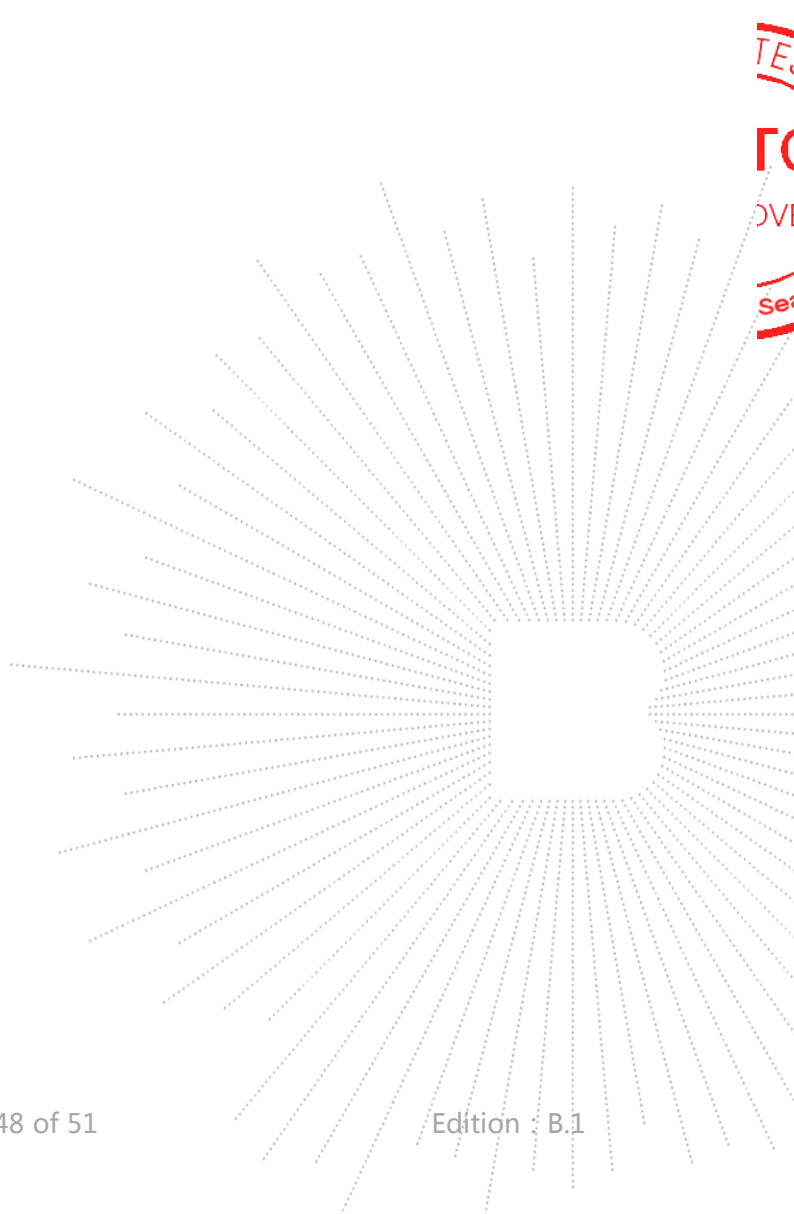
## 15. Antenna Requirement

### 15.1 Limit

15.203 requirement: For intentional device, according to 15.203: an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

