

FCC RF Exposure Evaluation

1. Product Information

FCC ID:	2AQOO-WWNEO10A
Product Description	Notebook computer
Test Model	WWNEO10A-2BK32
Additional Model No.	SPNEO10A-2PK32, SPNEO10A-2BK32, SPNEO10A-2WH32, WWNEO10A-2WH32, WWNEO10A-2PK32
Model Declaration	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested.
Power Supply	DC 3.8V by Lithium ion polymer battery (8000mAh) Recharge voltage: DC 5V, 2.5A
Hardware Version	C116A REV10
Software Version	Windows 10 64 bits version 1803 (build17134.48)
Bluetooth Operation Frequency	2402 – 2480 MHz
Bluetooth Version	V4.0
Bluetooth Channel Number	79 Channels for Bluetooth V4.0 (BT Classics)
Bluetooth Channel Spacing	1MHz for Bluetooth V4.0 (BT Classics)
Bluetooth Modulation Type	GFSK,8-DPSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK for Bluetooth V4.0 (BT Classics)
Antenna Description	Internal antenna, 2dBi (Max.) WLAN and BT share same antenna
WLAN Operation Frequency	2412 – 2462 MHz
Channel Number	11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Channel Spacing	5 MHz
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM,QPSK,BPSK)
Exposure category	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type	Production Unit
Device Type	Portable Device

2. Evaluation Method

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.3.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations: “Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.22 The minimum test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance from the antenna and radiating structures or outer surface of the device, according to the host form factor, exposure conditions and platform requirements, to any part of the body or extremity of a user or bystander (see 5) of section 4.1). To qualify for SAR test exclusion, the test separation distances applied must be fully explained and justified by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the transmitter and applicable host platform requirements, typically in the SAR measurement or SAR analysis report, according to the required published RF exposure KDB procedures. When no other RF

exposure testing or reporting is required, a statement of justification and compliance must be included in the equipment approval, in lieu of the SAR report, to qualify for the SAR test exclusion. When required, the device specific conditions described in the other published RF exposure KDB procedures must be satisfied before applying these SAR test exclusion provisions; for example, handheld PTT two-way radios, handsets, laptops & tablets etc.”

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f} (\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When one of the following test exclusion conditions is satisfied for all combinations of simultaneous transmission configurations, further equipment approval is not required to incorporate transmitter modules in host devices that operate in the mixed mobile and portable host platform exposure conditions. The grantee is responsible for documenting this according to Class I permissive change requirements. Antennas that qualify for standalone SAR test exclusion must apply the estimated standalone SAR to determine simultaneous transmission test exclusion.

- a) The $[\sum \text{ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) } / 1.6 \text{ W/kg}] + [\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}] \leq 1.0$.
- b) The SAR to peak location separation ratios of all simultaneously transmitting antenna pairs operating in portable device exposure conditions are all ≤ 0.04 , and the $[\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}] \leq 1.0$.

3. Refer Evaluation Method

[ANSI C95.1–1999](#): IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

[FCC KDB publication 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06](#): Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

[FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1310](#): Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

[FCC CFR 47 part2 2.1093](#): Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

4. Conducted Power Results

4.1 Test Setup Block Diagram



4.2 Test Equipment

Item	Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
1	Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	2019-06-15
2	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	2019-06-15

Remark: all calibration period of equipment list is one year.

4.3 Test Procedure

- a. The EUT was directly connected to the power meter and antenna output port as show in the block diagram Test Setup;
- b. Setup EUT work at duty cycle more than 98%;
- c. Read power sensor values in RMS detector;

<BT Classic>

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	0.83
	39	2441	1.38
	78	2480	1.92
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2402	-0.64
	39	2441	0.21
	78	2480	0.24
8DPSK	0	2402	-0.71
	39	2441	0.22
	78	2480	0.29

<2.4GWLAN >

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	9.01
	6	2437	9.23
	11	2462	9.11
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	8.94
	6	2437	9.37
	11	2462	9.29
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.35
	6	2437	9.19
	11	2462	9.21
IEEE 802.11n HT20	3	2422	9.33
	6	2437	9.17
	9	2452	9.12

5. Manufacturing Tolerance

GFSK (Average)			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Target (dBm)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK (Average)			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Target (dBm)	0	0	0
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
8DPSK (Average)			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Target (dBm)	0	0	0
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11b (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11g (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11n HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11n HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9
Target (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

6. Evaluation Results

6.1 Standalone Evaluation

Band/Mode	f (GHz)	Antenna Distance (mm)	RF output power		SAR Test Exclusion Threshold	SAR Test Exclusion
			dBm	mW		
GFSK	2.50	5	2.00	1.5849	0.5 < 3.0	Yes
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2.50	5	1.00	1.2589	0.4 < 3.0	Yes
8DPSK	2.50	5	1.00	1.2589	0.4 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11b	2.50	5	9.50	8.9125	2.8 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11g	2.50	5	9.50	8.9125	2.8 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11n HT20	2.50	5	9.50	8.9125	2.8 < 3.0	Yes
IEEE 802.11n HT40	2.50	5	9.50	8.9125	2.8 < 3.0	Yes

Remark:

1. RF output power including tune up tolerance;
2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 of KDB 447498 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

6.2 Simultaneous Transmission for SAR Exclusion

The sample support one BT/WLAN modular, and share two difference antenna, support simultaneous transmission, need consider simultaneous transmission; BT and WLAN can be active at the same time, but only with interleaving of packages switched on board level. That means that they don't transmit at the same time. No need consider simultaneous transmission;

7. Conclusion

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1093 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure and SAR Exclusion Threshold per KDB 447498 v06.

-----THE END OF REPORT-----