### 15.2 Test Result

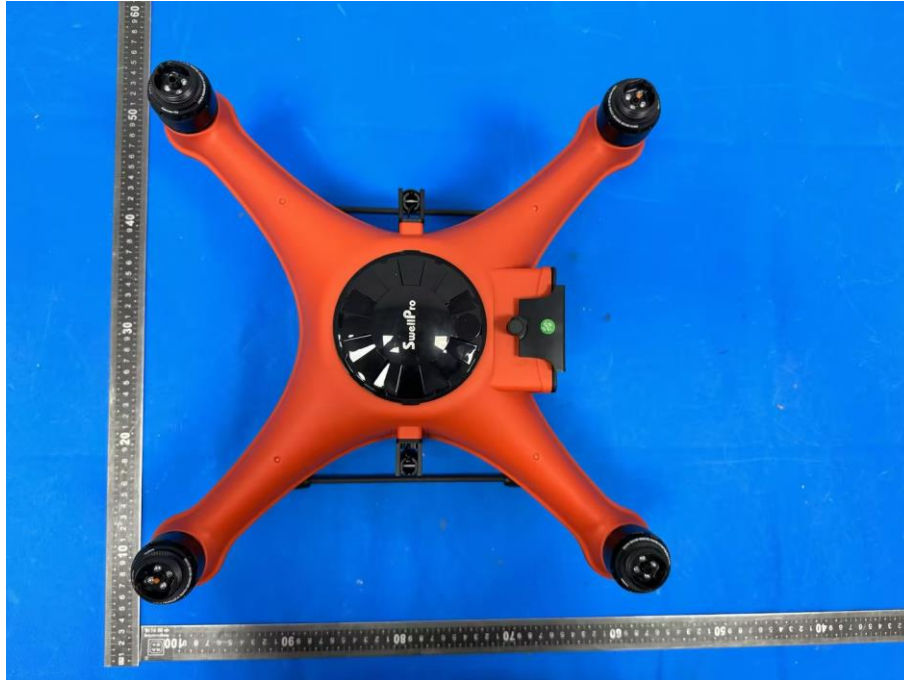
The EUT antenna is External antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.





**16. EUT Photographs**

**EUT Photo 1**

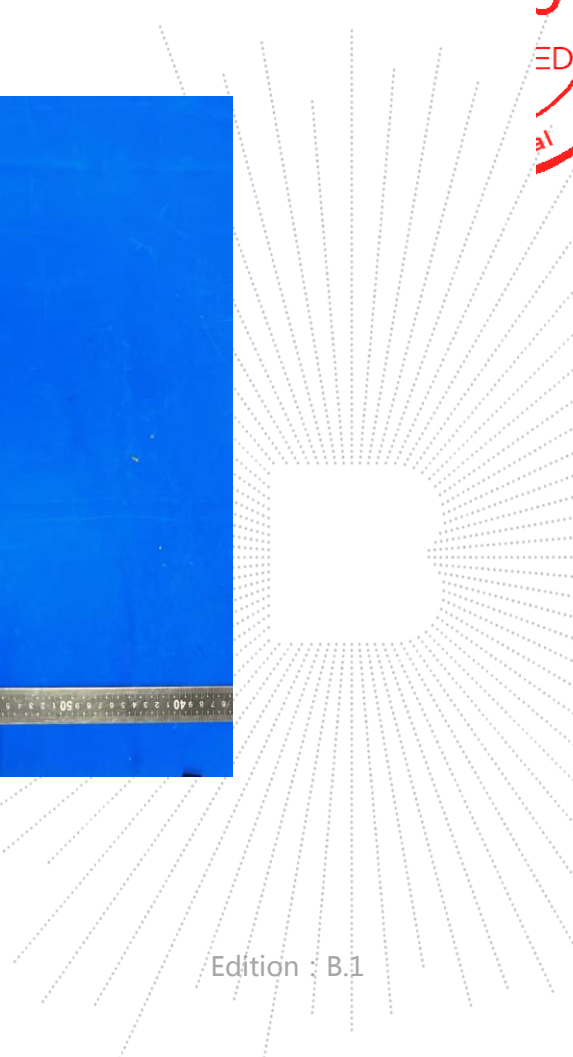


**EUT Photo 2**



NOTE: Appendix-Photographs Of EUT Constructional Details

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**17. EUT Test Setup Photographs**

Radiated Measurement Photos



ING CO.,LTD

**STATEMENT**

1. The equipment lists are traceable to the national reference standards.
2. The test report can not be partially copied unless prior written approval is issued from our lab.
3. The test report is invalid without the "special seal for inspection and testing".
4. The test report is invalid without the signature of the approver.
5. The test process and test result is only related to the Unit Under Test.
6. Sample information is provided by the client and the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity.
7. The quality system of our laboratory is in accordance with ISO/IEC17025.
8. If there is any objection to this test report, the client should inform issuing laboratory within 15 days from the date of receiving test report.

## Address:

1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

TEL: 400-788-9558

P.C.: 518103

FAX: 0755-33229357

Website: <http://www.chnbctc.com>E-Mail: [bctc@bctc-lab.com.cn](mailto:bctc@bctc-lab.com.cn)

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